H. R. 3581

To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to increase transparency in Federal budgeting, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 7, 2011

Mr. Garrett (for himself, Mr. Ryan of Wisconsin, Mr. Hensarling, Mr. Price of Georgia, Mr. Huelskamp, Mr. Chaffetz, and Mr. Stutzman) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Budget, and in addition to the Committees on Oversight and Government Reform and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to increase transparency in Federal budgeting, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Budget and Account-
- 5 ing Transparency Act of 2011".

1	TITLE I—FAIR VALUE
2	ESTIMATES
3	SEC. 101. CREDIT REFORM.
4	(a) In General.—Title V of the Congressional
5	Budget Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows:
6	"TITLE V—FAIR VALUE
7	"SEC. 501. PURPOSES.
8	"The purposes of this title are to—
9	"(1) measure more accurately the costs of Fed-
10	eral credit programs by accounting for them on a
11	fair value basis;
12	"(2) place the cost of credit programs on a
13	budgetary basis equivalent to other Federal spend-
14	ing;
15	"(3) encourage the delivery of benefits in the
16	form most appropriate to the needs of beneficiaries;
17	and
18	"(4) improve the allocation of resources among
19	Federal programs.
20	"SEC. 502. DEFINITIONS.
21	"For purposes of this title:
22	"(1) The term 'direct loan' means a disburse-
23	ment of funds by the Government to a non-Federal
24	borrower under a contract that requires the repay-
25	ment of such funds with or without interest. The

- term includes the purchase of, or participation in, a loan made by another lender and financing arrangements that defer payment for more than 90 days, including the sale of a Government asset on credit terms. The term does not include the acquisition of a federally guaranteed loan in satisfaction of default claims or the price support loans of the Commodity Credit Corporation.
 - "(2) The term 'direct loan obligation' means a binding agreement by a Federal agency to make a direct loan when specified conditions are fulfilled by the borrower.
 - "(3) The term 'loan guarantee' means any guarantee, insurance, or other pledge with respect to the payment of all or a part of the principal or interest on any debt obligation of a non-Federal borrower to a non-Federal lender, but does not include the insurance of deposits, shares, or other withdrawable accounts in financial institutions.
 - "(4) The term 'loan guarantee commitment' means a binding agreement by a Federal agency to make a loan guarantee when specified conditions are fulfilled by the borrower, the lender, or any other party to the guarantee agreement.

1	"(5)(A) The term 'cost' means the sum of the
2	Treasury discounting component and the risk com-
3	ponent of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or a modi-
4	fication thereof.

- "(B) The Treasury discounting component shall be the estimated long-term cost to the Government of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or modification thereof, calculated on a net present value basis, excluding administrative costs and any incidental effects on governmental receipts or outlays.
- "(C) The risk component shall be an amount equal to the difference between—
 - "(i) the estimated long-term cost to the Government of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or modification thereof, estimated on a fair value basis, applying the guidelines set forth by the Financial Accounting Standards Board in Financial Accounting Standards #157, or a successor thereto, excluding administrative costs and any incidental effects on governmental receipts or outlays; and
 - "(ii) the Treasury discounting component of such direct loan or loan guarantee, or modification thereof.

1	"(D) The Treasury discounting component of a
2	direct loan shall be the net present value, at the time
3	when the direct loan is disbursed, of the following
4	estimated cash flows:
5	"(i) Loan disbursements.
6	"(ii) Repayments of principal.
7	"(iii) Essential preservation expenses, pay-
8	ments of interest and other payments by or to
9	the Government over the life of the loan after
10	adjusting for estimated defaults, prepayments,
11	fees, penalties, and other recoveries, including
12	the effects of changes in loan terms resulting
13	from the exercise by the borrower of an option
14	included in the loan contract.
15	"(E) The Treasury discounting component of a
16	loan guarantee shall be the net present value, at the
17	time when the guaranteed loan is disbursed, of the
18	following estimated cash flows:
19	"(i) Payments by the Government to cover
20	defaults and delinquencies, interest subsidies,
21	essential preservation expenses, or other pay-
22	ments.
23	"(ii) Payments to the Government includ-
24	ing origination and other fees, penalties, and re-
25	coveries, including the effects of changes in loan

1	terms resulting from the exercise by the guar-
2	anteed lender of an option included in the loan
3	guarantee contract, or by the borrower of an
4	option included in the guaranteed loan contract.
5	"(F) The cost of a modification is the sum of—
6	"(i) the difference between the current es-
7	timate of the Treasury discounting component
8	of the remaining cash flows under the terms of
9	a direct loan or loan guarantee and the current
10	estimate of the Treasury discounting component
11	of the remaining cash flows under the terms of
12	the contract, as modified; and
13	"(ii) the difference between the current es-
14	timate of the risk component of the remaining
15	cash flows under the terms of a direct loan or
16	loan guarantee and the current estimate of the
17	risk component of the remaining cash flows
18	under the terms of the contract as modified.
19	"(G) In estimating Treasury discounting com-
20	ponents, the discount rate shall be the average inter-
21	est rate on marketable Treasury securities of similar
22	duration to the cash flows of the direct loan or loan
23	guarantee for which the estimate is being made.
24	"(H) When funds are obligated for a direct loan

or loan guarantee, the estimated cost shall be based

- on the current assumptions, adjusted to incorporate the terms of the loan contract, for the fiscal year in which the funds are obligated.
 - "(6) The term 'program account' means the budget account into which an appropriation to cover the cost of a direct loan or loan guarantee program is made and from which such cost is disbursed to the financing account.
 - "(7) The term 'financing account' means the nonbudget account or accounts associated with each program account which holds balances, receives the cost payment from the program account, and also includes all other cash flows to and from the Government resulting from direct loan obligations or loan guarantee commitments made on or after October 1, 1991.
 - "(8) The term 'liquidating account' means the budget account that includes all cash flows to and from the Government resulting from direct loan obligations or loan guarantee commitments made prior to October 1, 1991. These accounts shall be shown in the budget on a cash basis.
 - "(9) The term 'modification' means any Government action that alters the estimated cost of an outstanding direct loan (or direct loan obligation) or

- an outstanding loan guarantee (or loan guarantee commitment) from the current estimate of cash flows. This includes the sale of loan assets, with or without recourse, and the purchase of guaranteed loans (or direct loan obligations) or loan guarantees (or loan guarantee commitments) such as a change
- 8 "(10) The term 'current' has the same meaning
 9 as in section 250(c)(9) of the Balanced Budget and
 10 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

in collection procedures.

- 11 "(11) The term 'Director' means the Director 12 of the Office of Management and Budget.
- 13 "(12) The term 'administrative costs' means 14 costs related to program management activities, but 15 does not include essential preservation expenses.
- "(13) The term 'essential preservation expenses' means servicing and other costs that are essential to preserve the value of loan assets or collateral.
- 20 "SEC. 503. OMB AND CBO ANALYSIS, COORDINATION, AND
- 21 REVIEW.

- 22 "(a) IN GENERAL.—For the executive branch, the
- 23 Director shall be responsible for coordinating the esti-
- 24 mates required by this title. The Director shall consult

- 1 with the agencies that administer direct loan or loan guar-
- 2 antee programs.
- 3 "(b) Delegation.—The Director may delegate to
- 4 agencies authority to make estimates of costs. The delega-
- 5 tion of authority shall be based upon written guidelines,
- 6 regulations, or criteria consistent with the definitions in
- 7 this title.
- 8 "(c) Coordination With the Congressional
- 9 Budget Office.—In developing estimation guidelines,
- 10 regulations, or criteria to be used by Federal agencies, the
- 11 Director shall consult with the Director of the Congres-
- 12 sional Budget Office.
- 13 "(d) Improving Cost Estimates.—The Director
- 14 and the Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall
- 15 coordinate the development of more accurate data on his-
- 16 torical performance and prospective risk of direct loan and
- 17 loan guarantee programs. They shall annually review the
- 18 performance of outstanding direct loans and loan guaran-
- 19 tees to improve estimates of costs. The Office of Manage-
- 20 ment and Budget and the Congressional Budget Office
- 21 shall have access to all agency data that may facilitate
- 22 the development and improvement of estimates of costs.
- 23 "(e) Historical Credit Programs Costs.—The
- 24 Director shall review, to the extent possible, historical data
- 25 and develop the best possible estimates of adjustments

- 1 that would convert aggregate historical budget data to
- 2 credit reform accounting.

3 "SEC. 504. BUDGETARY TREATMENT.

- 4 "(a) President's Budget.—Beginning with fiscal
- 5 year 1992, the President's budget shall reflect the Treas-
- 6 ury discounting component of direct loan and loan guar-
- 7 antee programs. Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the
- 8 President's budget shall reflect the costs of direct loan and
- 9 loan guarantee programs. The budget shall also include
- 10 the planned level of new direct loan obligations or loan
- 11 guarantee commitments associated with each appropria-
- 12 tions request.
- 13 "(b) Appropriations Required.—Notwithstanding
- 14 any other provision of law, new direct loan obligations may
- 15 be incurred and new loan guarantee commitments may be
- 16 made for fiscal year 1992 and thereafter only to the extent
- 17 that—
- 18 "(1) new budget authority to cover their costs
- is provided in advance in an appropriation Act;
- 20 "(2) a limitation on the use of funds otherwise
- 21 available for the cost of a direct loan or loan guar-
- antee program has been provided in advance in an
- appropriation Act; or
- 24 "(3) authority is otherwise provided in appro-
- 25 priation Acts.

- 1 "(c) Exemption for Direct Spending Pro-
- 2 GRAMS.—Subsections (b) and (e) shall not apply to a di-
- 3 rect loan or loan guarantee program that—
- 4 "(1) constitutes an entitlement (such as the
- 5 guaranteed student loan program or the veteran's
- 6 home loan guaranty program); or
- 7 "(2) all existing credit programs of the Com-
- 8 modity Credit Corporation on the date of enactment
- 9 of this title.
- 10 "(d) Budget Accounting.—
- 11 "(1) The authority to incur new direct loan ob-
- ligations, make new loan guarantee commitments, or
- modify outstanding direct loans (or direct loan obli-
- gations) or loan guarantees (or loan guarantee com-
- mitments) shall constitute new budget authority in
- an amount equal to the cost of the direct loan or
- loan guarantee in the fiscal year in which definite
- authority becomes available or indefinite authority is
- used. Such budget authority shall constitute an obli-
- 20 gation of the program account to pay to the financ-
- 21 ing account.
- "(2) The outlays resulting from new budget au-
- 23 thority for the cost of direct loans or loan guaran-
- tees described in paragraph (1) shall be paid from
- 25 the program account into the financing account and

- 1 recorded in the fiscal year in which the direct loan
- 2 or the guaranteed loan is disbursed or its costs al-
- 3 tered.
- 4 "(3) All collections and payments of the financ-
- 5 ing accounts shall be a means of financing.
- 6 "(e) Modifications.—An outstanding direct loan
- 7 (or direct loan obligation) or loan guarantee (or loan guar-
- 8 antee commitment) shall not be modified in a manner that
- 9 increases its costs unless budget authority for the addi-
- 10 tional cost has been provided in advance in an appropria-
- 11 tion Act.
- 12 "(f) Reestimates.—When the estimated cost for a
- 13 group of direct loans or loan guarantees for a given pro-
- 14 gram made in a single fiscal year is re-estimated in a sub-
- 15 sequent year, the difference between the reestimated cost
- 16 and the previous cost estimate shall be displayed as a dis-
- 17 tinct and separately identified subaccount in the program
- 18 account as a change in program costs and a change in
- 19 net interest. There is hereby provided permanent indefi-
- 20 nite authority for these re-estimates.
- 21 "(g) Administrative Expenses.—All funding for
- 22 an agency's administrative costs associated with a direct
- 23 loan or loan guarantee program shall be displayed as dis-
- 24 tinct and separately identified subaccounts within the
- 25 same budget account as the program's cost.

1 "SEC. 505. AUTHORIZATIONS.

- 2 "(a) Authorization for Financing Accounts.—
- 3 In order to implement the accounting required by this
- 4 title, the President is authorized to establish such non-
- 5 budgetary accounts as may be appropriate.
- 6 "(b) Treasury Transactions With the Financ-
- 7 ING ACCOUNTS.—
- 8 GENERAL.—The Secretary of the 9 Treasury shall borrow from, receive from, lend to, or 10 pay to the financing accounts such amounts as may 11 be appropriate. The Secretary of the Treasury may 12 prescribe forms and denominations, maturities, and 13 terms and conditions for the transactions described 14 in the preceding sentence, except that the rate of in-15 terest charged by the Secretary on lending to financ-16 ing accounts (including amounts treated as lending 17 to financing accounts by the Federal Financing 18 Bank (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as 19 the 'Bank') pursuant to section 405(b)) and the rate 20 of interest paid to financing accounts on uninvested 21 balances in financing accounts shall be the same as 22 the rate determined pursuant to section 502(7).
 - "(2) Loans.—For guaranteed loans financed by the Bank and treated as direct loans by a Federal agency pursuant to section 406(b)(1), any fee or interest surcharge (the amount by which the in-

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- terest rate charged exceeds the rate determined pursuant to section 502(7) that the Bank charges to a

 private borrower pursuant to section 6(c) of the
 Federal Financing Bank Act of 1973 shall be considered a cash flow to the Government for the purposes of determining the cost of the direct loan pursuant to section 502(7). All such amounts shall be
 credited to the appropriate financing account.
 - "(3) Reimbursement.—The Bank is authorized to require reimbursement from a Federal agency to cover the administrative expenses of the Bank that are attributable to the direct loans financed for that agency. All such payments by an agency shall be considered administrative expenses subject to section 504(g). This subsection shall apply to transactions related to direct loan obligations or loan guarantee commitments made on or after October 1, 1991.
 - "(4) AUTHORITY.—The authorities provided in this subsection shall not be construed to supersede or override the authority of the head of a Federal agency to administer and operate a direct loan or loan guarantee program.
- 24 "(5) TITLE 31.—All of the transactions provided in the subsection shall be subject to the provi-

- 1 sions of subchapter II of chapter 15 of title 31,
- 2 United States Code.
- 3 "(6) Treatment of Cash Balances.—Cash
- 4 balances of the financing accounts in excess of cur-
- 5 rent requirements shall be maintained in a form of
- 6 uninvested funds and the Secretary of the Treasury
- 7 shall pay interest on these funds. The Secretary of
- 8 the Treasury shall charge (or pay if the amount is
- 9 negative) financing accounts an amount equal to the
- risk component for a direct loan or loan guarantee,
- or modification thereof. Such amount received by the
- 12 Secretary of the Treasury shall be a means of fi-
- nancing and shall not be considered a cash flow of
- the Government for the purposes of section 502(7).
- 15 "(c) Authorization for Liquidating Ac-
- 16 COUNTS.—(1) Amounts in liquidating accounts shall be
- 17 available only for payments resulting from direct loan obli-
- 18 gations or loan guarantee commitments made prior to Oc-
- 19 tober 1, 1991, for—
- 20 "(A) interest payments and principal repay-
- 21 ments to the Treasury or the Federal Financing
- Bank for amounts borrowed;
- 23 "(B) disbursements of loans;
- 24 "(C) default and other guarantee claim pay-
- 25 ments;

1	"(D) interest supplement payments;
2	"(E) payments for the costs of foreclosing,
3	managing, and selling collateral that are capitalized
4	or routinely deducted from the proceeds of sales;
5	"(F) payments to financing accounts when re-
6	quired for modifications;
7	"(G) administrative costs and essential preser-
8	vation expenses, if—
9	"(i) amounts credited to the liquidating ac-
10	count would have been available for administra-
11	tive costs and essential preservation expenses
12	under a provision of law in effect prior to Octo-
13	ber 1, 1991; and
14	"(ii) no direct loan obligation or loan guar-
15	antee commitment has been made, or any modi-
16	fication of a direct loan or loan guarantee has
17	been made, since September 30, 1991; or
18	"(H) such other payments as are necessary
19	for the liquidation of such direct loan obliga-
20	tions and loan guarantee commitments.
21	"(2) Amounts credited to liquidating accounts in any
22	year shall be available only for payments required in that
23	year. Any unobligated balances in liquidating accounts at
24	the end of a fiscal year shall be transferred to miscella-

- 1 neous receipts as soon as practicable after the end of the
- 2 fiscal year.
- 3 "(3) If funds in liquidating accounts are insufficient
- 4 to satisfy obligations and commitments of such accounts,
- 5 there is hereby provided permanent, indefinite authority
- 6 to make any payments required to be made on such obliga-
- 7 tions and commitments.
- 8 "(d) Reinsurance.—Nothing in this title shall be
- 9 construed as authorizing or requiring the purchase of in-
- 10 surance or reinsurance on a direct loan or loan guarantee
- 11 from private insurers. If any such reinsurance for a direct
- 12 loan or loan guarantee is authorized, the cost of such in-
- 13 surance and any recoveries to the Government shall be in-
- 14 cluded in the calculation of the cost.
- 15 "(e) Eligibility and Assistance.—Nothing in this
- 16 title shall be construed to change the authority or the re-
- 17 sponsibility of a Federal agency to determine the terms
- 18 and conditions of eligibility for, or the amount of assist-
- 19 ance provided by a direct loan or a loan guarantee.
- 20 "SEC. 506. TREATMENT OF DEPOSIT INSURANCE AND AGEN-
- 21 CIES AND OTHER INSURANCE PROGRAMS.
- 22 "This title shall not apply to the credit or insurance
- 23 activities of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- 24 National Credit Union Administration, Resolution Trust
- 25 Corporation, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, Na-

- 1 tional Flood Insurance, National Insurance Development
- 2 Fund, Crop Insurance, or Tennessee Valley Authority.
- 3 "SEC. 507. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
- 4 "(a) Effect on Other Laws.—This title shall su-
- 5 persede, modify, or repeal any provision of law enacted
- 6 prior to the date of enactment of this title to the extent
- 7 such provision is inconsistent with this title. Nothing in
- 8 this title shall be construed to establish a credit limitation
- 9 on any Federal loan or loan guarantee program.
- 10 "(b) Crediting of Collections.—Collections re-
- 11 sulting from direct loans obligated or loan guarantees
- 12 committed prior to October 1, 1991, shall be credited to
- 13 the liquidating accounts of Federal agencies. Amounts so
- 14 credited shall be available, to the same extent that they
- 15 were available prior to the date of enactment of this title,
- 16 to liquidate obligations arising from such direct loans obli-
- 17 gated or loan guarantees committed prior to October 1,
- 18 1991, including repayment of any obligations held by the
- 19 Secretary of the Treasury or the Federal Financing Bank.
- 20 The unobligated balances of such accounts that are in ex-
- 21 cess of current needs shall be transferred to the general
- 22 fund of the Treasury. Such transfers shall be made from
- 23 time to time but, at least once each year.".
- 24 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of con-
- 25 tents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional Budget

- 1 and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended by
- 2 striking the items relating to title V and inserting the fol-
- 3 lowing:

"TITLE V—CREDIT REFORM

- "Sec. 501. Purposes.
- "Sec. 502. Definitions.
- "Sec. 503. OMB and CBO analysis, coordination, and review.
- "Sec. 504. Budgetary treatment.
- "Sec. 505. Authorizations.
- "Sec. 506. Treatment of deposit insurance and agencies and other insurance programs.
- "Sec. 507. Effect on other laws.".

4 SEC. 102. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 5 The amendment made by section 101 shall take effect
- 6 beginning with fiscal year 2014.

7 TITLE II—BUDGETARY

8 TREATMENT

- 9 SEC. 201. CBO AND OMB STUDIES RESPECTING BUDGETING
- 10 FOR COSTS OF FEDERAL INSURANCE PRO-
- 11 GRAMS.
- Not later than one year after the date of enactment
- 13 of this Act, the Directors of the Congressional Budget Of-
- 14 fice and of the Office of Management and Budget shall
- 15 each prepare a study and make recommendations to the
- 16 Committees on the Budget of the House of Representa-
- 17 tives and the Senate as to the feasability of applying fair
- 18 value concepts to budgeting for the costs of Federal insur-
- 19 ance programs.

1	SEC. 202. ON-BUDGET STATUS OF FANNIE MAE AND
2	FREDDIE MAC.
3	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the re-
4	ceipts and disbursements, including the administrative ex-
5	penses, of the Federal National Mortgage Association and
6	the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation shall be
7	counted as new budget authority, outlays, receipts, or def-
8	icit or surplus for purposes of—
9	(1) the budget of the United States Govern-
10	ment as submitted by the President;
11	(2) the congressional budget; and
12	(3) the Balanced Budget and Emergency Def-
13	icit Control Act of 1985.
14	SEC. 203. FANNIE MAE AND FREDDIE MAC DEBT SUBJECT
15	TO PUBLIC DEBT LIMIT.
16	For purposes of section 3101(b) of chapter 31 of title
17	31, United States Code, the face amount of obligations
18	issued after the 90th day beginning after the date of en-
19	actment of this Act by the Federal National Mortgage As-
20	sociation and by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Cor-
21	poration outstanding at one time shall be treated as issued
22	by the United States Government under that chapter.
23	SEC. 204. EFFECTIVE DATE.
24	Sections 202 and 203 shall not apply with respect
25	to an enterprise (as such term is defined in section 1303

- 1 Soundness Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. 4502)) after the date
- 2 that all of the following have occurred:
- 3 (1) The conservatorship for such enterprise
- 4 under section 1367 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 4617)
- 5 has been terminated.
- 6 (2) Such enterprise has repaid to the Federal
- 7 Government all financial assistance provided to the
- 8 enterprise by the Federal Government pursuant to
- 9 the amendments made by section 1117 of the Hous-
- ing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 (Public
- 11 Law 110–289; 122 Stat. 2683) or otherwise.
- 12 (3) The charter for the enterprise has been re-
- voked, annulled, or terminated and the authorizing
- statute (as such term is defined in such section
- 15 1303) with respect to the enterprise has been re-
- pealed.

17 TITLE III—BUDGETARY TREAT-

18 **MENT OF POSTAL SERVICE**

- 19 SEC. 301. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF POSTAL SERVICE.
- 20 (a) Postal Service Fund Returned to on
- 21 Budget Status.—Section 2009a of title 39, United
- 22 States Code, is repealed.
- 23 (b) Postal Service Competitive Products
- 24 Fund.—Section 2011 of title 39, United States Code, is
- 25 amended by—

1	(1) repealing subsection (f); and
2	(2) redesignating subsections (g), (h), and (i)
3	as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively.
4	(c) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this
5	section shall apply with respect to budgets for fiscal years
6	beginning after September 30, 2012.
7	TITLE IV—BUDGET REVIEW AND
8	ANALYSIS
9	SEC. 401. CBO AND OMB REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS
10	RESPECTING RECEIPTS AND COLLECTIONS.
11	Not later than one year after the date of enactment
12	of this Act, the Directors of the Congressional Budget Of-
13	fice and of the Office of Management and Budget shall
14	jointly prepare a study of the history of offsetting collec-
15	tions against expenditures and the amount of receipts col-
16	lected annually, the historical application of the budgetary
17	terms "revenue", "offsetting collections", and "offsetting
18	receipts", and review the application of those terms and
19	each make recommendations to the Committees on the
20	Budget of the House of Representatives and the Senate
21	of whether such usage should be continued or modified.
22	SEC. 402. AGENCY BUDGET JUSTIFICATIONS.
23	Section 1108 of title 31, United States Code, is
24	amended by inserting at the end the following new sub-
25	section:

- 1 "(h) Whenever any agency prepares and submits
- 2 written budget justification materials for any committee
- 3 of the House of Representatives or the Senate, such agen-
- 4 cy shall post such budget justification on the same day
- 5 of such submission on the public website of the agency
- 6 in a format that is searchable, sortable, and downloadable

7 by the public.".

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