Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶2.8 RECESS—12:10 P.M.

The SPEAKER, pursuant to the unanimous consent agreement of Tuesday, January 5, 1993, declared the House in recess at 12 o'clock and 10 minutes p.m., subject to the call of the Chair.

¶2.9 AFTER RECESS—12:59 P.M.

The SPEAKER called the House to order.

¶2.10 ELECTORAL VOTES FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

At 1 o'clock p.m., pursuant to law and Senate Concurrent Resolution 1, adopted on January 5, 1993, the Senate attended in the Hall of the House of Representatives.

The VICE PRESIDENT took the Speaker's chair as Presiding Officer, the SPEAKER, Mr. FOLEY, being seated at his left, and the Senators took seats assigned them to the right of the presiding officer.

At 1 o'clock p.m., the VICE PRESIDENT called the joint session to order and said:

''Mr. Speaker and Members of Congress, the Senate and the House of Representatives, pursuant to the requirements of the Constitution and the laws of the United States, are meeting in joint session for the purpose of opening the certificates and ascertaining and counting the votes of the electors of the several States for President and Vice President.

''Under well-established precedents, unless a motion shall be made in any case, the reading of the formal portions of the certificates will be dispensed with. After ascertainment has been had that the certificates are authentic and correct in form, the tellers will count and make a list of the votes cast by the electors of the serveral States.''.

The tellers, Mr. FORD and Mr. STEVENS, on the part of the Senate, and Mr. ROSE and Mr. THOMAS of California, on the part of the House, took their places at the desk.

The tellers on the part of the Senate and the House, having taken their places at the Clerk's desk, the VICE PRESIDENT, in the presence of the two Houses of Congress, opened and presented in alphabetical order of the States certificates and papers proporting to be certificates of electoral votes for President and Vice President of the United States for the term beginning January 20, 1993.

The tellers, having read all the certificates of the several States in the presence and hearing of the two houses, and having made a list of the same as they appeared from the said certificates, submitted to the Vice President, the following report in writing:

The whole number of electors appointed to vote for President of the United States is 538, of which a majority is 270.

BILL CLINTON, of the State of Arkansas, has received for President of the United States 370 votes.

GEORGE BUSH, of the State of Texas, has received 168 votes.

The whole number of electors appointed to vote for Vice President of the United States is 538, of which a majority is 270.

AL GORE, of the State of Tennessee, has received for Vice President of the United States 370 votes.

DAN QUAYLE, of the State of Indiana, has received 168 votes.

The undersigned, WENDELL H. FORD and TED STEVENS, tellers on the part of the Senate, CHARLIE ROSE and WILLIAM M. THOMAS, tellers on the part of the House of Representatives, report the following as the result of the ascertainment and counting of the electoral vote for President and Vice President of the United States for the term beginning on the twentieth day of January, nineteen hundred and ninety-three.

States	Electoral votes of each State	For President		For Vice President	
		Bill Clinton	George Bush	Al Gore	Dan Quayle
Alabama	9	.....	9	.....	9
Alaska	3	.....	3	.....	3
Arizona	8	.....	8	.....	8
Arkansas	6	6	.....	6	.....
California	54	54	.....	54	.....
Colorado	8	8	.....	8	.....
Connecticut	8	8	.....	8	.....
Delaware	3	3	.....	3	.....
District of Columbia	3	3	.....	3	.....
Florida	25	.....	25	.....	25
Georgia	13	13	.....	13	.....
Hawaii	4	4	.....	4	.....
Idaho	4	.....	4	.....	4
Illinois	22	22	.....	22	.....
Indiana	12	.....	12	.....	12
Iowa	7	7	.....	7	.....
Kansas	6	.....	6	.....	6
Kentucky	8	8	.....	8	.....
Louisiana	9	9	.....	9	.....
Maine	4	4	.....	4	.....
Maryland	10	10	.....	10	.....
Massachusetts	12	12	.....	12	.....
Michigan	18	18	.....	18	.....
Minnesota	10	10	.....	10	.....
Mississippi	7	.....	7	.....	7
Missouri	11	11	.....	11	.....
Montana	3	3	.....	3	.....
Nebraska	5	.....	5	.....	5
Nevada	4	4	.....	4	.....
New Hampshire	4	4	.....	4	.....
New Jersey	15	15	.....	15	.....
New Mexico	5	5	.....	5	.....
New York	33	33	.....	33	.....
North Carolina	14	.....	14	.....	14
North Dakota	3	.....	3	.....	3
Ohio	21	21	.....	21	.....
Oklahoma	8	.....	8	.....	8
Oregon	7	7	.....	7	.....
Pennsylvania	23	23	.....	23	.....
Rhode Island	4	4	.....	4	.....
South Carolina	8	.....	8	.....	8
South Dakota	3	.....	3	.....	3
Tennessee	11	11	.....	11	.....
Texas	32	.....	32	.....	32
Utah	5	.....	5	.....	5
Vermont	3	3	.....	3	.....
Virginia	13	.....	13	.....	13
Washington	11	11	.....	11	.....
West Virgina	5	5	.....	5	.....
Wisconsin	11	11	.....	11	.....
Wyoming	3	.....	3	.....	3
Total	538	370	168	370	168

The VICE PRESIDENT then announced that the purpose of the meeting having been accomplished, the joint session was dissolved.

The Senate retired from the Hall of the House at 1 o'clock and 34 minutes p.m.

The SPEAKER then resumed the Chair, called the House to order and said: ''Pursuant to Senate Concurrent Resolution 1, the Chair directs that the electoral votes be spread at large on the Journal.''

¶2.11 RECESS—1:38 P.M.

The SPEAKER, pursuant to the unanimous consent agreement of Tuesday, January 5, 1993, declared the House in recess at 1 o'clock and 38 minutes p.m., subject to the call of the Chair.

¶2.12 AFTER RECESS—2:01 P.M.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. OBEY, called the House to order.

¶2.13 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—BUDGET BASELINES, HISTORICAL DATE, AND ALTERNATIVES FOR THE FUTURE

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

I am pleased to present the budgetary statement: *Budget Baselines, Historical Data, and Alternatives for the Future.*

The Budget Enforcement Act of 1990 (BEA) changed the date by which the President is required to transmit his Budget from the first Monday after January 3rd to the first Monday in February. It also established January 21, 1993, as the date for the official presentation and determination of the BEA budget deficit adjustment. Accordingly, the full 1994 Budget must be submitted by the new Administration.

In order to provide a perspective from which to evaluate choices and actions, this document provides the following:

—a review of current policies and the implications of their extension into the future;

—near-term and long-term budget projections under alternative economic and technical assumptions;

—assessments of hidden liabilities with associated policy reforms, and assessments of high risk management areas with associated recommendations for systems improvement; and

—updated options and recommendations for spending control.

It is my hope that this will be useful to the Congress and the new Administration in the effort to produce both a responsible budget and strong economic growth.

GEORGE BUSH.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *January 6, 1993.*

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 103–4).

¶2.14 SPEAKER TO ACCEPT RESIGNATIONS, APPOINT COMMISSIONS

On motion of Mr. WISE, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That, notwithstanding any adjournment of the House until Wednesday, January 20, 1993, the Speaker and the Minority Leader be authorized to accept resignations and to make appointments to commissions, boards and committees duly authorized by law or by the House.