number, serial number, and physical location.

(3) ''Demo'' meters may be used only for demonstrations by the manufacturer's dealer/branch representative and must remain in their control. These meters may not be left in the possession of the potential customer under any circumstance.

(4) Because ''loaner'' meters can print live postage, they must be licensed to the manufacturer's dealer/branch under the Postal Service Centralized Meter Licensing System (CMLS). Because each dealer/branch office may service a multitude of customers located in many different post office service areas, a single license issued from the appropriate postal district office city will cover all post offices located in that district. A Form 3601–C, Postage Meter Activity Report, must be initiated to activate a loaner meter under a dealer/branch CMLS license.

(5) Loaner meters can be placed only with customers who have been issued a CMLS meter license.

(6) Only electronic, remote set meters may be used as ''loaner'' meters. Representatives must record ascending and descending register readings at the time a meter is lent and when it is returned. All discrepancies must be reported immediately to the respective meter manufacturer, who will then notify Metering Technology Management. The meter must be inspected when returned from the customer. Any indication of tampering or fraudulent use also must be reported to Metering Technology Management. Use of the meter must immediately cease and must be returned to the manufacturer's QAR department via Registered mail.

(7) As both a manufacturer's representative and a meter licensee, the representative is subject to the provisions of the Domestic Mail Manual (DMM), Part P030 and 39 CFR part 501.

(8) The manufacturer's representative assumes all responsibilities under USPS meter regulations applicable to meter licensees, including having the meter set and examined. All losses incurred by the Postal Service as a result of fraudulent use of the meter by the customer are the responsibility of that customer, the meter licensee, and the manufacturer.

(9) Loaner meters must be included in the CMLS meter tracking system. A Form 3601–C must be prepared by the representative for each ''loaner'' meter installed or withdrawn. The licensee and meter location information must show the name of the dealer/branch and not the temporary user.

(10) The city/state designation in the ''loaner'' indicia must show the location where the user's mail will be deposited.

(11) The representative must ensure that ''loaner'' meters are available for examination by the Postal Service on demand, and are examined under postal policy.

(12) A customer may have possession of a ''loaner'' meter for a maximum of 5 continuous business days. In order for the customer to possess the meter for a longer period, it must be installed permanently. When customer chooses to continue the use of a postage meter, the ''loaner'' meter must be retrieved and a new meter installed under the customer's license.

Stanley F. Mires,

Chief Counsel, Legislative.

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[MN49–01–7274b; MN50–01–7275b; FRL–5990–7]

Approval and Promulgation of State Implementation Plans; Minnesota

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) proposes to approve revisions to the Minnesota State Implementation Plan (SIP) . These SIP revisions modify Administrative Orders for Federal Hoffman Incorporated located in Anoka, Minnesota and J. L. Shiely Company located in St. Paul, Minnesota which are part of the Minnesota SIP to attain and maintain the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for sulfur dioxide and particulate matter, respectively.

In the final rules section of this **Federal Register**, EPA is approving this action as a direct final without prior proposal because EPA views this as a noncontroversial action and anticipates no adverse comments. If no adverse comments are received in response to that direct final rule, no further activity is contemplated in relation to this proposed rule. If EPA receives adverse comments, the direct final rule will be withdrawn and all public comments will be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on this proposed rule. EPA will not institute a second comment period on this action. Any parties interested in commenting on this document should do so at this time.

DATES: Comments on this proposed action must be received by May 4, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be sent to: Carlton T. Nash, Chief, Regulation Development Section, Air Programs Branch (AR–18J), USEPA, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, IL 60604–3590.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Madeline Rucker, (312) 886–0661.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: For additional information, see the Direct Final rule which is located in the Rules section of this **Federal Register**. Copies of the request and the EPA's analysis are available for inspection at the following address: (Please telephone Madeline Rucker at (312) 886–0661 before visiting the Region 5 office.) U.S. EPA, Region 5, Air and Radiation Division, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, IL 60604–3590.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q.

Dated: March 17, 1998.

David A. Ullrich,

Acting Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 98–8791 Filed 4–2–98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–5991–3]

40 CFR Part 300

National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan; National Priorities List

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of intent to delete the National Lead Industries/Taracorp/Golden Auto Parts site from the national priorities list; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Region V announces its intent to delete the National Lead Industries/Taracorp/Golden Auto Parts Site (the Site) from the National Priorities List (NPL) and requests public comment on this action. The NPL constitutes Appendix B of 40 CFR part 300 which is the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), which U.S. EPA promulgated pursuant to section 105 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) as amended. This action is being taken by U.S. EPA, because it has been determined that all Fund-financed responses under CERCLA have been implemented and U.S. EPA, in consultation with the State