

men everywhere and offer hope, opportunity and promise to those who strive for the highest goals.

[Applause.]

Mr. BROOKS. The Members and guests will please rise to join with the "Singing Sergeants," accompanied by the Marine Band, in singing *the National Anthem*. Will everyone please remain standing while the Color are retired from the Chamber?

The Members rose and sang *The National Anthem*, accompanied by the Marine Band and the Air Force "Singing Sergeants."

The Colors were retired from the Chamber, the Marine Band playing *The National Emblem March*.

The Air Force "Singing Sergeants" retired from the Chamber, the Marine Band playing the Armed Forces Medley.

The Marine Band retired from the Chamber. . . .

At 12 o'clock and 32 minutes p.m., the proceedings in honor of the United States Flag were concluded.

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker at 12 o'clock and 33 minutes p.m.

The SPEAKER. The Chair, on behalf of the House, desires to express our thanks to the chairman and the members of the committee for arranging, preparing and conducting the splendid exercises today, and also to express the thanks of the House to all who participated in the exercises. . . .

PERMISSION TO PRINT PROCEEDINGS HAD DURING THE RECESS

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the proceedings had during the recess be printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Oklahoma?

There was no objection.

§ 9. —Presidential

The following represent a sampling of commemorative occasions for an anniversary of a Presidential birth,⁽¹⁾ death,⁽²⁾ inauguration,⁽³⁾ or memorial dedication.⁽⁴⁾

§ 9.1 By unanimous consent, the Speaker was authorized to declare recesses for the purpose of a joint meeting to commemorate the 100th anniversary of President Eisenhower's birth.

On Mar. 22, 1990,⁽¹⁾ the following proceedings occurred in the House:

1. See §§ 9.1, 9.3, 9.4, 9.8, *infra*.
 2. See § 9.2, *infra*. For observances related to the death of Presidents in office, see also 5 Hinds' Precedents §§ 7176–7180, 8 Cannon's Precedents § 3575. See also Ch. 38, *infra*.
 3. See §§ 9.5–9.7, *infra*.
 4. See § 9.9, *infra*.
1. 136 CONG. REC. 5019, 101st Cong. 2d Sess.

PERMISSION FOR THE SPEAKER
TO DECLARE RECESSES AT
ANY TIME ON TUESDAY,
MARCH 27, 1990

Mr. [Richard A.] GEPHARDT [of Missouri]. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that it may be in order for the Speaker to declare recesses at any time on Tuesday, March 27, 1990, for the purpose of a joint meeting to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Dwight D. Eisenhower.

The SPEAKER pro tempore.⁽²⁾ Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

On Mar. 27, 1990,⁽³⁾ during the recess, the following proceedings took place during the joint meeting to commemorate the anniversary of 100th anniversary of President Eisenhower's birth:

RECESS

The SPEAKER.⁽⁴⁾ Pursuant to the order of the House of Thursday, March 22, 1990, the House will stand in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

The House is now in recess.

Accordingly (at 9 o'clock and 1 minute a.m.), the House stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

JOINT MEETING OF THE 101ST
CONGRESS IN COMMEMORATION
OF THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY
OF THE BIRTH OF
DWIGHT DAVID EISENHOWER

During the recess the following proceedings took place in honor of the

2. Ted Weiss (NY).
3. 136 CONG. REC. 5435-42, 101st Cong. 2d Sess.
4. Thomas S. Foley (WA).

100th anniversary of the birth of Dwight David Eisenhower, the Speaker of the House of Representatives presiding.

The Doorkeeper, the Honorable James T. Molloy, announced the Members of the U.S. Senate, preceded by the President pro tempore (Mr. [David] PRYOR [of Arkansas]), who entered the Hall of the House of Representatives, taking the seats reserved for them.

The SPEAKER. In accordance with the provisions of Senate Joint Resolution 237, the joint meeting to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Dwight D. Eisenhower will come to order. . . .

The Chaplain of the U.S. House of Representatives, Rev. James David Ford, D.D., delivered the . . . invocation[.] . . .

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the Honorable BOB DOLE of Kansas, Republican leader of the Senate and Chairman of the Dwight David Eisenhower Centennial Commission.

Senator DOLE. Good morning. On behalf of the National Eisenhower Centennial Commission, it is my privilege to welcome you to ceremonies honoring a great American hero—who just happens to be the favorite son of Kansans everywhere. Throughout this centennial year, Dwight Eisenhower is being recalled as a historical giant—the architect of Operations Overlord and the statesman behind Atoms for Peace. But for the millions the world over who “still like Ike,” he remains a reassuring symbol of the extraordinary qualities that lie within seemingly ordinary people. . . .

The SPEAKER. We are honored to have today members of the Eisenhower

family, the general's son, John Eisenhower, his grandson, David Eisenhower, and his granddaughters, Barbara Ann Eisenhower, Susan Eisenhower, and Mary Jane Atwater, together with numerous great-grandchildren.

Will they please rise and be acknowledged?

[Applause.]

We are also honored to have with us today many members of the Eisenhower administration and associates of the late President. Will they kindly rise and be recognized. . . .

The Chair now recognizes Walter Cronkite, distinguished television journalist, who conducted numerous interviews with the late President Eisenhower. . . .

The SPEAKER. Among those who served in the Eisenhower administration who are present today, the Chair would like to recognize the presence of the former Chief Justice of the United States, Warren Burger, the former Attorney General of the United States, Herbert Brownell, and the former Secretary of State, Secretary Rogers.

[Applause.]

The Chair recognizes Mr. Winston S. Churchill, Member of Parliament, and grandson of the late Sir Winston Churchill, former Prime Minister of Great Britain. . . .

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from the 19th District of Pennsylvania, the Honorable WILLIAM F. GOODLING, whose district is the site of the Eisenhower farm, and late President's retirement home, and now a historic landmark. . . .

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from the First

District of Kansas, the Honorable PAT ROBERTS, in whose district is Abilene, the childhood home of the late President Eisenhower and site of the Dwight David Eisenhower Center. . . .

The SPEAKER. The benediction will be given by the Reverend Edward L.R. Elson, former Chaplain of the U.S. Senate.

The former Chaplain of the Senate, the Reverend Edward L.R. Elson, offered the . . . benediction[.] . . .

The SPEAKER. Members and guests will remain standing for the retirement of colors.

The colors were retired from the Chamber.

The SPEAKER. Members and guests, please remain standing and join in singing "God Bless America."

The U.S. Army Band and the U.S. Military Academy Glee Club rendered "God Bless America."

The SPEAKER. At this time the Members of the Senate will retire.

The Members of the Senate retired from the Chamber.

The SPEAKER. The purposes for the joint meeting having been fulfilled, the joint meeting is dissolved, and the House will remain in recess until 1 p.m.

The honored guests retired from the Chamber.

At 11 o'clock and 43 minutes a.m., the proceedings in commemoration of the centennial of President Dwight D. Eisenhower were concluded.

John F. Kennedy

§ 9.2 Consideration under suspension of the rules of a concurrent resolution authorizing a civic group to use the

Capitol Rotunda to honor President Kennedy as the founder of the Peace Corps on the 25th anniversary of his death.

On Oct. 3, 1988,⁽¹⁾ the following proceedings took place:

Ms. [Mary Rose] OAKAR [of Ohio]. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and concur in the Senate concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 137) to provide the use of the rotunda of the Capitol in honor of John F. Kennedy.

The Clerk read as follows:

S. CON. RES. 137

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That permission is conferred on the National Council of Returned Peace Corps Volunteers to use the Rotunda of the Capitol, from 12:00 noon, November 21, 1988, until 12:00 noon, November 22, 1988, for a vigil of readings from personal Peace Corps Journals by Returned Peace Corps Volunteers in honor of John F. Kennedy, the founder of the Peace Corps, on the 25th anniversary of his death.

The SPEAKER pro tempore.⁽²⁾ Pursuant to the rule, a second is not required on this motion.

1. 134 CONG. REC. 27839, 27840, 100th Cong. 2d Sess. See also 129 CONG. REC. 32198, 98th Cong. 1st Sess., Nov. 10, 1983 (H. Con. Res. 214, authorizing use of the Rotunda to commemorate the 20th anniversary of the death of President Kennedy).
2. Charles E. Bennett (FL).

Harry S Truman

§ 9.3 The Speaker pro tempore, on behalf of the Speaker, announced the designation of a day certain for a joint meeting to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Harry S Truman pursuant to a concurrent resolution authorizing the Speaker to make such a designation.

On Apr. 26, 1984,⁽¹⁾ the following proceedings occurred in the House:

AUTHORIZING THE SPEAKER TO DECLARE A RECESS ON TUESDAY, MAY 8, 1984, FOR JOINT MEETING TO COMMEMORATE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BIRTH OF HARRY S. TRUMAN

Mr. [THOMAS S.] FOLEY [of Washington]. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that it may be in order for the Speaker to declare a recess subject to the call of the Chair on Tuesday, May 8, 1984, for the purpose of a joint meeting to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Harry S. Truman.

The SPEAKER pro tempore.⁽²⁾ Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

On May 8, 1984,⁽³⁾ the following proceedings then occurred:

1. 130 CONG. REC. 10205, 98th Cong. 2d Sess.
2. George E. Brown, Jr. (CA).
3. 130 CONG. REC. 11327-33, 98th Cong. 2d Sess.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER.⁽⁴⁾ The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to the order of the House of April 26, 1984, the Chair declares the House in recess until 10:05 a.m.

Accordingly (at 9 o'clock and 2 minutes a.m.), the House stood in recess until 10:05 a.m.

□ 1000

JOINT MEETING OF THE HOUSE
AND SENATE HELD PURSUANT
TO THE PROVISIONS OF
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESO-
LUTION 126 IN COMMEMORA-
TION OF THE 100TH ANNIVER-
SARY OF THE BIRTH OF
HARRY S. TRUMAN

During the recess the following proceedings took place in honor of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Harry S. Truman, the Speaker of the House presiding.

The U.S. Army Band and Chorus (Pershing's Own), under the direction of Col. Eugene W. Allen, leader and commander, entered the door to the left of the Speaker, took the positions assigned to them, and presented a prelude concert.

The honored guests, Margaret Truman Daniel, E. Clifton Daniel, and

their four sons, Clifton, William, Harrison, and Thomas entered the door to the right of the Speaker, and took the positions assigned to them.

The Doorkeeper, the Honorable James T. Malloy, announced the President pro tempore (Mr. THURMOND) and the Members of the U.S. Senate, who entered the Hall of the House of Representatives, the President pro tempore taking the chair at the right of the Speaker, and the Members of the Senate the seats reserved for them.

The Doorkeeper announced the Cabinet of the President of the United States.

The members of the Cabinet of the United States entered the Hall of the House of Representatives and took the seats reserved for them in front of the Speaker's rostrum.

The SPEAKER. In accordance with House Concurrent Resolution 126, the joint meeting to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Harry S. Truman will come to order.

The Doorkeeper will announce the colors.

The Doorkeeper announced the colors of the United States.

The SPEAKER. The Members will rise.

The Members rose, and the colors were carried to the Chamber by the Joint Armed Forces Color Guard.

The National Anthem was presented by the U.S. Army Band and Chorus.

The Color Guard saluted the Speaker, faced about, and saluted the House.

The SPEAKER. The invocation will be given by the Reverend James David Ford, Chaplain of the House of Representatives.

The Chaplain, Rev. James David Ford, D.D., offered the . . . invocation[.] . . .

4. Thomas P. O'Neill, Jr. (MA).

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from the Fourth District of Missouri, the Honorable IKE SKELTON, chairman of the Joint Committee on Arrangements. . . .

The SPEAKER. We are honored to have with us today the Truman family: In addition to Margaret Truman Daniel, E. Clifton Daniel, and their four sons, Clifton, William, Harrison, and Thomas.

Will they kindly rise and be acknowledged?

[Applause.]

□ 1020

The SPEAKER. We are also honored to have with us today many associates and Cabinet members of the late President; the Honorable John Snyder, Secretary of the Treasury; Mrs. Oscar Chapman, widow of the Secretary of the Interior, the Honorable Charles Brannan, Secretary of Agriculture; Gov. Averell Harriman, Secretary of Commerce and Ambassador to Russia and Great Britain; the Honorable Elmer Staats, Deputy Director of the Budget and Comptroller General.

We also have many members of the late President's personal staff: The Honorable David Stow; Gen. Donald Dawson, the Honorable George Else; the Honorable Roger Tubby; and the Honorable Philip Nash.

Will all of them please rise. [Applause.]

America had called upon Harry Truman's leadership as early as 1918 when he commanded Battery D of the 129th Field Artillery in France during the First World War.

The U.S. Army Band and Chorus will pay tribute to Captain Truman's

military service with a medley of World War I songs, the "Over There Fantasie."

(The "Over There Fantasie" was presented by the U.S. Army Band and Chorus.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from the Fifth District of Missouri, the Honorable ALAN WHEAT, who currently represents the hometown of the late President Truman. . . .

□ 1120

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the daughter of the late President Truman, Margaret Truman Daniel.

[Applause.] . . .

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the Honorable MARK HATFIELD, a Senator from Oregon, vice chairman of the Joint Committee on Arrangements.

[Applause.] . . .

The U.S. Army Chorus reentered the Chamber, and the colors were brought to the well of the House.

The SPEAKER. The benediction will be given by Rev. Richard C. Halverson, Chaplain of the Senate.

The Chaplain of the Senate, the Reverend Richard C. Halverson, D.D., LL.D., offered the . . . benediction[.] . . .

The U.S. Army Chorus, accompanied by the Members and guests, rendered "God Bless America," and the colors were retired by the Joint Armed Forces Color Guard.

The SPEAKER. On behalf of the Congress, the Chair would like to particularly thank, and the Congress appreciates, the chairman, IKE SKELTON, for the beautiful job that he has done,

and the Chair thanks all who have participated.

The Chair declares the joint meeting dissolved.

The House will continue in recess until the hour of 1 o'clock.

The honored guests, the Members of the U.S. Senate, and the members of the President's Cabinet retired from the Chamber.

At 11 o'clock and 40 minutes a.m., the proceedings in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Harry S. Truman were concluded.

Centennial of Birth of Franklin Delano Roosevelt

§ 9.4 A joint meeting commemorated the 100th anniversary of the birth of Franklin Delano Roosevelt.

On Jan. 25, 1982,⁽¹⁾ Speaker Thomas P. O'Neill, Jr., of Massachusetts, announced that pursuant to the authority granted him in House Concurrent Resolution 220, he would designate the date of Jan. 28, 1982, as the day for the joint meeting to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Franklin Delano Roosevelt.

On Jan. 28, 1982,⁽²⁾ the Speaker declared the House in recess sub-

1. 128 CONG. REC. 62, 97th Cong. 2d Sess.
2. 128 CONG. REC. at pp. 273-278, 97th Cong. 2d Sess. See also 92 CONG. REC. 8056-58, 79th Cong. 2d Sess., July 1, 1946 (proceedings of joint

ject to the call of the Chair. The following proceedings occurred:

RECESS

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to the order of the House of January 25, 1982, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 10 o'clock and 2 minutes a.m.), the House stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

JOINT MEETING OF THE 97TH CONGRESS IN COMMEMORATION OF THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BIRTH OF FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT

During the recess the following proceedings took place in honor of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, the Speaker of the House of Representatives presiding.

The U.S. Army Band (Pershing's Own), under the direction of Col. Eugene W. Allen, leader and commander, entered the door to the left of the Speaker, took the positions assigned to them, and presented a prelude concert.

The honored guests, the Honorable James Roosevelt, Mr. Elliott Roosevelt, Mrs. John Roosevelt, and grandchildren and great-grandchildren of the late President Franklin Delano Roosevelt, entered the door to the right of the Speaker and took the positions assigned to them.

The Doorkeeper, Hon. James P. Molloy, announced the Vice President

session to hold memorial services in honor of former President Roosevelt).

and Members of the U.S. Senate, who entered the Hall of the House of Representatives, the Vice President taking the chair at the right of the Speaker, and the Members of the Senate the seats reserved for them.

The Doorkeeper announced the ambassadors, ministers, and charges d'affaires of foreign governments.

The ambassadors, ministers, and charges d'affaires of foreign governments entered the Hall of the House of Representatives and took the seats reserved for them.

The Doorkeeper announced the Cabinet of the President of the United States.

The members of the Cabinet of the President of the United States entered the Hall of the House of Representatives and took the seats reserved for them in front of the Speaker's rostrum.

The SPEAKER. In accordance with House Concurrent Resolution 220, the joint meeting to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Franklin Delano Roosevelt will come to order. . . .

The SPEAKER. In closing, please remain standing and join the Midshipmen Glee Club in singing "God Bless America."

The U.S. Naval Academy Midshipmen Glee Club, accompanied by the Members and guests, rendered "God Bless America."

The SPEAKER. The Chair declares the joint meeting dissolved.

The honored guests, the members of the President's Cabinet, and the ambassadors, ministers, and charges d'affaires of foreign governments retired from the Chamber.

At 12 o'clock and 28 minutes p.m., the proceedings in commemoration of

the 100th anniversary of the birth of Franklin Delano Roosevelt were concluded. . . .

PRINTING OF PROCEEDINGS
HAD DURING RECESS

Mr. [Richard] BOLLING [of Missouri]. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the proceedings had during the recess be printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE.⁽³⁾ Is there objection to the request from the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

Anniversary of Theodore Roosevelt's Inauguration

§ 9.5 Form of unanimous-consent request providing a one-hour period as the first order of business for the purpose of paying tributes to the memory of Theodore Roosevelt on the 53d anniversary of his inauguration as President.

On Feb. 26, 1958,⁽¹⁾ a unanimous-consent request was offered for time to be set aside on Mar. 4, 1958,⁽²⁾ or a tribute to the memory of the late Theodore Roosevelt on the 53d anniversary of his inauguration.

Mr. [Leo W.] O'BRIEN of New York. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent

3. John P. Murtha (PA).

1. 104 CONG. REC. 2926, 85th Cong. 2d Sess.

2. *Id.* at pp. 3388-92.

that on Tuesday, March 4, immediately after the reading of the Journal, 1 hour be reserved for tributes to the memory of the late Theodore Roosevelt, whose 53d inauguration anniversary will be observed on that date.

The SPEAKER.⁽³⁾ Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

Lincoln Inaugural

§ 9.6 A ceremony commemorating the 100th anniversary of Lincoln's second inauguration was held on the East Front of the Capitol.

On Mar. 4, 1965,⁽¹⁾ Mr. Melvin Price, of Illinois, made the following announcement regarding the noontime ceremonies to commemorate the centennial of the second inauguration of President Lincoln:

COMMEMORATION OF THE
100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE
2D INAUGURATION OF ABRAHAM
LINCOLN

Mr. PRICE. I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute.

3. Sam Rayburn (TX).

1. 111 CONG. REC. 4206, 4240-45, 89th Cong. 1st Sess. See also 105 CONG. REC. 1209, 1210, 86th Cong. 1st Sess., Jan. 27, 1959 (H. Con. Res. 57, providing for arrangements to be made for a joint meeting celebrating the 150th birthday of Abraham Lincoln).

The SPEAKER.⁽²⁾ Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

Mr. PRICE. Mr. Speaker, as the majority leader stated, at noon ceremonies will begin in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the 2d inauguration of Abraham Lincoln. I hope all Members will have the opportunity to attend that ceremony at the east front of the Capitol. I urge the Members to encourage their office force to attend this ceremony. Not only are the Members of Congress invited to attend the ceremony, but the public as well.

PROCEEDINGS IN CONNECTION WITH THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE 2D INAUGURATION OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN

Mr. PRICE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the proceedings in connection with the commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the 2d inauguration of Abraham Lincoln be printed in full in the body of the RECORD.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

Mr. [Leslie C.] ARENDS [of Illinois]. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, will the membership of the House attend the ceremonies or are we going as individuals?

The SPEAKER. The Chair would say that the Members will attend individually.

Mr. ARENDS. I thank the Speaker.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

2. John W. McCormack (MA).

There was no objection. . . .

ANNOUNCEMENT

The SPEAKER. As the Members of the House know, shortly the ceremony in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the 2d inauguration of Abraham Lincoln will take place on the east front steps of the Capitol. As the House is about to adjourn, Members may attend the exercises individually and of course, all Members are invited to attend. . . .

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. [Gillis W.] LONG of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 11 o'clock and 33 minutes a.m.), the House adjourned until tomorrow, Friday, March 5, 1965, at 12 o'clock noon.

COMMEMORATION CEREMONY OF THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE 2D INAUGURATION OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN, 1865-1965, MARCH 4, 1965, ON THE EAST FRONT OF THE CAPITOL, CITY OF WASHINGTON, HON. MELVIN PRICE, CHAIRMAN

Mr. PRICE. Ladies and gentlemen, that was, as always, an excellent and an appropriate performance by the U.S. Marine Band, under the conductorship of Lt. Col. Albert F. Schoepper. We will now open this part of the program commemorating the second inauguration of President Abra-

ham Lincoln, 100 years ago, with the invocation by the Reverend Bernard Braskamp, Chaplain of the House of Representatives.

INVOCATION BY DR. BERNARD BRASKAMP, CHAPLAIN OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Psalm 112: 6: *The righteous shall be in everlasting remembrance.* . . .

Mr. PRICE. Ladies and gentlemen, the commemoration is ended.⁽³⁾

§ 9.7 A joint resolution which provided for a ceremony to commemorate the 100th anniversary of Lincoln's second inaugural.

On June 23, 1964,⁽¹⁾ Mr. Ray J. Madden, of Indiana, offered, by unanimous consent, a joint resolution regarding the 100th anniversary of Lincoln's second inaugural.

Mr. MADDEN. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of House Joint Resolution 925, which would create a joint committee to commemorate the 100th

3. The ceremony included a reenactment of Abraham Lincoln's inauguration by actors.

For instances in which the Gettysburg Address was read by Members of Congress on the anniversary of the original address, see 91 CONG. REC. 10808, 79th Cong. 1st Sess., Nov. 19, 1945, and 87 CONG. REC. 9007, 77th Cong. 1st Sess., Nov. 19, 1941.

1. 110 CONG. REC. 14699, 14700, 88th Cong. 2d Sess.

anniversary of the second inaugural of Abraham Lincoln.

The Clerk read the House joint resolution, as follows:

Whereas March 4, 1965, will be the one hundredth anniversary of the second inauguration of Abraham Lincoln as President of the United States; and

Whereas President Lincoln in his inaugural address looked to the end of a great fratricidal struggle and spoke, "with malice toward none and charity for all," of "a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations"; and

Whereas, in the administration he had completed, Abraham Lincoln had preserved the Union of the States, protected the Constitution of the United States, and demonstrated to all men everywhere the success of the American experiment in popular government; and

Whereas the previous actions of the Congress in observing the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the birth of this unique American and the one hundredth anniversary of his first inauguration as President had a vast and dramatic impact upon the people of this Nation and throughout the world; and

Whereas these observances advanced the appreciation and understanding of the history and heritage of this Nation; and

Whereas today a part of the aspirations which Abraham Lincoln held for the people of the United States has been achieved: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on Wednesday, March 4 next, the one hundredth anniversary of Abraham Lincoln's second inauguration shall be commemorated by such observance as may be determined by the committee on arrangements in cooperation with the Na-

tional Civil War Centennial Commission, the Civil War Centennial Commission of the District of Columbia, and the Lincoln Group of the District of Columbia.

Immediately upon passage of this resolution, the President of the Senate shall appoint four Members of the Senate and the Speaker of the House shall appoint four Members of the House of Representatives jointly to constitute a committee on arrangements.

Immediately upon passage of this resolution and after the Members of the Senate and House have been appointed, the Speaker shall direct the committee on arrangements to meet and select a chairman from one of their own group and such other officers as will be appropriate and needed who will immediately proceed to plan in cooperation with the National Civil War Centennial Commission, the Civil War Centennial Commission of the District of Columbia, and the Lincoln Group of the District of Columbia, an appropriate ceremony, issue invitations to the President of the United States, the Vice President of the United States, Secretaries of departments, heads of independent agencies, offices, and commissions, the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, the diplomatic corps, assistant heads of departments, Commissioners of the District of Columbia, members of the Lincoln Group of the District of Columbia, centennial commissions from the various States, Civil War roundtables, State and local historical and patriotic societies, and such other students and scholars in the field of history as may have a special interest in the occasion, organize a reenactment of Mr. Lincoln's first inauguration on the eastern portico of the Capitol, select a speaker and other participants, prepare and publish a program and submit a report not later than June 1, 1965.

The SPEAKER.⁽²⁾ Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. MADDEN]?

Mr. MADDEN. Mr. Speaker, this House joint resolution creates a joint committee to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the second inaugural of Abraham Lincoln. March 4, 1965, will be the 100th anniversary of the second inauguration of the martyred President. In 1960 a resolution commemorating the first anniversary was enacted and the ceremony on March 4, 1961, extended to millions of people throughout the United States a reminder of historical facts concerning the great contribution Abraham Lincoln made to the Nation and the world.

This resolution will set up another commemoration of his accomplishments which will expand the appreciation and understanding of the history and heritage of the Nation during the period this great man was our leader.

There will be a special joint committee made up of four Members from the Senate and four Members from the House, and they in turn will select a chairman of the special committee to supervise this historical occasion.

This celebration and ceremony will take place on the East Portico of the Capitol on March 4, of next year.

Mr. Speaker, there are two technical and grammatical amendments to be considered. I yield to the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. SCHWENGEL] to offer those amendments.

Mr. [Frederick D.] SCHWENGEL [of Iowa]. Mr. Speaker, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

2. John W. McCormack (MA).

Page 2, line 10, strike out "Immediately upon" and insert in lieu thereof "Upon".

Page 2, line 15, strike out "Immediately upon" and insert in lieu thereof "Upon".

Page 3, strike out line 2 and insert in lieu thereof the following: "the committee on arrangements shall".

The amendment was agreed to. . . .

Mr. MADDEN. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The previous question was ordered.

The joint resolution was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time, and passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.⁽³⁾

Anniversary of Jefferson's Birth

§ 9.8 Thomas Jefferson's first inaugural address was read to the House by a Member designated by the Speaker pursuant to a special order.

On Apr. 14, 1948,⁽¹⁾ Mr. Carl Albert, of Oklahoma, was recognized to read Jefferson's first inaugural address:

The SPEAKER.⁽²⁾ Pursuant to the order of the House of Monday, April 12, 1948, the Chair appoints the gentleman from Oklahoma [Mr. ALBERT]

3. *Parliamentarian's Note*: The Committee on Rules reported H.J. Res. 925 on Mar. 21, 1964 (H. Rept. No. 88-1421).
1. 94 CONG. REC. 4433, 4434, 80th Cong. 2d Sess.
2. Joseph W. Martin, Jr. (MA).

to read Jefferson's first inaugural address.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Oklahoma [Mr. ALBERT].

Mr. Albert read Jefferson's first inaugural address[.](³) . . .

On Apr. 14, 1947,⁽⁴⁾ Mr. John E. Rankin, of Mississippi, was recognized to read Thomas Jefferson's first inaugural address:

The SPEAKER.⁽⁵⁾ Pursuant to the order of the House, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Mississippi [Mr. RANKIN] to read Thomas Jefferson's first inaugural address.⁽⁶⁾

§ 9.9 Instance where the House agreed to meet at 2:30 p.m. instead of the usual noon meeting so that Members could attend dedication exercises of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial.

On Apr. 10, 1943,⁽¹⁾ the following proceedings occurred on the floor of the House:

3. *Parliamentarian's Note*: The reading took 18 minutes.
4. 93 CONG. REC. 3347, 3348, 80th Cong. 1st Sess.
5. Joseph W. Martin, Jr. (MA).
6. See 93 CONG. REC. 3072, 80th Cong. 1st Sess., Apr. 2, 1947, where unanimous consent was granted that Jefferson's first inaugural address be read prior to the legislative program of Apr. 14, 1947, because Jefferson's birthday fell on Sunday, Apr. 13.
1. 89 CONG. REC. 3258, 78th Cong. 1st Sess. Remarks pertinent to the dedi-

HOUR OF MEETING, TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1943

Mr. [John W.] McCORMACK [of Massachusetts]. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns on Monday next it adjourn to meet on Tuesday, Apr. 13, 1943,⁽²⁾ at 2:30 o'clock p. m. The reason for making this request is the dedication to take place that day of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial.

The SPEAKER.⁽³⁾ Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

§ 10. Memorial Services

Following the death of a noted politician⁽¹⁾ or jurist,⁽²⁾ the House and the Senate may provide for memorial services or commemorations in the Rotunda or elsewhere on the Capitol grounds by concurrent resolutions. For a comprehensive discussion of funeral services held in the House Chamber, see Ch. 38, *infra*. The various marks of respect that the House observes upon the death of Members of the House or of officers or officials of the House are also covered in that chapter.

The House has also observed moments of silence to commemorate the lives of soldiers, victims

of Jefferson Memorial were incorporated in the *Congressional Record* by unanimous consent.

2. See *Id.* at pp. 3335, 3336.
3. Sam Rayburn (TX).
1. See § 12, *infra*.
2. See § 11, *infra*.