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Agreement (Exhibit B), when applicable, will be executed by the borrower, the financial institution, and a District or County Office employee. The original will be retained in the borrower's case file, one executed copy will be delivered to the financial institution and one executed copy to the borrower. An extra copy of the Interest-Bearing Deposit Agreement, when applicable, will be prepared and attached to the certificate, passbook, or other evidence of deposit representing the interest-bearing deposit.

(1) If an agreement on the applicable Deposit Agreement has previously been executed and Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 402–6, ''Termination of Interest in Supervised Bank Account,'' has not been executed with respect to it, a new agreement is not required when additional funds are to be deposited unless requested by the financial institution.

(2) When the note and security instrument are signed by two joint borrowers or by both husband and wife, a joint survivorship supervised bank account will be established from which either can withdraw funds if State laws permit such accounts. In such cases both parties will sign the Deposit Agreement(s).

[46 FR 36106, July 14, 1981, as amended at 53 FR 231, Jan. 6, 1988]

§ 1902.7 Pledging collateral for deposit of funds in supervised bank accounts.

(a) Funds in excess of $100,000, per financial institution, deposited for borrowers in supervised bank accounts, must be secured by pledging acceptable collateral with the Federal Reserve Bank (FRB) in an amount not less than the excess.

(b) As soon as it is determined that the loan will be approved and the applicant has selected or tentatively selected a financial institution for the supervised bank account, the District Director or County Supervisor will contact the financial institution to determine:

(1) That the financial institution selected is insured by the FDIC (banks), FSLIC (savings and loans), or NCUA (credit unions).

(2) Whether the financial institution is willing to pledge collateral with the FRB under 31 CFR part 202 (Treasury Circular 176) to the extent necessary to secure the amount of funds being deposited in excess of $100,000.

(3) If the financial institution is not a member of the Federal Reserve System, it will be necessary for the financial institution to pledge the securities with a correspondent bank who is a member of the System. The correspondent bank should contact the FRB informing them they are holding securities pledged for the supervised bank account under 31 CFR part 202 (Treasury Circular 176).

(c) If the financial institution is agreeable to pledging collateral, the District Director or County Supervisor should complete FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 Form Letter 1901–A–2 ''Designated Financial Institution—Collateral Pledge'' in an original and two copies, the original for the National Office, the first copy for the State Office, and the second copy for the District or County Office. The FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 Form Letter 1902–A–2 should be forwarded to the National Office at least 30 days before the date of loan closing.

(d) The National Office will arrange for the financial institution under its designation as a depositary and financial agent of the U.S. Government to pledge the requested collateral.

(e) If, two days before loan closing, the local FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 office which requested the collateral has not received notification from National Office that collateral has been pledged, contact should be made with the financial institution to ascertain whether they have pledged collateral with their local FRB under 31 CFR part 202 (Treasury Circular 176). If the financial institution has pledged collateral, the local FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 office should contact the National Office, Budget Division, Revolving Fund Analysis Branch who will follow-up with the local FRB concerning the collateral.

(f) When the amount of deposit in the supervised bank account has been reduced to a point where the financial institution desires part or all of the collateral released, it should contact the National Office at the address noted above. The local FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 office will be contacted for release authorization. The authorization release will be made through the local FRB, with notification to the financial institution. The local FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 office may also request release through the National Office.

[46 FR 36106, July 14, 1981, as amended at 53 FR 231, Jan. 6, 1988; 53 FR 24437, June 29, 1988; 56 FR 50648, Oct. 8, 1991]

§1902.8 Authority to establish supervised bank accounts, deposit loan checks and other funds, countersign checks, close accounts, and execute all forms in connection with supervised bank account transactions.

District Directors or County Supervisors are authorized to establish supervised bank accounts, deposit loan checks and other funds, countersign checks, close accounts, and execute all forms in connection with supervised bank account transactions and redelegate this authority to a person listed in Exhibit B of FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 Instruction 1951–B, under their supervision who are considered capable of exercising such authority. State Directors will make written demand upon the bank for withdrawals as outlined in §1902.16.

§1902.9 Deposits.

(a) *Deposit by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 personnel.* (1) Checks made payable solely to the Federal Government, or any agency thereof, and a joint check when the Treasurer of the United States is a joint payee, may not be deposited in a supervised bank account.

(2) FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 personnel will accept funds for deposit in a borrower's supervised bank account only in the form of a check or money order endorsed by the borrower ''For Deposit Only,'' or a check drawn to the order of the financial institution in which the funds are to be deposited, or a loan check drawn on the U.S. Treasury.

(i) A joint check that is payable to the borrower and FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 will be endorsed by the District Director or County Supervisor as provided in §1951.57(e) of this chapter.

(ii) Ordinarily, when deposits are made from funds which are received as the result of consent or subordination agreements or assignments of income, the check should be drawn to the order of the financial institution in which the supervised bank account is established or jointly to the order of the borrower and the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354. All such checks should be delivered or mailed to the District or County Office.

(3) If direct or insured loan funds (other than OL or EM, loan funds) or borrower contributions are to be deposited in a supervised bank account, such funds will be deposited on the date of loan closing *after it has been determined that the loan can be closed.* However, if it is impossible to deposit the funds on the day the loan is closed due to reasons such as distance from the financial institution or banking hours, the funds will be deposited on the first banking day following the date of loan closing.

(4) Grant funds will be deposited when such funds are delivered.

(5) When funds from any source are deposited by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 personnel in a supervised bank account, a deposit slip will be prepared in an original and two copies and distribution as follows: Original to the financial institution, one copy to the borrower, and one copy for the borrower's case folder. The names of the borrower, the sources of funds, and ''Subject to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 Countersignature,'' and if applicable, the account number will be entered on each deposit slip.

(6) A loan or grant check drawn on the U.S. Treasury may be deposited in a supervised bank account without endorsement by the borrower when it will facilitate delivery of the check and is acceptable to the financial institution.