system. The fitting may be either "T" or inline, with a female ½ threaded National Pipe Thread (NPT) port, to enable connection to the pressure transducer (a component of the EM system).

Before the scheduled date of installation, the NMFS-approved contractor may contact vessel operators in person or by phone to ask questions to help them determine power supply, vessel configuration, and other considerations necessary to facilitate installation of the EM system and to ensure the system's compatibility with the vessel. The vessel owner and/or operator should be present on the day of installation to facilitate equipment installation and provide access to the vessel and information to Saltwater, Inc., about the power supply and other vessel infrastructure and other information as needed. The dates and locations of the EM installations are listed below in Table 1. These dates and locations were chosen based on several factors to reduce the potential for the installation schedule to interfere with fishing trips and to minimize the distances vessel may have to travel. In order to provide as much flexibility as possible for the locations of a limited number of installations, NMFS will announce any additional locations or changes in locations, if warranted, in a future notice ("To Be Determined").

TABLE 1—DATES AND LOCATIONS OF ELECTRONIC MONITORING INSTALLATIONS

Date range (2015)	Name of port
January 16 through 25. February 14 through	Cape Canaveral, FL. Panama City, FL. Cape Canaveral, FL. Dulac, LA.
March 16 through 25	Wanchese, NC. Beaufort, NC.
April 14 through 23	Wanchese, NC. Dulac, LA.
May 11 through 17, and 19 through 25.	To Be Determined. Barnegat Light, NJ.

Other Installations

If a vessel owner and/or operator of an eligible vessel is not able to coordinate installation with Saltwater, Inc., on one of the dates and locations listed in Table 1, the vessel operator should contact Saltwater, Inc., at 800–770–3241 to determine whether another mutually-agreed upon location and date before June 1, 2015, is feasible for installation and training. NMFS cannot guarantee that an alternate location or date will be provided given the limited funding and time available to complete installation of the EM equipment and training.

Therefore, vessel owners and/or operators should make a concerted effort to make plans to adhere to the EM installation schedule in Table 1.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 971 et seq. and 1801 et seq.

Dated: December 23, 2014.

Alan D. Risenhoover,

Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 140117052-4402-02]

RIN 0648-XD651

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; 2015 Summer Flounder, Scup, and Black Sea Specifications and 2015 Commercial Summer Flounder Quota Adjustments

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: 2015 Summer Flounder, Scup, and Black Sea Specifications and 2015 commercial summer flounder state quotas.

SUMMARY: NMFS is announcing revised commercial quotas and recreational harvest limits for the 2015 summer flounder, scup, and black sea bass fisheries, as well as the commercial summer flounder state quotas for fishing year 2015. This is necessary to incorporate adjustments to the quotas due to the suspension of the Research Set-Aside program, implement an accountability measure for the commercial black sea bass fishery, and, for summer flounder state quotas, account for any previously unaccounted for overages from fishing year 2013 and any known overages to date from fishing year 2014. The intent of this action is to modify the established harvest levels to ensure that these species are not overfished or subject to overfishing in 2015.

DATES: Effective January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Moira Kelly, Fishery Policy Analyst, (978) 281–9218.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council and the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission cooperatively manage the summer flounder, scup, and black sea bass fisheries. Specifications for these fisheries include the acceptable biological catch (ABC) limit, various catch and landing subdivisions (such as the commercial and recreational sector annual catch limits (ACLs)), annual catch targets (ACTs), sector-specific landing limits (i.e., the commercial fishery quotas and recreational harvest limits), and research set-aside quotas established for one or more fishing vears. Typically, these specifications are set on an annual or multi-year basis and announced in the Federal Register in December. The specifications rulemaking for 2014 was delayed because of a summer flounder stock assessment. This delay allowed the Council to establish the 2015 specifications in May 2014, in conjunction with the revised 2014 specifications (May 22, 2014; 79 FR 29371). The 2015 specifications were based on recommendations that the Council made in October 2013, and included commercial quotas and recreational harvest limits as adjusted for a 3-percent reduction in landings to accommodate the Research Set-Aside program.

Research Set-Aside Quota Restoration

The Research Set-Aside program has recently been the subject of significant debate regarding its effectiveness in providing useful research and for enforcement concerns. At its August 2014 meeting, the Council voted to suspend the Research Set-Aside program for fishing year 2015 and to conduct a comprehensive review of the program. As a result, the previously deducted Research Set-Aside amounts will be redistributed to the respective commercial quota and recreational harvest limits, as follows:

TABLE 1—PREVIOUSLY DEDUCTED RESEARCH SET-ASIDE QUOTA

	lb	mt
Commercial Summer Flounder	332,898	151
Flounder Commercial Scup	220,462 637,136	100 289
Recreational Scup Commercial Black	205,030	93
Sea Bass Recreational Black	70,548	32
Sea Bass	66,139	30

Commercial Black Sea Bass Accountability Measure

For each fishery, the ABC is equal to the sum of the commercial and recreational ACLs. Based on recommendations from the Council's Summer Flounder, Scup, and Black Sea Bass Monitoring Committees, the ACT was set equal to the ACL for the commercial and recreational sectors for all three species for the 2015 fishing year. However, there was an overage of the 2013 black sea bass commercial ACL because discards were higher than projected. The non-landings

accountability measure, specified at 50 CFR 648.143(b), requires the exact amount, in pounds, by which the commercial ACL was exceeded to be deducted, as soon as possible, from the applicable subsequent single fishing year commercial ACL. As such, the commercial black sea bass ACL of 2.60 million lb (1,180 mt) is reduced by the overage amount (22,564 lb (10 mt)), resulting in a commercial ACT of 2.58 million lb (1,170 mt). Projected discards, calculating using recent discard information, consistent with the requirements of the FMP, are then

deducted from the ACT for each fishery in order to establish the commercial quota or recreational harvest limit, respectively.

Revised 2015 Specifications

Table 2 shows the revised specifications for the 2015 fishing year, including the sector-specific projected discards used to calculate the landings limits. These specifications include the restoration of the Research Set-Aside program quotas, as well as the commercial black sea bass accountability measure described above.

TABLE 2-2015 SUMMER FLOUNDER, SCUP, AND BLACK SEA BASS SPECIFICATIONS

	Summer Flounder		Scup		Black Sea Bass	
	million lb	mt	million lb	mt	million lb	mt
ABC	22.57	10,239	33.77	15,320	5.50	2,494
Commercial ACL	13.34	6,049	26.35	11,950	2.60	1,180
Commercial ACT	13.34	6,049	26.35	11,950	2.58	1,170
Commercial Discards	2.67	1,028	5.11	2,318	0.37	166
Commercial Quota	11.07	5,021	21.23	9,632	2.21	1,004
Recreational ACL/ACT	9.44	4,280	7.43	3,370	2.90	1,314
Recreational Discards	2.06	933	0.63	286	0.57	258
Recreational Harvest Limit	7.38	3,347	6.80	3,084	2.33	1,056

Summer Flounder State Quotas and Overages

An important component of the annual specifications rulemaking is the notification of the commercial summer

flounder state quotas and overages. Overages are calculated using final landings data from the previous fishing year and landings from the current fishing year through October 31. In this case, previously unaccounted for overages from fishing year 2013 are combined with known overages through October 31, 2014. The 2015 summer flounder state quotas, adjusted for these overages, are as follows:

TABLE 3—2015 COMMERCIAL SUMMER FLOUNDER STATE QUOTAS

State	FMP percent - share	2015 Initial quota		Quota overages (through 10/31/14) ¹		Adjusted 2015 quota, less overages	
		lb	kg ²	lb	kg²	lb	kg ²
ME	0.04756	5,265	2,390	0	0	5,265	2,388
NH	0.00046	51	20	0	0	51	23
MA	6.82046	754,985	342,460	-5,050	-2,291	749,935	340,165
RI	15.68298	1,736,013	787,440	0	0	1,736,013	787,442
CT	2.25708	249,845	113,330	0	0	249,845	113,328
NY	7.64699	846,477	383,960	0	0	846,477	383,955
NJ	16.72499	1,851,358	839,760	0	0	1,851,358	839,762
DE3	0.01779	1,969	890	-51,430	-23,328	- 49,461	-22,435
MD	2.03910	225,716	102,380	0	0	225,716	102,383
VA	21.31676	2,359,640	1,070,310	0	0	2,359,640	1,070,315
NC	27.44584	3,038,093	1,378,060	0	0	3,038,093	1,378,056
Total	100.00	11,069,410	5,021,000	- 56,450	- 25,619	411,062,392	45,017,817

 ¹²⁰¹⁴ quota overage is determined by comparing landings for January through October 2014, plus any landings in 2013 in excess of the 2013 quota (that were not previously addressed in the 2014 specifications) for each state.
 2 Kilograms are as converted from pounds and may not necessarily add due to rounding.

Delaware Summer Flounder Closure

Table 3 shows that, for Delaware, the amount of overharvest from previous years is greater than the amount of commercial quota allocated to Delaware

for 2015. As a result, there is no quota available for 2015 in Delaware. The regulations at § 648.4(b) state that Federal permit holders, as a condition of their permit, must not land summer flounder in any state that the Administrator, Greater Atlantic Region, NMFS, has determined no longer has commercial quota available for harvest. Therefore, effective January 1, 2015,

² Kilograms are as converted from pounds and may not necessarily add due to rounding ³ For Delaware, this includes continued repayment of overharvest from previous years.

⁴Total quota is the sum for all states with an allocation. A state with a negative number has a 2015 allocation of zero (0).

landings of summer flounder in Delaware by vessels holding commercial Federal summer flounder permits are prohibited for the 2015 calendar year, unless additional quota becomes available through a quota transfer and is announced in the **Federal Register**. Federally permitted dealers are advised that they may not purchase summer flounder from federally permitted vessels that land in Delaware for the 2015 calendar year, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer, as mentioned above.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: December 23, 2014.

Alan D. Risenhoover,

Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 2014–30500 Filed 12–29–14; 8:45 am]

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