## § 1904.36

copy of the OSHA 301 Incident Report or the equivalent substitute form that you give to the authorized employee representative.

(vi) May I charge for the copies? No, you may not charge for these copies the first time they are provided. However, if one of the designated persons asks for additional copies, you may assess a reasonable charge for retrieving and copying the records.

## § 1904.36 Prohibition against discrimination.

Section 11(c) of the Act prohibits you from discriminating against an employee for reporting a work-related fatality, injury or illness. That provision of the Act also protects the employee who files a safety and health complaint, asks for access to the Part 1904 records, or otherwise exercises any rights afforded by the OSH Act.

## § 1904.37 State recordkeeping regulations.

- (a) Basic requirement. Some States operate their own OSHA programs, under the authority of a State Plan approved by OSHA. States operating OSHA-approved State Plans must have occupational injury and illness recording and reporting requirements that are substantially identical to the requirements in this Part (see 29 CFR 1902.3(k), 29 CFR 1952.4 and 29 CFR 1956.10(i)).
- (b) Implementation. (1) State-Plan States must have the same requirements as Federal OSHA for determining which injuries and illnesses are recordable and how they are recorded.
- (2) For other Part 1904 provisions (for example, industry exemptions, reporting of fatalities and hospitalizations, record retention, or employee involvement), State-Plan State requirements may be more stringent than or supplemental to the Federal requirements, but because of the unique nature of the national recordkeeping program, States must consult with and obtain approval of any such requirements.

(3) Although State and local government employees are not covered Federally, all State-Plan States must provide coverage, and must develop injury and illness statistics, for these workers. State Plan recording and reporting

requirements for State and local government entities may differ from those for the private sector but must meet the requirements of paragraphs 1904.37(b)(1) and (b)(2).

- (4) A State-Plan State may not issue a variance to a private sector employer and must recognize all variances issued by Federal OSHA.
- (5) A State Plan State may only grant an injury and illness recording and reporting variance to a State or local government employer within the State after obtaining approval to grant the variance from Federal OSHA.

## § 1904.38 Variances from the recordkeeping rule.

- (a) Basic requirement. If you wish to keep records in a different manner from the manner prescribed by the Part 1904 regulations, you may submit a variance petition to the Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. You can obtain a variance only if you can show that your alternative recordkeeping system:
- (1) Collects the same information as this Part requires;
- (2) Meets the purposes of the Act; and
- (3) Does not interfere with the administration of the Act.
- (b) *Implementation.* (1) *What do I need to include in my variance petition?* You must include the following items in your petition:
  - (i) Your name and address;
- (ii) A list of the State(s) where the variance would be used;
- (iii) The address(es) of the business establishment(s) involved;
- (iv) A description of why you are seeking a variance;
- (v) A description of the different recordkeeping procedures you propose to
- (vi) A description of how your proposed procedures will collect the same information as would be collected by this Part and achieve the purpose of the Act; and
- (vii) A statement that you have informed your employees of the petition by giving them or their authorized representative a copy of the petition and by posting a statement summarizing