## 112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H. R. 2330

To establish a National Flood Research and Education Consortium to plan, coordinate, conduct, and share research on flooding, flood prevention, and other flood-related issues, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 23, 2011

Mr. Loebsack introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

To establish a National Flood Research and Education Consortium to plan, coordinate, conduct, and share research on flooding, flood prevention, and other flood-related issues, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Flood Re-
- 5 search and Education Act of 2011".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) According to the National Oceanic and At-2 mospheric Administration (NOAA) three-fourths of 3 all presidential disaster declarations are associated 4 with flooding.
  - (2) According to NOAA, in most years flooding causes more damage in the United States than any other severe weather related event, an average of \$5.3 billion a year for the 30-year period, 1975–2004.
  - (3) Flooding, flood prevention, and flood-related socio-economic, environmental, health and policy issues are highly complex with implications for loss of life and billions in damage to all sectors of our economy.
  - (4) There is not currently a national-level comprehensive effort to research flooding, flood prevention, and flood-related issues.
  - (5) Flooding, flood prevention, and flood-related issues require a national-level comprehensive and collaborative research effort to help advance understanding of the variety of issues on causes of flooding, and implementation of prediction methods as well as policies that would help prevent future damage and natural disasters.

1	(6) A national-level effort should include part-
2	nerships between the Federal Government and insti-
3	tutions of higher education all with expertise in the
4	areas of physical and environmental science, includ-
5	ing hydrology, hydraulics, hydrometeorology, climate
6	as well as in engineering, sociology and economics
7	(7) A national-level effort should include re-
8	search on climate and weather and any other area
9	related to flooding, flood prevention, and other flood-
10	related issues, including—
11	(A) analysis of the economic effects of
12	flooding;
13	(B) evaluation and development of strate-
14	gies, techniques, and technologies to reduce
15	manage, monitor, and prevent flooding;
16	(C) analysis of Federal, State, regional
17	and local flood policy;
18	(D) and development of risk-assessment
19	tools, methods, and models.
20	(8) A national-level effort should also include
21	development of recommendations and identification
22	of best practices for predicting, preventing, and
23	minimizing flooding and its effects, including—
24	(A) risk-assessment tools, methods, and
25	models

1	(B) strategies and techniques for moni-
2	toring and predicting flooding;
3	(C) strategies and techniques for flood
4	management and prevention;
5	(D) the adoption and use of relevant tech-
6	nologies;
7	(E) Federal, State, regional, and local
8	flood policies; and
9	(F) coordination and cooperation among
10	local, State, and Federal flood-related efforts.
11	(9) Research, recommendations, and best prac-
12	tices should be developed by taking into account re-
13	gional differences in hydrology, weather, geography,
14	economy, and population density while ensuring in-
15	land and non-oceanic flooding situations, among oth-
16	ers, are represented.
17	(10) Demonstration projects should be used to
18	test the efficacy of new strategies, techniques and
19	technologies for assessing flood risk, monitoring, and
20	predicting and provide local governments the oppor-
21	tunity to participate in areas where new strategies
22	are needed.
23	(11) There are multiple areas of Federal, State,
24	and local government responsibility for flooding and
25	water-related issues. Thus, a national-level research

1	effort should involve the development of collaborative
2	networks on regional flooding, flood prevention, and
3	flood-related issues, including the following enti-
4	ties—
5	(A) relevant Federal departments and
6	agencies, including water-research efforts within
7	NOAA and other Federal entities;
8	(B) State, county, and local governments;
9	(C) local Councils of Governments or re-
10	gional and Metropolitan Planning Organiza-
11	tions;
12	(D) State agriculture, natural resource, en-
13	vironment, economic development, homeland se-
14	curity, and water agencies;
15	(E) county disaster recovery coordinators,
16	emergency management personnel, and first re-
17	sponders;
18	(F) public or private colleges and univer-
19	sities;
20	(G) floodplain managers;
21	(H) watershed organizations and boards;
22	(I) agriculture and commodity Organiza-
23	tions;
24	(J) resource, conservation, preservation
25	and environmental organizations;

1	(K) homeowners associations and organiza-
2	tions; and
3	(L) business and development organiza-
4	tions.
5	SEC. 3. OFFICE OF FLOOD RESEARCH AND POLICY.
6	(a) Establishment.—
7	(1) In general.—There is hereby established
8	within the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
9	ministration (NOAA) an Office of Flood Research
10	and Policy.
11	(2) Director.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Office shall be
13	headed by a Director, who shall be appointed by
14	the Administrator of NOAA.
15	(B) SALARY.—The rate of pay for the Di-
16	rector shall not exceed the rate payable for level
17	IV of the Executive Schedule under section
18	5316 of title 5, United States Code.
19	(3) Staff.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director may ap-
21	point and fix the pay of personnel as the Direc-
22	tor considers appropriate.
23	(B) Detail of government employ-
24	EES.—Upon request of the Director, the head
25	of any Federal department or agency may de-

1	tail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the per-
2	sonnel of that department or agency to the Of-
3	fice to assist the Director in carrying out his
4	duties under this Act.
5	(C) Experts and consultants.—The
6	Director may procure temporary and intermit-
7	tent services under section 3109(b) of title 5,
8	United States Code.
9	(b) Duties.—The Director shall—
10	(1) establish and oversee the National Flood
11	Research and Education Consortium described in
12	section 4;
13	(2) make recommendations and identify best
14	practices for predicting, preventing, and minimizing
15	flooding and its effects in accordance with sub-
16	section (c);
17	(3) submit to Congress an annual report in ac-
18	cordance with subsection (d);
19	(4) establish and maintain a page on the public
20	NOAA Web site in accordance with subsection (e);
21	and
22	(5) review applications that have been approved
23	by the Lead Partner Institution (LPI) and award
24	grants for demonstration projects in accordance with

25

section 6.

1	(c) Recommendations and Best Practices.—
2	(1) In General.—The Director, in consulta-
3	tion with the Director of the United States Geologi-
4	cal Survey, the Commanding General of the United
5	States Army Corps of Engineers, and the heads of
6	other relevant Federal agencies, shall develop rec-
7	ommendations and identify best practices for pre-
8	dicting, preventing, and minimizing flooding and its
9	effects, including—
10	(A) risk-assessment tools, methods, and
11	models;
12	(B) strategies and techniques for moni-
13	toring and predicting flooding;
14	(C) strategies and techniques for flood
15	management and prevention;
16	(D) the adoption and use of relevant tech-
17	nologies;
18	(E) Federal, State, regional, and local
19	flood policies; and
20	(F) coordination and cooperation among
21	local, State, and Federal flood-related efforts.
22	(2) Additional considerations.—In devel-
23	oping the recommendations and best practices de-
24	scribed in paragraph (1), the Director shall con-
25	sider—

1	(A) the annual report submitted by the
2	LPI in accordance with section 4(f); and
3	(B) regional differences in hydrology
4	weather, geography, economy, and population
5	density.
6	(d) Report.—The Director shall submit to Congress
7	an annual report on the activities of the Office and the
8	Consortium.
9	(e) Web Site.—The Director shall establish and
10	maintain a page on the public NOAA Web site on which
11	the Director shall publish—
12	(1) the recommendations and best practices de-
13	scribed in subsection (c); and
14	(2) the annual report described in subsection
15	(d).
16	(f) Oversight.—
17	(1) Research.—The Director shall establish
18	procedures to ensure that there is full and effective
19	review of the research conducted by the Consortium
20	(2) Periodic Review.—Periodically (and not
21	less than every year), the Director shall review the
22	activities of the Consortium to ensure that—
23	(A) Consortium members are fulfilling
24	their duties under section 3: and

1	(B) funds received under this Act are used
2	solely for such purposes.
3	(3) Information.—Consortium members shall
4	provide the Director with any information that the
5	Director considers necessary to carry out his respon-
6	sibilities under this section.
7	SEC. 4. NATIONAL FLOOD RESEARCH AND EDUCATION
8	CONSORTIUM.
9	(a) Establishment.—
10	(1) In general.—The Director shall establish
11	a National Flood Research and Education Consor-
12	tium.
13	(2) Members.—
14	(A) Composition.—The Consortium shall
15	consist of—
16	(i) a LPI selected by the Director as
17	described in section 5(a); and
18	(ii) additional partner institutions se-
19	lected by the Director and LPI as de-
20	scribed in section 5(b).
21	(B) Limitation to institutions of
22	HIGHER EDUCATION.—Members of the Consor-
23	tium shall be institutions of higher education.
24	(b) Duties of Consortium Members.—Each Con-
25	sortium member shall—

1	(1) conduct research on flooding, flood preven-
2	tion, and other flood-related issues, including—
3	(A) analysis of the economic effects of
4	flooding;
5	(B) evaluation and development of strate-
6	gies, techniques, and technology to reduce,
7	manage, monitor, and prevent flooding;
8	(C) analysis of Federal, State, regional,
9	and local flood policy; and
10	(D) development of risk-assessment tools,
11	methods, and models; and
12	(2) develop undergraduate and graduate
13	courses on flooding, flooding prevention, and other
14	flood-related issues.
15	(e) Additional Duties of Lead Partner Insti-
16	TUTION.—In addition to fulfilling the duties described in
17	subsection (b), the LPI shall—
18	(1) establish a center to plan, coordinate, and
19	facilitate research and information sharing among
20	the Consortium members;
21	(2) review and approve applications for grants
22	under section 6;
23	(3) oversee demonstration projects funded by
24	grands awarded under section 6;

1	(4) submit to the Director an annual report in
2	accordance with subsection (f); and
3	(5) establish and maintain an Internet Web site
4	in accordance with subsection (g).
5	(d) Improvement of Lead Partner Institution
6	FACILITIES.—
7	(1) In general.—Subject to the requirements
8	of paragraph (2), the LPI may use funds authorized
9	pursuant to section 7(a)(2) to improve facilities used
10	by the LPI in carrying out its duties under this sec-
11	tion.
12	(2) Requirements.—In order for the LPI to
13	be eligible to receive funds under this subsection—
14	(A) the LPI shall submit to the Director a
15	plan detailing the proposed improvements, in-
16	cluding—
17	(i) the projected cost of such improve-
18	ments;
19	(ii) a description of engineering, de-
20	sign, staffing, and equipment needs; and
21	(iii) such additional information as
22	the Director shall require; and
23	(B) the Director shall approve such plan.
24	(e) Annual Report.—

1	(1) Contents.—For each fiscal year in which
2	the Consortium is funded under this Act, the LPI
3	shall prepare a report that includes—
4	(A) a summary of the research and activi-
5	ties—
6	(i) conducted by each Consortium
7	member during the fiscal year in accord-
8	ance with this Act; and
9	(ii) planned by each Consortium mem-
10	ber for the next fiscal year in accordance
11	with this Act;
12	(B) a detailed accounting of the
13	amounts—
14	(i) expended by each Consortium
15	member during the fiscal year in carrying
16	out this Act; and
17	(ii) planned to be expended by each
18	Consortium member for the next fiscal
19	year in carrying out this Act;
20	(C) the number of applications for grants
21	under section 5 received during the fiscal year,
22	a list of such grants awarded during the fiscal
23	year, and the status of demonstration projects
24	funded by such grants; and

1	(D) such additional information as the Di-
2	rector shall require.
3	(2) Final Report.—In the case of the final
4	annual report, the LPI may exclude the information
5	described in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) and paragraph
6	(1)(B)(ii).
7	(3) Timing.—The LPI shall submit the report
8	described in paragraph (1) to the Director no later
9	than 30 days after the end of the fiscal year.
10	(f) Web Site.—The LPI shall establish and main-
11	tain an Internet Web site for the Consortium on which
12	the LPI shall publish—
13	(1) information about the purpose of the Con-
14	sortium;
15	(2) the location and contact information of Con-
16	sortium members;
17	(3) a link to the page of the Office on the pub-
18	lic NOAA Web site;
19	(4) a detailed description of all research con-
20	ducted by Consortium members in accordance with
21	this Act;
22	(5) articles on flooding, flood prevention, and
23	flood-related issues published in peer-reviewed aca-
24	demic journals by professors of Consortium mem-
25	bers:

1	(6) information about the grant program de-
2	scribed in section 6, including the application and
3	criteria for selection;
4	(7) the status of demonstration projects funded
5	by the grant program described in section 6; and
6	(8) such additional information as the Director
7	shall require.
8	(g) Information.—Consortium members shall pro-
9	vide the LPI with any information the LPI considers rel-
10	evant to carry out its responsibilities under this section.
11	SEC. 5. SELECTION OF CONSORTIUM MEMBERS.
12	(a) Lead Partner Institution.—
13	(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after
14	the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall
15	select an institution of higher education to serve as
16	the lead partner institution to head the Consortium.
17	(2) APPLICATION.—An institution of higher
18	education desiring to be selected as the LPI of the
19	Consortium shall submit an application to the Direc-
20	tor at such time, in such form, and containing such
21	information and assurances as the Director shall
22	reasonably require. Such application shall include—
23	(A) a comprehensive prospectus for the op-
24	eration of the Consortium;
25	(B) a research proposal;

1	(C) a description of relevant current and
2	past research conducted by the institution;
3	(D) a plan to develop undergraduate and
4	graduate courses on flooding, flooding preven-
5	tion, and other flood-related issues;
6	(E) a plan to incorporate undergraduate
7	and graduate students in the work of the Con-
8	sortium;
9	(F) a proposed budget; and
10	(G) a certification that the applicant will
11	provide non-Federal matching funds in an
12	amount that is at least equal to 20 percent of
13	any funds received under this Act.
14	(3) Priority.—In selecting the LPI, the Direc-
15	tor shall give priority to an applicant that—
16	(A) has significant research expertise in
17	the areas of physical and environmental science,
18	flooding, hydraulics, hydroscience, engineering,
19	and meteorology;
20	(B) is located in a State that frequently
21	experiences non-oceanic and inland flooding;
22	(C) has previously partnered with or re-
23	ceived funds from the Federal Government to
24	research flooding, hydrology, and watershed
25	issues;

1	(D) has experience operating a flood re-
2	search center serving the State or region in
3	which the institution is located;
4	(E) has the capability to take a leading
5	role in coordinating and fulfilling the purposes
6	of the Consortium; and
7	(F) has the capacity to administer the
8	demonstration project grant program described
9	in section 6.
10	(b) Additional Members.—
11	(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after
12	the selection of the LPI, the Director, in coordina-
13	tion with the LPI, shall select additional institutions
14	of higher education to participate in the Consortium.
15	(2) Application.—An institution of higher
16	education desiring to be selected as a member of the
17	Consortium shall submit an application to the Direc-
18	tor at such time, in such form, and containing such
19	information and assurances as the Director shall
20	reasonably require. Such application shall include—
21	(A) a research proposal;
22	(B) a description of relevant current and
23	past research conducted by the institution:

1	(C) a plan to develop undergraduate and
2	graduate courses on flooding, flooding preven-
3	tion, and other flood-related issues;
4	(D) a plan to incorporate undergraduate
5	and graduate students in the work of the Con-
6	sortium;
7	(E) a proposed budget; and
8	(F) a certification that the applicant will
9	provide non-Federal matching funds in an
10	amount that is at least equal to 20 percent of
11	any funds received under this Act.
12	(3) Priority.—In selecting additional members
13	of the Consortium, the Director shall give priority to
14	an applicant that—
15	(A) has demonstrated research expertise in
16	an area or areas related to flooding; and
17	(B) has the ability to plan, coordinate, and
18	conduct research related to flooding, flood pre-
19	vention, and flood-related issues.
20	SEC. 6. GRANT PROGRAM FOR DEMONSTRATION
21	PROJECTS.
22	(a) Establishment.—From funds made available
23	under section 7(a), the Director shall award grants to
24	States and units of local government for the purpose of
25	funding eligible demonstration projects.

1 (b) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, a State or unit of local government 3 shall submit an application to the LPI at such time and in such manner as the LPI, in consultation with the Direc-5 tor, shall reasonably require. 6 (c) APPROVAL OF GRANT.— 7 (1) IN GENERAL.—The award of a grant under 8 subsection (a) shall require the approval of both the 9 LPI and the Director. 10 (2) Timing.— 11 (A) LPI.—The LPI shall approve or reject 12 an application for a grant under subsection (a) 13 not later than 60 days after receiving the com-14 pleted application. 15 (B) DIRECTOR.—If the LPI approves an 16 application for a grant under subsection (a), 17 the Director shall approve or reject such appli-18 cation not later than 30 days after approval by 19 the LPI. 20 (d) Eligible Demonstration Projects.—A State 21 or unit of local government that receives a grant under 22 subsection (a) shall use such grant to fund demonstration 23 projects that— 24 (1) implement the recommendations and best 25 practices described in section 3(c); or

1	(2) test new or improved techniques, strategies,
2	technologies, methods, tools, and models for pre-
3	dicting, preventing, and minimizing flooding and its
4	effects.
5	(e) Grant Amount.—
6	(1) Limit.—Except as provided in paragraph
7	(2), a grant under this section shall not exceed
8	\$250,000.
9	(2) Exception.—A grant under this section
10	may exceed \$250,000 if—
11	(A) all Consortium members waive the lim-
12	itation of paragraph (1);
13	(B) the Director waives the limitation of
14	paragraph (1); and
15	(C) the demonstration project involves
16	multiple watersheds or jurisdictions and bene-
17	fits multiple communities.
18	(3) Matching funds.—States and units of
19	local government that receive funds under this sec-
20	tion shall contribute non-Federal funds in an
21	amount equal to or greater than 20 percent of the
22	amount received.
23	SEC. 7. FUNDING.
24	(a) Authorization of Appropriations —

1	(1) In general.—In addition to the funds au-
2	thorized to be appropriated under paragraph (2), for
3	each of the fiscal years 2012 through 2017, there is
4	authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator
5	of NOAA \$11,000,000 to carry out this Act.
6	(2) Improvement of LPI facilities.—There
7	is authorized to be appropriated to the Adminis-
8	trator of NOAA such sums as may be necessary for
9	payments to the LPI for the purposes described in
10	section 4(e).
11	(b) Availability of Funds.—
12	(1) Office of flood research and pol-
13	ICY.—Of the amounts made available under sub-
14	section (a)(1) for a fiscal year, not more than
15	\$2,000,000 may be used to fund the activities of the
16	Office.
17	(2) Lead partner institution.—Of the
18	amounts made available under subsection (a)(1) for
19	a fiscal year, not more than \$3,000,000 may be used
20	to fund the activities of the LPI.
21	(3) Additional members of the consor-
22	TIUM.—
23	(A) In general.—Of the amounts made
24	available under subsection (a)(1) for a fiscal

year, not more than \$3,000,000 may be used to

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1	fund the activities of the members of the Con-
2	sortium other than the LPI.
3	(B) Limit per member.—Of the amounts
4	made available under subparagraph (A), not
5	more than \$500,000 may be used to fund the
6	activities of a member of the Consortium other
7	than the LPI.
8	(4) Grant Program.—Of the amounts made
9	available under subsection (a)(1) for a fiscal year,
10	not more than \$3,000,000 may be used to fund the
11	grant program described in section 6.
12	SEC. 8. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this Act:
14	(1) Consortium.—The term "Consortium"
15	means the National Flood Research and Education
16	Consortium established in section 3.
17	(2) Director.—The term "Director" means
18	the Director of the Office of Flood Research and
19	Policy established within NOAA in section 2.
20	(3) Institution of higher education.—The
21	term "institution of higher education" has the
22	meaning given such term in section 101(a) of the
23	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
24	(4) LPI.—The term "LPI" means the Lead
25	Partner Institution described in section 4(a).

- 1 (5) Office.—The term "Office" means the Of-
- 2 fice of Flood Research and Policy established in sec-

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