

join us in these services which are also open to the public. They are to be strictly nonsectarian in character.

Through the cooperation of the Speaker, the wartime ban with respect to holding large public gatherings on the Capitol Grounds during this crisis has been modified for this occasion. The services will begin at 8:30, and Capt. Robert D. Workman, the Chief of Navy Chaplains, will be the principal speaker. The Navy Band will play a musical prelude beginning at 8 o'clock. We hope this special service will help in its small way to demonstrate that what has become of necessity, the wartime capital of the world is also the best and most unselfish hope of all humanity that this conflict will be followed by an era of peace, good will, and Christian brotherly love.

I ask unanimous consent, to include the program with my remarks.

The SPEAKER.⁽²⁾ Is there objection? There was no objection.

PROGRAM

EASTER SERVICES

United States Capitol Steps, 8:30 Sunday morning, April. 25, 1943

(Congressman KARL E. MUNDT, of South Dakota, presiding)

Musical prelude.....United States Navy Band

Lt. Charles Brendler, director

America.....Entire assembly
Invocation...Capt. John F. B. Carruthers,
C. S. M. F.

Chairman, Christian Commission

Statement of purpose.....George H. Kendall

President, Capitol Fellowship Forum

A Toast to the Flag.....The Telephone Glee Club

Robert Davidson, director; words by John Jay Daly

The American's Creed.....Entire assembly
Led by John Page, eldest son of the author of the Creed

2. Sam Rayburn (TX).

Address.....Capt. Robert D. Workman
Chief of Navy Chaplains
Boston Commandery (Carter).....United States Navy Band
Gloria in Excelsis (Mozart).....The Telephone Glee Club
Benediction.....Glenn E. Wagner
President, Washington Bible Institute
The Star-Spangled Banner.....Entire assembly
Musical postlude.....United States Navy Band

§ 7. —Pan American Day

Pan American Day is the day, annually designated in mid-April, when the respective legislatures of the American republics express solidarity and extend felicitations to one another. It was first observed on Apr. 24, 1890, in conjunction with the formation of the Pan American Union. The House discontinued these observances after 1973.

Resolutions to Designate Date

§ 7.1 A resolution designating a day for the celebration of Pan American Day in the House was submitted from the floor and considered by unanimous consent and was not introduced through the hopper and referred to committee.

On Mar. 5, 1969,⁽¹⁾ Mr. Dante B. Fascell, of Florida, was recognized to submit a resolution from the floor designating the date of a Pan American Day celebration.

Mr. FASCELL. Mr. Speaker, I offer a resolution (H. Res. 295) and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 295

Resolved, That the House of Representatives hereby designates Monday, April 14, 1969, for the celebration of Pan-American Day, on which day, after the reading of the Journal remarks appropriate to such occasion may occur.

The SPEAKER.⁽²⁾ Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

The resolution was agreed to.⁽³⁾

1966 Pan American Day

§ 7.2 A resolution providing for the celebration in the House of Pan American Day was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

On Mar. 3, 1966,⁽¹⁾ a resolution designating a day for the com-

1. 115 CONG. REC. 5369, 91st Cong. 1st Sess.
2. John W. McCormack (MA).
3. See 115 CONG. REC. 8883-91, 91st Cong. 1st Sess., Apr. 14, 1969, for proceedings.
1. 112 CONG. REC. 4885-87, 89th Cong. 2d Sess.

memoration of Pan American Day was referred to committee, as follows:

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows: . . .

By Mr. SELDEN:

H. Res. 754. Resolution designating Thursday, April 7, 1966, for the celebration of Pan American Day; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

On Mar. 15, 1966,⁽²⁾ the Speaker⁽³⁾ recognized Mr. Armistead I. Selden, of Alabama, for purposes of calling up a resolution designating a day for commemoration of Pan American Day:

Mr. SELDEN. Mr. Speaker, I call up the House Resolution 754 and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

Parliamentarian's Note: Resolutions setting a date for the celebration of Pan American Day were normally called up by unanimous consent, without reference to a committee. The resolution was normally submitted and called up by the Chair, Subcommittee on Inter-American Affairs, Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2. 112 CONG. REC. 5786, 89th Cong. 2d Sess.
3. John W. McCormack (MA).

H. RES. 754

Resolved, That the House of Representatives hereby designates Thursday, April 7, 1966, for the celebration of Pan-American Day, on which day, after the reading of the Journal, remarks appropriate to such occasion may occur.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

§ 7.3 A resolution was adopted by the House on Pan American Day.

On Apr. 7, 1966,⁽¹⁾ Pan American Day, the following proceedings occurred in the House:

ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDING OF PAN AMERICAN UNION

The SPEAKER.⁽²⁾ Pursuant to House Resolution 754, this day has been designated as Pan American Day.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Alabama [Mr. SELDEN].

Mr. [Armistead I.] SELDEN [Jr., of Alabama]. Mr. Speaker, I call up House Resolution 785 and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 785

Whereas April 14, 1966, marks the seventy-sixth anniversary of the

Union of American Republics now known as the Organization of American States; and

Whereas Congress has recognized that the historic, economic, political, and geographic relationships among the American Republics are unique and of special significance; and

Whereas the Organization of American States serves as an institution for maintaining the peace and security of the Western Hemisphere, for promoting economic progress and improvements in the welfare and level of living of all the peoples of the region, and for strengthening principles of individual liberty, free institutions, and genuine independence in the hemisphere; and

Whereas achievement of the goals expressed in the Charter of the Organization of American States through inter-American cooperation affords the most meaningful barrier to threats to individual liberties and national independence emanating from forces inimical to the principles and concepts held by the American Republics; and

Whereas the American Republics are currently engaged in seeking ways to fortify the inter-American system of cooperation in order to consolidate the gains of the past and to create dynamic and vigorous institutions to meet present and future exigencies: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That in honor of the founding of the Pan American Union, the House of Representatives of the United States extends to the other Republics of the Western Hemisphere and to the citizens of those Republics its most cordial greetings and its fervent hope that the deliberations going forward during this year will strengthen the inter-American system for the years ahead.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

1. 112 CONG. REC. 7994-8001, 89th Cong. 2d Sess.

2. John W. McCormack (MA).

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Alabama [Mr. SELDEN] is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. SELDEN. Mr. Speaker, April 14 marks the 76th anniversary of the establishment of the first concrete step in the formation of an inter-American system of solidarity and cooperation, now known as the Organization of American States.

It has become customary for the House of Representatives to commemorate the anniversary of that most enduring of international organizations. I have always believed that this annual tribute should be more than mere ritual. Rather, it should be a time for stocktaking.⁽³⁾ . . .

§ 8. —Flag Day; Pause for Pledge Commemoration

The 14th day of June of each year is designated by statute as

3. *Parliamentarian's Note:* In this case the resolution regarding the commemoration of Pan American Day was introduced in advance of the designated date and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. When the committee met to consider the resolution, it approved the preamble and text by voice vote. The committee did not, however, order the resolution reported to the House; thus, when Rep. Selden, chairman of the Subcommittee on Inter-American Affairs called up the resolution by unanimous consent, he discharged the committee from further consideration. See Ch. 17 § 37.9.

“Flag Day.”⁽¹⁾ On June 2, 1949, the House agreed to House Joint Resolution 170⁽²⁾ which designated each June 14 as Flag Day.

Pause for the Pledge Commemoration

§ 8.1 Although clause 1, paragraph 3 of Rule XXIV⁽¹⁾ requires the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag to be led immediately after the Speaker's approval of the Journal each day, the House may, by unanimous consent, permit a second Pledge of Allegiance at a subsequent time.

On June 14, 1995,⁽²⁾ the following proceedings took place:

PAUSE FOR THE PLEDGE

(Mr. CARDIN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. [Benjamin L.] CARDIN [of Maryland].⁽³⁾ Mr. Speaker, I take this

1. 36 USC § 110.
2. See 95 CONG. REC. 7166, 81st Cong. 1st Sess.
1. Now Rule XIV clause 1, *House Rules and Manual* § 869 (2007).
2. 141 CONG. REC. 15964, 104th Cong. 1st Sess.
3. *Parliamentarian's Note:* This recognition was granted to Rep. Cardin, in whose district the National Anthem originated, despite the fact that it was nearly 7:20 p.m.