Calendar No. 435

112TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 250

To protect crime victims' rights, to eliminate the substantial backlog of DNA samples collected from crime scenes and convicted offenders, to improve and expand the DNA testing capacity of Federal, State, and local crime laboratories, to increase research and development of new DNA testing technologies, to develop new training programs regarding the collection and use of DNA evidence, to provide post conviction testing of DNA evidence to exonerate the innocent, to improve the performance of counsel in State capital cases, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 1, 2011

Mr. Leahy (for himself, Mr. Franken, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Harkin, Mr. Merkley, Mr. Coons, and Mr. Blumenthal) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

June 21, 2012

Reported by Mr. LEAHY, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To protect crime victims' rights, to eliminate the substantial backlog of DNA samples collected from crime scenes and convicted offenders, to improve and expand the DNA testing capacity of Federal, State, and local crime laboratories, to increase research and development of new DNA testing technologies, to develop new training programs regarding the collection and use of DNA evidence, to

provide post conviction testing of DNA evidence to exonerate the innocent, to improve the performance of counsel in State capital cases, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Justice for All Reau-
5	thorization Act of 2011".
6	SEC. 2. CRIME VICTIMS' RIGHTS.
7	Section 3771 of title 18, United States Code, is
8	amended—
9	(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the
10	following:
11	"(9) The right to be informed of the rights
12	under this section and the services described in sec-
13	tion 503(e) of the Victims' Rights and Restitution
14	Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 10607(c)) and provided con-
15	tact information for the Office of the Victims'
16	Rights Ombudsman of the Department of Justice.";
17	(2) in subsection (d)(3), in the fifth sentence,
18	by inserting ", unless the litigants, with the approval
19	of the court, have stipulated to a different time pe-
20	riod for consideration" before the period; and
21	(3) in subsection (e)—
22	(A) by striking "this chapter, the term"
23	and inserting the following: "this chapter:

1	"(1) COURT OF APPEALS.—The term 'court of
2	appeals' means—
3	"(A) for a violation of the United States
4	Code, the United States court of appeals for the
5	judicial district in which a defendant is being
6	prosecuted; and
7	"(B) for a violation of the District of Co-
8	lumbia Code, the District of Columbia Court of
9	Appeals.
10	"(2) Crime victim.—
11	"(A) In GENERAL.—The term";
12	(B) by striking "In the ease" and inserting
13	the following:
14	"(B) Minors and Certain Other Vic-
15	TIMS.—In the ease"; and
16	(C) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(3) DISTRICT COURT; COURT.—The terms
18	'district court' and 'court' include the Superior
19	Court of the District of Columbia.".
20	SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR GRANTS
21	FOR CRIME VICTIMS.
22	(a) Crime Victims Legal Assistance Grants.—
23	Section 103(b) of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (Public
24	Law 108-405: 118 Stat. 2264) is amended—

1 (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "\$2,000,000" and all that follows through "2009" and inserting 2 3 "\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2012, 2013, 4 2014, 2015, and 2016"; 5 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$2,000,000" 6 and all that follows through "2009," and inserting 7 "\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2012, 2013, 8 2014, 2015, and 2016"; 9 (3) in paragraph (3), by striking "\$300,000" and all that follows through "2009," and inserting 10 11 "\$500,000 for each of fiscal years 2012, 2013, 12 2014, 2015, and 2016"; 13 (4) in paragraph (4), by striking "\$7,000,000" 14 and all that follows through "2009," and inserting 15 "\$11,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2012, 2013, 16 2014, 2015, and 2016"; and 17 (5) in paragraph (5), by striking "\$5,000,000" and all that follows through "2009," and inserting 18 "\$7,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2012, 2013, 19 20 2014, 2015, and 2016". 21 (b) Crime Victims Notification Grants.—Section 1404E(e) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 23 U.S.C. 10603e(e)) is amended by striking "this section—" and all that follows and inserting "this section

1	\$5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2012, 2013, 2014,
2	2015, and 2016.".
3	SEC. 4. DEBBIE SMITH DNA BACKLOG GRANT PROGRAM.
4	(a) In General.—Section 2 of the DNA Analysis
5	Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 14135) is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"SEC. 2. THE DEBBIE SMITH DNA BACKLOG GRANT PRO-
8	GRAM.
9	"(a) Definitions.—In this section—
10	"(1) the term 'backlog for DNA case work' has
11	the meaning given that term by the Director, in ac-
12	cordance with subsection (b)(3);
13	"(2) the term 'Combined DNA Index System'
14	means the Combined DNA Index System of the Fed-
15	eral Bureau of Investigation;
16	"(3) the term 'Director' means the Director of
17	the National Institute of Justice;
18	"(4) the term 'emergency response provider'
19	has the meaning given that term in section 2 of the
20	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101); and
21	"(5) the term 'State' means a State of the
22	United States, the District of Columbia, the Com-
23	monwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
24	Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern
25	Mariana Islands

1	"(b) Establishment of Protocols, Technical
2	Assistance, and Definitions of Evidence Backloo
3	FOR DNA CASE WORK.—
4	"(1) Protocols and Practices.—Not later
5	than 18 months after the date of enactment of the
6	Justice for All Reauthorization Act of 2011, the Di-
7	rector shall develop and publish a description of pro-
8	tocols and practices the Director considers appro-
9	priate for the accurate, timely, and effective collec-
10	tion and processing of DNA evidence, including pro-
11	tocols and practices specific to sexual assault cases,
12	which shall address appropriate steps in the inves-
13	tigation of cases that might involve DNA evidence,
14	including—
15	"(A) how to determine—
16	"(i) which evidence is to be collected
17	by law enforcement personnel and for-
18	warded for testing;
19	"(ii) the preferred order in which evi-
20	dence from the same case is to be tested;
21	and
22	"(iii) the preferred order in which evi-
23	dence from different eases is to be tested;
24	"(B) the establishment of a reasonable pe-
25	riod of time in which evidence is to be for-

1	warded by emergency response providers, law
2	enforcement personnel, and prosecutors to a
3	laboratory for testing;
4	"(C) the establishment of reasonable peri-
5	ods of time in which each stage of analytical
6	laboratory testing is to be completed; and
7	"(D) systems to encourage communication
8	within a State or unit of local government
9	among emergency response providers, law en-
10	forcement personnel, prosecutors, courts, de-
11	fense counsel, crime laboratory personnel, and
12	erime victims regarding the status of erime
13	seene evidence to be tested.
14	"(2) Technical assistance and training.—
15	The Director shall make available technical assist-
16	ance and training to support States and units of
17	local government in adopting and implementing the
18	protocols and practices developed under paragraph
19	(1) on and after the date on which the protocols and
20	practices are published.
21	"(3) Definition of Backlog for DNA Case
22	work.—The Director shall develop and publish a
23	definition of the term 'backlog for DNA case work'

for purposes of this section—

1	"(A) taking into consideration the different
2	stages at which a backlog may develop, includ-
3	ing the investigation and prosecution of a crime
4	by law enforcement personnel, prosecutors, and
5	others, and the laboratory analysis of crime
6	seene samples; and
7	"(B) which may include different criteria
8	or thresholds for the different stages.
9	"(c) AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS FOR THE COLLEC-
10	TION AND PROCESSING OF DNA EVIDENCE BY LAW EN-
11	FORCEMENT.
12	"(1) Purpose.—The Attorney General may
13	make grants to States or units of local government
14	which may be used to—
15	"(A) ensure that the collection and proc-
16	essing of DNA evidence from crimes, including
17	sexual assault and other serious violent crimes,
18	is carried out in an appropriate and timely
19	manner;
20	"(B) eliminate existing backlogs for DNA
21	ease work, including backlogs from sexual as-
22	sault eases; and
23	"(C) ensure effective communication
24	among emergency response providers, law en-
25	forcement personnel, prosecutors, courts, de-

1	fense counsel, crime laboratory personnel, and
2	crime victims regarding the status of crime
3	scene evidence to be tested.
4	"(2) APPLICATION.—A State or unit of local
5	government desiring a grant under this subsection
6	shall submit to the Attorney General an application
7	in such form and containing such information as the
8	Attorney General may require, which shall include—
9	"(A) providing assurances that the State
10	or unit of local government has implemented, or
11	will implement not later than 120 days after
12	the date of the application, a comprehensive
13	plan for the expeditious collection and proc-
14	essing of DNA evidence in accordance with this
15	section; and
16	"(B) specifying the percentage of the
17	amounts received under the grant that the
18	State or unit of local government shall use for
19	the purpose specified in each of subparagraphs
20	(A), (B), and (C) of paragraph (1).
21	"(3) Collection and processing of sam-
22	PLES.—A plan described in paragraph (2)(A)—
23	"(A) shall require a State or unit of local
24	eovernment to—

1	"(i) adopt the appropriate protocols
2	and practices developed under subsection
3	(b)(1); and
4	"(ii) ensure that emergency response
5	providers, law enforcement personnel, pros-
6	ecutors, and crime laboratory personnel
7	within the jurisdiction of the State or unit
8	of local government receive training on the
9	content and appropriate use of the proto-
10	cols and practices; and
11	"(B) may include the development and im-
12	plementation within the State or unit of local
13	government of an evidence tracking system to
14	ensure effective communication among emer-
15	gency response providers, law enforcement per-
16	sonnel, prosecutors, defense counsel, courts,
17	erime laboratory personnel, and crime victims
18	regarding the status of crime scene evidence
19	subject to DNA analysis.
20	"(4) REPORTING AND PUBLICATION OF DNA
21	BACKLOGS.—
22	"(A) In GENERAL.—A plan described in
23	paragraph (2)(A) shall require a State or unit
24	of local government to submit to the Attorney
25	General an annual report reflecting the current

1	backlog for DNA ease work within the jurisdic-
2	tion in which the funds are used, which shall in-
3	clude—
4	"(i) a specific breakdown of the num-
5	ber of sexual assault eases that are in a
6	backlog for DNA case work and the per-
7	centage of the amounts received under the
8	grant allocated to reducing the backlog of
9	DNA case work in sexual assault cases;
10	"(ii) for each case that is in a backlog
11	for DNA ease work, the identity of each
12	agency, office, or contractor of the State or
13	unit of local government in which work
14	necessary to complete the DNA analysis is
15	pending; and
16	"(iii) any other information the Attor-
17	ney General determines appropriate.
18	"(B) COMPILATION.—The Attorney Gen-
19	eral shall annually compile and publish the re-
20	ports submitted under subparagraph (A) on the
21	website of the Department of Justice.
22	"(d) AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS FOR DNA TEST-
23	ING AND ANALYSIS BY LABORATORIES

1	"(1) Purpose.—The Attorney General may
2	make grants to States or units of local government
3	to -
4	"(A) earry out, for inclusion in the Com-
5	bined DNA Index System, DNA analyses of
6	samples collected under applicable legal author-
7	ity;
8	"(B) earry out, for inclusion in the Com-
9	bined DNA Index System, DNA analyses of
10	samples from crime scenes, including samples
11	from rape kits, samples from other sexual as-
12	sault evidence, and samples taken in eases with-
13	out an identified suspect;
14	"(C) increase the capacity of laboratories
15	owned by the State or unit of local government
16	to carry out DNA analyses of samples specified
17	in subparagraph (A) or (B) ;
18	"(D) collect DNA samples specified in sub-
19	$\frac{\text{paragraph }(A)}{\text{rand}}$
20	"(E) ensure that DNA testing and analysis
21	of samples from crimes, including sexual as-
22	sault and other serious violent crimes, are car-
23	ried out in a timely manner.
24	"(2) APPLICATION. A State or unit of local
25	government desiring a grant under this subsection

1	shall submit to the Attorney General an application
2	in such form and containing such information as the
3	Attorney General may require, which shall include—
4	"(A) providing assurances that the State
5	or unit of local government has implemented, or
6	will implement not later than 120 days after
7	the date of the application, a comprehensive
8	plan for the expeditious DNA analysis of sam-
9	ples in accordance with this section;
10	"(B) certifying that each DNA analysis
11	carried out under the plan shall be maintained
12	in accordance with the privacy requirements de-
13	scribed in section 210304(b)(3) of the Violent
14	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of
15	1994 (42 U.S.C. 14132(b)(3));
16	"(C) specifying the percentage of the
17	amounts received under the grant that the
18	State or unit of local government shall use to
19	carry out DNA analyses of samples described in
20	paragraph (1)(A) and the percentage of the
21	amounts the State or unit of local government
22	shall use to carry out DNA analyses of samples
23	described in paragraph (1)(B);
24	"(D) specifying the percentage of the
25	amounts received under the grant that the

1	State or unit of local government shall use for
2	a purpose described in paragraph (1)(C);
3	"(E) if submitted by a unit of local govern-
4	ment, certifying that the unit of local govern-
5	ment has taken, or is taking, all necessary steps
6	to ensure that the unit of local government is
7	eligible to include in the Combined DNA Index
8	System, directly or through a State law enforce-
9	ment agency, all analyses of samples for which
10	the unit of local government has requested
11	funding; and
12	"(F) specifying the percentage of the
13	amounts received under the grant that the
14	State or unit of local government shall use for
15	the purpose described in paragraph (1)(D).
16	"(3) Analysis of samples.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A plan described in
18	paragraph (2)(A) shall require that, except as
19	provided in subparagraph (C), each DNA anal-
20	ysis be carried out in a laboratory that—
21	"(i) satisfies quality assurance stand-
22	ards; and
23	''(ii) is—
24	"(I) operated by the State or a
25	unit of local government; or

1	"(II) operated by a private entity
2	pursuant to a contract with the State
3	or a unit of local government.
4	"(B) QUALITY ASSURANCE STANDARDS.—
5	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Director of
6	the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall
7	maintain and make available to States and
8	units of local government a description of
9	quality assurance protocols and practices
10	that the Director of the Federal Bureau of
11	Investigation considers adequate to assure
12	the quality of a forensic laboratory.
13	"(ii) Existing standards.—For
14	purposes of this paragraph, a laboratory
15	satisfies quality assurance standards if the
16	laboratory satisfies the quality control re-
17	quirements described in paragraphs (1)
18	and (2) of section 210304(b) of the Violent
19	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act
20	of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14132(b)).
21	"(4) Use of vouchers or contracts for
22	CERTAIN PURPOSES.—
23	"(A) In General.—A grant for a purpose
24	specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (E), or (F)
25	of paragraph (1) may be made in the form of

1	a voucher or contract for laboratory services,
2	even if the laboratory makes a reasonable profit
3	for the services.
4	"(B) REDEMPTION.—A voucher or con-
5	tract under subparagraph (A) may be redeemed
6	at a laboratory operated on a nonprofit or for-
7	profit basis, by a private entity that satisfies
8	quality assurance standards and has been ap-
9	proved by the Attorney General.
10	"(C) PAYMENTS.—The Attorney General
11	may use amounts appropriated to carry out this
12	section to make payments to a laboratory de-
13	scribed under subparagraph (B).
14	"(5) REPORTING AND PUBLICATION OF DNA
15	BACKLOGS.—
16	"(A) In GENERAL.—A plan described in
17	paragraph (2)(A) shall require the State or unit
18	of local government to submit to the Attorney
19	General an annual report reflecting the backlog
20	for DNA case work within the jurisdiction in
21	which the funds will be used, which shall in-
22	clude—
23	"(i) a specific breakdown of the num-
24	ber of sexual assault eases that are in a
25	backlog for DNA case work and the per-

1	centage of the amounts received under the
2	grant allocated to reducing the backlog of
3	DNA case work in sexual assault cases;
4	"(ii) for each ease that is in a backlog
5	for DNA case work, the identity of each
6	agency, office, or contractor of the State or
7	unit of local government in which work
8	necessary to complete the DNA analysis is
9	pending; and
10	"(iii) any other information the Attor-
11	ney General determines appropriate.
12	"(B) COMPILATION.—The Attorney Gen-
13	eral shall annually compile and publish the re-
14	ports submitted under subparagraph (A) on the
15	website of the Department of Justice.
16	"(e) FORMULA FOR DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS.—
17	"(1) In General.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
18	and (3), the Attorney General shall distribute grant
19	amounts, and establish appropriate grant conditions
20	under this section, in conformity with a formula or
21	formulas that are designed to effectuate a distribu-
22	tion of funds among States and units of local gov-
23	ernment applying for grants under this section
24	that—

1	"(A) maximizes the effective use of DNA
2	technology to solve crimes and protect public
3	safety; and
4	"(B) allocates grants among States and
5	units of local government fairly and efficiently,
6	across rural and urban jurisdictions, to address
7	States and units of local government in which
8	significant backlogs for DNA case work exist,
9	by considering—
10	"(i) the number of offender and ease-
11	work samples awaiting DNA analysis in a
12	State or unit of local government;
13	"(ii) the population in the State or
14	unit of local government;
15	"(iii) the number of part 1 violent
16	erimes in the State or unit of local govern-
17	ment; and
18	"(iv) the availability of resources to
19	train emergency response providers, law
20	enforcement personnel, prosecutors, and
21	erime laboratory personnel on the effective-
22	ness of appropriate and timely DNA collec-
23	tion, processing, and analysis.
24	"(2) MINIMUM AMOUNT.—The Attorney Gen-
25	eral shall allocate to each State not less than 0.50

percent of the total amount appropriated in a fiscal year for grants under this section, except that the United States Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands shall each be allocated 0.125 percent of the total amount appropriated in a fiscal year for grants under this section.

"(3) LIMITATION.—In distributing grant amounts under paragraph (1), the Attorney General shall ensure that for each of fiscal years 2012 through 2016, not less than 40 percent of the grant amounts are awarded for purposes described in subsection (d)(1)(B).

"(f) RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF FUND.—

"(1) Nonsupplanting.—Funds made available under this section shall not be used to supplant funds of a State or unit of local government, and shall be used to increase the amount of funds that would, in the absence of Federal funds, be made available from the State or unit of local government for the purposes described in this Act.

"(2) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—A State or unit of local government may not use more than 3 percent of the amounts made available under a grant

1	under this section for administrative expenses relat-
2	ing to the grant.
3	"(g) Reports to the Attorney General.—Each
4	State or unit of local government that receives a grant
5	under this section shall submit to the Attorney General,
6	for each year in which funds from a grant received under
7	this section are expended, a report at such time and in
8	such manner as the Attorney General may reasonably re-
9	quire, that contains—
10	"(1) a summary of the activities carried out
11	under the grant and an assessment of whether such
12	activities are meeting the needs identified in the ap-
13	plication; and
14	"(2) such other information as the Attorney
15	General may require.
16	"(h) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 90
17	days after the end of each fiscal year for which grants
18	are made under this section, the Attorney General shall
19	submit to Congress a report that includes—
20	"(1) the aggregate amount of grants made
21	under this section to each State or unit of local gov-
22	ernment for the fiscal year;
23	"(2) a summary of the information provided by
24	States or units of local government receiving grants
25	under this section; and

"(3) a description of the priorities and plan for awarding grants among eligible States and units of local government, and how the plan will ensure the effective use of DNA technology to solve crimes and protect public safety.

"(i) Expenditure Records.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each State or unit of local government that receives a grant under this section shall keep such records as the Attorney General may require to facilitate an effective audit of the receipt and use of grant funds received under this section.

"(2) Access.—Each State or unit of local government that receives a grant under this section shall make available, for the purpose of audit and examination, any records relating to the receipt or use of the grant.

"(j) USE OF FUNDS FOR ACCREDITATION AND AU-DITS.—The Attorney General may distribute not more than 1 percent of the amounts made available for grants under this section for a fiscal year—

"(1) to States or units of local government to defray the costs incurred by laboratories operated by each such State or unit of local government in preparing for accreditation or reaccreditation;

1	"(2) in the form of additional grants to States,
2	units of local government, or nonprofit professional
3	organizations of persons actively involved in forensic
4	science and nationally recognized within the forensic
5	science community to—
6	"(A) defray the costs of external audits of
7	laboratories operated by the State or unit of
8	local government, which participates in the Na-
9	tional DNA Index System, to determine wheth-
10	er the laboratory is in compliance with quality
11	assurance standards;
12	"(B) assess compliance with any plans
13	submitted to the Director that detail the use of
14	funds received by States or units of local gov-
15	ernment under this section; and
16	"(C) support capacity building efforts; and
17	"(3) in the form of additional grants to non-
18	profit professional associations actively involved in
19	forensic science and nationally recognized within the
20	forensic science community to defray the costs of
21	training persons who conduct external audits of lab-
22	oratories operated by States and units of local gov-
23	ernment and which participate in the National DNA

Index System.

1	"(k) Use of Funds for Other Forensic
2	Sciences.—The Attorney General may make a grant
3	under this section to a State or unit of local government
4	to alleviate a backlog of eases with respect to a forensic
5	science other than DNA analysis if the State or unit of
6	local government—
7	"(1) certifies to the Attorney General that in
8	such State or unit—
9	"(A) all of the purposes set forth in sub-
10	sections (c) and (d) have been met;
11	"(B) there is not a backlog for DNA case
12	work, as defined by the Director in accordance
13	with subsection $(b)(3)$; and
14	"(C) there is no need for significant lab-
15	oratory equipment, supplies, or additional per-
16	sonnel for timely processing of DNA case work
17	or offender samples; and
18	"(2) demonstrates to the Attorney General that
19	the State or unit of local government requires assist-
20	ance in alleviating a backlog of eases involving a fo-
21	rensic science other than DNA analysis.
22	"(1) External Audits and Remedial Efforts.—
23	If a laboratory operated by a State or unit of local govern-
24	ment which has received funds under this section has un-
25	dereone an external audit conducted to determine whether

- 1 the laboratory is in compliance with standards established
- 2 by the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation,
- 3 and, as a result of the audit, identifies measures to remedy
- 4 deficiencies with respect to the compliance by the labora-
- 5 tory with the standards, the State or unit of local govern-
- 6 ment shall implement any such remediation as soon as
- 7 practicable.

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- 8 "(m) Penalty for Noncompliance.—
- 9 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall 10 annually compile a list of the States and units of 11 local government receiving a grant under this section 12 that have failed to provide the information required 13 under subsection (e)(4)(A), (d)(5)(A), or (g). The 14 Attorney General shall publish each list complied 15 under this paragraph on the website of the Depart-16 ment of Justice.
 - "(2) REDUCTION IN GRANT FUNDS.—For any State or local government that the Attorney General determines has failed to provide the information required under subsection (e)(4)(A), (d)(5)(A), or (g), the Attorney General may not award a grant under this section for the fiscal year after the fiscal year to which the determination relates in an amount that is more than 50 percent of the amount the

- 1 State or local government would have otherwise re-
- 2 eeived.
- 3 "(n) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 4 are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General
- 5 for grants under subsections (c) and (d) \$151,000,000 for
- 6 each of fiscal years 2012 through 2016.".
- 7 (b) Report.—
- 8 (1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after 9 the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of 10 the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall evaluate 11 the policies, standards, and protocols relating to the 12 use of private laboratories in the analysis of DNA 13 evidence, including the mandatory technical review 14 of all outsourced DNA evidence by public labora-15 tories prior to uploading DNA profiles into the Com-16 bined DNA Index System of the Federal Bureau of 17 Investigation. The evaluation shall take into consid-18 eration the need to reduce DNA evidence backlogs 19 while guaranteeing the integrity of the Combined 20 DNA Index System.
 - (2) REPORT TO CONGRESS. Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation completes the evaluation under paragraph (1), the Director shall sub-

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1	mit to Congress a report of the findings of the eval-
2	uation and any proposed policy changes.
3	(c) Transition Provision.—
4	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term
5	"transition date" means the day after the latter of
6	(A) the date on which the Director of the
7	National Institute of Justice publishes a defini-
8	tion of the term "backlog for DNA case work"
9	in accordance with section 2(b)(3) of the DNA
10	Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000, as
11	amended by subsection (a); and
12	(B) the date on which the Director of the
13	National Institute of Justice publishes a de-
14	scription of protocols and practices in accord-
15	ance with section 2(b)(1) of the DNA Analysis
16	Backlog Elimination Act of 2000, as amended
17	by subsection (a).
18	(2) Grant Authority.—Notwithstanding the
19	amendments made by subsection (a)—
20	(A) the Attorney General may make grants
21	under section 2 of the DNA Analysis Backlog
22	Elimination Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 14135), as
23	in effect on the day before the date of enact-
24	ment of this Act, until the transition date; and

1	(B) the Attorney General may not make a
2	grant under section 2 of the DNA Analysis
3	Backlog Elimination Act of 2000, as amended
4	by subsection (a), until the transition date.
5	SEC. 5. RAPE EXAM PAYMENTS.
6	Section 2010 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
7	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796gg-4) is
8	amended—
9	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)$ —
10	(A) by striking "entity incurs the full" and
11	inserting the following: "entity—
12	"(A) incurs the full";
13	(B) by striking the period at the end and
14	inserting "; and"; and
15	(C) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(B) coordinates with regional health care
17	providers to notify victims of sexual assault of
18	the availability of rape exams at no cost to the
19	victims.";
20	(2) in subsection (b)—
21	(A) in paragraph (1), by adding "or" at
22	the end;
23	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "; or"
24	and inserting a period; and
25	(C) by striking paragraph (3); and

- 1 (3) in subsection (d), by striking "(d) Rule of
- 2 Construction.—" and all that follows through the
- 3 end of paragraph (1) and inserting the following:
- 4 "(d) Noncooperation.—
- 5 "(1) In GENERAL.—To be in compliance with
- 6 this section, a State, Indian tribal government, or
- 7 unit of local government shall comply with sub-
- 8 section (b) without regard to whether the victim par-
- 9 ticipates in the criminal justice system or cooperates
- 10 with law enforcement.".
- 11 SEC. 6. ADDITIONAL REAUTHORIZATIONS.
- 12 (a) DNA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—Section
- 13 305(e) of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C.
- 14 14136b(e)) is amended by striking "fiscal years 2005
- 15 through 2009" and inserting "fiscal years 2012 through
- 16 2016".
- 17 (b) FBI DNA PROGRAMS.—Section 307(a) of the
- 18 Justice for All Act of 2004 (Public Law 108-405; 118
- 19 Stat. 2275) is amended by striking "fiscal years 2005
- 20 through 2009" and inserting "fiscal years 2012 through
- 21 2016"
- 22 (c) DNA IDENTIFICATION OF MISSING PERSONS.—
- 23 Section 308(c) of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (42)
- 24 U.S.C. 14136d(e)) is amended by striking "fiscal years

1	2005 through 2009" and inserting "fiscal years 2012
2	through 2016".
3	SEC. 7. PAUL COVERDELL FORENSIC SCIENCES IMPROVE-
4	MENT GRANTS.
5	Section 1001(a)(24) of title I of the Omnibus Crime
6	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
7	3793(a)(24)) is amended—
8	(1) in subparagraph (H), by striking "and" at
9	the end;
10	(2) in subparagraph (I), by striking the period
11	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
12	(3) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(K) \$35,000,000 for each of fiscal years
14	2012 through 2016.".
15	SEC. 8. IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF REPRESENTATION IN
16	STATE CAPITAL CASES.
17	Section 426 of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (42
18	U.S.C. 14163e) is amended—
19	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "\$75,000,000
20	for each of fiscal years 2005 through 2009" and in-
21	serting "\$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2012
22	through 2016"; and
23	(2) in subsection (b), by inserting before the pe-
24	riod at the end the following: ", or upon a showing
25	of good cause, and at the discretion of the Attorney

1	General, the State may determine a fair allocation of
2	funds across the uses described in sections 421 and
3	422.".
4	SEC. 9. POST-CONVICTION DNA TESTING.
5	(a) In General.—Section 3600 of title 18, United
6	States Code, is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)—
8	(A) in paragraph (1)(B)(i), by striking
9	"death"; and
10	(B) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking "and
11	the applicant did not—" and all that follows
12	through "knowingly fail to request" and insert-
13	ing "and the applicant did not knowingly fail to
14	request"; and
15	(2) in subsection $(g)(2)$ —
16	(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph
17	(A), by striking "establish by compelling evi-
18	dence" and inserting "establish by a preponder-
19	ance of the evidence"; and
20	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking
21	"death".
22	(b) Preservation of Biological Evidence.—
23	Section 3600A(e) of title 18, United States Code, is
24	amended—
25	(1) by striking paragraph (2); and

1	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and
2	(5) as paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), respectively.
3	SEC. 10. INCENTIVE GRANTS TO STATES TO ENSURE CON-
4	SIDERATION OF CLAIMS OF ACTUAL INNO-
5	CENCE.
6	(a) In General.—Section 413 of the Justice for All
7	Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C. 14136 note) is amended—
8	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
9	striking "fiscal years 2005 through 2009" and in-
10	serting "fiscal years 2012 through 2016"; and
11	(2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the
12	following:
13	"(2) provide a certification by the chief legal of-
14	ficer of the State in which the eligible entity oper-
15	ates or the chief legal officer of the jurisdiction in
16	which the funds will be used for the purposes of the
17	grants, that the State or jurisdiction—
18	"(A) provides DNA testing of specified evi-
19	dence under a State statute to persons con-
20	victed after trial and under a sentence of im-
21	prisonment or death for a State felony offense,
22	in a manner that ensures a reasonable process
23	for resolving claims of actual innocence con-
24	sistent with section 3600(a) of title 18, United
25	States Code (which may include making post-

conviction DNA testing available in eases in which the testing would not be required under that section) and, if the results of the testing exclude the applicant as the perpetrator of the offense, permits the applicant to apply for post-conviction relief, notwithstanding any provision of law that would otherwise bar the application as untimely; and

State statute or a State or local rule, regulation, or practice in a manner intended to ensure that reasonable measures are taken by the State or jurisdiction to preserve biological evidence secured in relation to the investigation or prosecution of a State felony offense (including, at a minimum murder, non-negligent manslaughter and sexual offenses) in a manner consistent with section 3600A of title 18, United States (which may require preservation of biological evidence for longer than the period of time that the evidence would be required to be preserved under that section).".

23 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
24 412(b) of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C.
25 14136e(b)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "fiscal years 2005 through
2	2009" and inserting "fiscal years 2012 through
3	2016"; and
4	(2) by striking "\$5,000,000" and inserting
5	<u>"\$10,000,000".</u>
6	SEC. 11. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL STANDARDS PRO-
7	MULGATED BY NIJ.
8	(a) In General.—Subtitle A of title IV of the Jus-
9	tice for All Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–405; 118 State
10	2278) is amended by adding at the end the following:
11	"SEC. 414. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL STANDARDS
12	PROMULGATED BY NIJ.
13	"(a) In General.—The Director of the National In-
14	stitute of Justice shall—
15	"(1) establish best practices for evidence reten-
16	tion; and
17	"(2) assist State, local, and tribal governments
18	in adopting and implementing the best practices es-
19	tablished under paragraph (1).
20	"(b) DEADLINE.—Not later than 1 year after the
21	date of enactment of this section, the Director of the Na-
22	tional Institute of Justice shall publish the best practices
23	established under subsection (a)(1).".
24	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
25	The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Justice for

1	All Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–405; 118 Stat. 2260)
2	is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
3	413 the following:
	"Sec. 414. Establishment of national standards promulgated by NIJ.".
4	SEC. 12. EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUS-
5	TICE.
6	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be eited as the
7	"Effective Administration of Criminal Justice Act of
8	2011".
9	(b) STRATEGIC PLANNING.—Section 502 of title I of
10	the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
11	(42 U.S.C. 3752) is amended—
12	(1) by inserting "(a) In General.—" before
13	"To request a grant"; and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(6) A comprehensive State-wide plan detailing
16	how grants received under this section will be used
17	to improve the administration of the criminal justice
18	system, which shall—
19	"(A) be designed in consultation with local
20	governments, and all segments of the criminal
21	justice system, including judges, prosecutors,
22	law enforcement personnel, corrections per-
23	sonnel, and providers of indigent defense serv-
24	ices, victim services, juvenile justice delinquency

1	prevention programs, community corrections,
2	and reentry services;
3	"(B) include a description of how the State
4	will allocate funding within and among each of
5	the uses described in subparagraphs (A)
6	through (G) of section 501(a)(1);
7	"(C) describe the process used by the State
8	for gathering evidence-based data and devel-
9	oping and using evidence-based and evidence-
10	gathering approaches in support of funding de-
11	cisions; and
12	"(D) be updated every 5 years, with an-
13	nual progress reports that—
14	"(i) address changing circumstances
15	in the State, if any;
16	"(ii) describe how the State plans to
17	adjust funding within and among each of
18	the uses described in subparagraphs (A)
19	through (G) of section $501(a)(1)$;
20	"(iii) provide an ongoing assessment
21	of need;
22	"(iv) discuss the accomplishment of
23	goals identified in any plan previously pre-
24	pared under this paragraph; and

1	"(v) reflect how the plan influenced
2	funding decisions in the previous year.
3	"(b) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.
4	"(1) STRATEGIC PLANNING.—Not later than 90
5	days after the date of enactment of this subsection,
6	the Attorney General shall begin to provide technical
7	assistance to States and local governments request-
8	ing support to develop and implement the strategie
9	plan required under subsection (a)(6).
10	"(2) PROTECTION OF CONSTITUTIONAL
11	RIGHTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of
12	enactment of this subsection, the Attorney General
13	shall begin to provide technical assistance to States
14	and local governments, including any agent thereof
15	with responsibility for administration of justice, re-
16	questing support to meet the obligations established
17	by the Sixth Amendment to the Constitution of the
18	United States, which shall include—
19	"(A) public dissemination of practices,
20	structures, or models for the administration of
21	justice consistent with the requirements of the
22	Sixth Amendment; and
23	"(B) assistance with adopting and imple-
24	menting a system for the administration of ins-

1 tice consistent with the requirements of the
2 Sixth Amendment.

"(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
There is authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2012 through 2016 to carry out this subsection.".

(e) Protection of Constitutional Rights.—

(1) UNLAWFUL CONDUCT.—It shall be unlawful for any governmental authority, or any agent thereof, or any person acting on behalf of a governmental authority, to engage in a pattern or practice of conduct by officials or employees of any governmental agency with responsibility for the administration of justice, including the administration of programs or services that provide appointed counsel to indigent defendants, that deprives persons of their rights to assistance of counsel as protected under the Sixth Amendment and Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

(2) CIVIL ACTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
Whenever the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of paragraph (1) has occurred, the Attorney General, for or in the name of the United States, may, in a civil action, obtain ap-

1	propriate equitable and declaratory relief to elimi-
2	nate the pattern or practice.
3	(3) Effective date.—This subsection shall
4	take effect 2 years after the date of enactment of
5	this Act.
6	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
7	This Act may be cited as the "Justice for All Reauthor-
8	ization Act of 2012".
9	TITLE I—CRIME VICTIMS
10	SEC. 101. CRIME VICTIMS' RIGHTS.
11	(a) In General.—Section 3771 of title 18, United
12	States Code, is amended—
13	(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the
14	following:
15	"(9) The right to be informed of the rights under
16	this section and the services described in section
17	503(c) of the Victims' Rights and Restitution Act of
18	1990 (42 U.S.C. 10607(c)) and provided contact in-
19	formation for the Office of the Victims' Rights Om-
20	budsman of the Department of Justice.";
21	(2) in subsection (d)(3), in the fifth sentence, by
22	inserting ", unless the litigants, with the approval of
23	the court, have stipulated to a different time period
24	for consideration" before the period; and
25	(3) in subsection (e)—

1	(A) by striking "this chapter, the term" and
2	inserting the following: "this chapter:
3	"(1) Court of Appeals.—The term 'court of
4	appeals' means—
5	"(A) the United States court of appeals for
6	the judicial district in which a defendant is
7	being prosecuted; or
8	"(B) for a prosecution in the Superior
9	Court of the District of Columbia, the District of
10	Columbia Court of Appeals.
11	"(2) Crime victim.—
12	"(A) In general.—The term";
13	(B) by striking "In the case" and inserting
14	$the\ following:$
15	"(B) Minors and Certain other vic-
16	TIMS.—In the case"; and
17	(C) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(3) District court; court.—The terms 'dis-
19	trict court' and 'court' include the Superior Court of
20	the District of Columbia.".
21	(b) Crime Victims Fund.—Section 1402(d)(3) of the
22	Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.10601(d)(3)) is
23	amended by—
24	(1) inserting "(A)" before "Of the sums"; and
25	(2) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(B) Amounts made available under subpara-
2	graph (A) may not be used for any purpose that is
3	not specified in subparagraph (A).".
4	SEC. 102. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR
5	GRANTS FOR CRIME VICTIMS.
6	(a) Crime Victims Legal Assistance Grants.—
7	Section 103(b) of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (Public
8	Law 108–405; 118 Stat. 2264) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "\$2,000,000"
10	and all that follows through "2009" and inserting
11	"\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013, 2014, 2015,
12	2016, and 2017";
13	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$2,000,000"
14	and all that follows through "2009," and inserting
15	"\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013, 2014, 2015,
16	2016, and 2017";
17	(3) in paragraph (3), by striking "\$300,000"
18	and all that follows through "2009," and inserting
19	"\$500,000 for each of fiscal years 2013, 2014, 2015,
20	2016, and 2017";
21	(4) in paragraph (4), by striking "\$7,000,000"
22	and all that follows through "2009," and inserting
23	"\$11,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013, 2014,
24	2015, 2016, and 2017"; and

I	(5) in paragraph (5), by striking "\$5,000,000"
2	and all that follows through "2009," and inserting
3	"\$7,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013, 2014, 2015,
4	2016, and 2017".
5	(b) Crime Victims Notification Grants.—Section
6	1404E(c) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.
7	10603e(c)) is amended by striking "this
8	section—" and all that follows and inserting "this section
9	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016,
10	and 2017.".
11	SEC. 103. DEBBIE SMITH DNA BACKLOG GRANT PROGRAM.
12	(a) In General.—Section 2 of the DNA Analysis
13	Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 14135) is
14	amended to read as follows:
15	"SEC. 2. THE DEBBIE SMITH DNA BACKLOG GRANT PRO-
16	GRAM.
17	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
18	"(1) Awaiting testing.—The term 'awaiting
19	testing', with respect to DNA case work, has the
20	meaning given that term by the Director, in accord-
21	ance with subsection $(b)(3)$.
22	"(2) Backlog for DNA case work.—The term
23	'backlog for DNA case work' has the meaning given
24	that term by the Director, in accordance with sub-
25	section $(b)(3)$.

1	"(3) Combined dna index system.—The term
2	'Combined DNA Index System' means the Combined
3	DNA Index System of the Federal Bureau of Inves-
4	tigation.
5	"(4) Director.—The term 'Director' means the
6	Director of the National Institute of Justice.
7	"(5) Emergency response provider.—The
8	term 'emergency response provider' has the meaning
9	given that term in section 2 of the Homeland Secu-
10	rity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101).
11	"(6) Possession.—The term 'possession', with
12	respect to DNA case work, has the meaning given that
13	term by the Director, in accordance with subsection
14	(b)(3).
15	"(7) State.—The term 'State' means a State of
16	the United States, the District of Columbia, the Com-
17	monwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
18	Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern
19	Mariana Islands.
20	"(b) Establishment of Protocols, Technical As-
21	SISTANCE, AND DEFINITIONS OF EVIDENCE BACKLOG FOR
22	DNA CASE WORK.—
23	"(1) Protocols and practices.—Not later
24	than 18 months after the date of enactment of the
25	Justice for All Reauthorization Act of 2012, the Di-

1	rector, in consultation with Federal, State, and local
2	law enforcement agencies and government labora-
3	tories, shall develop and publish a description of pro-
4	tocols and practices the Director considers appro-
5	priate for the accurate, timely, and effective collection
6	and processing of DNA evidence, including protocols
7	and practices specific to sexual assault cases, which
8	shall address appropriate steps in the investigation of
9	cases that might involve DNA evidence, including—
10	"(A) how to determine—
11	"(i) which evidence is to be collected by
12	law enforcement personnel and forwarded
13	$for\ testing;$
14	"(ii) the preferred order in which evi-
15	dence from the same case is to be tested; and
16	"(iii) what information to take into
17	account when establishing the order in
18	which evidence from different cases is to be
19	tested;
20	"(B) the establishment of a reasonable pe-
21	riod of time in which evidence is to be forwarded
22	by emergency response providers, law enforce-
23	ment personnel, and prosecutors to a laboratory
24	for testing;

1	"(C) the establishment of reasonable periods
2	of time in which each stage of analytical labora-
3	tory testing is to be completed;
4	"(D) systems to encourage communication
5	within a State or unit of local government
6	among emergency response providers, law en-
7	forcement personnel, prosecutors, courts, defense
8	counsel, crime laboratory personnel, and crime
9	victims regarding the status of crime scene evi-
10	dence to be tested; and
11	"(E) standards for conducting the audit of
12	the backlog for DNA case work in sexual assault
13	cases required under subsection $(c)(5)$.
14	"(2) Technical assistance and training.—
15	The Director shall make available technical assistance
16	and training to support States and units of local gov-
17	ernment in adopting and implementing the protocols
18	and practices developed under paragraph (1) on and
19	after the date on which the protocols and practices are
20	published.
21	"(3) Definitions.—The Director, in consulta-
22	tion with Federal, State, and local law enforcement
23	agencies and government laboratories, shall develop
24	and publish, for purposes of this section, definitions
25	of—

1	"(A) the term 'awaiting testing', which shall
2	take into account the need for testing of the sam-
3	ple to close an open investigation;
4	"(B) the term 'backlog for DNA case work',
5	which—
6	"(i) shall take into consideration the
7	different stages at which a backlog may de-
8	velop, including the investigation and pros-
9	ecution of a crime by law enforcement per-
10	sonnel, prosecutors, and others, and the lab-
11	oratory analysis of crime scene samples;
12	and
13	"(ii) may include different criteria or
14	thresholds for the different stages; and
15	"(C) the term 'possession'.
16	"(c) Authorization of Grants.—
17	"(1) Purpose.—The Attorney General may
18	make grants to States or units of local government
19	to—
20	"(A) carry out, for inclusion in the Com-
21	bined DNA Index System, DNA analyses of sam-
22	ples collected under applicable legal authority;
23	"(B) carry out, for inclusion in the Com-
24	bined DNA Index System, DNA analyses of sam-
25	ples from crime scenes, including samples from

1	rape kits, samples from other sexual assault evi-
2	dence, and samples taken in cases without an
3	identified suspect;
4	"(C) increase the capacity of laboratories
5	owned by the State or unit of local government
6	to carry out DNA analyses of samples specified
7	in subparagraph (A) or (B);
8	"(D) ensure that DNA testing and analysis
9	of samples from crimes, including sexual assault
10	and other violent crimes against persons, are
11	carried out in a timely manner;
12	"(E) ensure that the collection and proc-
13	essing of DNA evidence by law enforcement agen-
14	cies from crimes, including sexual assault and
15	other violent crimes against persons, is carried
16	out in an appropriate and timely manner and
17	in accordance with the protocols and practices
18	$developed\ under\ subsection\ (b)(1);$
19	"(F) ensure effective communication regard-
20	ing the status of crime scene evidence to be tested
21	among emergency response providers, law en-
22	forcement personnel, prosecutors, courts, defense
23	counsel, crime laboratory personnel, victim serv-
24	ice professionals who work for law enforcement

agencies or prosecutors' offices, and crime vic-

25

1	tims, which may include the development and
2	implementation of an evidence tracking system
3	in accordance with the protocols and practices
4	$developed\ under\ subsection\ (b)(1);$
5	"(G) collect DNA samples as described in
6	subparagraph (A); and
7	"(H) make awards under the Katie Sepich
8	Enhanced DNA Collection Act of 2012.
9	"(2) APPLICATION.—A State or unit of local gov-
10	ernment desiring a grant under this subsection shall
11	submit to the Attorney General an application in
12	such form and containing such information as the At-
13	torney General may require, which shall include—
14	"(A) assurances that the State or unit of
15	local government has implemented, or will im-
16	plement not later than 120 days after the date
17	of the award of the grant, a comprehensive
18	plan—
19	"(i) for the expeditious collection, proc-
20	essing, and analysis of DNA evidence in ac-
21	cordance with this section; and
22	"(ii) that requires a State or unit of
23	local government that is awarded a grant
24	under paragraph (1)(E) to—

1	"(I) adopt the appropriate proto-
2	cols and practices developed under sub-
3	section (b)(1); and
4	"(II) provide training with re-
5	spect to the protocols and procedures
6	for appropriate personnel within a
7	reasonable time after the promulgation
8	of the protocols and practices;
9	"(B) a certification that each DNA analysis
10	carried out under the plan shall be maintained
11	in accordance with the privacy requirements de-
12	scribed in section 210304(b)(3) of the Violent
13	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of
14	1994 (42 U.S.C. 14132(b)(3));
15	"(C) if submitted by a unit of local govern-
16	ment, a certification that the unit of local gov-
17	ernment has taken, or is taking, all appropriate
18	steps to ensure that the unit of local government
19	is eligible to include in the Combined DNA
20	Index System, directly or through a State law
21	enforcement agency that is responsible for Com-
22	bined DNA Index System database operation
23	and administration, all analyses of samples for
24	which the unit of local government has requested
25	funding; and

1	"(D) an estimation of the percentage of the
2	amounts received under the grant that the State
3	or unit of local government shall use for each
4	purpose described in paragraph (1) for which the
5	State or unit of local government received the
6	grant.
7	"(3) Analysis of samples.—
8	"(A) In general.—A plan described in
9	paragraph (2)(A) shall require that, except as
10	provided in paragraph (4), each DNA analysis
11	be carried out in a laboratory that—
12	"(i) satisfies quality assurance stand-
13	ards as specified in subparagraph (B); and
14	"(ii) is—
15	"(I) operated by the State or a
16	unit of local government; or
17	"(II) operated by a private entity
18	pursuant to a contract with the State
19	or a unit of local government.
20	"(B) Quality assurance standards.—
21	"(i) In general.—The Director of the
22	Federal Bureau of Investigation shall main-
23	tain and make available to States and units
24	of local government a description of quality
25	assurance protocols and practices that the

1	Director of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
2	tion considers adequate to assure the quality
3	of a forensic laboratory.
4	"(ii) Existing standards.—For pur-
5	poses of this paragraph, a laboratory satis-
6	fies quality assurance standards if the lab-
7	oratory satisfies the quality control require-
8	ments described in paragraphs (1) and (2)
9	of section 210304(b) of the Violent Crime
10	Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994
11	(42 U.S.C. 14132(b)).
12	"(4) Use of vouchers or contracts for
13	CERTAIN PURPOSES.—
14	"(A) In general.—A grant for a purpose
15	specified in subparagraph (A), (B), or (D) of
16	paragraph (1) may be made in the form of a
17	voucher or contract for laboratory services, even
18	if the laboratory makes a reasonable profit for
19	the services.
20	"(B) Redemption.—A voucher or contract
21	under subparagraph (A) may be redeemed at a
22	laboratory operated on a nonprofit or for-profit
23	basis, by a private entity that satisfies quality
24	assurance standards as specified by paragraph

1	(3)(B) and has been approved by the Attorney
2	General.
3	"(C) Payments.—The Attorney General
4	may use amounts appropriated to carry out this
5	section to make payments to a laboratory de-
6	scribed under subparagraph (B).
7	"(5) Audits and publication of dna back-
8	LOGS IN SEXUAL ASSAULT CASES.—
9	"(A) In general.—A plan described in
10	paragraph (2)(A) shall require the State or unit
11	of local government to submit to the Attorney
12	General an audit every 2 years reflecting the
13	backlog for DNA case work in sexual assault
14	cases within the jurisdiction in which the funds
15	will be used, including a specific breakdown of
16	cases, as determined by the Director (in con-
17	sultation with Federal, State, and local law en-
18	forcement agencies and government laboratories
19	under subsection (b)(1)), and the percentage of
20	the amounts received under the grant allocated to
21	reducing the backlog of DNA case work in sexual
22	assault cases.
23	"(B) Compilation.—The Attorney General
24	shall annually compile and publish the audits

1	submitted $under$ $subparagraph$ (A) on the
2	website of the Department of Justice.
3	"(d) Formula for Distribution of Grants.—
4	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
5	and (3), the Attorney General shall distribute grant
6	amounts, and establish appropriate grant conditions
7	under this section, in conformity with a formula or
8	formulas that are designed to effectuate a distribution
9	of funds among States and units of local government
10	applying for grants under this section that—
11	"(A) maximizes the effective use of DNA
12	technology to solve crimes and protect public
13	safety; and
14	"(B) allocates grants among States and
15	units of local government fairly and efficiently,
16	across rural and urban jurisdictions, to address
17	States and units of local government in which
18	significant backlogs for DNA case work exist, by
19	considering—
20	"(i) the number of offender and case-
21	work samples awaiting testing in a State or
22	unit of local government;
23	"(ii) the population in the State or
24	unit of local government;

1	"(iii) the number of part 1 violent
2	crimes in the State or unit of local govern-
3	ment; and
4	"(iv) the availability of resources to
5	train emergency response providers, law en-
6	forcement personnel, prosecutors, and crime
7	laboratory personnel on the effectiveness of
8	appropriate and timely DNA collection,
9	processing, and analysis.
10	"(2) Minimum amount.—The Attorney General
11	shall allocate to each State not less than 0.50 percent
12	of the total amount appropriated in a fiscal year for
13	grants under this section, except that the United
14	States Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and
15	the Northern Mariana Islands shall each be allocated
16	0.125 percent of the total amount appropriated in a
17	fiscal year for grants under this section.
18	"(3) Limitation.—In distributing grant
19	amounts under paragraph (1), the Attorney General
20	shall ensure that for each of fiscal years 2013 through
21	2017, not less than 75 percent of the grant amounts
22	are awarded for purposes described in subparagraphs
23	(A), (B) , or (C) of subsection $(c)(1)$.
24	"(4) Audit limitation.—Not more than 3 per-
25	cent of the amount awarded under a grant under this

- section may be used to conduct an audit under sub-1 2 section (c)(5). "(e) Restrictions on Use of Funds.— 3 4 "(1) Nonsupplanting.—Funds made available 5 under this section shall not be used to supplant funds 6 of a State or unit of local government, and shall be 7 used to increase the amount of funds that would, in 8 the absence of Federal funds, be made available from 9 the State or unit of local government for the purposes described in this Act. 10 11 "(2) Administrative costs.—A State or unit 12 of local government may not use more than 3 percent 13 of the amounts made available under a grant under 14 this section for administrative expenses relating to the 15 grant. 16 "(f) Reports to the Attorney General.—Each State or unit of local government that receives a grant 18 under this section shall submit to the Attorney General, for 19 each year in which funds from a grant received under this section are expended, a report at such time and in such 21 manner as the Attorney General may reasonably require,
- 23 "(1) a summary of the activities carried out 24 under the grant and an assessment of whether such

that contains—

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1	activities are meeting the needs identified in the ap-
2	plication; and
3	"(2) such other information as the Attorney Gen-
4	eral may require.
5	"(g) Reports to Congress.—Not later than 90 days
6	after the end of each fiscal year for which grants are made
7	under this section, the Attorney General shall submit to
8	Congress a report that includes—
9	"(1) the aggregate amount of grants made under
10	this section to each State or unit of local government
11	for the fiscal year;
12	"(2) a summary of the information provided by
13	States or units of local government receiving grants
14	under this section; and
15	"(3) a description of the priorities and plan for
16	awarding grants among eligible States and units of
17	local government, and how the plan will ensure the ef-
18	fective use of DNA technology to solve crimes and pro-
19	tect public safety.
20	"(h) Expenditure Records.—
21	"(1) In general.—Each State or unit of local
22	government that receives a grant under this section
23	shall keep such records as the Attorney General may
24	require to facilitate an effective audit of the receipt
25	and use of grant funds received under this section.

1	"(2) Access.—Each State or unit of local gov-
2	ernment that receives a grant under this section shall
3	make available, for the purpose of audit and exam-
4	ination, any records relating to the receipt or use of
5	the grant.
6	"(i) Use of Funds for Accreditation and Au-
7	DITS.—The Attorney General may distribute not more than
8	1 percent of the amounts made available for grants under
9	this section for a fiscal year—
10	"(1) to States or units of local government to de-
11	fray the costs incurred by laboratories operated by
12	each such State or unit of local government in pre-
13	paring for accreditation or reaccreditation;
14	"(2) in the form of additional grants to States,
15	units of local government, or nonprofit professional
16	organizations of persons actively involved in forensic
17	science and nationally recognized within the forensic
18	science community to—
19	"(A) defray the costs of external audits of
20	laboratories operated by the State or unit of local
21	government, which participates in the National
22	DNA Index System, to determine whether the
23	laboratory is in compliance with quality assur-
24	ance standards;

1	"(B) assess compliance with any plans sub-
2	mitted to the Director that detail the use of funds
3	received by States or units of local government
4	under this section; and
5	"(C) support capacity building efforts; and
6	"(3) in the form of additional grants to non-
7	profit professional associations actively involved in
8	forensic science and nationally recognized within the
9	forensic science community to defray the costs of
10	training persons who conduct external audits of lab-
11	oratories operated by States and units of local govern-
12	ment and which participate in the National DNA
13	Index System.
14	"(j) Use of Funds for Other Forensic
15	Sciences.—The Attorney General may make a grant
16	under this section to a State or unit of local government
17	to alleviate a backlog of cases with respect to a forensic
18	science other than DNA analysis if the State or unit of local
19	government—
20	"(1) certifies to the Attorney General that in
21	such State or unit—
22	"(A) all of the purposes set forth in sub-
23	section (c) have been met;

1	"(B) there is not a backlog for DNA case
2	work, as defined by the Director in accordance
3	with subsection $(b)(3)$; and
4	"(C) there is no need for significant labora-
5	tory equipment, supplies, or additional personnel
6	for timely processing of DNA case work or of-
7	fender samples; and
8	"(2) demonstrates to the Attorney General that
9	the State or unit of local government requires assist-
10	ance in alleviating a backlog of cases involving a fo-
11	rensic science other than DNA analysis.
12	"(k) External Audits and Remedial Efforts.—
13	If a laboratory operated by a State or unit of local govern-
14	ment which has received funds under this section has under-
15	gone an external audit conducted to determine whether the
16	laboratory is in compliance with standards established by
17	the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and,
18	as a result of the audit, identifies measures to remedy defi-
19	ciencies with respect to the compliance by the laboratory
20	with the standards, the State or unit of local government
21	shall implement any such remediation as soon as prac-
22	ticable.
23	"(l) Penalty for Noncompliance.—
24	"(1) In General.—The Attorney General shall
25	annually compile a list of the States and units of

local government receiving a grant under this section that have failed to provide the information required under subsection (c)(5)(A) or (f). The Attorney General shall publish each list compiled under this paragraph on the website of the Department of Justice.

"(2) REDUCTION IN GRANT FUNDS.—For any State or local government that the Attorney General determines has failed to provide the information required under subsection (c)(5)(A) or (f), the Attorney General may not award a grant under this section for the fiscal year after the fiscal year to which the determination relates in an amount that is more than 50 percent of the amount the State or local government would have otherwise received.

"(m) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General
for grants under this section \$151,000,000 for each of fiscal
years 2013 through 2017.".

(b) Report.—

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20 (1) EVALUATION.—

(A) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall evaluate the performance, technical proficiency, adherence to quality assurance standards, and

1	other policies, standards, and protocols relating
2	to the use of private laboratories in the analysis
3	of DNA evidence.
4	(B) Conduct of evaluation.—The eval-
5	uation under this paragraph shall—
6	(i) include the mandatory technical re-
7	view of the analysis of DNA evidence by a
8	private laboratory on behalf of a public lab-
9	oratory before uploading the DNA profiles
10	into the Combined DNA Index System of
11	the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and
12	(ii) prioritize the need to guarantee the
13	integrity of the Combined DNA Index Sys-
14	tem.
15	(2) Comments.—The Director shall provide an
16	opportunity for interested parties, including public
17	and private laboratories and State and local law en-
18	forcement agencies, to comment on the findings of the
19	evaluation under paragraph (1) before the report is
20	submitted to Congress in accordance with paragraph
21	(3).
22	(3) Report to congress.—Not later than 60
23	days after the date on which the Director of the Fed-
24	eral Bureau of Investigation completes the evaluation
25	under paragraph (1), the Director shall submit to

1	Congress a report of the findings of the evaluation
2	and any proposed policy changes.
3	(c) Transition Provision.—
4	(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
5	"transition date" means the day after the latter of—
6	(A) the date on which the Director of the
7	National Institute of Justice publishes a defini-
8	tion of the term "backlog for DNA case work" in
9	accordance with section 2(b)(3) of the DNA
10	Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000, as
11	amended by subsection (a); and
12	(B) the date on which the Director of the
13	National Institute of Justice publishes a descrip-
14	tion of protocols and practices in accordance
15	with section 2(b)(1) of the DNA Analysis Back-
16	log Elimination Act of 2000, as amended by sub-
17	section (a).
18	(2) Transition.—Notwithstanding the amend-
19	ments made by subsection (a)—
20	(A) the Attorney General may make grants
21	under section 2 of the DNA Analysis Backlog
22	Elimination Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 14135), as
23	in effect on the day before the date of enactment
24	of this Act, until the end of the fiscal year dur-
25	ing which the transition date occurs; and

1	(B) the Attorney General may not make a
2	grant under section 2 of the DNA Analysis Back-
3	log Elimination Act of 2000, as amended by sub-
4	section (a), until the start of the first full fiscal
5	year after the transition date.
6	SEC. 104. RAPE EXAM PAYMENTS.
7	Section 2010 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
8	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796gg-4) is
9	amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a)(1)—
11	(A) by striking "entity incurs the full" and
12	inserting the following: "entity—
13	"(A) incurs the full";
14	(B) by striking the period at the end and
15	inserting "; and"; and
16	(C) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(B) coordinates with regional health care
18	providers to notify victims of sexual assault of
19	the availability of rape exams at no cost to the
20	victims.";
21	(2) in subsection (b)—
22	(A) in paragraph (1), by adding "or" at the
23	end;
24	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "; or"
25	and inserting a period; and

1	(C) by striking paragraph (3); and
2	(3) in subsection (d), by striking "(d) Rule of
3	Construction.—" and all that follows through the
4	end of paragraph (1) and inserting the following:
5	"(d) Noncooperation.—
6	"(1) In general.—To be in compliance with
7	this section, a State, Indian tribal government, or
8	unit of local government shall comply with subsection
9	(b) without regard to whether the victim participates
10	in the criminal justice system or cooperates with law
11	enforcement.".
12	SEC. 105. ADDITIONAL REAUTHORIZATIONS.
13	(a) DNA Training and Education for Law En-
14	FORCEMENT.—Section 303(b) of the Justice for All Act of
15	2004 (42 U.S.C. 14136(b)) is amended by striking
16	"\$12,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2009 through 2014"
17	and inserting "\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013
18	through 2017".
19	(b) Sexual Assault Forensic Exam Program
20	GRANTS.—Section 304(c) of the Justice for All Act of 2004
21	(42 U.S.C. 14136a(c)) is amended by striking "\$30,000,000
22	for each of fiscal years 2009 through 2014" and inserting
23	"\$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013 through 2017".
24	(c) DNA Research and Development.—Section
25	305(c) of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C.

1	14136b(c)) is amended by striking "\$15,000,000 for each
2	of fiscal years 2005 through 2009" and inserting
3	"\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013 through 2017".
4	(d) FBI DNA Programs.—Section 307(a) of the Jus-
5	tice for All Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–405; 118 Stat.
6	2275) is amended by striking "\$42,100,000 for each of fiscal
7	years 2005 through 2009" and inserting "\$10,000,000 for
8	each of fiscal years 2013 through 2017".
9	(e) DNA Identification of Missing Persons.—
10	Section 308(c) of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C.
11	14136d(c)) is amended by striking "fiscal years 2005
12	through 2009" and inserting "fiscal years 2013 through
13	2017".
14	SEC. 106. PAUL COVERDELL FORENSIC SCIENCES IMPROVE-
1415	SEC. 106. PAUL COVERDELL FORENSIC SCIENCES IMPROVE- MENT GRANTS.
15	MENT GRANTS. Section $1001(a)(24)$ of title I of the Omnibus Crime
151617	MENT GRANTS. Section $1001(a)(24)$ of title I of the Omnibus Crime
151617	MENT GRANTS. Section $1001(a)(24)$ of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
15 16 17 18	MENT GRANTS. Section $1001(a)(24)$ of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. $3793(a)(24)$) is amended—
15 16 17 18 19	MENT GRANTS. Section 1001(a)(24) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793(a)(24)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (H), by striking "and" at
15 16 17 18 19 20	MENT GRANTS. Section 1001(a)(24) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793(a)(24)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (H), by striking "and" at the end;
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MENT GRANTS. Section 1001(a)(24) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793(a)(24)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (H), by striking "and" at the end; (2) in subparagraph (I), by striking the period
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MENT GRANTS. Section 1001(a)(24) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793(a)(24)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (H), by striking "and" at the end; (2) in subparagraph (I), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

1	SEC. 107. IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF REPRESENTATION
2	IN STATE CAPITAL CASES.
3	Section 426 of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (42
4	U.S.C. 14163e) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "\$75,000,000
6	for each of fiscal years 2005 through 2009" and in-
7	serting "\$30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013
8	through 2017"; and
9	(2) in subsection (b), by inserting before the pe-
10	riod at the end the following: ", or upon a showing
11	of good cause, and at the discretion of the Attorney
12	General, the State may determine a fair allocation of
13	funds across the uses described in sections 421 and
14	422".
15	SEC. 108. POST-CONVICTION DNA TESTING.
16	(a) In General.—Section 3600 of title 18, United
17	States Code, is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (a)—
19	(A) in paragraph $(1)(B)(i)$, by striking
20	"death"; and
21	(B) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking "and
22	the applicant did not—" and all that follows
23	through "knowingly fail to request" and insert-
24	ing "and the applicant did not knowingly fail to
25	request"; and
26	(2) in subsection $(g)(2)(B)$, by striking "death".

1	(b) Preservation of Biological Evidence.—Sec-
2	tion 3600A(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
3	(1) by striking paragraph (2); and
4	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5)
5	as paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), respectively.
6	SEC. 109. INCENTIVE GRANTS TO STATES TO ENSURE CON-
7	SIDERATION OF CLAIMS OF ACTUAL INNO-
8	CENCE.
9	(a) In General.—Section 413 of the Justice for All
10	Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C. 14136 note) is amended—
11	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
12	striking "fiscal years 2005 through 2009" and insert-
13	ing "fiscal years 2013 through 2017"; and
14	(2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the
15	following:
16	"(2) for eligible entities that are a State or unit
17	of local government, provide a certification by the
18	chief legal officer of the State in which the eligible en-
19	tity operates or the chief legal officer of the jurisdic-
20	tion in which the funds will be used for the purposes
21	of the grants, that the State or jurisdiction—
22	"(A) provides DNA testing of specified evi-
23	dence under a State statute or a State or local
24	rule or regulation to persons convicted after trial
25	and under a sentence of imprisonment or death

1 for a State felony offense, in a manner intended 2 to ensure a reasonable process for resolving claims of actual innocence that ensures post-con-3 4 viction DNA testing in at least those cases that 5 would be covered by section 3600(a) of title 18, 6 United States Code, had they been Federal cases, and, if the results of the testing exclude the ap-7 8 plicant as the perpetrator of the offense, permits 9 the applicant to apply for post-conviction relief, 10 notwithstanding any provision of law that would 11 otherwise bar the application as untimely; and 12 "(B) preserves biological evidence, as de-13 fined in section 3600A of title 18, United States 14 Code, under a State statute or a State or local 15 rule, regulation, or practice in a manner in-16 tended to ensure that reasonable measures are 17 taken by the State or jurisdiction to preserve bio-18 logical evidence secured in relation to the inves-19 tigation or prosecution of, at a minimum, mur-20 der, non-negligent manslaughter, and sexual of-21 fenses.". 22 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 412(b) of the Justice for All Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C.

1	(1) by striking "fiscal years 2005 through 2009"
2	and inserting "fiscal years 2013 through 2017"; and
3	(2) by striking "\$5,000,000" and inserting
4	"\$10,000,000".
5	SEC. 110. ESTABLISHMENT OF BEST PRACTICES FOR EVI-
6	DENCE RETENTION.
7	(a) In General.—Subtitle A of title IV of the Justice
8	for All Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–405; 118 Stat. 2278)
9	is amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"SEC. 414. ESTABLISHMENT OF BEST PRACTICES FOR EVI-
11	DENCE RETENTION.
12	"(a) In General.—The Director of the National In-
13	stitute of Justice, in consultation with Federal, State, and
14	local law enforcement agencies and government laboratories,
15	shall—
16	"(1) establish best practices for evidence reten-
17	tion to focus on the preservation of biological evi-
18	dence; and
19	"(2) assist State, local, and tribal governments
20	in adopting and implementing the best practices es-
21	tablished under paragraph (1).
22	"(b) Deadline.—Not later than 1 year after the date
23	of enactment of this section, the Director of the National
24	Institute of Justice shall publish the best practices estab-
25	lished under subsection (a)(1).

1	"(c) Limitation.—Nothing in this section shall be
2	construed to require or obligate compliance with the best
3	practices established under subsection (a)(1).".
4	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The
5	table of contents in section 1(b) of the Justice for All Act
6	of 2004 (Public Law 108–405; 118 Stat. 2260) is amended
7	by inserting after the item relating to section 413 the fol-
8	lowing:
	"Sec. 414. Establishment of best practices for evidence retention.".
9	SEC. 111. EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUS-
10	TICE.
11	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
12	"Effective Administration of Criminal Justice Act of 2012".
13	(b) Strategic Planning.—Section 502 of title I of
14	the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
15	(42 U.S.C. 3752) is amended—
16	(1) by inserting "(a) In General.—" before "To
17	request a grant"; and
18	(2) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(6) A comprehensive State-wide plan detailing
20	how grants received under this section will be used to
21	improve the administration of the criminal justice
22	system, which shall—
23	"(A) be designed in consultation with local
24	governments, and all segments of the criminal
25	justice system, including judges, prosecutors, law

1	enforcement personnel, corrections personnel, and
2	providers of indigent defense services, victim
3	services, juvenile justice delinquency prevention
4	programs, community corrections, and reentry
5	services;
6	"(B) include a description of how the State
7	will allocate funding within and among each of
8	the uses described in subparagraphs (A) through
9	(G) of section $501(a)(1)$;
10	"(C) describe the process used by the State
11	for gathering evidence-based data and developing
12	and using evidence-based and evidence-gathering
13	approaches in support of funding decisions; and
14	"(D) be updated every 5 years, with annual
15	progress reports that—
16	"(i) address changing circumstances in
17	the State, if any;
18	"(ii) describe how the State plans to
19	adjust funding within and among each of
20	the uses described in subparagraphs (A)
21	through (G) of section $501(a)(1)$;
22	"(iii) provide an ongoing assessment of
23	need;

1	"(iv) discuss the accomplishment of
2	goals identified in any plan previously pre-
3	pared under this paragraph; and
4	"(v) reflect how the plan influenced
5	funding decisions in the previous year.
6	"(b) Technical Assistance.—
7	"(1) Strategic planning.—Not later than 90
8	days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the
9	Attorney General shall begin to provide technical as-
10	sistance to States and local governments requesting
11	support to develop and implement the strategic plan
12	required under subsection $(a)(6)$.
13	"(2) Protection of constitutional
14	RIGHTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of en-
15	actment of this subsection, the Attorney General shall
16	begin to provide technical assistance to States and
17	local governments, including any agent thereof with
18	responsibility for administration of justice, requesting
19	support to meet the obligations established by the
20	Sixth Amendment to the Constitution of the United
21	States, which shall include—
22	"(A) public dissemination of practices,
23	structures, or models for the administration of
24	justice consistent with the requirements of the
25	Sixth Amendment; and

1	"(B) assistance with adopting and imple-
2	menting a system for the administration of jus-
3	tice consistent with the requirements of the Sixth
4	Amendment.
5	"(3) Authorization of Appropriations.—
6	There is authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 for
7	each of fiscal years 2013 through 2017 to carry out
8	this subsection.".
9	(c) Applicability.—The requirement to submit a
10	$strategic\ plan\ under\ section\ 501(a)(6)\ of\ title\ I\ of\ the\ Omni-$
11	bus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as added
12	by subsection (b), shall apply to any application submitted
13	under such section 501 for a grant for any fiscal year begin-
14	ning after the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment
15	of this Act.
16	SEC. 112. OVERSIGHT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.
17	All grants awarded by the Department of Justice that
18	are authorized under this Act shall be subject to the fol-
19	lowing:
20	(1) Audit requirement.—Beginning in fiscal
21	year 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, the Inspec-
22	tor General of the Department of Justice shall conduct
23	audits of recipients of grants under this Act to pre-
24	vent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds by grantees.

- 1 The Inspector General shall determine the appro-2 priate number of grantees to be audited each year.
 - (2) Mandatory exclusion.—A recipient of grant funds under this Act that is found to have an unresolved audit finding shall not be eligible to receive grant funds under this Act during the 2 fiscal years beginning after the 12-month period described in paragraph (5).
 - (3) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under this Act, the Attorney General shall give priority to eligible entities that, during the 3 fiscal years before submitting an application for a grant under this Act, did not have an unresolved audit finding showing a violation in the terms or conditions of a Department of Justice grant program.
 - (4) Reimbursement.—If an entity is awarded grant funds under this Act during the 2-fiscal-year period in which the entity is barred from receiving grants under paragraph (2), the Attorney General shall—
 - (A) deposit an amount equal to the grant funds that were improperly awarded to the grantee into the General Fund of the Treasury; and

- 1 (B) seek to recoup the costs of the repay-2 ment to the fund from the grant recipient that 3 was erroneously awarded grant funds.
 - (5) Defined term.—In this section, the term "unresolved audit finding" means an audit report finding in the final audit report of the Inspector General of the Department of Justice that the grantee has utilized grant funds for an unauthorized expenditure or otherwise unallowable cost that is not closed or resolved within a 12-month period beginning on the date when the final audit report is issued.
 - (6) Nonprofit organization requirements.—
 - (A) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section and the grant programs described in this Act, the term "nonprofit organization" means an organization that is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and is exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code.
 - (B) Prohibition.—The Attorney General shall not award a grant under any grant program described in this Act to a nonprofit organization that holds money in offshore accounts for the purpose of avoiding paying the tax described

1 in section 511(a) of the Internal Revenue Code 2 of 1986.

> (C) Disclosure.—Each nonprofit organization that is awarded a grant under a grant program described in this Act and uses the procedures prescribed in regulations to create a rebuttable presumption of reasonableness for the compensation of its officers, directors, trustees and key employees, shall disclose to the Attorney General, in the application for the grant, the process for determining such compensation, including the independent persons involved in reviewing and approving such compensation, the comparability data used, and contemporaneous substantiation of the deliberation and decision. Upon request, the Attorney General shall make the information disclosed under this subsection available for public inspection.

(7) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—Unless otherwise explicitly provided in authorizing legislation, not more than 7.5 percent of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under this Act may be used by the Attorney General for salaries and administrative expenses of the Department of Justice.

(8) Conference expenditures.—

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- (A) LIMITATION.—No amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Justice under this Act may be used by the Attorney General or by any individual or organization awarded discretionary funds through a cooperative agreement under this Act, to host or support any expenditure for conferences that uses more than \$20,000 in Department funds, unless the Deputy Attorney General or the appropriate Assistant Attorney General, Director, or principal deputy as the Deputy Attorney General may designate, provides prior written authorization that the funds may be expended to host a conference.
 - (B) WRITTEN APPROVAL.—Written approval under subparagraph (A) shall include a written estimate of all costs associated with the conference, including the cost of all food and beverages, audio/visual equipment, honoraria for speakers, and any entertainment.
 - (C) REPORT.—The Deputy Attorney General shall submit an annual report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives on all conference expenditures approved by operation of this paragraph.

1	(9) Prohibition on Lobbying Activity.—					
2	(A) In general.—Amounts authorized to					
3	be appropriated under this Act may not be uti-					
4	lized by any grant recipient to—					
5	(i) lobby any representative of the De-					
6	partment of Justice regarding the award of					
7	grant funding; or					
8	(ii) lobby any representative of a Fed-					
9	eral, state, local, or tribal government re-					
10	garding the award of grant funding.					
11	(B) Penalty.—If the Attorney General de-					
12	termines that any recipient of a grant under this					
13	Act has violated subparagraph (A), the Attorney					
14	General shall—					
15	(i) require the grant recipient to repay					
16	the grant in full; and					
17	(ii) prohibit the grant recipient from					
18	receiving another grant under this Act for					
19	not less than 5 years.					
20	TITLE II—KATIE SEPICH EN-					
21	HANCED DNA COLLECTION					
22	ACT OF 2012					
23	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.					
24	This title may be cited as the "Katie Sepich Enhanced					
25	DNA Collection Act of 2012".					

1 SEC. 202. DEFINITIONS.

2	For purposes of this title:
3	(1) Minimum dna collection process.—The
4	term "minimum DNA collection process" means, with
5	respect to a State, a process under which the Com-
6	bined DNA Index System (CODIS) of the Federal Bu-
7	reau of Investigation is searched at least 1 time
8	against samples from the following individuals who
9	are at least 18 years of age:
10	(A) Individuals who are arrested for or
11	charged with a criminal offense under State law
12	that consists of murder or voluntary man-
13	s laughter.
14	(B) Individuals who are arrested for or
15	charged with a criminal offense under State law
16	that involves a sexual act or sexual contact with
17	another and that is punishable by imprisonment
18	for more than 5 years.
19	(C) Individuals who are arrested for or
20	charged with a criminal offense under State law
21	that involves kidnapping or abduction and that
22	is punishable by imprisonment for more than 5
23	years.
24	(2) Enhanced dna collection process.—The
25	term "enhanced DNA collection process" means, with
26	respect to a State, a process under which the State

1	provides for the collection, for purposes of inclusion in
2	the Combined DNA Index System (CODIS) of the
3	Federal Bureau of Investigation, of DNA samples
4	from the following individuals who are at least 18
5	years of age:
6	(A) Individuals who are arrested for or
7	charged with a criminal offense under State law
8	that consists of murder or voluntary man-
9	slaughter.
10	(B) Individuals who are arrested for or
11	charged with a criminal offense under State law
12	that involves a sexual act or sexual contact with
13	another and that is punishable by imprisonment
14	for more than 1 year.
15	(C) Individuals who are arrested for or
16	charged with a criminal offense under State law
17	that involves kidnapping or abduction and that
18	is punishable by imprisonment for more than 1
19	year.
20	(D) Individuals who are arrested for or
21	charged with a criminal offense under State law
22	that consists of burglary punishable by impris-
23	onment for more than 1 year.
24	(E) Individuals who are arrested for or

charged with a criminal offense under State law

1	that consists of assault punishable by imprison-					
2	ment for more than 1 year.					
3	(3) State.—The term "State" means any State					
4	of the United States, the District of Columbia, the					
5	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands,					
6	American Samoa, Guam, and the Commonwealth of					
7	the Northern Mariana Islands.					
8	SEC. 203. GRANTS TO STATES TO IMPLEMENT MINIMUM					
9	AND ENHANCED DNA COLLECTION PROC-					
10	ESSES.					
11	(a) Grants Authorized.—The Attorney General					
12	shall, subject to amounts made available pursuant to section					
13	205, carry out a grant program for the purpose of assisting					
14	States with the costs associated with the implementation of					
15	minimum or enhanced DNA collection processes.					
16	(b) Applications.—					
17	(1) In general.—To be eligible to receive a					
18	grant under this section, in addition to any other re-					
19	quirements specified by the Attorney General, a State					
20	shall submit to the Attorney General an application					
21	that demonstrates that it has statutory authorization					
22	for the implementation of either a minimum or en					
23	hanced DNA collection process.					
24	(2) Non-supplanting funds.—An application					
25	submitted under paragraph (1) by a State shall in-					

- clude assurances that the amounts received under the grant under this section shall be used to supplement, not supplant, State funds that would otherwise be available for the purpose described in subsection (a).
 - (3) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—The Attorney General shall require a State seeking a grant under this section to document how such State will use the grant to meet expenses associated with a State's implementation or planned implementation of a minimum or enhanced DNA collection process.

(c) Grant Allocation.—

(1) In General.—The amount available to a State under this section shall be based on the projected costs that will be incurred by the State to implement a minimum or enhanced DNA collection process. Subject to paragraph (2), the Attorney General shall retain discretion to determine the amount of each such grant awarded to an eligible State.

(2) Maximum grant allocation.—

(A) STATES MEETING MINIMUM DNA COL-LECTION PROCESS.—In the case of a State seeking a grant under this section with respect to the implementation of a minimum DNA collection process, such State shall be eligible for a grant under this section that is equal to no more than

- 1 50 percent of the first year costs to the State of 2 implementing such process.
- 3 (B) States meeting enhanced dna col-4 Lection process.—In the case of a State seek-5 ing a grant under this section with respect to the 6 implementation of an enhanced DNA collection process, such State shall be eligible for a grant 7 8 under this section that is equal to no more than 9 100 percent of the first year costs to the State of 10 implementing such process.
- 11 (d) Grant Conditions.—As a condition of receiving 12 a grant under this section, a State shall have a procedure 13 in place to—
- 14 (1) provide written notification of expungement 15 provisions and instructions for requesting 16 expungement to all persons who submit a DNA sam-17 ple for inclusion in the index;
 - (2) provide the eligibility criteria for expungement and instructions for requesting expungement on an appropriate public website; and
- 21 (3) make a determination on all expungement 22 requests not later than 90 days after receipt and pro-23 vide a written response of the determination to the re-24 questing party.

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1 SEC. 204. EXPUNGEMENT OF PROFILES.

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2	The	expungement	requirements	under	section

- 3 210304(d) of the DNA Identification Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C.
- 4 14132(d)) shall apply to any samples collected pursuant to
- 5 this title for purposes of inclusion in the Combined DNA
- 6 Index System (CODIS) of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
- 7 tion.

8 SEC. 205. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 9 There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 10 this title up to \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013
- 11 through 2015, to be derived from amounts appropriated
- 12 pursuant to subsection (m) of section 2 of the DNA Analysis
- 13 Backlog Elimination Act of 2000, as amended by section
- 14 103 of this Act, in each such fiscal year for grants under
- 15 such section.

16 SEC. 206. REPORTS.

- 17 The Attorney General shall submit to the Committee
- 18 of the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the
- 19 Committee of the Judiciary of the Senate an annual report
- 20 (which shall be made publicly available) that—
- 21 (1) lists the States, for the year involved—
- 22 (A) which have (and those States which
- 23 have not) implemented a minimum DNA collec-
- 24 tion process and use such process; and

1	(B) which have (and those States which
2	have not) implemented an enhanced DNA collec-
3	tion process and use such process; and
4	(2) includes statistics, with respect to the year
5	involved, regarding the benefits to law enforcement re-
6	sulting from the implementation of minimum and en-
7	hanced DNA collection processes, including the num-
8	ber of matches made due to the inclusion of arrestee
9	profiles under such a process.

Calendar No. 435

112TH CONGRESS S. 250

A BILL

To protect crime victims' rights, to eliminate the substantial backlog of DNA samples collected from crime scenes and convicted offenders, to improve and expand the DNA testing capacity of Federal, State, and local crime laboratories, to increase research and development of new DNA testing technologies, to develop new training programs regarding the collection and use of DNA evidence, to provide post conviction testing of DNA evidence to exonerate the innocent, to improve the performance of counsel in State capital cases, and for other purposes.

June 21, 2012

Reported with an amendment