

Marilyn K. Bread of Kansas, Mary Ann Brittan of Oklahoma, Joe Byrd of Oklahoma, Howard Chavez of California, Robert K. Chiago of Kansas, Julie Clouse of Kansas, Shirley Cogswell of Maine, Pete G. Coser of Oklahoma, Cheryl Crazy Bull of South Dakota, Carol Ann Davis of North Dakota, James L. Davis of North Dakota, William Demmert of California, Carl Downing of Oklahoma, Joyce Dugan of North Carolina, Lloyd Elm of New York, Ruth Frazier of New Mexico, Nora Garcia of California, Lillian Garnett of Alaska, Pat Goggles of Wyoming, Mary Helen Haney of Oklahoma, Marcelle Sharron Ahtone Harjo of Oklahoma, Lawrence H. Hart of Oklahoma, Earl Havatone of Arizona, Victoria Higgins of Maine, John Hornbrook of Indiana, Cindy Huston of Oklahoma, Pat Jagiel of Florida, Stephen Lewis of California, Patricia Locke of South Dakota, Dwight D. Lowry of California, Ronnie Lupe of Arizona, Oren Lyons of New York, Wilma Mankiller of Oklahoma, Bob G. Martin of Kansas, Twila Martin-Kekabab of North Dakota, Vernon Masayesva of Arizona, Sylvia J. McCloud of Nevada, Sharon McLane of Kansas, William Mehojah of Washington, DC, Ted Mitchell of Maine, Josiah Newton Moore of Arizona, James Nageak of Alaska, Patty Nelson-Bourdeaux of South Dakota, Karen Onco of Oklahoma, Reginal Pasqual of New Mexico, Luanne Pelagio of Alaska, Levi Pesata of New Mexico, Paul Plume of South Dakota, Marshall Plummer of New Mexico, Edwin Stronglegs Richardson of Washington, DC, Donna Rhodes of Oklahoma, M. Grace Roderick of Maine, Nell Allen Rogers of Mississippi, Ernie C. Salgado, Jr. of California, Ruth Sampson of Alaska, Ivan L. Sidney of Arizona, J. Brian Smith of Maine, Kiamichi Stairs-Camp of Oklahoma, Loren "Bum" Stiffarm of Montana, Robert J. Swan of Montana, Carmen Cornelia Taylor of New Mexico, Virginia Thomas of Alaska, Alice M. Tonemah of Oklahoma, Daniel Tso of Arizona, Delores R. Twohatch of Oklahoma, Mary Margaret Willson of Nevada, Ruth Dial Woods of North Carolina, Sydna Yellowfish of Oklahoma, Bernadine Young Bird of North Dakota, and Peterson Zah of Arizona, as Delegates to the White House Conference on Indian Education.

¶2.5 REFERRAL OF INTRODUCED LEGISLATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

The SPEAKER announced that pursuant to the order of the House of today, bills and resolutions introduced thus far during the Second Session of the 102nd Congress will be numbered as of the day introduced, but, not noted until the Record of January 28, 1992, and not referred to committee by the Speaker until January 28, 1992. This includes executive communications, petitions and memorials that will be numbered and referred on January 28, 1992.

And then,

¶2.6 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. GONZALEZ, pursuant to the special order heretofore agreed to, at 1 o'clock and 39 minutes p.m., the House adjourned until 11:00 o'clock a.m. on Friday, January 28, 1992.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1992 (3)

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER.

¶3.1 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL POSTPONED

The SPEAKER announced that pursuant to the order of the House of Wednesday, January 22, 1992, the approval of the Journal of the last day's proceedings will be postponed until Tuesday, January 28, 1992.

¶3.2 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Hallen, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed with an amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 3489. An Act to reauthorize the Export Administration Act of 1979, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate insisted upon its amendment to the bill (H.R. 3489) "An Act to reauthorize the Export Administration Act of 1979, and for other purposes," requested a conference with the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appointed Mr. RIEGLE, Mr. CRANSTON, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. GARN, and Mr. MACK, to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 102-138, the Chair, on behalf of the majority leader, appointed Dr. Merle Goldman, of Massachusetts, and Mr. Gene Mater, of Virginia as members of the Commission on Broadcasting to the People's Republic of China.

And then,

¶3.3 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. RICHARDSON, pursuant to the special order agreed to on Wednesday, January 22, 1992, at 12 o'clock and 3 minutes p.m., the House adjourned until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, January 28, 1992.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1992 (4)

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER.

¶4.1 CALL OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER ordered that the Clerk utilize the electronic system to ascertain the presence of a quorum, and the following-named Members responded.

¶4.2 [Roll No. 1]

Abercrombie	Andrews (TX)	Arme
Ackerman	Anunzio	Atkins
Allen	Anthony	Bacchus
Andrews (ME)	Applegate	Baker

Ballenger	Gephardt	McGrath
Barnard	Geren	McHugh
Barrett	Gibbons	McMillan (NC)
Barton	Gilchrest	McMillen (MD)
Bateman	Gillmor	McNulty
Beilenson	Gilman	Meyers
Bennett	Gingrich	Mfume
Bentley	Glickman	Michel
Bereuter	Gonzalez	Miller (CA)
Berman	Goodling	Miller (OH)
Bevill	Gordon	Mineta
Bilbray	Goss	Mink
Bilirakis	Gradison	Moakley
Blackwell	Grandy	Molinari
Bliley	Green	Montgomery
Boehlert	Guarini	Moody
Boehner	Gunderson	Moran
Bonior	Hall (OH)	Morella
Boucher	Hall (TX)	Morrison
Brooks	Hamilton	Murphy
Broomfield	Hammerschmidt	Murtha
Browder	Hancock	Myers
Brown	Hansen	Natcher
Bruce	Harris	Neal (MA)
Bryant	Hatcher	Neal (NC)
Bunning	Hayes (IL)	Nichols
Burton	Hayes (LA)	Nowak
Bustamante	Hefley	Nussle
Byron	Hefner	Oberstar
Callahan	Henry	Obey
Camp	Herge	Olver
Campbell (CA)	Hertel	Ortiz
Campbell (CO)	Hoagland	Orton
Cardin	Hobson	Owens (NY)
Carper	Holloway	Oxley
Carr	Hopkins	Packard
Chandler	Horn	Pallone
Chapman	Horton	Panetta
Clay	Houghton	Parker
Clement	Hoyer	Pastor
Clinger	Hubbard	Patterson
Coble	Huckaby	Paxon
Coleman (MO)	Hutto	Payne (VA)
Collins (IL)	Hyde	Pease
Collins (MI)	Inhofe	Pelosi
Combust	Ireland	Penny
Cooper	Jacobs	Perkins
Costello	James	Peterson (FL)
Coughlin	Johnson (CT)	Peterson (MN)
Cox (CA)	Johnston	Petri
Cox (IL)	Jones (GA)	Pickett
Coyne	Jones (NC)	Pickle
Cramer	Jontz	Porter
Crane	Kanjorski	Poshard
Darden	Kaptur	Price
Davis	Kasich	Pursell
DeFazio	Kennedy	Quillen
DeLauro	Kennelly	Rahall
DeLay	Kildee	Ramstad
Derrick	Kleczka	Rangel
Dickinson	Klug	Ravenel
Dicks	Kolbe	Ray
Dingell	Kolter	Reed
Dixon	Kopetski	Regula
Doolittle	Kostmayer	Rhodes
Dorgan (ND)	Kyl	Richardson
Dornan (CA)	Lagomarsino	Ridge
Downey	Lancaster	Riggs
Dreier	LaRocco	Rinaldo
Duncan	Laughlin	Roberts
Durbin	Leach	Roe
Dwyer	Lehman (CA)	Roemer
Early	Lehman (FL)	Rogers
Eckart	Levin (MI)	Ros-Lehtinen
Edwards (CA)	Lewis (CA)	Rose
Edwards (TX)	Lewis (FL)	Rostenkowski
Emerson	Lewis (GA)	Roth
Engel	Lightfoot	Roukema
English	Lipinski	Rowland
Erdreich	Livingston	Roybal
Espy	Lloyd	Russo
Evans	Long	Sangmeister
Ewing	Lowery (CA)	Santorum
Fascell	Lowey (NY)	Sarpaluis
Fawell	Luken	Savage
Fazio	Manton	Sawyer
Fields	Markey	Saxton
Fish	Marlenee	Schaefer
Flake	Martin	Schiff
Foglietta	Martinez	Schroeder
Foley	Matsui	Schulze
Ford (MI)	Mavroules	Schumer
Ford (TN)	Mazzoli	Sensenbrenner
Franks (CT)	McCandless	Serrano
Frost	McCloskey	Sharp
Galleghy	McCollum	Shaw
Gallo	McCrery	Shays
Gaydos	McCurdy	Shuster
Gejdenson	McDermott	Sikorski
Gekas	McEwen	Sisisky

Skaggs	Synar	Vucanovich
Skeen	Tallon	Walsh
Slattery	Tanner	Washington
Slaughter	Taylor (MS)	Waters
Smith (FL)	Taylor (NC)	Waxman
Smith (IA)	Thomas (CA)	Weber
Smith (OR)	Thomas (GA)	Weiss
Smith (TX)	Thomas (WY)	Weldon
Snowe	Thornton	Wheat
Solarz	Torres	Whitten
Solomon	Torricelli	Wilson
Spence	Towns	Wolf
Spratt	Traficant	Wolpe
Stallings	Traxler	Wyden
Stearns	Unsoeld	Wylie
Stenholm	Upton	Yates
Stokes	Valentine	Yatron
Studds	Vander Jagt	Young (FL)
Stump	Vento	Zeliff
Sundquist	Visclosky	Zimmer
Swift	Volkmer	

Thereupon the SPEAKER announced that 374 Members had been recorded, a quorum.

Further proceedings under the call were dispensed with.

¶4.3 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER announced he had examined and approved the Journals of the proceedings of Wednesday, January 22, and Friday, January 24, 1992.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journals were approved.

¶4.4 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

2530. A letter from the Director, Congressional Budget Office, transmitting the CBO's Final Sequestration Report for Fiscal Year 1992, pursuant to Public Law 101-508, section 13101(a) (104 Stat. 1388-587; to the Committee on Appropriations.

2531. A letter from the Deputy Secretary of Defense, transmitting DOD's audit of merged and surplus accounts; to the Committee on Armed Services.

2532. A letter from the General Counsel of the Department of Defense, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to repeal the requirement to convert chromium and manganese ores held in the National Defense Stockpile into high carbon ferrochromium and high carbon ferromanganese; to the Committee on Armed Services.

2533. A letter from the General Counsel of the Department of Defense, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to amend title 37 and title 10, United States Code, to prohibit transporters from asserting liens on personal property of members of the Armed Forces while it is being transported at Government expense; to the Committee on Armed Services.

2534. A letter from the Secretary of the Air Force, transmitting notification relating to an extension of a contract; to the Committee on Armed Services.

2535. A letter from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, transmitting the biennial President's Report on National Urban Policy, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 4503(a); to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

2536. A letter from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, transmitting the Department's ninth annual report on the Congregate Housing Services Program covering fiscal year 1990, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 8007(b); to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

2537. A letter from the President, Export-Import Bank, transmitting a statement, pursuant to section 2(b)(3) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, with respect to a transaction involving a medium-term financial

guarantee to support United States exports to the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

2538. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-122, "District of Columbia World Cup Soccer Ticket Sales Promotional Amendment Act of 1991," and report, pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2539. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-121, "Medicaid Spousal Maintenance Needs Allowance Increase Act of 1991," and report, pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2540. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-120, "Use of Consumer Identification Information Act of 1991," and report, pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2541. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-119, "Hugh A. Johnson, Jr., Park Designation Act of 1991," and report, pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2542. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-116, "Redistricting Procedure Amendment Act of 1991 Clarification and Free Clinic Assistance Program Act of 1986 Extension Amendment Act of 1991," and report, pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2543. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-125, "Merchant's Assistance Program Temporary Amendment Act of 1991," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2544. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-126, "District of Columbia Income and Franchise Tax Act of 1947 Temporary Amendment Act of 1991," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2545. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-123, "District of Columbia Real Property Credit Line Deed of Trust Clarification Amendment Act of 1991," and report pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2546. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-124, "Merchant's Civil Recovery for Criminal Conduct Temporary Act of 1991," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2547. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-117, "Closing of a Public Alley in Square N-6120, S.O. 88-339, Act of 1991," and report, pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2548. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-118, "Health-Care Decisions Amendment Act of 1991," and report, pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2549. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 9-127, "Voter Roll Maintenance Act of 1991," and report, pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2550. A letter from the Auditor, District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of a report entitled, "Audit of the District Government's Contributions to the Morris Fitzgerald Memorial Tennis Stadium," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 47-117(d); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

2551. A letter from the Commissioner for Rehabilitation Services, Department of Education, transmitting the annual report of the Rehabilitation Services Administration on Federal activities related to the administration of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, fiscal year 1990, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. 712; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

2552. A letter from the Secretary of Education, transmitting final regulations—Student Assistance General Provisions, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1232(d)(1); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

2553. A letter from the Secretary of Education, transmitting final regulations—State System for Transition Services for Youth With Disabilities, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1232(d)(1); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

2554. A letter from the Secretary of Education, transmitting a copy of final regulations—Federal, State, and Local Partnership for Educational Improvement, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1232(d)(1); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

2555. A letter from the Chairman, National Commission for Employment Policy, transmitting three reports related to the effectiveness of the Employment Service in serving dislocated workers, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. 1662c; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

2556. A letter from the Chairman, National Commission for Employment Policy, transmitting a copy of a report entitled, "Coordinating Federal Assistance Programs for the Economically Disadvantaged: Recommendations and Background Materials," pursuant to 29 U.S.C. 1775; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

2557. A letter from the Chairman, National Commission for Employment Policy, transmitting its report on the JTPA Education-Coordination Set-Aside Program; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

2558. A letter from the Secretary of Agriculture, transmitting the annual Horse Protection Enforcement Report for fiscal year 1990, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1830; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2559. A letter from the Secretary of Health and Human Services, transmitting the biennial report of the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry covering the period from January 1, 1989, through December 31, 1990, pursuant to Public Law 99-499, section 110(10) (100 Stat. 1641); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2560. A letter from the Chairperson, Advisory Panel on Alzheimer's Disease, transmitting its third annual report, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 679; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2561. A letter from the Chairman, Consumer Product Safety Commission, transmitting its report on the results of their study of the feasibility of a user fee from entities subject to the Consumer Product Safety Act, pursuant to Public Law 101-608, section 119 (104 Stat. 3122); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2562. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy, Department of Energy, transmitting notification of the designation of an additional candidate site for the expansion of the Strategic Petroleum Reserve; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2563. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, transmitting the Commission's report on Government dam use; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2564. A letter from the Secretary, Federal Trade Commission, transmitting the 1991 annual report on the current practices and methods of cigarette advertising and promotion, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1337(b); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2565. A letter from the Secretary, Federal Trade Commission, transmitting the 1991 annual report on the current practices and methods of cigarette advertising and promotion, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1337(b); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2566. A letter from the Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission, transmitting notification that the Commission has extended the time period for issuing a final decision in Docket No. 40365, National Starch & Chemical Corp. versus The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co. et al., by 91 days to April 6, 1992, pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 11345(e); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2567. A letter from the Administrator, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, transmitting the fourth "Annual Report to Congress—NASA Progress on Superfund Implementation in Fiscal Year 1991," pursuant to Public Law 99-499, section 120(e)(5) (100 Stat. 1669); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2568. A letter from the Secretary of Health and Human Services, transmitting a report on the Drug Abuse Treatment Waiting List/Period Reduction Grant Program, pursuant to Public Law 101-374, section 2(d); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

2569. A letter from the Administrator, Agency for International Development, transmitting the Private Sector Revolving Fund's annual report for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2151f(h); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2570. A letter from the Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency, transmitting a copy of Transmittal No. 01-92, concerning a proposed Memorandum of Understanding Cooperative Project with the Ministers of Defense of Spain and Italy, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2767(f); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2571. A letter from the Acting Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency, transmitting notification of the Department of the Navy's proposed Letter(s) of Offer and Acceptance [LOA] to Thailand for defense articles and services (Transmittal No. 92-14), pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2776(b); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2572. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Presidential Determination No. 92-9 relating to assistance to Yugoslavia and a justification for the determination, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2601(c)(3); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2573. A letter from the Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency, transmitting the price and availability report for the quarter ending December 31, 1991, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2768; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2574. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting a report on the activities of U.S.-U.S.S.R. Standing Consultative Commission during calendar year 1991, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2578; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2575. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting, a report on the status of efforts to obtain compliance by Iraq with the resolutions adopted by the United Nations Security Council, pursuant to Public Law 102-1, section 3 (105 Stat. 4) (H. Doc. No. 102-179); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed.

2576. A letter from the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense (Personnel Support, Families and Education), transmitting a report on the audit of the American Red Cross for the year ending June 30, 1991, pursuant to

36 U.S.C. 6; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2577. A letter from the Assistant Legal Adviser for Treaty Affairs, Department of State, transmitting copies of international agreements, other than treaties, entered into by the United States, pursuant to 1 U.S.C. 112b(a); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2578. A letter from the Assistant Legal Adviser for Treaty Affairs, Department of State, transmitting copies of international agreements, other than treaties, entered into by the United States, pursuant to 1 U.S.C. 112b(a); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2579. A letter from the Administrator, Agency for International Development, transmitting notification to continue the support for the activities of PVO's in Haiti; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2580. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting notification that the President intends to exercise his authority under section 614(a)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act providing startup funding to the OAS civilian mission to Haiti; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2581. A letter from the Executive Director, Japan-United States Friendship Commission, transmitting the Commission's annual report for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2904(b); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2582. A letter from the Secretary of Commerce, transmitting the 1992 Annual Foreign Policy Report to Congress (January 21, 1992 to January 20, 1993); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2583. A letter from the Director, Office of Management and Budget, transmitting OMB estimate of the amount of change in outlays or receipts, as the case may be, in each fiscal year through fiscal year 1995 resulting from passage of H.R. 1776 and S. 543, pursuant to Public Law 101-508, section 13101(a) (104 Stat. 1388-582); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2584. A letter from the Director, Office of Management and Budget, transmitting its second annual report on civil monetary penalty assessments, collections, and status of receivables for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to Public Law 101-410, section 6 (104 Stat. 892); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2585. A letter from the Secretary of Commerce, transmitting the semiannual report on the activities of the Department's Office of Inspector General for the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991 and management report, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2586. A letter from the Secretary of Commerce, transmitting the semiannual report on the activities of the inspector general for the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2587. A letter from the Secretary of Education, transmitting a report concerning surplus Federal real property disposed of to educational institutions in fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 40 U.S.C. 484(o)(1); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2588. A letter from the Secretary of Health and Human Services, transmitting the semiannual report of the inspector general for the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991 and management report, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2515, 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2589. A letter from the Secretary of Transportation, transmitting the semiannual report of the inspector general for the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991 and management report, pursuant to Public Law

95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2590. A letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting the U.S. Government Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 331(c); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2591. A letter from the Director, ACTION, transmitting copies of new or altered systems of records, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(r); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2592. A letter from the Director, Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, transmitting the actuarial reports on the Judicial Retirement System, the Judicial Officer's Retirement Fund, and the Judicial Survivors' Annuities System for the calendar year ending December 31, 1990, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 9503(a)(1)(B); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2593. A letter from the Secretary, American Battle Monuments Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2594. A letter from the Appalachian Regional Commission, transmitting the semiannual report of activities of the inspector general covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2595. A letter from the Director, ACTION Agency, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2596. A letter from the Chief of Staff, U.S. Nuclear Waste Negotiator, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2597. A letter from the Chairman, Commission on Agriculture Workers, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2598. A letter from the Chairman, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2599. A letter from the Director, Congressional Budget Office, transmitting the report on unauthorized appropriations and expiring authorizations, pursuant to 2 U.S.C. 602(f)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2600. A letter from the Consumer Safety Product Commission, transmitting the semiannual report on activities of the inspector general covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2601. A letter from the Chairman, Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2602. A letter from the Bureau of Naval Personnel, Department of the Navy, transmitting the 1990 annual report for the Navy Nonappropriated Fund Retirement Plan of employees of Civilian Morale, Welfare and Recreation, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 9503(a)(1)(B); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2603. A letter from the Department of Justice, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity

Act for 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2604. A letter from the Deputy Assistant to the President for Management and Director of Administration, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2605. A letter from the Deputy Secretary of Defense, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2606. A letter from the Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the semiannual report of the Office of Inspector General covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2607. A letter from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, transmitting the semiannual report of the inspector general for the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 8E(h)(2) (102 Stat. 2525); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2608. A letter from the President, export-Import Bank of the United States, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2609. A letter from the Chairman, Farm Credit Administration, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2610. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2611. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Election Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2612. A letter from the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2613. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Labor Relations Authority, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2614. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Maritime Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2615. A letter from the Director, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2616. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2617. A letter from the Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board, transmitting the semiannual report of activities of the inspec-

tor general covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2618. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Trade Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2619. A letter from the Comptroller General, General Accounting Office, transmitting a report entitled "1991 budget Estimates: What Went Wrong" (GAO/OCG-92-1); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2620. A letter from the Administrator, General Services Administration, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2621. A letter from the Administrator, General Services Administration, transmitting a report covering the disposal of surplus Federal real property for historic monument, correctional facility, and airport purposes for fiscal year 1991; description of negotiated disposals of surplus real property having an estimated value of more than \$15,000, pursuant to 40 U.S.C. 484(o); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2622. A letter from the General Services Administration, transmitting the semiannual report on the activities of the Department's inspector general for the period April 1, 1991, through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section (b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2623. A letter from the Chairman, Interstate Commerce Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2624. A letter from the Secretary, Mississippi River Commission, Corps of Engineers, transmitting a copy of the annual report in compliance with the Government in the Sunshine Act during the calendar year 1991, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552b(j); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2625. A letter from the Acting Archivist, National Archives, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2626. A letter from the Chairman, National Commission on Responsibilities for Financing Postsecondary Education, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2627. A letter from the National Commission on Responsibilities for Financing Postsecondary Education, transmitting the semiannual report of activities of the inspector general covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2628. A letter from the National Credit Union Administration, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2629. A letter from the Chairman, National Endowment for the Arts, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2630. A letter from the Chairman, National Endowment for the Humanities, transmitting the annual report under the Federal

Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2631. A letter from the Chairman, National Labor Relations Board, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2632. A letter from the Chairman, National Mediation Board, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2633. A letter from the Director, National Science Foundation, transmitting notice of a revised Federal records system, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2634. A letter from the Director, National Science Foundation, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2635. A letter from the chairman, Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2636. A letter from the Commissioner, Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2637. A letter from the Deputy Director, Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2638. A letter from the Director, Office of Personnel Management, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2639. A letter from the Office of Personnel Management, transmitting the semiannual report under the inspector general for the period of April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2515, 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2640. A letter from the President, Overseas Private Investment Corporation, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Manager's Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2641. A letter from the Chairman, Oversight Board of the Resolution Trust Corporation, transmitting its annual report on the status of its' audit and investigative coverage; to the Committee on Government Operations.

2642. A letter from the Administrator, Panama Canal Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2643. A letter from the Panama Canal Commission, transmitting the semiannual report of activities of the inspector general covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2644. A letter from the Director, Peace Corps, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C.

3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2645. A letter from the Railroad Retirement Board, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2646. A letter from the Resolution Trust Corporation, transmitting the semiannual report of activities of the inspector general covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2647. A letter from the Secretary of Treasury, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2648. A letter from the Secretary of Treasury, transmitting the semiannual report of activities of the inspector general for the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2515, 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2649. A letter from the Secretary of Agriculture, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2650. A letter from the Secretary of Commerce, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2651. A letter from the Secretary of Defense, transmitting the semiannual report of the inspector general for the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (96 Stat. 750, 102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2652. A letter from the Secretary of Education, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2653. A letter from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2654. A letter from the Secretary of Labor, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2655. A letter from the Secretary of Labor, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2656. A letter from the Secretary of Labor, transmitting the semiannual report of activities of the inspector general of the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2657. A letter from the Secretary of State, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2658. A letter from the Secretary of Transportation transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C.

3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2659. A letter from the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, transmitting the semiannual report of activities of the inspector general covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, and management report, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2660. A letter from the Director, Selective Service, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2661. A letter from the Administrator, Small Business Administration, transmitting the semiannual report of the inspector general for the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2662. A letter from the U.S. Commissioner, Susquehanna River Basin Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2663. A letter from the Director, U.S. Information Agency, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2664. A letter from the Director, U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2665. A letter from the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2666. A letter from the Chairman, U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2667. A letter from the Administrator, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2668. A letter from the Chairman, U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2669. A letter from the President, U.S. Institute of Peace, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2670. A letter from the U.S. Institute of Peace, transmitting the semiannual report of activities of the inspector general covering the period April 1, 1991 through September 30, 1991, pursuant to Public Law 95-452, section 5(b) (102 Stat. 2526); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2671. A letter from the Chairman, U.S. International Cultural and Trade Center Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2672. A letter from the Chairman, U.S. International Trade Commission, transmit-

ting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2673. A letter from the Chairman, U.S. Merit Systems Protection Board, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2674. A letter from the Chairman, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2675. A letter from the Chairman, U.S. Postal Service Board of Governors, transmitting a copy of the annual report in compliance with the Government in the Sunshine Act during the calendar year 1991, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552b(j); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2676. A letter from the Administrator, U.S. Small Business Administration, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2677. A letter from the Director, U.S. Trade and Development Program, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2678. A letter from the Director, U.S. Soldiers' and Airmen's Home, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2679. A letter from the Director of Financial Services, Library of Congress, transmitting a balance sheet, statement of income and expenditures, and supporting schedules of transactions for the Capitol Preservation Fund for Coins, Sales Surcharges, and Gift and Sales of Art, Property, and Money for the period of April 1, 1991 through December 31, 1991; to the Committee on House Administration.

2680. A letter from the Clerk of the House, transmitting a list of reports pursuant to clause 2, rule III of the Rules of the House of Representatives, pursuant to rule III, clause 2, of the Rules of the House (H. Doc. No. 102-180); to the Committee on House Administration and ordered to be printed.

2681. A letter from the Deputy Associate Director for Collection and Disbursement, Department of the Interior, transmitting notice of proposed refunds of excess royalty payments in OCS areas, pursuant to 43 U.S.C. 1339(b); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2682. A letter from the Deputy Associate Director for Collection and Disbursement, Department of the Interior, transmitting notice of proposed refunds of excess royalty payments in OCS areas, pursuant to 43 U.S.C. 1339(b); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2683. A letter from the Deputy Associate Director for Collection and Disbursement, Department of the Interior, transmitting notice of proposed refunds of excess royalty payments in OCS areas, pursuant to 43 U.S.C. 1339(b); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2684. A letter from the Deputy Associate Director for Collection and Disbursement, Department of the Interior, transmitting notice of proposed refunds of excess royalty payments in OCS areas, pursuant to 43 U.S.C. 1339(b); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2685. A letter from the Deputy Associate Director for Collection and Disbursement, Department of the Interior, transmitting no-

tice of proposed refunds of excess royalty payments in OCS areas, pursuant to 43 U.S.C. 1339(b); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2686. A letter from the Deputy Associate Director for Collection and Disbursement, Department of the Interior, transmitting notice of proposed refunds of excess royalty payments in OCS areas, pursuant to 43 U.S.C. 1339(B); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2687. A letter from the Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary, Department of the Interior, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to amend the Helium Act Amendments of 1960 to authorize Federal agencies to purchase helium from the private sector, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2688. A letter from the Deputy Associate Director for Collection and Disbursement, Department of the Interior, transmitting notice of proposed refunds of excess royalty payments in OCS areas, pursuant to 43 U.S.C. 1339(b); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2689. A letter from the Chairman, National Indian Gaming Commission, transmitting its 1991 annual report, pursuant to Public Law 100-497, section 7(c) (102 Stat. 2471); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2690. A letter from the Inspector General, Department of the Interior, transmitting a copy of a final audit report entitled "Accounting for Fiscal Year 1989 and 1990 Reimbursable Expenditures of Environmental Protection Agency Superfund Money, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service," Report No. 92-1-262, dated December 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 7501 note; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2691. A letter from the Secretary of the Interior, transmitting the 1992 update to the national plan for research in mining and mineral resources and the 1992 report on the Mineral Institute Program of the U.S. Department of the Interior, pursuant to 30 U.S.C. 1229(e); to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

2692. A letter from the Staff Director, U.S. Sentencing Commission, transmitting a report entitled, "The Federal Sentencing Guidelines: A Report on the Operation of the Guidelines System and Short-Term Impacts on Disparity in Sentencing, Use of Incarceration, and Prosecutorial Discretion and Plea Bargaining," pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 994 note; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

2693. A letter from the Chairman, Copyright Royalty Tribunal, transmitting its annual report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1991, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. 808; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

2694. A letter from the Secretary of Health and Human Services, transmitting the annual report on the State Legalization Impact Assistance Grant Program for fiscal year 1989, pursuant to Public Law 99-603, section 204; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

2695. A letter from the Clerk, Supreme Court of the United States, transmitting a letter relating to amendments to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

2696. A letter from the Clerk, U.S. Claims Court, transmitting the court's report for the year ended September 30, 1991, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 791(c); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

2697. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting his determination that sanctions will not be imposed against Venezuela and Vanuata at this time, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 1978(b) (H. Doc. No. 102-182); to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries and ordered to be printed.

2698. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting his determination that sanctions will not be imposed

against Costa Rica, France, Italy, Japan, and Panama at this time, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 1978(b) (H. Doc. No. 102-183); to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries and ordered to be printed.

2699. A letter from the Acting Secretary, Department of Transportation, transmitting a plan for licensing operators of uninspected Federally documented commercial fishing industry vessels, pursuant to 46 U.S.C. 7101 note; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

2700. A letter from the Acting Secretary of Transportation, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to authorize reimbursement of travel and subsistence examinations of foreign vessels, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

2701. A letter from the Assistant Secretary, Department of the Interior, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to rename the Klamath Forest National Wildlife Refuge; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

2702. A letter from the Chairman, Migratory Bird Conservation Commission, transmitting the annual report of activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1991, pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 715b; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

2703. A letter from the Director, Office of Personnel Management, transmitting a report evaluating the need to extend interim geographic adjustments to Federal General Schedule employees in additional geographic areas; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

2704. A letter from the Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting a report on discharges of minimum pollutants into navigable waters, pursuant to Public Law 100-4, section 516(b) (101 Stat. 86); to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

2705. A letter from the General Counsel of the Department of Transportation, transmitting an amendment to the lease of the metropolitan Washington airports between the United States acting by and through the Secretary of Transportation and the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority; to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

2706. A letter from the Administrator, General Services Administration, transmitting an informational copy of a lease prospectus, pursuant to 40 U.S.C. 606(a); to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

2707. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Conservation and Renewable Energy, Department of Energy, transmitting notification that the report on the Automotive Technology Development Program should be ready for submission by the end of the year, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 5914; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

2708. A letter from the Administrator, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, transmitting the 1991 annual report on the performance of its industrial application centers and on the ability to interact with the Nation's small business community, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 648(f); to the Committee on Small Business.

2709. A letter from the Fiscal Assistant Secretary, Department of the Treasury, transmitting the final monthly Treasury statement of receipts and outlays of the U.S. Government for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 331(c); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

2710. A letter from the Director, the Office of Management and Budget, transmitting OMB's final sequestration report to the President and Congress for fiscal year 1992, pursuant to Public Law 101-508, section 13101(a) (104 Stat. 1388-587) (H. Doc. No. 102-181); to the Committee on the State of the

Union of the Whole House and ordered to be printed.

2711. A letter from the Secretary of Health and Human Services, transmitting a report on the study of reimbursement policies for clinical diagnostic laboratory travel allowance and specimen collection, pursuant to Public Law 100-647, section 8421; jointly, to the Committees on Ways and Means and Energy and Commerce.

¶4.5 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Hallen, one of its clerks announced that the Senate has passed with an amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 2720. An Act to extend for one year the authorization of appropriations for the programs under the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act and the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act, and for certain programs relating to adoption opportunities, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate insisted upon its amendment to the bill (H.R. 2720) "An Act to extend for 1 year the authorizations of appropriations for the programs under the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act and the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act, and for certain programs relating to adoption opportunities, and for other purposes", requested a conference with the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appointed Mr. DODD, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. ADAMS, Mr. HATCH, and Mr. COATS, to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed a bill and a concurrent resolution of the following titles, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 1056. An Act to provide for an architectural and engineering design competition for the construction, renovation, and repair of certain public buildings, and for other purposes; and

S. Con. Res. 43. Concurrent resolution concerning the emancipation of the Baha'i community of Iran.

¶4.6 COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE PRESIDENT

Mr. GEPHARDT submitted the following privileged resolution (H. Res. 328):

Resolved, That a committee of two Members be appointed by the Speaker on the part of the House of Representatives to join with a committee on the part of the Senate to notify the President of the United States that a quorum of each House has assembled and Congress is ready to receive any communication that he may be pleased to make.

When said resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶4.7 APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE PRESIDENT

The SPEAKER, pursuant to the foregoing resolution, announced the appointment of Messrs. GEPHARDT and MICHEL as members of the committee

on the part of the House to join a like committee on the part of the Senate to notify the President of the United States that a quorum of each House has been assembled and that Congress is ready to receive any communication that he may be pleased to make.

¶4.8 CLERK TO NOTIFY SENATE OF A QUORUM

Mr. WHITTEN submitted the following privileged resolution (H. Res. 329):

Resolved, That the Clerk of the House inform the Senate that a quorum of the House is present and that the House is ready to proceed with business.

When said resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶4.9 HOURS OF MEETING

Mr. MOAKLEY submitted the following privileged resolution (H. Res. 330):

Resolved, That until otherwise ordered, the hour of meeting of the House shall be noon on Mondays and Tuesdays; 2 o'clock post meridiem on Wednesdays; 11 o'clock ante meridiem on all other days of the week up to and including May 15, 1992; and that from May 16, 1992, until the end of the second session, the hour of daily meeting of the House shall be noon on Mondays and Tuesdays and 10 o'clock ante meridiem on all other days of the week.

When said resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶4.10 WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON INDIAN EDUCATION

The SPEAKER, pursuant to the provisions of section 5506(a) of Public Law 100-297, did on April 25, 1991, designate to the Advisory Committee of the White House Conference on Indian Education, Mr. CAMPBELL and Mr. BARRETT, and from private life, Mr. Don Barlow of Spokane, Washington, Mr. Joseph Martin of Kayenta, Arizona, and Mrs. Kathryn D. Manuelito of Albuquerque, New Mexico, on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate of the foregoing designations.

¶4.11 WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON INDIAN EDUCATION

The SPEAKER, pursuant to the provisions of section 5503(b) of Public Law 100-297, selected for the White House Conference on Indian Education, the following participants, on the part of the House:

- Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska;
- Mr. CAMPBELL of Colorado;
- Mr. MILLER of California;
- Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA of American Samoa;
- Ms. Melvina Phillips of Huntsville, AL;
- Ms. Anita Bradley Pfeiffer of Window Rock, AZ;
- Mr. Leroy N. Shingoitewa of Tuba City, AZ;

- Ms. Jane B. Wilson of Flagstaff, AZ;
- Ms. Theresa Natoni Price of Mesa, AZ;
- Ms. Isabelle Deschinney of Window Rock, AZ;
- Mr. Jack C. Jackson of Window Rock, AZ;
- Mr. Grayson Noley of Scottsdale, AZ;
- Mr. Dean C. Jackson of Chinle, AZ;
- Mr. Mitchell Burns of Scottsdale, AZ;
- Mr. Matthew Levario of Scottsdale, AZ;
- Ms. Kathryn Stevens of Phoenix, AZ;
- Mr. Gilbert Innis of Phoenix, AZ;
- Ms. Linda S. Santillan of Fremont, CA;
- Mr. Orie Medicinebull of Auberry, CA;
- Ms. Peggy Ann Vega of Bishop, CA;
- Mr. Monty Bengochia of Bishop, CA;
- Ms. Debra Echo-Hawk of Boulder, CO;
- Ms. Josephine M. North of Hollywood, FL;
- Mr. Billy Cypress of Miami, FL;
- Mr. Adrian Pushetonegua of Tama, IA;
- Mr. Terry D. Martin of Franklin, LA;
- Mr. Thomas G. Miller of Cooks, MI;
- Mr. John Hatch of Sault Ste. Marie, MI;
- Ms. Sharon Kota of Port Huron, MI;
- Mr. Paul Johnson of Haslett, MI;
- Ms. Pam Dunham of East Lansing, MI;
- Mr. Donald E. Wiesen of Cloquet, MN;
- Ms. Rosemary Christensen of Duluth, MN;
- Ms. Donna L. Buckles of Poplar, MT;
- Mrs. Karen Cornelius-Fenton of St. Ignatius, MT;
- Ms. Bernadette Dimas of Poplar, MT;
- Ms. Tracie Ann McDonald-Buckless of Ronan, MT;
- Mrs. Janine Pease-Windy Boy of Lodge Grass, MT;
- Ms. Jean Peterson of Las Vegas, NV;
- Mr. Joseph Abeyta of Santa Fe, NM;
- Ms. Genevieve R. Jackson of Kirtland, NM;
- Mr. Paul Tosa of Jemez Pueblo, NM;
- Ms. Mary T. Cohoe of Pine Hill, NM;
- Mr. Melvin H. Martinez of Espanola, NM;
- Mr. William A. Mitchell of Bombay, NY;
- Ms. Michele Dean Stock of Great Valley, NY;
- Mrs. Betty Jane Mangum of Raleigh, NC;
- Ms. Wanda M. Carter of Charlotte, NC;
- Mrs. Mary Jo Cole of Tahlequah, OK;
- Mr. Jim Quetone of Tahlequah, OK;
- Mr. Ray Henson of Talihina, OK;
- Ms. Nita Magdalena of Shawnee, OK;
- Mr. David M. Gipp of Mandan, ND;
- Mr. Sylvester G. Sahme, Sr. of Warm Springs, OR;
- Ms. LaVonne Lobert-Edmo of Salem, OR;
- Mr. Anthony Whirlwind Horse of Pine Ridge, SD;
- Ms. Sue Braswell of Nashville, TN;
- Ms. Annette Arkeketa of Corpus Christi, TX;
- Mr. Edward Sandoval, III of Fort Worth, TX;
- Mr. Clayton J. Small of Chattaroy, WA;

- Ms. Darlena Watt-Palmanteer of Nespelem, WA;
- Ms. Letoy Eike of Seattle, WA;
- Mr. Daniel Iyall of Spokane, WA;
- Mr. David C. Bonga of Spokane, WA;
- Ms. LaVerne Lane-Oreiro of Bellingham, WA;
- Ms. Marion Forsman-Boushie of Indianola, WA;
- Mr. Don A. Barlow of Spokane, WA;
- Mr. Joseph Martin of Kayenta, AZ;
- Mrs. Kathryn D. Manuelito of Albuquerque, NM;
- Mr. Eddie Brown of Washington, DC;
- Mr. Ed Parisian of Washington, DC;
- Mr. Tim Wapato of Washington, DC;
- Mr. John W. Tippeconnic III of Washington, DC;
- Mr. Eddie Tullis of Atmore, AL;
- Mr. Andrew Lorrentine of Bells, AZ;
- Mr. Linus Everling of Washington, DC;
- Mr. Roger Iron Cloud of Washington, DC; and
- Ms. Kathleen Annette of Bemidji, MN.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate of the foregoing selections.

¶4.12 COMMISSION ON BROADCASTING TO THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

The SPEAKER, pursuant to the provisions of 243(a)(2) of Public Law 102-138, appointed to the Commission on Broadcasting to the People's Republic of China, Mr. Ben J. Wattenberg of Washington D.C. and Mr. Leonard H. Marks of Washington, D.C., from private life, on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate of the foregoing appointments.

¶4.13 COMMISSION ON BROADCASTING TO THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, January 14, 1992.

Hon. THOMAS S. FOLEY,
Speaker of the House, House of Representative, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: On November 22, 1991 I notified the President of my appointment of Mr. Steven Mosher of Upland, California, and Mr. James L. Tyson of Darien, Connecticut, to the Commission on Broadcasting to the People's Republic of China in accordance with the provisions set forth in Public Law 102-138.

Sincerely yours,
ROBERT H. MICHEL,
Minority Leader.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate of the foregoing appointments.

¶4.14 NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL ON THE PUBLIC SERVICE ACT OF 1990

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, January 27, 1992.

Hon. THOMAS S. FOLEY,
Speaker of the House, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to Sec. 5(a)(2) of Public Law 101-363, I hereby appoint the gentlewoman from Maryland, Mrs. Morella, to serve as a member of the Na-

tional Advisory Council on the Public Service Act of 1990.

Sincerely yours,

BOB MICHEL,
Republican Leader.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate of the foregoing appointment.

¶4.15 REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE PRESIDENT

Mr. GEPHARDT addressed the Chair and said:

"Mr. Speaker, your committee on the part of the House to join a like committee on the part of the Senate to notify the President of the United States that a quorum of each House has been assembled and is ready to receive any communication that he may be pleased to make has performed that duty.

"Mr. Speaker, the President has asked the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. MICHEL] and me to report that he will be pleased to deliver his message at 9 p.m. tonight to a joint session of the two Houses."

¶4.16 STATE OF THE UNION

Mr. GEPHARDT submitted the following privileged concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 267):

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the two Houses of Congress assemble in the Hall of the House of Representatives on Tuesday, January 28, 1992, at 9 o'clock post meridian, for the purpose of receiving such communication as the President of the United States shall be pleased to make to them.

When said concurrent resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said concurrent resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said concurrent resolution.

¶4.17 ORDER OF BUSINESS—RECESSES

On motion of Mr. GEPHARDT, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That it may be in order at any time today, for the Speaker to declare recesses at any time subject to the call of the Chair for the purpose of receiving in joint session the President of the United States.

¶4.18 CALENDAR WEDNESDAY BUSINESS DISPENSED WITH

On motion of Mr. GEPHARDT, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That business in order for consideration on Wednesday, January 29, 1992, under clause 7, rule XXIV, the Calendar Wednesday rule, be dispensed with.

¶4.19 ADJOURNMENT OVER

On motion of Mr. GEPHARDT, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That when the House adjourns on Thursday, January 30, 1992, it adjourn to meet on Monday, February 3, 1992.

¶4.20 NDRF VESSELS DISPOSAL

Mr. JONES of North Carolina moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill

(H.R. 3512) to direct the Secretary of Transportation to dispose of certain vessels in the National Defense Reserve Fleet; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, recognized Mr. JONES of North Carolina and Mr. DAVIS, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶4.21 FLOWER GARDEN BANKS NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY

Mr. JONES of North Carolina moved to suspend the rules and agree to the following amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 3866) to provide for the designation of the Flower Garden Banks National Marine Sanctuary:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

TITLE I—NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY
FLOWER GARDEN BANKS NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY

SECTION 101. Notwithstanding section 304(b) of the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1434(b))—

(1) the Secretary of Commerce shall, on January 17, 1992 (or as soon thereafter as is practicable), publish under that Act in the Federal Register a notice of designation of the Flower Garden Banks National Marine Sanctuary, as described in the notice of designation submitted to the Congress on November 20, 1991; and

(2) that designation shall take effect on January 17, 1992.

TITLE II—MERCHANT MARINE PROVISIONS

NON-VESSEL-OPERATING COMMON CARRIERS

SEC. 201. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Non-Vessel-Operating Common Carrier Act of 1991".

(b) PROHIBITED ACTS.—Section 10(b) of the Shipping Act of 1984 (46 U.S.C. App. 1709(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (14), by inserting ", insurance, or other surety" after "bond"; and

(2) in paragraph (15), by inserting ", insurance, or other surety" after "bond".

(c) SURETY FOR NVOCC'S.—Section 23 of the Shipping Act of 1984 (46 U.S.C. App. 1721), is amended—

(1) in the section heading by striking "**bonding of**" and inserting in lieu thereof "**surety for**";

(2) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

"(a) SURETY.—Each non-vessel-operating common carrier shall furnish to the Commission a bond, proof of insurance, or such other surety, as the Commission may require, in a form and an amount determined by the Commission to be satisfactory to insure the financial responsibility of that carrier. Any

bond submitted pursuant to this section shall be issued by a surety company found acceptable by the Secretary of the Treasury."

(3) by striking subsection (b) and redesignating subsections (c) through (e) as subsections (b) through (d), respectively;

(4) in subsection (b), as so redesignated—

(A) by striking "BOND" in the subsection heading and inserting in lieu thereof "SURETY";

(B) by inserting ", insurance, or other surety" after "bond"; and

(C) by inserting "under this Act" after "transportation-related activities"; and

(5) in subsection (d), as so redesignated—

(A) by inserting ", insurance, or other surety" after "bond"; and

(B) by striking "subsection (d)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (c)".

(d) INTERIM RULES AND REGULATIONS.—The Federal Maritime Commission may prescribe interim rules and regulations necessary to carry out the amendments made by this section.

(e) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The item relating to section 23 in the table of contents in the first section of the Shipping Act of 1984 is amended by striking "Bonding of" and inserting in lieu thereof "Surety for".

(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall become effective 90 days after the date of its enactment.

CLARIFICATIONS OF, AND LIMITATIONS ON, GAMBLING DEVICES PROHIBITIONS

SEC. 202. (a) TRANSPORT TO A PLACE IN A STATE, ETC.—Section 2 of the Act of January 2, 1951 (15 U.S.C. 1172; commonly referred to as the "Johnson Act"), is amended—

(1) by inserting before the first paragraph the following: "(a) GENERAL RULE.—";

(2) in subsection (a) (as so designated) by striking "District of Columbia,";

(3) by inserting before the second paragraph the following: "(b) AUTHORITY OF FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.—"; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

"(c) EXCEPTION.—This section does not prohibit the transport of a gambling device to a place in a State or a possession of the United States on a vessel on a voyage, if—

"(1) use of the gambling device on a portion of that voyage is, by reason of subsection (b) of section 5, not a violation of that section; and

"(2) the gambling device remains on board that vessel while in that State."

(b) REPAIR, OTHER TRANSPORT, ETC.—Section 5 of that Act (15 U.S.C. 1175) is amended—

(1) by inserting before "It shall be unlawful" the following: "(a) GENERAL RULE.—";

(2) by inserting before the period at the end the following: ", including on a vessel documented under chapter 121 of title 46, United States Code, or documented under the laws of a foreign country"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(b) EXCEPTION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), this section does not prohibit—

"(A) the repair, transport, possession, or use of a gambling device on a vessel that is not within the boundaries of any State or possession of the United States; or

"(B) the transport or possession, on a voyage, of a gambling device on a vessel that is within the boundaries of any State or possession of the United States, if—

"(i) use of the gambling device on a portion of that voyage is, by reason of subparagraph (A), not a violation of this section; and

"(ii) the gambling device remains on board that vessel while the vessel is within the boundaries of that State or possession.

"(2) APPLICATION TO CERTAIN VOYAGES.—

"(A) GENERAL RULE.—Paragraph (1)(A) does not apply to the repair or use of a gambling

device on a vessel that is on a voyage or segment of a voyage described in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph if the State or possession of the United States in which the voyage or segment begins and ends has enacted a statute the terms of which prohibit that repair or use on that voyage or segment.

"(B) VOYAGE AND SEGMENT DESCRIBED.—A voyage or segment of a voyage referred to in subparagraph (A) is a voyage or segment, respectively—

"(i) that begins and ends in the same State or possession of the United States, and

"(ii) during which the vessel does not make an intervening stop within the boundaries of another State or possession of the United States or a foreign country."

(c) BOUNDARIES DEFINED.—The first section of that Act (15 U.S.C. 1171) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(f) The term 'boundaries' has the same meaning given that term in section 2 of the Submerged Lands Act."

TITLE III—IMPLEMENTATION OF MARITIME BOUNDARY AGREEMENT AMENDMENTS TO MAGNUSON FISHERY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT ACT

SEC. 301. (a) PURPOSES.—Section 2(b)(1) of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801(b)(1)) is amended by inserting ", and fishery resources in the special areas" immediately before the semicolon at the end.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—Section 3 of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (24) through (32) as paragraphs (25) through (33), respectively; and

(2) by inserting immediately after paragraph (23) the following new paragraph:

"(24) The term 'special areas' means the areas referred to as eastern special areas in Article 3(1) of the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990; in particular, the term refers to those areas east of the United States-Soviet maritime boundary, as defined in that Agreement, that lie within 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the Soviet Union is measured but beyond 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured."

(c) UNITED STATES MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY.—(1) Section 101(a) of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1811(a)) is amended by inserting "and special areas" immediately before the period at the end.

(2) Section 101(b) of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1811(b)) is amended by inserting immediately after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

"(3) All fishery resources in the special areas."

(d) FOREIGN FISHING.—Section 201 of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1821) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—
(A) by inserting "within the special areas," immediately before "or for anadromous species"; and

(B) by striking "beyond the exclusive economic zone" and inserting in lieu thereof "beyond such zone or areas";

(2) in subsection (e)(1)(E)(IV), by inserting "or special areas" immediately after "exclusive economic zone";

(3) in subsection (i)—
(A) by inserting "or special areas" immediately before the period at the end of paragraph (1)(A);

(B) by inserting "or special areas" immediately after "exclusive economic zone" in paragraph (2)(A); and

(C) by inserting "or special areas" immediately after "exclusive economic zone" in paragraph (2)(B); and

(4) in subsection (j)—

(A) by inserting "or special areas," immediately after "exclusive economic zone"; and

(B) by inserting "or areas," immediately after "such zone";

(e) INTERNATIONAL FISHERY AGREEMENTS.—Section 202 of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1822) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) by inserting "or special areas" immediately after "February 28, 1977"; and

(B) by striking "such zone or area" and inserting in lieu thereof "such zone or areas";

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) by inserting "or special areas" immediately after "February 28, 1977"; and

(B) by striking "such zone or area" and inserting in lieu thereof "such zone or areas"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(g) FISHERY AGREEMENT WITH UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS.—(1) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary, is authorized to negotiate and conclude a fishery agreement with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics of a duration of no more than 3 years, pursuant to which—

"(A) the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics will give United States fishing vessels the opportunity to conduct traditional fisheries within waters claimed by the United States prior to the conclusion of the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990, west of the maritime boundary, including the western special area described in Article 3(2) of the Agreement;

"(B) the United States will give fishing vessels of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics the opportunity to conduct traditional fisheries within waters claimed by the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics prior to the conclusion of the Agreement referred to in subparagraph (A), east of the maritime boundary, including the eastern special areas described in Article 3(1) of the Agreement;

"(C) catch data shall be made available to the government of the country exercising fisheries jurisdiction over the waters in which the catch occurred; and

"(D) each country shall have the right to place observers on board vessels of the other country and to board and inspect such vessels.

"(2) Vessels operating under a fishery agreement negotiated and concluded pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be subject to regulations and permit requirements of the country in whose waters the fisheries are conducted only to the extent such regulations and permit requirements are specified in that agreement.

"(3) The Secretary of Commerce may promulgate such regulations, in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of any fishery agreement negotiated and concluded pursuant to paragraph (1)."

(f) PERMITS FOR FOREIGN FISHING.—Section 204(a) of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1824(a)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "within the special areas," immediately before "or for anadromous species"; and

(2) by inserting "or areas" immediately after "such zone";

(g) CONTENTS OF FISHERY MANAGEMENT PLANS.—Section 303(b)(1)(A) of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1853(b)(1)(A)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "or special areas," immediately after "exclusive economic zone"; and

(2) by inserting "or areas" immediately after "such zone";

(h) PROHIBITED ACTS.—Section 307 of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1857) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(K), by inserting "or special areas" immediately after "exclusive economic zone";

(2) in paragraph (2)(B)—

(A) by inserting "within the special areas," immediately after "exclusive economic zone";

(B) by inserting "or areas" immediately after "such zone";

(3) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or special areas" immediately after "exclusive economic zone"; and

(4) in paragraph (4), by inserting "or special areas" immediately after "exclusive economic zone";

(i) ENFORCEMENT.—Section 311(b)(2) of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1861(b)(2)) is amended by inserting "and special areas" immediately after "exclusive economic zone".

AMENDMENTS TO NORTHERN PACIFIC HALIBUT ACT OF 1982

SEC. 302. (a) DEFINITIONS.—(1) Section 2(c) of the Northern Pacific Halibut Act of 1982 (16 U.S.C. 773(c)) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) 'Exclusive economic zone' means the zone established by Proclamation Numbered 5030, dated March 10, 1983. For purposes of applying this Act, the inner boundary of that zone is a line coterminous with the seaward boundary of each of the coastal States."

(2) Section 2 of the Northern Pacific Halibut Act of 1982 (16 U.S.C. 773) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(h) 'Special areas' means the areas referred to as eastern special areas in Article 3(1) of the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990; in particular, the term refers to those areas east of the United States-Soviet maritime boundary, as defined in that Agreement, that lie within 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the Soviet Union is measured but beyond 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured."

(b) UNLAWFUL ACTS.—Section 7(b) of the Northern Pacific Halibut Act of 1982 (16 U.S.C. 773e(b)) is amended by striking "fishery conservation zone" and inserting in lieu thereof "exclusive economic zone and special areas".

AMENDMENTS TO THE FUR SEAL ACT OF 1966

SEC. 303. Section 101 of the Fur Seal Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 1151) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (f) through (m) as subsections (g) through (n), respectively; and

(2) by inserting immediately after subsection (e) the following new subsection:

"(f) 'Jurisdiction over the special areas' includes jurisdiction over the special areas defined in section 3(24) of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802(24))."

AMENDMENTS TO MARINE MAMMAL PROTECTION ACT OF 1972

SEC. 304. Section 3(14) of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1362(14)) is amended to read as follows:

"(14) The term 'waters under the jurisdiction of the United States' means—

"(A) the territorial sea of the United States;

"(B) the waters included within a zone, contiguous to the territorial sea of the United States;

ed States, of which the inner boundary is a line coterminous with the seaward boundary of each coastal State, and the outer boundary is a line drawn in such a manner that each point on it is 200 nautical miles from the baseline from which the territorial sea is measured; and

“(C) the areas referred to as eastern special areas in Article 3(1) of the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990; in particular, those areas east of the United States-Soviet Maritime boundary, as defined in that Agreement, that lie within 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the Soviet Union is measured but beyond 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured.”.

RELATIONSHIP TO ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT OF 1973

SEC. 305. The special areas defined in section 3(24) of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802(24)) shall be considered places that are subject to the jurisdiction of the United States for the purposes of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

AMENDMENTS TO PACIFIC SALMON TREATY ACT OF 1985

SEC. 306. (a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 2 of the Pacific Salmon Treaty Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3631) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (h) through (j) as subsections (i) through (k), respectively; and

(2) by inserting immediately after subsection (g) the following new subsection:

“(h) ‘Special areas’ means the areas referred to as eastern special areas in Article 3(1) of the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990; in particular, the term refers to those areas east of the United States-Soviet maritime boundary, as defined in that Agreement, that lie within 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the Soviet Union is measured but beyond 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured.”.

(b) RULEMAKING.—Section 7(a) of the Pacific Salmon Treaty Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3636(a)) is amended by inserting “and special areas” immediately after “Exclusive Economic Zone”.

NATIONAL SEA GRANT COLLEGE PROGRAM

SEC. 307. (a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 303(6) of the National Sea Grant College Program Act (33 U.S.C. 1122(6)) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of subparagraph (E);

(2) by redesignating subparagraph (F) as subparagraph (G); and

(3) by inserting immediately after subparagraph (E) the following new subparagraph:

“(F) the special areas defined in section 3(24) of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802(24)); and”.

(b) INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM.—Section 3(a)(6) of the Sea Grant Program Improvement Act of 1976 (33 U.S.C. 1124(a)(6)) is amended by inserting “and special areas” immediately after “exclusive economic zone”.

SEC. 308. (a) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made by section 201(e)(3) takes effect on the date of enactment of this Act, and the amendments made by the other provisions of this title, except as provided in subsection (b), shall be effective on the date on which the Agreement between the United States

and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990, enters into force for the United States.

(b) AUTHORITY TO PRESCRIBE REGULATIONS.—The authority to prescribe regulations to implement the amendments made by this title shall be effective on the date of enactment of this Act, but no such regulation may be effective until the date on which the Agreement described in subsection (a) enters into force for the United States.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, recognized Mr. JONES of North Carolina and Mr. DAVIS, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said amendment?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said amendment was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said amendment was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶4.22 CORRECTING THE ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 3866

Mr. JONES of North Carolina moved to suspend the rules and agree to the following concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 268):

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring). That, in the enrollment of the bill (H.R. 3866) to provide for the designation of the Flower Garden Banks National Marine Sanctuary, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following corrections:

(1) Page 8, beginning at line 3, strike “United States-Soviet”.

(2) Page 8, line 7, strike “the Soviet Union” and insert “Russia”.

(3) Page 10, beginning at line 19, strike “the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics” and insert “Russia”.

(4) Page 10, line 22, strike “the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics” and insert “Russia”.

(5) Page 11, line 7, strike “the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics” and insert “Russia”.

(6) Page 14, line 9, strike “United States-Soviet”.

(7) Page 14, line 12, strike “the Soviet Union” and insert “Russia”.

(8) Page 14, line 18, strike “and” and insert “or”.

(9) Page 15, beginning at line 2, strike “the special areas” and all that follows through line 4, and insert the following: “the areas referred to as eastern special areas in Article 3(1) of the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990; in particular, those areas east of the maritime boundary, as defined in that Agreement, that lie within 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of Russia is measured but beyond 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured.”.

(10) Page 15, beginning at line 26, strike “United States-Soviet Maritime” and insert “maritime”.

(11) Page 16, line 4, strike “the Soviet Union” and insert “Russia”.

(12) Page 16, strike line 9 and all that follows through line 14 and insert the following: “SEC. 305. The Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

‘PLACES SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES

‘SEC. 19. For the purposes of this Act, the following areas are deemed to be places that are subject to the jurisdiction of the United States: The areas referred to as eastern special areas in Article 3(1) of the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990, in particular, those areas east of the maritime boundary, as defined in that Agreement, that lie within 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured.’.”.

(13) Page 17, line 1, strike “United States-Soviet”.

(14) Page 17, line 4, strike “the Soviet Union” and insert “Russia”.

(15) Page 17, line 8, strike “3636(a)” and insert “3636(a)”.

(16) Page 17, line 12, strike “303(6)” and insert “203(6)”.

(17) Page 17, strike line 21 and all that follows through line 23 and insert the following:

“(F) the areas referred to as eastern special areas in Article 3(1) of the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990; in particular, those areas east of the maritime boundary, as defined in that Agreement, that lie within 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of Russia is measured but beyond 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured; and”.

(18) Page 18, line 4, strike “208” and insert “308”.

(19) Page 18, line 5, strike “201(e)(3)” and insert “301(e)(3)”.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, recognized Mr. JONES of North Carolina and Mr. DAVIS, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said concurrent resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

Mr. DAVIS demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced that further proceedings on the motion were postponed.

¶4.23 AMERICAN TECHNOLOGY PREEMINENCE

Mr. VALENTINE moved to suspend the rules and agree to the following amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 1989) to authorize appropriations for the National Institute of Standards and Technology and the Technology Administration of the Department of Commerce, and for other purposes:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "American Technology Preeminence Act of 1991".

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Act—

(1) the term "high-resolution information systems" means equipment and techniques required to create, store, recover, and play back high-resolution images and accompanying sound;

(2) the term "advanced manufacturing technology" means numerically-controlled machine tools, robots, automated process control equipment, computerized flexible manufacturing systems, associated computer software, and other technology for improving manufacturing and industrial processes;

(3) the term "advanced materials" means a field of research including the study of composites, ceramics, metals, polymers, superconducting materials, materials produced through biotechnology, and materials production technologies, including coated systems, that provide the potential for significant advantages over existing materials;

(4) the term "Institute" means the National Institute of Standards and Technology;

(5) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce; and

(6) the term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary of Commerce for Technology.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Technology Administration Authorization Act of 1991".

SEC. 102. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

Congress finds that in order to help United States industries to speed the development of new products and processes so as to maintain the economic competitiveness of the Nation, it is necessary to strengthen the programs and activities of the Department of Commerce's Technology Administration and National Institute of Standards and Technology.

SEC. 103. TECHNOLOGY ADMINISTRATION.

(a) FISCAL YEAR 1992.—(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, to carry out the activities of the Under Secretary and the Assistant Secretary for Technology Policy, \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 1992, which shall be available for the following line items:

(A) Office of the Under Secretary, \$2,000,000.

(B) Technology Policy, \$4,000,000.

(C) Japanese Technical Literature, \$1,500,000.

(D) Clearinghouse on State and Local Initiatives on Productivity, Technology, and Innovation, \$1,000,000.

(E) National Technical Information Service, \$1,500,000 to carry out the modernization plan described in section 212(f)(3)(D) of the National Technical Information Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 3704b(f)(3)(D)).

(2) Funds may be transferred among the line items listed in paragraph (1), so long as the net funds transferred to or from any line item do not exceed 10 percent of the amount authorized for that line item in such paragraph and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives are notified in advance of any such transfer.

(b) FISCAL YEAR 1993.—(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, to carry out the activities of the Under Secretary and the Assistant Secretary for Technology Policy, \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 1993, which shall be available for the following line items:

(A) Office of the Under Secretary, \$2,000,000.

(B) Technology Policy, \$4,000,000.

(C) Japanese Technical Literature, \$1,500,000.

(D) Clearinghouse on State and Local Initiatives on Productivity, Technology, and Innovation, \$1,000,000.

(E) National Technical Information Service, \$1,500,000 to carry out the modernization plan described in section 212(f)(3)(D) of the National Technical Information Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 3704b(f)(3)(D)).

(2) Funds may be transferred among the line items listed in paragraph (1), so long as the net funds transferred to or from any line item do not exceed 10 percent of the amount authorized for that line item in such paragraph and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives are notified in advance of any such transfer.

(c) OPERATING COSTS.—Operating costs for the National Technical Information Service associated with the acquisition, processing, storage, bibliographic control, and archiving of information and documents shall be recovered primarily through the collection of fees.

(d) REPORT AND CERTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report which—

(1) describes the Department of Commerce's response to the Inspector General's Report No. ATD-024-0-001;

(2) includes a revised detailed modernization plan for the National Technical Information Service;

(3) contains a business plan for the National Technical Information Service which includes detailed profit and loss analysis for groups of products and services and for major market segments; and

(4) certifies that the National Technical Information Service has—

(A) employed a chief financial officer who is a certified public accountant or equivalently experienced accountant with experience in the dissemination of scientific and technical information; and

(B) begun taking reasonable steps toward strengthening its accounting system in response to the Inspector General's report described in paragraph (1).

(e) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 5422(a) of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 4603a(a)) and section 273(c)(4) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (15 U.S.C. 4603(c)(4)) are each amended by striking "Economic Affairs" and inserting in lieu thereof "Technology".

SEC. 104. NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY.

(a) FISCAL YEAR 1992.—(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, to carry out the intramural scientific and technical research and services activities of the Institute, \$210,000,000 for fiscal year 1992, which shall be available for the following line items:

(A) Electronics and Electrical Measurements, \$33,700,000.

(B) Manufacturing Engineering, \$13,500,000.

(C) Chemical Science and Technology, \$22,000,000.

(D) Physics, \$27,000,000.

(E) Materials Science and Engineering, \$30,000,000.

(F) Building and Fire Research, \$12,300,000.

(G) Computer Systems, \$16,000,000.

(H) Applied Mathematics and Scientific Computing, \$6,500,000.

(I) Technology Assistance, \$11,000,000.

(J) Research Support Activities, \$38,000,000.

(2)(A) Of the total of the amounts authorized under paragraph (1), \$2,000,000 are authorized only for steel technology.

(B) Of the amount authorized under paragraph (1)(I)—

(i) \$500,000 are authorized only for the evaluation of nonenergy-related inventions and related technology extension activities;

(ii) \$250,000 are authorized only for Institute participation in the pilot program established under subsection (e); and

(iii) \$2,700,000 are authorized only for the Institute's management of the extramural funding programs authorized under section 105.

(C) Of the total amount authorized under paragraph (1)(J), \$7,565,000 are authorized only for the technical competence fund.

(b) FISCAL YEAR 1993.—(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, to carry out the intramural scientific and technical research and services activities of the Institute, \$221,200,000 for fiscal year 1993, which shall be available for the following line items:

(A) Electronics and Electrical Measurements, \$36,000,000.

(B) Manufacturing Engineering, \$16,000,000.

(C) Chemical Science and Technology, \$22,500,000.

(D) Physics, \$28,700,000.

(E) Materials Science and Engineering, \$39,400,000.

(F) Building and Fire Research, \$12,000,000.

(G) Computer Systems, \$20,600,000.

(H) Applied Mathematics and Scientific Computing, \$6,300,000.

(I) Technology Assistance, \$10,800,000.

(J) Research Support Activities, \$25,000,000.

(K) Pay Raise, \$3,900,000.

(2)(A) Of the total of the amounts authorized under paragraph (1), \$2,000,000 are authorized only for steel technology.

(B) Of the amount authorized under paragraph (1)(I)—

(i) \$500,000 are authorized only for the evaluation of nonenergy-related inventions and related technology extension activities;

(ii) \$250,000 are authorized only for Institute participation in the pilot program established under subsection (e); and

(iii) \$5,000,000 are authorized only for the Institute's management of the extramural funding programs authorized under section 105.

(C) Of the total amount authorized under paragraph (1)(J), \$7,223,000 are authorized only for the technical competence fund.

(3) In addition to the amounts authorized under paragraph (1), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for fiscal year 1993 \$34,800,000 for the renovation and upgrading of the Institute's facilities.

(c) TRANSFERS.—(1) Funds may be transferred among the line items listed in subsection (a)(1) and among the line items listed in subsection (b)(1), so long as the net funds transferred to or from any line item do not exceed 10 percent of the amount authorized for that line item in such subsection and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives are notified in advance of any such transfer.

(2) The Secretary may propose transfers to or from any line item listed in subsection (a)(1) or subsection (b)(1) exceeding 10 percent of the amount authorized for such line item, but such proposed transfer may not be made unless—

(A) a full and complete explanation of any such proposed transfer and the reason therefor are transmitted in writing to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the appropriate authorizing Committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate, and

(B) 30 calendar days have passed following the transmission of such written explanation.

(d) RELATION TO OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS.—Except for authorizations provided in the

Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-418; 102 Stat. 1448), the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977 (42 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.), and the Steel and Aluminum Energy Conservation and Technology Competitiveness Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 5101 et seq.), this Act contains the complete authorizations of appropriations for the Institute for fiscal years 1992 and 1993. This subsection shall not limit the authority of the Institute to accept funds appropriated to any other Federal agency or to perform work for others.

(e) **PILOT PROGRAM.**—Pursuant to the authorizations contained in subsections (a)(1)(I) and (b)(1)(I), the Secretary is authorized to pay the Federal share of the cost of establishing and carrying out a standards assistance pilot program under section 112 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1989 (15 U.S.C. 272 note). The purpose of the pilot program is to assist a country or countries that have requested assistance from the United States in the development of comprehensive industrial standards by providing the continuous presence of United States personnel on-site for a period of 2 or more years to provide such assistance and by providing, as necessary, additional technical support from within the Institute. Such funds shall be made available for such purpose only to the extent that matching funds are received by the National Institute of Standards and Technology from sources outside the Federal Government.

(f) **CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES.**—Section 14 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278d) is amended by striking "herein:" and all that follows, and inserting in lieu thereof "herein."

(g) **FIRE AND BUILDING PROGRAMS.**—The fire research and building technology programs of the Institute may be combined for administrative purposes only, and separate budget accounts for fire research and building technology shall be maintained. No later than December 31, 1992, the Secretary, acting through the Director of the Institute, shall report to Congress on the results of the combination, on efforts to preserve the integrity of the fire research and building technology programs, on the long-range basic and applied research plans of the two programs, on procedures for receiving advice on fire and earthquake research priorities from constituencies concerned with public safety, and on the relation between the combined program at the Institute and the United States Fire Administration.

(h) **EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.**—(1) Section 18 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-1) is amended by striking the period at the end of the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof ", and to United States citizens for research and technical activities on Institute programs."

(2) Section 17 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(d) For any scientific and engineering disciplines for which there is a shortage of suitably qualified and available United States citizens and nationals, the Secretary is authorized to recruit and employ in scientific and engineering fields at the Institute foreign nationals who have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence under the Immigration and Nationality Act and who intend to become United States citizens. Employment of a person under this paragraph shall not be subject to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing employment in the competitive service, or to any prohibition in any other Act against the employment of aliens, or against the payment of compensation to them."

(i) **CORE PROGRAM FUNDING.**—It is the sense of the Congress that the intramural scientific and technical research and services activities of the National Institute of Standards and Technology should share fully in any funding increases provided to the Institute.

SEC. 105. EXTRAMURAL PROGRAMS OF THE INSTITUTE.

(a) **FISCAL YEAR 1992.**—In addition to any sums otherwise authorized under this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, to carry out the extramural industrial technology services programs of the Institute created under sections 25, 26, and 28 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k, 278l, and 278n), \$127,500,000 for fiscal year 1992, which shall be available for the following line items:

(1) Regional Centers for the Transfer of Manufacturing Technology, \$25,000,000.

(2) State Technology Extension Program, \$2,500,000.

(3) Advanced Technology Program, \$100,000,000.

(b) **FISCAL YEAR 1993.**—In addition to any sums otherwise authorized under this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, to carry out the extramural industrial technology services programs of the Institute created under sections 25, 26, and 28 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k, 278l, and 278n), \$127,500,000 for fiscal year 1993, which shall be available for the following line items:

(1) Regional Centers for the Transfer of Manufacturing Technology and Satellite Manufacturing Centers, \$25,000,000.

(2) State Technology Extension Program, \$2,500,000.

(3) Advanced Technology Program, \$100,000,000.

(c) **LIMITATION.**—No funds are authorized under this section for any project under the extramural programs of the Institute which have not been competitively reviewed through the merit review processes required by the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et seq.).

(d) **AMENDMENTS TO EXTENSION PROGRAM.**—Section 5121(b) of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 278l note) is amended by striking paragraph (5).

(e) **AMENDMENTS TO EXTENSION ACTIVITIES.**—(1) Section 25(c)(6) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k(c)(6)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: "except for contracts for such specific technology extension or transfer services as may be specified by statute or by the Director".

(2) Section 25(d) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k(d)) is amended to read as follows:

"(d) In addition to such sums as may be authorized and appropriated to the Secretary and Director to operate the Centers program, the Secretary and Director also may accept funds from other Federal departments and agencies for the purpose of providing Federal funds to support Centers. Any Center which is supported with funds which originally came from other Federal departments and agencies shall be selected and operated according to the provisions of this section."

(f) **ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**—Section 5142(f) of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 4632(f)) is amended by striking "and 1990" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990, 1991, 1992, and 1993".

SEC. 106. SALARY ADJUSTMENTS.

In addition to any sums otherwise authorized by this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for fiscal years 1992 and 1993 such additional sums as may be necessary to make any adjustments in sal-

ary, pay, retirement and other employee benefits which may be provided for by law.

SEC. 107. METRIC AMENDMENT.

(a) The Fair Packaging and Labeling Act (15 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in sections 4(a)(2), (4), and (5), 4(b), and 5(c)(1), by striking "weight" and inserting in lieu thereof "weight or mass";

(2) in sections 4(a)(5) and 5(d), by striking "weights" and inserting in lieu thereof "weights or masses";

(3) in section 4(a)(2), by inserting ", using the most appropriate units of the SI metric system as the primary system for measuring quantity" after "panel of that label"; and

(4) in section 4(a)(3)(A)—

(A) by striking "containing" and inserting in lieu thereof "that also displays the avoirdupois system of measure, and that contains" in clause (i);

(B) by inserting "that also displays the avoirdupois system of measure" after "random package" in clause (ii);

(C) by inserting "that also displays the avoirdupois system of measure" after "linear measure" in clause (iii); and

(D) by inserting "that also displays the avoirdupois system of measure" after "measure of area" in clause (iv).

(b) This section shall take effect 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 108. TRANSFER OF FEDERAL SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION.

(a) **TRANSFER.**—The head of each Federal executive department or agency shall transfer in a timely manner to the National Technical Information Service unclassified scientific, technical, and engineering information which results from federally funded research and development activities for dissemination to the private sector, academia, State and local governments, and Federal agencies. Only information which would otherwise be available for public dissemination shall be transferred under this subsection. Such information shall include technical reports and information, computer software, application assessments generated pursuant to section 11(c) of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710(c)), and information regarding training technology and other federally owned or originated technologies. The Secretary shall issue regulations within one year after the date of enactment of this Act outlining procedures for the ongoing transfer of such information to the National Technical Information Service.

(b) **ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.**—As part of the annual report required under section 212(f)(3) of the National Technical Information Act of 1988, the Secretary shall report to Congress on the status of efforts under this section to ensure access to Federal scientific and technical information by the public. Such report shall include—

(1) an evaluation of the comprehensiveness of transfers of information by each Federal executive department or agency under subsection (a);

(2) a description of the use of Federal scientific and technical information;

(3) plans for improving public access to Federal scientific and technical information; and

(4) recommendations for legislation necessary to improve public access to Federal scientific and technical information.

SEC. 109. AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Appropriations made under the authority provided in this Act shall remain available for obligation, for expenditure, or for obligation and expenditure for periods specified in the Acts making such appropriations.

SEC. 110. REPORT ON FACILITIES NEEDS.

By March 1, 1992, the Director of the Institute shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the

Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives a report on what renovations and upgrades of Institute facilities are necessary over the next decade. The report shall include a ranking of facilities needs in order of priority, an estimate of costs, and the Director's plan for meeting these needs.

SEC. 111. BUY-AMERICAN PROVISIONS.

(a) RESTRICTIONS ON CONTRACT AWARDS.—No contract or subcontract made with funds authorized under this title may be awarded for the procurement of an article, material, or supply produced or manufactured in a foreign country whose government unfairly maintains in government procurement a significant and persistent pattern or practice of discrimination against United States products or services which results in identifiable harms to United States businesses, as identified by the President pursuant to subsection (g)(1)(A) of section 305 of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2515(g)(1)(A)). Any such determination shall be made in accordance with such section 305.

(b) PROHIBITION AGAINST FRAUDULENT USE OF "MADE IN AMERICA" LABELS.—If it has been finally determined by a court or a Federal agency that any person intentionally affixed a label bearing a "Made in America" inscription, or an inscription with the same meaning, to any product sold in or shipped to the United States that is not made in the United States, that person shall be ineligible to receive any contract or subcontract from the Department of Commerce, pursuant to the debarment, suspension, and ineligibility procedures in subpart 9.4 of chapter 1 of title 48, Code of Federal Regulations.

(c) BUY-AMERICAN REQUIREMENT.—(1) The Secretary is authorized to award to a domestic firm a contract for the purchase of goods that, under the use of competitive procedures, would be awarded to a foreign firm, if—

(A) the final product of the domestic firm will be completely assembled in the United States;

(B) when completely assembled, more than 50 percent of the final product of the domestic firm will be domestically produced; and

(C) the difference between the bids submitted by the foreign and domestic firms is not more than 6 percent.

(2) This subsection shall not apply to the extent to which—

(A) in the opinion of the Secretary, after taking into consideration international obligations and trade relations, such applicability would not be in the public interest;

(B) in the opinion of the Secretary, after consultation with the Secretary of Defense, compelling national security considerations require otherwise; or

(C) the President determines that such an award would be in violation of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade or an international agreement to which the United States is a party.

(3) This subsection shall apply only to contracts made for which—

(A) amounts are authorized by this title to be made available; and

(B) solicitations for bids are issued after the date of enactment of this Act.

(4) The Secretary, before January 1, 1993, shall report to the Congress on contracts covered under this subsection—

(A) entered into with foreign firms pursuant to a determination made under paragraph (2) of this subsection; and

(B) awarded to domestic firms pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, in fiscal years 1991 and 1992.

(5) For purposes of this subsection—

(A) the term "domestic firm" means a business entity that is incorporated in the United States and that conducts business operations in the United States; and

(B) the term "foreign firm" means a business entity not described in subparagraph (A).

TITLE II—ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM AMENDMENTS

SEC. 201. EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the "Emerging Technologies and Advanced Technology Program Amendments Act of 1991".

(b) FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.—(1) The Congress finds that—

(A) technological innovation and its profitable inclusion in commercial products are critical components of the ability of the United States to raise the living standards of Americans and to compete in world markets;

(B) maintaining viable United States-based high technology industries is vital to both the national security and the economic well-being of the United States;

(C) the Department of Commerce has reported that the United States is losing or losing badly, relative to Japan and Europe, in many important emerging technologies and risks losing much of the \$350,000,000,000 United States market and \$1,000,000,000,000 world market expected to develop by the year 2000 for products based on emerging technologies;

(D) it is in the national interest for the Federal Government to encourage and, in selected cases, provide limited financial assistance to industry-led private sector efforts to increase research and development in economically critical areas of technology;

(E) joint ventures are a particularly effective and appropriate way to pool resources to conduct research that no single company is likely to undertake but which will create new generic technologies that will benefit an entire industry and the welfare of the Nation;

(F) it is vital that industry within the United States attain a leadership role and capability in development, design, and manufacturing in fields such as high-resolution information systems, advanced manufacturing, and advanced materials; and

(G) the Advanced Technology Program, established under section 28 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n), is the appropriate vehicle for the United States Government to provide limited assistance to joint development within the United States of new high technology capabilities in fields such as high-resolution information systems, advanced manufacturing technology, and advanced materials, and can help encourage United States industry to work together on problems of mutual concern.

(2) The purposes of this section are—

(A) to strengthen the Advanced Technology Program created under section 28 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n), and to provide improved guidelines for the allocation of Advanced Technology Program funds appropriated under the authorizations contained in section 105 of this Act;

(B) to promote and assist in the development of advanced technologies and the generic application of such technologies to civilian products, processes, and services;

(C) to improve the competitive position of United States industry by supporting industry-led research and development projects in areas of emerging technology which have substantial potential to advance the economic well-being and national security of the United States, such as high-resolution information systems, advanced manufacturing technology, and advanced materials; and

(D) to support projects that range from idea exploration to prototype development and address long-term, high-risk areas of

technological research, development, and application that are not otherwise being adequately developed by the private sector, but are likely to yield important benefits to the Nation.

(c) ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.—(1) Section 28(a) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n(a)), is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: "In operating the Program, the Secretary and Director shall, as appropriate, be guided by the findings and recommendations of the Biennial National Critical Technology Reports prepared pursuant to section 603 of the National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6683)."

(2) Section 28(b)(1) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n(b)(1)), is amended by inserting "industry-led" immediately after "aid".

(3) Section 28(b)(1)(B) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n(b)(1)(B)), is amended by inserting "by means of grants, cooperative agreements, or contracts" immediately after "such joint ventures".

(4) Section 28(b)(2) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n(b)(2)), is amended to read as follows:

"(2) provide grants to and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements with United States businesses (especially small businesses), provided that emphasis is placed on applying the Institute's research, research techniques, and expertise to those organizations' research programs;"

(5) Section 28(d)(2) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n(d)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) In the case of joint ventures, the Program shall not make an award unless the award will facilitate the formation of a joint venture or the initiation of a new research and development project by an existing joint venture."

(6) Section 28(d) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n(d)(7)) is amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (7);

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (8) and (9) as paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

"(9) A company shall be eligible to receive financial assistance under this section only if—

"(A) the Secretary finds that the company's participation in the Program would be in the economic interest of the United States, as evidenced by investments in the United States in research, development, and manufacturing (including, for example, the manufacture of major components or sub-assemblies in the United States); significant contributions to employment in the United States; and agreement with respect to any technology arising from assistance provided under this section to promote the manufacture within the United States of products resulting from that technology (taking into account the goals of promoting the competitiveness of United States industry), and to procure parts and materials from competitive suppliers; and

"(B) either—

"(i) the company is a United States-owned company; or

"(ii) the Secretary finds that the company is incorporated in the United States and has a parent company which is incorporated in a country which affords to United States-owned companies opportunities, comparable to those afforded to any other company, to participate in any joint venture similar to those authorized under this Act; affords to United States-owned companies local invest-

ment opportunities comparable to those afforded to any other company; and affords adequate and effective protection for the intellectual property rights of United States-owned companies.

“(10) Grants, contracts, and cooperative assignments under this section shall be designed to support projects which are high risk and which have the potential for eventual substantial widespread commercial application. In order to receive a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this section, a research and development entity shall demonstrate to the Secretary the requisite ability in research and technology development and management in the project area in which the grant, contract, or cooperative agreement is being sought.

“(11)(A) Title to any intellectual property arising from assistance provided under this section shall vest in a company or companies incorporated in the United States. The United States may reserve a nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable paid-up license, to have practiced for or on behalf of the United States, in connection with any such intellectual property, but shall not, in the exercise of such license, publicly disclose proprietary information related to the license. Title to any such intellectual property shall not be transferred or passed, except to a company incorporated in the United States, until the expiration of the first patent obtained in connection with such intellectual property.

“(B) For purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘intellectual property’ means an invention patentable under title 35, United States Code, or any patent on such an invention.

“(C) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit the licensing to any company of intellectual property rights arising from assistance provided under this section.”.

(7) Section 28(e) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n(e)) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) The Secretary may, within 30 days after notice to Congress, suspend a company or joint venture from continued assistance under this section if the Secretary determines that the company, the country of incorporation of the company or a parent company, or the joint venture has failed to satisfy any of the criteria set forth in subsection (d)(9), and that it is in the national interest of the United States to do so.”.

(8) Section 28 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

“(f) When reviewing private sector requests for awards under the Program, and when monitoring the progress of assisted research projects, the Secretary and the Director shall, as appropriate, coordinate with the Secretary of Defense and other senior Federal officials to ensure cooperation and coordination in Federal technology programs and to avoid unnecessary duplication of effort. The Secretary and the Director are authorized to work with the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the Secretary of Defense, and other appropriate Federal officials to form interagency working groups or special project offices to coordinate Federal technology activities.

“(g) In order to analyze the need for the value of joint ventures and other research projects in specific technical fields, to evaluate any proposal made by a joint venture or company requesting the Secretary’s assistance, or to monitor the progress of any joint venture or any company research project which receives Federal funds under the Program, the Secretary, the Under Secretary of Commerce for Technology, and the Director may, notwithstanding any other provision of

law, meet with such industry sources as they consider useful and appropriate.

“(h) Up to 10 percent of the funds appropriated for carrying out this section may be used for standards development and technical activities by the Institute in support of the purposes of this section.

“(i) In addition to such sums as may be authorized and appropriated to the Secretary and Director to operate the Program, the Secretary and Director also may accept funds from other Federal departments and agencies for the purpose of providing Federal funds to support awards under the Program. Any Program award which is supported with funds which originally came from other Federal departments and agencies shall be selected and carried out according to the provisions of this section.

“(j) As used in this section—

“(1) the term ‘joint venture’ means any group of activities, including attempting to make, making, or performing a contract, by two or more persons for the purpose of—

“(A) theoretical analysis, experimentation, or systematic study of phenomena or observable facts;

“(B) the development or testing of basic engineering techniques;

“(C) the extension of investigative finding or theory of a scientific or technical nature into practical application for experimental and demonstration purposes, including the experimental production and testing of models, prototypes, equipment, materials, and processes;

“(D) the collection, exchange, and analysis of research information;

“(E) the production of any product, process, or service; or

“(F) any combination of the purposes specified in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E).

and may include the establishment and operation of facilities for the conducting of research, the conducting of such venture on a protected and proprietary basis, and the prosecuting of applications for patents and the granting of licenses for the results of such venture; and

“(2) the term ‘United States-owned company’ means a company that has majority ownership or control by individuals who are citizens of the United States.”.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments in subsection (c) shall take effect immediately upon enactment; however, the amendments shall not apply to applications submitted before the date of enactment of this Act.

(e) MANAGEMENT COSTS.—Section 2 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(d) In carrying out the extramural funding programs of the Institute, including the programs established under sections 25, 26, and 28 of this Act, the Secretary may retain reasonable amounts of any funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations for these programs in order to pay for the Institute’s management of these programs.”.

(f) COMPREHENSIVE REPORT.—The Secretary shall, not later than 4 years after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to each House of the Congress and the President a comprehensive report on the results of the Advanced Technology Program established under section 28 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n), including any activities in the areas of high-resolution information systems, advanced manufacturing technology, and advanced materials.

TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO THE STEVENSON-WYDLER TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION ACT OF 1980

SEC. 301. FEDERAL LABORATORY CONSORTIUM.

(a) Section 11(e)(2) of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710(e)(2)) is amended by inserting “senior” after “Consortium and a”.

(b) Section 11(e)(6) of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710(e)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following: “Such report shall include an annual independent audit of the financial statements of the Consortium, conducted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.”.

(c) Section 11(e)(7)(B)(ii) of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710(e)(7)(B)(ii)) is amended by striking “or 1991” and inserting in lieu thereof “1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, or 1996”.

(d) Section 11(e)(8) of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710(e)(8)) is repealed.

SEC. 302. COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS.

(a) Section 12(d)(1) of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a(d)(1)) is amended by inserting “intellectual property,” after “equipment,” both places it appears.

(b) Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report to the Congress on the advisability of authorizing a new form of cooperative research and development agreement which would permit Federal contributions of funds.

SEC. 303. RESEARCH EQUIPMENT.

Section 11 of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(i) RESEARCH EQUIPMENT.—The Director of a laboratory, or the head of any Federal agency or department, may give research equipment that is excess to the needs of the laboratory, agency, or department to an educational institution or nonprofit organization for the conduct of technical and scientific education and research activities. Title of ownership shall transfer with a gift under the section.”.

SEC. 304. DEFINITION OF FEDERAL AGENCY.

Section 4(8) of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703(8)) is amended by inserting “, as well as any agency of the legislative branch of the Federal Government” after “of such title”.

SEC. 305. QUALITY IMPROVEMENT.

Section 17(f) of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3711a(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following: “The Director is authorized to use appropriated funds to carry out responsibilities under this Act.”.

SEC. 306. UNDER SECRETARY.

Section 5(c) of the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3704(c)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (13) and (14) as paragraphs (14) and (15), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (12) the following new paragraph:

“(13) serve as a focal point for discussions among United States companies on topics of interest to industry and labor, including discussions regarding manufacturing and discussions regarding emerging technologies;”.

TITLE IV—NATIONAL COMMISSION ON REDUCING CAPITAL COSTS FOR EMERGING TECHNOLOGY

SEC. 401. NATIONAL COMMISSION ON REDUCING CAPITAL COSTS FOR EMERGING TECHNOLOGY.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.—There is established a National Commission on Re-

ducing Capital Costs for Emerging Technology (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Commission"), for the purpose of developing recommendations to increase the competitiveness of United States industry by encouraging investments in research, the development of new process and product technologies, and the production of those technologies.

(b) ISSUES.—The function of the Commission shall be to address the following issues:

(1) How has the overall cost of capital paid by United States companies differed during the past decade from that paid by companies in other industrial economies such as Germany, Japan, and the United Kingdom?

(2) To what extent has the cost of capital faced by technology companies differed from the overall cost of capital in each of these nations during the same period?

(3) To what extent do high capital costs in general inhibit investment in projects with long-term payoffs, such as the development and commercialization of new technology?

(4) To what extent does the structure of the financial services industry in the United States affect the flow of capital to advanced technology investment, and to what extent do current practices in the equity markets raise the cost of capital and inhibit the availability of capital to fund research and development, purchase advanced manufacturing equipment, and fund other investments necessary to commercialize advanced technology?

(5) In what ways do Government regulations influence the cost of capital in the United States?

(6) To what extent have national differences in capital costs facilitated the foreign acquisition of technology-based United States companies?

(7) What macroeconomic and other policies would promote greater investment in advanced manufacturing techniques, in research and development, and in other activities necessary to commercialize and produce new technologies?

(8) What specific policies should the Federal Government follow in order to reduce the cost of capital for United States companies to levels that are near parity with those faced by the Nation's principal trading partners?

(c) MEMBERSHIP.—(1) The Commission shall be composed of 9 members who are eminent in such fields as advanced technology, manufacturing, finance, and international economics and who are appointed as follows:

(A) 3 individuals appointed by the President, one of whom shall chair the Commission.

(B) 3 individuals appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, 1 of whom shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the minority leader of the House of Representatives.

(C) 3 individuals appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate, 2 of whom shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the majority leader of the Senate and 1 of whom shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the minority leader of the Senate.

(2) Each member shall be appointed for the life of the Commission. A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made.

(d) PROCEDURES.—(1) The chairman shall call the first meeting of the Commission within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) Recommendations of the Commission shall require the approval of three-quarters of the members of the Commission.

(3) The Commission may use such personnel detailed from Federal agencies as may be necessary to enable it to carry out its duties.

(4) Members of the Commission, other than full-time employees of the Federal Government, while attending meetings of the Commission while away from their homes or regular places of business, shall be allowed travel expenses in accordance with subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

(e) REPORTS.—The Commission shall, within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the President and Congress a report containing legislative and other recommendations with respect to the issues addressed under subsection (b).

(f) CONSULTATION.—The Commission shall consult, as appropriate, with the Commission on Technology and Procurement established by section 505 of this Act.

(g) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate 6 months after the submission of its report under subsection (e).

(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for the fiscal years 1992 and 1993.

TITLE V—STUDIES AND REPORTS

SEC. 501. HIGH-RESOLUTION INFORMATION SYSTEMS ADVISORY BOARD.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.—The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall establish within that office a High-Resolution Information Systems Advisory Board (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Board") to monitor and, as appropriate, foster the development of United States-based high-resolution information systems industries.

(b) DEFINITION.—As used in this title, the term "high-resolution information systems" means the equipment and techniques required to create, store, recover, and play back high-resolution images and accompanying sound.

(c) FUNCTIONS.—The board shall—

(1) collect and analyze information on the range of factors which will determine whether United States-based high-resolution information systems industries will develop and become competitive, including such factors as technology policies, specialized financial problems, international standards and foreign trade practices, Federal regulations and procurement policies, and licensing practices;

(2) identify areas where appropriate cooperation between the Federal Government and the private sector, including Government support for industry-led joint research and development ventures, would enhance United States industrial competitiveness in this area, and provide advice and guidance for such cooperative efforts;

(3) provide guidance on what Federal policies and practices, particularly in such areas as procurement and the transfer of federally-funded research, are necessary to help establish United States-based high-resolution information systems industries;

(4) provide advice on the coordination of Federal defense and civilian activities to maximize and assist with the transfer of technologies in the field of high-resolution information systems into commercial products; and

(5) generally develop recommendations for guiding Federal agency activities related to the development of United States-based high-resolution information systems industries.

(d) MEMBERSHIP AND PROCEDURES.—(1)(A) The Board shall be composed of 13 members, 7 of whom shall constitute a quorum.

(B) The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the Secretary, the Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, and the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, or their designees, shall serve as members of the Board.

(C) The President, acting through the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, shall appoint as additional members of the Board—

(i) 5 members from the private electronics manufacturing sector, drawn from such sectors as semiconductors, display equipment, computers, consumer electronics, and telecommunications, with 1 member also representing labor;

(ii) 3 members from the private nonmanufacturing sector, including 1 representative from the transmission delivery the software industry, the entertainment industry, and the investment community; and

(iii) 1 member from academia.

At least 1 member appointed under this subparagraph shall be from small business.

(2) The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy or the Director's designee shall chair the Board.

(3) The chairman shall call the first meeting of the Board within 30 days after the appointment of members is completed.

(4) The Board may use such personnel detailed from Federal agencies as may be necessary to enable it to perform its functions.

(5) Members of the Board, other than full-time employees of the Federal Government, while attending meetings of the Board or otherwise performing duties of the Board while away from their homes or regular places of business, shall be allowed travel expenses in accordance with subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

(6) The Board shall submit a report of its activities once every year after its establishment to the President, the Committees on Science, Space, and Technology and on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

(e) LIMITATION ON FUNCTIONS.—Nothing in this section or any other provision of this Act shall be construed—

(1) to authorize the Board to investigate or provide advice or guidance with respect to standards or other regulations or policies related to the transmission, delivery, or receipt of broadcast television or cable television signals subject to regulation by the Federal Communications Commission under the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.); or

(2) to limit, modify, or affect in any manner the authorities, functions or responsibilities of the Federal Communications Commission or the National Telecommunications and Information Administration.

(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for the fiscal years 1992 and 1993.

SEC. 502. MAJOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROPOSALS.

The National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976 is amended by adding at the end of title II the following new section:

"MAJOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROPOSALS

"SEC. 209. The Director shall identify and provide an annual report to Congress on each major multinational science and technology project, in which the United States is not a participant, which has a total estimated cost greater than \$1,000,000,000."

SEC. 503. BIENNIAL NATIONAL CRITICAL TECHNOLOGIES REPORT AMENDMENTS.

Section 603 of the National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6683) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting ", but shall include the most economically important emerging civilian technologies during the 10-year period following such report, together with the estimated current and future

size of domestic and international markets for products derived from these technologies" after "may not exceed 30";

(2) in subsection (b), by striking "national security and" and inserting in lieu thereof "national security or";

(3) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(4) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

"(d) Each such report shall include—

"(1) an identification of the types of research and development needed to close any significant gaps or deficiencies in the technology base of the United States, as compared with the technology bases of major trading partners; and

"(2) a list of the technologies and markets targeted by major trading partners for development or capture."

SEC. 504. CRITICAL INDUSTRIES.

(a) IDENTIFICATION OF INDUSTRIES AND DEVELOPMENT OF PLAN.—The Secretary shall—

(1) identify those civilian industries in the United States that are necessary to support a robust manufacturing infrastructure and critical to the economic security of the United States; and

(2) list the major research and development initiatives being undertaken, and the substantial investments being made, by the Federal Government, including its research laboratories, in each of the critical industries identified under paragraph (1).

(b) INITIAL REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit a report to the Congress within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act on the actions taken under subsection (a).

(c) ANNUAL UPDATES.—The Secretary shall annually submit to the Congress an update of the report submitted under subsection (b). Each such update shall—

(1) describe the status of each identified critical industry, including the advances and declines occurring since the most recent report; and

(2) identify any industries that should be added to the list of critical industries.

SEC. 505. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TECHNOLOGY UTILIZATION, AND GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT POLICY.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy, shall establish a Commission on Technology and Procurement (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Commission"), for the purposes of analyzing the effect of Federal Government procurement laws, procedures, and policies on the development of advanced technologies within the United States and making recommendations on how Federal policy could be changed to promote further the development of advanced technologies.

(b) ISSUES.—The Commission shall address the following issues:

(1) To what extent, if any, should Federal Government technology purchase strategies be used to give domestic suppliers a competitive advantage in new generations of existing technologies and in initial market penetration for new technologies?

(2) Under what conditions can Federal Government purchases of advanced technology-based products be based on performance specifications rather than on product specifications? Should Federal Government procurement first look to the commercial markets for products that will meet performance specifications before purchasing a unique product that has to be developed?

(3) How can the Federal Government procurement laws, practices, and procedures be used as a strategic tool to foster the use of emerging technologies?

(4) How can the Federal Government ensure that its suppliers adopt the principles

embodied in the Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award?

(5) Should Federal Government procurement practices include cooperative efforts between the supplier and the Federal entity to develop products so as to be more easily marketed on a commercial basis? Should a program for the exchange of technical personnel to foster innovation in product development be part of such practices?

(6) To what extent, if any, should Federal Government documents specify standards that are beneficial to domestic suppliers, aid the compatibility of advanced technologies, and speed the commercial acceptance of those technologies, and what would be the role of the Institute in such an effort?

(7) Should Federal Government procurement be linked to the Advanced Technology Program and to technology transfer activities so that specification development can incorporate the latest technical advances available?

(8) To what extent should worldwide, state of the art technology be required in Federal Government procurement?

(c) MEMBERSHIP AND PROCEDURES.—(1) The Commission shall be composed of 15 members, 8 of whom shall constitute a quorum.

(2) The Secretary, the Administrator of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the Secretary of Defense, and the Administrator of General Services, or their designees who serve in executive level positions, shall serve as members of the Commission.

(3) The Secretary shall appoint as members of the Commission, from among individuals not employed by the Federal Government—

(A) 4 members who are eminent in advanced technology businesses representing manufacturing and services industries, including at least 1 member representing labor;

(B) 3 members who are eminent in the fields of technology and international economic development; and

(C) with the concurrence of the Administrator of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy, 3 members who are eminent in the field of Federal Government procurement.

(4) The Secretary shall appoint a Commission chairman from among the members of the Commission. The chairman shall call the first meeting of the Commission within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(5) The Secretary and the Administrator of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy shall provide such staff as may be required by the Commission to carry out its responsibilities.

(6) Members of the Commission, other than full-time employees of the Federal Government, while attending meetings of the Commission or otherwise performing duties of the Commission while away from their homes or regular places of business, shall be allowed travel expenses in accordance with subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

(d) REPORTS.—(1) The Commission shall, within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the Secretary, the Administrator of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy, the President, and Congress a report containing preliminary recommendations with respect to the issues addressed under subsection (b).

(2) The Commission shall, within 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the Secretary and Congress a final report containing final recommendations with respect to the issues addressed under subsection (b).

(e) CONSULTATION.—The Commission shall consult, as appropriate, with the National Commission on Reducing Capital Costs for Emerging Technology.

(f) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate 6 months after the submission of its final report under subsection (d)(2).

(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for the fiscal years 1992, 1993, and 1994.

SEC. 506. REPORT ON INFORMATION COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION.

(a) REPORT.—Within 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the feasibility of establishing and operating a Federal Online Information Product Catalog (FEDLINE) at the National Technical Information Service which would serve as a comprehensive inventory and authoritative register of information products and services disseminated by the Federal Government and assist agencies and the public in locating Federal Government information. Information protected from public disclosure shall not be included. In studying the concept, the Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary and the Director of the National Technical Information Service, shall consult with officials from appropriate Government agencies, including the Office of Management and Budget, the National Archives, the Government Printing Office, and the Institute, and with representatives of the public, for their views on the optimal composition and format of FEDLINE. Such report shall contain cost estimates and possible funding sources for establishing and operating FEDLINE and shall list any changes in law and regulation that would be required if FEDLINE were to be implemented.

(b) FUNDING.—The Director of the National Technical Information Service may retain and use all monies received, including receipts, revenues, and advanced payments and deposits, to fund obligations and expenses through the end of fiscal year 1993.

(c) ELECTRONIC FORMAT.—Section 212(e)(5) of the National Technical Information Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 3704b(e)(5)) is amended by inserting " , including producing and disseminating information products in electronic format" after "engineering information".

SEC. 507. NATIONAL QUALITY COUNCIL.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND FUNCTIONS.—There is established a National Quality Council (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Council"). The functions of the Council shall be—

(1) to establish national goals and priorities for Quality performance in business, education, government, and all other sectors of the nation;

(2) to encourage and support the voluntary adoption of these goals and priorities by companies, unions, professional and business associations, coalition groups, and units of government, as well as private and nonprofit organizations;

(3) to arouse and maintain the interest of the people of the United States in Quality performance, and to encourage the adoption and institution of Quality performance methods by all corporations, government agencies, and other organizations; and

(4) to conduct a White House Conference on Quality Performance in the American Workplace that would bring together in a single forum national leaders in business, labor, education, professional societies, the media, government, and politics to address Quality performance as a means of improving United States competitiveness.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Council shall consist of not less than 17 or more than 20 members, appointed by the Secretary. Members shall include—

- (1) at least 2 but not more than 3 representatives from manufacturing industry;
- (2) at least 2 but not more than 3 representatives from service industry;
- (3) at least 2 but not more than 3 representatives from national Quality not-for-profit organizations;
- (4) two representatives from education, one with expertise in elementary and secondary education, and one with expertise in post-secondary education;
- (5) one representative from labor;
- (6) one representative from professional societies;
- (7) one representative each from local and State government;
- (8) one representative from the Federal Quality Institute;
- (9) one representative from the National Institute of Standards and Technology;
- (10) one representative from the Department of Defense;
- (11) one representative from a civilian Federal agency not otherwise represented on the Council, to be rotated among such agencies every 2 years; and
- (12) one representative from the Foundation for the Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award.

(c) TERMS.—The term of office of each member of the Council appointed under paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection (b) shall be 2 years, except that when making the initial appointments under such paragraphs; the Secretary shall appoint not more than 50 percent of the members to 1 year terms. No member appointed under such paragraphs shall serve on the Council for more than 2 consecutive terms.

(d) CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN.—The Secretary shall designate one of the members initially appointed to the Council as Chairman. Thereafter, the members of the Council shall annually elect one of their number as Chairman. The members of the Council shall also annually elect one of their members as Vice Chairman. No individual shall serve as Chairman or Vice Chairman for more than 2 consecutive years.

(e) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND EMPLOYEES.—The Council shall appoint and fix the compensation of an Executive Director, who shall hire and fix the compensation of such additional employees as may be necessary to assist the Council in carrying out its functions. In hiring such additional employees, the Executive Director shall ensure that no individual hired has a conflict of interest with the responsibilities of the Council.

(f) FUNDING.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a National Quality Performance Trust Fund, into which all funds received by the Council, through private donations or otherwise, shall be deposited. Amounts in such Trust Fund shall be available to the Council, to the extent provided in advance in appropriations Acts, for the purpose of carrying out the functions of the Council under this Act.

(g) CONTRIBUTIONS.—The Council may not accept private donations from a single source in excess of \$25,000 per year. Private donations from a single source in excess of \$10,000 per year may be accepted by the Council only on approval of two-thirds of the Council.

(h) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Council shall annually submit to the President and the Congress a comprehensive and detailed report on—

- (1) the progress in meeting the goals and priorities established by the Council;
- (2) the Council's operations, activities, and financial condition;
- (3) contributions to the Council from non-Federal sources;
- (4) plans for the Council's operations and activities for the future; and

(5) any other information or recommendations the Council considers appropriate.

SEC. 508. STUDY OF TESTING AND CERTIFICATION.

(a) CONTRACT WITH NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act and within available appropriations, the Secretary shall enter into a contract with the National Research Council for a thorough review of international product testing and certification issues. The National Research Council will be asked to address the following issues and make recommendations as appropriate:

(1) The impact on United States manufacturers, testing and certification laboratories, certification organizations, and other affected bodies of the European Community's plans for testing and certification of regulated and nonregulated products of non-European origin.

(2) Ways for United States manufacturers to gain acceptance of their products in the European Community and in other foreign countries and regions.

(3) The feasibility and consequences of having mutual recognition agreements between testing and certification organizations in the United States and those of major trading partners on the accreditation of testing and certification laboratories and on quality control requirements.

(4) Information coordination regarding product acceptance and conformity assessment mechanisms between the United States and foreign governments.

(5) The appropriate Federal, State, and private roles in coordination and oversight of testing, certification, accreditation, and quality control to support national and international trade.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—In selecting the members of the review panel, the National Research Council shall consult with and draw from, among others, laboratory accreditation organizations, Federal and State government agencies involved in testing and certification, professional societies, trade associations, small business, and labor organizations.

(c) REPORT.—A report based on the findings and recommendations of the review panel shall be submitted to the Secretary, the President, and Congress within 18 months after the Secretary signs the contract with the National Research Council.

SEC. 509. REPORT ON A STRATEGY TO STIMULATE COMPETITIVE RESEARCH.

(a) IN GENERAL.—No later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall submit to Congress a report presenting a proposed strategy for improving the university research capabilities of those States which historically have received relatively little Federal research and development funding. The report shall particularly—

(1) analyze recent steps to use the National Science Foundation's Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research as a model for similar programs in several other Federal departments and agencies which fund research and development; and

(2) examine the feasibility and advisability of using that Program as a model for Federal research and development agencies which do not currently have similar programs.

(b) ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION.—The report shall include an analysis and discussion of—

(1) the geographic distribution of Federal research and development grants and contracts;

(2) current Federal efforts to stimulate competitive research; and

(3) the feasibility and advisability of new Federal programs to stimulate competitive research.

SEC. 510. INTERAGENCY COORDINATION.

The Secretary shall, within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, a plan for coordination of Commerce Department efforts with other Federal agencies for activities related to high-resolution information systems, including research and development activities.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, recognized Mr. VALENTINE and Mr. WALKER, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,
The question being put, viva voce,
Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said amendment?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

Mr. WALKER demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced that further proceedings on the motion were postponed.

4.24 H. CON. RES. 268—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 268) to correct technical errors in the enrollment of the bill H.R. 3866.

The question being put,
Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said concurrent resolution?

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 390
affirmative } Nays 0

4.25 [Roll No. 2] YEAS—390

Abercrombie	Bliley	Collins (MI)
Ackerman	Boehlert	Combest
Alexander	Boehner	Condit
Allard	Bonior	Conyers
Allen	Borski	Cooper
Anderson	Boucher	Costello
Andrews (ME)	Boxer	Coughlin
Andrews (NJ)	Brewster	Cox (CA)
Andrews (TX)	Brooks	Cox (IL)
Annunzio	Broomfield	Coyne
Anthony	Browder	Cramer
Applegate	Brown	Crane
Archer	Bruce	Darden
Armey	Bryant	Davis
Atkins	Bunning	DeFazio
Bacchus	Burton	DeLauro
Baker	Byron	DeLay
Ballenger	Callahan	Derrick
Barnard	Camp	Dickinson
Barrett	Campbell (CA)	Dicks
Barton	Campbell (CO)	Dingell
Bateman	Cardin	Dixon
Beilenson	Carper	Doolittle
Bennett	Chandler	Dorgan (ND)
Bentley	Chapman	Dornan (CA)
Bereuter	Clay	Downey
Berman	Clement	Dreier
Bevill	Clinger	Duncan
Bilbray	Coble	Durbin
Bilirakis	Coleman (MO)	Dwyer
Blackwell	Collins (IL)	Early

Eckart
 Edwards (CA)
 Edwards (TX)
 Emerson
 Engel
 Erdreich
 Espy
 Evans
 Ewing
 Fascell
 Fawell
 Fazio
 Fields
 Fish
 Flake
 Foglietta
 Ford (MI)
 Ford (TN)
 Franks (CT)
 Frost
 Gallegly
 Gallo
 Gaydos
 Gejdenson
 Gekas
 Gephardt
 Geren
 Gibbons
 Gilchrest
 Gillmor
 Gilman
 Gingrich
 Glickman
 Gonzalez
 Goodling
 Gordon
 Goss
 Gradison
 Grandy
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 Hall (OH)
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 Hatcher
 Hayes (IL)
 Hayes (LA)
 Hefley
 Hefner
 Henry
 Herger
 Hertel
 Hoagland
 Hobson
 Holloway
 Hopkins
 Horn
 Horton
 Houghton
 Hoyer
 Hubbard
 Huckaby
 Hughes
 Hunter
 Hutto
 Hyde
 Inhofe
 Ireland
 Jacobs
 James
 Jenkins
 Johnson (CT)
 Johnson (SD)
 Johnson (TX)
 Johnston
 Jones (GA)
 Jones (NC)
 Jontz
 Kanjorski
 Kaptur
 Kasich
 Kennedy
 Kennelly
 Kildee
 Klug
 Kolbe
 Kolter
 Kopetski
 Kostmayer
 Kyl
 LaFalce
 Lagomarsino
 Lancaster
 LaRocco

Laughlin
 Leach
 Lehman (FL)
 Lehman (CA)
 Levin (MI)
 Lewis (CA)
 Lewis (FL)
 Lewis (GA)
 Lightfoot
 Lipinski
 Livingston
 Long
 Roybal
 Lowery (CA)
 Lowey (NY)
 Luken
 Machtley
 Manton
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 Berman
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 Bilbray
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 Blackwell
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 Bonior
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NAYS—0
 NOT VOTING—44
 Frank (MA)
 Hastert
 Hochbrueckner
 Jefferson
 Kleczka
 Lantos
 Lent
 Levine (CA)
 Lloyd
 McCurdy
 McDade
 Miller (WA)
 Morrison
 Mrazek
 Nagle
 Oakar
 Olin
 Owens (UT)
 Porter
 Ridge
 Sabo
 Scheuer
 Schiff
 Swett
 Tauzin
 Torricelli
 Wise
 Wolpe
 Young (AK)

Franks (CT)
 Frost
 Gallegly
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 Gejdenson
 Gekas
 Gephardt
 Geren
 Gibbons
 Gilchrest
 Gillmor
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 Gingrich
 Glickman
 Gonzalez
 Goodling
 Gordon
 Goss
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 Grandy
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 Hall (OH)
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 Hayes (IL)
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 Henry
 Herger
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 Hoagland
 Hobson
 Holloway
 Hopkins
 Horn
 Horton
 Houghton
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 Hubbard
 Huckaby
 Hughes
 Hunter
 Hutto
 Hyde
 Inhofe
 Ireland
 Jacobs
 James
 Jenkins
 Johnson (CT)
 Johnson (SD)
 Johnson (TX)
 Johnston
 Jones (GA)
 Jones (NC)
 Jontz
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 Kaptur
 Kasich
 Kennedy
 Kennelly
 Kildee
 Kleczka
 Klug
 Kolbe
 Kolter
 Kopetski
 Kostmayer
 Kyl
 LaFalce
 Lagomarsino
 LaRocco
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 Lehman (CA)
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 Bilbray
 Bilirakis
 Blackwell
 Bilely
 Boehlert
 Boehner
 Bonior
 Borski
 Boucher

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said concurrent resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said concurrent resolution.

4.26 H.R. 1989—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the further unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 1989) to authorize appropriations for the National Institute of Standards and Technology and the Technology Administration of the Department of Commerce, and for other purposes.

The question being put, Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said amendment?

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 392 Nays 1

4.27 [Roll No. 3] YEAS—392

Abercrombie
 Ackerman
 Alexander
 Allard
 Allen
 Anderson
 Andrews (ME)
 Andrews (NJ)
 Andrews (TX)
 Annunzio
 Anthony
 Applegate
 Archer
 Arney
 Atkins
 Bacchus
 Baker
 Ballenger
 Barnard
 Barrett
 Barton
 Bateman
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 Bentley
 Bereuter
 Berman
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 Bonior
 Borski
 Boucher
 Boxer
 Brewster
 Brooks
 Broomfield
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 Burton
 Byron
 Callahan
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 Campbell (CA)
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 Chapman
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 Collins (MI)
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 Conyers
 Cooper
 Costello
 Coughlin
 Cox (CA)
 Cox (IL)
 Coyne
 Cramer
 Crane
 Darden
 Davis
 DeFazio
 DeLauro
 DeLay
 Derrick
 Dickinson
 Dicks
 Dingell
 Dixon
 Doolittle
 Dorgan (ND)
 Dornan (CA)
 Downey
 Dreier
 Duncan
 Durbin
 Dwyer
 Early
 Eckart
 Edwards (CA)
 Edwards (TX)
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 Evans
 Ewing
 Fascell
 Fawell
 Fazio
 Fields
 Fish
 Flake
 Foglietta
 Ford (MI)
 Ford (TN)

NAYS—1
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NOT VOTING—41

Aspin	Feighan	Olin
AuCoin	Frank (MA)	Ortiz
Bustamante	Hastert	Owens (UT)
Campbell (CO)	Hochbrueckner	Porter
Coleman (TX)	Jefferson	Sabo
Cunningham	Lancaster	Scheuer
Dannemeyer	Lantos	Schiff
de la Garza	Lent	Swett
Dellums	Levine (CA)	Tauzin
Donnelly	McCurdy	Torricelli
Dooley	McDade	Wise
Dymally	Miller (WA)	Wolf
Edwards (OK)	Mrazek	Young (AK)
English	Oakar	

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said amendment was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said amendment was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

4.28 SENATE BILLS AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTION REFERRED

Bills and a concurrent resolution of the Senate of the following titles were taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

S. 36. An Act entitled the "New York City Zebra Mussel Monitoring Act of 1991"; jointly, to the Committees on Merchant Marine and Fisheries and Public Works and Transportation.

S. 2131. An Act to repeal section 618 of the Resolution Trust Corporation, Refinancing, Restructuring and Improvement Act of 1991; to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

S. Con. Res. 43. Concurrent resolution concerning the emancipation of the Baha'i community of Iran; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

4.29 RECESS—5:31 P.M.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. DERRICK, pursuant to the special order heretofore agreed to, declared the House in recess at 5 o'clock and 31 minutes p.m., subject to the call of the Chair.

4.30 AFTER RECESS—8:39 P.M.

The SPEAKER called the House to order.

4.31 COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK—MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

WASHINGTON, DC,
January 28, 1992.

Hon. THOMAS S. FOLEY,
The Speaker, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 5 of Rule III of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received at 6:42 p.m. on Tuesday, January 28, 1992, the following message from the Secretary of the Senate: That the Senate agreed to H. Con. Res. 267 without amendment.

With great respect, I am
Sincerely yours,
DONNALD K. ANDERSON,
Clerk, House of Representatives.

4.32 JOINT SESSION TO RECEIVE THE PRESIDENT'S STATE OF THE UNION ADDRESS

The Doorkeeper announced the Vice President and Members of the Senate, who entered the Hall of the House and took seats assigned them, the Vice President taking the Chair to the right of the Speaker.

Whereupon, pursuant to House Concurrent Resolution 267, the SPEAKER called the joint session of the two Houses to order.

The SPEAKER announced the appointment of Messrs. GEPHARDT, BONIOR, HOYER, FAZIO, BROOKS, MICHEL, GINGRICH, LEWIS of California, EDWARDS of Oklahoma, and ARCHER as members of the Committee on the part of the House to escort the President into the Hall of the House.

The Vice President announced the appointment of Messrs. MITCHELL, FORD, PRYOR, DIXON, ROBB, FOWLER, DASCHLE, DOLE, SIMPSON, COCHRAN, NICKLES, KASTAN, GRAMM and THURMOND as members of the committee on the part of the Senate to escort the President into the Hall of the House.

The Doorkeeper announced the ambassadors, ministers, and charges d'affaires of foreign governments, who entered the Hall of the House and took seats assigned them.

The Doorkeeper announced the Chief Justice of the United States and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, who entered the Hall of the House and took seats assigned to them.

The Doorkeeper announced the Members of the President's Cabinet, who entered the Hall of the House and took seats assigned to them.

The President of the United States at 9 o'clock and 2 minutes p.m., escorted by the committees of the two Houses, entered the Hall of the House and, at the Clerk's desk, delivered the following message:

Mr. Speaker, Mr. President, distinguished Members of Congress, honored guests, and fellow citizens: Thank you very much for that warm reception. You know, with the big buildup this address has had, I wanted to make sure it would be a big hit, but I couldn't convince Barbara to deliver it for me.

I see the Speaker and the Vice President are laughing. They saw what I did in Japan and they are just happy they are sitting behind me.

I mean to speak tonight of big things; of big changes and the promises they hold, and of some big problems and how together we can solve them and move our country forward as the undisputed leader of the age.

We gather tonight at a dramatic and deeply promising time in our history, and in the history of man on earth.

For in the past twelve months the world has known changes of almost biblical proportions. And even now, months after the failed coup that doomed a failed system, I am not sure we have absorbed the full impact, the full import of what happened. But communism died this year.

Even as President, with the most fascinating possible vantage point, there were times when I was so busy managing progress and helping to lead change, that I didn't always show the joy that was in my heart.

But the biggest thing that has happened in the world in my life—in our lives—is this: By the grace of God, America won the Cold War.

I mean to speak this evening of the changes that can take place in our country now that we can stop making the sacrifices we had to make when we had an avowed enemy that was a Superpower. Now we can look homeward even more, and move to set right what needs to be set right.

I will speak of those things. But let me tell you something I've been thinking these past few months. It's a kind of rollcall of honor. For the Cold War didn't "end"—it was won.

And I think of those who won it, in places like Korea, and Vietnam. And some of them didn't come back. Back then they were heroes, but this year they were: victors.

The long rollcall—all the G.I. Joes and Janes, all the ones who fought faithfully for freedom, who hit the ground and sucked the dust and knew their share of horror.

This may seem frivolous—I don't mean it so—but it's moving to me how the world saw them.

The world saw not only their special valor but their special style—their rambunctious, optimistic bravery, their do-or-die unity unhampered by class or race or region. What a group we've put forth, for generations now—from the ones who wrote "Kilroy was Here" on the walls of German stalags, to those who left signs in the Iraqi desert that said, "I Saw Elvis." What a group of kids we've sent out into the world.

And there's another to be singled out—though it may seem inelegant. I mean a mass of people called The American Taxpayer. No one ever thinks to thank the people who pay a country's bills, or an alliance's bills. But for half a century now the American people have shouldered the burden, and paid taxes that were higher than they would have been to support a defense that was bigger than it would have been if imperial communism had never existed.

But it did.

It doesn't anymore.

And here is a fact I wouldn't mind the world acknowledging: The American taxpayer bore the brunt of the burden, and deserves a hunk of the glory.

And so, now, for the first time in 35 years, our strategic bombers stand down. No longer are they on round-the-clock alert. Tomorrow our children will go to school and study history and how plants grow. And they won't have, as my children did, air raid drills in which they crawl under their desks and cover their heads in case of nuclear war. My grandchildren don't have to do that, and won't have the bad dreams

children had once, in decades past. There are still threats. But the long, drawn out dread is over.

A year ago tonight I spoke to you at a moment of high peril. American forces has just unleashed Operation Desert Storm. And after forty days in the desert skies, and four days on the ground, the men and women of America's Armed Forces, and our allies, accomplished the goals that I declared, and that you endorsed: We liberated Kuwait.

Soon after, the Arab world and Israel sat down to talk seriously, and comprehensively, about peace—an historic first. And soon after that, at Christmas, the last American hostages came home. Our policies were vindicated.

Much good can come from the prudent use of power. And much good can come of this: A world once divided into two armed camps now recognizes one sole and pre-eminent power: the United States of America.

And they regard this with no dread. For the world trusts us with power—and the world is right. They trust us to be fair, and restrained, they trust us to be on the side of decency. They trust us to do what's right.

And I use those words advisedly. A few days after the war began I received a telegram from Joanne Speicher, the wife of the first pilot killed in the Gulf, Lt. Commander Scott Speicher. Even in her grief she wanted me to know that some day, when her children were old enough, she would tell them “* * * that their father went away to war because it was the right thing to do.”

She said it all. It was the right thing to do.

And we did it together. There were honest differences right here, in this Chamber. But when the war began, you put partisanship aside, and supported our troops.

This is still a time for pride—but this is no time to boast. For problems face us, and we must stand together once again and solve them—and not let our country down.

Two years ago I began planning cuts in military spending that reflected the changes of the new era. But now, this year, with imperial communism gone, that process can be accelerated.

Tonight I can tell you of dramatic changes in our strategic nuclear force. These are actions we are taking on our own—because they are the right thing to do.

After completing 20 planes for which we have begun procurement, we will shut down further production of the B-2 bomber. We will cancel the small I.C.B.M. program. We will cease production of new warheads for our sea-based ballistic missiles. We will stop all new production of the Peacekeeper missile. And we will not purchase any more advanced cruise missiles.

This weekend I will meet at Camp David with Boris Yeltsin of the Russian Federation. I have informed President Yeltsin that if the Commonwealth—the former Soviet Union—will eliminate all land-based multiple war-

head ballistic missiles, I will do the following:

We will eliminate all Peacekeeper missiles. We will reduce the number of warheads on Minuteman missiles to one, and reduce the number of warheads on our sea-based missiles by about one-third. And we will convert a substantial portion of our strategic bombers to primarily conventional use.

President Yeltsin's early response has been very positive, and I expect our talks at Camp David to be fruitful.

I want you to know that for half a century, American presidents have longed to make such decisions and say such words. But even in the midst of celebration, we must keep caution as a friend.

For the world is still a dangerous place. Only the dead have seen the end of conflict. And though yesterday's challenges are behind us, tomorrow's are being born.

The Secretary of Defense recommended these cuts after consultation with the Joint Chiefs of Staff. And I make them with confidence. But do not misunderstand me:

The reductions I have approved will save us an additional 50 billion dollars over the next five years. By 1997 we will have cut defense by 30 percent since I took office. These cuts are deep, and you must know my resolve: This deep, and no deeper.

To do less would be insensible to progress—but to do more would be ignorant of history.

We must not go back to the days of “the hollow army”. We cannot repeat the mistakes made twice in this century, when armistice was followed by recklessness, and defense was purged as if the world were permanently safe.

I remind you this evening that I have asked for your support in funding a program to protect our country from limited nuclear missile attack. We must have this protection because too many people in too many countries have access to nuclear arms, and I urge you again to pass the Strategic Defense Initiative, SDI.

There are those who say that now we can turn away from the world, that we have no special role, no special place.

But we are the United States of America, the leader of the west that has become the leader of the world, and as long as I am President I will continue to lead in support of freedom everywhere—not out of arrogance, not out of altruism, but for the safety and security of our children.

This is a fact: Strength in the pursuit of peace is no vice; isolationism in the pursuit of security is no virtue. Now to our troubles at home. They are not all economic, but the primary problem is our economy. There are some good signs: Inflation, that thief, is down; and interest rates are down. But unemployment is too high, some industries are in trouble, and growth is not what it should be.

Let me tell you right from the start and right from the heart: I know we're in hard times, but I know something else: This will not stand.

My friends in this Chamber: We can bring the same courage and sense of common purpose to the economy that we brought to Desert Storm. And we can defeat hard times together.

I believe you will help. One reason is that you're patriots, and you want the best for your country. And I believe that in your hearts you want to put partisanship aside and get the job done—because it's the right thing to do.

The power of America rests in a stirring but simple idea: That people will do great things if only you set them free.

Well, we're going to set the economy free, for if this age of miracles and wonders has taught us anything, it's that if we can change the world, we can change America.

We must encourage investment. We must make it easier for people to invest money and create new products, new industries, and new jobs. We must clear away the obstacles to growth—high taxes, high regulation, red tape, and yes, wasteful government spending.

None of this will happen with a snap of the fingers—but it will happen. And the test of a plan isn't whether it's called new or dazzling. The American people aren't impressed by gimmicks; they're smarter on this score than all of us in this room. The only test of a plan is: Is it sound and will it work?

We must have a short term plan to address our immediate needs, and heat up the economy.

And then we need a longer term plan to keep the combustion going, and to guarantee our place in the world economy.

There are certain things that a President can do without Congress—And I am going to do them.

I have this evening asked major cabinet departments and federal agencies to institute a 90-day moratorium on any new federal regulations that could hinder growth. In those 90 days major departments and agencies will carry out a top to bottom review of all regulations, old and new—to stop the ones that will hurt growth, and speed up those that will help growth.

Further, for the untold number of hard working, responsible American workers and businessmen and women, who've been forced to go without needed bank loans: The banking credit crunch must end. I won't neglect my responsibility for sound regulations that serve the public good, but regulatory overkill must be stopped.

And I have instructed our government regulators to stop it.

I have directed cabinet departments, and federal agencies, to speed up progrowth expenditures as quickly as possible. This should put an extra 10 billion dollars into the economy in the next 6 months. And our new transportation bill provides more than 150 billion dollars for construction and maintenance projects that are vital to our growth and well being. That means jobs building roads, jobs building bridges, and jobs building railways.

I have this evening directed the Secretary of the Treasury to change the federal tax withholding tables. With this change, millions of Americans from whom the government withholds more than necessary can now choose to have the government withhold less from their paychecks. Something tells me a number of taxpayers may take us up on this one.

This initiative could return about 25 billion dollars back into our economy over the next 12 months—money people can use to help pay for clothing, college, or to get a new car.

Finally, working with the Federal Reserve, we will continue to support monetary policy that keeps both interest rates and inflation down.

Now, these are the things I can do. And now, members of Congress, let me tell you what you can do for your country. You must pass the other elements of my plan to meet our economic needs.

Everyone knows that investment spurs recovery.

I am proposing this evening a change in the alternative minimum tax, and the creation of a new 15 percent investment tax allowance. This will encourage businesses to accelerate investment and bring people back to work.

Real estate has led our economy out of almost all the tough times we've ever had. Once building starts, carpenters and plumbers work and people buy homes and take out mortgages.

My plan would modify the Passive Loss Rule for active real estate developers. And it would make it easier for pension plans to purchase real estate.

For those Americans who dream of buying a first home, but who can't quite afford it, my plan would allow first time home buyers to withdraw savings from I.R.A.'s without penalty—and provide a five thousand dollar tax credit for the first purchase of that home.

And finally, my immediate plan calls on Congress to give crucial help to people who own a home, to everyone who has a business, or a farm, or a single investment.

This time, at this hour, I cannot take No for an answer: You must cut the capital gains tax on the people of our country.

Never has an issue been more demagogued by its opponents. But the demagogues are wrong, they are wrong, and they know it.

Sixty percent of the people who benefit from lower capital gains have incomes under 50 thousand dollars. A cut in the capital gains tax increases jobs and helps just about everyone in our country.

And so I am asking you to cut the capital gains tax to a maximum of 15.4 percent.

And I'll tell you, those of you who say, "Oh no, someone who's comfortable may benefit from that." You kind of remind me of the old definition of the Puritan, who couldn't sleep at night worrying that somehow someone somewhere was out having a good time.

The opponents of this measure—and those who've authored various so called soak-the-rich bills that are floating around this chamber—should be reminded of something: When they aim at the big guy they usually hit the little guy. And maybe it's time that stopped.

This then is my short term plan. Your part, members of Congress, requires enactment of these common sense proposals that will have a strong effect on the economy—without breaking the budget agreement and without raising tax rates.

While my plan is being passed and kicking in, we've got to care for those in trouble today. I have provided up to 4.4 billion dollars in my budget to extend federal unemployment benefits. I ask for Congressional action right away, and I thank the committees.

And let's be frank. Let me level with you.

I know, and you know, that my plan is unveiled in a political season. I know, and you know, that everything I propose will be viewed by some in merely partisan terms. But I ask you to know what is in my heart: My aim is to increase our nation's good. I am doing what I think is right; I am proposing what I know will help.

I pride myself that I am a prudent man. I believe that patience is a virtue, but I understand that politics is, for some, a game—and that sometimes the game is to stop all progress and then decry the lack of improvement.

But let me tell you: far more important than my political future—and far more important than yours—is the well being of our country. Members of this Chamber are practical people, and I know you won't resent some practical advice: When people put their party's fortunes—whatever the party, whatever side of the aisle—before the public good, they court defeat not only for their country, but for themselves. And they will certainly deserve it.

I submit my plan tomorrow. I am asking you to pass it by March 20th. And I ask the American people to let you know they want this action by March 20th.

From the day after that, if it must be: the battle is joined.

And you know, when principle is at stake I relish a good fair fight.

I said my plan has two parts, and it does. And it is the second part that is the heart of the matter. For it's not enough to get an immediate burst—we need long term improvement in our economic position.

We all know that the key to our economic future is to ensure that America continues as the economic leader of the world. We have that in our power.

Here, then, is my long term plan to guarantee our future.

First, trade: We will work to break down the walls that stop world trade. We will work to open markets everywhere.

In our major trade negotiations I will continue pushing to eliminate tariffs and subsidies that damage America's

farmers and workers. And we'll get more good American jobs within our own hemisphere through the North American Free Trade Agreement, and through the Enterprise for the Americas Initiative.

But changes are here, and more are coming. The workplace of the future will demand more highly skilled workers than ever—more people who are computer literate, and highly educated.

We must be the world's leader in education. We must revolutionize America's schools.

My America 2000 strategy will help us reach that goal. My plan will give parents more choice, give teachers more flexibility, and help communities create New American Schools.

Thirty states across the nation have established America 2000 programs. Hundreds of cities and towns have joined in.

Now Congress must join this great movement: Pass my proposals for New American Schools.

That was my second long term proposal, and here is my third:

We must make common sense investments that will help us compete, long term, in the marketplace.

We must encourage research and development. My plan is to make the R and D tax credit permanent, and to provide record levels of support—over 76 billion dollars this year alone—for people who will explore the promise of emerging technologies.

Fourth, we must do something about crime, and drugs.

It is time for a major, renewed investment in fighting violent street crime. It saps our strength and hurts our faith in our society, and in our future together.

Surely a tired woman on her way to work at 6 in the morning on a subway deserves the right to get there safely. Surely it's true that everyone who changes his or her life because of crime—from those afraid to go out at night to those afraid to walk in the parks they pay for—surely these people have been denied a basic civil right.

It is time to restore it. Congress, pass my comprehensive crime bill. It is tough on criminals and supportive of police—and it has been languishing in these hallowed halls for years now.

Pass it. Help your country.

Fifth, I ask you tonight to fund our H.O.P.E. housing proposal—and to pass my Enterprise Zone legislation, which will get businesses into the inner city. We must empower the poor with the pride that comes from owning a home, getting a job, becoming a part of things.

My plan would encourage real estate construction by extending tax incentives for mortgage revenue bonds and low income housing.

And I ask tonight for record expenditures for the program that helps children born into want move into excellence: Head Start.

Step six—we must reform our health care system. For this too bears on

whether or not we can compete in the world.

American health costs have been exploding. This year America will spend over 800 billion dollars on health. And that's expected to grow to 1.6 trillion by the end of the decade. We simply cannot afford this.

The cost of health care shows up not only in your family budget, but in the price of everything we buy and everything we sell. When health coverage for a fellow on an assembly line costs thousands of dollars, the cost goes into the products he makes—and you pay the bill.

We must make a choice.

Now, some pretend we can have it both ways. They call it Play or Pay—but that expensive approach is unstable. It will mean higher taxes, fewer jobs and, eventually, a system under complete government control.

Really, there are only two options: We can move toward a nationalized system—which will restrict patient choice in picking a doctor and force the government to ration services arbitrarily. And what we'll get is patients in long lines, indifferent service, and a huge new tax burden.

Or we can reform our own private health care system—which still gives us, for all its flaws, the best quality health care in the world.

Well, let's build on our strengths.

My plan provides insurance security for all Americans—while preserving and increasing the idea of choice. We make basic health insurance affordable for all low income people not now covered. We do it by providing a health insurance tax credit of up to \$3,750 for each low income family. The middle class gets help too. And, by reforming the health insurance market, my plan assures that Americans will have access to basic health insurance even if they change jobs or develop serious health problems.

We must bring costs under control, preserve quality, preserve choice, and reduce the people's nagging daily worry about health insurance. My plan, the details of which I will announce very shortly, does just that.

Seventh, we must get the federal deficit under control.

We now have in law enforceable spending caps, a requirement that we pay for the programs we create.

There are those in Congress who would ease that discipline now. But I cannot let them do it—and I won't.

My plan would freeze all domestic discretionary budget authority—which means "No more next year than this year." I will not tamper with Social Security, but I would put real caps on the growth of uncontrolled spending. I would also freeze federal domestic government employment.

With the help of Congress, my plan will get rid of 246 programs that don't deserve federal funding. Some of them have noble titles, but none of them is indispensable. We can get rid of each and every one of them.

You know, it's time we rediscovered a "home truth;" the American people

have never forgotten: This government is too big and spends too much.

I call upon Congress to adopt a measure that will help put an end to the annual ritual of filling the budget with pork-barrel appropriations. Every year, the press has a field day making fun of outrageous examples—a Lawrence Welk museum, a research grant for Belgian Endive.

We all know how these things get into the budget. Maybe you need someone to help you say No. I know how to say it. And I know what I need to make it stick. Give me the same thing 43 Governors have: The line item veto, and let me help you control the spending.

We must put an end to unfinanced federal government mandates. These are the requirements Congress puts on our cities, counties and states—without supplying the money. If Congress passes a mandate, it should be forced to pay for it, and to balance the cost with savings elsewhere. After all, a mandate just increases someone else's burden—and that means higher taxes at the state and local level.

Step Eight: Congress should enact the bold reform proposals that are still awaiting Congressional action—bank reform, civil justice reform, tort reform, and my national energy strategy.

Finally: We must strengthen the family—because it is the family that has the greatest bearing on our future. When Barbara holds an AIDS baby in her arms, and reads to children, she's saying to every person in this country "Family matters."

I am announcing tonight a new Commission on America's Urban Families.

I have asked Missouri's Governor John Ashcroft, to be Chairman, a former Dallas Mayor in Dallas, Annette Strauss, to be co-chair. You know, I had Mayors, leading Mayors from the League of Cities in the other day at the White House and they told me something striking. They said that every one of them, Republican or Democrat, agreed on one thing: That the major cause of the problems of the cities is the dissolution of the family.

They asked for this Commission, and they were right to ask, because it's time to determine what we can do to keep families together, strong and sound.

There's one thing we can do right away: ease the burden of rearing a child. I ask you tonight to raise the personal exemption by five hundred dollars per child for every family. For a family with four kids, that's an increase of two thousand dollars. This is a good start, in the right direction, and it's what we can afford.

It's time to allow families to deduct the interest they pay on student loans. I am asking you to do just that. And I'm asking you to allow people to use money from their I.R.A.'s to pay medical and education expenses—all without penalties.

And I'm asking for more. Ask American parents what they dislike about how things are going in our country,

and chances are good that pretty soon they'll get to welfare.

Americans are the most generous people on earth. But we have to go back to the insight of Franklin Roosevelt who, when he spoke of what became the welfare program, warned that it must not become "a narcotic" and a "subtle destroyer" of the spirit.

Welfare was never meant to be a lifestyle; it was never meant to be a habit; it was never supposed to be passed from generation to generation like a legacy.

It's time to replace the assumptions of the welfare state, and help reform the welfare system.

States throughout the country are beginning to operate with new assumptions: That when able-bodied people receive government assistance, they have responsibilities to the taxpayer. A responsibility to seek work, education, or job training—a responsibility to get their lives in order—a responsibility to hold their families together and refrain from having children out of wedlock—and a responsibility to obey the law.

We are going to help this movement. Often, state reform requires waiving certain federal regulations. I will act to make that process easier and quicker for every state that asks our help.

And I want to add, as we make these changes and work together to improve the system, that our intention isn't scapegoating or finger pointing. If you read the papers or watch TV you know there's been a rise these days in a certain kind of ugliness, racist comments, anti-semitism, an increased sense of division.

Really, this is not us. This is not who we are. And this is not acceptable.

And so you have my plan for America. I am asking for big things—but I believe in my heart you will do what's right.

You know, it's kind of an American tradition to show a certain skepticism toward our democratic institutions. I myself have sometimes thought the aging process could be delayed if it had to make its way through Congress.

You will deliberate, and you will discuss, and that is fine.

But, my friends: the people cannot wait. They need help now.

There is a mood among us. People are worried, there has been talk of decline. Someone even said our workers are lazy and uninspired.

And I thought, really. Go tell Neil Armstrong standing on the moon. Tell the men and women who put him there. Tell the American farmer who feeds his country and the world. Tell the men and women of Desert Storm.

Moods come and go, but greatness endures.

Ours does.

And maybe for a moment it's good to remember what, in the dailyness of our lives, we forget:

We are still and ever the freest Nation on Earth—the kindest Nation on Earth—the strongest Nation on Earth—

And we have always risen to the occasion.

We are going to lift this nation out of hard times inch by inch and day by day, and those who would stop us had better step aside. Because I look at hard times and I make this vow: This will not stand.

And so we move on, together, a rising nation, the once and future miracle that is still, this night, the hope of the world.

Thank you. God bless you. God bless our beloved country

At 9 o'clock and 57 minutes p.m., the President of the United States retired from the Hall of the House, followed by his Cabinet.

The Chief Justice of the United States and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court retired from the Hall of the House.

The ambassadors, ministers and charges d'affaires of foreign governments retired from the Hall of the House.

The SPEAKER, at 10 o'clock p.m., then declared the joint session of the two Houses dissolved.

The Vice President and Members of the Senate retired from the Hall of the House.

4.33 REFERENCE OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

On motion of Mr. MCCURDY, the message of the President, as delivered, together with the accompanying documents, was referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 102-126).

And then,

4.34 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. MCCURDY, at 10 o'clock and 1 minute p.m., the House adjourned.

4.35 REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. JONES of North Carolina: Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries. House Concurrent Resolution 229. Resolution to insure that full restitution and reimbursement is made to the United States Coast Guard for its costs in the response to the oilspill in the Arabian Gulf; and to instruct the United Nations to earmark a percentage of the moneys collected for the United Nations Compensation Fund toward Arabian Gulf oilspill and Kuwaiti oil well spill cleanup and environmental restoration; with an amendment (Rept. No. 102-425, Pt. 1). Ordered to be printed.

Mr. CLAY: Committee on Post Office and Civil Services. H.R. 3209. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to ensure that the level of compensation for a Federal employee ordered to military duty during the Persian Gulf conflict is not less than the level of civilian pay last received; to allow Federal employees to make up any Thrift Savings contributions forgone during military service; to preserve the recertification rights of senior executives ordered to military duty; and for other purposes; with amendments (Rept. No. 102-426). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

4.36 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 5 of rule X and clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

[Introduced January 3, 1992]

By Mr. CONDIT:

H.R. 4086. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to restore the deduction for interest on indebtedness incurred to acquire a new American-made automobile; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota:

H.R. 4087. A bill to authorize the adjustment of the boundaries of the South Dakota portion of the Sioux Ranger District of Custer National Forest, and for other purposes; jointly, to the Committees on Agriculture and Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. MONTGOMERY:

H.R. 4088. A bill to require the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to establish a program with respect to concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged veterans; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Ms. SLAUGHTER:

H.R. 4089. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make permanent the provisions permitting tax-exempt treatment for certain qualified small issue bonds; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. TRAFICANT:

H.R. 4090. A bill to require that Government-held information pertaining to the assassination of John F. Kennedy be made available to the general public; jointly, to the Committees on Government Operations, House Administration, and the Judiciary.

H.R. 4091. A bill to amend title 11, United States Code, to provide protections to pensions and other employee benefits in bankruptcy cases; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 4092. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow individuals a credit against income tax for State sales taxes and interest paid in connection with the purchase of a new American-made passenger vehicle; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MATSUI:

H.J. Res. 388. Joint resolution designating the month of May 1992 as "National Foster Care Month"; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

Ms. SNOWE (for herself, Mr. DYMALLY, Mr. HORTON, Ms. NORTON, Mr. PANNETTA, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. LENT, Mr. ANDREWS of Maine, Mr. GEKAS, Mr. McNULTY, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. JONTZ, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. MINK, Mr. DE LUGO, Mr. SCHAEFER, Ms. HORN, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. JEFFERSON, and Mr. KOSTMAYER):

H.J. Res. 389. Joint resolution to designate February 6, 1992, as "National Women in Sports Day"; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. LANTOS (for himself, Mr. BROOMFIELD, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. GILMAN, and Mr. SWETT):

H. Con. Res. 264. Concurrent resolution to express the sense of the Congress that the president should recognize the independence of the Republic of Kosova and extend full United States diplomatic recognition; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. PENNY:

H. Res. 323. Resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the United States should take steps to reduce worldwide military expenditures, to reduce international arms transfers, and to stop the spread of weapons of mass destruction in order to promote peace and security and to ensure that more funds are available for social programs and economic development; jointly, to the Committees on Foreign Af-

fairs and Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

By Mr. TRAFICANT:

H. Res. 324. Resolution directing the Committee on the Judiciary to investigate the conduct of the Department of Justice in the case of John Demjanjuk, Sr.; to the Committee on Rules.

[Introduced January 22, 1992]

By Mr. BUNNING (for himself and Mr. EMERSON):

H.R. 4093. A bill to amend the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 to provide that a single Federal agency shall be responsible for making technical determinations with respect to wetland or converted wetland on agricultural lands; jointly, to the Committees on Agriculture and Public Works and Transportation.

By Mr. GILMAN:

H.R. 4094. A bill to establish a schedule of preventive health care services and to provide for coverage of such services in accordance with such schedule under the Medicare Program, the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program, and the health programs administered by the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes; jointly, to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, Ways and Means, Veterans' Affairs, and Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. ROSTENKOWSKI (for himself, Mr. DOWNEY, Mr. GEPHARDT, Mr. PICKLE, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. STARK, Mr. FORD of Tennessee, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. RUSSO, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. DORGAN of North Dakota, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. COYNE, Mr. ANDREWS of Texas, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. MOODY, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. OBEY, Mr. MAZZOLI, Mr. STUDDS, Mr. AUCCOIN, Mr. WISE and Mr. BORSKI):

H.R. 4095. A bill to increase the number of weeks for which benefits are payable under the Emergency Unemployment Compensation Act of 1991, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DELLUMS:

H.R. 4096. A bill to amend title 11, District of Columbia Code, to increase the maximum amount in controversy permitted for cases under the jurisdiction of the Small Claims and Conciliation Branch of the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, and to authorize the Corporation Counsel for the District of Columbia to conduct criminal prosecutions of certain juvenile defendants; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

By Mr. GREEN of New York (for himself, Mr. RANGEL, and Mr. McGRATH):

H.R. 4097. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 with respect to the treatment of cooperative housing corporations; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HUNTER:

H.R. 4098. A bill regarding the importation of Japanese motor vehicles into the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MARLENEE (for himself, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, and Mr. DUNCAN):

H.R. 4099. A bill to minimize the impact of Federal acquisition of private lands on units of local governments, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. GEPHARDT (for himself, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. DINGELL, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. FORD of Michigan, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. TRAXLER, Mr. APPELEGATE, Mr. BEVILL, Mr. CARR, Mr. SMITH of Florida, Mr. HAYES of Louisiana, Mr. HERTEL, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. HALL of Ohio, Mr. WOLPE, Mr. HAYES of Illinois, Mr. JONTZ, Mr. NOWAK, Ms. COLLINS of Michigan, Mr. OWENS of New

York, Mr. MOODY, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. KLECZKA, Mrs. PATTERSON, and Mr. MARTINEZ):

H.R. 4100. A bill to assure mutually advantageous international trade in motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts, an enhanced market for the interstate sale and export of domestically produced motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts, and the retention and enhancement of U.S. jobs; jointly, to the Committees on Ways and Means and Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. PASTOR:

H.R. 4101. A bill to expand the boundaries of the Saguaro National Monument, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. RAMSTAD:

H.R. 4102. A bill to extend until January 1, 1995, the existing suspension on certain plastic web sheeting, and to correct the description of such sheeting; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SLATTERY:

H.R. 4103. A bill to ensure adequate disclosure of information regarding yields of mutual funds; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. THOMAS of California (for himself, Mr. MICHEL, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. DICKINSON, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. WALSH, Mr. BARRETT, Mr. BEILENSON, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. BARTON of Texas, Mr. BLILEY, Mr. BOEHNER, Mr. CRANE, Mr. DORNAN of California, Mr. GOSS, Mr. KYL, Mr. MARTIN of New York, Mr. RIDGE, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. SHAYS, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. UPTON, Mr. WOLF, and Mr. ZELIFF):

H.R. 4104. A bill to prohibit Members of the House of Representatives from making franked mass mailings outside their congressional districts and to prohibit payment from official allowances for mass mailings by Members of the House of Representatives outside their congressional districts; jointly, to the Committees on Post Office and Civil Service and House Administration.

By Mr. BILIRAKIS (for himself, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Mr. FEIGHAN, and Mr. PORTER):

H.J. Res. 390. Joint resolution designating March 25, 1992, as "Greek Independence Day: A National Day of Celebration of Greek and American Democracy;" to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. DORGAN of North Dakota (for himself, Mr. GIBBONS, Mr. CRANE, Mr. ANDREWS of Texas, Mr. CAMPBELL of Colorado, Mr. GRANDY, Mr. JENKINS, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. JONTZ, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. MCGRATH, Mr. OLIN, Mr. PENNY, and Mr. RUSSO):

H. Con. Res. 265. Concurrent resolution urging the President to seek agreement with the European Community regarding a 1-year suspension of operation of the grain export subsidy programs of the United States and the Community; jointly, to the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Ways and Means.

[Introduced January 24, 1992]

By Mr. CONDIT:

H.R. 4106. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a deduction for adoption expenses; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. CRANE (for himself and Mr. GIBBONS):

H.R. 4107. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend the treatment under section 936 of such Code to income from investments in Caribbean Basin and certain other countries; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DEFAZIO:

H.R. 4108. A bill to direct the Archivist of the United States to make available for pub-

lic use the records of the Warren Commission; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. GLICKMAN:

H.R. 4109. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to increase to 6 years the maximum required period of continuation coverage under an employer-provided group health plan; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HUCKABY:

H.R. 4110. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax relief for middle-income taxpayers and to encourage investment in businesses; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LAFALCE:

H.R. 4111. A bill to amend the Small Business Act to provide additional loan assistance to small businesses, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business.

By Mr. MARLENEE:

H.R. 4112. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to authorize the use of Armed Forces insignia on State motor vehicle license plates issued to members of the Armed Forces and veterans; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. ORTIZ:

H.R. 4113. A bill to permit the transfer before the expiration of the otherwise applicable 60-day congressional review period of the obsolete training aircraft carrier U.S.S. *Lexington* to the city of Corpus Christi, TX, for use as a naval museum and memorial; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. SCHUMER:

H.R. 4114. A bill to amend title 11 of the United States Code to permit governmental entities that hold certain interests with respect to pension benefits payable by the debtor to be appointed to creditors' and equity security holders' committees; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. STARK:

H.R. 4115. A bill to encourage States to provide partial unemployment benefits to individuals whose workweeks have been reduced under employer plans providing for shortened workweeks in lieu of layoffs; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SWIFT:

H.R. 4116. A bill to authorize appropriations for the Federal Election Commission for fiscal year 1993; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. GONZALEZ (for himself and Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER):

H. Res. 325. Resolution to provide for the release for public use of records of the former Select Committee on Assassinations; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. DEFAZIO:

H. Res. 326. Resolution requiring that the records of the Select Committee on Assassinations of the 94th and 95th Congresses be made available for public use; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Texas (for himself, Mr. BROOMFIELD, and Mr. HASTERT):

H. Res. 327. Resolution calling for the immediate release of all hostages still held in Lebanon, and welcoming home all American hostages released from Lebanon; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. YATRON (for himself, and Mr. FASCELL):

H. Con. Res. 266. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress with respect to United States participation in the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development [UNCED]; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

[Introduced January 28, 1992]

By Mr. HOYER:

H.R. 4118. A bill to clarify that the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991 relating to

the continuation of health care benefits for employees of failed banks and thrift institutions are applicable to the Resolution Trust Corporation; to the Committee on Banking, Finance, and Urban Affairs.

By Mr. BENNETT (for himself and Mr. JAMES):

H.R. 4119. A bill to authorize the Secretary of Transportation to carry out a highway construction project to replace or repair the Fuller Warren Bridge in Jacksonville, FL; to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

By Mr. BRYANT:

H.R. 4120. A bill to reduce the financial contributions of the United States to the defense of member nations of NATO (other than the United States) and Japan and to use amounts available because of those reductions to support law enforcement and education efforts in the United States; jointly, to the Committees on Armed Services, the Judiciary, Education and Labor, and Appropriations.

By Mr. GALLEGLY (for himself, Mr. BAKER, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. HORTON, Mr. BLAZ, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. LOWERY of California, Mr. HUNTER, and Mr. LAGOMARSINO):

H.R. 4121. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage investments in new manufacturing and other productive equipment by providing a temporary investment tax credit to taxpayers who increase the amount of such investments; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HAYES of Illinois (for himself, Mr. CLAY, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Mrs. COLLINS of Michigan, Mr. DELUMS, Mr. DIXON, Mr. DYMALLY, Mr. MFUME, Ms. NORTON, Mr. OWENS of New York, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. SAVAGE, Mr. TOWNS, Mrs. UNSOELD, Ms. WATERS, and Mr. WHEAT):

H.R. 4122. A bill to guarantee a work opportunity for all Americans and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. HORTON (for himself, Mr. PENNY, Mr. LEWIS of California, Mr. CLINGER, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. SCHIFF, and Mr. ZELIFF):

H.R. 4123. A bill to establish a 2-year pilot program requiring performance standards and goals for expenditures in certain Federal Government programs to be included in the Federal budget, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. JACOBS:

H.R. 4124. A bill to amend the Poultry Products Inspection Act to require the slaughter of poultry and the processing of poultry products in accordance with humane methods; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. KOPETSKI:

H.R. 4125. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a variable capital gains deduction, and to provide for a carryover basis of property acquired from a decedent; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MILLER of California (for himself and Mr. DEFAZIO):

H.R. 4126. A bill to require the Western Area Power Administration to amend all long-term power service contracts to include provisions requiring the implementation of integrated resource planning; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. PACKARD (for himself, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. LOWERY of California, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, and Mr. GALLEGLY):

H.R. 4127. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow home buyers to make tax-free withdrawals from individual retirement accounts and certain other retirement plans for the purpose of acquiring a principal residence; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. REGULA:

H.R. 4128. A bill to distribute a portion of the Outer Continental Shelf natural gas and oil receipts to coastal States and coastal counties as impact assistance, and for other purposes; jointly, to the Committees on Interior and Insular Affairs and Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mrs. ROUKEMA:

H.R. 4129. A bill to amend section 1012 of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Amendments Act of 1988 to authorize local governments that have financed a housing project that has been provided a financial adjustment factor under section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 to use 50 percent of any recaptured amounts available from refinancing of the project for housing activities; to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

Mr. SANTORUM (for himself Mr. KASICH, Mr. DELAY, Mr. MILLER of Washington, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. WEBER, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. DUNCAN, and Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut):

H.R. 4130. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a deduction for contributions to a medical savings account, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SARPALIUS:

H.R. 4131. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a deduction for interest on any loan used to purchase a new American-made highway vehicle; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SKAGGS:

H.R. 4132. A bill to extend until January 1, 1997, the existing suspension of duty on certain infant nursery intercoms and monitors; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. SLAUGHTER of New York (for herself, Mr. WYLIE, Mr. BUSTAMANTE, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. PRICE, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. MOAKLEY, Mr. RHODES, Mr. HORTON, and Mr. DURBIN):

H.R. 4133. A bill to extend until April 1993 the demonstration project under which influenza vaccinations are provided to Medicare beneficiaries; jointly, to the Committees on Ways and Means and Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. CUNNINGHAM (for himself, Mr. HUNTER, and Mr. GALLEGLY):

H.R. 4134. A bill entitled, "The California-Mexico Border Drug Trafficking Reduction Act"; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. DONNELLY (for himself and Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts):

H.R. 4135. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a temporary investment tax credit for investments in certain productive equipment; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MONTGOMERY (for himself, Mr. ERDREICH, Mr. FROST, Mr. HORTON, Mr. EMERSON, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. HUTTO, Mr. EVANS, Mr. QUILLLEN, Mr. BUNNING, Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. MOAKLEY, Mr. NATCHER, Mr. THOMAS of Georgia, Mr. HERTEL, Mr. VANDER JAGT, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. ROGERS, Mr. ROWLAND, Mr. DONNELLY, Mr. GUNDERSON, Mr. MCEWEN, Mr. ESPY, Mr. YOUNG of Florida, Mr. OWENS of New York, Mr. GOODLING, Mr. FAWELL, Mr. WHITTEN, Mr. ANDERSON, Mr. HAMMERSCHMIDT, Mr. DARDEN, Mr. WALSH, Mr. SMITH of Iowa, Mr. PERKINS, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. STENHOLM, Mr. BOEHLERT, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. WILSON, Mr. KLUG, Mr. HATCHER, Mr. JONES of Georgia, Mr. DE LA GARZA, Mr. JENKINS, Mr. PARKER, and Mr. GINGRICH):

H.J. Res. 391. Joint resolution to designate the week beginning on Sunday, August 16, 1992, as "National Convenience Store Appre-

ciation Week"; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. TALLON:

H.J. Res. 392. Joint resolution designating February 1-7, 1992, as "Travel Agent Appreciation Week"; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. GEPHARDT:

H. Con. Res. 267. Concurrent resolution providing for a joint session of Congress to receive a message from the President on the State of the Union; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. JONES of North Carolina:

H. Con. Res. 268. Concurrent resolution to correct technical errors in the enrollment of the bill H.R. 3866; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. DELLUMS:

H. Con. Res. 269. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress regarding the U.N. peace plan in the western Sahara; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. HAYES of Illinois:

H. Con. Res. 270. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress that the Federal Government should promote maximum employment, production, and purchasing power to protect and improve the quality of life in the United States; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. TORRES:

H. Con. Res. 271. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress that the policy of mutual targeting of strategic nuclear weapons by the United States and the Commonwealth of Independent States no longer reflects the nonhostile relationship which exists between these political states, nor serves to further their strategic interests; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. GEPHARDT:

H. Res. 328. Resolution providing for a committee to notify the President of the assembly of the Congress; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. WHITTEN:

H. Res. 329. Resolution to inform the Senate that a quorum of the House has assembled; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. MOAKLEY:

H. Res. 330. Resolution providing for the hour of meeting of the House; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. BRUCE (for himself, Mr. DINGELL, and Ms. KAPTUR):

H. Res. 331. Resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives regarding the opening of Japanese markets, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GUNDERSON (for himself, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. EDWARDS of Oklahoma, Mr. KYL, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. GOSS, Mr. RIGGS, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. ROTH, Mrs. BENTLEY, and Mr. THOMAS of California):

H. Res. 332. Resolution to amend the Rules of the House of Representatives to require a recorded vote upon final passage of legislation that would make an appropriation or provide a direct spending authority or new credit authority; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. RAHALL:

H. Res. 333. Resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives with respect to the need for a program of loan guarantees for States and local government; to the Committee on Government Operations.

¶4.37 MEMORIALS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, memorials were presented and referred as follows:

321. By the SPEAKER; Memorial of the House of Representatives of the State of Florida, relative to condominium homeowners of federally insured properties that have structural defects; to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

322. Also, memorial of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relative of Ukraine's independence; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

323. Also, memorial of the House of Representatives of the State of Florida, relative to Haiti; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

324. Also, memorial of the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relative to Medicaid; jointly, to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Ways and Means.

¶4.38 PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, private bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

[Introduced January 22, 1992]

By Mr. LAFALCE;

H.R. 4105. A bill for the relief of Noco Energy Corp.; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

[Introduced January 24, 1992]

By Mr. FROST;

HR 4117. A bill for the relief of Maria Adriana Lopez; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

¶4.39 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 53: Mr. CRAMER, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. SARPALIUS, Mr. MFUME, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. BREWSTER, Ms. NORTON, Mr. DOOLEY, Mr. ANDREWS of Maine, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. WHEAT, Mr. COX of California, and Mr. CONYERS.

H.R. 64: Mr. JAMES.

H.R. 75: Mr. HAYES of Louisiana and Mr. TRAFICANT.

H.R. 78: Mr. WALKER.

H.R. 98: Mr. HANCOCK, Mr. MCCANDLESS, Mr. EMERSON, Mr. MCDERMOTT, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. EVANS, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. YOUNG of Florida, Ms. COLLINS of Michigan, Mrs. MINK, Mr. McMILLEN of Maryland, Mr. SKELTON, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mr. SAVAGE, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. FLAKE, and Mr. CAMPBELL of California.

H.R. 106: Mr. LENT, Mr. RHODES, and Mr. HUBBARD.

H.R. 191: Mrs. LOWEY of New York.

H.R. 246: Mr. ALLARD, Mr. RIGGS, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, and Mr. GILCHREST.

H.R. 251: Mr. NEAL of North Carolina and Mr. RICHARDSON.

H.R. 258: Mr. TRAFICANT.

H.R. 259: Mr. LEWIS of Florida and Mr. TRAFICANT.

H.R. 303: Mr. STEARNS, Mr. CLEMENT, Mr. DARDEN, Mr. SARPALIUS, and Mr. FALCOMA VAEGA.

H.R. 304: Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. CLEMENT, and Mr. TRAFICANT.

H.R. 309: Mr. GUNDERSON.

H.R. 318: Mr. ENGEL.

H.R. 327: Mr. COX of Illinois.

H.R. 371: Mr. DURBIN, Mrs. BENTLEY, and Mr. GUARINI.

H.R. 384: Mr. SANDERS and Mr. HAYES of Louisiana.

H.R. 415: Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut and Mr. GALLEGLY.

H.R. 423: Mr. EMERSON.

H.R. 528: Ms. NORTON and Mr. BEILENSON.

H.R. 576: Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. BREWSTER, Mr. MANTON, Mr. HATCHER, Mr. TRAXLER, and Mr. GILCHREST.

H.R. 585: Mr. GILCHREST.

H.R. 608: Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. ALEXANDER, and Mr. SANDERS.

H.R. 609: Mr. TOWNS, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mrs. UNSOELD, Mr. CLEMENT, and Mr. KOLTER.

H.R. 642: Mr. ENGEL.

- H.R. 643: Mr. SHARP.
H.R. 659: Mr. MARKEY.
H.R. 668: Mr. ACKERMAN.
H.R. 709: Mr. SCHUMER.
H.R. 710: Mr. FAWELL, Mr. ROYBAL, and Mr. ASPIN.
H.R. 722: Mrs. LOWEY of New York, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. CLEMENT, and Mr. MARTIN.
H.R. 723: Mrs. LOWEY of New York, Mr. TRAFICANT, and Mr. CLEMENT.
H.R. 786: Mr. ANDREWS of Maine, Mr. BARNARD, Mr. AUCOIN, and Mr. MANTON.
H.R. 793: Mr. PALLONE, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. MCDADE, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. ERDREICH, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. STUDDS, and Mr. RICHARDSON.
H.R. 843: Mr. DOWNEY.
H.R. 875: Mr. MILLER of California and Mr. STUDDS.
H.R. 888: Mr. PETERSON of Florida, Mr. MOODY, Mr. FROST, Mr. GEREN of Texas, Mr. ECKART, and Mr. BROWN.
H.R. 916: Mr. WISE, Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Mr. GILCHREST, and Mr. FASCELL.
H.R. 951: Mr. LEHMAN of Florida, Mr. HOYER, and Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts.
H.R. 962: Mr. TORRES.
H.R. 967: Mr. BOUCHER and Mr. ROSE.
H.R. 978: Mr. BACCHUS.
H.R. 1004: Mr. NUSSLE.
H.R. 1063: Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota and Mr. RICHARDSON.
H.R. 1110: Ms. HORN and Mr. HAYES of Illinois.
H.R. 1161: Mr. GUARINI and Mr. PANETTA.
H.R. 1200: Mr. ANTHONY.
H.R. 1212: Mr. JAMES.
H.R. 1238: Mr. DURBIN.
H.R. 1240: Mr. LIPINSKI and Mr. WOLPE.
H.R. 1251: Mr. MANTON and Mr. MATSUI.
H.R. 1252: Mr. MANTON.
H.R. 1253: Mr. MANTON and Mr. MATSUI.
H.R. 1259: Mr. VISCOLOSKY.
H.R. 1300: Mr. BROWN.
H.R. 1306: Mr. JACOBS, Mr. DOWNEY, and Mrs. UNSOELD.
H.R. 1335: Mr. SARPALUIS.
H.R. 1374: Mr. PICKETT.
H.R. 1389: Mr. PORTER and Mr. BLAZ.
H.R. 1396: Mr. GALLEGLEY.
H.R. 1398: Mr. BOUCHER.
H.R. 1414: Mr. LAFALCE.
H.R. 1418: Mr. GILLMOR.
H.R. 1423: Mr. BELENSON.
H.R. 1473: Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. HOUGHTON, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. HAYES of Louisiana, Mr. STEARNS, Mr. REED, and Mr. JEFFERSON.
H.R. 1481: Mr. KOLTER and Mr. ROWLAND.
H.R. 1502: Mr. LEACH, Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut, Mr. McMILLEN of Maryland, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mr. HOYER, and Mr. ROE.
H.R. 1509: Mr. DIXON, Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. EWING, Mr. KOLTER, Mr. RIGGS, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. THOMAS of Georgia, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. COLEMAN of Texas, Mr. PARKER, Mr. ASPIN, Mr. MILLER of Ohio, Mr. STEARNS, Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi, Mr. EDWARDS of Oklahoma, Mr. HUBBARD, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. HALL of Texas, and Mr. GRANDY.
H.R. 1536: Mr. HOBSON, Ms. NORTON, and Ms. PELOSI.
H.R. 1541: Mr. McNULTY and Mr. ENGLISH.
H.R. 1552: Mr. STUDDS.
H.R. 1565: Mr. YOUNG of Florida.
H.R. 1566: Mrs. SCHROEDER.
H.R. 1598: Mr. WALSH, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. ENGEL, and Mr. DERRICK.
H.R. 1601: Mr. LEACH.
H.R. 1602: Mr. TORRES, Ms. SLAUGHTER, and Mr. VENTO.
H.R. 1623: Mr. BLAZ, Mr. VANDER JAGT, Mr. BOEHLERT, Mr. DOWNEY, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, and Mr. MCCOLLUM.
H.R. 1624: Mr. BLAZ, Mr. VANDER JAGT, and Mr. BOEHLERT.
H.R. 1633: Mr. KOLTER, Mr. BORSKI, Mr. SARPALUIS, Mr. MAVROULES, and Mr. INHOFE.
H.R. 1653: Mr. KOPETSKI.
H.R. 1663: Mr. CAMPBELL of California, Mr. RHODES, Mr. PETERSON of Florida, and Mr. LANCASTER.
H.R. 1715: Mr. ENGEL.
H.R. 1750: Mr. LEVINE of California.
H.R. 1771: Mr. CLINGER, Mr. MORAN, Mr. SPENCE, and Mr. TANNER.
H.R. 1774: Mr. McCLOSKEY and Mr. EDWARDS of California.
H.R. 1791: Mr. ATKINS.
H.R. 1820: Mr. TRAXLER, Mr. MILLER of Ohio, Mr. LEHMAN of California, Mr. OWENS of Utah, Mr. McNULTY, and Mr. PANETTA.
H.R. 1882: Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. RAY, Mr. KOSTMAYER, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. YATES, Mrs. SCHROEDER, Mr. IRELAND, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. GILCHREST, and Mr. KYL.
H.R. 1898: Mrs. BOXER, Mr. DREIER of California, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. HERGER, Mr. MACHTLEY, Mr. PICKETT, Mr. ROWLAND, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. STEARNS, and Mr. EMERSON.
H.R. 1956: Mr. ENGEL.
H.R. 1992: Mr. FISH, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, and Mr. KILDEE.
H.R. 2008: Mr. DORNAN of California and Mr. GALLEGLEY.
H.R. 2029: Mr. GILCHREST.
H.R. 2070: Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. ASPIN, Mr. GEREN of Texas, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. DICKINSON, Mr. BLAZ, Mr. PICKETT, Mr. SLATTERY, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. STAGGERS, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. HUBBARD, Mr. HAMMERSCHMIDT, and Mr. SKEEN.
H.R. 2082: Mr. GILCHREST.
H.R. 2083: Mr. OWENS of Utah, Mrs. UNSOELD, and Mr. OLVER.
H.R. 2089: Mr. SWETT, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. KILDEE, and Mr. CAMPBELL of California.
H.R. 2152: Mr. GILCHREST and Mr. JACOBS.
H.R. 2197: Mr. MARTINEZ.
H.R. 2248: Mr. FEIGHAN, Mr. KANJORSKI, Mr. LUKEN, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. ESPY, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut, Mr. DICKINSON, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mr. WILLIAMS, Mr. LAGOMARSINO, Mr. KASICH, and Mr. COLEMAN of Texas.
H.R. 2309: Mr. DOOLEY, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. KOPETSKI, and Mr. MATSUI.
H.R. 2336: Mr. MARTIN.
H.R. 2363: Mr. COLEMAN of Texas, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. MRAZEK, Mr. HASTERT, Ms. HORN, and Mr. HARRIS.
H.R. 2377: Mr. PANETTA.
H.R. 2383: Mr. ENGEL and Mr. MCCOLLUM.
H.R. 2385: Mrs. BENTLEY, Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. FOGLIETTA, and Mr. HOUGHTON.
H.R. 2386: Mr. TORRES and Ms. SLAUGHTER of New York.
H.R. 2410: Mr. OWENS of Utah and Mr. LOWERY of California.
H.R. 2463: Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. LIVINGSTON, and Mr. HAYES of Louisiana.
H.R. 2486: Mr. LIVINGSTON.
H.R. 2535: Mr. KILDEE and Mr. LIPINSKI.
H.R. 2540: Mr. DOWNEY, Mr. CLEMENT, and Mr. QUILLEN.
H.R. 2541: Mr. DOWNEY and Mr. DEFAZIO.
H.R. 2553: Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. DOOLITTLE, and Mr. BEREUTER.
H.R. 2561: Ms. COLLINS of Michigan, Mr. GAYDOS, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. RUSSO, Mr. KOLTER, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. PASTOR, and Mr. EVANS.
H.R. 2566: Mr. ENGLE.
H.R. 2580: Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. WEISS, and Mr. DONNELLY.
H.R. 2600: Mr. VENTO.
H.R. 2643: Mr. DREIER of California, Mr. FIELDS, Mr. DORNAN of California, and Mr. CRANE.
H.R. 2675: Mr. FEIGHAN.
H.R. 2755: Mr. McCLOSKEY, Mr. DORGAN of North Dakota, Mr. BLACKWELL, Mr. SKAGGS, and Mr. DEFAZIO.
H.R. 2766: Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. WALSH, Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. McMILLAN of North Carolina, Mr. RAVENEL, Mr. ZELIFF, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. HAYES of Louisiana, and Mr. SPRATT.
H.R. 2779: Mr. DEFAZIO.
H.R. 2781: Mr. DEFAZIO.
H.R. 2782: Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. LANTOS, Ms. SLAUGHTER of New York, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey, Mr. DYMALLY, and Mr. BLACKWELL.
H.R. 2815: Mr. GILLMOR.
H.R. 2819: Mr. CLINGER, Mr. ROEMER, Mr. WISE, Mr. HERTEL, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. WOLPE, Mr. BRUCE, and Mr. BONIOR.
H.R. 2833: Mr. CAMP.
H.R. 2872: Mr. SUNDQUIST and Mr. JEFFERSON.
H.R. 2880: Ms. SLAUGHTER of New York, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. ROYBAL, Mr. KOLTER, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. ENGLISH, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. SWETT, and Mr. ENGEL.
H.R. 2881: Mr. YATES.
H.R. 2884: Mr. KILDEE.
H.R. 2890: Mr. ROGERS, Mr. BLAZ, and Mr. ENGEL.
H.R. 2898: Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. CAMP, and Mr. KOPETSKI.
H.R. 2912: Mr. DEFAZIO.
H.R. 2945: Mr. CAMP and Mr. ABERCROMBIE.
H.R. 2964: Mr. HYDE, Mr. McGRATH, and Mr. LAGOMARSINO.
H.R. 2966: Mr. HUCKABY, Mrs. LLOYD, Mr. HANCOCK, Mr. KLUG, Mr. HEFLEY, and Mr. PANETTA.
H.R. 3011: Mr. ECKART, Ms. NORTON, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. HEFLEY, and Mr. MILLER of California.
H.R. 3022: Mr. MORAN.
H.R. 3026: Mr. PALLONE, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. ROYBAL, and Mr. PANETTA.
H.R. 3037: Mr. DICKINSON and Mr. COUGHLIN.
H.R. 3050: Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. KOLTER, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mrs. BOXER, and Mr. EVANS.
H.R. 3070: Mr. DICKINSON, Mr. ROGERS and Mr. HEFLEY.
H.R. 3071: Mr. GALLO, Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. LEHMAN of California, Mr. ESPY, Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. MCCURDY, Mr. WELDON, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. EVANS, Mr. GOSS, Mr. HEFLEY, Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming, Mr. RAVENEL, Mr. McMILLEN of Maryland, Mr. HUGHES, Mr. HOAGLAND, and Mr. KOPETSKI.
H.R. 3082: Mr. DWYER of New Jersey, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. PAXON, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. GUNDERSON, and Mr. BLILEY.
H.R. 3098: Ms. PELOSI.
H.R. 3124: Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas.
H.R. 3138: Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. LENT, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. McGRATH, Mrs. LOWEY of New York, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. MATSUI, and Mr. HUGHES.
H.R. 3146: Mr. SHAYS.
H.R. 3160: Mr. FLAKE, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. LUKEN, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. SIKORSKI, and Mr. TOWNS.
H.R. 3164: Mr. COLEMAN of Texas, Mr. SCHAEFER, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. CLEMENT, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. WOLPE, Mr. DARDEN, Mr. RITTER, Mr. DICKINSON, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. DIXON, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. LEWIS of California, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. HUNTER, and Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA.
H.R. 3173: Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN.
H.R. 3185: Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mrs. BOXER, and Mr. DEFAZIO.
H.R. 3195: Mrs. UNSOELD and Mr. MINETA.
H.R. 3209: Mr. ESPY, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. TRAXLER, and Mr. KILDEE.
H.R. 3216: Mr. BARNARD, Mr. RITTER, and Mr. BEREUTER.
H.R. 3221: Mr. PAXON, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. GRANDY, Mr. KOLTER, Mr. BARRETT, Mr. HOYER, and Mr. RAMSTAD.
H.R. 3222: Mr. MFUME, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mrs. MINK, Mr. KOLTER, Mr. DICKINSON, Mr. GORDON, Mr. MILLER of California,

Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. RIGGS, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. WEBER, and Mr. WYDEN.
 H.R. 3231: Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota.
 H.R. 3253: Mr. FASCELL, Mr. KOLTER, Mr. BLACKWELL, Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. McMILLEN of Maryland, and Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey.
 H.R. 3312: Mr. DARDEN, and Mr. YOUNG of Alaska.
 H.R. 3317: Mr. FLAKE, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. BILBRAY, and Ms. KAPTUR.
 H.R. 3349: Mr. GEREN of Texas, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. GILMAN, and Mr. MARTIN.
 H.R. 3360: Mr. JEFFERSON.
 H.R. 3373: Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. KOLTER, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. GORDON, Mr. RAY, Mrs. BYRON, Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida, Mr. HARRIS, Mr. ROEMER, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. PAYNE of Virginia, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. GUNDERSON, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, Mr. SABO, Mr. WALKER, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. DAVIS, Mr. DICKS, Mr. CAMPBELL of California, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Mr. SKELTON, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. MAVROULES, Mr. NUSSLE, Mr. CRAMER, Mrs. MINK, and Mr. EVANS.
 H.R. 3393: Mr. MORAN.
 H.R. 3417: Mr. BLILEY.
 H.R. 3423: Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. FAZIO, and Mr. MRAZEK.
 H.R. 3424: Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. FAZIO, and Mr. MRAZEK.
 H.R. 3429: Mr. LIPINSKI and Mrs. MORELLA.
 H.R. 3438: Mr. BEILENSEN.
 H.R. 3439: Mr. BEILENSEN.
 H.R. 3440: Mr. BEILENSEN.
 H.R. 3442: Mr. BEILENSEN.
 H.R. 3454: Mr. HASTERT, Mr. SKELTON, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, and Mr. WOLPE.
 H.R. 3471: Mr. GINGRICH.
 H.R. 3475: Ms. NORTON, Mr. OLVER and Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas.
 H.R. 3476: Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas.
 H.R. 3479: Mr. PASTOR.
 H.R. 3513: Mr. THOMAS of California.
 H.R. 3515: Ms. OAKAR, Mr. OLVER, Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut, and Mr. PETRI.
 H.R. 3518: Mr. LIPINSKI.
 H.R. 3526: Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. STARK, Mr. VENTO, and Mr. RAHALL.
 H.R. 3537: Mr. RITTER.
 H.R. 3542: Mr. ECKART.
 H.R. 3544: Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. MILLER of California, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. MOLLOHAN, Mr. TRAXLER, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. FAZIO, and Mr. BEVILL.
 H.R. 3545: Mr. BRUCE, Mr. SCHEUER, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, and Mr. SYNAR.
 H.R. 3553: Mr. MINETA, Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. BEVILL, Mr. CARR, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. BLAZ, Mr. WOLPE, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. SCHEUER, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. SOLARZ, and Mr. MURTHA.
 H.R. 3554: Mrs. LLOYD, Mr. BROWN, and Mr. ESPY.
 H.R. 3555: Mr. SWETT and Mr. RIDGE.
 H.R. 3557: Mr. KOPETSKI.
 H.R. 3602: Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. BLILEY, Mr. PICKETT, and Mr. LIVINGSTON.
 H.R. 3605: Mr. DUNCAN.
 H.R. 3612: Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. DORGAN of North Dakota, Mr. PETRI, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. MAVROULES, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. LAGOMARSINO, Mr. REGULA, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. KENNEDY, Ms. NORTON, and Mr. KOSTMAYER.
 H.R. 3613: Mr. YATES, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. DWYER of New Jersey, Mr. SWIFT, Mr. WEISS, Mr. PENNY, Mr. ESPY, Mr. KOSTMAYER, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. WILLIAMS, Mr. DICKS, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. LEHMAN of Florida, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. McDERMOTT, and Mrs. UNSOELD.
 H.R. 3620: Mr. VANDER JAGT.
 H.R. 3634: Mr. LAGOMARSINO.
 H.R. 3636: Mr. LEHMAN of California, Mr. PEASE, Mr. BRUCE, Mrs. MORELLA, and Mr. TORRICELLI

H.R. 3654: Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. ANDERSON, Mr. ATKINS, Mr. AUCCOIN, Mr. BEVILL, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. DICKS, Mr. DONNELLY, Mr. DOWNEY, Mr. EMERSON, Mr. ESPY, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. FEIGAN, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. FORD of Tennessee, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. FUSTER, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. HAYES of Louisiana, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. JONTZ, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. LAROCO, Mr. LEHMAN of California, Mr. LEHMAN of Florida, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mr. McMILLEN of Maryland, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. MFUME, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Ms. NORTON, Mr. OWENS of Utah, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. SHARP, Mr. SLATTERY, Mr. STALLINGS, Mr. TALLON, Mr. THORNTON, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. VALENTINE, Mr. WALSH, Mr. MORAN, Mr. FASCELL, Mr. FISH, Mr. GORDON, Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida, Mr. SMITH of Florida, Mr. STENHOLM, and Mr. TOWNS.
 H.R. 3655: Mr. SANGMEISTER and Mr. HOUGHTON.
 H.R. 3656: Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. SANGMEISTER, and Mr. DE LUGO.
 H.R. 3677: Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. COLEMAN of Texas, Ms. NORTON, and Mr. LEWIS of Florida.
 H.R. 3681: Mr. TRAXLER.
 H.R. 3690: Mr. Applegate, Mr. SABO, and Mr. HUGHES.
 H.R. 3702: Mr. RUSSO, Ms. DELAURO, and Ms. PELOSI.
 H.R. 3705: Mr. BEREUTER.
 H.R. 3740: Mr. LAGOMARSINO, Mr. HUBBARD, and Mr. MARTINEZ.
 H.R. 3753: Ms. NORTON and Mr. NEAL of North Carolina.
 H.R. 3758: Mr. STARK, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. FAZIO, and Mr. LEVINE of California.
 H.R. 3782: Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. JONTZ, Mr. MINETA, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. WHEAT, Mr. SLATTERY, Mr. PRICE, Mr. STARK, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. MARKEY, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. DOWNEY, Mr. WAXMAN, Mrs. UNSOELD, Mr. MOODY, Mr. WYDEN, Ms. DELAURO, and Ms. LONG.
 H.R. 3783: Mr. DIXON, Mr. COX of Illinois, Mrs. LOWEY of New York, Mr. VANDER JAGT, and Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts.
 H.R. 3801: Mr. VALENTINE, Mrs. LLOYD, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. JENKINS, Mr. DICKINSON, and Mr. RAVENEL.
 H.R. 3803: Mr. DORGAN of North Dakota.
 H.R. 3808: Mr. ANDREWS of Maine, Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. ZELIFF, Mr. HYDE, Mr. PERKINS, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Mr. TORRES, and Mr. MARTINEZ.
 H.R. 3809: Mr. ZELIFF and Mr. LEHMAN of Florida.
 H.R. 3816: Mr. LEHMAN of California, Mr. HORTON, Mr. COLEMAN of Texas, Ms. SLAUGHTER of New York, Mr. ERDREICH, and Mr. BRUCE.
 H.R. 3822: Mr. RAMSTAD.
 H.R. 3832: Mr. HAYES of Illinois, Ms. NORTON, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. VENTO, Mr. WOLPE, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mrs. MINK, and Mr. SCHEUER.
 H.R. 3836: Mrs. UNSOELD.
 H.R. 3841: Mr. SPENCE, Mr. DICKINSON, and Mr. BOUCHER.
 H.R. 3844: Mr. SCHEUER, Mr. MOAKLEY, Mr. PENNY, Mr. KENNEDY, and Mr. YATES.
 H.R. 3846: Mr. BORSKI.
 H.R. 3848: Mr. KOLBE and Mr. RHODES.
 H.R. 3864: Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. GLICKMAN, Mr. TALLON, Mr. PERKINS, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, and Mr. DICKINSON.
 H.R. 3871: Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. OWENS of Utah, Mr. HORTON, Mr. WILSON, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. MARTINEZ, and Mr. RITTER.
 H.R. 3878: Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. DE LUGO, Mr. FRANK of Massa-

chusetts, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. MILLER of California, Ms. NORTON, Mr. OWENS of New York, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. SAWYER, and Mr. VENTO.
 H.R. 3886: Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. KOPETSKI, and Mr. FOGLIETTA.
 H.R. 3891: Mr. DORNAN of California and Mr. DANNEMEYER.
 H.R. 3904: Ms. NORTON, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. BERMAN, Mrs. LLOYD, Mr. OWENS of Utah, and Mr. EVANS.
 H.R. 3908: Mrs. LLOYD.
 H.R. 3922: Mr. EVANS and Mrs. MORELLA.
 H.R. 3923: Mr. LAGOMARSINO and Mr. GALLO.
 H.R. 3939: Ms. NORTON, Mr. BEILENSEN, Mr. VENTO, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. YATES, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. BROWN, Mr. STARK, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. LIPINSKI, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. RAVENEL and Mr. HENRY.
 H.R. 3943: Mr. McGRATH, Mr. LIVINGSTON, Mr. COYNE, Mr. HOAGLAND, and Mr. ERDREICH.
 H.R. 3961: Mr. STARK.
 H.R. 3975: Mr. JEFFERSON, Mrs. LOWEY of New York, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. WOLPE, Mr. MRAZEK, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. FROST, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. PERKINS, Mr. BRUCE, Mr. FEIGAN, Mr. BROWN, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. BRYANT, Mr. SKAGGS, Mr. WILLIAMS, and Mr. SMITH of Florida.
 H.R. 3994: Mr. SCHEUER, Mr. ANNUNZIO, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. MANTON, and Mr. McGRATH.
 H.R. 4002: Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. MRAZEK, Mr. OWENS of Utah, Mr. BEILENSEN, Mr. HORTON, Mr. FALCOMAVAEGA, Mr. LEVINE of California, Mr. HAMILTON, Mr. AUCCOIN, Mr. GLICKMAN, Mr. RITTER, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. SCHEUER, Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. LEHMAN of Florida, Mr. BACCHUS, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. EVANS, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. SKAGGS, and Mr. MANTON.
 H.R. 4010: Mr. GOODLING.
 H.R. 4013: Mr. BRUCE, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. MRAZEK, Mr. VOLKMER, and Mr. GAYDOS.
 H.R. 4025: Mr. BLAZ, Mr. HUCKABY, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, and Mr. CONDIT.
 H.R. 4031: Mr. KOLBE.
 H.R. 4032: Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, and Mr. SENSENBRENNER.
 H.R. 4045: Ms. SLAUGHTER, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. MORELLA, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. COYNE, and Mr. NEAL of North Carolina.
 H.R. 4050: Mr. CAMP, Mr. HENRY, Mr. PURSELL, and Mr. DAVIS.
 H.R. 4051: Mr. KOLTER, Mr. GOODLING, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. HORTON, and Mr. FALCOMAVAEGA.
 H.R. 4077: Mr. SHARP and Mr. CHANDLER.
 H.R. 4083: Mr. MOODY, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. DORGAN of North Dakota, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. OBEY, Mr. VENTO, and Mr. WILSON.
 H.R. 4095: Mr. WISE and Mr. BORSKI.
 H.J. Res. 3: Mr. DICKINSON.
 H.J. Res. 107: Mr. HAMMERSCHMIDT, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. APPLEGATE, Mr. HALL of Texas, and Mr. GUNDERSON.
 H.J. Res. 159: Mr. CUNNINGHAM and Mr. VANDER JAGT.
 H.J. Res. 237: Mr. HEFNER, Mr. GINGRICH, and Mr. DARDEN.
 H.J. Res. 239: Mr. McMILLEN of Maryland and Mr. GILCHREST.
 H.J. Res. 293: Mr. RAY, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. MOLLOHAN, Mrs. BYRON, and Mr. MRAZEK.
 H.J. Res. 318: Mr. BENNETT, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. GEKAS, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. SAXTON, Mr. FORD of Michigan, Mr. SABO, Mr. COUGHLIN, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. OLVER, Mr. DARDEN, Mr. BARNARD, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. IRELAND, Mr. COBLE, Mr. NATCHER, and Mr. BEVILL.
 H.J. Res. 343: Mr. APPLEGATE, Mr. AUCCOIN, Mr. BACCHUS, Mr. BARNARD, Mr. BENNETT, Mrs. BENTLEY, Mr. BROOMFIELD, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. COOPER, Mr. DORGAN of North Dakota, Mr. EDWARDS of

Oklahoma, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. HALL of Ohio, Mr. HANSEN, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. JONES of Georgia, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. LEHMAN of California, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. MILLER of Ohio, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. PERKINS, Mr. REED, Mr. SABO, Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. SKAGGS, Mr. SYNAR, Mr. WHITTEN, Mr. WOLF, Mr. WOLPE, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. CARR, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. LAGOMARSINO, Mr. ROWLAND, Mr. HERTEL, and Mr. BRUCE.

H.J. Res. 357: Mr. DUNCAN.

H.J. Res. 358: Mr. INHOFE, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. STUDDS, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. WALSH, Mr. OBERSTAR, and Mr. MCCLOSKEY.

H.J. Res. 375: Mr. CONYERS and Mrs. UNSOELD.

H.J. Res. 378: Mr. JEFFERSON, Mrs. LLOYD, Mr. HAMILTON, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. MINETA, Mr. HERTEL, Mr. SERRANO, and Mr. DEFAZIO.

H.J. Res. 388: Mr. ESPY, Mr. DOWNEY, Mr. JONES of North Carolina, Mr. McMILLEN of Maryland, Ms. NORTON, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. HUGHES, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. BEVILL, Mr. PETERSON of Florida, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. SAVAGE, Mr. FALCOMVAEGA, Mr. MORAN, and Mr. KOPETSKI.

H. Con. Res. 89: Mr. MANTON.

H. Con. Res. 160: Mr. ENGEL.

H. Con. Res. 180: Mr. SCHEUER.

H. Con. Res. 192: Mrs. LOWEY of New York, Mr. DICKINSON, and Mr. NUSSLE.

H. Con. Res. 210: Mr. MARTINEZ and Mr. TAUZIN.

H. Con. Res. 211: Mr. CAMPBELL of California, Mr. EMERSON, Ms. NORTON, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. DICKS, and Mr. WELDON.

H. Con. Res. 212: Mr. ECKART, Mr. FEIGHAN, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. SLATTERY, Mr. MCGRATH, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. CARDIN, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. GALLO, Mr. HOUGHTON, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. DORNAN of California, Mr. PETERSON of Florida, Mr. MAVROULES, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. DANNEMEYER, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. RICHARDSON, Mr. CAMPBELL of California, Mr. MARLENEE, Mr. OXLEY, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. WELDON, Mr. CARPER, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mr. RUSSO, Mr. SWETT, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, and Mr. BORSKI.

H. Con. Res. 221: Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. CAMPBELL of California, and Mr. FAWELL.

H. Con. Res. 224: Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. COLEMAN of Missouri, Mr. REGULA, Mr. HAYES of Illinois, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. SLATTERY, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. STOKES, Mr. BLILEY, Mr. WOLPE, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. SWETT, Mr. STALLINGS, Mr. DICKS, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. WASHINGTON, Mr. OXLEY and Mr. OWENS of Utah.

H. Con. Res. 227: Mr. SCHEUER.

H. Con. Res. 232: Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. LEVINE of California, Mr. WAXMAN, Ms. SLAUGHTER of New York, Mr. KOSTMAYER, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. MARTINEZ, and Mr. FOGLIETTA.

H. Con. Res. 233: Mr. BROOMFIELD, Mr. HANSEN, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. DICKINSON, Mr. HYDE, Mr. SCHULZE, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Mr. ROE, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Mr. RINALDO, and Mr. BATEMAN.

H. Con. Res. 239: Ms. SLAUGHTER of New York, Mr. PORTER, Mr. WOLF, Mr. MARTINEZ, Ms. OAKAR, and Mr. LANTOS.

H. Con. Res. 245: Mrs. BENTLEY, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. JONTZ.

H. Con. Res. 246: Mr. VENTO, Mr. DORGAN of North Dakota, Mr. SAVAGE, Mr. BACCHUS, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. SCHEUER, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mrs. PATTERSON, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. KOSTMAYER, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. NOWAK, Mr. SKAGGS, and Mr. BILBRAY.

H. Con. Res. 252: Mr. BUSTAMANTE and Mr. GORDON.

H. Res. 180: Mr. TOWNS.

H. Res. 204: Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, and Mr. ENGEL.

H. Res. 215: Mr. GOSS.

H. Res. 233: Mr. BREWSTER.

H. Res. 234: Mr. KLECZKA and Mr. BATEMAN.

H. Res. 244: Mr. PAXON and Ms. SLAUGHTER of New York.

H. Res. 257: Mr. MARTINEZ.

H. Res. 271: Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. KOPETSKI, and Mr. WYDEN.

H. Res. 297: Mr. UPTON.

H. Res. 302: Mr. GUARINI, Mr. KOLTER, Mrs. LLOYD, and Mr. LANCASTER.

H. Res. 311: Mr. KOLBE, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. SMITH of Texas, and Mr. GOSS.

H. Res. 314: Mr. KOLTER, Mr. SCHIFF, and Mr. MCCLOSKEY.

H. Res. 315: Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, and Mr. SENSENBRENNER.

H. Res. 322: Mr. COX of Illinois, Mr. BACCHUS, Mr. LAROCCO, Mr. GUARINI, Mr. APPLEGATE, Mr. HORTON, Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. KLECZKA, and Mr. WALSH.

¶4.40 DELETIONS OF SPONSORS FROM PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were deleted from public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 1330: Mr. STALLINGS.

H.R. 3769: Mr. BENNETT.

H. Res. 194: Mr. COSTELLO.

¶4.41 PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the clerk's desk and referred as follows:

136. By the SPEAKER: Petition of the Common Council of the city of Buffalo, relative to a ban on all cigarette advertising; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

137. Also, petition of Jerry Wiley, citizen of St. Paul, IN, relative to a bill of impeachment; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1992 (5)

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER.

¶5.1 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Tuesday, January 28, 1992.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal was approved.

¶5.2 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

2712. A letter from the Director, the Office of Management and Budget, transmitting the cumulative report on rescissions and deferrals of budget authority as of January 1, 1992, pursuant to 2 U.S.C. 685(e) (H. Doc. No. 102-184); to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

2713. A letter from the Deputy Secretary of Defense, transmitting certification that the current Future Years Defense Program fully funds the support costs associated with the Avenger, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2306(h)(3); to the Committee on Armed Services.

2714. A letter from the President and Chairman, Export-Import Bank of the United States, transmitting a report involving United States exports to Venezuela, pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 635(b)(3)(i); to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

2715. A letter from the President and Chairman, Export-Import Bank of the United

States, transmitting a report involving United States exports to the Kingdom of Morocco, pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 635(b)(3)(i); to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

2716. A letter from the Assistant Attorney General—Civil Rights Division, Department of Justice, transmitting a report on the activities of the Interagency Coordinating Council, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. 794c; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

2717. A letter from the Secretary of Education, transmitting a notice of Final Interpretations and Designation of Critical Foreign Languages, Foreign Languages Assistance Program, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1232(d)(1); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

2718. A letter from the Acting Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency, transmitting notification of the Department of the Navy's proposed Letter(s) of Offer and Acceptance [LOA] to Thailand for defense articles and services (Transmittal No. 92-13), pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2776(b); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2719. A letter from the Assistant Secretary of State for Economic and Business Affairs, transmitting a report on the criteria for bilateral loans from the U.S. Government, pursuant to Public Law 102-138, section 197; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

2720. A letter from the Comptroller General, General Accounting Office, transmitting the GAO personnel assigned to congressional committees for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 719(a); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2721. A letter from the Comptroller General, General Accounting Office, transmitting the list of all reports issued or released in December 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 719(h); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2722. A letter from the Chairperson, Department of the Navy Retirement Trust, transmitting the 1990 annual report for the Navy Exchange Service Command Retirement Plan, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 9503(a)(1)(B); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2723. A letter from the Acting Chief Executive Officer, Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2724. A letter from the Acting Chief Executive Officer, Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation, transmitting its annual report on the status of audit and investigative coverage for fiscal year 1991; to the Committee on Government Operations.

2725. A letter from the Executive Director, Marine Mammal Commission, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Manager's Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2726. A letter from the Director, Office of Management and Budget, transmitting a report entitled, "Managing Information Resources: Ninth Annual Report Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980", pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 3514(a); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2727. A letter from the Secretary of Agriculture, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

2728. A letter from the Secretary of Health and Human Services, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1991, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.