of Umbro International adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–34,003 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Umbro International, Umbro North America, Fairbluff, North Carolina (TA–W–34,003) and Greenville, South Carolina (TA–W–34,003A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after October 28, 1996 through January 8, 2000 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 31st day of March 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–9537 Filed 4–9–98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA–W–32,826]

UNOCAL, Sugar Land, TX; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on December 6, 1996 applicable to all workers of UNOCAL, Oil and Gas Division, located in Sugar Land, Texas. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on December 24, 1996 (61 FR 67858).

At the request of the company, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New findings show that the Department incorrectly limited the certification to the Oil and Gas Division. The investigation conducted for the subject firm was conducted on behalf of the entire Sugar Land, Texas facility. The Oil and Gas Division was only one division of several divisions of UNOCAL's Sugar Land, Texas facility. The Department is amending the certification determination to correctly identify the title name to read UNOCAL, Sugar Land, Texas.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–32,826 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of UNOCAL, Sugar Land, Texas (TA–W–32,826) and at various locations in Texas (TA–32,826A), Alabama (TA–W–32,826B), Louisiana (TA–W–32,826C), Michigan (TA–W–32,826D), New Mexico (TA–W–32,826E), Oklahoma (TA–W–32,826F) and Utah (TA–W–32,826G) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after December 9, 1996 through December 6, 1998 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 27th day of March 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–9542 Filed 4–9–98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Job Training Partnership Act: Office of Job Corps Proposed Collection; Comment Request

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)). This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. Currently, the Employment and Training Administration is soliciting comments concerning the proposed reinstatement with change of the standard Job Corps Center Request for Proposal and Related Contracting Information Gathering Reporting Requirements.

A copy of the proposed information collection request (ICR) can be obtained by contacting the office listed below in the addressee section of this notice.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office listed in the addressee section below on or before June 9, 1998.

The Department of Labor is particularly interested in comments which:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarify of the information to be collected; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

ADDRESSEE: Andra Rebar, Office of Job Corps, 200 Constitution Avenue, Room N–4510, Washington, DC 20210. E-mail Internet address: Rebara@doleta.gov; Telephone number: (202) 219–8550 (This is not a toll-free number); Fax number: (202) 219–5183 (this is not a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Job Corps is an intensive training program for economically disadvantaged young people aged 16–24 who are out of school and out of work. The enabling legislation, Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) requires that 80% of all Job Corps enrollees (''Students'') be residential students. The program is principally carried out through a nationwide network of 114 Job Corps centers. These are located at facilities either owned or leased by the Federal Government. The Department has a direct role in the operation of Job Corps, and does not serve as a pass-through agency for this program. Job Corps centers are established by the Department and it is the Department's responsibility to select operators for them. Of the 114 current centers, 28 are operated by the Department of Agriculture and the Interior through interagency agreements. These centers are located on Federal lands controlled by these two agencies. The remaining 86 centers are operated by contractors selected by the Department, 3 are operated by public organizations on a noncompetitive basis, and the remainder are operated by private organizations, including private for profit companies. These contracts are negotiated procurement done through competition. Many of the current contractors operate more than one center.

II. Current Actions

The Request for Proposal provides the Government's expectations of potential