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House of Representatives

The House met at 9 a.m. and was called to order by the Speaker.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Patrick J. Conroy, offered the following prayer: We give You thanks, O God, for giving us another day. Please help us to use it well.

We ask Your blessing upon this assembly and upon all to whom the authority of government is given. Help them to meet their responsibilities during these days, to attend to the immediate needs and concerns of the moment, all the while, enlightened by the majesty of Your creation and Your eternal Spirit.

We give You thanks that we all can know and share the fruits of Your Spirit, especially in this time, the virtue of tolerance and reconciliation, of justice and righteousness, of goodwill and understanding, of patience and loving care for others.

Watch over this House and cause Your blessing to be upon each Member, that they might serve all the people with sincerity and truth.

May all that is done within the people's House this day be for Your greater honor and glory.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. JOHNSON) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Chair will entertain up to 5 requests for 1-minute speeches on each side of the aisle.

SEQUESTRATION

(Mr. WITTMAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WITTMAN. Mr. Speaker, Congress faces looming deadlines at the end of this year, set to take effect in the first days of 2013. Just as we ring in a new year with a renewed sense of optimism, if Congress does not act, looming defense cuts will cripple our military and this Nation.

Our military will be forced to cut an additional 10 percent from its budgets; an additional 10 percent of resources supporting our troops deployed overseas, fighting for our freedoms; an additional 10 percent of budgets supporting new technologies, training, and ships already lacking maintenance and which are behind schedule; an additional 10 percent of our national security.

While the House passed, and I proudly supported, legislation in May to avert these cuts, action is still needed by the Senate and the administration.

Why does Congress continue to wait? Why does Congress procrastinate on an issue so pressing and so important to this Nation? Who will answer the call?

Leaving this issue to the last minute is irresponsible, and failure is not an option. I urge the leaders of this Nation to stop the delay.

REMEMBERING 11 ISRAELI OLYMPIANS

(Mr. ENGEL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ENGEL. Mr. Speaker, in 1972, Palestinian terrorists broke into the Israeli Olympic compound and murdered, in cold blood, 11 Israeli athletes.

In the 40 years since, shamefully, the International Olympic Committee has refused to have a minute of silence to commemorate these 11 martyrs. They have rejected it time and time again. And tomorrow, the Olympic Games are starting in London, and they have rejected it again, shamefully.

So I will use the rest of my 1-minute to do a moment of silence for the 11 Israeli athletes who lost their lives at the 1972 Olympic Games.

FILIPINO VETERANS DAY ANNIVERSARY

(Mr. HECK asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HECK. Mr. Speaker, 71 years ago today, President Roosevelt inducted over 40,000 Filipino troops into the United States Army to counter the Japanese threat. Following the occupation of the Philippines, thousands more Filipinos would join the resistance as recognized guerrilla forces working in cooperation with the U.S. Army. However, due to the Rescissions Act of 1946, the service and sacrifice of these brave Filipino veterans would go unrecognized by the U.S. Government for the next 63 years.

Congress finally acknowledged the dedicated service of these veterans when it established the Filipino Veterans Equity Compensation Fund in 2009. Although meager in comparison to the benefits these veterans earned, this compensation fund provided the

☐ This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., ☐ 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



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recognition they deserved. Yet today, bureaucratic roadblocks continue to prevent nearly 4,000 of these aging World War II veterans from collecting the benefits they are due.

Five of these gentlemen pictured here reside in my district. They range in age from 83 to 100 years old. Regrettably, two others recently passed away. Many more will pass without ever obtaining the recognition they deserve if this body does not act to remove the barriers preventing these veterans from receiving the benefits they have earned.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to join me in fighting to ensure these honorable World War II veterans are appropriately recognized.

MOMENT OF SILENCE FOR THE 1972 ISRAELI OLYMPIANS

(Mrs. LOWEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, I will use my time to observe a minute of silence for the Munich 11 who lost their lives at the 1972 Olympic Games.

Thank you.

EXCESSIVE FEDERAL REGULATIONS

(Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, take a look at this. Take a look at the regulatory red tape that's strangling America's small businesses, our job creators. Every time I travel up and down the Ohio River, businesses, both large and small, tell me that new regulations and the threat of more are keeping them from hiring and expanding.

Unemployment has been above 8 percent for the past 41 months, and America's job creators are speaking loud and clear that they want certainty. They want to grow and expand. And as a small business owner myself, I know firsthand the destructive burden of excessive regulation.

Today this House will take an important step toward freeing America's job creators from these excessive regulations. The Red Tape Reduction and Small Business Job Creation Act puts a stop to President Obama's unchecked power to issue costly and job-killing regulations on a whim. I encourage my colleagues to stand with me in supporting this legislation that will empower job creators to put America back to work.

RECOGNIZING LONG JUMP OLYMPIAN GEORGE KITCHENS, JR.

(Mr. BARROW asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BARROW. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize George Kitchens, Jr., from Augusta, Georgia, who will be representing our State and our Nation at the London Olympic Games beginning tomorrow. George will be making his very first Olympic appearance in the men's long jump. A former Clemson Tiger All-American athlete, George will be the first member of the Tigers long jump team to advance to the Olympic Games.

The American Olympic team is made up of 530 men and women. For the first time in history, this Olympic team will feature more female athletes than male athletes. Of the 302 medal events at the Olympic Games, the United States will be represented at 246.

We look forward to watching George win the gold when the men's long jump team takes the spotlight on Friday, August 3. I know I speak for all of my colleagues in wishing our American Olympic team the best of luck in London.

□ 0910

CONDEMNING ALEXANDER LUKASHENKO

(Mr. TURNER of New York asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. TURNER of New York. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to express my concern that Alexander Lukashenko, president of Belarus, continues to rule over Europe's last dictatorship. Despite continued promises of reform, Lukashenko continues to deny the people of Belarus their basic freedoms and human rights, and runs the country as a authoritarian dictatorship.

In fact, after Mr. Lukashenko's fraudulent election in 2010, 700 political opponents and activists were arrested during demonstrations. This is just one example of the type of persecution the people of Belarus have been subjected to in these past 18 years. Lukashenko's total disregard for the people he swore to protect is appalling, alarming, and should not be tolerated.

I'm here today to draw attention to this matter and publicly condemn Lukashenko and his regime for their continuing oppression of the people of Belarus, and offer my support for the country's civilians and pro-democracy forces.

AMERICA NEEDS A FARM BILL NOW

(Mr. WALZ of Minnesota asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WALZ of Minnesota. Mr. Speaker, I rise today with a very simple message from rural America: we need a farm bill, and we need it now. With the current farm bill set to expire at the end of September, it is crucial that we continue to provide certainty to one of the few bright spots in our economy

over the past decade. It is all the more crucial to our farmers that we do this as they are staring at cracked, dried-out soil resulting from one of the worst droughts in modern history.

The newspaper Politico looked back 50 years—longer than I've been alive—and found that never before has a farm bill been this close to being passed and been blocked by House leadership. This is absolutely unacceptable.

Southern Minnesotans can't afford to deal with the uncertainty that follows out-of-date policy extensions or lame duck sessions. Lame, for sure.

Don't kick the can down the road. The Senate has passed a bill. The 2012 farm bill passed out of committee on July 12 with a bipartisan vote of 35-11, saving \$36 billion for the taxpayers.

My farmers in southern Minnesota are up before dawn working until after dark. We are leaving at noon today. We have 17 days between now and November 6 to work here in Washington. That is so unacceptable. No one will agree to that. Pass the farm bill. Pass it now.

U.N. ARMS TREATY VIOLATES U.S. CONSTITUTION

(Mr. POE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. POE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, the draft of the U.N. Arms Trade Treaty called ATT is an attempt by Third World countries to control guns worldwide, including personal firearms in the United States. Under the section of "scope," the treaty indicates that the covered items include small arms and light weapons. The language is so broad that nations are expected to track all weapons movements from the time they are manufactured until their destruction. The language is vague so that the treaty could be interpreted to restrict the ability of the U.S. to help arm its allies, like Taiwan and Israel.

The treaty presents a clear and present danger to the Second Amendment of the U.S. Constitution. It allows the U.N. to steal our liberty. It is unbelievable that this administration is even considering signing this document. The Senate should never approve it if the President signs onto it. The President should ignore the treaty because he took an oath to the U.S. Constitution, not to the U.N. charter.

And that's just the way it is.

CONDEMNING ANTI-SAFETY LEGISLATION

(Mr. HIGGINS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HIGGINS. Mr. Speaker, today the House will vote on legislation to block all new Federal regulations. I'm concerned that this bill would damage our ability to improve aviation safety, which the bipartisan western New York delegation has long promoted.

We fought alongside the families of Flight 3407, who lost loved ones in a

preventable air crash near Buffalo. Due to their passion and dedication, Congress passed historic aviation safety reforms 2 years ago. But this bill would prevent many of those reforms from becoming reality.

Our colleague, KATHY HOCHUL attempted to offer an amendment to protect these reforms from this moratorium. Inexplicably, the Rules Committee blocked her amendment. These reforms have the support of both parties, but now partisan politics is getting in the way of lifesaving regulations. I urge the defeat of this anti-safety legislation.

CONDEMNING THE ATROCITIES THAT OCCURRED IN AURORA, COLORADO

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to the order of the House of July 25, 2012, I call up the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 134) condemning, in the strongest possible terms, the heinous atrocities that occurred in Aurora, Colorado, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 134

Whereas, on July 20, 2012, an armed gunman opened fire at a movie theater in Aurora, Colorado, killing 12 and wounding 58 others;

Whereas many individuals at the theater selflessly sought to aid and protect others above their own safety;

Whereas the Aurora Police Department and the Aurora Fire Department quickly and bravely acted to prevent the additional loss of life; and

Whereas local, State, and Federal law enforcement, firefighter, and medical service professionals performed their duties with utmost skill and coordination: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That Congress—

(1) condemns, in the strongest possible terms, the heinous atrocities that occurred in Aurora, Colorado;

(2) offers its condolences to the families, friends, and loved ones of those who were killed in the attack and expresses its hope for the rapid and complete recovery of the wounded;

(3) applauds the hard work and dedication exhibited by the hundreds of local, State, and Federal officials and the others who offered their support and assistance; and

(4) honors the resilience of the community of the City of Aurora and the State of Colorado in the face of such adversity.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. WOMACK). Pursuant to the order of the House of Wednesday, July 25, 2012, the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. COFFMAN) and the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. PERLMUTTER) each will control 15 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. COFFMAN).

Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, we can never explain nor fully comprehend evil, but last Friday we were reminded of its existence. The face of evil emerged when a cold blood-

ed, calculating mass murderer trapped unsuspecting movie patrons packed in a darkened theater in my hometown of Aurora, Colorado.

Today, on the floor of the United States House of Representatives, we pause to again remember the victims of this horrendous crime and to honor the courage of so many who put their own lives at risk to limit the carnage.

The victims who lost their lives in the early morning hours of last Friday are: Veronica Moser, age 6; Alex Teves, age 24; Jessica Ghawi, age 24; Alex Sullivan, age 27; Matt McQuinn, age 27; Micayla Medek, age 23; John Larimer, age 27; A.J. Boik, age 18; Rebecca Wingo, age 32; John Blunk, age 26; Jesse Childress, age 29; Gordon Cowden, age 51.

Aurora is a proud suburban community, mostly of working class and middle class families, who share basic American values, the values of hard work, and of faith in God, and of family.

My family came to Aurora, Colorado, in 1964 when my father, a career soldier, was sent to Fitzsimmons Army Medical Center for his last assignment in the U.S. Army. Back then, Aurora was just a small town surrounded by three military bases. In the 1970s, Aurora transitioned away from being a military town, although it still has an Air Force base. Aurora has grown to become the third-largest city in the State of Colorado, with a population of over 300,000 residents. Aurora has also grown to become the most racially and ethnically diverse city in the State of Colorado.

Aurora has received the "All-American City Award" by the National League of Cities in recognition of being a community whose citizens work together to identify and tackle community-wide challenges and for having achieved uncommon results. A couple of weeks ago, I was at a meeting with the Aurora Board of Realtors where Mayor Steve Hogan was speaking. He proudly informed the audience that Aurora was ranked as the eighth-safest city of its size in the country.

□ 0920

No doubt we are still in shock and trying to understand why this happened to our community.

The theater where so many lost their lives and where so many were injured lies in the heart of our city. The vacant ground beside the theater has been designated by our city's planners to be the future site of the City Center.

Aurora will never be the same after this horrific act of evil that occurred last week, but the citizens of Aurora are caring and resilient, and a long process of healing has already begun. We will stand together and come back stronger than before this attack.

When I think of all the victims of this tragedy and how much our community has suffered, I am reminded by a refrain from a hymn that I have often sung in church:

And He will raise you up on eagle's wings,
Bear you on the breath of dawn,
Make you to shine like the sun,
And hold you in the palm of His hand.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Mr. Speaker, thank you for the opportunity the other day for us to have a moment of silence. I know it was important to the members of our delegation as well as to the people of our community in Aurora, Colorado, and the whole metropolitan area.

I had a chance to speak on Tuesday. I have a number of things to say, but I know each of us in our delegation bears a heavy heart as a result of all this, and I would like others to be able to share some of their thoughts.

With that, I yield 2 minutes to my friend from Boulder, Mr. POLIS.

Mr. POLIS. I want to thank my colleague, Mr. PERLMUTTER from Colorado, not only for bringing forward this resolution, but for spending time with those affected in the aftermath of this. I'd also like to thank President Obama for immediately changing his plans and coming to Colorado to express, on behalf of our Nation, grief and provide what comfort he could to the victims and their families.

I think one thing that's important for Americans to understand is Aurora is a community just like yours. My district is several miles from Aurora, but I've been to movies myself in Aurora. I drive through it frequently on the way to the airport.

This could be anywhere. It's a safe community. It's a community of loving families. It's a growing city. And the tragedy that occurred could have been at any one of our neighborhood theaters.

Going to the movie theater, an expression of innocent joy, something that people have grown up with for generations, the magic of the silver screen and lives torn apart, not only those who lost their lives tragically, not only those who were injured, some of whom remain in the hospital, but all the others that were terrified, scared in the other theater, in the other movie theaters that night, in the community at large, this was, in many ways, a crime against innocence and a crime against enjoyment and diversion. People turn to movies, turn to entertainment for a moment's respite, a moment's entertainment from their daily lives, and this tragic end really represents an end of innocence for so many people that were affected.

But so, too, we've seen many great heroes rise to the occasion: the courageous responders, the community of Aurora, Mayor Hogan, the families of those affected, and our criminal justice system. We all come together in difficult times. We all come together, and together with the love, respect, and support from American families across the country, the victims' families know that they're not alone, and that's important.

Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, I'd like to yield 4 minutes to the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. TIPTON).

Mr. TIPTON. I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, I think that we all struggle to be able to find words to be able to address a flash point in time in the city of Aurora to where we saw the absolute worst of humanity in the senseless slaughter of innocent people. But we also saw the best of humanity as people rose to be able to protect their loved ones, as we saw emergency service personnel rush to the scene to be able to operate in the hospitals where doctors and nurses fought valiantly to be able to preserve life.

As we look back on that day, we can't help but be reminded that too many lives were cut short, and chapters that were yet to be written needlessly and mindlessly were cut off.

The hearts of all Coloradans and, in fact, what we've seen demonstrated on this floor I think speaks to the heart of this country, as people rose as one to be able to express their empathy and their concern. We saw neighbors and strangers reaching out and helping hands all praying for that opportunity and ability to be able to find the right words, if there could ever be such words, to offer some modicum of comfort to those who suffered such a tragic loss.

This is a date that certainly our State and the people of Aurora will never forget. It has touched each and every one of our hearts, and you can not help but condemn, obviously, the act. But each one of us, I think, this day and for days, weeks, months, and years to come, will continue to offer up prayers for those who lost their lives, for the families that were affected, and our thanks, our thanks for those who showed such love and concern, and for all the emergency service personnel who were there to defend people who just were out for a good evening.

Mr. Speaker, I applaud this resolution and this Colorado delegation's standing together today to be able to express this and thank this House for the support that they've shown, as well, for the people of Colorado.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Mr. Speaker, I'd like to yield 3 minutes to DIANA DEGETTE, my friend from Denver, who had a number of constituents in the movie theater that evening.

Ms. DEGETTE. Mr. Speaker, I'd like to thank my dear friend and colleague, ED PERLMUTTER, for yielding to me.

This is a difficult week for all of us in Colorado.

There were two movie theaters in the Denver metro area that were showing this premiere at midnight last Thursday night. So there were people from all over the community in that theater there with their families and their friends, almost the entire employees of a restaurant in Colorado. They went to have a fun evening on a summer night. And tragedy, of course, struck that night unexpectedly to everybody.

I've been overwhelmed, as we all have in the delegation, by the support of the community for all of the victims of the shooting and their families.

□ 0930

The way the communities have come together—Aurora and Denver and Inglewood and all of the communities—has been a blessed thing to see for all of us.

No one can make sense of a tragedy like this, and the stories of heroism are still coming out every day. The stories of miracles—babies born just a day or two after in the same hospital where the father lies in a coma. Yet while we hear all of these stories of heroism and while we hear all of the stories of first responders rushing to the scene and helping within 90 seconds, in our heart we say: How can this happen and what can we do?

I did have a number of constituents in that theater, some who were just injured, some who were in the nearby theaters who will be scarred psychologically forever by this, a close friend of my daughter, and others. I had at least three constituents who were killed by this terrible crime. The little girl, Veronica Moser, age 6—whose mother, Ashley, lies in critical condition—Jessica Ghawi and Alex Teves. Our prayers and thoughts go out to all of them and their families.

It's wonderful to see my friends from the delegation here, the entire House delegation from Colorado. We consider ourselves to be close allies, although we often disagree on different issues.

I just want to say something to all of my colleagues and to everyone in this House, Mr. Speaker. We have now had, as of today, 25 moments of silence as respects victims of gun violence since the Columbine shooting. I was here for that too. We had two moments of silence just the other day, one for Aurora and one for the anniversary of the Capitol police officer who was killed 10 years ago today.

So we can have our debates, we can have our discussions, we can mourn for the victims, which is appropriate this week; but it is our challenge, as leaders of our State and leaders of our country, to go on from today and to say: What can we seriously do as a Nation to make sure that no tragedy of this scope or horror ever happens in this country again?

Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. LAMBORN).

Mr. LAMBORN. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank Representative MIKE COFFMAN and Representative ED PERLMUTTER for leading this time this morning.

Mr. Speaker, the fact that the entire delegation—bipartisan delegation—is here is just a small reflection of how the people of Colorado are coming together and the people of Aurora are coming together after this senseless tragedy.

We've heard a lot of stories of bravery, both on the parts of the first re-

sponders and the parts of everyday citizens. I want to tell a story of one of the victims.

I'd like to share the story of Caleb Medley. Caleb is from the small town of Florence, just south of Colorado Springs. Today, Caleb lies in a medically induced coma after being shot in the face. In the days since that horrific shooting, his wife, Katie, has given birth to their first child, Hugo.

Caleb spent his teen years in Florence; and after graduating from high school, he married his high school sweetheart, Katie. He went to work at a local grocery store. Like most people, he and Katie have big plans and dreams for their lives. From the time he was in eighth grade, Caleb has wanted to be a standup comedian. Katie wants to work in veterinarian medicine. The young couple moved to the Denver suburb of Aurora to pursue their dreams.

On July 18, just 2 days before the shooting, Caleb appeared at the Comedy Works and did well enough to advance to the next round. And he and his wife, Katie, were looking forward to their baby's birth a few days later. But before little Hugo could be born, Caleb and Katie made the fateful decision to go out one last night before becoming parents. According to a Web site that Caleb's family has posted, the two stood anxiously in line that night. They spent too much on popcorn and soda. They endured the movie trailers, and they watched the beginning of the movie. That's when evil struck. Evil came to them through a man that opened fire in that movie theater.

Katie and baby Hugo made it out uninjured, but Caleb was struck in the face by gunfire. Caleb has lost his right eye, has some brain damage, and doctors have put him in a medically induced coma.

So, Mr. Speaker, I ask that the people of America would be praying for Caleb and his family. We are pulling for you, Caleb, and for all the victims of this senseless tragedy.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. I thank my friend DOUG for describing in detail one of these injuries.

I'd like to introduce, Mr. Speaker, if I could, for the RECORD some brief biographical information of each of the victims who was killed: John Blunk, Alexander Jonathan "AJ" Boik, Jesse Childress, Gordon Cowden, Jessica Ghawi, John Larimer, Micayla Medek, Veronica Moser, Alex Sullivan, Alex Teves, and Rebecca Wingo, because I want our RECORD in this Congress to have their names and some information about them. And I appreciate you talking about somebody specifically.

These are hard moments for all of us. These are good people, and some very bad things happened to some very good people. But I want to talk about some of the positive aspects that came out of this dreadful night.

Thirteen years ago—DIANA DEGETTE mentioned Columbine—on the southwest side of my district I have Columbine, on the northeast side of my

district I have this theater. Colorado is a good place. I mean, all of us love where we come from. We've had some violent incidents that have taken our innocence, as Mr. POLIS has said. We heal from these things, but you're never quite the same. You're never quite the same. But one of the positive aspects of that terrible incident 13 years ago at Columbine High School was that our law enforcement, our first responders, our police, our firefighters, our medical teams learned some real lessons.

We have, in the Aurora area, a community college called Aurora Community College, where we have gone through a number of exercises to deal with a mass casualty incident such as this, where the police, the fire, law enforcement agencies from across our communities—Denver, Adams, Arapahoe Counties—work together with the CU Medical School to address these kinds of incidents, and the chief of police, Dan Oates, who deserves a higher place in heaven for the way he has managed this terrible time on behalf of law enforcement. They've prepared and prepared and prepared. Unbelievably, this terrible tragedy happened, but because of that preparation, because of what we had gone through before and the terrible lessons we learned, lives were saved. There's no question about it; lives were saved that otherwise would have been lost.

I want to applaud, again, the Aurora police, the Aurora firefighters, the medical teams—casualties were taken to six or seven different hospitals in our area—but they all did an outstanding job. The dispatchers, can you imagine all the 911 calls that came in that night. We want to thank them.

We want to thank the FBI. Jim Yacone, who is our bureau chief, was outstanding on behalf of the Federal response to deal both with the shootings that occurred in the theater and the elaborate booby trap that was set in this apartment—that I drive by at least once a week—right across from the University of Colorado. This is something that we will heal from, but we will never be the same.

And I just want to thank the Aurora schools, which provided a place of safety for all of these individuals to go at the time of this incident.

□ 0940

I want to thank the ministerial alliance. As Mr. COFFMAN said, this is a community of great faith, and our churches and our synagogues have responded in a tremendous fashion to the sorrow that we all feel.

There are many stories, some beautiful ones. The President shared one.

Before I go further, Mr. Speaker, can I inquire as to the time on both sides, because I know I have a couple of other speakers that would like to speak.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Colorado (Mr. PERLMUTTER) has 4½ minutes. The gentleman from Colorado (Mr. COFFMAN) has 4 minutes remaining.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. I would just mention the story, and this is one that I'm so proud of people from Colorado. There were two young women in the back of the theater when the gentleman came in and threw a tear gas canister across the theater. And the taller of the two noticed that it really was something other than a smoke bomb and a stunt, and she stood up to warn people, and she was shot in the neck immediately.

Blood started to spurt out. Her smaller friend pulled her down, compressed that wound, and the older one said something, or the one who'd been shot said something like you need to leave, you need to get out of here. And her friend said, I'm not leaving without you, and continued to press.

The police responded very quickly, but it probably seemed like an eternity. But the young lady who was shot in the neck is on the mend and is going to recover fully, and her friend, basically, saved her life, and the quick actions of the police and the fire department.

So despite these terrible losses that we've suffered, and there are so many heartbreaking stories, there are some heartwarming stories as well.

With that, I reserve the balance of my time.

JULY 20, 2012 AURORA THEATER SHOOTING
VICTIMS

REBECCA WINGO, 32

Steve Hernandez wrote, "I lost my daughter yesterday to a mad man, my grief right now is inconsolable, I hear she died instantly, without pain, however the pain is unbearable." Friends said Saturday that Wingo's parents also posted a message about Wingo's death on Wingo's own Facebook page. That page shows a picture of two young girls. A friend, Gail Riffle, brought two teddy bears, one pink and one white, to the memorial site near the movie theater for Wingo's daughters, as well as roses for Wingo's parents. "Everybody is hurting right now," Riffle said. "She was a gentle, sweet, beautiful soul." Rebecca Wingo listed Joe's Crab Shack as her employer on Facebook, and a manager at the restaurant in Aurora confirmed Wingo worked there. He deferred comment to the restaurant's corporate office, which is closed on Saturday. Rebecca Wingo had been enrolled at the Community College of Aurora since fall 2009 and had been working toward an associate of arts degree.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Funeral: Friday, July 27, 2012—TBD.

JON BLUNK, 26

Jon Blunk, 26, was shot to death in the Aurora Theater while trying to protect his girlfriend, Jansen Young. Jon Blunk went to Proctor Hug High School in Reno. After his 2004 high school graduation, he enlisted in the Navy and served aboard the USS Nimitz in San Diego. Blunk left the Navy and moved to Colorado in 2009. He had been working at a hardware store at the time of the theater shooting.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Funeral: Friday, August 3, 2012—1:00 pm PDT, Mountain View Mortuary, 425 Stoker Avenue, Reno, NV 89503.

Note: Full military funeral and burial.

The viewing which will only be attended by family and not advertised will be on Thursday, August 2nd from 11 am–5 pm.

ALEXANDER JONATHAN "AJ" BOIK, 18

AJ Boik was being remembered Saturday as a talented and kind man who enjoyed baseball, making pottery and music. Boik's plans included attending Rocky Mountain College of Art and Design in the fall. His family said his dream was to become an art teacher and open his own studio. "AJ Boik was a wonderful, handsome and loving 18-year-old young man with a warm and loving heart," the family said in a statement. Survived by mother Theresa Hoover; father Jon Boik; brother Wil Boik; grandparents Bill & Sue Hoover, Cora Lou Tarrant and Emil Boik; numerous aunts, uncles, cousins and friends.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Visitation: Thurs., 1:00–5:30 pm, Horan & McConaty Family Chapel, 11150 E. Dartmouth Ave., Aurora.

Funeral: Friday, July 27, 2012—10 am MDT, Queen of Peace Catholic Church, 13120 E Kentucky Ave, Aurora.

Memorial Donations suggested to the A.J. Boik Memorial Fund, c/o Wells Fargo Bank. Share condolences at HoranCares.com.

JESSE CHILDRRESS, 29

Jesse Childress, 29, Air Force Reservist, lived in Thornton, CO. Jesse worked as a cyber systems operator and was on active duty at Buckley Air Force Base. He loved sports and comic books, friends say. Nearly every day of the week, Jesse Childress spent his evenings playing sports with friends. Monday it was softball. Tuesday it was bowling. Another night, it was flag football.

The base released a statement Saturday: "This tragic event has affected everybody here at Buckley Air Force Base and our local community friends and neighbors," base commander Col. Daniel Dant said in a statement. "We are deeply saddened by the loss of each and every loved one." According to the Air Force Reserve Command, Childress worked as a cyber systems operator and was currently on active duty.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Funeral: Saturday, July 28, 2012—12:00 pm MDT—Base Chapel, Buckley Air Force Base—Aurora, CO.

Following the funeral, there will be a procession to Ft Logan where the interment will take place at 3:00 pm MDT. There are also plans in works for a reception back at the base (not sure if at the chapel or LDC at this time) somewhere around 5:00 pm–6:00 pm MDT, no firm plans are in place yet.

GORDON W. COWDEN, 51

Gordon Ware Cowden was born on November 17, 1960 in Waco, Texas. Father of Kristian, Weston, Brooke and Cierra; son of George and Mollie; brother of Graves, George (Shirley), Gaylynn (Ken) Kendall. He is also survived by the mother of his children Melisa. Cowden is the son of former Texas State Representative George M. Cowden, according to the Austin Statesman. Cowden had taken his two teenage children to the theater the night of the shooting. The teenagers escaped unharmed.

Gordon W. Cowden, 51 of Aurora, Colorado, was the oldest of the victims killed.

His family released this statement: "Loving father, outdoorsman and small business owner, Cowden was a true Texas gentleman that loved life and his family. A quick witted world traveler with a keen sense of humor, he will be remembered for his devotion to his children and for always trying his best to do the right thing, no matter the obstacle."

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Funeral: Wednesday, July 25, 2012—11 am MDT, Pathways Church, 1595 Pearl Street, Denver, CO.

Please share memories at HoranCares.com.

JESSICA GHAWI, 24

Jessica Ghawi was an up-and-coming sportscaster who loved hockey. Jessica Ghawi, 24, grew up a hockey fan in football-crazed Texas. She followed that passion to Colorado to forge a career in sports journalism. It probably took her to Toronto, where she walked out of a shopping-mall food court moments before a gunman shot seven people. Writing as Jessica Redfield in a June 5 blog entry, she described how the experience reminded her "how blessed I am for each second I am given."

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Funeral: Saturday, July 28, 2012—10 am CDT, Community Bible Forever New Church, 2477 North Loop 1604 East, San Antonio, TX.

Church staffers said they do not have any information on whether the event will be open to the public. They plan an announcement with more details by Wednesday.

JOHN LARIMER, 27

Petty Officer Third Class John Thomas Larimer was among those killed in the attack at an Aurora movie theater. Larimer, 27, joined the Navy in June 2011 and was a cryptology technician third class. For the past year, he had been stationed at the U.S. Fleet Cyber Command station at Buckley Air Force Base in Aurora. "I am incredibly saddened by the loss of Petty Officer John Larimer," Cmdr. Jeffrey Jakuboski, Larimer's commanding officer, said in a statement. "He was an outstanding shipmate. A valued member of our Navy team, he will be missed by all who knew him." Larimer was from Crystal Lake, Ill., a suburb of Chicago. He wanted to be deployed for two simple reasons: He wanted to protect his country, and he wanted to save others from danger and harm.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

The family of the Navy Intelligence officer is planning a public visitation from 3 to 9 p.m. July 27 at the Davenport Family Funeral Home in Crystal Lake, Ill.

His funeral and burial will be private.

MATT MCQUINN, 27

As a gunman calmly walked up the aisle of the Aurora movie theater Friday firing at moviegoers, McQuinn dove on top of Samantha Yowler. Her brother Nick Yowler, 32, also tried to shield her, said Robert L. Scott, attorney for both the McQuinn and Yowler families. Samantha Yowler, 27, was shot in the knee. Her brother escaped without injury. But McQuinn, from St. Paris, Ohio, was not as fortunate. Matt McQuinn graduated from Vandalia-Butler High School in 2004. He met Yowler while the two were working at a Target store in Springfield, according to the Dayton Daily News. In November, the couple transferred to a Target store in Denver, joining Yowler's brother who had lived in Colorado for the past few years.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Visitation: Friday, July 27, 2012—2-4 pm & 6-8 pm EDT, Maiden Lane Church of God, 1201 Maiden Lane Springfield, OH 45504.

Funeral: Saturday, July 28th—10am EDT, Maiden Lane Church of God, 1201 Maiden Lane Springfield, OH 45504.

His burial will be at Lawrenceville Cemetery in Clark County.

MICAYLA MEDEK, 23

On her Facebook page, Micayla Medek, 23, identified herself as a Subway sandwich artist. A graduate of William C. Hinkley High School in Aurora, she said she was a member

of the class of 2015 of the Community College of Aurora. "I'm a simple independent girl who's just trying to get her life together while still having fun," she wrote. She is survived by her parents, Greg and Rena; brother, Shane; sister, Amanda; grandparents, Laurin and Marlene Knobbe; grandmother, Caroline Medek; and numerous other relatives and friends.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Visitation: Wednesday, July 25, 2012 from 2 pm to 9 pm MDT, Newcomer Funeral Home & Crematory, 190 N. Potomac, Aurora, CO.

Funeral: Thursday, July 26, 2012—11 am MDT, New Hope Baptist Church, 3701 Colorado Blvd., Denver, CO.

VERONICA MOSER, 6

Veronica Moser will always be six years old. The "vibrant, excitable" blond-haired, blue-eyed little girl, who was bragging four days ago about learning how to swim, was one of the 12 people who died in the Aurora theater shooting. Ashley Moser, Veronica's mother, remains in critical condition at Aurora Medical Center. The 25-year-old was shot in the neck, and doctors are unable to remove the bullet. Moser also suffered a gunshot wound in the abdomen. She passes in and out of consciousness, Dalton said, and does not yet know that her daughter has died. Doctors said that Moser, who was recently accepted to medical school, will hopefully recover with some use of her hands, Dalton said.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

No details as of 7/25/12.

ALEX SULLIVAN, 27

Alex Sullivan, 27, was celebrating his birthday with co-workers from Red Robin restaurant at the midnight showing of "The Dark Knight" when he was killed. Sullivan was also about to celebrate his one-year wedding anniversary. "The Sullivan family lost a cherished member of their family today," a release from the family said. "Alex was smart, funny, and above all loved dearly by his friends and family."

Tina Desautels from APWU let us know Alex Sullivan is the son of a postal worker in Aurora—Tom Sullivan.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Visitation (Public): Thursday, July 26, 2012 from 12 pm to 4 pm MDT at The Heartlight Center, 11150 E. Dartmouth Avenue, Aurora, CO.

Funeral: Friday, July 27, 2012—TBD.

ALEX TEVES, 24

Shooting victim Alex Teves, 24, recently earned his master's degree in counseling psychology from the University of Denver. A friend, identified only as Caitlin on Twitter, posted messages on the social media network early Friday from the Century 16 theater, and wrote on Twitter early Saturday that Teves was, "One of the best men I ever knew. The world isn't as good a place without him." She also described Teves as a fan of the University of Arizona and Spider-Man. A University of Denver spokeswoman said Teves, from Phoenix, Ariz., graduated in June. An official notice of Teves' death will be sent to the University of Denver community later Saturday. Teves' personal Facebook page lists him as a 2010 graduate of the University of Arizona, and a 2006 graduate of Desert Vista High School in Phoenix.

MEMORIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

The Teves family is planning to hold memorial services in Arizona and New Jersey, however more specific details have not yet been released.

Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, I too rise in support of Mr.

PERLMUTTER's comments in relationship to our own Aurora Police Department, as well as all the other law enforcement entities that have helped in this terrible tragedy.

I now yield as much time as he may consume to the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. GARDNER).

Mr. GARDNER. I thank the gentleman from Aurora for yielding time to share today, and thank the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. PERLMUTTER) for your leadership and your comfort and encouraging words during an incredible tragedy.

And to the President, thank you for sharing your love with Colorado, as well as to Governor Hickenlooper for the leadership that he has provided throughout this past week.

This Chamber has seen its incredible days of victories, of celebrations, of great triumphs for this country. And today we discuss a resolution that talks about one of our Nation's great tragedies. And so we join together as a delegation to talk about an event that we, in Colorado, know we will not let remain a tragedy, but will turn into remembrance of those who are good in our State and our country.

We oftentimes in Colorado forget because of the great beauty of our State that sometimes the hearts of all people don't match that beauty. But as we sat at the prayer vigil this past Sunday and looked out as the rays of sun broke through the clouds, on the choir, on the many people of faith who had gathered, we know that this one dark moment in history will be matched by far greater light. And it's our obligation to make sure that that indeed happens.

As a father, I can't imagine the great loss of families and friends, the victims of this horrendous crime. And our hearts, our prayers, our thoughts go with them as we build a stronger community going forward.

The many people of faith who have prayed, the people in this body who have shared their prayers and thoughts with the community of Colorado remind me of a passage in the book of Matthew, where Jesus went out onto the lake in the middle of a storm with his disciples, and he looked out upon the stormy waters and he said, peace be still. And we ask that those who are troubled, those whose hearts are yet to heal, we ask for the peace that we all so desperately need.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the leader, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. PELOSI).

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, I thank Mr. PERLMUTTER for yielding, and I'm very sad to join my colleagues in expressing the deepest sympathies of the House of Representatives to the families and loved ones of the victims in Aurora, Colorado, and to the entire community as it grapples with its grief.

My colleagues have spoken very movingly from the standpoint of faith; and, hopefully, that faith will be a comfort to those who are affected.

As you know, Mr. Speaker, when we learned of this tragedy, the President ordered flags to be flown at half staff for 1 week to commemorate the tragedy that Aurora, these individual families, and our country had suffered. That was done as a mark of respect for the 12 innocent victims of the senseless violence and for all who were affected.

Of the victims who were murdered, and that's just the word that day, the vast majority were very young people. The one, Gordon Cowden, was a father in his fifties—well, that seems young to me; the others were very young—whose last words to his daughters were to tell them he loved them.

Each of them has a story that deserves to be told. Each was beloved. Each left home with a different expectation of what would happen that evening, and so did the rest of the country.

Several died protecting their loved ones, including John Blunk, Alex Teves and Matt McQuinn. Alex Sullivan was about to celebrate his 1-year wedding anniversary, and that was the celebration, going out to the movies.

A.J. Boik had just graduated from high school. Jessica Ghawi dreamed of being a sports journalist. Micayla Medek and Rebecca Wingo were pursuing their futures at community college.

Two victims, Jesse Childress and John Larimer, were Active Duty military personnel. They signed up to risk their lives for our country to protect our freedom. Who could have ever thought that they would lose their lives going to the movies?

And as a child, Veronica Moser will now forever be remembered as the 6-year-old. What a sad tragedy.

Most of us here in this body are parents and grandparents, and in STENY's case, a great-grandparent, and every person knows the feeling of sending a child off to a movie with their friends, the excitement of an opening night, and then the worry when the minutes tick by and someone hasn't come home.

It is with heavy hearts that we send our thoughts and prayers to the many grieving today, and we continue to pray—thank you for taking us down that path; we continue to pray for the healing of those who survived, both their physical pain and their emotional scars. That's probably the hardest.

We send our gratitude to our first responders. Within minutes, when minutes counted, when seconds counted, they responded with bravery and with professionalism.

In the words of this resolution, the Congress "honors the resilience of the community of the City of Aurora and the State of Colorado in the face of such adversity."

May you feel the support and love and prayers of our Nation. May those tragically taken from us be honored and remembered. May time heal our grief.

I hope it is a comfort to those who are affected by this tragedy, who lost

loved ones, or have injuries in their families, that so many people throughout the world mourn their loss and are praying for them at this sad time.

□ 0950

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on House Concurrent Resolution 134.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Colorado?

There was no objection.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Mr. Speaker, I again inquire about the balance of time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Colorado (Mr. PERLMUTTER) has 2½ minutes remaining.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. HOYER).

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman from Colorado, who has been so involved and so eloquent in expressing the grief that his constituents share, as have been all the Members from Colorado on either side of the aisle who have come together to share this grief.

Mr. Speaker, when tragedy of this kind strikes, our hearts go out to those whose lives were cut short and to those who lost loved ones. In the aftermath of this shooting, we have seen both an outpouring of love and support for the victims and their families and a quickness to point out what might have been done differently. That is our nature as Americans—always seeking answers, searching for corrective action, for a measure of logic amid the irrational.

But the first question we ought to ask and is already being asked is: How can we draw closer as a community? Not just the community of Aurora, but the community of Americans.

As President Obama said on Friday:

If there's anything to take away from this tragedy, it's the reminder that life is very fragile. And what matters at the end of the day is not the small things; ultimately, it's how we choose to treat one another and how we love one another.

I would add it is also how we commit to live with one another as neighbors.

We may not share the same faith or politics or philosophy, but we do share a fundamental belief that our people should feel safe in our theaters and malls and schools, in their homes and on the streets—wherever they go. And, today, we share the pain of the people of Aurora.

But we also share in the hope that the city whose name is the "dawn" will find in our sympathy and prayers the comfort it needs during this dark hour to begin the process of healing and to believe again in a brighter tomorrow.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. I would just like to end, Mr. Speaker, by thanking my friends—and they are my friends—and colleagues from Colorado.

From all of us, Aurora and everybody who has been so affected by this senseless act, we are praying for you. We love you.

This act actually affected people from one coast to the other. A lot of people from all over the Nation were there. In fact, at the time, from a nearby military base, there were 53 members of our military—Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marines—who were in that theater that night. This is something that touches us all, something that we will all remember. We will heal. Let's hope and pray something like this doesn't happen again.

With that, I yield back the balance of my time.

THE SENSE TO FIND . . .
(By Albert Carey Caswell)

The . . .
The sense to find . . .
As now we so ask why?
So ask why?
All in our hearts and minds . . .
Hearts and minds!
As the tears we find . . .
We find!
All because of this most evil crime . . .
For all of those most precious lost lives . . .
Lost lives!
And for all of those injured who must now so
rebuild their lives!
The tears we find!
As all of those smiles so come to mind . . .
And all of that pain these families must now
so carry until the end of time!
Of all of those lost loved ones and their most
precious lost lives!
Precious lives!
As it's here we so ask why?
Ask why?
For where does the answer lie?
So lie!
All in that old age question, that rhyme!
Of Good versus Evil, as old as mankind!
Goodness . . . Evil . . . Darkness . . . Light!
This battle, this endless fight!
To bring the light!
As we so ask why?
Ask why?
All in your hearts this night!
Take these words of hope to but bring the
light!
That still, the darkness is but no match for
The Light!
For The Light!
For hope and love, will ever so rise above all
of this blight!
This blight!
Let not all in your pain and heartache, let
not escape!
The strength to so find!
For hate is hard!
It makes me cry!
When, I see those tears in your families'
eyes!
As we so try to the sense to find . . .
To find!
But, take comfort all in your hearts and
minds . . .
Hearts and minds!
All in your souls now so very deep down in-
side!
As up to Heaven, all of these twelve innocent
souls have now so taken flight!
Taken flight!
To Heaven find, to become Angels with our
Lord on high!
As all in our Lord's arms they now so lie!
This very night!
As from your most swollen eyes the tears
you now so wipe!
So wipe!
So find the sense to find!

And say a prayer for all of them,
and all of those, and their loved ones who
now so cry!

So cry!

Whose pain shall not so die!

So die!

And somehow find the strength,

all in what their short lives so meant!

All in the hope and light,

that over evil . . . the goodness so burns
bright!

Burns bright!

To the sense to find,

upon this very night!

The sense to find!

As we lay their sacred bodies so down to rest!

Amen!

Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mrs. CAPPS. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H. Con. Res. 134 and in support of the greater Denver community in the wake of the Aurora, Colorado tragedy.

Twelve lives have been lost, 58 injured, and countless others affected by the shooting in Aurora, Colorado on July 20, 2012.

This horrible crime reminds us that our time here is short, and that while we cannot always prevent senseless acts of violence, families, friends and neighbors can come together as a community to honor those we have lost, celebrate those who are still with us, and resolve to do all we can to prevent future violence.

The Aurora community has exemplified this spirit of resiliency in the wake of tragedy, and is truly an inspiration for all of us.

While we know not every senseless act of violence can be avoided, we can—and must—work every day to treat each other with decency and genuine respect.

And I hope that this act of violence will not just sit on a page in our history books, but be a catalyst for the important conversations we have avoided all too long.

There is more that we can do to protect our families and communities from gun violence.

There is more that we can do to support our mental health care systems—both to avert future violence and to support those who are touched by it.

And there is more that we can do to create a culture of tolerance and understanding.

We stand together across our nation, knowing we are not grieving alone, and that others share our outrage at violent actions and violent rhetoric.

As the Denver community heals from this senseless tragedy, please know that you are in the thoughts and prayers of all Americans.

Mr. HOLT. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H. Con. Res. 134 to condemn in the strongest possible terms the heinous atrocities that occurred in Aurora, Colorado.

But future generations will condemn us if sole response to this massacre is the passage of this resolution.

As we watch the news from Colorado with horror and sympathy for the families, we should remember that each day more than 80 Americans are killed by gunfire, unnecessary tragedies. Arguments that gun safety legislation won't help the situation seem to me illogical or blindly ideological.

Earlier this week we held a moment of silence for the victims and their families. I hope Congress does not remain silent about the many things we can do to try to prevent such tragedies from occurring in the future. We must increase our attention to mental health

issues, we must support our local first responders with the tools and resources they need, and we must implement real and sensible gun control measures.

Mr. CONAWAY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to condemn the unspeakable acts that were carried out in a movie theater in Aurora, Colorado, on July 20, 2012.

I offer condolences on behalf of myself and the people of Texas District 11 to the innocent men, women, and children and their families who were victims of this cowardly act.

While the pain and anguish continues, the people of Aurora should know they are not alone in this time of suffering. The hearts, thoughts, and prayers of the people of Texas are with them.

The Lord's words can provide comfort in times of tragedy. I am reminded of Psalms 34, which says, "The Lord is close to the broken-hearted and saves those who are crushed in spirit." It is my fervent prayer that the Lord will be a constant comfort to the victims and families and that he will hold them close to him as he begins to heal their wounds in body and spirit.

May the Lord bless them with comfort in the face of senseless tragedy and peace in the face of unanswerable questions.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to the order of the House of Wednesday, July 25, 2012, the previous question is ordered.

The question is on the concurrent resolution.

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed without amendment a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 5872. An act to require the President to provide a report detailing the sequester required by the Budget Control Act of 2011 on January 2, 2013.

The message also announced that the Senate has passed a bill of the following title in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 285. An act for the relief of Sopuruchi Chukwueke.

RED TAPE REDUCTION AND SMALL BUSINESS JOB CREATION ACT

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 741 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 741

Resolved, That during further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4078) to provide that no agency may take any significant regulatory action until the unemployment rate is equal to or less than 6.0 percent, as amended, pursuant to House Resolution 783, the further amendment printed in section 2 of this resolution shall be considered as adopted in the House and in the Committee of the Whole.

SEC. 2. The amendment referred to in the first section of this resolution is as follows: In section 102(b), strike "employment" and insert "unemployment".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from North Carolina is recognized for 1 hour.

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE OFFERED BY MS. FOXX

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be amended by the amendment I have placed at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

That during further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4078) to provide that no agency may take any significant regulatory action until the unemployment rate is equal to or less than 6.0 percent, as amended, pursuant to House Resolution 738, the further amendment printed in section 2 of this resolution shall be considered as adopted in the House and in the Committee of the Whole.

SEC. 2. The amendment referred to in the first section of this resolution is as follows: In section 102(b), strike "employment" and insert "unemployment".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from North Carolina?

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, I think we should have an explanation here. The Clerk read the technical language; but as I understand it, what happened was that the bill that we were voting on yesterday and will vote on today has an error and gets "employment" and "unemployment" confused and that this is a bill that would correct the error in the bill that we debated yesterday.

So I wonder, why do we now need a unanimous consent? Are we correcting the correction? It's the old Latin phrase "Quis custodiet ipsos custodes?" which means, "Who guards the guardians?" I guess the question today is, Who corrects the correctors?

I would yield to the gentlewoman from North Carolina if she would explain why we had to get a bill to make a correction and why we now have to have a unanimous consent to probably correct the correction. What is the error? I guess I should ask, What is the error of the day? We know what yesterday's error was. What's today's error?

I yield to the gentlewoman.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, if I might respond to the gentleman from Massachusetts, I appreciate his asking the question because it gives us an opportunity to do a mea culpa. That's my ability to quote Latin this morning in response to the gentleman from Massachusetts.

Yes, there was a very minor error in the rule that was passed the day before yesterday, which was that two letters—the letter "U" and the letter "N"—were left off of one word.

□ 1000

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Reclaiming my time to say, if that's the

case, if the letters “U” and “N” were left out, knowing the animosity on that side to the U.N., I can understand why psychologically that would have happened.

I yield again to the gentlewoman.

Ms. FOXX. Then in preparing the correction for that, inadvertently two numbers were reversed in the number for the resolution.

I don't have a Latin quote from Murphy's law, but I would say that it appears as though, in the attempt to make one correction, unfortunately, another mistake was made. It was purely clerical errors, no nefarious intent.

We would like to move on in as expeditious a fashion as we possibly can because we know we and our colleagues are looking forward to a weekend of work at home, and we would like to move along and get this accomplished so we can get to the important work, the underlying bill.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, proceeding on my reservation, I appreciate the gentlewoman's mea culpa. She wasn't here at the time. I would note that it is my predecessor, the late Reverend Robert Drinan, S.J., who was better than I at responding to mea culpas. I won't be able wholly to deal with that.

I do think this is more than simply a double error. It's a matter of haste. I would take exception to the gentlewoman saying, well, it's important that we get this done right away. I think, frankly, the problem has been in these past couple of years, and to some extent before, we haven't met frequently enough. I understand people would like to get back to the districts they represent, but I think that this is emblematic of not having enough time to deal with things.

We are going to be voting, I think, on 20-something amendments today, important amendments on an important bill, that were debated for 10 minutes each late into yesterday evening, no proper airing of very controversial subjects. Indeed, I think this is what happens when you try to do too much too soon.

People on the other side were critical of some of the legislation we passed. The financial reform bill, they said it was too encompassing. But it went through a much more thorough process than this very controversial, even more comprehensive bill that we're dealing with today. The bill that we're dealing with today deals with every single subject that comes before this Congress because it would put severe restrictions on the adoption of regulations about financial reform, about health, about the environment, about occupational safety, about transportation safety.

Yes, it is a problem when you try to do too much too soon. I do not impute any nefarious intent. Let me say under the House rules, you can't impute nefarious intent, even if you think there is some, and I don't think there is any.

So for two reasons, I don't impute that. But it does seem to me that this is an example of a flawed legislative process. We're doing this bill, which is kind of a big message bill.

I know there's a lot of criticism on the other side of the United States Senate, but the Senate passed an agricultural bill. This House isn't even going to take one up, a very important agricultural bill. The Senate passed a transportation bill. This House had to go along with a conference without any chance to deliberate on it. The Senate passed a postal reform bill to keep the postal service going, and this House can't take it up.

When we can't do the basic legislation that we should do and we do one of these broad message bills that's overly comprehensive and then we make mistakes, I think it's worth some notice.

Mr. ANDREWS. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. I yield to my colleague from New Jersey.

Mr. ANDREWS. I thank the gentleman and the gentlelady.

If I could speak on the gentleman's reservation, obviously there is no nefarious intent. There's no question about that. I would like the House to understand where we are procedurally.

It's my understanding that the House, yesterday, spent the better part of the day debating a bill which said that regulation should not take effect until unemployment hits 94 percent. Is that the gentleman's understanding?

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Apparently, that is what was in the bill. They said it was a typo, that the letters “U” and “N” were left out. I will say there is certain equality here. The day before yesterday, the mistake was letters, and today it's numbers. I suppose tomorrow it will be astrological signs.

I yield to the gentleman.

Mr. ANDREWS. I would assume that that flows from the fact that people didn't read the bill, because we debated yesterday for most of the day on a bill that erroneously said “regulations can't take effect until unemployment hits 94 percent.” The intention evidently was “until employment hits 94 percent.”

Then it's my understanding that we find ourselves at the present moment in a situation where the correcting rule that would have fixed the word “unemployment” to be “employment,” itself, has an error in it, that it refers to another bill by reference; is that correct?

And I yield to the gentlelady from North Carolina.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. It's my time. If the gentleman wants me to yield, I will yield.

First, I would note that the error was in the first substantive page. This was not buried somewhere deep in the bill. Just to reinforce the point that a lot of people didn't read the bill, that error was very much in the early part.

Mr. ANDREWS. If the gentleman would yield, my understanding is it was in the fourth paragraph of the bill.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Of the first substantive one.

If the gentleman wants me to, I would yield to the gentlewoman from North Carolina.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, we are all human beings. How ironic it is that our colleagues were here just a few minutes ago on the floor discussing the tragedy in Aurora, Colorado. That was as great an example of what great human beings and how bipartisan we can be in this Chamber. It's as great a bipartisan effort as I've seen in a long time. We know what to do as caring human beings, what to say in such situations. It's such a great example of how this body can operate. That group was given 40 minutes to talk about a great tragedy.

Now we're engaging in a gotcha situation over an insignificant issue for which we take the responsibility. I'm frankly embarrassed that the tenor of the conversation is going in this direction after the wonderful bipartisan effort we just saw on this floor. A mistake was made, and then in attempting to correct the mistake, an extraordinarily minor other mistake was made.

I would appeal to my colleagues on the other side of the aisle to say: We are human beings. We know how to forgive mistakes. Neither of these mistakes was made by a Member. We're quite willing to overlook mistakes like this in the past. I think in the spirit of comity, in the spirit that was established on this floor this morning, we should move on, get to the work that the American people sent us here for, and understand, as was quoted this morning by one of our colleagues, “our time is very precious.” Don't waste it by playing gotcha games. Think about what we discussed earlier.

Mr. POLIS and I will debate this rule, and we'll do it in a spirit of comity. That's the way I think we should be operating. Yes, we made a mistake. Yes, a second mistake was made. We acknowledge that. We accept it. Now we'd like to get on to the people's work.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. First, as with regards to the tragedy, of course we all come together. But the fact that we can celebrate tragedy does not mean that we put aside, in a democratic body, our legitimate differences. This is not simply a small mistake, but it is a small mistake in a bill that is about as partisan as it gets.

To make a plea for bipartisanship with this excessively partisan bill that is being put through in such a procedurally inappropriate fashion with major concerns about every aspect of the Federal Government, given 10 minutes of debate at 9 o'clock and 10 o'clock at night to be voted on, no, that's a mistake.

□ 1010

Secondly, as the gentleman from New Jersey and I have pointed out, it is not simply that a mistake was made, but

it's a mistake that would easily have been caught earlier if people had read the bill.

And I stress this because when we did some of the other legislation—financial reform, health care—there was constant repetition of the argument on the Republican side “You haven’t read the bill. Nobody’s read the bill.” Well, you haven’t read this bill, apparently, Mr. Speaker. At least not very many people have read it.

And blaming the staff, I never like to do that, because the staff prepares things, but Members sign off on it.

So, yes, we will proceed to this debate, but we are talking here about an indication, an overly broad bill given too little time for consideration. People on the other side—Members, apparently, didn’t read it. And that is not a small point. It is symptomatic of where we are.

I will yield briefly to my friend from New Jersey.

Mr. ANDREWS. I thank my friend for yielding.

I agree completely with the gentlelady that human mistakes are made, but that is not what this is about. And certainly the House should review—

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my unanimous consent request.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BASS of New Hampshire). The request is withdrawn.

The gentlewoman from North Carolina is recognized for 1 hour.

Ms. FOXX. For the purpose of debate only, Mr. Speaker, I yield the customary 30 minutes to the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. POLIS), pending which I yield myself such time as I may consume.

During consideration of this resolution, all time yielded is for the purpose of debate only.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from North Carolina?

There was no objection.

Ms. FOXX. To quote Rules Committee Chairman DREIER, “We are here playing out the 21st century version of the great Shakespearean play ‘Much Ado About Nothing.’”

House Resolution 741 provides for the adoption of the amendment referred to in the resolution which would correct the technical error in H.R. 4078, the Red Tape Reduction and Small Business Job Creation Act.

It’s very unfortunate that I must present this rule to the House today. The reason we are here is due to a typographical error. This innocent mistake could have been quickly and easily corrected through a unanimous consent agreement, but, tragically, the Democrat minority could not resist this opportunity to attempt to score political points.

Not a day goes by that I don’t hear from constituents disheartened by the

rigid partisanship emanating from Washington, D.C. This week, we had an opportunity to demonstrate the kind of cooperation the American people are craving without in any way compromising our principles. It’s a shame that the Democrats missed this opportunity, choosing, instead, to force this exercise in futility, tying up this House unnecessarily.

There’s not much more that needs to be said on this issue at this point, Mr. Speaker, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. POLIS. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentlelady for the time.

The bill before us here, referencing H.R. 783, is the Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2011. It is a bipartisan bill, sponsored by the gentlemen from Virginia, Mr. MORAN, ROB WITTMAN, BOBBY SCOTT, and GERRY CONNOLLY.

My party did intend to withdraw the objection and allow the change to proceed. Unfortunately, absent any change, we are still talking about a change to the Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2011.

This act extends Federal recognition to several tribes in Virginia and establishes their relationship with the Federal Government. The tribes that it establishes are the Chickahominy Tribe, the Chickahominy Indian Tribe-Eastern Division, the Upper Mattaponi Tribe, the Rappahannock Tribe, the Monacan Indian Nation, and the Nansemond Indian Tribe.

This makes members of those tribes who apply and enroll eligible for services and benefits provided by the Federal Government to federally recognized Indian tribes. It also requires the Secretary of the Interior to take the specified lands into trust for the benefit of those tribes.

This bill does have bipartisan support, and I think it’s a good thing that we’re taking up a bipartisan bill. We were willing to, again, withdraw our objection and allow a change to be made. The only problem now with the discussion of this bill is that the corresponding change indicated in the resolution doesn’t really make sense, as applied to this bill. Again, this is a bill that establishes several tribes, and yet a corresponding change is being made to the definition of the unemployment rate, which I can’t find in the bill.

So I would like to ask my colleague, Ms. FOXX, where in the bill is the reference to the unemployment rate that is being changed in this resolution?

Ms. FOXX. I believe that the Murphy’s law that was operating on our side of the aisle has skipped over, and the gentleman is referencing the wrong bill.

Mr. POLIS. Reclaiming my time, this is the bill that is referenced in the resolution that the Clerk read. I heard that. And I am here ready to discuss the Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2011, but I can’t find the corresponding change that this resolution makes.

I just would like to ask the gentlelady, where in the bill is the unemployment reference in this Thomasina Indian Tribes recognition bill?

Ms. FOXX. I believe, again, that the gentleman is referencing the wrong bill. We are dealing with House Resolution 741 at this point, and I believe the gentleman is on the wrong bill.

Mr. POLIS. Reclaiming my time, if I can ask the Clerk to read the current resolution before us.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the Clerk will report the resolution.

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the resolution.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, I think by having the Reading Clerk read this, we can see, as I said before, that, unfortunately, it appears that the mistakes have gone over to the other side of the aisle. As the gentleman would see, he was quoting the wrong resolution. We are dealing with changes to House Resolution 783.

Mr. POLIS. Reclaiming my time, again, looking at the THOMAS registry, H.R. 783 is called the Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker—

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Colorado controls the time.

Mr. POLIS. But let us get on to it.

Again, the corresponding change does not exist in the spirit of bipartisanship. I was informed that my party was willing to withdraw their objection to a change that would have made a proper reference in this resolution to a corresponding bill that made sense.

Absent that, the change does not make sense. I think it speaks to, again, the broader issue of: Why the great rush on a bill that is not an emergency bill by any sense of the word?

There are critical bills we face that we need to move quickly on. My goodness, the Senate just passed the middle class tax cut. If the House doesn’t pass a corresponding middle class tax cut, taxes will increase for tens of millions of American families on January 1. There should be, likewise, some urgency around reining in our budget deficit and balancing the budget. Likewise, there should be some degree of urgency about creating jobs and ending the recession, putting people back to work.

Here we have a bill, H.R. 4078, which, of course, is referenced under either version—the corrected or noncorrected version of this particular resolution—that is not a bipartisan bill. It’s a bill that, in Judiciary Committee, did not have any Democratic support.

□ 1020

It is a bill that the President has indicated he does not support. It is a bill that we have no indication from the Senate that they would proceed with or pass. And I fail to understand the urgency of moving forward so fast that we don’t only make—that there is not

only a mistake that was made in the original bill, but there is also a mistake apparently that was made in the correcting resolution, and there seems to be some uncertainty about whether we are even talking about a change to this bill or a Virginia tribe bill or an unemployment definition.

And again, I would fully understand that if this was an emergency situation that required this body to move forward on behalf of our Nation. If this was a last-minute deal and something was expiring at midnight, we would need to immediately correct that and move forward. And I don't think there would be any games from either side because that's for the importance of the country. But that's not the situation that we are facing here today.

Now the American people, unfortunately, have grown to expect inefficiency and ineffectiveness from the House of Representatives. But this set of errors, this comedy of errors here today, is really just icing on the cake.

The Republicans have put together a partisan, omnibus bill that they later find out had a typo. Then there was an effort to correct the typo, an effort that our side was willing to allow to move forward after briefly discussing. And then inexplicably, the Republicans decided not to correct the mistake. And now it is unclear whether we are talking about a tribal recognition bill or a nonexistent bill, a bill that has not been introduced. If there is no H. Res. 783, we are referencing a nonexistent bill, unless it references H.R. 783 from a previous session. But in any event, these matters need to be corrected before we can proceed in any manner. This is an example of how the House of Representatives is run of late.

There are many bipartisan, job-creating ideas that we can take up and we should take up on behalf of the country.

Instead, we have a partisan approach that lacks bipartisan support, an innocent error made in the bill, another innocent error made in correcting the error to the bill. And that leaves us in a quandary, frankly, because we are discussing a fix to a nonexistent bill that it is hard to debate or talk about because how can one be for or against a change to a nonexistent bill. And that puts all of us in a very difficult situation.

I'm sure, Mr. Speaker, the American public, even more so, the dismay that they show at this Congress, is only doubled and tripled, just throwing up their arms and saying, How are you even talking about a bill that makes reference to and changes a nonexistent bill which may or may not be a Virginia tribal bill, an underlying bill that is a partisan bill that confuses employment with unemployment?

So that's where we are, Mr. Speaker. We'll get through this together. We'll move forward as a country, but we can do better.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, I just have to point out to my colleague across the

aisle that he has added a whole act to this comedy of errors, a whole act.

I know that my colleague in his orientation must have learned the difference between bills and resolutions. Even though our staff attempted to help him and his staff understand this and save an embarrassment, we are not dealing with a House bill; we're dealing with House Resolution 783, which my colleague said does not exist. It is a resolution, House resolution. That is different, Mr. Speaker, from a House bill, which is an H.R., has an H.R. number. So, unfortunately, again my colleague has compounded the situation.

Mr. Speaker, I would like to take my colleague's offer—I hope he will fulfill his comment that they won't object to our getting this matter straight and moving on this morning so that we can get to the other business of the House. And with that, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. POLIS. Prior to yielding to the gentlelady from Connecticut, I just want to the ask the gentlelady from North Carolina, what is House Resolution 783? We're having trouble locating it.

I yield to the gentlelady.

Ms. FOXX. That does not exist, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. POLIS. Reclaiming my time, again, in the absence of an actual House Resolution 783, I thought perhaps it was an erroneous reference to H.R. 783. Again, it is unclear what we are debating, but I know that we have somebody here who wants to debate an important topic that is critical to the country.

I am happy to yield 3 minutes to the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO).

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Speaker, instead of debating whether we are going to have a resolution to fix a resolution or a resolution to fix a bill, what I want to urge is that what we do, that this House take up the middle class tax relief package that the Senate passed yesterday. So I rise to urge the House majority to bring to the floor the middle class tax cut that was passed in the Senate yesterday.

Let me just take a quote from The Washington Post yesterday, the headline: "Republicans want to raise taxes on the poor. Why?"

The tax cut plan passed yesterday by the Democrats in the Senate and supported by the President would provide tax cuts to 98 percent of Americans and 97 percent of small businesses in this country. Failure to pass this bill would mean 114 million middle class families would see their taxes increase, including 1.4 million in my State of Connecticut.

Yet, the House majority appears intent on holding these middle class tax cuts hostage to further tax cuts for the wealthiest people in this Nation. In fact, the House majority's reverse Robin Hood tax plan, which failed in the Senate yesterday, would raise taxes on middle class and working fam-

ilies in order to pay for even more breaks for the wealthiest Americans.

The majority's tax plan is unconscionable. In order to pay for an over \$160,000 tax break for millionaires, it would allow tax cuts to expire for 13 million working families and raise taxes on the most vulnerable households in America.

The Republican proposal would significantly weaken the child tax credit, leaving nearly 9 million families to lose an average of \$854, with a family with one full-time minimum wage earner and two children seeing their credit drop far more drastically, from \$1,812 to \$267. As a result, the families of 2 million children would be pushed back into poverty.

In addition, the Republican proposal would weaken the earned income tax credit, which supports low-income working families. This credit kept 8.3 million people out of poverty last year. The proposal would also prevent millions of families from getting help to pay for college through the American Opportunity Tax Credit. And all to pay for more tax breaks for the wealthiest families in this country.

This tax plan reveals the true colors of this House majority. They say they do not want to raise taxes on Americans in this economy, but their actions here speak louder than their rhetoric.

Again, a quote from an article yesterday in The New York Times:

Senate Republicans will press this week to extend tax cuts for affluent families scheduled to expire January 1, but the same Republican tax plan would allow a series of tax cuts for the working poor and the middle class to end next year.

□ 1030

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The time of the gentlewoman has expired.

Mr. POLIS. I yield the gentlewoman an additional 30 seconds.

Ms. DELAURO. There is a better way forward. Let's take up the bill that was passed by the Senate, a bill that provides continued tax relief for the vast majority of American families. Let's not hurt working class families with children who are struggling to get by in order to support tax breaks for the wealthiest few. Let's have this House majority bring up the Senate-passed middle class tax plan. Support tax relief for middle class and working families, and I thank the gentleman.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, I would like to inquire of my colleague if he believes that his side, in keeping with the theme of Shakespeare, has extracted their pound of flesh this morning? If so, we are ready to close.

Mr. POLIS. We have one remaining speaker.

Ms. FOXX. I will reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. POLIS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert the text of the amendment in the RECORD, along with extraneous material, immediately prior to the vote on the previous question.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Colorado?

There was no objection.

Mr. POLIS. If we defeat the previous question, I will offer an amendment to the rule to make in order an amendment which proposes that Congress will not adjourn until the President signs middle class tax cuts into law.

With that, I would like to yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from New York (Mr. TONKO).

Mr. TONKO. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Colorado for yielding time.

I would hope that the order of business on this floor is guided by priorities, the most essential priorities that are calling for this body to respond to the people of this great Nation, and in these difficult economic times to do it with a degree of urgency. But what is our order of business here today on the floor? Fixing a typo. That's what we're doing here this morning. We're fixing a typo in an election-year driven, politically motivated bill. But we are really wasting time and playing games. You see, our families and businesses are calling out for compromise, for confidence and for certainty. And this body has utterly failed to answer that call.

Just yesterday, the other Chamber passed a bill to guarantee the current tax rate for our middle class. If this bill fails to pass, taxes will go up on nearly everyone in this country.

But instead of passing the Senate bill, an extension of tax rates that nearly every single Member of this body supports, our order of business is an attempt to pass a rule on the underlying bill for a second time. Why? So that we can continue to hold the extension of middle class tax cuts hostage to enable the richest amongst us to get another Bush-era style tax handout.

Make no mistake. There is but a single roadblock in the way for the middle class right now—and that's the majority in this House. The other Chamber passed a bill. The President said he will sign that bill. And if just one of every 10 Republicans in this body stands with our side of the aisle, we can ensure certainty and confidence for our middle class.

Instead, it looks like we are heading down the road of yet another manufactured crisis. From government shutdowns to debt ceiling debacles to highway bill holdups, this body has consistently fallen short over the past year and a half.

So let's quit these games on the underlying bill. This is about more than a typo. It's about priorities, and it's about values. And right now, we must prioritize middle class tax cuts and provide the certainty and predictability that our American families so desperately deserve and need.

Ms. FOXX. I will continue to reserve, Mr. Speaker, the balance of my time.

Mr. POLIS. I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I didn't like this underlying bill in its original form. I voted against several components of it on Judiciary Committee, and it's a lost opportunity because there was real opportunity to do bipartisan regulatory reform. Both parties agree with streamlining government processes, reducing red tape, and helping important projects move forward, but that was the path not taken.

Unfortunately, this body is moving forward in a different way now. With the underlying flaw in the bill, I would imagine it would have very little support from either side of the aisle—namely, prohibiting agencies from promulgating regulation until employment reached, or unemployment, reached 94 percent, which is nonsensical. But even this new bill now, this correction to the bill, which corrects a nonexistent House Resolution 783, which, it has been indicated, needs to be changed. And there was an effort to do that, which was inexplicably withdrawn. No one from my party indicated that they planned to object; they simply reserved the right to object and find out what exactly was going on.

We have found out what is going on. Apparently, the Republicans need to change the resolution that is referenced in H. Res. 741. And I hope they do so. At the very least, then, this bill, while bad policy, will not be nonsensical as it is now, referencing a nonexistent bill. But consideration of all of this is the equivalent of fiddling while Rome burns.

Consideration of this rule and this bill and the change to the bill and the change to the rule that changed the bill is all a major time sink while the country has real needs, like a middle class tax cut, like investing in infrastructure and like creating jobs.

The only thing preventing tax cuts for 98 percent of Americans and 97 percent of small businesses from going into effect now is this House of Representatives. We should not hold these tax cuts hostage to a change to a bill and a change to a rule that changes a bill that doesn't exist. No—a change to a rule to a bill. Well, that's where we are today in the U.S. House of Representatives, Mr. Speaker. Frankly, Mr. Speaker, this country deserves better. I cannot support this wasteful rule or bill.

I urge a “no” vote on the rule and the underlying bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

We're faced here today with trying to correct a couple of very minor errors that have occurred. But my colleague wants us to violate the Constitution by bringing forth a bill from the Senate which the Constitution clearly says is the responsibility of the House, and legislation related to taxes must begin in the House, so I find it a little unsettling that our colleagues have urged us to take up a bill that they know would violate the Constitution. All we're

dealing with here are, again, some very minor clerical errors.

Mistakes happen. As silly and as embarrassing they are, but adults take responsibility for their mistakes, and that's what we're doing here. At the end of the day, we'll still pass a bill to cut down on a bloated bureaucracy and to allow small businesses to flourish.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MS. FOXX

Ms. FOXX. With that, Mr. Speaker, I move to amend the resolution with the amendment I have placed at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Page 1, line 5, strike “783” and insert “738”.

The material previously referred to by Mr. POLIS is as follows:

AN AMENDMENT TO H. RES. 741 OFFERED BY MR. POLIS OF COLORADO

At the end, add the following new sections:
SEC. 2. It shall not be in order to consider a concurrent resolution providing for adjournment or adjournment sine die unless the House has been notified that the President has signed a bill to extend for one year certain expired or expiring tax provisions that apply to middle-income taxpayers with income below \$250,000 for married couples filing jointly, and below \$200,000 for single filers, including, but not limited to, marginal rate reductions, capital gains and dividend rate preferences, alternative minimum tax relief, marriage penalty relief, and expanded tax relief for working families with children and college students.

SEC. 3. Following consideration of the amendments printed in part B of House Report 112-616 pursuant to House Resolution 738, there shall be pending in the Committee of the Whole an amendment described in section 4 as though it were printed as the last amendment in such part. That amendment shall be debatable for one hour equally divided and controlled by a proponent and an opponent.

SEC. 4. The amendment referred to in section 3 is an amendment proposing to add at the end of H.R. 4078 the text of S. 3412 as approved by the Senate on July 25, 2012.

(The information contained herein was provided by the Republican Minority on multiple occasions throughout the 110th and 111th Congresses.)

THE VOTE ON THE PREVIOUS QUESTION: WHAT IT REALLY MEANS

This vote, the vote on whether to order the previous question on a special rule, is not merely a procedural vote. A vote against ordering the previous question is a vote against the Republican majority agenda and a vote to allow the opposition, at least for the moment, to offer an alternative plan. It is a vote about what the House should be debating.

Mr. Clarence Cannon's Precedents of the House of Representatives (VI, 308-311), describes the vote on the previous question on the rule as “a motion to direct or control the consideration of the subject before the House being made by the Member in charge.” To defeat the previous question is to give the opposition a chance to decide the subject before the House. Cannon cites the Speaker's ruling of January 13, 1920, to the effect that “the refusal of the House to sustain the demand for the previous question passes the control of the resolution to the opposition” in order to offer an amendment. On March 15, 1909, a member of the majority party offered a rule resolution. The House defeated the previous question and a member of the

opposition rose to a parliamentary inquiry, asking who was entitled to recognition. Speaker Joseph G. Cannon (R-Illinois) said: "The previous question having been refused, the gentleman from New York, Mr. Fitzgerald, who had asked the gentleman to yield to him for an amendment, is entitled to the first recognition."

Because the vote today may look bad for the Republican majority they will say "the vote on the previous question is simply a vote on whether to proceed to an immediate vote on adopting the resolution . . . [and] has no substantive legislative or policy implications whatsoever." But that is not what they have always said. Listen to the Republican Leadership Manual on the Legislative Process in the United States House of Representatives, (6th edition, page 135). Here's how the Republicans describe the previous question vote in their own manual: "Although it is generally not possible to amend the rule because the majority Member controlling the time will not yield for the purpose of offering an amendment, the same result may be achieved by voting down the previous question on the rule When the motion for the previous question is defeated, control of the time passes to the Member who led the opposition to ordering the previous question. That Member, because he then controls the time, may offer an amendment to the rule, or yield for the purpose of amendment."

In Deschler's Procedure in the U.S. House of Representatives, the subchapter titled "Amending Special Rules" states: "a refusal to order the previous question on such a rule [a special rule reported from the Committee on Rules] opens the resolution to amendment and further debate." (Chapter 21, section 21.2) Section 21.3 continues: "Upon rejection of the motion for the previous question on a resolution reported from the Committee on Rules, control shifts to the Member leading the opposition to the previous question, who may offer a proper amendment or motion and who controls the time for debate thereon."

Clearly, the vote on the previous question on a rule does have substantive policy implications. It is one of the only available tools for those who oppose the Republican majority's agenda and allows those with alternative views the opportunity to offer an alternative plan.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time, and I move the previous question on the amendment and on the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on ordering the previous question on the amendment and on the resolution.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. POLIS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of adoption of the amendment and adoption of the resolution.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 235, nays 183, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 519]

YEAS—235

Adams	Alexander	Amodei
Aderholt	Amash	Austria

Bachmann	Griffin (AR)
Bachus	Griffith (VA)
Barletta	Grimm
Bartlett	Guinta
Barton (TX)	Guthrie
Bass (NH)	Hall
Benishek	Hanna
Berg	Harper
Biggart	Harris
Bilbray	Hartzler
Bilirakis	Hastings (WA)
Black	Hayworth
Blackburn	Heck
Bonner	Hensarling
Bono Mack	Herger
Boren	Herrera Beutler
Boustany	Huelskamp
Brady (TX)	Huizenga (MI)
Brooks	Hultgren
Broun (GA)	Hunter
Buchanan	Hurt
Bucshon	Issa
Buerkle	Jenkins
Burgess	Johnson (IL)
Burton (IN)	Johnson (OH)
Calvert	Johnson, Sam
Camp	Jones
Campbell	Jordan
Canseco	Kelly
Cantor	King (IA)
Capito	King (NY)
Carter	Kingston
Cassidy	Kinzinger (IL)
Chabot	Kline
Chaffetz	Labrador
Coble	Lamborn
Coffman (CO)	Lance
Cole	Landry
Conaway	Lankford
Cravaack	Latham
Crawford	LaTourrette
Crenshaw	Latta
Davis (KY)	Lewis (CA)
Denham	LoBiondo
Dent	Long
DesJarlais	Lucas
Diaz-Balart	Luetkemeyer
Dold	Lummis
Dreier	Lungren, Daniel
Duffy	E.
Duncan (SC)	Mack
Duncan (TN)	Manzullo
Ellmers	Marchant
Emerson	Marino
Farenthold	Matheson
Fincher	McCarthy (CA)
Fitzpatrick	McCaul
Flake	McClintock
Fleischmann	McHenry
Fleming	McKinley
Flores	McMorris
Forbes	Rodgers
Fox	Meehan
Franks (AZ)	Mica
Galleghy	Miller (FL)
Gardner	Miller (MI)
Gerlach	Miller, Gary
Gibbs	Mulvaney
Gibson	Murphy (PA)
Gingrey (GA)	Myrick
Gohmert	Neugebauer
Goodlatte	Noem
Gosar	Nugent
Gowdy	Nunes
Granger	Nunnelee
Graves (GA)	Olson
Graves (MO)	Palazzo

NAYS—183

Altmire	Capuano
Andrews	Carnahan
Baca	Carney
Baldwin	Carson (IN)
Barber	Castor (FL)
Barrow	Chandler
Bass (CA)	Chu
Becerra	Cicilline
Berkley	Clarke (MI)
Berman	Clarke (NY)
Bishop (GA)	Clay
Bishop (NY)	Cleaver
Blumenauer	Clyburn
Bonamici	Cohen
Boswell	Connolly (VA)
Brady (PA)	Conyers
Bralley (IA)	Cooper
Brown (FL)	Costa
Butterfield	Costello
Capps	Courtney

Paul	Fattah
Paulsen	Filner
Pearce	Frank (MA)
Pence	Frelinghuysen
Petri	Fudge
Pitts	Garamendi
Platts	Gonzalez
Poe (TX)	Green, Al
Pompeo	Green, Gene
Posey	Grijalva
Price (GA)	Gutierrez
Quayle	Hahn
Reed	Hanabusa
Rehberg	Hastings (FL)
Reichert	Heinrich
Renacci	Higgins
Ribble	Himes
Rigell	Hinchee
Rivera	Hinojosa
Roby	Hochul
Roe (TN)	Holden
Rogers (AL)	Holt
Rogers (KY)	Honda
Rogers (MI)	Hoyer
Rohrabacher	Israel
Rokita	Johnson (GA)
Rooney	Johnson, E. B.
Ros-Lehtinen	Kaptur
Roskam	Kildee
Ross (FL)	Kind
Royce	Kissell
Ryunan	Kucinich
Ryan (WI)	Langevin
Scalise	Larsen (WA)
Schilling	Larson (CT)
Schmidt	Lee (CA)
Schock	Levin
Schweikert	Lewis (GA)
Scott (SC)	Lipinski
Scott, Austin	Loeb sack
Sensenbrenner	Lofgren, Zoe
Sessions	Lowey
Shimkus	
Shuler	
Shuster	
Simpson	
Smith (NE)	
Smith (NJ)	
Smith (TX)	
Southerland	
Stearns	
Stutzman	
Sullivan	
Terry	
Thompson (PA)	
Thornberry	
Tiberi	
Tipton	
Turner (NY)	
Turner (OH)	
Upton	
Walberg	
Walden	
Walsh (IL)	
Webster	
West	
Westmoreland	
Whitfield	
Wilson (SC)	
Wittman	
Wolf	
Womack	
Woodall	
Yoder	
Young (AK)	
Young (FL)	
Young (IN)	

Lujan	Ruppersberger
Lynch	Rush
Maloney	Ryan (OH)
Markey	Sanchez, Linda
Matsui	T.
McCarthy (NY)	Sanchez, Loretta
McCollum	Sarbanes
McDermott	Schakowsky
McGovern	Schiff
McIntyre	Schrader
McKeon	Schwartz
McNerney	Scott (VA)
Michaud	Scott, David
Miller (NC)	Serrano
Miller, George	Sewell
Moore	Sherman
Moran	Sires
Murphy (CT)	Slaughter
Nadler	Smith (WA)
Napolitano	Speier
Neal	Stark
Oliver	Sutton
Owens	Thompson (CA)
Pallone	Thompson (MS)
Pascrell	Tierney
Pastor (AZ)	Tonko
Pelosi	Towns
Perlmutter	Tsongas
Peters	Van Hollen
Peterson	Velázquez
Pingree (ME)	Visclosky
Polis	Walz (MN)
Price (NC)	Wasserman
Quigley	Schultz
Rahall	Waters
Rangel	Watt
Reyes	Waxman
Richardson	Welch
Richmond	Wilson (FL)
Ross (AR)	Woolsey
Rothman (NJ)	Yarmuth
Roybal-Allard	

NOT VOTING—13

Ackerman	Fortenberry	Jackson Lee
Akin	Garrett	(TX)
Bishop (UT)	Hirono	Keating
Cardoza	Jackson (IL)	Meeks
Culberson		Stivers

□ 1104

Ms. MCCOLLUM and Ms. WOOLSEY changed their vote from "yea" to "nay."

Messrs. HUELSKAMP, GRIFFIN of Arkansas, DREIER, LUETKEMEYER, NUNNELEE, Mrs. EMERSON, and Mr. KING of Iowa changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the previous question was ordered. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the resolution, as amended.

The resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 738 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 4078.

Will the gentleman from Idaho (Mr. SIMPSON) kindly take the chair.

□ 1106

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4078) to provide that no agency may take any significant regulatory action

until the unemployment rate is equal to or less than 6.0 percent, with Mr. SIMPSON (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose on Wednesday, July 25, 2012, a request for a recorded vote on amendment No. 25 printed in part B of House Report 112-616 by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. POSEY) had been postponed.

Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments printed in part B of House Report 112-616 on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:

Amendment No. 6 by Mr. WATT of North Carolina.

Amendment No. 7 by Mr. LOEBSACK of Iowa.

Amendment No. 8 by Ms. RICHARDSON of California.

Amendment No. 9 by Ms. RICHARDSON of California.

Amendment No. 10 by Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia.

Amendment No. 11 by Mr. POSEY of Florida.

Amendment No. 12 by Mr. NADLER of New York.

Amendment No. 13 by Mr. MCKINLEY of West Virginia.

Amendment No. 15 by Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California.

Amendment No. 16 by Ms. WOOLSEY of California.

Amendment No. 18 by Ms. WATERS of California.

Amendment No. 19 by Mr. FITZPATRICK of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 20 by Mr. POSEY of Florida.

Amendment No. 21 by Mrs. MALONEY of New York.

Amendment No. 25 by Mr. POSEY of Florida.

The Chair will reduce to 2 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote after the first vote in this series.

AMENDMENT NO. 6 OFFERED BY MR. WATT

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. WATT) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 177, noes 244, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 520]

AYES—177

Altmire	Berkley	Brady (PA)
Andrews	Berman	Bralley (IA)
Baca	Bishop (GA)	Brown (FL)
Baldwin	Bishop (NY)	Butterfield
Barber	Blumenauer	Capps
Bass (CA)	Bonamici	Capuano
Becerra	Boswell	Carnahan

Carney	Himes
Carson (IN)	Hinchee
Castor (FL)	Hinojosa
Chandler	Hochul
Chu	Holden
Cicilline	Holt
Clarke (MI)	Honda
Clarke (NY)	Hoyer
Clay	Israel
Cleaver	Johnson (GA)
Clyburn	Johnson, E. B.
Cohen	Kaptur
Connolly (VA)	Keating
Conyers	Kildee
Cooper	Kind
Costa	Kissell
Costello	Langevin
Courtney	Larsen (WA)
Critz	Larson (CT)
Crowley	Lee (CA)
Cuellar	Levin
Cummings	Lewis (GA)
Davis (CA)	Lipinski
Davis (IL)	Loeb sack
DeFazio	Lofgren, Zoe
DeGette	Lowey
DeLauro	Lujan
Deutch	Lujan
Dicks	Lynch
Dingell	Maloney
Doggett	Markey
Donnelly (IN)	Matsui
Doyle	McCarthy (NY)
Edwards	McCollum
Ellison	McDermott
Engel	McGovern
Eshoo	McIntyre
Farr	McNerney
Fattah	Michaud
Filner	Miller (NC)
Frank (MA)	Miller, George
Fudge	Moore
Garamendi	Moran
Gonzalez	Nadler
Green, Al	Napolitano
Green, Gene	Neal
Grijalva	Oliver
Gutierrez	Owens
Hahn	Pallone
Hanabusa	Pascrell
Hastings (FL)	Pastor (AZ)
Heinrich	Pelosi
Higgins	Perlmutter
	Peters

NOES—244

Adams	Coffman (CO)
Aderholt	Cole
Alexander	Conaway
Amash	Cravaack
Amodei	Crawford
Austria	Crenshaw
Bachmann	Davis (KY)
Bachus	Denham
Barietta	Dent
Barrow	DesJarlais
Bartlett	Diaz-Balart
Barton (TX)	Dold
Bass (NH)	Dreier
Benishek	Duffy
Berg	Duncan (SC)
Biggert	Duncan (TN)
Bilbray	Ellmers
Bilirakis	Emerson
Bishop (UT)	Farenthold
Black	Fincher
Blackburn	Fitzpatrick
Bonner	Flake
Bono Mack	Fleischmann
Boren	Fleming
Boustany	Flores
Brady (TX)	Forbes
Brooks	Fortenberry
Broun (GA)	Fox
Buchanan	Franks (AZ)
Bucshon	Frelinghuysen
Buerkle	Gallegly
Burgess	Gardner
Burton (IN)	Garrett
Calvert	Gerlach
Camp	Gibbs
Campbell	Gibson
Canseco	Gingrey (GA)
Cantor	Gohmert
Capito	Goodlatte
Carter	Gosar
Cassidy	Gowdy
Chabot	Granger
Chaffetz	Graves (GA)
Coble	Graves (MO)

Pingree (ME)	LoBiondo
Polis	Long
Price (NC)	Lucas
Quigley	Luetkemeyer
Rangel	Lummis
Reyes	Lungren, Daniel
Richardson	E.
Richmond	Mack
Rothman (NJ)	Manzullo
Roybal-Allard	Marchant
Ruppersberger	Marino
Rush	Matheson
Ryan (OH)	McCarthy (CA)
Sanchez, Linda	McCaul
T.	McClintock
Sanchez, Loretta	McHenry
Sarbanes	McKeon
Schakowsky	McKinley
Schiff	McMorris
Schrader	Rodgers
Schwartz	Meehan
Scott (VA)	Mica
Scott, David	Miller (FL)
Serrano	Miller (MI)
Sewell	Miller, Gary
Sherman	Mulvaney
Shuler	Murphy (PA)
Sires	Myrick
Slaughter	Neugebauer
Smith (WA)	Noem
Speier	Nugent
Stark	Nunes
Sutton	Nunnelee
Thompson (CA)	Olson
Thompson (MS)	Palazzo
Tierney	Paul
Tonko	Paulsen
Towns	Pearce
Tsongas	
Van Hollen	Ackerman
Velázquez	Akin
Visclosky	Cardoza
Walz (MN)	Culberson
Wasserman	
Schultz	
Waters	
Watt	
Waxman	
Welch	
Wilson (FL)	
Woolsey	
Yarmuth	

Pence	Scott (SC)
Peterson	Scott, Austin
Petri	Senenbrenner
Pitts	Sessions
Platts	Shimkus
Poe (TX)	Shuster
Pompeo	Simpson
Posey	Smith (NE)
Price (GA)	Smith (NJ)
Quayle	Smith (TX)
Rahall	Southerland
Reed	Stearns
Rehberg	Stutzman
Reichert	Sullivan
Renacci	Terry
Ribble	Thompson (PA)
Rigell	Thornberry
Rivera	Tiberi
Roby	Tipton
Roe (TN)	Turner (NY)
Rogers (AL)	Turner (OH)
Rogers (KY)	Upton
Rogers (MI)	Walberg
Rohrabacher	Walden
Rokita	Walsh (IL)
Rooney	Webster
Ros-Lehtinen	West
Roskam	Westmoreland
Ross (AR)	Whitfield
Ross (FL)	Wilson (SC)
Royce	Wittman
Runyan	Wolf
Ryan (WI)	Womack
Scalise	Woodall
Schilling	Yoder
Schmidt	Young (AK)
Schock	Young (FL)
Schweikert	Young (IN)

NOT VOTING—10

Hirono	Meeks
Jackson (IL)	Murphy (CT)
Jackson Lee	Stivers
(TX)	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1123

Mr. SHULER changed his vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 7 OFFERED BY MR. LOEBSACK

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. LOEBSACK) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 177, noes 238, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 521]

AYES—177

Altmire	Bonamici	Castor (FL)
Andrews	Boswell	Chandler
Baca	Brady (PA)	Chu
Baldwin	Bralley (IA)	Cicilline
Barber	Brown (FL)	Clarke (MI)
Bass (CA)	Butterfield	Clarke (NY)
Becerra	Capps	Clay
Berkley	Capuano	Cleaver
Berman	Carnahan	Clyburn
Bishop (NY)	Carney	Cohen
Blumenauer	Carson (IN)	Connolly (VA)

Conyers
Cooper
Costa
Costello
Courtney
Critz
Crowley
Cuellar
Cummings
Davis (CA)
Davis (IL)
DeFazio
DeGette
DeLauro
Deutch
Dicks
Dingell
Doggett
Donnelly (IN)
Doyle
Edwards
Ellison
Engel
Eshoo
Farr
Fattah
Filner
Frank (MA)
Fudge
Garamendi
Gibson
Gonzalez
Green, Al
Green, Gene
Grijalva
Gutierrez
Hahn
Hanabusa
Hastings (FL)
Heinrich
Higgins
Himes
Hinchey
Hinojosa
Hochul
Holden
Holt
Honda
Hoyer

NOES—238

Adams
Aderholt
Alexander
Amash
Amodei
Austria
Bachmann
Bachus
Barletta
Barrow
Bartlett
Barton (TX)
Bass (NH)
Benishek
Berg
Biggert
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bishop (UT)
Black
Blackburn
Bonner
Bono Mack
Boren
Boustany
Brady (TX)
Brooks
Broun (GA)
Buchanan
Bucshon
Buerkle
Burgess
Burton (IN)
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canseco
Cantor
Capito
Carter
Cassidy
Chabot
Chaffetz
Coble
Coffman (CO)
Cole
Conaway
Cravaack

Crawford
Crenshaw
Davis (KY)
Denham
Dent
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dold
Dreier
Duffy
Duncan (SC)
Duncan (TN)
Eilmers
Emerson
Farenthold
Fincher
Fitzpatrick
Flake
Fleischmann
Fleming
Flores
Forbes
Fortenberry
Foxy
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Gardner
Garrett
Gerlach
Gibbs
Gingrey (GA)
Gohmert
Goodlatte
Gosar
Gowdy
Granger
Graves (GA)
Graves (MO)
Griffin (AR)
Griffith (VA)
Grimm
Guinta
Guthrie
Hall
Hanna
Harper
Harris

Israel
Johnson (GA)
Johnson, E. B.
Jones
Kaptur
Keating
Kildee
Kind
Kissell
Kucinich
Langevin
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lee (CA)
Levin
Lewis (GA)
Lipinski
Loeb sack
Lofgren, Zoe
Lowey
Lujan
Lynch
Maloney
Markey
Matsui
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McDermott
McGovern
McNerney
Michaud
Miller (NC)
Miller, George
Moore
Moran
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Oliver
Owens
Pallone
Pascrell
Pastor (AZ)
Pelosi
Perlmutter
Peters
Pingree (ME)
Polis
Price (NC)

Hartzler
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Heck
Hensarling
Herger
Herrera Beutler
Huelskamp
Huizenga (MI)
Hultgren
Hunter
Hurt
Issa
Jenkins
Johnson (IL)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson, Sam
Jordan
Kelly
King (IA)
King (NY)
Kingston
Kinzinger (IL)
Kline
Labrador
Lamborn
Lance
Landry
Lankford
Latham
LaTourette
Latta
Lewis (CA)
LoBiondo
Long
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lummis
Lungren, Daniel
E.
Mack
Manzullo
Marchant
Marino
Matheson
McCarthy (CA)
McCaul
McClintock

McHenry
McKeon
McKinley
McMorris
Richardson
Meehan
Mica
Miller (FL)
Miller (MI)
Miller, Gary
Mulvaney
Murphy (PA)
Murphy, Linda
Myrick
Neugebauer
Noem
Nugent
Nunes
Nunnelee
Olson
Palazzo
Paul
Paulsen
Pearce
Pence
Peterson
Petri
Pitts
Poe (TX)
Pompeo
Posey
Price (GA)
Quayle

Ackerman
Akin
Bishop (GA)
Cardoza
Culberson
Hirono
Ackerman
Jackson (IL)
Jackson Lee
Bishop (TX)
McIntyre
Meeks
Murphy (CT)

Reed
Rehberg
Reichert
Renacci
Ribble
Rigell
Rivera
Roby
Roe (TN)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rogers (MI)
Rokita
Rooney
Ros-Lehtinen
Roskam
Ross (AR)
Ross (FL)
Royce
Runyan
Ryan (WI)
Scalise
Schilling
Schmidt
Schock
Schweikert
Scott (SC)
Scott, Austin
Sensenbrenner
Sessions
Shimkus
Shuler

NOT VOTING—16
Jackson (IL)
Platts
Rohrabacher
Smith (WA)
Speier
Stivers

Shuster
Simpson
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (TX)
Southernland
Stearns
Stutzman
Sullivan
Terry
Thompson (PA)
Thornberry
Tiberi
Turner (NY)
Turner (OH)
Upton
Walberg
Walden
Walsh (IL)
Webster
West
Westmoreland
Whitfield
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Wolf
Womack
Woodall
Yoder
Young (AK)
Young (FL)
Young (IN)

Adams
Aderholt
Alexander
Amash
Amodei
Austria
Bachmann
Bachus
Barletta
Barrow
Bartlett
Barton (TX)
Bass (NH)
Benishek
Berg
Biggert
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bishop (UT)
Black
Blackburn
Bonner
Bono Mack
Boren
Boustany
Brooks
Broun (GA)
Buchanan
Bucshon
Buerkle
Burgess
Burton (IN)
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canseco
Cantor
Capito
Carter
Cassidy
Chabot
Chaffetz
Chandler
Coble
Clarke (MI)
Clarke (NY)
Clay
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly (VA)
Conyers

Cooper
Costa
Costello
Courtney
Critz
Crowley
Cuellar
Cummings
Davis (CA)
DeFazio
DeGette
DeLauro
Deutch
Dicks
Dingell
Doggett
Donnelly (IN)
Doyle
Edwards
Ellison
Engel
Eshoo
Farr
Fattah
Filner
Frank (MA)
Fudge
Garamendi
Gonzalez
Green, Al
Green, Gene
Grijalva
Gutierrez
Hahn
Hanabusa
Hastings (FL)
Heinrich
Higgins
Himes
Hinchey
Hinojosa
Hochul
Holden
Holt
Honda
Hoyer

Adams
Aderholt
Alexander
Amash
Amodei
Austria
Bachmann
Bachus
Barletta
Barrow
Bartlett
Barton (TX)
Bass (NH)
Benishek
Berg
Biggert
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bishop (UT)
Black
Blackburn
Bonner
Bono Mack
Boren
Boustany
Brooks
Broun (GA)
Buchanan
Bucshon
Buerkle
Burgess
Burton (IN)
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canseco
Cantor
Capito
Carter
Cassidy
Chabot
Chaffetz
Chandler
Coble
Clarke (MI)
Clarke (NY)
Clay
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly (VA)
Conyers

Israel
Johnson (GA)
Johnson, E. B.
Kaptur
Keating
Kildee
Royal-Allard
Ruppersberger
Rush
Larsen (OH)
Sanchez, Loretta
Sarbanes
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schwartz
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Serrano
Sewell
Sherman
Sires
Slaughter
Matsui
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McDermott
McGovern
McNerney
Michaud
Miller (NC)
Miller, George
Moore
Moran
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Oliver
Owens
Pallone
Pascrell
Pastor (AZ)
Pelosi
Perlmutter
Peters
Pingree (ME)
Polis
Price (NC)

Denham
Dent
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dold
Dreier
Duffy
Duncan (SC)
Duncan (TN)
Eilmers
Emerson
Farenthold
Fincher
Fitzpatrick
Flake
Fleischmann
Fleming
Flores
Forbes
Fortenberry
Foxy
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Gardner
Garrett
Gerlach
Gibbs
Gibson
Gingrey (GA)
Gohmert
Goodlatte
Gosar
Gowdy
Granger
Graves (GA)
Graves (MO)
Griffin (AR)
Griffith (VA)
Grimm
Guinta
Guthrie
Hall
Hanna
Harper
Harris
Hartzler
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Heck
Hensarling

Quigley
Rangel
Reyes
Richardson
Richmond
Rothman (NJ)
Royal-Allard
Ruppersberger
Rush
Ryan (OH)
Sanchez, Loretta
Sarbanes
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schwartz
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Serrano
Sewell
Sherman
Sires
Slaughter
Matsui
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McDermott
McGovern
McNerney
Michaud
Miller (NC)
Miller, George
Moore
Moran
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Oliver
Owens
Pallone
Pascrell
Pastor (AZ)
Pelosi
Perlmutter
Peters
Pingree (ME)
Polis
Price (NC)

Herger
Herrera Beutler
Huelskamp
Huizenga (MI)
Hultgren
Hunter
Hurt
Issa
Jenkins
Johnson (IL)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson, Sam
Jones
Jordan
Kelly
King (IA)
King (NY)
Kingston
Kinzinger (IL)
Kissell
Kline
Labrador
Lamborn
Lance
Landry
Lankford
Latham
LaTourette
Latta
Lewis (CA)
Lipinski
LoBiondo
Long
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lummis
Lungren, Daniel
E.
Mack
Manzullo
Marchant
Marino
Matheson
McCarthy (CA)
McCaul
McClintock
McHenry
McIntyre
McKeon
McKinley

NOT VOTING—16

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There are 30 seconds remaining.

□ 1126

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

Stated for:
Mr. MCINTYRE. Mr. Chair, during rollcall
vote No. 521 on July 26, 2012, I was unavoid-
ably detained. Had I been present, I would
have voted "aye."

AMENDMENT NO. 8 OFFERED BY MS. RICHARDSON
The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on the amendment offered by the
gentlewoman from California (Ms.
RICHARDSON) on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.
The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 170, noes 247,
not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 522]

AYES—170

Altmire
Andrews
Baca
Baldwin
Barber
Becerra
Berkley
Berman
Bishop (GA)
Bishop (NY)
Blumenauer
Bonamici
Boswell
Brady (PA)
Brady (IA)
Brown (FL)
Butterfield
Capps
Capuano
Carnahan
Carney
Carson (IN)
Castor (FL)
Chu
Cicilline
Clarke (MI)
Clarke (NY)
Clay
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly (VA)
Conyers

NOES—247

Denham
Dent
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dold
Dreier
Duffy
Duncan (SC)
Duncan (TN)
Eilmers
Emerson
Farenthold
Fincher
Fitzpatrick
Flake
Fleischmann
Fleming
Flores
Forbes
Fortenberry
Foxy
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Gardner
Garrett
Gerlach
Gibbs
Gibson
Gingrey (GA)
Gohmert
Goodlatte
Gosar
Gowdy
Granger
Graves (GA)
Graves (MO)
Griffin (AR)
Griffith (VA)
Grimm
Guinta
Guthrie
Hall
Hanna
Harper
Harris
Hartzler
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Heck
Hensarling

McMorris Rodgers	Renacci Ribble	Shuster Simpson	Donnelly (IN) Doyle	Lee (CA) Levin	Ruppersberger Rush	Olson Palazzo	Rohrabacher Rokita	Stearns Stutzman
Meehan	Rigell	Smith (NE) Edwards	Ellison	Lewis (GA) Lipinski	Ryan (OH) Sánchez, Linda	Paul Paulsen	Rooney Ros-Lehtinen	Sullivan Terry
Mica	Rivera	Smith (NJ) Engel	Ellison	Loeb Loeb	Sánchez, Linda T.	Pearce Pence	Roskam Ross (AR)	Thompson (PA) Thornberry
Miller (FL)	Roby	Smith (TX) Southernland	Eshoo Farr	Lofgren, Zoe Lowey	Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes	Peterson Petri	Ross (FL) Royce	Tiberi Tipton
Miller (MI)	Rogers (AL)	Stearns Stutzman	Fattah Finer	Lujan Lynch	Schakowsky Schiff	Pompeo Posey	Royce Runyan	Turner (NY) Turner (OH)
Mulvaney	Rogers (KY)	Sullivan Terry	Frank (MA) Fudge	Maloney Markey	Schwartz Scott (VA)	Price (GA) Quayle	Ryan (WI) Scalise	Turner (OH) Upton
Murphy (PA)	Rogers (MI)	Thompson (PA) Thornberry	Garamendi Gonzalez	McCarthy (NY) McCollum	Scott, David Serrano	Reed Rehberg	Schilling Schmidt	Walberg Walden
Myrick	Rohrabacher	Tiberi Tipton	Green, Al Green, Gene	McDermott McGovern	Sewell Sherman	Reed Rehberg	Schick Schradler	Walsh (IL) Webster
Neugebauer	Rokita	Turner (NY) Turner (OH)	Grijalva Gutiérrez	McGovern McNerney	Sherman Sires	Reed Rehberg	Schwartz Scott (SC)	West Westmoreland
Noem	Rooney	Upton Walberg	Hahn Hanabusa	Michaud Miller (NC)	Slaughter Smith (WA)	Rehberg Reichert	Scott, Austin Sensenbrenner	Westmoreland Wilson (SC)
Nugent	Ros-Lehtinen	Walsh (IL) Webster	Hastings (FL) Heinrich	Miller, George Moore	Speier Stark	Renacci Ribble	Sessions Shimkus	Wittman Wolf
Nunes	Roskam	West Westmoreland	Heinrich Higgins	Moore Moran	Stark Sutton	Ribble Rigell	Shimkus Shuster	Wittman Womack
Nunnelee	Ross (AR)	Whitfield Wilson (SC)	Himes Hinchee	Moran Nadler	Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS)	Rigell Rivera	Shuler Simpson	Wolf Womack
Olson	Ross (FL)	Wittman Wolf	Hinojosa Hochul	Nadler Napolitano	Tierney Tonko	Rivera Roby	Shuster Simpson	Womack Woodall
Palazzo	Royce	Womack Yoder	Holden Holt	Napolitano Neal	Towns Towns	Roe (TN) Rogers (AL)	Smith (NE) Smith (NJ)	Yoder Young (AK)
Paul	Runyan	Young (AK) Young (FL)	Holt Honda	Neal Oliver	Tsongas Van Hollen	Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI)	Smith (TX) Southernland	Young (FL) Young (IN)
Paulsen	Ryan (WI)	Young (IN)	Pascarell Pastor (AZ)	Oliver Owens	Velázquez Visclosky			
Pearce	Sánchez, Linda		Pastor (AZ) Peters	Owens Pallone	Walz (MN) Wasserman			
Pence	T.		Peters Pingree (ME)	Pallone Pascarell	Wasserman Schultz			
Peterson	Scalise		Polis	Pascarell Pastor (AZ)	Waters Watt			
Petri	Schilling		Price (NC) Quigley	Pastor (AZ) Perlmutter	Watt Waxman			
Pitts	Schmidt		Quigley Reyes	Peters Pingree (ME)	Welch Wilson (FL)			
Poe (TX)	Schock		Reyes Richardson	Pingree (ME) Polis	Wilson (FL) Rothman (NJ)			
Pompeo	Schrader		Richardson Richmond	Polis Price (NC)	Rothman (NJ) Roybal-Allard			
Posey	Schweikert		Richmond Rothman (NJ)	Price (NC) Quigley				
Price (GA)	Scott (SC)		Roybal-Allard	Quigley Reyes				
Quayle	Scott, Austin			Reyes Richardson				
Rahall	Sensenbrenner			Richardson Richmond				
Reed	Sessions			Richmond Rothman (NJ)				
Rehberg	Shimkus			Rothman (NJ) Roybal-Allard				
Reichert	Shuler							

NOT VOTING—14

Ackerman	Davis (IL)	Murphy (CT)
Akin	Hirono	Platts
Bass (CA)	Jackson (IL)	Stivers
Brady (TX)	Jackson Lee	
Cardoza	(TX)	
Culberson	Meeks	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1130

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 9 OFFERED BY MS. RICHARDSON

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on the amendment offered by the
gentlewoman from California (Ms.
RICHARDSON) on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 173, noes 246,
not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 523]

AYES—173

Altmire	Capps	Cooper
Andrews	Capuano	Costa
Baca	Carmahan	Costello
Baldwin	Carney	Courtney
Barber	Carson (IN)	Critz
Becerra	Castor (FL)	Crowley
Berkley	Chandler	Cuellar
Berman	Chu	Cummings
Bishop (GA)	Cicilline	Davis (CA)
Bishop (NY)	Clarke (MI)	Davis (IL)
Blumenauer	Clarke (NY)	DeFazio
Bonamici	Clay	DeGette
Boswell	Cleaver	DeLauro
Brady (PA)	Clyburn	Deutch
Braley (IA)	Cohen	Dicks
Brown (FL)	Connolly (VA)	Dingell
Butterfield	Conyers	Doggett

NOES—246

Adams	Dold	Jenkins
Aderholt	Dreier	Johnson (IL)
Alexander	Duffy	Johnson (OH)
Amash	Duncan (SC)	Johnson, Sam
Amodei	Duncan (TN)	Jones
Austria	Ellmers	Jordan
Bachmann	Emerson	Kelly
Bachus	Farenthold	King (IA)
Barletta	Fincher	King (NY)
Barrow	Fitzpatrick	Kingston
Bartlett	Flake	Kinzinger (IL)
Barton (TX)	Fleischmann	Kline
Bass (NH)	Fleming	Labrador
Benishek	Flores	Lamborn
Berg	Forbes	Lance
Biggart	Fortenberry	Landry
Bilbray	Fox	Lankford
Bilirakis	Franks (AZ)	Latham
Bishop (UT)	Frelinghuysen	LaTourette
Black	Gallegly	Latta
Blackburn	Gardner	Lewis (CA)
Bonner	Garrett	LoBiondo
Bono Mack	Gerlach	Long
Boren	Gibbs	Lucas
Boustany	Gibson	Luetkemeyer
Brady (TX)	Gingrey (GA)	Lummis
Brooks	Gohmert	Lungren, Daniel
Broun (GA)	Goodlatte	E.
Buchanan	Gosar	Mack
Bucshon	Gowdy	Manzullo
Buerkle	Granger	Marchant
Burgess	Graves (GA)	Marino
Burton (IN)	Graves (MO)	Matheson
Calvert	Griffin (AR)	McCarthy (CA)
Camp	Griffith (VA)	McCaul
Campbell	Grimm	McClintock
Canseco	Guinta	McHenry
Cantor	Guthrie	McIntyre
Capito	Hall	McKeon
Carter	Hanna	McKinley
Cassidy	Harper	McMorris
Chabot	Harris	Rodgers
Chaffetz	Hartzler	Meehan
Coble	Hastings (WA)	Mica
Coffman (CO)	Heck	Miller (FL)
Cole	Hayworth	Miller (MI)
Conaway	Heck	Miller (MI)
Cravaack	Hensarling	Miller, Gary
Crawford	Hergert	Mulvaney
Crenshaw	Herrera Beutler	Murphy (PA)
Davis (KY)	Huelskamp	Myrick
Denham	Huizenga (MI)	Neugebauer
Dent	Hultgren	Noem
DesJarlais	Hunter	Nugent
Diaz-Balart	Hurt	Nunes
	Issa	Nunnelee

NOT VOTING—12

Ackerman	Hirono	Murphy (CT)
Akin	Jackson (IL)	Rangel
Bass (CA)	Jackson Lee	Stivers
Cardoza	(TX)	
Culberson	Meeks	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1133

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 10 OFFERED BY MR. CONNOLLY
OF VIRGINIA

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on the amendment offered by the
gentleman from Virginia (Mr. CON-
NOLLY) on which further proceedings
were postponed and on which the noes
prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 179, noes 234,
not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 524]

AYES—179

Altmire	Carney	Cummings
Andrews	Carson (IN)	Davis (CA)
Baca	Castor (FL)	DeFazio
Baldwin	Chandler	DeGette
Barber	Chu	DeLauro
Bass (CA)	Cicilline	Deutch
Becerra	Clarke (MI)	Dicks
Berkley	Clarke (NY)	Dingell
Berman	Clay	Doggett
Bishop (GA)	Cleaver	Donnelly (IN)
Bishop (NY)	Clyburn	Doyle
Blumenauer	Cohen	Edwards
Bonamici	Connolly (VA)	Ellison
Boswell	Conyers	Engel
Brady (PA)	Cooper	Eshoo
Braley (IA)	Costa	Farr
Brown (FL)	Costello	Fattah
Butterfield	Courtney	Finer
	Critz	Frank (MA)
	Crowley	Fudge
	Cuellar	Garamendi

Gibson Lynch
 Gonzalez Maloney
 Green, Al Markey
 Green, Gene Matheson
 Grijalva Matsui
 Gutierrez McCarthy (NY)
 Hahn McCollum
 Hanabusa McDermott
 Hastings (FL) McGovern
 Heinrich McNerney
 Higgins Michaud
 Himes Miller (NC)
 Hinchey Miller, George
 Hinojosa Moore
 Hochul Moran
 Holden Nadler
 Holt Napolitano
 Honda Neal
 Hoyer Oliver
 Israel Owens
 Johnson (GA) Pallone
 Johnson (IL) Pascrell
 Johnson, E. B. Pastor (AZ)
 Kaptur Pelosi
 Keating Perlmutter
 Kildee Peters
 Kind Pingree (ME)
 Kissell Polis
 Kucinich Price (NC)
 Langevin Quigley
 Larsen (WA) Rahall
 Larson (CT) Rangel
 Lee (CA) Reyes
 Levin Richardson
 Lewis (GA) Rigell
 Lipinski Ross (AR)
 Loeb sack Rothman (NJ)
 Lofgren, Zoe Roybal-Allard
 Lowey Ruppersberger
 Lujan Rush

NOES—234

Adams Ellmers
 Aderholt Emerson
 Alexander Farenthold
 Amash Fincher
 Amodei Fitzpatrick
 Austria Flake
 Bachmann Fleischmann
 Barletta Fleming
 Barrow Flores
 Bartlett Forbes
 Barton (TX) Fortenberry
 Bass (NH) Foy
 Benishek Franks (AZ)
 Berg Frelinghuysen
 Biggert Gallegly
 Bilbray Gardner
 Bilirakis Garrett
 Bishop (UT) Gerlach
 Black Gibbs
 Blackburn Gingrey (GA)
 Bonner Gohmert
 Bono Mack Goodlatte
 Boustany Gosar
 Brady (TX) Gowdy
 Brooks Granger
 Broun (GA) Graves (GA)
 Buchanan Graves (MO)
 Bucshon Griffin (AR)
 Buerkle Griffith (VA)
 Burgess Grimm
 Burton (IN) Guinta
 Calvert Guthrie
 Camp Hall
 Campbell Hanna
 Canseco Harper
 Cantor Harris
 Capito Hartzler
 Carter Hastings (WA)
 Cassidy Hayworth
 Chabot Heck
 Chaffetz Hensarling
 Coble Herger
 Coffman (CO) Herrera Beutler
 Cole Huelskamp
 Conaway Hui zenga (MI)
 Cravaack Hultgren
 Crawford Hunter
 Crenshaw Hurst
 Davis (KY) Issa
 Denham Jenkins
 Dent Johnson (OH)
 DesJarlais Johnson, Sam
 Diaz-Balart Jones
 Dold Jordan
 Dreier Kelly
 Duffy King (IA)
 Duncan (TN) King (NY)

Quayle Reed
 Sanchez, Linda T.
 Sanchez, Loretta
 Sarbanes
 Schiff
 Schwartz
 Scott (VA)
 Scott, David
 Serrano
 Sewell
 Sherman
 Shuler
 Sires
 Slaughter
 Smith (WA)
 Speier
 Stark
 Sutton
 Thompson (CA)
 Thompson (MS)
 Tierney
 Tonko
 Towns
 Tsongas
 Van Hollen
 Velázquez
 Visclosky
 Walz (MN)
 Wasserman
 Schultz
 Waters
 Watt
 Waxman
 Welch
 Wilson (FL)
 Woolsey
 Yarmuth

Ryan (OH)
 Sánchez, Linda
 T.
 Sanchez, Loretta
 Sarbanes
 Schiff
 Schwartz
 Scott (VA)
 Scott, David
 Serrano
 Sewell
 Sherman
 Shuler
 Sires
 Slaughter
 Smith (WA)
 Speier
 Stark
 Sutton
 Thompson (CA)
 Thompson (MS)
 Tierney
 Tonko
 Towns
 Tsongas
 Van Hollen
 Velázquez
 Visclosky
 Walz (MN)
 Wasserman
 Schultz
 Waters
 Watt
 Waxman
 Welch
 Wilson (FL)
 Woolsey
 Yarmuth

NOT VOTING—18
 Ackerman
 Akin
 Bachus
 Cardoza
 Carnahan
 Culberson
 Mack
 Marchant
 Duncan (SC)
 Hiro no
 Jackson (IL)
 Jackson Lee
 Mack
 Marchant

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
 The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
 There is 1 minute remaining.
 □ 1136
 So the amendment was rejected.
 The result of the vote was announced
 as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 11 OFFERED BY MR. POSEY
 The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
 business is the demand for a recorded
 vote on the amendment offered by the
 gentleman from Florida (Mr. POSEY) on
 which further proceedings were post-
 poned and on which the noes prevailed
 by voice vote.
 The Clerk will redesignate the
 amendment.
 The Clerk redesignated the amend-
 ment.

RECORDED VOTE
 The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
 has been demanded.
 A recorded vote was ordered.
 The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
 minute vote.
 The vote was taken by electronic de-
 vice, and there were—ayes 248, noes 171,
 not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 525]
 AYES—248
 Adams Broun (GA)
 Aderholt Buchanan
 Alexander Bucshon
 Altmire Buerkle
 Amash Burgess
 Amodei Burton (IN)
 Austria Calvert
 Bachmann Camp
 Barletta Campbell
 Barrow Canseco
 Bartlett Cantor
 Barton (TX) Capito
 Bass (CA) Carter
 Benishek Cassidy
 Berg Chabot
 Bilbray Chaffetz
 Bilirakis Chandler
 Bishop (UT) Coble
 Black Coffman (CO)
 Blackburn Cole
 Bonner Conaway
 Bono Mack Costa
 Boren Cravaack
 Boswell Crawford
 Boustany Crenshaw
 Brady (TX) Cuellar
 Brooks Davis (KY)

Tiberi
 Tipton
 Turner (NY)
 Turner (OH)
 Upton
 Walberg
 Walden
 Walsh (IL)
 Webster
 West
 Westmoreland
 Whitfield
 Wilson (SC)
 Wittman
 Wolf
 Womack
 Woodall
 Yoder
 Young (AK)
 Young (FL)
 Young (IN)
 Gibbs
 Gibson
 Gingrey (GA)
 Gohmert
 Goodlatte
 Gosar
 Gowdy
 Granger
 Graves (GA)
 Graves (MO)
 Green, Gene
 Griffin (AR)
 Griffith (VA)
 Grimm
 Guinta
 Guthrie
 Hall
 Hanna
 Harper
 Harris
 Hartzler
 Hastings (WA)
 Hayworth
 Heck
 Hensarling
 Herger
 Herrera Beutler
 Holden
 Huelskamp
 Hui zenga (MI)
 Hultgren
 Hunter
 Hurt
 Issa
 Jenkins
 Johnson (OH)
 Johnson, Sam
 Jones
 Jordan
 Kelly
 King (IA)
 King (NY)
 Kingston
 Kinzinger (IL)
 Kline
 Labrador
 Lamborn
 Lance
 Landry
 Lankford
 Latham
 LaTourette
 Latta
 Lewis (CA)
 LoBiondo
 Loeb sack
 Lucas
 Luetkemeyer
 Lummis
 Lungren, Daniel
 E.
 Manzullo
 Marchant
 Marino
 Matheson
 McCarthy (CA)
 McCaul
 McClintock
 McHenry
 McIntyre
 McKeon
 McKinley
 McMorris
 Rodgers
 Meehan
 Miller (FL)
 Miller (MI)
 Miller, Gary
 Mulvaney
 Murphy (PA)
 Myrick
 Neugebauer
 Noem
 Nugent
 Nunes
 Nunnelee
 Olson
 Owens
 Palazzo
 Pastor (AZ)
 Paul
 Paulsen
 Pearce
 Pence
 Peterson
 Petri
 Pitts
 Platts
 Poe (TX)
 Pompeo
 Posey
 Price (GA)
 Quayle
 Rahall
 Reed
 Rehberg
 Reichert
 Renacci
 Ribble
 Rigell
 Rivera
 Roby
 Roe (TN)
 Rogers (AL)
 Rogers (KY)
 Rogers (MI)
 Rohrabacher
 Rokita
 Rooney
 Ros-Lehtinen
 Roskam
 Ross (AR)
 Ross (FL)
 Royce
 Runyan
 Ryan (WI)
 Scalise
 Sessions
 Shimkus
 Shuster
 Simpson
 Smith (NE)
 Smith (NJ)
 Smith (TX)
 Southerland
 Stearns
 Stutzman
 Sullivan
 Terry
 Thompson (PA)
 Thornberry
 Meeks
 Murphy (CT)
 Richmond
 Schakowsky
 Stivers
 Davis (CA)
 DeFazio
 DeGette
 DeLauro
 Deuth
 Dicks
 Dingell
 Doggett
 Donnelly (IN)
 Doyle
 Edwards
 Ellison
 Engel
 Eshoo
 Farr
 Fattah
 Filner
 Frank (MA)
 Fudge
 Garamendi
 Gonzalez
 Green, Al
 Grijalva
 Gutierrez
 Hahn
 Hanabusa
 Hastings (FL)
 Heinrich
 Higgins
 Himes
 Hinchey
 Hinojosa
 Hochul
 Holt
 Honda
 Hoyer
 Israel
 Johnson (GA)
 Johnson (IL)
 Johnson, E. B.
 Kaptur
 Keating
 Kildee
 Kind
 Kissell
 Kucinich
 Langevin
 Larsen (WA)
 Larson (CT)
 Lee (CA)
 Levin
 Lewis (GA)
 Lipinski
 Lofgren, Zoe
 Long
 Lowey
 Lujan
 Lynch
 Maloney
 Markey
 Matsui
 McCarthy (NY)
 McCollum
 McDermott
 McGovern
 McNerney
 Michaud
 Miller (NC)
 Miller, George
 Moore
 Moran
 Nadler
 Napolitano
 Neal
 Oliver
 Pallone
 Pascrell
 Pelosi
 Perlmutter
 Peters

NOES—171

Andrews
 Baca
 Bachus
 Baldwin
 Barber
 Bass (NH)
 Becerra
 Berkley
 Berman
 Biggert
 Bishop (GA)
 Bishop (NY)
 Blumenauer
 Bonamic
 Brady (PA)
 Braley (IA)
 Brown (FL)
 Butterfield
 Capps
 Capuano
 Carnahan
 Carney
 Carson (IN)
 Castor (FL)
 Chu
 Cicilline
 Clarke (MI)
 Clarke (NY)
 Clay
 Cleaver
 Clyburn
 Cohen
 Connolly (VA)
 Conyers
 Cooper
 Costello
 Courtney
 Critz
 Crowley
 Cummings
 Davis (CA)
 DeFazio
 DeGette
 DeLauro
 Deuth
 Dicks
 Dingell
 Doggett
 Donnelly (IN)
 Doyle
 Edwards
 Ellison
 Engel
 Eshoo
 Farr
 Fattah
 Filner
 Frank (MA)
 Fudge
 Garamendi
 Gonzalez
 Green, Al
 Grijalva
 Gutierrez
 Hahn
 Hanabusa
 Hastings (FL)
 Heinrich
 Higgins
 Himes
 Hinchey
 Hinojosa
 Hochul
 Holt
 Honda
 Hoyer
 Israel
 Johnson (GA)
 Johnson (IL)
 Johnson, E. B.
 Kaptur
 Keating
 Kildee
 Kind
 Kissell
 Kucinich
 Langevin
 Larsen (WA)
 Larson (CT)
 Lee (CA)
 Levin
 Lewis (GA)
 Lipinski
 Lofgren, Zoe
 Long
 Lowey
 Lujan
 Lynch
 Maloney
 Markey
 Matsui
 McCarthy (NY)
 McCollum
 McDermott
 McGovern
 McNerney
 Michaud
 Miller (NC)
 Miller, George
 Moore
 Moran
 Nadler
 Napolitano
 Neal
 Oliver
 Pallone
 Pascrell
 Pelosi
 Perlmutter
 Peters

Pingree (ME)	Schiff	Tonko	Hinchev	Michaud	Schiff	Roby	Scott (SC)	Turner (NY)
Polis	Schrader	Towns	Hinojosa	Miller (NC)	Schrader	Roe (TN)	Scott, Austin	Turner (OH)
Price (NC)	Schwartz	Tsongas	Hochul	Miller, George	Schwartz	Rogers (AL)	Sensenbrenner	Upton
Quigley	Scott (VA)	Van Hollen	Holt	Moore	Scott (VA)	Rogers (KY)	Sessions	Walberg
Rangel	Scott, David	Velázquez	Honda	Moran	Scott, David	Rogers (MI)	Shimkus	Walden
Reyes	Serrano	Visclosky	Hoyer	Nadler	Serrano	Rohrabacher	Shuler	Walsh (IL)
Richardson	Sewell	Walz (MN)	Johnson (GA)	Napolitano	Sewell	Rokita	Shuster	Webster
Richmond	Sherman	Wasserman	Johnson (IL)	Neal	Sherman	Rooney	Simpson	West
Rothman (NJ)	Shuler	Schultz	Johnson, E. B.	Oliver	Sires	Ros-Lehtinen	Smith (NE)	Westmoreland
Roybal-Allard	Sires	Waters	Jones	Pallone	Slaughter	Roskam	Smith (NJ)	Whitfield
Ruppersberger	Slaughter	Watt	Keating	Pascrell	Smith (WA)	Ross (AR)	Smith (TX)	Wilson (SC)
Rush	Smith (WA)	Waxman	Kildee	Pastor (AZ)	Speier	Ross (FL)	Southerland	Wittman
Ryan (OH)	Speier	Welch	Kind	Pelosi	Stark	Royce	Stearns	Wolf
Sánchez, Linda	Stark	Wilson (FL)	Kissell	Perlmutter	Sutton	Runyan	Stutzman	Womack
T.	Sutton	Wolf	Kucinich	Peters	Thompson (CA)	Ryan (WI)	Sullivan	Woodall
Sanchez, Loretta	Thompson (CA)	Woolsey	Langevin	Pingree (ME)	Thompson (MS)	Scalise	Terry	Yoder
Sarbanes	Thompson (MS)	Yarmuth	Platts	Larsen (WA)	Tierney	Schilling	Thompson (PA)	Young (AK)
Schakowsky	Tierney		Larson (CT)	Lee (CA)	Price (NC)	Schmidt	Thornberry	Young (FL)
			Lee (CA)	Levin	Quigley	Schock	Tipton	Young (IN)
			Lewis (GA)	Rangel	Reichert	Schweikert		
			Loebsack	Reichart	Reyes			
			Lofgren, Zoe	Richardson	Richmond			
			Lowe	Richmond	Rothman (NJ)			
			Lujan	Roybal-Allard	Roybal-Allard			
			Lynch	Ruppersberger	Ruppersberger			
			Maloney	Rush	Rush			
			Markey	Matsui	McCarthy (NY)			
			McCarthy (NY)	McCarthy (NY)	McCollum			
			McGovern	McCollum	McDermott			
			McIntyre	McDermott	McGovern			
			McNerney	McNerney	McIntyre			
					McNerney			

NOT VOTING—12

Ackerman	Hirono	Meeks
Akin	Jackson (IL)	Murphy (CT)
Cardoza	Jackson Lee	Stivers
Culberson	(TX)	
Davis (IL)	Mack	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1141

Mr. LUETKEMEYER changed his vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. BACHUS. Mr. Chair, on rollcall No. 525, I inadvertently voted “no” when I intended to vote “aye.”

AMENDMENT NO. 12 OFFERED BY MR. NADLER

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. NADLER) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 176, noes 243, not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 526]

AYES—176

Andrews	Cicilline	Doyle
Baca	Clarke (MI)	Edwards
Baldwin	Clarke (NY)	Ellison
Barber	Clay	Engel
Bass (CA)	Cleaver	Eshoo
Becerra	Clyburn	Farr
Berkley	Cohen	Fattah
Berman	Connolly (VA)	Filner
Bishop (GA)	Conyers	Pitzpatrick
Bishop (NY)	Cooper	Frank (MA)
Blumenauer	Courtney	Fudge
Bonamici	Critz	Garamendi
Boswell	Crowley	Gerlach
Brady (PA)	Cuellar	Gibson
Braley (IA)	Cummings	Gonzalez
Brown (FL)	Davis (CA)	Green, Al
Butterfield	DeFazio	Grijalva
Capps	DeGette	Gutierrez
Capuano	DeLauro	Hahn
Carnahan	Dent	Hanabusa
Carney	Deutch	Hastings (FL)
Carson (IN)	Dicks	Hayworth
Castor (FL)	Dingell	Heinrich
Chandler	Doggett	Higgins
Chu	Donnelly (IN)	Himes

Adams	Ellmers	Lance
Aderholt	Emerson	Landry
Alexander	Farenthold	Lankford
Altmire	Fincher	Latham
Amash	Flake	LaTourette
Amodei	Fleischmann	LatTA
Austria	Fleming	Lewis (CA)
Bachmann	Flores	Lipinski
Bachus	Forbes	LoBiondo
Barletta	Fortenberry	Long
Barrow	Fox	Lucas
Bartlett	Franks (AZ)	Luetkemeyer
Barton (TX)	Frelinghuysen	Lummis
Bass (NH)	Gallely	Lungren, Daniel
Benishek	Gardner	E.
Berg	Garrett	Manzullo
Biggert	Gibbs	Marchant
Bilbray	Gingrey (GA)	Marino
Bilirakis	Gohmert	Matheson
Bishop (UT)	Goodlatte	McCarthy (CA)
Black	Gosar	McCaul
Blackburn	Gowdy	McClintock
Bonner	Granger	McHenry
Bono Mack	Graves (GA)	McKeon
Boren	Graves (MO)	McKinley
Boustany	Green, Gene	McMorris
Brady (TX)	Griffin (AR)	Rodgers
Brooks	Griffith (VA)	Meehan
Broun (GA)	Grimm	Mica
Buchanan	Guinta	Miller (FL)
Bucshon	Guthrie	Miller (MI)
Buerkle	Hall	Miller, Gary
Burgess	Hanna	Mulvaney
Burton (IN)	Harper	Murphy (PA)
Calvert	Harris	Myrick
Camp	Hartzler	Neugebauer
Campbell	Hastings (WA)	Noem
Canseco	Heck	Nugent
Cantor	Hensarling	Nunes
Capito	Herger	Nunnelee
Carter	Herrera Beutler	Olson
Cassidy	Holden	Owens
Chabot	Huelskamp	Palazzo
Chaffetz	Huizenga (MI)	Paul
Cantor	Hultgren	Paulsen
Coffman (CO)	Hunter	Pearce
Cole	Hurt	Pence
Conaway	Israel	Peterson
Costa	Issa	Petri
Costello	Jenkins	Pitts
Cravaack	Johnson (OH)	Poe (TX)
Crawford	Johnson, Sam	Pompeo
Crenshaw	Jordan	Posey
Davis (KY)	Kaptur	Price (GA)
Denham	Kelly	Quayle
DesJarlais	King (IA)	Rahall
Diaz-Balart	King (NY)	Reed
Dold	Kingston	Rehberg
Dreier	Kinzinger (IL)	Renacci
Duffy	Kline	Ribble
Duncan (SC)	Labrador	Rigell
Duncan (TN)	Lamborn	Rivera

NOES—243

Adams	Ellmers	Lance
Aderholt	Emerson	Landry
Alexander	Farenthold	Lankford
Altmire	Fincher	Latham
Amash	Flake	LaTourette
Amodei	Fleischmann	LatTA
Austria	Fleming	Lewis (CA)
Bachmann	Flores	Lipinski
Bachus	Forbes	LoBiondo
Barletta	Fortenberry	Long
Barrow	Fox	Lucas
Bartlett	Franks (AZ)	Luetkemeyer
Barton (TX)	Frelinghuysen	Lummis
Bass (NH)	Gallely	Lungren, Daniel
Benishek	Gardner	E.
Berg	Garrett	Manzullo
Biggert	Gibbs	Marchant
Bilbray	Gingrey (GA)	Marino
Bilirakis	Gohmert	Matheson
Bishop (UT)	Goodlatte	McCarthy (CA)
Black	Gosar	McCaul
Blackburn	Gowdy	McClintock
Bonner	Granger	McHenry
Bono Mack	Graves (GA)	McKeon
Boren	Graves (MO)	McKinley
Boustany	Green, Gene	McMorris
Brady (TX)	Griffin (AR)	Rodgers
Brooks	Griffith (VA)	Meehan
Broun (GA)	Grimm	Mica
Buchanan	Guinta	Miller (FL)
Bucshon	Guthrie	Miller (MI)
Buerkle	Hall	Miller, Gary
Burgess	Hanna	Mulvaney
Burton (IN)	Harper	Murphy (PA)
Calvert	Harris	Myrick
Camp	Hartzler	Neugebauer
Campbell	Hastings (WA)	Noem
Canseco	Heck	Nugent
Cantor	Hensarling	Nunes
Capito	Herger	Nunnelee
Carter	Herrera Beutler	Olson
Cassidy	Holden	Owens
Chabot	Huelskamp	Palazzo
Chaffetz	Huizenga (MI)	Paul
Cantor	Hultgren	Paulsen
Coffman (CO)	Hunter	Pearce
Cole	Hurt	Pence
Conaway	Israel	Peterson
Costa	Issa	Petri
Costello	Jenkins	Pitts
Cravaack	Johnson (OH)	Poe (TX)
Crawford	Johnson, Sam	Pompeo
Crenshaw	Jordan	Posey
Davis (KY)	Kaptur	Price (GA)
Denham	Kelly	Quayle
DesJarlais	King (IA)	Rahall
Diaz-Balart	King (NY)	Reed
Dold	Kingston	Rehberg
Dreier	Kinzinger (IL)	Renacci
Duffy	Kline	Ribble
Duncan (SC)	Labrador	Rigell
Duncan (TN)	Lamborn	Rivera

NOT VOTING—12

Ackerman	Hirono	Meeks
Akin	Jackson (IL)	Murphy (CT)
Cardoza	Jackson Lee	Stivers
Culberson	(TX)	
Davis (IL)	Mack	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1145

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 13 OFFERED BY MR. MCKINLEY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. MCKINLEY) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 240, noes 178, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 527]

AYES—240

Adams	Calvert	Farenthold
Aderholt	Camp	Fincher
Alexander	Campbell	Pitzpatrick
Amash	Canseco	Flake
Amodei	Cantor	Fleischmann
Austria	Capito	Fleming
Bachmann	Carter	Flores
Bachus	Cassidy	Forbes
Barletta	Chabot	Fortenberry
Barrow	Chaffetz	Franks (AZ)
Bartlett	Coble	Frelinghuysen
Barton (TX)	Coffman (CO)	Gallely
Benishek	Cole	Gardner
Berg	Conaway	Garrett
Biggert	Costello	Gerlach
Bilirakis	Cravaack	Gibbs
Bishop (UT)	Crawford	Gingrey (GA)
Black	Crenshaw	Gohmert
Blackburn	Cuellar	Goodlatte
Bonner	Davis (KY)	Gosar
Bono Mack	Denham	Gowdy
Boren	Dent	Granger
Boustany	DesJarlais	Graves (GA)
Brady (TX)	Diaz-Balart	Graves (MO)
Brooks	Donnelly (IN)	Green, Gene
Broun (GA)	Dreier	Griffin (AR)
Bucshon	Duffy	Griffith (VA)
Buerkle	Duncan (SC)	Grimm
Burgess	Duncan (TN)	Guinta
Burton (IN)	Emerson	Guthrie
		Hall

Hanna McIntyre
 Harper McKeon
 Harris McKinley
 Hartzler McMorris
 Hastings (WA) Rodgers
 Heck Meehan
 Hensarling Mica
 Herger Miller (FL)
 Herrera Beutler Miller (MI)
 Huelskamp Miller, Gary
 Huizenga (MI) Mulvaney
 Hultgren Murphy (PA)
 Hunter Myrick
 Hurt Neugebauer
 Issa Noem
 Jenkins Nugent
 Johnson (OH) Nunes
 Johnson, Sam Nunnelee
 Jones Olson
 Jordan Palazzo
 Kaptur Paul
 Kelly Paulsen
 King (IA) Pearce
 King (NY) Pence
 Kingston Petri
 Kinzinger (IL) Pitts
 Kissell Platts
 Kline Poe (TX)
 Labrador Pompeo
 Lamborn Posey
 Lance Price (GA)
 Landry Quayle
 Lankford Rahall
 Latham Reed
 Latta Walberg
 Lewis (CA) Walden
 Long Walsh (IL)
 Luetkemeyer Webster
 Lummis Ribble
 Lungren, Daniel Rigell
 E. Rivera
 Lynch Roe (TN)
 Manzullo Rogers (AL)
 Marchant Rogers (KY)
 Marino Rogers (MI)
 Matheson Rohrabacher
 McCarthy (CA) Rokita
 McCaul Rooney
 McClintock Ros-Lehtinen
 McHenry Roskam

NOES—178

Altmire Deutch
 Andrews Dicks
 Baca Dingell
 Baldwin Doggett
 Barber Dold
 Bass (CA) Doyle
 Bass (NH) Edwards
 Becerra Ellison
 Berkley Engel
 Berman Eshoo
 Bilbray Farr
 Bishop (GA) Fattah
 Bishop (NY) Filner
 Blumenauer Foxx
 Bonamici Frank (MA)
 Boswell Fudge
 Brady (PA) Garamendi
 Braley (IA) Gibson
 Brown (FL) Gonzalez
 Butterfield Green, Al
 Capps Grijalva
 Capuano Gutierrez
 Carnahan Hahn
 Carney Hanabusa
 Carson (IN) Hastings (FL)
 Castor (FL) Hayworth
 Chandler Heinrich
 Chu Higgins
 Cicilline Himes
 Clarke (MI) Hinchey
 Clarke (NY) Hinojosa
 Clay Hochul
 Cleaver Holden
 Clyburn Holt
 Cohen Honda
 Connolly (VA) Hoyer
 Conyers Israel
 Cooper Johnson (GA)
 Costa Johnson (IL)
 Courtney Johnson, E. B.
 Critz Keating
 Crowley Kildee
 Cummings Kind
 Davis (CA) Kucinich
 DeFazio Langevin
 DeGette Larsen (WA)
 DeLauro Larson (CT)

Ross (AR)
 Ross (FL)
 Royce
 Runyan
 Ryan (WI)
 Scalise
 Schilling
 Mica Schmidt
 Schock
 Schweikert
 Scott (SC)
 Scott, Austin
 Sensenbrenner
 Sessions
 Sherman
 Shimkus
 Shuster
 Simpson
 Smith (NE)
 Smith (NJ)
 Smith (TX)
 Southerland
 Stearns
 Stutzman
 Sullivan
 Terry
 Thompson (PA)
 Thornberry
 Tiberi
 Tipton
 Turner (NY)
 Turner (OH)
 Upton
 Reed
 Walberg
 Walden
 Walsh (IL)
 Webster
 West
 Westmoreland
 Whitfield
 Wilson (SC)
 Wittman
 Wolf
 Womack
 Woodall
 Yoder
 Young (AK)
 Young (FL)
 Young (IN)

NOT VOTING—13

Ackerman
 Akin
 Cardoza
 Culberson
 Davis (IL)
 Hirono
 Jackson (IL)
 Jackson Lee
 Stivers
 Mack
 Sewell
 Shuler
 Sires
 Slaughter
 Smith (WA)
 Speier
 Stark
 Sutton
 Schrader
 Schwartz
 Scott (VA)
 Scott, David
 Serrano
 Tsongas
 Van Hollen
 Velazquez
 Viscosky
 Walz (MN)
 Wasserman
 Schultz
 Waters
 Watt
 Welch
 Wilson (FL)
 Woolsey
 Yarmuth

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
 The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
 There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1148

So the amendment was agreed to.
 The result of the vote was announced
 as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 15 OFFERED BY MR. GEORGE
 MILLER OF CALIFORNIA

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
 business is the demand for a recorded
 vote on the amendment offered by the
 gentleman from California (Mr.
 GEORGE MILLER) on which further pro-
 ceedings were postponed and on which
 the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
 amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
 ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
 has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
 minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
 vice, and there were—ayes 174, noes 239,
 not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 528]

AYES—174

Altmire
 Andrews
 Baca
 Baldwin
 Barber
 Barrow
 Becerra
 Berkley
 Berman
 Bishop (GA)
 Bishop (NY)
 Blumenauer
 Bonamici
 Boswell
 Brady (PA)
 Braley (IA)
 Brown (FL)
 Butterfield
 Capps
 Capuano
 Carnahan
 Carney
 Carson (IN)
 Castor (FL)
 Chandler
 Chu
 Cicilline
 Clarke (MI)
 Clarke (NY)
 Clay
 Cleaver
 Cohen
 Connolly (VA)
 Conyers
 Cooper
 Costello
 Courtney
 Critz
 Crowley
 Barber
 Cummings
 Davis (CA)
 DeFazio
 DeGette
 DeLauro
 Hinchey
 Hinojosa
 Hochul
 Holden
 Holt
 Honda
 Hoyer
 Israel
 Johnson (GA)
 Johnson (IL)
 Johnson, E. B.
 Keating
 Kildee
 Kind
 Kucinich
 Langevin
 Larsen (WA)
 Larson (CT)
 Hinojosa
 Hochul
 Holden
 Holt
 Honda
 Hoyer
 Israel
 Johnson (GA)
 Johnson (IL)
 Johnson, E. B.
 Keating
 Kildee
 Kind
 Kucinich
 Langevin
 Larsen (WA)
 Larson (CT)

McNerney
 Miller (NC)
 Miller, George
 Moore
 Moran
 Nadler
 Napolitano
 Neal
 Oliver
 Pallone
 Pascrell
 Pastor (AZ)
 Pelosi
 Perlmutter
 Peters
 Pingree (ME)
 Polis
 Price (NC)
 Quigley
 Rahall
 Rangel
 Reichert
 Reyes
 Richardson
 Richmond
 Rothman (NJ)
 Roybal-Allard
 Ruppersberger
 Rush
 Ryan (OH)
 Sanchez, Linda
 T.
 Sanchez, Loretta
 Sarbanes
 Schakowsky
 Schiff
 Schrader
 Schwartz
 Scott (VA)
 Scott, David
 Serrano
 Sewell
 Sherman
 Sires
 Slaughter
 Smith (WA)
 Speier
 Stark
 Sutton
 Tiberi
 Tipton
 Thompson (CA)
 Thompson (MS)
 Tierney
 Tonko
 Towns
 Tsongas
 Van Hollen
 Velazquez
 Viscosky
 Walz (MN)
 Wasserman
 Schultz
 Waters
 Watt
 Welch
 Wilson (FL)
 Woolsey
 Yarmuth

NOES—239

Adams
 Aderholt
 Alexander
 Amash
 Amodei
 Austria
 Bachmann
 Bachus
 Barletta
 Bartlett
 Barton (TX)
 Bass (NH)
 Benishek
 Berg
 Biggart
 Bilbray
 Bilirakis
 Bishop (UT)
 Black
 Blackburn
 Bonner
 Bono Mack
 Boren
 Boustany
 Brady (TX)
 Brooks
 Broun (GA)
 Buchanan
 Bucshon
 Buerkle
 Burgess
 Burton (IN)
 Calvert
 Camp
 Campbell
 Canseco
 Cantor
 Capito
 Carter
 Cassidy
 Critz
 Crowley
 Cuellar
 Cummings
 Davis (CA)
 DeFazio
 DeGette
 DeLauro
 Deutch
 Dicks
 Dingell
 Doggett
 Donnelly (IN)
 Doyle
 Edwards
 Ellison
 Engel
 Eshoo
 Farr
 Filner
 Frank (MA)
 Fudge
 Garamendi
 Gibson
 Gonzalez
 Green, Al
 Green, Gene
 Grijalva
 Markey
 Matsui
 McCarthy (NY)
 McCollum
 McDermott
 McGovern
 McIntyre
 Hinchey
 Hinojosa
 Hochul
 Holden
 Holt
 Honda
 Hoyer
 Israel
 Johnson (GA)
 Johnson, E. B.
 Kaptur
 Keating
 Kildee
 Kind
 Kissell
 Kucinich
 Langevin
 Larsen (WA)
 Larson (CT)
 Lee (CA)
 Levin
 Lewis (GA)
 Lipinski
 Loeback
 Lofgren, Zoe
 Lowey
 Lujan
 Lynch
 Maloney
 Markey
 Matsui
 Baldwin
 Barber
 Barrow
 Becerra
 Berkley
 Berman
 Bishop (GA)
 Bishop (NY)
 Blumenauer
 Bonamici
 Boswell
 Brady (PA)
 Braley (IA)
 Brown (FL)
 Butterfield
 Capps
 Capuano
 Carnahan
 Carney
 Carson (IN)
 Castor (FL)
 Chandler
 Chu
 Cicilline
 Clarke (MI)
 Clarke (NY)
 Clay
 Cleaver
 Cohen
 Connolly (VA)
 Conyers
 Cooper
 Costello
 Courtney
 Critz
 Crowley
 Cuellar
 Cummings
 Davis (CA)
 DeFazio
 DeGette
 DeLauro
 Hinchey
 Hinojosa
 Hochul
 Holden
 Holt
 Honda
 Hoyer
 Israel
 Johnson (GA)
 Johnson (IL)
 Johnson, E. B.
 Keating
 Kildee
 Kind
 Kucinich
 Langevin
 Larsen (WA)
 Larson (CT)
 Gallegly
 Gardner
 Garrett
 Gerlach
 Gibbs
 Gingrey (GA)
 Gohmert
 Goodlatte
 Gosar
 Gowdy
 Granger
 Graves (GA)
 Graves (MO)
 Griffin (AR)
 Griffith (VA)
 Grimm
 Guinta
 Guthrie
 Hall
 Hanna
 Harper
 Harris
 Hartzler
 Hastings (WA)
 Hayworth
 Heck
 Hensarling
 Herger
 Herrera Beutler
 Huelskamp
 Huizenga (MI)
 Hultgren
 Hunter
 Hurt
 Issa
 Jenkins
 Johnson (IL)
 Johnson (OH)
 Johnson, Sam
 Jones
 Jordan
 Kelly
 King (IA)
 King (NY)
 Kingston
 Kinzinger (IL)
 Kline
 Labrador
 Lamborn
 Lance
 Landry
 Lankford
 Latham
 LaTourette
 Latta
 Lewis (CA)
 LoBiondo
 Long
 Lucas
 Luetkemeyer
 Lummis
 Lungren, Daniel
 E.
 Manzullo
 Marino
 Matheson
 McCarthy (CA)
 McCaul
 McClintock
 Rodgers
 Meehan
 Mica
 Michaud
 Miller (FL)
 Miller (MI)
 Miller, Gary
 Mulvaney
 Murphy (PA)
 Myrick
 Neugebauer
 Noem
 Nugent
 Nunes
 Nunnelee
 Olson
 Owens
 Palazzo
 Paul
 Paulsen
 Pearce
 Pence
 Peterson
 Petri
 Pitts
 Platts
 Poe (TX)
 Pompeo
 Posey
 Price (GA)
 Quayle
 Reed
 Rehberg
 Renacci
 Ribble
 Rigell
 Rivera
 Roby
 Roe (TN)
 Rogers (AL)
 Rogers (KY)
 Rohrabacher
 Rokita
 Rooney
 Ros-Lehtinen
 Ryan (WI)
 Scalise
 Schilling
 Schmidt
 Schock
 Schweikert
 Scott (SC)
 Scott, Austin
 Sensenbrenner
 Sessions
 Shimkus
 Shuler
 Shuster
 Simpson
 Smith (NE)
 Smith (NJ)
 Smith (TX)
 Southerland
 Stearns
 Stutzman
 Terry
 Thompson (PA)
 Thornberry
 Tiberi
 Tipton

Turner (NY) West
Turner (OH) Westmoreland
Upton Whitfield
Walberg Wilson (SC)
Walden Wittman
Walsh (IL) Wolf
Webster Womack

NOT VOTING—18

Ackerman Gutierrez Meeks
Akin Hirono Murphy (CT)
Bass (CA) Jackson (IL) Rogers (MI)
Cardoza Jackson Lee Stivers
Culberson (TX) Sullivan
Davis (IL) Mack
Fattah Marchant

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1151

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 16 OFFERED BY MS. WOOLSEY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on the amendment offered by the
gentlewoman from California (Ms.
WOOLSEY) on which further proceedings
were postponed and on which the noes
prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 178, noes 236,
not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 529]

AYES—178

Altmire DeFazio Keating
Andrews DeGette Kildee
Baca DeLauro Kind
Baldwin Deutch Kissell
Barber Dicks Kucinich
Bass (CA) Dingell Langevin
Becerra Doggett Larsen (WA)
Berkley Donnelly (IN) Larson (CT)
Berman Doyle Lee (CA)
Bishop (GA) Edwards Levin
Bishop (NY) Ellison Lewis (GA)
Blumenauer Engel Lipinski
Bonamici Eshoo LoBiondo
Boswell Farr Loebsack
Brady (PA) Filner Lofgren, Zoe
Braley (IA) Frank (MA) Lowey
Brown (FL) Fudge Lujan
Butterfield Garamendi Lynch
Capps Gibson Maloney
Capuano Gonzalez Markey
Carnahan Green, Al Matsui
Carney Green, Gene McCarthy (NY)
Carson (IN) Grijalva McCollum
Castor (FL) Gutierrez McDermott
Chandler Hahn McGovern
Chu Hanabusa McIntyre
Cicilline Hastings (FL) McNeerney
Clarke (MI) Heinrich Michaud
Clarke (NY) Higgins Miller (NC)
Clay Himes Moore, George
Cleaver Hinchey Moran
Clyburn Hinojosa Nadler
Cohen Hochul Napolitano
Connolly (VA) Holden Neal
Conyers Holt Oliver
Cooper Honda Pallone
Costello Hoyer Pastor (AZ)
Critz Israel Pelosi
Crowley Johnson (GA) Perlmutter
Cuellar Johnson (IL) Peters
Cummings Johnson, E. B. Pingree (ME)
Davis (CA) Kaptur

Polis Sanchez, Loretta
Price (NC) Sarbanes
Quigley Schakowsky
Rahall Schiff
Rangel Schrader
Reichert Schwartz
Reyes Scott (VA)
Richardson Scott, David
Richmond Serrano
Ross (AR) Sewell
Rothman (NJ) Sherman
Roybal-Allard Sires
Runyan Slaughter
Ruppersberger Smith (WA)
Rush Speier
Ryan (OH) Stark
Sanchez, Linda Sutton
T. Thompson (CA)

NOES—236

Adams Gibbs
Aderholt Gingrey (GA)
Alexander Gohmert
Amash Goodlatte
Amodei Gosar
Austria Gowdy
Bachmann Granger
Bachus Graves (GA)
Barletta Graves (MO)
Barrow Griffin (AR)
Bartlett Griffith (VA)
Barton (TX) Grimm
Bass (NH) Guinta
Benishek Guthrie
Berg Hall
Biggert Hanna
Bilbray Harper
Bilirakis Harris
Black Hartzler
Blackburn Hastings (WA)
Bonner Hayworth
Bono Mack Heck
Boren Hensarling
Boustany Herger
Brady (TX) Herrera Beutler
Brooks Huelskamp
Broun (GA) Huizenga (MI)
Buchanan Hultgren
Bucshon Hunter
Buerkle Hurt
Burgess Issa
Burton (IN) Jenkins
Calvert Johnson (OH)
Camp Johnson, Sam
Campbell Jones
Canseco Jordan
Cantor Kelly
Capito King (IA)
Carter King (NY)
Cassidy Kingston
Chabot Kinzinger (IL)
Chaffetz Kline
Labrador Labrador
Coble Lamborn
Coffman (CO) Lance
Cole Schweikert
Conaway Landry
Costa Lankford
Cravaack Latham
Crawford LaTourrette
Farr Latta
Frenshaw Loebsack
Davis (KY) Lewis (CA)
Denham Long
Dent Lucas
DesJarlais Luetkemeyer
Diaz-Balart Lummis
Dold Lungren, Daniel
Dreier E.
Duffy Manullo
Duncan (SC) Marchant
Duncan (TN) Marino
Ellmers Matheson
Emerson McCarthy (CA)
Farenthold McCaul
Fincher McClintock
Fitzpatrick McHenry
Flake McKeon
Fleischmann McKinley
Fleming McMorris
Flores Rodgers
Forbes Meehan
Fortenberry Mica
Foxy Miller (FL)
Franks (AZ) Miller (MI)
Frelinghuysen Miller, Gary
Gallegly Mulvaney
Gardner Murphy (PA)
Garrett Myrick
Gerlach Neugebauer

Thompson (MS) Womack
Tierney Woodall
Tonko
Towns
Tsongas
Van Hollen
Velázquez
Scott, David
Serrano
Sewell
Sherman
Sires
Slaughter
Smith (WA)
Speier
Stark
Sutton
Thompson (CA)

Yoder Young (FL)
Young (AK) Young (IN)
NOT VOTING—17
Ackerman Davis (IL) Mack
Akin Fattah Meeks
Bishop (UT) Hirono Murphy (CT)
Cardoza Jackson (IL) Pascrell
Courtney Jackson Lee Smith (TX)
Culberson (TX) Stivers

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1155

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 18 OFFERED BY MS. WATERS

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on the amendment offered by the
gentlewoman from California (Ms.
WATERS) on which further proceedings
were postponed and on which the noes
prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 171, noes 247,
not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 530]

AYES—171

Andrews Doggett Lujan
Baca Donnelly (IN) Lynch
Baldwin Doyle Maloney
Barber Edwards Markey
Bass (CA) Ellison Matsui
Becerra Engel McCarthy (NY)
Berkley Eshoo McCollum
Berman Farr McDermott
Bishop (GA) Filner McGovern
Bishop (NY) Frank (MA) McNeerney
Blumenauer Fudge Michaud
Bonamici Garamendi Miller (NC)
Boswell Gonzalez Miller, George
Brady (PA) Green, Al Moore
Braley (IA) Grijalva Moran
Brown (FL) Gutierrez Nadler
Butterfield Hahn Napolitano
Capps Hanabusa Neal
Capuano Hastings (FL) Olver
Carnahan Heinrich Owens
Carney Higgins Pallone
Carson (IN) Jones Rangel
Castor (FL) Conyers Reyes
Chu Kaptur Richardson
Cicilline Hoyer Kildee
Clarke (MI) Holt Richmond
Clarke (NY) Honda Pingree (ME)
Clay Hoyer Polis
Cleaver Israel Price (NC)
Clyburn Johnson (GA) Quigley
Cohen Johnson, E. B. Rahall
Connolly (VA) Jones Rangel
Conyers Kaptur Reyes
Cooper Keating Richardson
Costa Kildee Richmond
Costello Kind Rothman (NJ)
Courtney Kissell Roybal-Allard
Critz Kucinich Ruppersberger
Crowley Langevin Rush
Cuellar Larsen (WA) Ryan (OH)
Cummings Larson (CT) Sanchez, Linda
Davis (CA) Lee (CA) T.
DeFazio Levin Sanchez, Loretta
DeGette Lewis (GA) Sarbanes
DeLauro Lipinski Schakowsky
Deutch Loebsack Schiff
Dicks Lofgren, Zoe Schwartz
Dingell Lowey Scott (VA)

Scott, David
Serrano
Sewell
Sherman
Sires
Slaughter
Smith (WA)
Speier
Stark
Sutton

Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Tierney
Tonko
Towns
Tsongas
Van Hollen
Velázquez
Visclosky
Walz (MN)

Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watt
Waxman
Welch
Wilson (FL)
Woolsey
Yarmuth

Hirono
Jackson (IL)
Jackson Lee
(TX)
Mack
Meeks
Murphy (CT)
Stivers

Murphy (PA)
Myrick
Neugebauer
Noem
Nugent
Nunes
Nunnelee
Olson
Owens
Palazzo
Paul
Paulsen
Pearce
Pence
Peterson
Petri
Pitts
Platts
Poe (TX)
Pompeo
Posey
Price (GA)
Quayle
Rahall
Reed
Rehberg
Reichert
Renacci
Ribble
Rigell
Rivera

Roby
Roe (TN)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rogers (MI)
Rohrabacher
Rokita
Rooney
Ros-Lehtinen
Roskam
Ross (AR)
Ross (FL)
Royce
Runyan
Ryan (WI)
Scalise
Schilling
Schmidt
Schock
Schrader
Schweikert
Scott (SC)
Quayle
Scott, Austin
Sensenbrenner
Serrano
Sessions
Shimkus
Shuster
Simpson
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)

Smith (TX)
Southernland
Stearns
Stutzman
Sullivan
Terry
Thompson (PA)
Thornberry
Tiberi
Tipton
Turner (NY)
Turner (OH)
Upton
Walberg
Walden
Walsh (IL)
Webster
West
Westmoreland
Whitfield
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Wolf
Womack
Woodall
Yoder
Young (AK)
Young (FL)
Young (IN)

NOES—247

Adams
Aderholt
Alexander
Altmire
Amash
Amodei
Austria
Bachmann
Bachus
Barletta
Barrow
Bartlett
Barton (TX)
Bass (NH)
Benishek
Berg
Biggert
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bishop (UT)
Black
Blackburn
Bonner
Bono Mack
Boren
Boustany
Brady (TX)
Brooks
Broun (GA)
Buchanan
Bucshon
Buerkle
Burgess
Burton (IN)
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canseco
Cantor
Capito
Carter
Cassidy
Chabot
Chaffetz
Chandler
Coble
Coffman (CO)
Cole
Conaway
Cravaack
Crawford
Crenshaw
Davis (KY)
Denham
Dent
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dold
Dreier
Duffy
Duncan (SC)
Duncan (TN)
Ellmers
Emerson
Farenthold
Fincher
Fitzpatrick
Flake
Fleischmann
Fleming
Flores
Forbes
Fortenberry
Foxy
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Gardner
Garrett
Gerlach
Gibbs
Gibson
Gingrey (GA)

Gohmert
Goodlatte
Gosar
Gowdy
Granger
Graves (GA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Gene
Griffin (AR)
Griffith (VA)
Grimm
Guinta
Guthrie
Hall
Hanna
Harper
Harris
Hartzler
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Heck
Hensarling
Herger
Herrera Beutler
Hochul
Huelskamp
Huiizenga (MI)
Hultgren
Hunter
Hurt
Issa
Jenkins
Johnson (IL)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson, Sam
Jordan
Kelly
King (IA)
King (NY)
Kingston
Kinzinger (IL)
Kline
Labrador
Lamborn
Lance
Landry
Lankford
Latham
LaTourette
Latta
Lewis (CA)
LoBiondo
Long
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lummis
Lungren, Daniel
E.
Manzullo
Marchant
Marino
Matheson
McCarthy (CA)
McCaul
McClintock
McHenry
McIntyre
McKeon
McKinley
McMorris
Rodgers
Meehan
Mica
Miller (FL)
Miller (MI)
Miller, Gary
Mulvaney
Murphy (PA)
Myrick
Neugebauer
Noem
Nugent
Nunes

Nunnelee
Olson
Palazzo
Paul
Paulsen
Pearce
Pence
Peterson
Petri
Pitts
Platts
Poe (TX)
Pompeo
Posey
Price (GA)
Quayle
Reed
Rehberg
Reichert
Renacci
Ribble
Rigell
Rivera
Roby
Roe (TN)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rogers (MI)
Rohrabacher
Rokita
Rooney
Ros-Lehtinen
Roskam
Ross (AR)
Ross (FL)
Royce
Runyan
Ryan (WI)
Scalise
Schilling
Schmidt
Schock
Schrader
Schweikert
Scott (SC)
Scott, Austin
Sensenbrenner
Sessions
Shimkus
Shuster
Simpson
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Adams
Aderholt
Alexander
Amash
Amodei
Austria
Bachmann
Bachus
Barletta
Barrow
Bartlett
Barton (TX)
Benishek
Berg
Biggert
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bishop (UT)
Black
Blackburn
Bonner
Bono Mack
Boren
Boustany
Brooks
Broun (GA)
Buchanan
Bucshon
Buerkle
Burgess
Burton (IN)
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canseco
Cantor
Capito
Carter
Cassidy
Chabot
Chaffetz
Chandler
Coble
Coffman (CO)
Cole
Conaway
Cravaack
Crawford
Crenshaw
Davis (KY)
Denham
Dent
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dold
Dreier
Duffy
Duncan (SC)
Duncan (TN)
Ellmers
Emerson
Farenthold
Fincher
Fitzpatrick
Flake
Fleischmann
Fleming
Flores
Forbes
Fortenberry
Foxy
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Gardner
Garrett
Gerlach
Gibbs
Gibson
Gingrey (GA)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1158

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 19 OFFERED BY MR.
FITZPATRICK

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on the amendment offered by the
gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr.
FITZPATRICK) on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.
The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 251, noes 166,
not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 531]

AYES—251

Adams
Aderholt
Alexander
Amash
Amodei
Austria
Bachmann
Bachus
Barletta
Barrow
Bartlett
Barton (TX)
Benishek
Berg
Biggert
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bishop (UT)
Black
Blackburn
Bonner
Bono Mack
Boren
Boustany
Brooks
Broun (GA)
Buchanan
Bucshon
Buerkle
Burgess
Burton (IN)
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canseco
Cantor
Capito
Carter
Cassidy
Chabot
Chaffetz
Chandler
Coble
Coffman (CO)
Cole
Conaway
Cravaack
Crawford
Crenshaw
Davis (KY)
Denham
Dent
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dold
Dreier
Duffy
Duncan (SC)
Duncan (TN)
Ellmers
Emerson
Farenthold
Fincher
Fitzpatrick
Flake
Fleischmann
Fleming
Flores
Forbes
Fortenberry
Foxy
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Gardner
Garrett
Gerlach
Gibbs
Gibson
Gingrey (GA)

DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dold
Dreier
Duffy
Duncan (SC)
Duncan (TN)
Ellmers
Emerson
Farenthold
Fincher
Fitzpatrick
Flake
Fleischmann
Fleming
Flores
Forbes
Fortenberry
Foxy
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Gardner
Garrett
Gerlach
Gibbs
Gibson
Gingrey (GA)

Hultgren
Hunter
Hurt
Issa
Jenkins
Johnson (IL)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson, Sam
Jones
Jordan
Kelly
Kind
King (IA)
King (NY)
Kingston
Kinzinger (IL)
Kissell
Kline
Labrador
Lamborn
Lance
Landry
Lankford
Latham
LaTourette
Latta
Lewis (CA)
LoBiondo
Loebsack
Long
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lummis
Lungren, Daniel
E.
Manzullo
Marchant
Marino
Matheson
McCarthy (CA)
McCaul
McClintock
McHenry
McIntyre
McKeon
McKinley
McMorris
Rodgers
Meehan
Mica
Miller (FL)
Miller (MI)
Miller, Gary
Mulvaney

Altmire
Andrews
Baca
Baldwin
Barber
Bass (CA)
Bass (NH)
Becerra
Berkley
Berman
Bishop (GA)
Bishop (NY)
Blumenauer
Bonamici
Brady (PA)
Brady (TX)
Braley (IA)
Brown (FL)
Butterfield
Campbell
Capps
Capuano
Carnahan
Carney
Carson (IN)
Castor (FL)
Chandler
Chu
Cicilline
Clarke (MI)
Clarke (NY)
Clay
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Conyers
Cooper
Costa
Costello
Courtney
Crowley
Cummings
Davis (CA)
DeFazio
DeGette
DeLauro
Deutch
Dicks
Dingell
Doggett
Donnelly (IN)
Doyle
Edwards
Ellison
Engel
Eshoo

NOES—166

Farr
Filner
Frank (MA)
Fudge
Garamendi
Gonzalez
Green, Al
Green, Gene
Grijalva
Gutierrez
Hahn
Hanabusa
Hastings (FL)
Heinrich
Higgins
Himes
Hinchesy
Hinojosa
Hochul
Holt
Honda
Hoyer
Israel
Johnson (GA)
Johnson, E. B.
Kaptur
Keating
Kildee
Kucinich
Langevin
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lee (CA)
Levin
Lewis (GA)
Lipinski
Lofgren, Zoe
Lowey
Luján
Lynch
Maloney
Markey
Matsui
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McDermott
McGovern
McNerney
Michaud
Miller (NC)
Miller, George
Moore
Moran
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal

NOT VOTING—14

Ackerman
Akin
Cardoza
Culberson
Davis (IL)
Fattah
Hirono
Jackson (IL)
Jackson Lee
Davis (IL)

Fattah
Mack
Meeks
Murphy (CT)
Stivers
Waters

NOT VOTING—13

Ackerman
Akin
Cardoza
Culberson
Davis (IL)
Fattah

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1201

Ms. BERKLEY changed her vote from
“aye” to “no.”

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 20 OFFERED BY MR. POSEY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on the amendment offered by the
gentleman from Florida (Mr. POSEY) on
which further proceedings were post-
poned and on which the ayes prevailed
by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 245, noes 171,
not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 532]

AYES—245

Adams	Diaz-Balart	Issa
Aderholt	Dold	Jenkins
Alexander	Dreier	Johnson (OH)
Altmire	Duffy	Johnson, Sam
Amodoi	Duncan (SC)	Jones
Austria	Duncan (TN)	Jordan
Bachmann	Ellmers	Kelly
Bachus	Emerson	King (IA)
Barletta	Farenthold	King (NY)
Barrow	Fincher	Kingston
Bartlett	Fitzpatrick	Kinzinger (IL)
Barton (TX)	Flake	Kissell
Benishke	Fleischmann	Kline
Berg	Fleming	Labrador
Biggart	Flores	Lamborn
Billbray	Forbes	Lance
Bilirakis	Fortenberry	Landry
Bishop (GA)	Fox	Lankford
Bishop (UT)	Franks (AZ)	Latham
Black	Frelinghuysen	LaTourette
Blackburn	Gallely	Latta
Bonner	Gardner	Lewis (CA)
Bono Mack	Garrett	LoBiondo
Boren	Gerlach	Long
Boustany	Gibbs	Lucas
Brady (TX)	Gingrey (GA)	Luetkemeyer
Brooks	Gohmert	Lummis
Broun (GA)	Goodlatte	Lungren, Daniel
Buchanan	Gosar	E.
Bucshon	Gowdy	Manzullo
Buerkle	Granger	Marchant
Burton (IN)	Graves (GA)	Marino
Calvert	Graves (MO)	Matheson
Camp	Green, Gene	McCarthy (CA)
Campbell	Griffin (AR)	McCaul
Canseco	Griffith (VA)	McClintock
Cantor	Grimm	McHenry
Capito	Guinta	McIntyre
Carter	Guthrie	McKeon
Cassidy	Hall	McKinley
Chabot	Hanna	McMorris
Chaffetz	Harper	Rodgers
Coble	Harris	Meehan
Coffman (CO)	Hartzler	Mica
Cole	Hastings (WA)	Miller (FL)
Conaway	Hayworth	Miller (MI)
Costello	Heck	Miller, Gary
Cravaack	Hensarling	Mulvaney
Crawford	Hergler	Murphy (PA)
Crenshaw	Herrera Beutler	Myrick
Critz	Holden	Neugebauer
Davis (KY)	Huelskamp	Noem
Denham	Huizenga (MI)	Nugent
Dent	Hultgren	Nunes
DesJarlais	Hunter	Nunnelee
	Hurt	Oison

Palazzo	Rokita	Sullivan
Paul	Rooney	Terry
Paulsen	Ros-Lehtinen	Thompson (PA)
Pearce	Roskam	Thornberry
Pence	Ross (AR)	Tiberi
Petri	Ross (FL)	Tipton
Pingree (ME)	Royce	Turner (NY)
Pitts	Runyan	Turner (OH)
Platts	Ryan (WI)	Upton
Poe (TX)	Scalise	Walberg
Pompeo	Schilling	Walden
Posey	Schmidt	Walsh (IL)
Price (GA)	Schock	Webster
Quayle	Schweikert	West
Rahall	Scott (SC)	Westmoreland
Reed	Scott, Austin	Whitfield
Rehberg	Sensenbrenner	Wilson (SC)
Renacci	Sessions	Wittman
Ribble	Shimkus	Wolf
Rigell	Shuster	Womack
Rivera	Simpson	Woodall
Roby	Smith (NE)	Yoder
Roe (TN)	Smith (NJ)	Young (AK)
Rogers (AL)	Smith (TX)	Young (FL)
Rogers (KY)	Southerland	Young (IN)
Rogers (MI)	Stearns	
Rohrabacher	Stutzman	

NOES—171

Amash	Fudge	Pascarell
Andrews	Garamendi	Pastor (AZ)
Baca	Gibson	Pelosi
Baldwin	Gonzalez	Perlmutter
Barber	Green, Al	Peters
Bass (CA)	Grijalva	Peterson
Bass (NH)	Gutierrez	Polis
Becerra	Hahn	Price (NC)
Berkley	Hanabusa	Quigley
Berman	Hastings (FL)	Rangel
Bishop (NY)	Heinrich	Reichert
Blumenauer	Higgins	Reyes
Bonamici	Himes	Richardson
Boswell	Hinchee	Richmond
Brady (PA)	Hinojosa	Roybal-Allard
Braley (IA)	Hochul	Ruppersberger
Brown (FL)	Holt	Rush
Butterfield	Honda	Ryan (OH)
Capps	Hoyer	Sanchez, Linda
Capuano	Israel	T.
Carnahan	Johnson (GA)	Sanchez, Loretta
Carney	Johnson (IL)	Sarbanes
Carson (IN)	Johnson, E. B.	Schakowsky
Castor (FL)	Kaptur	Schiff
Chandler	Keating	Schrader
Chu	Kildee	Schwartz
Cicilline	Kind	Scott (VA)
Clarke (MI)	Kucinich	Scott, David
Clarke (NY)	Langevin	Serrano
Clay	Larsen (WA)	Sewell
Cleaver	Larson (CT)	Sherman
Clyburn	Lee (CA)	Shuler
Cohen	Levin	Sires
Connolly (VA)	Lewis (GA)	Slaughter
Conyers	Lipinski	Smith (WA)
Cooper	Loeback	Speier
Costa	Lofgren, Zoe	Stark
Courtney	Lowe	Sutton
Crowley	Lujan	Thompson (CA)
Cuellar	Lynch	Thompson (MS)
Cummings	Maloney	Tierney
Davis (CA)	Markey	Tonko
DeFazio	Matsui	Towns
DeGette	McCarthy (NY)	Tsongas
DeLauro	McCollum	Van Hollen
Deutch	McDermott	Velazquez
Dicks	McGovern	Visclosky
Dingell	McNerney	Walz (MN)
Doggett	Michaud	Wasserman
Donnelly (IN)	Miller, George	Schultz
Doyle	Moore	Waters
Edwards	Moran	Watt
Ellison	Nader	Waxman
Engel	Napolitano	Welch
Eshoo	Neal	Wilson (FL)
Farr	Oliver	Woolsey
Finer	Owens	Yarmuth
Frank (MA)	Pallone	

NOT VOTING—15

Ackerman	Hirono	Miller (NC)
Akin	Jackson (IL)	Murphy (CT)
Cardoza	Jackson Lee	Rothman (NJ)
Culberson	(TX)	Stivers
Davis (IL)	Mack	
Fattah	Meeks	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1204

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 21 OFFERED BY MRS. MALONEY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on the amendment offered by the
gentlewoman from New York (Mrs.
MALONEY) on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 173, noes 243,
not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 533]

AYES—173

Altmire	Fudge	Neal
Andrews	Garamendi	Olver
Baca	Gibson	Pallone
Baldwin	Gonzalez	Pascarell
Barber	Green, Al	Pastor (AZ)
Bass (CA)	Green, Gene	Pelosi
Becerra	Grijalva	Perlmutter
Berkley	Gutierrez	Peters
Berman	Hahn	Pingree (ME)
Bishop (GA)	Hanabusa	Polis
Bishop (NY)	Hastings (FL)	Price (NC)
Blumenauer	Heinrich	Quigley
Bonamici	Higgins	Rangel
Boswell	Himes	Reichert
Brady (PA)	Hinchee	Richardson
Braley (IA)	Hinojosa	Richmond
Brown (FL)	Hochul	Rothman (NJ)
Capps	Holden	Roybal-Allard
Capuano	Holt	Ruppersberger
Carnahan	Honda	Rush
Carney	Hoyer	Ryan (OH)
Carson (IN)	Israel	Sanchez, Linda
Castor (FL)	Johnson (GA)	T.
Chandler	Johnson, E. B.	Sanchez, Loretta
Chu	Jones	Sarbanes
Cicilline	Kaptur	Schakowsky
Clarke (MI)	Keating	Schiff
Clarke (NY)	Kildee	Schwartz
Clay	Kind	Scott (VA)
Cleaver	Kissell	Scott, David
Clyburn	Kucinich	Serrano
Cohen	Langevin	Sewell
Connolly (VA)	Larsen (WA)	Sherman
Conyers	Larson (CT)	Sires
Cooper	Lee (CA)	Slaughter
Costa	Levin	Smith (WA)
Costello	Lewis (GA)	Speier
Courtney	Lipinski	Stark
Critz	Loeback	Sutton
Crowley	Lofgren, Zoe	Thompson (CA)
Cuellar	Lowe	Thompson (MS)
Cummings	Lujan	Tierney
Davis (CA)	Lynch	Tonko
DeFazio	Maloney	Towns
DeGette	Markey	Tsongas
DeLauro	McCarthy (NY)	Van Hollen
Deutch	McCollum	Velazquez
Dicks	McDermott	Visclosky
Dingell	McGovern	Walz (MN)
Doggett	McIntyre	Wasserman
Donnelly (IN)	McNerney	Schultz
Doyle	Michaud	Watt
Edwards	Miller (NC)	Waxman
Ellison	Miller, George	Welch
Engel	Moore	Wilson (FL)
Eshoo	Moran	Woolsey
Farr	Nadler	Yarmuth
Finer	Napolitano	
Frank (MA)		

NOES—243

Adams	Alexander	Amodoi
Aderholt	Amash	Austria

Bachmann Graves (MO) Pearce
 Bachus Griffin (AR) Pence
 Barletta Griffith (VA) Peterson
 Barrow Grimm Petri
 Bartlett Guinta Pitts
 Barton (TX) Guthrie Platts
 Bass (NH) Hall Poe (TX)
 Benishek Hanna Pompeo
 Berg Harper Posey
 Biggert Harris Price (GA)
 Bilbray Hartzler Quayle
 Bilirakis Hastings (WA) Rahall
 Bishop (UT) Hayworth Reed
 Black Heck Rehberg
 Blackburn Hensarling Reichert
 Bonner Herger Renacci
 Bono Mack Herrera Beutler Ribble
 Boren Huelskamp Rigell
 Boustany Huizenga (MI) Rivera
 Brady (TX) Hultgren Roby
 Brooks Hunter Roe (TN)
 Broun (GA) Hurt Rogers (AL)
 Buchanan Issa Rogers (KY)
 Bucshon Jenkins Rogers (MI)
 Buerkle Johnson (IL) Rohrabacher
 Burgess Johnson (OH) Rokita
 Burton (IN) Johnson, Sam Rooney
 Calvert Jordan Ros-Lehtinen
 Camp Kelly Roskam
 Campbell King (IA) Ross (AR)
 Canseco King (NY) Ross (FL)
 Cantor Kingston Royce
 Capito Kinzinger (IL) Runyan
 Carter Kline Ryan (WI)
 Cassidy Labrador Scalise
 Chabot Lamborn Schilling
 Chaffetz Lance Schmidt
 Coble Landry Schock
 Coffman (CO) Lankford Schrader
 Cole Latham Schweikert
 Conaway LaTourette Scott (SC)
 Cravaack Latta Scott, Austin
 Crawford Lewis (CA) Sensenbrenner
 Crenshaw LoBiondo Sessions
 Davis (KY) Long Shimkus
 Denham Lucas Shuler
 Dent Luetkemeyer Shuster
 DesJarlais Lummis Simpson
 Diaz-Balart Lungren, Daniel Smith (NE)
 Dold E. Smith (NJ)
 Dreier Manzano Smith (TX)
 Duffy Marchant Southernland
 Duncan (SC) Marino Stearns
 Duncan (TN) Matheson Stutzman
 Ellmers McCarthy (CA) Sullivan
 Emerson McCaul Terry
 Farenthold McClintock Thompson (PA)
 Fincher McHenry Thornberry
 Fitzpatrick McKeon Tiberi
 Flake McKinley Tipton
 Fleischmann McMorris Turner (NY)
 Fleming Rodgers Turner (OH)
 Flores Meehan Upton
 Forbes Mica Walberg
 Fortenberry Miller (FL) Walden
 Foxx Miller (MI) Walsh (IL)
 Franks (AZ) Miller, Gary Webster
 Frelinghuysen Mulvaney West
 Gallegly Murphy (PA) Westmoreland
 Gardner Myrick Whitfield
 Garrett Neugebauer Wilson (SC)
 Gerlach Noem Chandler
 Gibbs Nugent Coble
 Gingrey (GA) Nunes Wolf
 Gohmert Nunnelee Womack
 Goodlatte Olson Woodall
 Gosar Owens Yoder
 Gowdy Palazzo Young (AK)
 Granger Paul Young (FL)
 Graves (GA) Paulsen Young (IN)

NOT VOTING—15

Ackerman Fattah Meeks
 Akin Hirono Murphy (CT)
 Butterfield Jackson (IL) Stivers
 Cardoza Jackson Lee Waters
 Culberson (TX)
 Davis (IL) Mack

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
 There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1208

So the amendment was rejected.
 The result of the vote was announced
 as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 25 OFFERED BY MR. POSEY
 The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
 business is the demand for a recorded
 vote on the amendment offered by the
 gentleman from Florida (Mr. POSEY) on
 which further proceedings were post-
 poned and on which the ayes prevailed
 by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
 amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
 ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
 has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
 minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
 vice, and there were—ayes 251, noes 165,
 not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 534]

AYES—251

Adams Fleming Long
 Aderholt Flores Lucas
 Alexander Forbes Luetkemeyer
 Amash Fortenberry Lummis
 Amodei Foxx Braxley, Daniel
 Austria Franks (AZ) E.
 Bachmann Frelinghuysen Manzano
 Bachus Gallegly Marchant
 Barletta Gardner Marino
 Bartlett Garrett Matheson
 Barton (TX) Gerlach McCarthy (CA)
 Benishek Gibbs McCaul
 Berg Gibson McClintock
 Biggert Gingrey (GA) McHenry
 Bilbray Gohmert McIntyre
 Bilirakis Goodlatte McKeon
 Bishop (UT) Gosar McKinley
 Black Gowdy McMorris
 Blackburn Granger Rodgers
 Bonner Graves (GA) Meehan
 Bono Mack Graves (MO) Mica
 Boren Green, Al Miller (FL)
 Boustany Griffin (AR) Miller (MI)
 Brady (TX) Griffith (VA) Miller, Gary
 Brooks Grimm Mulvaney
 Buchanan Guinta Murphy (PA)
 Bucshon Guthrie Myrick
 Buerkle Hall Neugebauer
 Burgess Hanna Noem
 Burton (IN) Harper Nugent
 Calvert Harris Nunes
 Camp Hartzler Nunnelee
 Campbell Hastings (FL) Olson
 Canseco Hastings (WA) Owens
 Cantor Hayworth Palazzo
 Capito Heck Paul
 Carter Hensarling Paulsen
 Cassidy Herger Pearce
 Castor (FL) Herrera Beutler Pence
 Chabot Himes Petri
 Chaffetz Hinojosa Pitts
 Chandler Huelskamp Platts
 Coble Huizenga (MI) Poe (TX)
 Coffman (CO) Hultgren Pompeo
 Cole Hunter Posey
 Conaway Hurt Price (GA)
 Cravaack Issa Quayle
 Crawford Jenkins Rahall
 Crenshaw Johnson (IL) Reed
 Cuellar Johnson (OH) Rehberg
 Davis (KY) Johnson, Sam Reichert
 Denham Jones Renacci
 Dent Jordan Ribble
 DesJarlais Kelly Rigell
 Deutch King (IA) Rivera
 Diaz-Balart King (NY) Roby
 Dold Kingston Roe (TN)
 Donnelly (IN) Kinzinger (IL) Rogers (AL)
 Dreier Kissell Rogers (KY)
 Duffy Kline Rogers (MI)
 Duncan (SC) Labrador Rohrabacher
 Duncan (TN) Lamborn Rokita
 Ellmers Lance Rooney
 Emerson Landry Ros-Lehtinen
 Farenthold Lankford Roskam
 Fincher Latham Ross (AR)
 Fitzpatrick Latta Ross (FL)
 Flake Lewis (CA) Royce
 Fleischmann LoBiondo Runyan

Ryan (WI) Smith (TX) Wasserman
 Scalise Southerland Schultz
 Schilling Stearns Webster
 Schmidt Stutzman West
 Schock Sullivan Westmoreland
 Schrader Terry Whitfield
 Schweikert Thompson (PA) Wilson (SC)
 Scott (SC) Thornberry Wittman
 Scott, Austin Tiberi Wolf
 Sensenbrenner Turner (NY) Tipton
 Sessions Shimkus Turner (OH) Womack
 Shuster Upton Woodall
 Simpson Walberg Yoder
 Smith (NE) Walden Young (AK)
 Smith (NJ) Walsh (IL) Young (FL)
 Young (IN)

NOES—165

Altmire Frank (MA) Pascrell
 Andrews Fudge Pastor (AZ)
 Baca Garamendi Pelosi
 Baldwin Gonzalez Perlmutter
 Barber Green, Gene Peters
 Barrow Grijalva Peterson
 Bass (CA) Gutierrez Pingree (ME)
 Bass (NH) Hahn Polis
 Becerra Hanabusa Price (NC)
 Berkley Heinrich Quigley
 Berman Higgins Rangel
 Bishop (GA) Hinchey Reyes
 Bishop (NY) Hochul Richardson
 Blumenauer Holden Richmond
 Bonamici Holt Rothman (NJ)
 Boswell Honda Roybal-Allard
 Brady (PA) Hoyer Ruppenger
 Braxley (IA) Israel Rush
 Broun (GA) Johnson (GA) Ryan (OH)
 Brown (FL) Johnson, E. B. Sanchez, Linda
 Capps Kaptur T.
 Capuano Keating Sanchez, Loretta
 Carnahan Kildee Sarbanes
 Carney Kind Schakowsky
 Carson (IN) Kucinich Schiff
 Chu Langevin
 Cicilline Larsen (WA) Schwartz
 Clarke (MI) Larson (CT) Scott (VA)
 Clarke (NY) LaTourette Scott, David
 Clay Lee (CA) Serrano
 Cleaver Levin Sewell
 Clyburn Lewis (GA) Sherman
 Cohen Shuler
 Connolly (VA) Loeb sack Sires
 Conyers Lofgren, Zoe Slaughter
 Cooper Lowey Smith (WA)
 Costa Luján Speier
 Costello Lynch Stark
 Courtney Maloney Sutton
 Critz Markey Thompson (CA)
 Crowley Matsui Thompson (MS)
 Cummings McCarthy (NY) Tierney
 Davis (CA) McCollum Tonko
 DeFazio McDermott Towns
 DeGette McGovern Tsongas
 DeLauro McNeerney Van Hollen
 Dicks Michaud Velázquez
 Dingell Miller (NC) Vislosky
 Doggett Miller, George Walz (MN)
 Doyle Moore Watt
 Edwards Moran Waxman
 Ellison Nadler Welch
 Engel Neapolitano Wilson (FL)
 Eshoo Neal Woolsey
 Farr Olver Yarmuth
 Filner Pallone

NOT VOTING—15

Ackerman Fattah Meeks
 Akin Hirono Murphy (CT)
 Butterfield Jackson (IL) Stivers
 Cardoza Jackson Lee Waters
 Culberson (TX)
 Davis (IL) Mack

□ 1212

So the amendment was agreed to.
 The result of the vote was announced
 as above recorded.

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. GINGREY of
 Georgia). There being no further
 amendments, under the rule, the Com-
 mittee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose;
 and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr.
 SIMPSON) having assumed the chair,
 Mr. GINGREY of Georgia, Acting Chair
 of the Committee of the Whole House

on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 4078) to provide that no agency may take any significant regulatory action until the unemployment rate is equal to or less than 6.0 percent, and, pursuant to House Resolution 738, he reported the bill, as amended by that resolution and House Resolution 741, back to the House with sundry further amendments adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Is a separate vote demanded on any further amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole? If not, the Chair will put them en gros.

The amendments were agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Ms. SUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentlewoman opposed to the bill?

Ms. SUTTON. I am opposed in its current form.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Ms. Sutton moves to recommit the bill H.R. 4078 to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith, with the following amendment:

Add, at the end of the bill, the following:

TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 801. EXEMPTION FOR DISCLOSURE OF OFFSHORE BANK ACCOUNTS, MIDDLE INCOME TAX RELIEF, AND PROTECTIONS FOR CONSUMERS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this Act shall impose any limitation on agency action that would—

- (1) require the disclosure of a foreign financial account, including a bank account;
- (2) implement tax cuts for middle class American families;
- (3) protect against Asian Carp and other invasive species;
- (4) ensure the safety of prescription drugs; or
- (5) provide foreclosure relief and curb predatory practices by bank and non-bank subprime lenders.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes in support of her motion.

Ms. SUTTON. Mr. Speaker, at the outset, I want to be clear that this final amendment does not kill the underlying bill. It only improves it. So regardless of whether you intend to vote for the legislation or against it, you will have the opportunity to do so today.

In a little more than a week, we will be getting back to our districts for the August work period. Some of us will have the opportunity to sit down with seniors to talk about the issues that af-

fect them. Some will visit job sites or national parks. Regardless of where you go, there are basic protections that ensure the safety and the security of the people you'll meet with.

If you represent a district with a high foreclosure rate, there are commonsense protections that stand between your constituents and predatory subprime lenders. If you represent a district that borders one of our Great Lakes, like I do, there are basic protections that aim to keep invasive species, like Asian carp, out of our Great Lakes, protections that not only preserve and protect our natural species but thousands of jobs and the futures of the people from Illinois to New York. If you represent a district that has even one senior, as we all do, there are critical protections to ensure that their prescription drugs are safe and that the care they get must be safe as well.

In a week, we will all face our constituents, constituents who rely on these protections to stay safe, to stay healthy, and to hold onto their share of the American Dream. What this motion to recommit does is to allow us to recommit ourselves to those essential protections for the people whom we serve.

It ensures, while middle class Americans are paying their fair share and are playing by the rules, that those at the very top can't simply hide their money away in foreign bank accounts, because those who do well in America should do well by America. It also ensures that we have the protections we need to protect the financial futures of our middle class families and that we have cuts for them, for the middle class families—those who really need it.

It ensures that those protections that hold invasive species at bay, while allowing future generations to enjoy America's environmental wonders, will be upheld. It ensures that our prescription drugs for our mothers and fathers, our sons and daughters, and our grandchildren are safe and that home ownership is still the American Dream, not a subprime nightmare.

If you vote for this final amendment to the bill today, you will be able to honestly tell your constituents that you have voted to protect them, to protect their families, and to protect their futures.

Mr. Speaker, the days left in this Congress are quickly coming to an end. What we have here is an opportunity to accomplish what our constituents sent us here to do nearly 2 years ago—to put politics aside and to put our neighbors first. For the good of our country, let us join together in this moment to pass these commonsense protections.

I encourage my colleagues to vote "yes" on this commonsense, balanced final amendment to the bill. Then we can immediately vote on final passage.

I yield back the balance of my time.

□ 1220

Mr. KELLY. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong opposition to this motion.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the motion?

Mr. KELLY. Yes.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Pennsylvania is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. KELLY. Mr. Speaker, in 2011, we came to this House for one reason, and it was a motion to recommit. We recommitted to the people of the United States that we were going to change the way business was done in this town. This motion to recommit is a joke. This is ridiculous.

Let me tell you about what it's like to be in the real world and not inside the Beltway. I operate a business that my father started back in 1953, after being a parts picker in a General Motors warehouse, going to fight the war, and coming back home. I called our body shop manager today, Jason Sholes. He's been with me for 26 years. I said to Jason, "I need to know the cost of tape, Jason." He goes, "What are you talking about, Mike?" I said, "In our body shop, when people wreck their car and bring their car in, I know we have to use a lot of tape." He said, "Oh, my goodness. Has the cost of tape gone crazy. We use two types of tape, Mike. We use green tape. Green tape is the tape we use when we have to use water on a job, and we have to make sure that the tape sticks, and that's up to \$4 a roll."

I said, "Tell me about the other tape." He said, "The other tape is yellow tape." I said, "Tell me about the yellow tape." He said, "That's when we're going to paint a car, and we don't have to use the green tape. The yellow tape is a little less expensive. It's only \$2 a roll. But, Mike, I've got to tell you that we're spending \$160 a month on tape, and it's really making me wonder about whether I'm doing the right thing."

I said, "Jason, we're spending about \$2,000 a year on green and yellow tape?" He said, "Yes, we are." I said, "Jason, do you know what the cost of red tape is?" He goes, "I have no idea. We don't use red tape." I said, "Yes, we do. It's \$1.75 trillion." That's the cost of red tape.

I called my friend Don Shamey at NexTier Bank. I said, "Don, we've know each other since we were kids. Our wives know each other, and our kids grew up together. We do a lot of things together. I've done business with you for 40 years. You're right across the street from me. Don, tell me about the new regulations." He said, "Mike, if you take a look at it, there's 1,100 pages now that are the definition of whether you're a qualified borrower or not." I said, "It only took 1,100 pages for the government to determine what the definition of a qualified borrower is? Are you kidding me? Do you mean to sit here and say that you are serious?"

We renovated a ballpark in my hometown with a guy named Tom Burnatowski, a veteran. It took us a couple of million dollars to renovate

our ballpark. The day we were going to open up, I got a call at the dealership where he said, "Mike, could you come down." I said, "Why? What's going on." He said, "We're having trouble with the occupancy permit." I went down to see. I said, "What's the problem?" He said, "Come into the men's room. Let me show you what the problem is." I said, "You know, we have 1,500 people that want to come and see the opening ball game." He said, "But we've got a major problem. The mirrors in the restroom are a quarter of an inch too low. So you can't possibly open that ballpark."

You want to know the price of regulation? You want to talk about the thousands and thousands of pages that we put on the backs of the job creators? You want to talk about creating jobs in America? When you want to see a Nation that doesn't want to participate but wants to dominate in the world market, then let them rise. Take the heavy boot off the throat of America's job creators and let them breathe.

The jobs we are talking about are not red jobs or blue jobs; they're red, white, and blue jobs. They are not Democrat jobs or Republican jobs or independent jobs or libertarian jobs; they are American jobs. If you want this country to thrive and not just survive, then please start playing the game by the rules and stop this ridiculous mockery of what it is that we do here in this town. We are so out of touch with the American people.

Do you know what all this does? It adds layer, after layer of cost, and that cost is ultimately paid for by the American consumer. You want to have more revenues? Then let the tide rise for all boats. Let us be able to not only survive, but to thrive.

This is not a left or right issue, this is an American issue. I urge my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to rise today and vote for H.R. 4078. Let's let America get back to work.

With that, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Ms. SUTTON. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of passage.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 181, nays 234, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 535]

YEAS—181

Altmire	Baca	Barber
Andrews	Baldwin	Barrow

Bass (CA)	Gonzalez	Pascrell
Becerra	Green, Al	Pastor (AZ)
Berkley	Green, Gene	Pelosi
Berman	Grijalva	Perlmutter
Bishop (GA)	Gutierrez	Peters
Bishop (NY)	Hahn	Peterson
Blumenauer	Hanabusa	Pingree (ME)
Bonamici	Hastings (FL)	Polis
Boren	Heinrich	Price (NC)
Boswell	Higgins	Quigley
Brady (PA)	Himes	Rahall
Braley (IA)	Hinchee	Rangel
Brown (FL)	Hinojosa	Reyes
Butterfield	Hochul	Richardson
Capps	Holden	Richmond
Capuano	Holt	Ross (AR)
Carnahan	Honda	Rothman (NJ)
Carney	Hoyer	Roybal-Allard
Carson (IN)	Israel	Ruppersberger
Castor (FL)	Johnson (GA)	Rush
Chandler	Johnson, E. B.	Ryan (OH)
Chu	Jones	Sanchez, Linda
Cicilline	Kaptur	T.
Clarke (MI)	Kildee	Sanchez, Loretta
Clarke (NY)	Kind	Sarbanes
Clay	Kissell	Schakowsky
Cleaver	Kucinich	Schiff
Clyburn	Langevin	Schrader
Cohen	Larsen (WA)	Schwartz
Connolly (VA)	Larson (CT)	Scott (VA)
Conyers	Lee (CA)	Scott, David
Cooper	Levin	Serrano
Cooper	Lewis (GA)	Sherman
Costa	Lipinski	Shuler
Costello	Loeb	Shulski
Courtney	Loeb	Sires
Critz	Lofgren, Zoe	Slaughter
Crowley	Lowe	Smith (WA)
Cuellar	Lujan	Speier
Cummings	Lynch	Stark
Davis (CA)	Maloney	Sutton
DeFazio	Markey	Thompson (CA)
DeGette	Matheson	Thompson (MS)
DeLauro	Matsui	Tierney
Deutch	McCarthy (NY)	Tonko
Dicks	McCollum	Towns
Dingell	McDermott	Tsongas
Doggett	McGovern	Van Hollen
Donnelly (IN)	McIntyre	Velázquez
Doyle	McNerney	Visclosky
Edwards	Michaud	Walz (MN)
Ellison	Miller (NC)	Wasserman
Engel	Miller, George	Schultz
Eshoo	Moore	Waters
Farr	Moran	Watt
Fattah	Nadler	Waxman
Filner	Napolitano	Welch
Frank (MA)	Neal	Wilson (FL)
Fudge	Olver	Woolsey
Garamendi	Pallone	Yarmuth

NAYS—234

Adams	Chabot	Gibson
Aderholt	Chaffetz	Gingrey (GA)
Alexander	Coble	Gohmert
Amash	Coffman (CO)	Goodlatte
Amodei	Cole	Gosar
Austria	Conaway	Gowdy
Bachmann	Cravaack	Granger
Bachus	Crawford	Graves (GA)
Barletta	Crenshaw	Graves (MO)
Bartlett	Davis (KY)	Griffin (AR)
Barton (TX)	Denham	Griffith (VA)
Bass (NH)	Dent	Grimm
Benishek	DesJarlais	Guinta
Berg	Diaz-Balart	Guthrie
Biggert	Dold	Hall
Bilirakis	Dreier	Hanna
Bishop (UT)	Duffy	Harper
Black	Duncan (SC)	Harris
Blackburn	Duncan (TN)	Hartzler
Bonner	Ellmers	Hastings (WA)
Bono Mack	Emerson	Hayworth
Boustany	Farenthold	Heck
Brady (TX)	Fincher	Hensarling
Brooks	Fitzpatrick	Hерger
Broun (GA)	Flake	Herrera Beutler
Buchanan	Fleischmann	Huelskamp
Buchson	Fleming	Huizenga (MI)
Buerkle	Flores	Hultgren
Burgess	Forbes	Hunter
Burton (IN)	Fortenberry	Hurt
Calvert	Fox	Issa
Camp	Franks (AZ)	Jenkins
Campbell	Frelighuysen	Johnson (IL)
Canseco	Gallegly	Johnson (OH)
Cantor	Gardner	Johnson, Sam
Capito	Garrett	Jordan
Carter	Gerlach	Kelly
Cassidy	Gibbs	King (IA)

King (NY)	Nunes	Schock
Kingston	Nunnelee	Schweikert
Kinzinger (IL)	Olson	Scott (SC)
Kline	Owens	Scott, Austin
Labrador	Palazzo	Sensenbrenner
Lamborn	Paul	Sessions
Lance	Paulsen	Shimkus
Landry	Pearce	Shuster
Lankford	Pence	Simpson
Long	Petri	Smith (NE)
Lucas	Pitts	Smith (NJ)
Luetkemeyer	Platts	Smith (TX)
Lummis	Poe (TX)	Southerland
Lungren, Daniel	Pompeo	Stearns
E.	Posey	Stutzman
Manzullo	Price (GA)	Sullivan
Marchant	Quayle	Terry
Marino	Reed	Thompson (PA)
McCarthy (CA)	Rehberg	Thornberry
McCaul	Reichert	Tiberi
McCintock	Renacci	Tipton
McHenry	Ribble	Turner (NY)
McKeon	Rigell	Turner (OH)
McKinley	Rivera	Upton
McMorris	Roby	Walberg
Rodgers	Roe (TN)	Walden
Meehan	Rogers (AL)	Walsh (IL)
Mica	Rogers (KY)	Webster
Miller (FL)	Rogers (MI)	West
Miller (MI)	Rohrabacher	Westmoreland
Miller, Gary	Rokita	Whitfield
Mulvaney	Rooney	Wilson (SC)
Murphy (PA)	Ros-Lehtinen	Wittman
Neugebauer	Roskam	Wolf
Noem	Ross (FL)	Womack
Nugent	Royce	Woodall
	Runyan	Yoder
	Ryan (WI)	Young (AK)
	Scalise	Young (FL)
	Schilling	Young (IN)
	Schmidt	

NOT VOTING—16

Ackerman	Hirono	Meeks
Akin	Jackson (IL)	Murphy (CT)
Bilbray	Jackson Lee	Myrick
Cardoza	(TX)	Sewell
Carlson	Keating	Stivers
Davis (IL)	Mack	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1242

Mr. GUTIERREZ changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. CUMMINGS. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 245, noes 172, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 536]

AYES—245

Adams	Biggert	Buerkle
Aderholt	Bilirakis	Burgess
Alexander	Bishop (UT)	Burton (IN)
Amash	Black	Calvert
Amodei	Blackburn	Camp
Austria	Bonner	Campbell
Bachmann	Bono Mack	Canseco
Bachus	Boren	Cantor
Barletta	Boustany	Capito
Barrow	Brady (TX)	Carter
Bartlett	Brooks	Cassidy
Broun (TX)	Broun (GA)	Chabot
Benishek	Buchanan	Chaffetz
Berg	Bucshon	Chandler

Coble	Johnson (IL)	Quayle	Kildee	Neal	Scott, David
Cole	Johnson (OH)	Rahall	Kind	Olver	Serrano
Conaway	Johnson, Sam	Reed	Kucinich	Pallone	Sewell
Costa	Jones	Rehberg	Langevin	Pascrell	Sherman
Costello	Jordan	Reichert	Larsen (WA)	Pastor (AZ)	Shuler
Cravaack	Kelly	Renacci	Larson (CT)	Pelosi	Sires
Crawford	King (IA)	Ribble	Lee (CA)	Perlmutter	Slaughter
Crenshaw	King (NY)	Rigell	Levin	Peters	Smith (WA)
Cuellar	Kingston	Rivera	Lewis (GA)	Pingree (ME)	Speier
Davis (KY)	Kinzinger (IL)	Roby	Lipinski	Polis	Stark
Denham	Kissell	Roe (TN)	Loeb sack	Price (NC)	Sutton
Dent	Kline	Rogers (AL)	Lofgren, Zoe	Quigley	Thompson (CA)
DesJarlais	Labrador	Rogers (KY)	Lowe y	Rangel	Thompson (MS)
Diaz-Balart	Lamborn	Rogers (MI)	Lujan	Reyes	Thierney
Dreier	Lance	Rohrabacher	Lynch	Richardson	Tonko
Duffy	Landry	Rokita	Maloney	Richmond	Towns
Duncan (SC)	Lankford	Rooney	Markey	Rothman (NJ)	Tsongas
Duncan (TN)	Latham	Ros-Lehtinen	Matsui	Roybal-Allard	Van Hollen
Ellmers	LaTourette	Roskam	McCarthy (NY)	Ruppersberger	Velázquez
Emerson	Latta	Roskam	McCollum	Rush	Visclosky
Farenthold	Lewis (CA)	Ross (AR)	McDermott	Ryan (OH)	Walz (MN)
Fincher	LoBiondo	Ross (FL)	McGovern	Sanchez, Linda	Wasserman
Fitzpatrick	Long	Royce	McNerney	T.	Schultz
Flake	Lucas	Runyan	Michaud	Sanchez, Loretta	Waters
Fleischmann	Luetkemeyer	Ryan (WI)	Miller (NC)	Sarbanes	Watt
Fleming	Lummis	Scalise	Miller, George	Schakowsky	Waxman
Flores	Lungren, Daniel	Schilling	Moore	Schiff	Welch
Forbes	E.	Schmidt	Moran	Schrader	Wilson (FL)
Fortenberry	Manzullo	Schock	Nadler	Schwartz	Woolsey
Foxx	Marchant	Schweikert	Napolitano	Scott (VA)	Yarmuth
Franks (AZ)	Marino	Scott (SC)			
Frelinghuysen	Matheson	Scott, Austin			
Galleghy	McCarthy (CA)	Sensenbrenner	Ackerman	Davis (IL)	Meeks
Gardner	McCaul	Sessions	Akin	Hirono	Murphy (CT)
Garrett	McClintock	Shimkus	Bilbray	Jackson (IL)	Stivers
Gerlach	McHenry	Shuster	Cardoza	Jackson Lee	
Gibbs	McIntyre	Simpson	Coffman (CO)	(TX)	
Gibson	McKeon	Smith (NE)	Culberson	Mack	
Gingrey (GA)	McKinley	Smith (NJ)			
Gohmert	McMorris	Smith (TX)			
Goodlatte	Rodgers	Southerland			
Gosar	Meehan	Stearns			
Gowdy	Mica	Stutzman			
Granger	Miller (FL)	Sullivan			
Graves (GA)	Miller (MI)	Terry			
Graves (MO)	Miller, Gary	Thompson (PA)			
Griffin (AR)	Mulvaney	Thornberry			
Griffith (VA)	Murphy (PA)	Tiberi			
Grimm	Myrick	Tipton			
Guinta	Neugebauer	Turner (NY)			
Guthrie	Noem	Turner (OH)			
Hall	Nugent	Upton			
Hanna	Nunes	Walberg			
Harper	Nunnelee	Walden			
Harris	Olson	Walsh (IL)			
Hartzler	Owens	Webster			
Hastings (WA)	Palazzo	West			
Hayworth	Paul	Westmoreland			
Heck	Paulsen	Whitfield			
Hensarling	Pearce	Wilson (SC)			
Herger	Pence	Wittman			
Herrera Beutler	Peterson	Wolf			
Huelskamp	Petri	Womack			
Huizenga (MI)	Pitts	Woodall			
Hultgren	Platts	Yoder			
Hunter	Poe (TX)	Young (AK)			
Hurt	Pompeo	Young (FL)			
Issa	Posey	Young (IN)			
Jenkins	Price (GA)				

NOES—172

Altmire	Clarke (NY)	Fattah
Andrews	Clay	Finler
Baca	Cleaver	Frank (MA)
Baldwin	Clyburn	Fudge
Barber	Cohen	Garamendi
Bass (CA)	Connolly (VA)	Gonzalez
Bass (NH)	Conyers	Green, Al
Becerra	Cooper	Green, Gene
Berkley	Courtney	Grijalva
Berman	Critz	Gutierrez
Bishop (GA)	Crowley	Hahn
Bishop (NY)	Cummings	Hanabusa
Blumenauer	Davis (CA)	Hastings (FL)
Bonamici	DeFazio	Heinrich
Boswell	DeGette	Higgins
Brady (PA)	DeLauro	Himes
Bralley (IA)	Deutch	Hinche y
Brown (FL)	Dicks	Hinojosa
Butterfield	Dingell	Hochul
Capps	Doggett	Holden
Capuano	Dold	Holt
Carnahan	Donnelly (IN)	Honda
Carney	Doyle	Hoyer
Carson (IN)	Edwards	Israel
Castor (FL)	Ellison	Johnson (GA)
Chu	Engel	Johnson, E. B.
Ciilline	Eshoo	Kaptur
Clarke (MI)	Farr	Keating

Olver	Scott, David
Pallone	Serrano
Pascrell	Sewell
Pastor (AZ)	Sherman
Pelosi	Shuler
Perlmutter	Sires
Peters	Slaughter
Pingree (ME)	Smith (WA)
Polis	Speier
Price (NC)	Stark
Quigley	Sutton
Rangel	Thompson (CA)
Reyes	Thompson (MS)
Richardson	Thierney
Richmond	Tonko
Rothman (NJ)	Towns
Roybal-Allard	Tsongas
Ruppersberger	Van Hollen
Rush	Velázquez
Ryan (OH)	Visclosky
Sanchez, Linda	Walz (MN)
T.	Wasserman
Sanchez, Loretta	Schultz
Sarbanes	Waters
Schakowsky	Watt
Schiff	Waxman
Schrader	Welch
Schwartz	Wilson (FL)
Scott (VA)	Woolsey
	Yarmuth

NOT VOTING—14

Ackerman	Davis (IL)	Meeks
Akin	Hirono	Murphy (CT)
Bilbray	Jackson (IL)	Stivers
Cardoza	Jackson Lee	
Coffman (CO)	(TX)	
Culberson	Mack	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE
The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1250

So the bill was passed.
The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mr. AKIN. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall Nos. 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, and 536, I was delayed and unable to vote. Had I been present I would have voted "aye" on rollcall No. 519, "no" on rollcall No. 520, "no" on rollcall No. 521, "no" on rollcall No. 522, "no" on rollcall No. 523, "no" on rollcall No. 524, "aye" on rollcall No. 525, "no" on rollcall No. 526, "aye" on rollcall No. 527, "no" on rollcall No. 528, "no" on rollcall No. 529, "no" on rollcall No. 530, "aye" on rollcall No. 531, "aye" on rollcall No. 532, "no" on rollcall No. 533, "aye" on rollcall No. 534, "no" on rollcall No. 535 and "aye" on rollcall No. 536.

PERMISSION FOR MEMBER TO BE CONSIDERED AS FIRST SPONSOR OF H.R. 3703

Mr. SMITH of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that I may hereafter be considered to be the first sponsor of H.R. 3703, a bill originally introduced by Representative Inslee of Washington, for the purposes of adding cosponsors and requesting reprintings pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

(Mr. HOYER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to my friend, the majority leader, for the purpose of inquiring about the schedule for the coming week.

Mr. CANTOR. I thank the gentleman from Maryland, the Democratic whip, for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, on Monday the House will meet in pro forma session, but no votes are expected. On Tuesday the House will meet at noon for morning-hour and 2 p.m. for legislative business. Votes will be postponed until 6:30 p.m. On Wednesday and Thursday the House will meet at 10 a.m. for morning-hour and noon for legislative business. On Friday the House will meet at 9 a.m. for legislative business. Last votes of the week are expected no later than 3 p.m.

Mr. Speaker, the House will consider a number of suspensions on Tuesday and Wednesday, a complete list of which will be announced by the close of business tomorrow.

In addition, the House will consider two bills under a rule to stop the tax hikes and provide for comprehensive tax reform: H.R. 8, the Job Protection and Recession Prevention Act, sponsored by Chairman DAVE CAMP; and H.R. 6169, the Pathway to Job Creation through a Simpler, Fairer Tax Code Act, sponsored by Chairman DAVID DREIER. Together, these bills will ensure that no American faces a tax hike on January 1, while providing our small business men and women with the certainty to grow and create jobs.

Finally, Mr. Speaker, the House may consider legislation related to programs and disaster assistance under the expiring farm bill legislation.

I thank the gentleman.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman for that information.

As the gentleman knows, he was unable to have the colloquy last week, and so Mr. ROSKAM and I talked about the schedule. Last week, the chief deputy majority whip mentioned that we would be voting on the tax bill, as you have done, and he also mentioned that we would be given the opportunity to offer a substitute amendment on the floor of our choosing.

Is that still the plan of the majority so that we'll be able to offer that legislation? I yield to my friend.

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I didn't understand the gentleman's question, if he would please clarify.

Mr. HOYER. My question is: Last week we had a colloquy, and Mr. ROSKAM indicated that we would be able to offer an amendment, not just an MTR—we discussed that—but an amendment to the bill. Now, we weren't precise whether it was in the form of a substitute or an amendment. But in either event, I'm asking, Mr. Majority Leader, whether that is still the case and whether or not such amendment will be obviously protected under the rule for such waivers as may be necessary for the piece of legislation that Mr. ROSKAM referred to?

Mr. CANTOR. Again, without having been privy to the conversation between

the gentleman from Illinois and my friend from Maryland, I can say that the minority will be afforded the opportunity to offer the President's tax plan—not just as a motion to recommit, but certainly as a stand-alone amendment, as well.

Mr. HOYER. Let me be more precise, then, because I'm not sure whether or not the definition of the President's plan—in his weekly press conference just a few hours ago, or maybe just a few minutes ago, Mr. BOEHNER was asked if we would be allowed to vote on the Senate tax bill, to which he responded:

If our Democrat colleagues want to offer the President's plan in the Senate, then we are more than happy to give them a vote.

He said that just a few minutes ago. Our intention will probably be to offer the bill that has now passed the Senate, which will protect middle class taxpayers from any tax increase, as I think your party, Mr. Leader, and my party agree on.

Mr. Speaker, I would hope that we would be able to offer that alternative on the floor with such protections as would be necessary consistent with what Speaker BOEHNER has said.

I yield to my friend.

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I say to the gentleman, again, it is our intention to allow the minority to offer as a motion to recommit or as a stand-alone amendment the President's plan. Obviously, we'll have to see what is being offered, but that is the intention, consistent with the Speaker's remarks publicly today.

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I would hope that we would not parse words.

Mr. Leader, we have had some discussions on this, and the majority party, when it was the minority party running for office, said that we're going to have open, full debate. Mr. BOEHNER has said in the Pledge to America that that's what you wanted to do. Now you keep parsing your words.

I will tell you the President's plan. The President's plan currently is the bill that passed the Senate just a few hours ago, yesterday. That's the President's plan, I tell my friend. And if, in fact, Mr. BOEHNER's words are to be interpreted as something other than that, he says:

If our Democratic colleagues want to offer the President's plan in the Senate—

Now, obviously, we can't offer our plan in the Senate. We're House Members. So my presumption is, Mr. Leader, that that means, if we want to offer the Senate plan, which is now the President's plan, I tell my friend—

—we're more than happy to give them a vote.

I hope that is accurate. I hope that we can have a full and open debate on that issue. But I hope that the Republican side of the aisle, Mr. Speaker, does not choose the amendment that we are to offer. Let us choose it, I tell my friend. And I would hope that we could clarify that so that we would

know, and the American people would know, that we have a plan now passed by the Senate, and we have a plan also that was defeated in the United States Senate.

I don't know whether your side intends to offer exactly the plan that was defeated in the United States Senate, but it is a plan that the President of the United States, as the leader knows, has said he won't sign.

So what I ask my friend, respectfully, so that we know what to prepare for and we know that it will be made in order, that consistent with what the clear meaning of this statement that Mr. BOEHNER made just a few hours ago is, that we would be given the opportunity to offer the Senate-passed plan and would have a vote on that plan either in the form of an amendment or a substitute?

I yield to my friend.

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I will say back to the gentleman, we do expect, and our intention is, to allow your tax hike to be made in order. I don't understand, Mr. Speaker, how many more times I have to say that. The Speaker has always represented that we were going to work towards an open process.

I would remind the gentleman that when his party was last in the majority and considered the extension of expiring rates in 2010 that his party made in order just one amendment to H.R. 4853, for their own Member, Mr. LEVIN, not for the Republicans, because we were not offered a single amendment.

□ 1300

We weren't even offered a motion to recommit. In fact, the Pelosi-led Congress denied us a motion to recommit on 47 separate occasions.

So I would say to the gentleman again, the Speaker has been consistent throughout. We intend to continue to strive towards an open process. We intend to offer you a motion to recommit, a stand-alone amendment, if you want to offer a tax hike twice. That is our intention, yes, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman. And I will interpret that, Mr. Speaker, as indicating that if we choose to offer as an amendment the bill that passed the Senate—which ensures that there will be no tax increase on 98 percent of Americans—that we will be allowed to offer that bill and it will be protected under the rule, and such waivers as are necessary will be extended. That's how I interpret that. If I am wrong, perhaps the majority leader can correct me. But I don't want to parse words or lead to confusion.

The gentleman knows what the Senate bill is. I know what the Senate bill is. And it is, at this point in time, our intention to offer that Senate bill as an amendment to the bill that's offered on this floor. So I would hope that our understanding is that, consistent again—and I want to say consistent with the Speaker's comments—that that will be allowed.

I want to say to the gentleman as well, I think he is appropriate in ref-

erencing the past, and I'm pleased that he is not following such precedents.

Mr. CANTOR. I appreciate that, Mr. Speaker. I'd say to the gentleman, thank you for that note.

I know the gentleman is continuing to express his support for the President's plan. As the gentleman knows, our colleagues on the Republican side of the aisle in the Senate feel strongly, as we do over here in the House, that the President's tax plan, as was demonstrated recently by a nonpartisan study, will cost the economy over 700,000 jobs. It will reduce economic output. The gentleman knows our position on that. And we intend to, again, allow for that vote to occur and look forward to a robust debate that will ensue.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman. I think that clarifies it. He and I both look forward to that robust debate. We will clearly differ, Mr. Speaker, on the impact of that vote. But there will be no dispute that it will ensure that 98 percent of Americans, every working family—every working family, 100 percent—will not pay any additional taxes on the first \$250,000 of their income, which we think gives confidence to people, gives confidence to the economy, and we think is an appropriate step to take. So I appreciate and look forward to that debate, which I think is an important one for the American people.

I would also like to ask the gentleman, with respect to the farm bill, he mentions in his comments that there may be some vote on the farm bill. The Senate passed a bipartisan farm bill, as the gentleman knows. It saves very substantial monies, will contribute to a reduction of the deficit. Can the gentleman tell me whether or not the House-passed farm bill will be brought to the floor or whether some alternative will be brought to the floor?

And I yield to my friend.

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I'd say to the gentleman that we're continuing to work with Chairman LUCAS and our Members to determine the best way forward.

I would say to the gentleman that the Senate bill he refers to does not have a majority of support in the House, and actually would ask the gentleman if he would respond to the question whether he supports the House farm bill.

Mr. HOYER. I do not support the House farm bill, but as the gentleman knows, the ranking Democrat does support that farm bill. So as the gentleman likes to observe on many occasions, it does have bipartisan support.

He asked for my personal opinion, Mr. Speaker, and I've given him my personal opinion. But that bill itself will save substantial dollars and bring down the deficit—not as much as the Senate bill, but it will have a positive effect on the deficit itself. In either event, however, we have some real distress in farm country, very substantial

drought, in great need of making sure that there's some way to assist those farmers who, through no fault of their own, but through the fault or the result of weather conditions—lack of rain—are in distress. So we believe that something ought to be brought to the floor that will, A, not exacerbate the deficit, and, B, help the farmer.

I yield to my friend if he has anything additional.

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I'd say to the gentleman, I'm glad to hear that the gentleman would like to support an effort to address the need for drought assistance and perhaps other programs that have or will expire, and look forward to perhaps his support if that's where we end up next week, allowing for that vote to occur, along with his support.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman. Hopefully, we can agree on how to do that, again, without making the deficit worse and adding to that and hopefully helping farmers at the same time.

Let me ask the gentleman, there are two very important bills that were passed, one in the Senate—again, with an overwhelmingly bipartisan vote, and here, with not an overwhelmingly bipartisan vote—in the Violence Against Women Act, a very, very important subject. There was a very significant 62-37 vote in the Senate. Excuse me, that's not the exact figure. That's on the postal bill, which I'll ask you about in a second. It was 68-31—even more bipartisan than the postal reform bill—back on April 26, some months ago, with 15 Senate Republicans joining in favor. I don't see that on the schedule. I don't know whether the gentleman believes there's a possibility that we'll be able to pass that before the election.

I yield to my friend.

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I respond to the gentleman and say that, as he knows, the Senate bill is unconstitutional because it contains a revenue measure in it. So we are unable to get to conference with the Senate. I think that I, as well as the Speaker, have indicated that we support going to conference with the Senate. They need to produce a bill so that we can go to conference and effect a passage of that very important legislation to allow for relief monies to get to the victims that that bill and legislation is designed to protect.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman.

Of course, the gentleman knows that that would be a very simple cure to simply drop the Senate bill, which has overwhelming bipartisan support, into an H.R. bill, a House bill, and that would cure that deficiency. I agree with the gentleman, I think that's well known. But that's a technical issue. If we have agreement in both the House and the Senate, put that in a House bill and pass it. So I think that we can act on it.

I yield to my friend.

Mr. CANTOR. Well, Mr. Speaker, I think the gentleman knows the Senate bill can't pass the House.

We're trying to produce results for the people and particularly for the victims that need that assistance in that bill, and believe that this, our bill, the VAWA bill that passed the House, can pass the Senate. And again, I would say that the Senate bill is unconstitutional and it can't pass the House.

So it seems to me that the best way forward is for the Senate to agree to the bill, which pretty much extends existing legislation, with some minor changes, so that the victims of abuse needing the assistance can actually receive that assistance.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman for those comments, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, as the gentleman well knows, the House bill excluded a large number of people from protection, a large number of people who are the victims of domestic violence from protection, as contrasted with the Senate bill, which was designed to ensure protection of all people who were subject to domestic abuse and designed to encourage people to make complaints against those who abuse them without fear of adverse consequences to them so that we could get abusers dealt with in a proper way.

□ 1310

And again, I would say to my friend, Mr. Speaker, that over two-thirds of the United States Senate, with an overwhelming number of Republicans as well voting for the Senate bill because they believed it was inclusive. And of course every woman Member of the Senate, Republican and Democrat, who probably have greater insight into domestic abuse than perhaps some of us males and male colleagues have.

So I would hope that we could focus on trying to reach agreement which we did not have in the House, as the gentleman knows. We had not an overwhelming bipartisan support in this House at all on the bill that was passed. So I would hope that we could compromise, cure the technical difficulty that the bill, the Senate bill passes, because, the gentleman's right, it has a fee in there, it has to initiate in the House.

But the gentleman also knows if that's included in the House bill, that that defect would be cured and we could pass it.

I would yield to my friend if he wants to make any additional comment on that bill.

Mr. CANTOR. I would respond to the gentleman by saying there are many women Members of our conference that are cosponsors of that bill, and I know of at least one, if not more, who've been subject to domestic abuse, and feel that our bill does provide the necessary protections for everyone who is subject to domestic abuse, and feel that the bill does address the concerns the gentleman raises.

And in the business of trying to produce results rather than to dwell on where there are differences, if those individuals who sponsored the bill and

who have, unfortunately, had experience in domestic abuse, as well as law enforcement, if that is the case, certainly, those individuals would know about it more than the gentleman or I. I think we ought to go about passing this bill and allow for the Senate to go ahead and do so, so the victims of domestic abuse can actually receive the protections and assistance they deserve.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman for his comment.

As I interpret that, Mr. Speaker, pass the House bill or no bill. Pass the House bill that had 23 Republicans voting against it. Pass the House bill, and reject a Senate bill that has 68 United States Senators, a large number.

Mr. CANTOR. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HOYER. Certainly.

Mr. CANTOR. I said to the gentleman, we really do want to go to the conference with the Senate. Okay? And so it's not pass the Senate bill or no bill.

We want to go to conference with the Senate, Mr. Speaker. I've said that. So I do take exception to the gentleman's remarks.

Mr. HOYER. Let me then, reclaiming my time—I'm pleased to withdraw that assertion. But in the comments, I want to make it clear, Mr. Speaker, that I do not share the majority leader's opinion that the House bill covers all people. As a matter of fact, I think that's inaccurate and incorrect. We disagree on our facts there, our analysis of the bill.

What we don't disagree on, however, because the facts are clear that we have a bill that overwhelmingly passed in the Senate. I'm fully prepared to work with a conference, as the majority leader is, and work with him in a conference to get a bill out of the conference.

I'm hopeful, Mr. Leader, that in light of the fact that in this House the bill passed 222-205, with 23 Republicans voting "no" on the bill, that we not only have bipartisan opposition, but we have bipartisan support of the Senate bill.

Let me go on to another bill that I think is very important because the postal department is facing real stress. It's somewhat ironic that we are, in a Congress that has too often lamented the fact that the Senate couldn't act on things, when they do act, and when they do act in a bipartisan fashion, it seems we can't act.

The postal bill has now been passed by a vote of 62 votes in favor, another bipartisan vote of the postal bill, and I'm wondering whether or not the gentleman has any idea whether we might either go to conference or bring a bill out on the House floor that I know has been passed out of committee, so that this bill can get to conference in a timely fashion so that the Post Office, which is facing, obviously, default on some of its obligations, would be made whole.

I yield to my friend.

Mr. CANTOR. I'd say to the gentleman, the Senate postal bill does not have majority support in the House, and we are continuing to work with Chairman ISSA to ensure that there isn't an incident of default on the part of the Post Office. I think that the Postal Service has indicated that there is no risk of that in the short-term, and we're going to continue to address that to ensure that that does not happen; all the while, trying to address the overall issues, as the gentleman knows, that the Postal Service has in trying to get its fiscal house in order.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman.

Lastly, on a note on which we have great agreement between the majority leader and I, which is not always the case, as people observe, I'm sure: Iran sanctions.

Both the majority leader and I, Mr. Speaker, want to see that bill pass before the August break. And I would inquire of the majority leader his view of the status of that issue at this point in time.

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I would tell the gentleman, I know that our staffs have been working very diligently on this trying to iron out the differences with the other body and am very hopeful that we can get this done prior to the August recess.

Mr. HOYER. I look forward, Mr. Speaker, to working with the majority leader toward that end over the next 7, 8 days.

I yield back the balance of my time.

ADJOURNMENT TO MONDAY, JULY 30, 2012

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 2 p.m. on Monday next.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. POE of Texas). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Virginia? There was no objection.

THE RED TAPE REDUCTION AND SMALL BUSINESS JOB CREATION ACT

(Mr. ROKITA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. ROKITA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of the Red Tape Reduction and Small Business Job Creation Act. Time and again I hear from my constituents that they want to hire more workers, but they don't know what regulation is going to be coming down the pike next.

Congress does not spend enough time fulfilling its constitutional responsibility of overseeing the executive branch. This is why, a little more than a year ago, in partnership with the Indiana Chamber of Commerce, we started Indiana's Red Tape Rollback Program to listen to Hoosiers, take their regulatory concerns to Washington, and get results.

This, Mr. Speaker is our annual report. This is a page from that report, about 26 pages long.

Regulatory burdens are equal opportunity. They don't affect one industry or type of people. Regulatory burdens hurt agriculture, transportation, and even our home health care workers, who fear they won't be able to care for their clients. They hurt everybody.

I'm pleased that we have achieved a victory in 20 of our cases, and we will continue charging forward. I will continue to talk about the harm of over-regulation and what it does to our economy. I will continue to advocate for a limited government, and I will continue to roll back the red tape.

You can get the report at rokita.house.gov.

THE CHRISTENING OF THE USS SOMERSET

(Mr. SHUSTER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to highlight another milestone in the continuing efforts to honor the heroics of the 40 heroes aboard United Flight 93 on September 11, 2001.

On July 28, the USS *Somerset* will be christened. The *Somerset* is named in honor of the passengers and crew of United Airlines Flight 93, and Somerset is the county in Pennsylvania in which United Flight 93 went down.

The 680-foot, 105-foot wide LPD transport dock ship is used to transport and land U.S. Marines, and also support amphibious assaults by our U.S. Special Forces.

Located on the property near the crash site were two draglines, machinery used in coal-stripping operations. In the days following the crash, a huge American flag was hoisted on top of one of the draglines, and the flag stood as a constant reminder of the sacrifices of the heroes of Flight 93.

In honor of the passengers and crew of Flight 93, the 22-ton bucket of one of the draglines was melted and cast into the ship's bow stern. In addition, the USS *Somerset*'s mast will also contain a time capsule.

The USS *Somerset*, a bold representation of America's military strength, is a fitting tribute to the 40 ordinary Americans who took a stand against the enemies of free society and represent the best aspects of the American spirit. Their actions prevented further loss of life and disruption of some of the most recognizable symbols of freedom and democracy in the world.

Mr. Speaker, following is my statement in its entirety:

I rise today to highlight another milestone in the continuing efforts to honor the heroics of the 40 heroes aboard United Flight 93 on September 11, 2001.

On July 28, the USS *Somerset* will be christened at the Avondale shipyard outside of New Orleans, Louisiana. The *Somerset* is named in honor of the passengers and crew of United Airlines Flight 93, whose courageous actions prevented terrorist hijackers from reaching their intended target in Washington,

DC on September 11, 2001. Somerset is the county in Pennsylvania in which United Flight 93 crashed.

This 684-foot, 105-foot-wide LPD transport dock ship is used to transport and land U.S. Marines. LPD ships have supported amphibious assaults for special operations forces, expeditionary warfare missions, and humanitarian missions throughout the first half of the 21st century.

The final resting area of the 40 heroes who decided to fight back against the terrorists on that fateful day was an abandoned coal strip mine.

Located on the property near the crash site were two draglines once used in coal stripping. In the days following the crash, a huge American flag was hoisted to the top of one of the draglines. The flag stood as a constant reminder of the sacrifices and love of country shown by the Flight 93 heroes.

In honor of the passengers and crew of Flight 93, the 22-ton bucket of one of the draglines was melted and cast into the *Somerset*'s bow stern. In addition, USS *Somerset*'s mast also will contain a time capsule that includes such items as a bottle of Meyersdale maple syrup, a Flight 93 10th-anniversary commemorative pin and a Somerset Borough bicentennial marble.

The USS *Somerset*, a bold representation of America's military strength and humanitarianism, is a fitting tribute to the 40 ordinary Americans who took a stand against the enemies of a free society and represent the best aspects of the American spirit. Their actions prevented further loss of life and the destruction of the most recognized symbols of freedom and democracy in the world.

□ 1320

TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS TO VISIT UNITED STATES

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HECK). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 5, 2011, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. GOHMERT) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the majority leader.

Mr. GOHMERT. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

There is nothing like being vilified to get your senses acutely attuned. We had a hearing in Judiciary last week—on July 19, actually—in which Secretary of Homeland Security Janet Napolitano appeared. During the exchange that I had with Secretary Napolitano, I said these words. They're from the transcript:

And this administration seems to have a hard time recognizing members of terrorist groups who are allowed into the White House. You're aware of that happening, aren't you?

Secretary Napolitano: Absolutely not.

This week, apparently, somebody brought her back into the loop when she testified before PETE KING's committee. There are a couple of articles here about it that are rather interesting. One is from The Hill, by Jordy Yager, apparently posted today, July 26:

Homeland Security Secretary Janet Napolitano told lawmakers on Wednesday

that a member of an Egyptian militant group labeled by the United States as a terrorist organization was vetted by three U.S. agencies before visiting the White House. Napolitano said the State Department, the Department of Homeland Security and the Secret Service all thoroughly examined the Egyptian man, Hani Nour Eldin, before his visit to Washington, D.C., where he met with Members of Congress and senior administration officials.

Then there is a quote in the article from Secretary Napolitano that says:

“As we move forward, we are going to continue to have visitors to this country that the State Department and others feel are useful to bring to the country, to have discussions moving forward, who say they’re members of a political party that in the past has been so designated.”

Another quote:

“He was vetted before he got a visa against all known terrorists and other databases for derogatory information. None was found. As he entered the United States, we, too, vetted him against all of our holdings, including terrorists and information from a variety of sources, and no derogatory information was found. Before he entered the White House, he was vetted a third time by the Secret Service. No derogatory information was found. So then we can have some confidence that this was not a security breach in that sense.”

Napolitano said she knew “of no such intention” by U.S. officials to release Abdel-Rahman, the Blind Sheikh.

Chairman King said, “The administration, whether it’s this administration or another administration, may feel that some of these people can be dealt with, can be worked with, but if that’s to be done, to me, it would seem it would have to be an open process, a transparent process, where Congress and the people would know who was being let into this country.”

Napolitano, according to the article, conceded that King made a “fair point” and that she would look into whether efforts were taken to notify Members of Congress.

It’s a little pesky detail. There do happen to be laws on the books that were apparently ignored in that process.

The problem is, when the Secretary of Homeland Security says there is no derogatory information, when the information we have indicates he is a member of a group that we have named as a terrorist organization, then it would seem that the obvious thing would be the fact that he is a member of a known terrorist organization, which would, to most of us, or at least to many of us, be considered derogatory information. The fact that we can’t dig up minute details of specific acts of misconduct, nonetheless, should not be necessary when someone is a known member of a terrorist organization, an organization designated by this government to be “terrorist.” It’s an amazing thing.

But then we’re told in an article by Joel Gehrke from The Washington Examiner on July 25:

Department of Homeland Security Secretary Janet Napolitano told Congress today to expect more members of designated foreign terrorist organizations to visit the United States.

“I think you are right in pointing out that as we move forward we are going to continue

to have visitors to this country that the State Department and others feel are useful to bring to the country to have discussions moving forward who say they are members of the political party that in the past have been so designated.” Napolitano told House Homeland Security Committee Chairman Pete King during a committee hearing this morning.

Napolitano was defending the decision to host Hani Nour Eldin—a member of Egyptian Parliament elected on the political party platform of the Islamic Group, which the State Department has designated a foreign terrorist organization—at the White House.

Just as a reminder, Mr. Speaker, in our hearing, I said these words:

This administration seems to have a hard time recognizing members of terrorist groups who are allowed in the White House. You’re aware of that happening, aren’t you?

Her answer: Absolutely not.

So the evidence seems to be pretty clear. He was a member of a known terrorist group. He was allowed into the White House, but the answer by the Secretary of Homeland Security to that happening was: Absolutely not.

She didn’t say that we had vetted him many times and that, even though he was a member of what we in the State Department had designated as a terrorist organization, we still thought he was safe. She said it just absolutely did not happen. Absolutely not.

The article goes on from The Washington Examiner:

“I think we have to add more nuance to that,” she said, when King mentioned that Eldin is part of a designated foreign terrorist organization. “We have to know what the group was. Is it now a political party that is running the government of a country that has strong ties to the United States?” She added that he went through three stages of vetting, and “everyone who looked at this person felt confident that he was not a security risk to the White House or to the United States.”

King charged the Obama administration with violating a law in hosting Eldin at the White House. “It appears as if the law was not complied with in that he did not apply for a waiver, and Congress was not notified, which is also required. It does not appear that either the letter or the spirit of the law was complied with.”

When King reiterated that complaint about the process by which Eldin was allowed into the country, Napolitano conceded, “On the process, that’s a fair point to make.”

There is a reason we have laws, and you would hope that someone who is a Cabinet official in the top position of our Homeland Security would think that it is important to comply with the law.

□ 1330

Just as we’ve seen massive amounts of money go to places that have leaders who say they want to eliminate Israel and the United States, we see this kind of conduct from this administration.

And I have reporters asking me if I want to apologize for five separate letters that were written to five separate inspectors general of five different departments with different facts pertaining to that department in each let-

ter, and the facts in the letter are true. The simple question was not an accusation or allegation, because it’s pretty obvious there is influence by the Muslim Brotherhood in America. The question is: How much influence is there, and where is it coming from? It is an amazing thing to see all of this transpire.

Obviously, it’s great fun and sport to attack a messenger that is not liked by certain people in the media, but what we keep seeing that is amazing and that is happening with what was once the proud tradition of journalism in America is our national security being sacrificed on the altar of political correctness. Why isn’t the mainstream media making a big deal about a Secretary of Homeland Security who one week says, Absolutely not, it was not a member of a known terrorist organization that got in the White House, and a week later she admits, It did happen, but we properly vetted him three different times?

I hear about what apparently is being grossly overlooked also that I get as I speak to Muslims in other parts of the world who are our friends, who have fought with us, who have buried family members and loved ones because they want to live in freedom like we do. They don’t want a strict group like the Taliban dictating their lives. They’re moderate Muslims who want to live in peace. What they keep bringing home to me is what this administration misses entirely. When the President of the United States, when the leaders of this country, this administration, meet with members of known terrorist organizations and will not meet with our Muslim friends who have fought with us instead of against us from other parts of the world, the message has a chilling effect on our friends wanting to continue to be our friends because it appears to be the most dangerous place in the world to be, in the category of “friends” with the United States, because it means this administration is one step away from abandoning them in favor of ties and relationships with groups that we know have been terrorist organizations.

It’s not just the meeting with. It’s not just a danger or lack of danger of someone coming into the White House. Of course they can check them with the metal detectors to make sure they’re not carrying anything. It goes beyond that. It devastates our friends. It destroys hope around the world for people who are hoping that we’ll stand up as we once have, not for the Muslim Brotherhood who want an international caliphate which includes the United States and the United States to be added to the 57 Muslim states that comprise the OIC; it’s what we’re doing to our friends.

I hope and pray that people in the mainstream media will get past the enjoyment of vilifying and trying to destroy the messenger and look at the message, that they’ll get beyond the lazy tactics of calling someone, getting

with someone and saying, "What's your opinion about these allegations?" and getting a response of, "Well, gee, we don't think there is anything to them," instead of digging the facts out and presenting them as the once proud journalist tradition was here in America. There are still journalists doing it, but I hope that that practice will be extended. We're hurting ourselves, but unfortunately we also hurt our friends when we do that.

Mr. Speaker, for those who say there is no evidence of any Muslim Brotherhood influence in America, I would urge them to go back and review the evidence in the convictions of the Holy Land Foundation trial obtained in November of 2008 before this administration began embracing the named co-conspirators like CAIR and ISNA, when they were named as coconspirators of supporting terrorism. I would hope they would go back to the 1995 trial where Andrew McCarthy did a stellar job, and the Clinton administration awarded him for his incredible work in proving that there are people in America who want to establish shari'a law as the law of the land and subvert our Constitution. He proved it beyond a reasonable doubt among some wonderful New York citizens in New York City.

And as Andrew McCarthy has asked: "What's happened since 1995 to make that evidence no longer true?" It was true then; it's true today.

With that, I yield back the balance of my time.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. CULBERSON (at the request of Mr. CANTOR) for today on account of personal reasons.

SENATE BILL REFERRED

A bill of the Senate of the following title was taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

S. 285. An act for the relief of Sopuruchi Chukwueke; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

BILL PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT

Karen L. Haas, Clerk of the House, reported that on July 25, 2012, she presented to the President of the United States, for his approval, the following bill.

H.R. 2527. To require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in recognition and celebration of the National Baseball Hall of Fame.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. GOHMERT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 1 o'clock and 39 minutes

p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until Monday, July 30, 2012, at 2 p.m.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

7099. A letter from the Attorney, Office of the General Counsel, Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, transmitting the Bureau's final rule — State Official Notification Rule [Docket No.: CFPB-2011-0005] (RIN: 3170-AA02) received July 18, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Financial Services.

7100. A letter from the Attorney, Office of the General Counsel, Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, transmitting the Bureau's final rule — Equal Access to Justice Act Implementation Rule [Docket No.: CFPB-2012-0020] (RIN: 3170-AA27) received July 18, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Financial Services.

7101. A letter from the Attorney, Office of the General Counsel, Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, transmitting the Bureau's final rule — Rules Relating to Investigations [Docket No.: CFPB-2011-0007] (RIN: 3170-AA03) received July 18, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Financial Services.

7102. A letter from the Attorney, Office of the General Counsel, Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, transmitting the Bureau's final rule — Rules of Practice for Adjudication Proceedings [Docket No.: CFPB-2011-0006] (RIN: 3170-AA05) received July 18, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Financial Services.

7103. A letter from the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule — Process for Submissions for Review of Security-Based Swaps for Mandatory Clearing and Notice Filing Requirements for Clearing Agencies; Technical Amendments to Rule 19b-4 and Form 19b-4 Applicable to All Self-Regulatory Organizations [Release No.: 34-67286; File No. S7-44-10] (RIN: 3235-AK87) received July 3, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Financial Services.

7104. A letter from the Acting Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NMFS, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule — Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Northeast Multispecies, Monkfish, Atlantic Sea Scallop; Amendment 17 [Docket No.: 110901552-1021-01] (RIN: 0648-BB34) received July 16, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Natural Resources.

7105. A letter from the Acting Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NMFS, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule — Temporary Rule To Delay Start Date of 2012-2013 South Atlantic Black Sea Bass Commercial Fishing Season [Docket No.: 120501426-2426-01] (RIN: 0648-BB98) received June 26, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Natural Resources.

7106. A letter from the Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator for Regulatory Programs, NMFS, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule — Fisheries of the Caribbean, Gulf of Mexico, and South Atlantic; Comprehensive Ecosystem-Based Amendment 2 for the South Atlantic Region; Correction [Docket No.: 110831547-2425-03]

(RIN: 0648-BB26) received July 16, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Natural Resources.

7107. A letter from the Acting Assistant Attorney General, Department of Justice, transmitting the 2011 Annual Report of the National Institute of Justice (NIJ); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

7108. A letter from the Fiscal Assistant Secretary, Department of the Treasury, transmitting the Fiscal Year 2011 Report to the Congress on U.S. Government Receivables and Debt Collection Activities of Federal Agencies; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

7109. A letter from the Program Analyst, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives; Fokker Services B.V. Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2012-0141; Directorate Identifier 2011-NM-092-AD; Amendment 39-17054; AD 2012-10-05] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received July 20, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7110. A letter from the Program Analyst, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives; Bombardier, Inc. Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2012-0109; Directorate Identifier 2010-NM-244-AD; Amendment 39-17067; AD 2012-11-04] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received July 20, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7111. A letter from the Program Analyst, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives; The Boeing Company Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2011-1320; Directorate Identifier 2011-NM-208-AD; Amendment 39-17066; AD 2012-11-03] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received July 20, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7112. A letter from the Program Analyst, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives; Eurocopter Deutschland GMBH Helicopters [Docket No.: FAA-2012-0101; Directorate Identifier 2010-SW-042-AD; Amendment 39-17046; AD 2012-09-11] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received July 20, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7113. A letter from the Program Analyst, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives; BAE SYSTEMS (Operations) Limited Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2012-0188; Directorate Identifier 2011-NM-120-AD; Amendment 39-17079; AD 2012-11-15] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received July 20, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7114. A letter from the Program Analyst, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives; Bombardier, Inc. Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2012-0293; Directorate Identifier 2012-NM-034-AD; Amendment 39-17081; AD 2012-12-02] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received July 20, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7115. A letter from the Program Analyst, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives; Rolls-Royce plc (RR) Turbofan Engines [Docket No.: FAA-2007-28059; Directorate Identifier 2007-NE-13-AD; Amendment 39-17061; AD 2012-10-12] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received July 20, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7116. A letter from the Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of the Treasury, transmitting the Department's final rule —

Implementation of Statutory Amendments Requiring the Qualification of Manufacturers and Importers of Processed Tobacco and Other Amendments Related to Permit Requirements, and the Expanded Definition of Roll-Your-Own Tobacco [Docket No.: TTB-2009-0002; T.D. TTB-104; Re: T.D. TTB-78, Notice No. 95 and Notice No. 98; T.D. TTB-80; T.D. TTB-81 and Notice No. 99] (RIN: 1513-AB72) received July 5, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

7117. A letter from the Chief, Publications and Regulations Branch, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the Service's final rule — Notice requirements under section 101(j) of ERISA for funding-related benefit limitations in single-employer defined benefit pension plans [Notice 2012-46] received July 16, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

7118. A letter from the Chief, Publications and Regulations Branch, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the Service's final rule — Update for Weighted Average Interest Rates, Yield Curves, and Segment Rates [Notice 2012-47] received July 16, 2012, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. LUNGREN, DANIEL E. of California: Committee on House Administration. H.R. 6122. A bill to revise the authority of the Librarian of Congress to accept gifts and bequests on behalf of the Library, and for other purposes (Rept. 112-624). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. LUNGREN, DANIEL E. of California: Committee on House Administration. H.R. 1402. A bill to authorize the Architect of the Capitol to establish battery recharging stations for privately owned vehicles in parking areas under the jurisdiction of the House of Representatives at no net cost to the Federal Government; with an amendment (Rept. 112-625). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington: Committee on Natural Resources. H.R. 3641. A bill to establish Pinnacles National Park in the State of California as a unit of the National Park System, and for other purposes; with an amendment (Rept. 112-626). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington: Committee on Natural Resources. H.R. 4606. A bill to authorize the issuance of right-of-way permits for natural gas pipelines in Glacier National Park, and for other purposes; with an amendment (Rept. 112-627). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. NUGENT:

H.R. 6205. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to prevent identity theft and tax fraud, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. NEAL (for himself, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. CROWLEY, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. STARK,

Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. BECERRA, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. KIND, Mr. PASCRELL, and Ms. BERKLEY):

H.R. 6206. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permanently extend the tax treatment for certain build America bonds, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. SLAUGHTER (for herself, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. GRIJALVA, and Ms. CHU):

H.R. 6207. A bill to provide for the establishment of the Task Force on Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks to Children; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. FARENTHOLD:

H.R. 6208. A bill to temporarily limit the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to require or authorize the removal or movement of offshore oil and gas facilities; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. MARCHANT (for himself and Mr. CUELLAR):

H.R. 6209. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow qualified scholarship funding corporations to access tax-exempt financing for alternative private student loans; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. CONYERS (for himself and Mr. CHAFFETZ):

H.R. 6210. A bill to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to provide for additional immigrant visas for certain entrepreneurs and job creators, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California (for himself, Mr. HOLT, Mr. TIERNEY, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. FUDGE, Ms. SCHA-KOWSKY, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. KUCINICH, Ms. CHU, Ms. EDWARDS, Ms. NORTON, Ms. MOORE, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. SERRANO, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. ANDREWS, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania, Mr. McDERMOTT, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Ms. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. AL GREEN of Texas, Mr. STARK, Mr. FILNER, Mr. COHEN, Mrs. MALONEY, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. WELCH, Ms. LINDA T. SANCHEZ of California, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. FARR, Mr. HONDA, Mr. OLVER, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mr. MEEKS, Ms. SEWELL, Ms. DELAURO, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Ms. BERKLEY, Ms. BASS of California, Mr. ROTHMAN of New Jersey, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. DINGELL, Mr. NEAL, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. BECERRA, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. MORAN, Mr. CLARKE of Michigan, Ms. DEGETTE, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. PALLONE, Ms. ZOE LOFGREN of California, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. FATTAH, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. DEFazio, Mr. HIGGINS, Mr. PASTOR of Arizona, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Ms. RICHARDSON, Mr. KEATING, Mr. CLAY, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Mr. CARNAHAN, Ms. BALDWIN, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Ms. TSONGAS, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. CICILLINE, Ms. SCHWARTZ, Ms. HAHN, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. LANGEVIN, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. PASCRELL, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. DEUTCH, Mr. MURPHY of Connecticut, Mr. CLEAVER, Ms. MATSUI, Mrs.

CHRISTENSEN, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. WAXMAN, Ms. WATERS, Mr. RYAN of Ohio, Mr. LOEBSACK, and Mr. BERMAN):

H.R. 6211. A bill to amend the fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to provide for increases in the minimum wage consistent with inflation, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. KIND (for himself and Mr. LEWIS of Georgia):

H.R. 6212. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make qualified biogas property eligible for the energy credit and to permit new clean renewable energy bonds to finance qualified biogas property; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. UPTON (for himself, Mr. STEARNS, Mr. PITTS, Mr. TERRY, Mr. STIVERS, Mr. LATHAM, Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina, Mr. GINGREY of Georgia, Mrs. ELLMERS, Mr. LANCE, Mr. ROGERS of Michigan, Mr. WHITFIELD, Mr. BURGESS, Mr. SULLIVAN, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. POMPEO, Mrs. MYRICK, Mr. HARPER, Mr. FLAKE, and Mr. OLSON):

H.R. 6213. A bill to limit further taxpayer exposure from the loan guarantee program established under title XVII of the Energy Policy Act of 2005; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. BARTON of Texas (for himself and Mr. STEARNS):

H.R. 6214. A bill to limit the number and pay of individuals serving as special consultants, fellows, or other employees pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of section 207 of the Public Health Service Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SMITH of Texas:

H.R. 6215. A bill to amend the Trademark Act of 1946 to correct an error in the provisions relating to remedies for dilution; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GARAMENDI (for himself, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. SUTTON, and Mr. GRIJALVA):

H.R. 6216. A bill to strengthen Buy America requirements applicable to airports, highways, high-speed rail, trains, and transit, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. GARAMENDI (for himself, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. HINCHEY, and Mr. LIPINSKI):

H.R. 6217. A bill to require 85 percent domestic content in green technologies purchased by Federal agencies or by States with Federal funds and in property eligible for the renewable energy production or investment tax credits; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. BUERKLE (for herself, Mrs. MALONEY, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. HANNA, Mr. RANGEL, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mr. TURNER of New York, Ms. CHU, Mrs. EMERSON, Mr. MARINO, Mr. WOLF, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, and Mr. KELLY):

H.R. 6218. A bill to provide for the establishment of the Autoimmune Diseases Interdepartmental Coordinating Committee, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. CARTER:

H.R. 6219. A bill to amend the Endangered Species Act of 1973 to halt the premature proposed listing of 4 central Texas salamander species resulting from a settlement agreement, and to take into account extensive, ongoing State and local conservation efforts; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. CLARKE of Michigan:

H.R. 6220. A bill to prohibit an employer from inquiring whether an applicant for employment has been convicted of a criminal offense, except in certain circumstances; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committees on House Administration, Oversight and Government Reform, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. CLARKE of New York (for herself and Mr. DANIEL E. LUNGREN of California):

H.R. 6221. A bill to amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to require the Secretary of Homeland Security to research, identify, and evaluate cybersecurity risks to critical infrastructure, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security.

By Ms. DELAURO (for herself and Mr. LARSON of Connecticut):

H.R. 6222. A bill to amend the Clean Air Act with respect to the sulfur fuel content of heating oil; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. DENT:

H.R. 6223. A bill to amend section 1059(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 to clarify that a period of employment abroad by the Chief of Mission or United States Armed Forces as a translator, interpreter, or in an executive level security position is to be counted as a period of residence and physical presence in the United States for purposes of qualifying for naturalization if at least a portion of such period was spent in Iraq or Afghanistan, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia:

H.R. 6224. A bill to amend title 44 of the United States Code, to provide for the suspension of fines under certain circumstances for first-time paperwork violations by small entities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, and in addition to the Committee on Small Business, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. WALBERG:

H.R. 6225. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for economic growth and personal financial liberty, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WELCH (for himself and Mr. RENACCI):

H.R. 6226. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend the nonbusiness energy property credit to include the insulation component of insulated siding; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. YOUNG of Alaska:

H.R. 6227. A bill to authorize the establishment of a Niblack mining area road corridor in the State of Alaska, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. RICHARDSON (for herself, Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas, Mr. CAMP, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. PASCRELL, and Mrs. MYRICK):

H. Res. 742. A resolution condemning the Government of the Russian Federation for

providing weapons to the regime of President Bashar al-Assad of Syria; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. BARLETTA (for himself, Mr. KELLY, Mr. MARINO, Mr. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. CRITZ, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. PITTS, Mr. STIVERS, Mr. BACHUS, Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. DENT, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. PLATTS, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. SHUSTER, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. GERLACH, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. MURPHY of Pennsylvania, Mr. DOYLE, Mr. BARTLETT, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. SCHILLING, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mr. RYAN of Ohio, Mr. GARDNER, Mr. GRIMM, Mr. CHABOT, and Mr. COSTELLO):

H. Res. 743. A resolution expressing the sense of Congress that the United States Postal Service should issue a commemorative stamp honoring the Nation's coal miners; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. TIERNEY (for himself and Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California):

H. Res. 744. A resolution recognizing the 75th anniversary of the enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 1937 and supporting the goals and ideals of National Registered Apprenticeship Month; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. NUGENT:

H.R. 6205.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution gives Congress the authority to lay and collect taxes and duties. With this authority comes the inherent duty to protect these funds from fraud and theft so that they are used for their constitutional purpose—to pay the debts and provide for the general welfare of our nation.

By Mr. NEAL:

H.R. 6206.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1
 “The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.”

Sixteenth Amendment

“The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.”

By Ms. SLAUGHTER:

H.R. 6207.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Art. I, Sec. 8, cl. 1
 Art. I, Sec. 8, cl. 18

By Mr. FARENTHOLD:

H.R. 6208.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 3 of the Constitution

By Mr. MARCHANT:

H.R. 6209.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. CONYERS:

H.R. 6210.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 of the Constitution.

By Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California:

H.R. 6211.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, §8, Clause 3

By Mr. KIND:

H.R. 6212.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I Section 8.

By Mr. UPTON:

H.R. 6213.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. BARTON of Texas:

H.R. 6214.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. SMITH of Texas:

H.R. 6215.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
 clause 8 of section 8 of Article I of the Constitution.

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 6216.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 6217.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Ms. BUERKLE:

H.R. 6218.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (“The Congress shall have Power . . . To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof”).

By Mr. CARTER:

H.R. 6219.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution

The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

And:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution

The Congress shall have Power . . . To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. CLARKE of Michigan:

H.R. 6220.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. CLARKE of New York:

H.R. 6221.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The U. S. Constitution including Article 1, Section 8.

By Ms. DELAURO:

H.R. 6222.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clauses 3 and 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. DENT:

H.R. 6223.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8.

By Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia:

H.R. 6224.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution: To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. WALBERG:

H.R. 6225.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the United States Constitution and Amendment XVI of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. WELCH:

H.R. 6226.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power To . . . make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. YOUNG of Alaska:

H.R. 6227.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 8: Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. GRIFFIN of Arkansas, Mr. CRENSHAW, and Mr. KLINE.

H.R. 6: Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California.

H.R. 87: Mr. SCHWEIKERT and Mr. QUAYLE.

H.R. 139: Mr. PALLONE.

H.R. 529: Mr. SCHILLING.

H.R. 683: Ms. WILSON of Florida.

H.R. 942: Mr. LOEBSACK and Mr. CRITZ.

H.R. 998: Mr. THOMPSON of California.

H.R. 1084: Mr. OLVER.

H.R. 1106: Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Ms. BASS of California, and Mr. CLAY.

H.R. 1116: Mr. THOMPSON of California.

H.R. 1244: Mr. PETRI.

H.R. 1344: Mr. KISSELL.

H.R. 1370: Mr. WHITFIELD.

H.R. 1394: Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania, Mr. COHEN, and Mr. CUMMINGS.

H.R. 1519: Mr. CHANDLER.

H.R. 1672: Mr. BENISHEK, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Ms. RICHARDSON, and Mr. MCKEON.

H.R. 1775: Mr. CHABOT, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. HUIZENGA of Michigan, and Mr. BISHOP of Georgia.

H.R. 2028: Mr. COURTNEY.

H.R. 2033: Mr. MCDERMOTT.

H.R. 2040: Mr. WOLF, Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. ROSS of Florida, Mr. HUIZENGA of Michigan, and Mr. RIGELL.

H.R. 2139: Mrs. CHRISTENSEN, Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN, Mr. HUNTER, Mrs. LOWEY, and Mr. STUTZMAN.

H.R. 2355: Mr. SCALISE.

H.R. 2359: Ms. NORTON, Mr. KILDEE, and Ms. RICHARDSON.

H.R. 2382: Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas and Mr. KIND.

H.R. 2437: Mr. SCHILLING.

H.R. 2481: Mr. CONYERS.

H.R. 2547: Ms. LEE of California and Mr. MICHAUD.

H.R. 2697: Ms. NORTON and Mr. PLATTS.

H.R. 2705: Mr. REYES.

H.R. 3030: Ms. SPEIER.

H.R. 3067: Mr. ROSS of Florida.

H.R. 3158: Mr. CRAVAACK.

H.R. 3159: Mr. SCALISE.

H.R. 3429: Mr. CARTER.

H.R. 3458: Mr. FORTENBERRY.

H.R. 3510: Mr. SCHIFF.

H.R. 3594: Mr. HULTGREN.

H.R. 3608: Mr. SCALISE.

H.R. 3612: Mrs. NOEM.

H.R. 3627: Mr. GRIFFITH of Virginia, Mr. KING of New York, and Mr. WHITFIELD.

H.R. 3643: Mrs. HARTZLER, Mrs. LUMMIS, Mr. ROE of Tennessee, and Mr. HERGER.

H.R. 3705: Mr. MCINTYRE.

H.R. 3721: Mr. MICHAUD.

H.R. 3798: Mr. ANDREWS, Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas, and Ms. CASTOR of Florida.

H.R. 3806: Mr. BARTLETT.

H.R. 3828: Mr. HARRIS.

H.R. 3861: Mr. PETERS, Mr. KILDEE, and Mr. LEVIN.

H.R. 3866: Mr. WATT.

H.R. 4011: Mr. SHERMAN.

H.R. 4062: Mr. DREIER.

H.R. 4122: Mr. RANGEL and Mr. CARSON of Indiana.

H.R. 4169: Mrs. NAPOLITANO and Mr. LARSON of Connecticut.

H.R. 4173: Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia.

H.R. 4287: Mr. SHULER and Mr. HOLT.

H.R. 4305: Mr. LATOURETTE and Mr. SCHOCK.

H.R. 4373: Mr. LATHAM and Mr. CONYERS.

H.R. 4403: Mr. SCALISE.

H.R. 4405: Mr. DOLD, Mr. TIBERI, Mr. WALSH of Illinois, Mr. PAULSEN, Mr. WEST, Mr. GALLEGLY, and Ms. PINGREE of Maine.

H.R. 4818: Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia.

H.R. 5796: Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado and Mr. SOUTHERLAND.

H.R. 5846: Mr. HUIZENGA of Michigan and Mr. HULTGREN.

H.R. 5864: Ms. HIRONO.

H.R. 5907: Ms. CHU.

H.R. 5943: Mr. MARINO and Mr. CANSECO.

H.R. 5944: Mr. POLLIS, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. CARSON of Indiana.

H.R. 6028: Mr. KEATING.

H.R. 6075: Mr. BISHOP of Utah and Mr. HULTGREN.

H.R. 6128: Ms. ZOE LOFGREN of California and Mr. CONYERS.

H.R. 6138: Mr. GUTIERREZ and Mr. MCGOVERN.

H.R. 6147: Mr. CALVERT.

H.R. 6149: Ms. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. MCGOVERN, and Ms. SUTTON.

H.R. 6150: Mr. SABLAN, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. NADLER, and Mr. TOWNS.

H.R. 6151: Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. DAVIS of Kentucky, Mr. WITTMAN, and Mr. YOUNG of Alaska.

H.R. 6159: Ms. RICHARDSON, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. KEATING, Mr. CUELLAR, Ms. HAHN, Mr. REYES, Ms. HANABUSA, Mr. ISRAEL, Ms. BROWN of Florida, and Mr. MARKEY.

H.R. 6165: Mr. MILLER of Florida and Mr. JONES.

H.R. 6169: Mr. GRAVES of Missouri.

H.R. 6170: Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. DEFazio, Mrs. ELLMERS, Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia, and Mr. LATOURETTE.

H.R. 6174: Mr. ROSS of Florida.

H.R. 6175: Mr. DINGELL.

H. J. Res. 111: Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. CICILLINE, and Mr. PETERSON.

H. Con. Res. 21: Mr. CLAY.

H. Res. 459: Mr. SCALISE.

H. Res. 663: Mr. DOLD and Ms. FUDGE.

H. Res. 672: Mrs. MALONEY.

H. Res. 676: Mr. GRIMM and Ms. BERKLEY.

H. Res. 716: Mr. SCALISE.

H. Res. 722: Mr. MCDERMOTT.

H. Res. 725: Mr. LOEBSACK.

H. Res. 734: Ms. RICHARDSON, Mr. MCDERMOTT, and Mr. MORAN.

H. Res. 735: Mr. GOSAR.

DISCHARGE PETITIONS— ADDITIONS OR DELETIONS

The following Members added their names to the following discharge petition:

Petition 4 by Mr. VAN HOLLEN on H.R. 4010: Sheila Jackson Lee, Dennis J. Kucinich, and Walter B. Jones.