

agreement America signs onto should meet: the broad fulfillment of America's economic interests, the opening of fair markets for America's goods and services and the reversal of America's ever-growing trade deficit.

Mr. KIRK. Mr. Speaker, today I support H.R. 4340, The U.S.-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement. Bahrain is an important political, economic and military ally, and in the years since 9/11, has been a valued partner in the War on Terror. The U.S.-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement will strengthen this key relationship and bolster the important reforms currently taking place in Bahrain.

Bahrain deserves special recognition for its military cooperation with the United States military. Since 1995, Bahrain has been home to the U.S. Navy's 5th Fleet. From this location, the 5th Fleet's area of responsibility encompasses 7.5 million square miles and includes the Arabian Gulf, Red Sea, Gulf of Oman and parts of the Indian Ocean. As a Commander in the Navy Reserve, I fully appreciate the value of Bahrain's willingness to host our fleet in this strategic region.

The U.S.-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement is also significant because it rewards Bahrain for its rapprochement towards Israel. Last month, Bahraini Foreign Minister Sheikh Muhammad bin Mubarak confirmed that his country decided to lift its boycott of Israeli products. In the face of the Arab League's efforts to intensify the boycott, Bahrain has taken a bold and symbolic step towards peace in the Middle East.

Bahrain has shown that it is committed to reform, and we are equally committed to joining with them with open markets. I proudly support this bill that expands trade bilaterally and moves closer to the vision of a peaceful, democratic, and freely trading Middle East.

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 4340, the "United States-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act." In spite of my support, I do have some concerns. For example, as in all other U.S. Free Trade Agreements (FTA's) the text of the U.S.-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement requires only that the two countries enforce their own labor laws. It is my understanding that in 2002, Bahrain completed a major revision to its own labor laws to comply with internationally-recognized standards and to ensure that working people in its country share fully in the benefits of globalization. However, six provisions of Bahrain's law, as currently written, raise concerns with regard to basic international labor standards. These six provisions have been identified by the U.S. Department of State and the International Labor Organization (ILO).

These concerns force me to believe that the workers' rights provisions in the Bahrain FTA are somewhat weak. In contrast to the U.S.-Jordan FTA, the Bahrain agreement contains only one enforceable provision on workers' rights which is an obligation to enforce domestic labor laws.

While the labor chapter also contains a commitment to uphold the ILO core workers' rights and not to weaken labor laws, these provisions are explicitly excluded from coverage under the dispute settlement chapter, rendering them essentially useless from a practical standpoint. To put it bluntly, under this agreement, a country could ban unions, set the minimum age for employment at ten years old, and reinstate slave labor. While I

believe this will not happen, the fact that it could raises concerns.

Before closing, let me note that I appreciate the efforts made to negotiate a commitment from the Bahraini government to bring its labor laws up to ILO standards in the near future, and I hope that this agreement is honored. I must also note that a commitment to improve labor laws in the future is not an adequate substitute for having decent labor laws in place, especially when the labor provisions in the agreement raises concerns. To this end, I am pleased to note that I have been promised a letter from the Bahrain government expressing the fact that child labor will not be an issue and that such labor will not be used as a result of this agreement. Unfortunately, if the promise is not honored, there is no recourse that can take in the context of the FTA itself, other than to engage in consultations. While I overall support free trade agreements, I strongly believe that we need to make sure that we are not setting ourselves up for a pit fall.

□ 1630

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BONILLA). All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 583, the bill is considered read and the previous question is ordered.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. SHAW. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

#### GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. SHAW. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the subject of the bill just under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

#### MOTION TO GO TO CONFERENCE ON H.R. 3010, DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2006

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 1 of rule XXII and by direction of the Committee on Appropriations, I move to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H.R. 3010) making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services,

and Education, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes, with the Senate amendment thereto, disagree to the Senate amendment, and agree to the further conference asked by the Senate.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The motion was agreed to.

MOTION TO INSTRUCT OFFERED BY MR. OBEY

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion to instruct conferees.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Obey moves that the managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the bill, H.R. 3010, be instructed to insist that the conference agreement include \$4.183 billion for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), an increase of \$2.176 billion over the House bill and \$2 billion over the Senate bill, to help the elderly and the poor cope with rising energy prices, and that the additional cost be offset through reductions in tax cuts for households with incomes above \$1,000,000. The additional amounts above the House-passed level should be appropriated to the LIHEAP contingency fund, and in allocating the funds among States the Secretary should be directed to give due regard to estimated increases in the heating and cooling costs for low-income households during fiscal year 2006 as compared to the previous year.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, I make a point of order against the motion because it violates clause 9 of rule XXII by proposing to direct the conferees to exceed the scope of matters committed to conference.

I ask for a ruling from the Chair.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BASS). Does any Member wish to be heard on the point of order?

Mr. OBEY. Yes, I do, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, 2 weeks ago the Labor, Health appropriation bill was defeated on this floor largely because it contained inadequate investments in education and health. Today, the bill is back, and what this motion would do is to say to the majority that if they do not want to recognize the need for additional education and health funding, that they at least recognize that an emergency situation exists with respect to the rapidly rising home heating costs with natural gas, for instance, expected to be 50 percent higher than it was last year and with only 15 percent of persons in the country who are eligible getting help from LIHEAP as it is.

I would simply ask the majority to withdraw the point of order in order to allow us to simply proceed to at least debate and vote on the question of rearranging priorities so that we can add \$2 billion to the Low Income Heating Assistance Program and fully pay for that by cutting back the scheduled tax cut for persons who make over \$1 million to \$131,000. I think that is quite ample for them. I would urge the gentleman from Ohio to withdraw his point of order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair is prepared to rule on the point of order.

The Chair finds that the proposed instructions dwell their operative focus on matters not within the scope of differences committed to the conference by the two Houses.

On these premises, the Chair holds that the motion is not in order.

The point of order is sustained.

MOTION TO INSTRUCT OFFERED BY MR. OBEY

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I offer a second motion to instruct conferees.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Obey moves that the managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the bill, H.R. 3010, be instructed to insist that the conference agreement include \$4.183 billion for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), including \$2 billion in emergency funding, thereby bringing the total for LIHEAP to \$2.176 billion over the House bill and \$2 billion over the Senate bill, to help the elderly and the poor cope with rising energy prices. The emergency funds should be appropriated to the LIHEAP contingency fund, and in allocating the funds among States the Secretary should be directed to give due regard to the estimated increases in the heating and cooling costs for low-income households during fiscal year 2006 as compared to the previous year.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, I make a point of order against the motion because it violates clause 9 of rule XXII by proposing to direct the conferees to exceed the scope of matters committed to conference.

I ask for a ruling from the Chair.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Does any Member wish to be heard on the point of order?

Mr. OBEY. Yes, I do, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, the last motion sought to increase funding for the Low Income Heating Assistance Program by \$2 billion and fully pay for that with an offset on the revenue side of the ledger. The gentleman from Ohio did raise a point of order against that. We would have preferred to fully fund the amendment, but given the fact that the majority has chosen to exercise its rights under the rules of the House to raise a point of order, this is the only remaining avenue that we have to try to increase funding for Low Income Heating Assistance, recognizing that there is indeed an emergency; and we would simply ask that the amount of money for Low Income Heating Assistance be increased by \$2 billion and recognized as emergency funding under the Budget Act so that we can proceed to deal with the very real problem that persons in this country will have heating their homes with higher energy prices. If we are not allowed to do that, then there is no way that we are going to be able to provide substantial help to them.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair is prepared to rule on the point of order.

As in the previous motion, the proposed instructions exceed the scope of conference.

The point of order is sustained.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, because we have no other way to bring this to the

House, I most reluctantly appeal the ruling of the Chair.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is: Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the House?

MOTION TO TABLE OFFERED BY MR. REGULA

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, I move to lay the appeal on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to table.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, this 15-minute vote on tabling the appeal of the Chair will be followed by 5-minute votes on passage of H.R. 4340; and motions to suspend the rules and pass H.R. 4388 and H.R. 4440.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 226, nays 196, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 615]

YEAS—226

Aderholt	Flitzpatrick (PA)	Lewis (CA)
Akin	Flake	Lewis (KY)
Alexander	Foley	Linder
Bachus	Forbes	LoBiondo
Baker	Fortenberry	Lucas
Barrett (SC)	Fossella	Lungren, Daniel E.
Bartlett (MD)	Fox	Mack
Barton (TX)	Franks (AZ)	Manzullo
Bass	Frelinghuysen	Marchant
Beauprez	Galleghy	McCaul (TX)
Biggert	Garrett (NJ)	McCotter
Bilirakis	Gerlach	McCrary
Bishop (UT)	Gibbons	McHenry
Blackburn	Gilchrest	McHugh
Blunt	Gillmor	McKeon
Boehkert	Gingrey	McMorris
Boehner	Gohmert	Mica
Bonilla	Goode	Miller (FL)
Bonner	Goodlatte	Miller (MI)
Bono	Granger	Miller, Gary
Boozman	Graves	Moran (KS)
Boustany	Green (WI)	Murphy
Bradley (NH)	Gutknecht	Musgrave
Brady (TX)	Hall	Myrick
Brown (SC)	Harris	Neugebauer
Burgess	Hart	Ney
Burton (IN)	Hayes	Northup
Buyer	Hayworth	Norwood
Calvert	Hefley	Nunes
Camp	Hensarling	Nussle
Cannon	Herger	Osborne
Cantor	Hobson	Otter
Capito	Hoekstra	Oxley
Carter	Hostettler	Paul
Castle	Hulshof	Pearce
Chabot	Hunter	Peterson (PA)
Chocola	Hyde	Petri
Coble	Inglis (SC)	Pickering
Cole (OK)	Issa	Pitts
Conaway	Istook	Platts
Crenshaw	Jenkins	Poe
Cubin	Jindal	Pombo
Culberson	Johnson (CT)	Porter
Davis (KY)	Johnson (IL)	Price (GA)
Davis, Jo Ann	Johnson, Sam	Pryce (OH)
Davis, Tom	Jones (NC)	Putnam
Deal (GA)	Keller	Radanovich
DeLay	Kelly	Ramstad
Dent	Kennedy (MN)	Regula
Diaz-Balart, L.	King (IA)	Rehberg
Diaz-Balart, M.	King (NY)	Reichert
Doolittle	Kingston	Renzi
Drake	Kirk	Reynolds
Dreier	Kline	Rogers (AL)
Duncan	Knollenberg	Rogers (KY)
Ehlers	Kolbe	Rogers (MI)
Emerson	Kuhl (NY)	Rohrabacher
English (PA)	LaHood	Ros-Lehtinen
Everett	Latham	Royce
Feeney	LaTourette	Ryan (WI)
Ferguson	Leach	

Ryun (KS)  
Saxton  
Schmidt  
Schwarz (MI)  
Sensenbrenner  
Sessions  
Shadegg  
Shaw  
Shays  
Sherwood  
Shimkus  
Shuster  
Simmons  
Simpson  
Smith (NJ)

Smith (TX)  
Sodrel  
Souder  
Stearns  
Sullivan  
Sweeney  
Tancredo  
Taylor (NC)  
Terry  
Thomas  
Thornberry  
Tiahrt  
Tiberi  
Turner  
Upton

NAYS—196

Abercrombie	Green, Gene	Neal (MA)
Ackerman	Grijalva	Nealstar
Allen	Gutierrez	Obey
Baca	Harman	Olver
Baird	Hastings (FL)	Ortiz
Baldwin	Hersteth	Owens
Barrow	Higgins	Pallone
Bean	Hinchev	Pascarell
Becerra	Hinojosa	Pastor
Berkley	Holden	Payne
Berman	Holt	Peterson (MN)
Berry	Honda	Pomeroy
Bishop (GA)	Hooley	Price (NC)
Bishop (NY)	Hoyer	Rahall
Blumenauer	Inslee	Rangel
Boren	Israel	Reyes
Boswell	Jackson (IL)	Ross
Boucher	Jackson-Lee	Rothman
Boyd	(TX)	Royal-Allard
Brady (PA)	Jefferson	Ruppersberger
Brown (OH)	Johnson, E. B.	Rush
Brown, Corrine	Jones (OH)	Ryan (OH)
Butterfield	Kanjorski	Sabo
Capps	Kaptur	Salazar
Capuano	Kennedy (RI)	Sánchez, Linda T.
Cardoza	Kildee	Sanchez, Loretta
Carnahan	Kilpatrick (MI)	Sanders
Carson	Kind	Schakowsky
Case	Kucinich	Schiff
Chandler	Langevin	Schwartz (PA)
Cleaver	Lantos	Scott (GA)
Clyburn	Larsen (WA)	Scott (VA)
Conyers	Larson (CT)	Serrano
Cooper	Lee	Sherman
Costa	Levin	Skelton
Costello	Lewis (GA)	Slaughter
Cramer	Lipinski	Smith (WA)
Crowley	Lofgren, Zoe	Snyder
Cuellar	Lowey	Solis
Cummings	Lynch	Spratt
Davis (AL)	Maloney	Stark
Davis (CA)	Markey	Strickland
Davis (IL)	Marshall	Stupak
Davis (TN)	Matheson	Tanner
DeFazio	Matsui	Tauscher
DeGette	McCarthy	Taylor (MS)
Delahunt	McCollum (MN)	Thompson (CA)
DeLauro	McDermott	Thompson (MS)
Dicks	McGovern	Tierney
Dingell	McIntyre	Towns
Doggett	McKinney	Udall (CO)
Doyle	McNulty	Udall (NM)
Edwards	Meehan	Van Hollen
Emanuel	Meek (FL)	Velázquez
Engel	Meeks (NY)	Vislosky
Eshoo	Melancon	Wasserman
Etheridge	Menendez	Schultz
Evans	Michaud	Waters
Farr	Millender-	Watson
Fattah	McDonald	Watt
Filner	Miller (NC)	Waxman
Ford	Miller, George	Weiner
Frank (MA)	Mollohan	Woolsey
Gonzalez	Moore (KS)	Wu
Gordon	Moore (WI)	Wynn
Green, Al	Moran (VA)	
	Murtha	

NOT VOTING—10

Andrews	Davis (FL)	Pelosi
Brown-Waite,	Hastings (WA)	Pence
Regula	Nadler	Wexler
Ginny	Napolitano	
Clay		

□ 1709

Ms. HARMAN, Mrs. MALONEY and Messrs. ETHERIDGE, EMANUEL, BLUMENAUER, DINGELL, LARSON of Connecticut and LANGEVIN changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Ms. HART, Ms. HARRIS and Mr. HEFLEY changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion to table was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against: Mrs. NAPOLITANO. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 615, had I been present, I would have voted "nay."

UNITED STATES-BAHRAIN FREE TRADE AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BASS). The pending business is the vote on passage of H.R. 4340 on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. SHAW) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4340, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote. The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 327, nays 95, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 616] YEAS—327

- Ackerman Cleaver Gerlach
Aderholt Cole (OK) Gibbons
Akin Conway Gilchrest
Alexander Cooper Gillmor
Allen Costa Gingrey
Bachus Cramer Gohmert
Baird Crenshaw Gonzalez
Baker Crowley Goodlatte
Barrow Cubin Gordon
Bartlett (MD) Cuellar Granger
Barton (TX) Culberson Graves
Bass Cummings Green (WI)
Bean Davis (AL) Gutknecht
Beauprez Davis (CA) Hall
Becerra Davis (KY) Harman
Berkley Davis (TN) Harris
Berman Davis, Tom Hart
Biggert Deal (GA) Hayworth
Bilirakis DeGette Hefley
Bishop (GA) Delahunt Hensarling
Bishop (NY) DeLay Herger
Blackburn Dent Herseth
Blumenuauer Diaz-Balart, L. Hinojosa
Blunt Diaz-Balart, M. Hobson
Boehlert Dicks Hoekstra
Boehner Dingell Honda
Bonilla Doggett Hooley
Bonner Doolittle Hoyer
Bono Drake Hulshof
Boozman Dreier Hunter
Boren Duncan Hyde
Boswell Edwards Inslee
Boustany Ehlers Israel
Boyd Emanuel Issa
Bradley (NH) Emerson Istook
Brady (TX) Engel Jackson-Lee
Brown (SC) English (PA) (TX)
Burgess Eshoo Jefferson
Burton (IN) Etheridge Jenkins
Butterfield Farr Jindal
Buyer Feeney Johnson (CT)
Calvert Ferguson Johnson (IL)
Camp Fitzpatrick (PA) Johnson, Sam
Cannon Flake Jones (OH)
Cantor Foley Keller
Capito Forbes Kelly
Capps Ford Kennedy (MN)
Cardin Fortenberry Kennedy (RI)
Cardoza Fossella Kind
Carter Foxx King (IA)
Case Frank (MA) King (NY)
Castle Franks (AZ) Kingston
Chabot Frelinghuysen Kirk
Chandler Gallegly Kline
Chocola Garrett (NJ) Knollenberg

- Kolbe
Kuhl (NY)
LaHood
Langevin
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latham
LaTourette
Leach
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (GA)
Lewis (KY)
Linder
LoBiondo
Lofgren, Zoe
Lowey
Lucas
Lungren, Daniel E.
Mack
Maloney
Manzullo
Marchant
Marshall
Matheson
Matsui
McCarthy
McCaul (TX)
McCotter
McCreery
McDermott
McHenry
McHugh
McKeon
McMorris
McNulty
Meehan
Meek (FL)
Meeks (NY)
Melancon
Mica
Miller (FL)
Miller (MI)
Miller, Gary
Miller, George
Moore (KS)
Moore (WI)
Moran (KS)
Moran (VA)
Murphy
Musgrave
Myrick
Neal (MA)
Neugebauer
Ney
Northup
Norwood
Nunes
Nussle
Ortiz
Osborne
Otter
Oxley
Pearce
Peterson (MN)
Peterson (PA)
Petri
Pickering
Pitts
Platts
Poe
Pombo
Pomeroy
Porter
Price (GA)
Price (NC)
Pryce (OH)
Putnam
Radanovich
Ramstad
Rangel
Regula
Rehberg
Reichert
Renzi
Reyes
Reynolds
Rogers (KY)
Rogers (MI)
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Ross
Rothman
Roybal-Allard
Ruppersberger
Rush
Ryan (WI)
Ryun (KS)
Salazar
Sanchez, Loretta
Saxton
Schiff
Schmidt
Schwartz (PA)
Schwarz (MI)
Scott (GA)
Sensenbrenner
Sessions
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Sherman
Sherwood
Shimkus
Shuster
Simmons
Simpson
Skelton
Smith (NJ)
Smith (TX)
Smith (WA)
Snyder
Sodrel
Souder
Stearns
Sullivan
Sweeney
Tancredo
Tanner
Tauscher
Terry
Thomas
Thompson (CA)
Thornberry
Tiahrt
Tiberi
Towns
Turner
Udall (CO)
Udall (NM)
Upton
Van Hollen
Velázquez
Walden (OR)
Walsh
Wamp
Wasserman
Schultz
Watson
Waxman
Weiner
Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
Westmoreland
Whitfield
Wicker
Wilson (NM)
Wilson (SC)
Wolf
Wu
Wynn
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

NAYS—95

- Abercrombie Higgins
Baca Hinchey
Baldwin Holden
Barrett (SC) Holt
Berry Hostettler
Bishop (UT) Inglis (SC)
Boucher Johnson (IL)
Brady (PA) Johnson, E. B.
Brown (OH) Jones (NC)
Brown, Corrine Kanjorski
Capuano Kaptur
Carnahan Kildee
Carson Kilpatrick (MI)
Clyburn Kucinich
Coble Lantos
Conyers Lee
Costello Lipinski
Davis (IL) Lynch
Davis, Jo Ann Markey
DeFazio McCollum (MN)
DeLauro McGovern
Doyle McIntyre
Evans McKinney
Everett Menendez
Fattah Michaud
Filner Millender
Goode McDonald
Green, Al Miller (NC)
Green, Gene Mollohan
Grijalva Murtha
Gutiérrez Napolitano
Hastings (FL) Oberstar
Hayes Obey
Olver
Owens
Pallone
Pascrell
Pastor
Paul
Payne
Rahall
Rogers (AL)
Ryan (OH)
Sabo
Sánchez, Linda T.
Sanders
Schakowsky
Scott (VA)
Serrano
Slaughter
Solis
Spratt
Stark
Strickland
Stupak
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Thompson (MS)
Tierney
Visclosky
Waters
Watt
Woolsey

NOT VOTING—10

- Andrews
Brown-Waite,
Ginny
Clay
Davis (FL)
Hastings (WA)
Nadler
Pelosi
Pence
Royce
Wexler

□ 1720

Ms. CORRINE BROWN of Florida changed her vote from "yea" to "nay." Mr. McDERMOTT changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the bill was passed. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

TAX REVISION ACT OF 2005

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BASS). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 4388, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. MCCRERY) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4388, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote. The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 423, nays 0, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 617] YEAS—423

- Abercrombie Carson Filner
Ackerman Carter Fitzpatrick (PA)
Aderholt Case Flake
Akin Castle Foley
Alexander Chabot Forbes
Allen Chandler Ford
Baca Chocola Fortenberry
Bachus Cleaver Fossella
Baird Clyburn Foxx
Baker Coble Frank (MA)
Baldwin Cole (OK) Franks (AZ)
Barrett (SC) Conaway Frelinghuysen
Barrow Conyers Gallegly
Bartlett (MD) Cooper Garrett (NJ)
Barton (TX) Costa Gerlach
Bass Costello Gibbons
Bean Cramer Gilchrest
Beauprez Crenshaw Gillmor
Becerra Crowley Gingrey
Berkley Cubin Gohmert
Berman Cuellar Gonzalez
Berry Culberson Goode
Biggert Cummings Goodlatte
Bilirakis Davis (AL) Gordon
Bishop (GA) Davis (CA) Granger
Bishop (NY) Davis (IL) Graves
Blackburn Davis (KY) Green (WI)
Blumenuauer Davis (TN) Green, Al
Blunt Davis, Jo Ann Green, Gene
Boehlert Davis, Tom Grijalva
Boehner DeFazio Gutierrez
Bonilla DeGette Gutknecht
Bonner Delahunt Hall
Bono DeLauro Harris
Boozman DeLay Hart
Boren Dent Hastings (FL)
Boswell Diaz-Balart, L. Hayes
Boucher Diaz-Balart, M. Hayworth
Boustany Dicks Hefley
Boyd Dingell Hensarling
Bradley (NH) Doggett Herger
Brady (PA) Doolittle Herseth
Brady (TX) Doyle Higgins
Brown (OH) Drake Hinchey
Brown (SC) Dreier Hinojosa
Brown, Corrine Duncan Hobson
Burgess Edwards Hoekstra
Burton (IN) Ehlers Holden
Butterfield Emanuel Holt
Buyer Emerson Honda
Calvert Engel Hooley
Cannon English (PA) Hostettler
Cantor Eshoo Hoyer
Capito Everrett Hulshof
Capps Farr Hunter
Cardin Fattah Inslie
Cardoza Feeney Israel
Carnahan Ferguson Issa