

(e.g., the Manhattan Engineer District (MED) or the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC)) during the early years of the nation's atomic energy program or from commercial operations causing conditions that Congress has authorized DOE to remedy. In 1992, the Alba Craft site was designated for cleanup under FUSRAP.

Alba Craft Laboratory, Inc., under subcontract to National Lead of Ohio (NLO), a primary contractor for AEC from October 1952 to February 1957, provided a variety of machine-shop services on natural uranium metal (i.e., uranium metal that was neither enriched nor depleted but contained the uranium isotopes in natural abundance). Operations at the site consisted of hollow drilling and turning of uranium metal slugs. Production was discontinued at the site in 1957, and Alba Craft personnel decontaminated the building and equipment in accordance with NLO Industrial Hygiene Department specifications.

In 1992, DOE's Oak Ridge National Laboratory performed a radiological survey in and around the Alba Craft Laboratory building and adjacent properties suspected to have become contaminated as a result of activities conducted at the laboratory. The survey identified radioactive contamination exceeding current DOE guidelines for release of properties for use without radiological restrictions and four properties including the Alba Craft Laboratory building, and three radioactively contaminated "vicinity properties" were designated for remedial action by FUSRAP.

In addition to the laboratory property, residual radioactive contamination was found on exterior areas of vicinity properties at 525 South Main Street, 550 South Main Street, and West Rose Avenue near the Alba Craft building. The property at 525 South Main Street, where the former owner of the Alba Craft Laboratory lived, was the only vicinity property at which interior contamination was found.

Remedial action was performed at the former Alba Craft Laboratory and vicinity properties from August 1994 to January 1995. Post-remedial action surveys have demonstrated, and DOE has certified, that the subject properties are in compliance with DOE radiological decontamination criteria and standards. The standards are established to protect members of the general public and occupants of the properties and to ensure that future use of the properties will result in no radiological exposure above applicable health-based guidelines. Accordingly,

these properties are released from FUSRAP.

The certification docket will be available for review between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday (except Federal holidays) in the DOE Public Reading Room located in Room 1E-190 of the Forrestal Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20585. Copies of the certification docket will also be available in the DOE Public Document Room, U.S. Department of Energy, Oak Ridge Operations Office, Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37831, and in the Lane Public Library, Oxford Branch, 15 S. College Avenue, Oxford, Ohio 45056.

DOE, through the Oak Ridge Operations Office, Former Sites Restoration Division, has issued the following statement:

Statement of Certification: Alba Craft Laboratory, Inc. and Vicinity Properties Site in Oxford, Ohio

DOE, Oak Ridge Operations Office, Former Sites Restoration Division, has reviewed and analyzed the radiological data obtained following remedial action at the former Alba Craft Laboratory site and vicinity properties in Oxford, Ohio. Based on analysis of all data collected, including post-remedial action surveys, DOE certifies that any residual contamination on the Laboratory site and vicinity properties falls within current guidelines for use of land without radiological restrictions. This certification of compliance provides assurance that reasonably foreseeable future use of the properties will result in no radiological exposure above current radiological guidelines established to protect members of the general public, as well as occupants of the site.

Property owned by Gilbert and Vicki Pacey, 10-14 West Rose Avenue, Oxford, Ohio
Property owned by James H. and Darlene S. Burch, 550 South Main Street, Oxford, Ohio

Property owned by Wayne and Marilyn Elzey, 525 South Main Street, Oxford, Ohio
Municipal Property, West Rose Avenue, Oxford, Ohio.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on November 15, 1996.

James M. Owendoff,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Environmental Restoration.

[FR Doc. 96-30140 Filed 11-25-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-01-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPPTS-00202; FRL-5575-9]

Forum on State and Tribal Toxics Action (FOSTTA) Projects; Open Meetings

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The four projects of the Forum on State and Tribal Toxics Action (FOSTTA) will hold meetings open to the public, who are encouraged to attend the proceedings as observers. However, in the interest of time and efficiency, the meeting is structured to provide maximum opportunity for state, tribal, and EPA invited participants to discuss items on the predetermined agenda. At the discretion of the chair of the project, an effort will be made to accommodate participation by observers attending the proceedings.

DATES: The four projects will meet December 9, 1996, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. and on December 10, 1996, from 8 a.m. to noon.

ADDRESSES: The meetings will be held at The Embassy Suites Hotel, 1900 Diagonal Road, Alexandria, VA, in Old Town.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Darlene Harrod, Designated Federal Official (DFO), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (7408), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, telephone (202) 260-6904. E-mail Harrod.darlene@epamail.epa.gov. Any observer wishing to speak should advise the DFO at telephone number or E-mail address listed above no later than 4 p.m. on December 6, 1996.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FOSTTA, a group of state and tribal toxics environmental managers, is intended to foster the exchange of toxics-related program enforcement information among the states/tribes and between the states/tribes and U.S. EPA's Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances (OPPTS) and Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance (OECA). FOSTTA currently consists of the Coordinating Committee and four issue-specific projects. The projects are: (1) The Toxics Release Inventory Project; (2) The State and Tribal Enhancement Project; (3) The Chemical Management Project; and (4) The Lead (Pb) Project.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection.

Dated: November 22, 1996.

Susan B. Hazen,
Director, Environmental Assistance Division,
Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 96-30372 Filed 11-22-96; 2:50 pm]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

[OPP-00458; FRL-5574-1]

State FIFRA Issues Research and Evaluation Group (SFIREG); Open Meeting

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The State FIFRA Issues Research and Evaluation Group (SFIREG) will hold a 2-day meeting, beginning on Monday, December 2, 1996, and ending on Tuesday, December 3, 1996. This notice announces the location and times for the meeting and sets forth tentative agenda topics. The meeting is open to the public.

DATES: The SFIREG will meet on Monday, December 2, 1996, from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., and Tuesday, December 3, 1996, from 8:30 a.m. to 12:00 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at: The Doubletree Hotel, National Airport - Crystal City, 300 Army-Navy Drive, Arlington, Virginia 22202.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Elaine Y. Lyon, Office of Pesticide Programs (7506C), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 1101B, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA, (703) 305-5306; (fax): (703) 308-3259; (e-mail): Lyon.elaine@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The tentative agenda of the SFIREG includes the following:

1. Committee and Regional reports and Introduction of New Issue Papers.
2. Status Report on SFIREG Issue Papers.
3. Update on the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance (OECA) - 1997, 1998 OECA priorities.
4. The Food Quality Protection Act (HR1627) - Implementation Plans and Progress.
5. Section 18 Workshop - Outcomes.
6. Worker Protection - Update on implementation efforts.
7. Labeling Issues.
8. OPP plans for 1997 workshop on Environmental Indicators.
9. Other topics as appropriate.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection.

Dated: November 20, 1996.

Anne E. Lindsay,
Acting Director, Field Operations Division,
Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 96-30373 Filed 11-22-96; 2:50 pm]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

[FRL-5655-5]

Proposed De Minimis Settlement Under Section 122(g) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as Amended, 42 U.S.C. § 9622(g), Doepke Holliday Superfund Site, Johnson County, KS

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of proposed de minimis settlement under Section 122(g) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 9622(g), Koepke Holliday Superfund Site, Johnson County, Kansas.

SUMMARY: The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is proposing to enter into a de minimis administrative settlement to resolve claims under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as amended, 42 U.S.C. 9622(g). This settlement is intended to resolve the liability of Batliner Paper Stock Company for the response costs incurred and to be incurred at the Doepke Holliday Superfund Site, Johnson County, Kansas. The proposed settlement consent order was signed by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) on September 12, 1996, and approved by the United States Department of Justice on September 26, 1996.

DATES: Written comments must be provided on or before December 26, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be addressed to Daniel J. Shiel, Office of Regional Counsel, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region VII, 726 Minnesota Avenue, Kansas City, Kansas 66101 and should refer to: *In the matter of Batliner Paper Stock Company*, EPA Docket No. VII-96-F-0027.

The proposed administrative consent order may be examined in person at the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region VII, 726 Minnesota Avenue, Kansas City, Kansas 66101. To request a copy by mail please refer to the matter name and docket number set

forth above and enclose a check in the amount of \$6.50 (25 cents per page for reproduction costs), payable at the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The proposed administrative settlement concerns the Doepke Holliday Superfund Site (Site) in Johnson County, Kansas. The Site encompasses approximately 80 acres and is located at the intersection of Interstate 435 and Holliday Drive. In the 1950s and early 1960s, various parties conducted residential and commercial trash disposal operations on the Site. From approximately 1963 until late 1970, Doepke Disposal Service (DDS) operated a commercial and industrial waste disposal business on the Site. DDS disposed of a wide variety of wastes on the Site, including, *inter alia*, fiberglass and fiberglass resins, paint sludge, waste solvents, metal tailings, petroleum refinery wastes, chemical and pesticide manufacturing wastes, and wastes from commercial operations, including, appliance repair, automobile, truck and trailer repair, packaging materials and printing operations. Hazardous substances, including, but not limited to, the following have been found in soils and/or groundwater at the Site: benzene, 1,2-dichloroethene, ethyl benzene, toluene, vinyl chloride, xylene, naphthalene, chromium, iron, lead, manganese.

EPA placed the Site on the National Priorities List, set forth at 40 CFR Part 300, Appendix B, by publication in the Federal Register on September 8, 1983, 48 Fed. Reg. 40674. A Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study ("RI/FS") was conducted for the Site pursuant to 40 CFR § 300.430, and the RI/FS Report was completed in July 1989. The decision by EPA on the remedial action to be implemented at the Site was embodied in a final Record of Decision ("ROD"), executed on September 21, 1989.

On May 24, 1996, the United States District Court for the District of Kansas entered a consent decree in the case styled *United States v. Waste Disposal, Inc., et al.*, Civil Action No. 96-2124JWL. In the consent decree the current owner of the Site, past owners and operators, and a number of waste generators, including de minimis generators, agreed to construct, operate and maintain the remedial action, perform monitoring, and reimburse the United States' outstanding response costs. Under the proposed settlement