Geoff Davis for the State of Kentucky. He served us well, and those are some very big shoes to fill.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker, and thank you, Chairman ROGERS, for the introduction.

Tonight I have in the gallery my family. My grandmother is here, my mother is here, and my four children, but most of all my wife, Rhonda, is here. I need to thank them for their loving support through all of this.

I'm honored to represent the great people of Kentucky's Fourth Congressional District. I'll be a staunch defender of the Constitution, an unwavering advocate for personal liberties, economic freedom, and fiscal responsibility. I look forward to working with all of the Members of this House of Congress to advance these great American principles, thereby ensuring a prosperous future for our country.

Thank you. May God bless America.

Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. Under clause 5(d) of rule XX, the Chair announces to the House that, in light of the administration of the oath to the gentlewoman from Washington and the gentlemen from Kentucky and Michigan, the whole number of the House is 433.

□ 1920

SPACE LAUNCH LIABILITY PROVISIONS EXTENSION

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. WOMACK). The unfinished business is the question on suspending the rules and passing the bill (H.R. 6586) to extend the application of certain space launch liability provisions through 2014.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. PALAZZO) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

TERROR ATTACK IN LIBYA

(Mr. POE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. POE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, it's been 2 months since four Americans were murdered by terrorists in Benghazi, Libya. For 2 weeks the administration claimed this was a spontaneous protest in response to a movie, but now we know that was all a charade.

The administration knew within 2 hours that the terror group Ansar al-Sharia was claiming responsibility for this well-planned ambush and assassination. Allegedly, the administration also watched the attack occur in the White House's Situation Room, and that's when a request for military help was made and denied.

CIA operatives were twice told to stand down instead of helping the Ambassador. Why did the Ambassador's calls for help go unanswered? The American people need to know this: What happened? Why didn't the U.S. help the Ambassador when he was under attack? And what individuals killed the Ambassador? And what has the United States done to track these outlaws down, hold them accountable for this—yet another attack on 9/11?

And that's just the way it is.

CONGRATULATING SOLOMON SCHECTER ON ITS 50TH ANNIVERSARY

(Mr. DOLD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. DOLD. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize a tremendous milestone in the 10th District of Illinois in the Chicago area.

Recently, the Solomon Schecter Day School of Metropolitan Chicago celebrated its 50th anniversary. Founded in 1962 with only 27 students in its first class, Solomon Schecter has grown over the years to provide education to over 2,500 proud graduates.

As a school that integrates general and Judaic studies, Solomon Schecter has promoted a love of learning and unique sense of community amongst its students, parents, educators, and volunteer leaders.

Schecter students also forge valuable connections with students at Keshet, a Jewish day school that serves children with developmental disabilities. Mr. Speaker, I recently visited Keshet and was very impressed by the incredible work that they do in meeting the needs of the children there.

But Solomon Schecter is more than just a school; it's a community, the strength of which can be seen in the fact that over 700 people came to proudly show their support at its recent 50th anniversary celebration.

I'd like to wish Solomon Schecter Day School continued success in the future.

□ 1930

HONORING EARL MORSE AND JEFF MILLER FOR THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS ON BEHALF OF HONOR FLIGHT

(Ms. KAPTUR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, tomorrow I intend to bring to the floor the photos of two American families that have been instrumental in helping bring over 100,000 Americans who fought in World War II to our Nation's Capitol for Honor Flight.

I had the great opportunity this week, during a special gathering on this Veterans Day week of the friends of the World War II Memorial Committee, to meet these phenomenal Americans. Earl Morse and Jeff Miller have devoted so much of their private lives to bringing great joy to Americans across this country. We should recognize them. We should thank them. We should remember.

Those of us who have relatives that have fought in the military, those of us who appreciate those who have—on this Veterans Day week, let us give due credit to what brings us together as a people, our great sense of patriotism, our great sense of valor, and the appreciation we could give to those Americans who help to make the lives of others complete.

Mr. Speaker, I thank you for giving me this moment to highlight what I will bring to the floor tomorrow. Thank you to Honor Flight. Thank you to the Morse and Miller families. Thank you to the Friends of the World War II Memorial, and thank you to all of our World War II veterans, their families, and descendants.

GLOBAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP WEEK

(Mr. YODER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. YODER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to make note of an important week in the ongoing effort to renew our Nation's economy. This week is Global Entrepreneurship Week.

New entrepreneurs and innovators are the key to putting Americans back to work. With two out of every three jobs coming from small businesses, and 100 percent of the net new jobs coming from companies less than 5 years old, these risk-takers are the key to our economic prosperity. Simply put, if they don't grow and expand, then neither will our economy.

I was pleased to help celebrate Global Entrepreneurship Week this week by addressing many of these budding startups at the Kaufman Foundation in Kansas City. A true gem of the Midwest, the Kaufman Foundation is the world's largest foundation devoted to entrepreneurship.

Mr. Speaker, we know jobs aren't created by bureaucrats in Washington, D.C. They are created by the innovators across our Nation. As we continue to see our economy lagging behind, let's renew our efforts to support startups, innovators and entrepreneurs that take the risks to create jobs.

SUPPORTING RECOGNITION OF MALALA YOUSUFZAI

(Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas asked and was given permission to address