

RFA broadcasts news, information, and commentary and provides a forum for a variety of opinions and voices from within Asian countries. RFA broadcasts in nine languages on shortwave. Its broadcasts seek to promote the rights of freedom of opinion and expression, including the freedom to seek, receive, and impart information and ideas through any medium regardless of frontiers.

Office of Cuba Broadcasting The Office of Cuba Broadcasting (OCB) directs the operations of Radio and TV Marti, two broadcast services that provide Spanish-language news, features, and entertainment programs to Cuba. In accordance with the Broadcasting to Cuba Act of 1983, Radio Marti follows Voice of America journalistic standards and guidelines for presenting a variety of news and information in an accurate and objective manner.

The station broadcasts 7 days a week, 24 hours a day, on medium wave (AM) and shortwave.

TV Marti programming includes 4½ hours of daily newscasts as well as programs about public affairs, culture, music, sports, and entertainment. The station broadcasts commentary and information about events in Cuba and elsewhere to promote the free flow of information and ideas.

International Broadcasting Bureau The International Broadcasting Bureau (IBB) is composed of VOA, OCB, and 12 support offices, including the Office of Engineering and Technical Services and the Office of Marketing and Program Placement. IBB is responsible for administrative and oversight functions for VOA and OCB, and provides marketing and transmission support for RFA and RFE/RL.

For further information, contact the Office of Public Affairs, Broadcasting Board of Governors, 330 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20237. Phone, 202-401-7000. Fax, 202-619-1241. Internet, www.bbg.gov.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Washington, DC 20505

Phone, 703-482-1100. Internet, www.cia.gov.

Director

PORTER J. GOSS

[For the Central Intelligence Agency statement of organization, see the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Title 32, Part 1900]

The Central Intelligence Agency collects, evaluates, and disseminates vital information on political, military, economic, scientific, and other developments abroad needed to safeguard national security.

The Central Intelligence Agency was established under the National Security Council by the National Security Act of 1947, as amended (50 U.S.C. 401 *et seq.*). It now functions under that statute, Executive Order 12333 of December 4, 1981, the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 401 note), and other laws, regulations, and directives.

The Central Intelligence Agency is headed by a Director, who is appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The Central Intelligence Agency, under the direction of the Director of National Intelligence, does the following:

—collects intelligence through human sources and by other appropriate means, except that the Central Intelligence Agency exercises no police, subpoena,

or law enforcement powers or internal security functions;
 —correlates and evaluates intelligence related to national security and provides appropriate dissemination of such intelligence;
 —provides overall direction for and coordination of the collection of national intelligence outside the United States through human sources by elements of the Intelligence Community authorized to undertake such collection. In coordination with other departments, agencies, or elements of the United States Government authorized to undertake such human source collection, ensures that the most effective use is made of resources and that appropriate account is taken of the risks to the United States and those involved in such collection;

—performs such other functions and duties related to intelligence affecting national security as the President or the Director of National Intelligence may direct; and

—under the direction of the Director of National Intelligence and in a manner consistent with section 207 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3927), the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall coordinate the relationships between elements of the Intelligence Community and the intelligence or security services of foreign governments or international organizations on all matters involving intelligence related to national security or involving intelligence acquired through clandestine means.

For further information, contact the Central Intelligence Agency, Washington, DC 20505. Phone, 703-482-1100. Internet, www.cia.gov.

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

1155 Twenty-first Street NW., Washington, DC 20581
 Phone, 202-418-5000. Fax, 202-418-5521. Internet, www.cftc.gov.

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[For the Commodity Futures Trading Commission statement of organization, see the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Title 17, Part 140]

The mission of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission is to protect market users and the public from fraud, manipulation, and abusive practices related to the sale of commodity futures and options, and to foster open, competitive, and financially sound commodity futures and option markets.

The Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC), the Federal regulatory agency for futures trading, was established by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission Act of 1974 (7 U.S.C. 4a). The Commission began