

H. Con. Res. 18: Mr. MANN, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. RAMSTAD, and Mr. ZIMMER.

H. Res. 16: Mr. MCCANDLESS.

H. Res. 26: Mr. SAM JOHNSON, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. ZIMMER, Mr. PETE GEREN, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. GOSS, Mr. HENRY, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. BARTON of Texas, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. EWING, Mr. PETRI, Mr. CAMP, Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. TORKILDSEN, Mr. FAWELL, Mr. WALSH, Ms. FOWLER, Mr. HANCOCK, Mr. ARMEY, Mr. DELAY, Mr. COX, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. GILCHRIST, Mr. WALKER, Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. PAXON, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, and Mr. HERGER.

H. Res. 41: Mr. BEILENSEN and Mr. SMITH of New Jersey.

H. Res. 45: Mr. SAXTON and Mr. PACKARD.

H. Res. 53: Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. HERGER, Mr. FAWELL, and Mr. SENSENBRENNER.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1993 (10)

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER.

¶10.1 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Wednesday, February 3, 1993.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal was approved.

¶10.2 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

710. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Energy, transmitting notification that the report on the Scholarship and Fellowship Program for Environmental Restoration and Waste Management will be completed by March 1, 1993, pursuant to Public Law 102-190, section 3132(h) (105 Stat. 1574); to the Committee on Armed Services.

711. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting notification of a proposed license for the export of major defense equipment and services sold commercially to Japan (Transmittal No. DTC-16-93), pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2776(c); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

712. A letter from the Chairman, Board for International Broadcasting, transmitting the Board's annual report on its activities, as well as its review and evaluation of the operation of Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty for the period October 1, 1991 through September 30, 1992, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2873(a)(9); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

713. A letter from the Secretary of Labor, transmitting the annual report under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act for fiscal year 1992, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512(c)(3); to the Committee on Government Operations.

714. A letter from the Director, National Park Service, transmitting a report of surplus Federal real property disposed of for parks and recreation, fiscal years 1991 and 1992, pursuant to Public Law 100-612, section 5 (102 Stat. 3181); to the Committee on Natural Resources.

715. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Labor, transmitting a report on the

extent and manner of compliance by State prison industry enhancement certification programs with the requirements set forth in 18 U.S.C. 1761(c), pursuant to Public Law 101-647, section 2908 (104 Stat. 4915); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

716. A letter from the Chairman, Copyright Royalty Tribunal, transmitting its annual report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1992, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. 808; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

717. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Transportation, transmitting a report entitled "Commemoration of Dwight D. Eisenhower National System of Interstate and Defense Highways," pursuant to Public Law 102-240, section 1023(e)(4) (105 Stat. 1955); to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

718. A letter from the Chairman, U.S. Information Agency, transmitting a report of the Cultural Property Advisory Committee on the request of the Government of Mali, pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

719. See Journal of January 5, 1993.

¶10.3 COMMITTEE RESIGNATION—MINORITY

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication, which was read as follows:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, February 4, 1993.

Hon. TOM FOLEY,
The Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: I submit my resignation from the Committee on Agriculture and the Committee on Small Business to the House of Representatives effective this date.

It has been a distinct honor to serve on both of these committees. However, in accordance with the rules of the Republican Conference, my selection for the Committee on Ways and Means precludes my service on the Agriculture or Small Business Committee.

I look forward to my continued service as a voice for agriculture and small business on the Ways and Means Committee. The many important issues which come before the committee will be of vital concern to farm families, employers, and employees across Michigan and America.

With deepest appreciation,
Sincerely,

DAVE CAMP,
Member of Congress.

The resignation was accepted.

¶10.4 COMMITTEE ELECTION—MINORITY

Mr. ARMEY, by direction of the Republican Conference, submitted the following privileged resolution (H. Res. 66):

Resolved, That the following named Members be, and they are hereby, elected to the following standing committees of the House of Representatives:

Committee on Ways and Means: Mr. Camp of Michigan;

Committee on the District of Columbia: Mr. Ballenger of North Carolina;

Committee on House Administration: Ms. Dunn of Washington; and the

Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries: Mr. Pombo of California with two remaining vacancies.

When said resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶10.5 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2

Mr. FROST, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 59):

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 1(b) of rule XXIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2) to establish national voter registration procedures for Federal elections, and for other purposes. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. All points of order against consideration of the bill for failure to comply with clause 2(1)(6) of rule XI are waived. General debate shall be confined to the bill and shall not exceed one hour equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on House Administration. After general debate the bill shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule. The amendments recommended by the Committee on House Administration now printed in the bill and the amendment printed in part 1 of the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution shall be considered as adopted in the House and in the Committee of the Whole. The bill as so amended shall be considered as read. No further amendment shall be in order except an amendment printed in part 2 of the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution. Such amendment may be offered only by the named proponent or a designee, shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for one hour equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, and shall not be subject to amendment. At the conclusion of consideration of the bill for amendment the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendment as may have been adopted. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

Mr. FROST moved the previous question on the resolution to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House now order the previous question?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. DREIER objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared { Yeas 248
Nays 171

¶10.6 [Roll No. 23] YEAS—248

Abercrombie	Berman	Brown (OH)
Ackerman	Bevill	Bryant
Andrews (ME)	Bilbray	Byrne
Andrews (NJ)	Bishop	Cantwell
Andrews (TX)	Blackwell	Cardin
Applegate	Bonior	Carr
Bacchus (FL)	Borski	Chapman
Baesler	Boucher	Clay
Barcia	Brewster	Clayton
Barlow	Brooks	Clement
Barrett (WI)	Browder	Clyburn
Becerra	Brown (CA)	Coleman
Beilenson	Brown (FL)	Collins (IL)

Collins (MI) Kaptur
 Condit Kennedy
 Conyers Kennelly
 Cooper Kildee
 Coppersmith Kleczka
 Costello Klein
 Coyne Klink
 Cramer Kopetski
 Danner Kreidler
 Darden LaFalce
 de la Garza Lambert
 Deal Lancaster
 DeFazio Lantos
 DeLauro LaRocco
 Dellums Lehman
 Derrick Levin
 Deutsch Lewis (GA)
 Dicks Lipinski
 Dingell Lloyd
 Dixon Long
 Dooley Lowey
 Durbin Maloney
 Edwards (CA) Mann
 Edwards (TX) Manton
 Engel Margolies-
 English (AZ) Mezvinsky
 English (OK) Markey
 Eshoo Martinez
 Evans Matsui
 Fazio Mazzoli
 Fields (LA) McCloskey
 Filner McCurdy
 Fingerhut McDermott
 Flake McHale
 Foglietta McKinney
 Ford (MI) McNulty
 Frank (MA) Meehan
 Frost Meek
 Furse Menendez
 Gejdenson Mfume
 Gephardt Miller (CA)
 Geren Mineta
 Gibbons Minge
 Glickman Mink
 Gonzalez Moakley
 Gordon Mollohan
 Green Montgomery
 Gutierrez Moran
 Hall (OH) Murphy
 Hall (TX) Murtha
 Hamburg Nadler
 Hamilton Natcher
 Harman Neal (MA)
 Hastings Neal (NC)
 Hayes Oberstar
 Hefner Obey
 Hilliard Olver
 Hoagland Ortiz
 Hochbrueckner Orton
 Holden Owens
 Hoyer Pallone
 Hughes Parker
 Hutto Pastor
 Inslee Payne (NJ)
 Jefferson Payne (VA)
 Johnson (GA) Pelosi
 Johnson (SD) Penny
 Johnson, E.B. Peterson (FL)
 Johnston Peterson (MN)
 Kanjorski Pickett

NAYS—171

Allard Combest
 Armey Cox
 Bachus (AL) Crane
 Baker (CA) Crapo
 Baker (LA) Cunningham
 Ballenger DeLay
 Barrett (NE) Diaz-Balart
 Bartlett Hancock
 Bateman Doolittle
 Bentley Dornan
 Bereuter Dreier
 Bilirakis Duncan
 Bliley Dunn
 Blute Emerson
 Boehlert Everett
 Boehner Ewing
 Bonilla Fawell
 Bunning Fish
 Burton Fowler
 Buyer Franks (CT)
 Callahan Franks (NJ)
 Calvert Gallegly
 Camp Gallo
 Canady Gekas
 Castle Gilchrest
 Clinger Gillmor
 Coble Gilman
 Collins (GA) Gingrich

Pickle Pomeroy
 Poshard Price (NC)
 Rahall
 Rangel
 Reed
 Reynolds
 Richardson
 Roemer
 Rose
 Rostenkowski
 Rowland
 Roybal-Allard
 Rush
 Sabo
 Sanders
 Sangmeister
 Sarpalus
 Sawyer
 Schenk
 Schroeder
 Schumer
 Scott
 Serrano
 Sharp
 Shepherd
 Sisisky
 Skaggs
 Skelton
 Slattery
 Slaughter
 Smith (IA)
 Spratt
 Stark
 Stenholm
 Stokes
 Strickland
 Stupak
 Swett
 Swift
 Synar
 Tanner
 Tauzin
 Taylor (MS)
 Tejada
 Thornton
 Thurman
 Torres
 Torricelli
 Towns
 Traficant
 Unsoeld
 Valentine
 Velazquez
 Vento
 Visclosky
 Volkmer
 Waters
 Watt
 Waxman
 Wheat
 Whitten
 Williams
 Wilson
 Wise
 Woolsey
 Wyden
 Wynn
 Yates

NAYS—171

Goodlatte
 Goodling
 Goss
 Grams
 Grandy
 Greenwood
 Gunderson
 Hancock
 Hansen
 Hastert
 Hefley
 Herger
 Hobson
 Hoekstra
 Hoke
 Horn
 Houghton
 Huffington
 Hunter
 Hutchinson
 Hyde
 Inglis
 Inhofe
 Istook
 Jacobs
 Johnson, Sam
 Kasich
 Kim

King
 Kingston
 Klug
 Knollenberg
 Kolbe
 Kyl
 Lazio
 Leach
 Levy
 Lewis (CA)
 Lewis (FL)
 Lightfoot
 Linder
 Livingston
 Machtley
 Manullo
 McCandless
 McCollum
 McCreery
 McDade
 McHugh
 McInnis
 McKeon
 McMillan
 Meyers
 Mica
 Michel
 Miller (FL)
 Molinari

NOT VOTING—11

Archer
 Barton
 Fields (TX)
 Ford (TN)

Henry
 Hinchey
 Johnson (CT)
 Laughlin

Moorhead
 Morella
 Myers
 Nussle
 Oxley
 Packard
 Paxon
 Petri
 Pombo
 Porter
 Pryce (OH)
 Quillen
 Quinn
 Ramstad
 Ravenel
 Regula
 Ridge
 Roberts
 Rogers
 Rohrabacher
 Ros-Lehtinen
 Roth
 Roukema
 Royce
 Santorum
 Saxton
 Schaefer
 Schiff
 Sensenbrenner

Studds
 Tucker
 Washington

Shaw
 Shays
 Shuster
 Skeen
 Smith (MI)
 Smith (NJ)
 Smith (OR)
 Smith (TX)
 Snowe
 Solomon
 Spence
 Stearns
 Stump
 Sundquist
 Talent
 Taylor (NC)
 Thomas (CA)
 Thomas (WY)
 Torkildsen
 Upton
 Vucanovich
 Walker
 Walsh
 Weldon
 Wolf
 Young (AK)
 Young (FL)
 Zeliff
 Zimmer

Allard
 Armey
 Bachus (AL)
 Baker (CA)
 Baker (LA)
 Ballenger
 Barrett (NE)
 Bateman
 Beilenson
 Bentley
 Bereuter
 Bilirakis
 Bliley
 Blute
 Boehlert
 Boehner
 Bonilla
 Bunning
 Burton
 Buyer
 Callahan
 Calvert
 Camp
 Canady
 Castle
 Clinger
 Coble
 Collins (GA)
 Combest
 Cox
 Crane
 Crapo
 Cunningham
 DeLay
 Diaz-Balart
 Dickey
 Doolittle
 Dornan
 Dreier
 Duncan
 Dunn
 Emerson
 Ewing
 Fawell
 Fish
 Fowler
 Franks (CT)
 Franks (NJ)
 Gallegly
 Gallo
 Gekas
 Gilchrest

Kopetski
 Kreidler
 LaFalce
 Lambert
 Lancaster
 Lantos
 LaRocco
 Lehman
 Levin
 Lewis (GA)
 Lloyd
 Long
 Lowey
 Maloney
 Mann
 Manton
 Margolies-
 Mezvinsky
 Markey
 Martinez
 Matsui
 Mazzoli
 McCloskey
 McCurdy
 McDermott
 McHale
 McKinney
 McNulty
 Meehan
 Meek
 Menendez
 Mfume
 Miller (CA)
 Mineta
 Minge
 Mink
 Moakley
 Mollohan
 Montgomery
 Moran
 Murphy
 Murtha
 Nadler
 Natcher
 Neal (MA)

NAYS—170

Gillmor
 Gilman
 Gingrich
 Goodlatte
 Goodling
 Goss
 Grams
 Grandy
 Greenwood
 Gunderson
 Hancock
 Hansen
 Hastert
 Hefley
 Herger
 Hobson
 Hoekstra
 Hoke
 Horn
 Houghton
 Huffington
 Hunter
 Hutchinson
 Hyde
 Inglis
 Inhofe
 Istook
 Kasich
 Kim
 King
 Kingston
 Klug
 Knollenberg
 Kolbe
 Kyl
 Lazio
 Leach
 Levy
 Lewis (CA)
 Lewis (FL)
 Lightfoot
 Linder
 Lipinski
 Livingston
 Machtley
 Manullo
 McCandless
 McCollum
 McCreery
 McDade
 McHugh
 McInnis
 McKeon

McMillan
 Meyers
 Mica
 Michel
 Miller (FL)
 Molinari
 Moorhead
 Morella
 Myers
 Nussle
 Oxley
 Packard
 Paxon
 Petri
 Pombo
 Porter
 Pryce (OH)
 Quillen
 Quinn
 Ramstad
 Ravenel
 Hunter
 Ridge
 Roberts
 Rogers
 Rohrabacher
 Ros-Lehtinen
 Roth
 Roukema
 Royce
 Santorum
 Klug
 Schaefer
 Schiff
 Sensenbrenner
 Shaw
 Shays
 Shuster
 Skeen
 Smith (MI)
 Smith (NJ)
 Smith (OR)
 Smith (TX)
 Snowe
 Solomon
 Spence
 Stearns
 Stump
 Sundquist
 Talent
 Taylor (NC)
 Thomas (CA)
 Thomas (WY)

Torkildsen	Walsh	Young (FL)
Upton	Weldon	Zeliff
Vucanovich	Wolf	Zimmer
Walker	Young (AK)	

NOT VOTING—11

Archer	Ford (TN)	Laughlin
Bartlett	Henry	Studds
Barton	Johnson (CT)	Washington
Fields (TX)	Johnson, Sam	

So the resolution was agreed to. A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

10.8 COMMITTEE ELECTION—MAJORITY

Mr. HOYER, by direction of the Democratic Caucus, submitted the following privileged resolution (H. Res. 67):

Resolved, That the following named Members, Resident Commissioner, and Delegates, be, and they are hereby, elected to the following standing committees of the House of Representatives:

Committee on Agriculture: Pat Williams, Montana; Blanche Lambert, Arkansas.

Committee on Government Operations: Floyd H. Flake, New York; James A. Hayes, Louisiana; Craig Washington, Texas; Barbara-Rose Collins, Michigan; Corrine Brown, Florida; Marjorie Margolies-Mezvinsky, Pennsylvania; Lynn C. Woolsey, California; vacancy; vacancy.

Committee on Small Business: Maxine Waters, California; vacancy.

Committee on Standards of Official Conduct: Jim McDermott, Washington, Chairman; George Darden, Georgia; Benjamin Cardin, Maryland; Kweisi Mfume, Maryland; Robert A. Borski, Pennsylvania; Thomas C. Sawyer, Ohio.

When said resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

10.9 VOTER REGISTRATION

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, pursuant to House Resolution 59 and rule XXIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 2) to establish national voter registration procedures for Federal elections, and for other purposes.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, by unanimous consent, designated Mr. McDERMOTT as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole; and after some time spent therein,

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. McDERMOTT, Chairman, pursuant to House Resolution 59, reported the bill back to the House.

The previous question having been ordered by said resolution.

Pursuant to House Resolution 59, the amendments recommended by the Committee on House Administration now printed in the bill and the amendment printed in part 1 of the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying said resolution were considered as adopted in the House and in the Committee of the Whole.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read a third time by title.

Mr. THOMAS of California moved to recommit the bill to the Committee on House Administration with instructions to report the bill back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

Strike out lines 15-24 on pg. 29 and insert in lieu thereof the following:

SEC. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE AND CITIZENSHIP REQUIREMENT

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) this Act shall take effect

(1) with respect to a State that on the date of enactment of this Act has a provision in the constitution of the State that would preclude compliance with this Act unless the State maintained separate Federal and State official lists of eligible voters, on January 1, 1996; and

(2) with respect to any State not described in paragraph (1), on January 1, 1995.

(b) This Act shall not take effect with respect to a State until the chief election official of that State certifies to the Attorney General that sufficient procedures exist in that State to prevent voter registration under the procedures provided for in this Act by persons who are not citizens of the United States. Certification of compliance or a statement of reasons for inability to certify shall be forwarded to the Attorney General not later than January 1, 1996. The Attorney General shall report such communications to the Congress.

(c) No person other than a citizen of the United States may be registered to vote under this Act.

After debate,

By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered on the motion to recommit with instructions.

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House recommit said bill with instructions?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. THOMAS of California objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared	Yeas	166
	Nays	253

10.10 [Roll No. 25] YEAS—166

Allard	Canady	Franks (CT)
Armey	Castle	Franks (NJ)
Bachus (AL)	Clinger	Gallegly
Baker (CA)	Coble	Gallo
Baker (LA)	Collins (GA)	Gekas
Ballenger	Combest	Gilchrest
Barrett (NE)	Cox	Gillmor
Bartlett	Crane	Gilman
Bateman	Crapo	Gingrich
Bentley	Cunningham	Goodlatte
Bereuter	DeLay	Goodling
Bilirakis	Deickey	Goss
Bliley	Doolittle	Grams
Blute	Dornan	Grandy
Boehlert	Dreier	Greenwood
Boehner	Duncan	Gunderson
Bonilla	Dunn	Hancock
Bunning	Emerson	Hansen
Burton	Everett	Hastert
Buyer	Ewing	Hefley
Callahan	Fawell	Heger
Calvert	Fish	Hobson
Camp	Fowler	Hoekstra

Hoke	McHugh	Schiff
Horn	McInnis	Sensenbrenner
Houghton	McKeon	Shaw
Huffington	McMillan	Shays
Hunter	Meyers	Shuster
Hutchinson	Mica	Skeen
Hyde	Michel	Smith (MI)
Inglis	Miller (FL)	Smith (NJ)
Inhofe	Molinari	Smith (OR)
Istook	Moorhead	Smith (TX)
Johnson, Sam	Myers	Snowe
Kasich	Nussle	Solomon
Kim	Oxley	Spence
King	Packard	Stearns
Kingston	Paxon	Stump
Klug	Petri	Sundquist
Knollenberg	Pombo	Talent
Kolbe	Porter	Taylor (NC)
Kyl	Pryce (OH)	Thomas (CA)
Lazio	Quinn	Thomas (WY)
Leach	Ramstad	Torkildsen
Levy	Ravenel	Upton
Lewis (CA)	Regula	Vucanovich
Lewis (FL)	Ridge	Walker
Lightfoot	Roberts	Walsh
Linder	Rogers	Weldon
Livingston	Rohrabacher	Wolf
Machtley	Roth	Young (AK)
Manzullo	Roukema	Young (FL)
McCandless	Royce	Zeliff
McCollum	Santorum	Zimmer
McCrery	Saxton	
McDade	Schaefer	

NAYS—253

Ackerman	Eshoo	Lowey
Andrews (ME)	Evans	Maloney
Andrews (TX)	Fazio	Mann
Applegate	Fields (LA)	Manton
Bacchus (FL)	Filner	Margolies-Mezvinsky
Baesler	Fingerhut	Markey
Barcia	Flake	Martinez
Barlow	Foglietta	Matsui
Barrett (WI)	Ford (MI)	Mazzoli
Becerra	Frank (MA)	McCloskey
Beilenson	Frost	McCurdy
Berman	Furse	McDermott
Bevill	Gejdenson	McHale
Bilbray	Gephardt	McKinney
Bishop	Geren	McNulty
Blackwell	Gibbons	Meehan
Bonior	Glickman	Meek
Borski	Gonzalez	Menendez
Boucher	Gordon	Mfume
Brewster	Green	Miller (CA)
Brooks	Gutierrez	Mineta
Browder	Hall (OH)	Minge
Brown (CA)	Hall (TX)	Mink
Brown (FL)	Hamburg	Moakley
Brown (OH)	Hamilton	Mollohan
Bryant	Harman	Montgomery
Byrne	Hastings	Moran
Cantwell	Hayes	Morella
Cardin	Hefner	Murphy
Carr	Hilliard	Murtha
Chapman	Hinchey	Nadler
Clay	Hoagland	Natcher
Clayton	Hochbrueckner	Neal (MA)
Clement	Holden	Neal (NC)
Clyburn	Hoyer	Oberstar
Coleman	Hughes	Obey
Collins (IL)	Hutto	Olver
Collins (MI)	Inslee	Ortiz
Condit	Jacobs	Orton
Conyers	Jefferson	Owens
Cooper	Johnson (GA)	Pallone
Coppersmith	Johnson (SD)	Parker
Costello	Johnson, E.B.	Pastor
Coyne	Johnston	Payne (NJ)
Cramer	Kanjorski	Payne (VA)
Danner	Kaptur	Pelosi
Darden	Kennedy	Penny
de la Garza	Kennelly	Peterson (FL)
Deal	Kildee	Peterson (MN)
DeFazio	Kleczka	Pickett
DeLauro	Klein	Pickle
Dellums	Klink	Pomeroy
Derrick	Kopetski	Poshard
Deutsch	Kreidler	Price (NC)
Diaz-Balart	LaFalce	Rahall
Dicks	Lambert	Rangel
Dingell	Lancaster	Reed
Dixon	Lantos	Reynolds
Dooley	LaRocco	Richardson
Durbin	Lehman	Roemer
Edwards (CA)	Levin	Ros-Lehtinen
Edwards (TX)	Lewis (GA)	Rose
Engel	Lipinski	Rostenkowski
English (AZ)	Lloyd	Rowland
English (OK)	Long	

Roybal-Allard	Spratt	Unsoeld
Rush	Stark	Valentine
Sabo	Stenholm	Velázquez
Sanders	Stokes	Vento
Sangmeister	Strickland	Visclosky
Sarpalius	Stupak	Volkmer
Sawyer	Sweet	Washington
Schenk	Swift	Waters
Schroeder	Synar	Watt
Schumer	Tanner	Waxman
Scott	Tauzin	Wheat
Serrano	Taylor (MS)	Whitten
Sharp	Tejeda	Williams
Shepherd	Thornton	Wilson
Sisisky	Thurman	Wise
Skaggs	Torres	Woolsey
Skelton	Torricelli	Wyden
Slattery	Towns	Wynn
Slaughter	Trafficant	Yates
Smith (IA)	Tucker	

NOT VOTING—11

Abercrombie	Fields (TX)	Laughlin
Andrews (NJ)	Ford (TN)	Quillen
Archer	Henry	Studds
Barton	Johnson (CT)	

So the motion to recommit with instructions was not agreed to.

The question being put, *viva voce*,
Will the House pass said bill?

The SPEAKER *pro tempore*, Mr. McNULTY, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. LIVINGSTON demanded a recorded vote on passage of said bill, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 259
Nays 160

¶10.11 [Roll No. 26]
AYES—259

Abercrombie	Derrick	Hoagland
Ackerman	Deutsch	Hochbrueckner
Andrews (ME)	Diaz-Balart	Holden
Andrews (NJ)	Dicks	Hoyer
Andrews (TX)	Dingell	Hughes
Applegate	Dixon	Insee
Bacchus (FL)	Dooley	Jacobs
Baesler	Durbin	Jefferson
Barcia	Edwards (CA)	Johnson (GA)
Barlow	Edwards (TX)	Johnson (SD)
Barrett (WI)	Engel	Johnson, E. B.
Becerra	English (AZ)	Johnston
Berman	English (OK)	Kanjorski
Bilbray	Eshoo	Kaptur
Bilirakis	Evans	Kennedy
Bishop	Fazio	Kennelly
Blackwell	Fields (LA)	Kildee
Boehlert	Filner	Kleczka
Bonior	Fingerhut	Klink
Borski	Fish	Klug
Boucher	Flake	Kopetski
Brooks	Foglietta	Kreidler
Brown (CA)	Ford (MI)	LaFalce
Brown (FL)	Frank (MA)	Lambert
Brown (OH)	Franks (NJ)	Lancaster
Bryant	Frost	Lantos
Byrne	Furse	LaRocco
Cantwell	Gejdenson	Leach
Cardin	Gephardt	Lehman
Carr	Geren	Levin
Chapman	Gibbons	Lewis (GA)
Clay	Gilchrest	Lloyd
Clayton	Gilman	Long
Clement	Glickman	Lowey
Clyburn	Gonzalez	Machtley
Coleman	Gordon	Maloney
Collins (IL)	Green	Mann
Collins (MI)	Gunderson	Manton
Conyers	Gutierrez	Margolies-
Cooper	Hall (OH)	Mezvinsky
Coppersmith	Hall (TX)	Markey
Costello	Hamburg	Martinez
Coyne	Hamilton	Matsui
Danner	Harman	Mazzoli
Darden	Hastings	McCloskey
de la Garza	Hayes	McCurdy
DeFazio	Hefner	McDermott
DeLauro	Hilliard	McHale
Dellums	Hinchey	

McKinney	Pomeroy
McNulty	Poshard
Meehan	Price (NC)
Meek	Rahall
Menendez	Ramstad
Meyers	Rangel
Mfume	Reed
Miller (CA)	Reynolds
Mineta	Richardson
Minge	Roemer
Mink	Ros-Lehtinen
Moakley	Rose
Mollohan	Rostenkowski
Montgomery	Roybal-Allard
Moran	Rush
Morella	Sabo
Murphy	Sanders
Murtha	Sangmeister
Nadler	Santorum
Natcher	Sarpalius
Neal (MA)	Sawyer
Neal (NC)	Schenk
Oberstar	Schroeder
Obey	Schumer
Olver	Scott
Ortiz	Serrano
Orton	Sharp
Owens	Shays
Pallone	Shepherd
Parker	Sisisky
Pastor	Skaggs
Payne (NJ)	Skelton
Payne (VA)	Slattery
Pelosi	Slaughter
Penny	Smith (IA)
Peterson (FL)	Smith (NJ)
Peterson (MN)	Spratt
Pickle	Stark

NOES—160

Allard	Goodlatte
Armey	Goodling
Bachus (AL)	Goss
Baker (CA)	Grams
Baker (LA)	Grandy
Ballenger	Greenwood
Barrett (NE)	Hancock
Bartlett	Hansen
Bateman	Hastert
Beilenson	Hefley
Bentley	Herger
Bereuter	Hobson
Bevill	Hoekstra
Bliley	Hoke
Blute	Horn
Boehner	Houghton
Bonilla	Huffington
Brewster	Hunter
Browder	Hutchinson
Bunning	Hutto
Burton	Hyde
Buyer	Inglis
Callahan	Inhofe
Calvert	Istook
Camp	Johnson, Sam
Canady	Kasich
Castle	Kim
Clinger	King
Coble	Kingston
Collins (GA)	Knollenberg
Combest	Kolbe
Condit	Kyl
Cox	Lazio
Cramer	Levy
Crane	Lewis (CA)
Crapo	Lewis (FL)
Cunningham	Lightfoot
Deal	Linder
DeLay	Lipinski
Dickey	Livingston
Doolittle	Manzullo
Dornan	McCandless
Dreier	McCollum
Duncan	McCrery
Everett	McDade
Ewing	McHugh
Fawell	McInnis
Fowler	McKeon
Franks (CT)	McMillan
Gallegly	Mica
Gallo	Michel
Gekas	Miller (FL)
Gingrich	Molinar
	Moorhead

NOT VOTING—11

Archer	Ford (TN)	Laughlin
Barton	Gillmor	Quillen
Dunn	Henry	Studds
Fields (TX)	Johnson (CT)	

Stokes	Taylor (MS)
Strickland	Tejeda
Stupak	Thornton
Sweet	Thurman
Swift	Torres
Synar	Torricelli
Tanner	Towns
Tauzin	Traficant
Taylor (MS)	Tucker
Tejeda	Unsoeld
Thornton	Upton
Thurman	Velazquez
Torres	Vento
Torricelli	Volkmer
Towns	Walsh
Traficant	Washington
Tucker	Waters
Unsoeld	Watt
Upton	Waxman
Velazquez	Wheat
Vento	Whitten
Volkmer	Williams
Walsh	Wilson
Washington	Wise
Waters	Woolsey
Watt	Wyden
Waxman	Wynn
Wheat	Yates
Whitten	Zimmer
Williams	
Wilson	
Wise	
Woolsey	
Wyden	
Wynn	
Yates	
Zimmer	

So the bill was passed.
A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered. That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶10.12 COMMITTEE ELECTION—MINORITY

Mr. MICHEL, by direction of the Republican Conference, submitted the following privileged resolution (H. Res. 68):

Resolved. That Representative Schiff of New Mexico, be, and he is hereby, elected to the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct.

When said resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶10.13 RESOLUTIONS TABLED

On motion of Mr. MOAKLEY, by unanimous consent, the following resolutions were laid on the table:

House Resolution 18. A resolution to establish the Select Committee on Hunger;

House Resolution 19. A resolution to establish the Select Committee on Aging;

House Resolution 23. A resolution to establish the Select Committee on Children, Youth, and Families; and

House Resolution 30. A resolution to establish the Select Committee on Aging.

¶10.14 RECESS—7:45 P.M.

The SPEAKER *pro tempore*, Mr. COPPERSMITH, pursuant to rule 1, clause 12, declared the House in recess at 7 o'clock and 45 minutes p.m., subject to the call of the Chair.

¶10.15 AFTER RECESS—9:11 P.M.

The SPEAKER *pro tempore*, Mr. SKAGGS, called the House to order.

¶10.16 WAIVING TWO-THIRDS REQUIREMENT TO CONSIDER RESOLUTION

Mr. GORDON, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 61):

Resolved. That the requirement of clause 4(b) of rule XI for a two-thirds vote to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is hereby waived with respect to a resolution providing for consideration of a bill relating to family and temporary medical leave for certain employees.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

On motion of Mr. GORDON, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, *viva voce*, Will the House agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER *pro tempore*, Mr. SKAGGS, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. GORDON demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said resolution, which demand was supported by one-

fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 239
Nays 155

¶10.17 [Roll No. 27]
AYES—239

- Abercrombie Glickman Neal (NC)
- Ackerman Gonzalez Oberstar
- Andrews (ME) Gordon Obey
- Andrews (NJ) Green Olver
- Andrews (TX) Gutierrez Ortiz
- Applegate Hall (OH) Orton
- Bacchus (FL) Hall (TX) Owens
- Baessler Hamburg Pallone
- Barcia Hamilton Parker
- Barlow Harman Pastor
- Barrett (WI) Hastings Payne (NJ)
- Becerra Hayez Payne (VA)
- Beilenson Hefner Pelosi
- Berman Hilliard Peterson (FL)
- Bevill Hinchey Peterson (MN)
- Bilbray Hoagland Pomeroy
- Bishop Hochbrueckner Poshard
- Bonior Holden Price (NC)
- Borski Hoyer Rahall
- Boucher Hughes Rangel
- Brewster Hutto Reed
- Brooks Inslee Reynolds
- Browder Jacobs Richardson
- Brown (FL) Jefferson Roemer
- Brown (OH) Johnson (GA) Rostenkowski
- Bryant Johnson (SD) Roukema
- Byrne Johnson, E. B. Rowland
- Cantwell Johnston Roybal-Allard
- Cardin Kanjorski Rush
- Carr Kaptur Sabo
- Chapman Kennedy Sanders
- Clay Kennelly Sangmeister
- Clayton Kildee Sarpalius
- Clement Kleczka Sawyer
- Clyburn Klein Schenk
- Coleman Klink Schroeder
- Collins (IL) Kreidler Schumer
- Collins (MI) LaFalce Scott
- Condit Lambert Serrano
- Conyers Lancaster Sharp
- Cooper Lantos Shepherd
- Coppersmith LaRocco Skaggs
- Costello Lehman Skelton
- Coyne Levin Slaughter
- Cramer Lewis (GA) Smith (IA)
- Danner Lloyd Spratt
- Darden Long Stark
- de la Garza Lowey Stenholm
- Deal Maloney Stokes
- DeFazio Mann Strickland
- DeLauro Margolies-Stupak
- Dellums Mezvinsky Swett
- Derrick Markey Swift
- Deutsch Martinez Synar
- Dicks Matsui Tanner
- Dingell Mazzoli Tauzin
- Dixon McCloskey Taylor (MS)
- Dooley McCurdy Tejeda
- Durbin McDermott Thornton
- Edwards (CA) McHale Thurman
- Edwards (TX) McKinney Torres
- Engel McNulty Torricelli
- English (AZ) Meehan Towns
- English (OK) Meek Trafficant
- Eshoo Menendez Tucker
- Evans Mfume Unsoeld
- Fazio Miller (CA) Valentine
- Fields (LA) Mineta Velazquez
- Filner Minge Vento
- Fingerhut Mink Visclosky
- Flake Moakley Volkmer
- Foglietta Mollohan Waters
- Ford (MI) Montgomery Watt
- Frank (MA) Moran Wheat
- Frost Morella Williams
- Furse Murphy Wilson
- Gejdenson Murtha Wise
- Gephardt Nadler Woolsey
- Geren Natcher Wyden
- Gibbons Neal (MA) Wynn

NOES—155

- Allard Barrett (NE) Bliley
- Army Bartlett Blute
- Bacchus (AL) Bateman Boehlert
- Baker (CA) Bentley Boehner
- Baker (LA) Bereuter Bonilla
- Ballenger Bilirakis Bunning

- Burton Heger Oxley
- Buyer Hobson Packard
- Callahan Hoekstra Paxon
- Calvert Hoke Petri
- Camp Horn Pombo
- Canady Houghton Porter
- Castle Huffington Pryce (OH)
- Clinger Hunter Quinn
- Coble Hyde Ramstad
- Collins (GA) Inglis Ravenel
- Combest Inhofe Regula
- Cox Istook Ridge
- Crapo Johnson, Sam Roberts
- Cunningham Kasich Rogers
- DeLay Kim Rohrabacher
- Diaz-Balart King Ros-Lehtinen
- Dickey Kingston Roth
- Doollittle Knollenberg Royce
- Dornan Kolbe Saxton
- Dreier Kyl Sensenbrenner
- Duncan Lazio Shaw
- Dum Leach Shays
- Emerson Levy Skeen
- Everett Lewis (CA) Smith (MI)
- Ewing Lewis (FL) Smith (NJ)
- Fawell Lightfoot Smith (OR)
- Fish Linder Smith (TX)
- Fowler Livingston Snowe
- Franks (CT) Machtley Solomon
- Franks (NJ) Manzullo Spence
- Galleghy McCandless Stearns
- Gallo McCollum Stump
- Gekas McCrery Sundquist
- Gilchrest McDade Talent
- Gillmor McHugh Thomas (CA)
- Gilman McInnis Torkildsen
- Goodlatte McKeon Upton
- Goodling McMillan Vucanovich
- Goss Meyers Walker
- Grams Mica Walsh
- Grandy Michel Weldon
- Greenwood Miller (FL) Wolf
- Gunderson Molinari Young (AK)
- Hansen Moorhead Zeliff
- Hastert Myers Zimmer
- Hefley Nussle

NOT VOTING—36

- Archer Klug Schiff
- Barton Shuster Shuster
- Blackwell Kopetski Sisisky
- Brown (CA) Laughlin Slattery
- Crane Lipinski Studds
- Fields (TX) Manton Penny Taylor (NC)
- Ford (TN) Pickett Thomas (WY)
- Gingrich Pickle Washington
- Hancock Quillen Waxman
- Henry Rose Whitten
- Hutchinson Santorum Yates
- Johnson (CT) Schaefer Young (FL)

So the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶10.18 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Hallen, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 1. An Act to grant family and temporary medical leave under certain circumstances.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed a joint resolution and a concurrent resolution of the following title, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S.J. Res. 20. Joint resolution to designate February 7, 1993, through February 13, 1993, and February 6, 1994, through February 12, 1994, as "National Burn Awareness Week," and

S. Con. Res. 10. Concurrent resolution providing for a conditional recess or adjournment of the Senate from Thursday, February 4, 1993, or Friday, February 5, 1993, until Tuesday, February 16, 1993, and a conditional adjournment of the House from Thursday,

February 4, 1993, or Friday, February 5, 1993, until Tuesday, February 16, 1993.

¶10.19 COMMITTEE ELECTION—MAJORITY

Mr. HOYER, by direction of the Democratic Caucus, submitted the following privileged resolution (H. Res. 70):

Resolved, That the following named Member be elected to the following standing committee of the House of Representatives: Standards of Official Conduct: Nancy Pelosi, California to rank after Representative Cardin of Maryland.

When said resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶10.20 RELATING TO THE CONSIDERATION OF SENATE AMENDMENT

Mr. GORDON, by direction of the Committee on Rules, reported (Rept. No. 103-13) the resolution (H. Res. 71) relating to the consideration of the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 1) to grant family and temporary medical leave under certain circumstances.

When said resolution and report were referred to the House Calendar and ordered printed.

¶10.21 RELATING TO THE CONSIDERATION OF SENATE AMENDMENT TO H.R. 1

Mr. GORDON, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 71):

Resolved, That upon the adoption of this resolution the bill (H.R. 1) to grant family and temporary medical leave under certain circumstances be, and the same is hereby, taken from the Speaker's table to the end that the Senate amendment thereto be, and the same is hereby, agreed to.

Pending consideration of said resolution,

¶10.22 POINT OF ORDER

Mr. WALKER made a point of order against consideration of the resolution, and said:

"Mr. Speaker, House rule XX provides that, and I quote:

Any amendment of the Senate to any House bill—

"And I repeat:

An amendment of the Senate * * * shall be subject to a point of order that it shall first be considered in the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, if, originating in the House, it would be subject to that point.

"And the rule goes on to provide just one exception to this requirement is possible, and that is if a motion to disagree to the Senate amendment and request a conference is made.

"Mr. Speaker, House Resolution 71 contains the Senate amendment by virtue of being a self-executing rule. As such, my point of order must be sustained and the resolution must be considered in the Committee of the Whole."

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SKAGGS, overruled the point of order, and said:

"The Chair is prepared to rule on the gentleman's point of order.

“Before the House at this time is not the Senate amendment itself, but a rule properly reported from the Rules Committee to the House of Representatives, against which a rule XX point of order is not well taken. If we were considering the Senate amendment itself, the gentleman’s point of order would be well-grounded, but the Chair will rule the point of order out of order.”

When said resolution was considered.

After debate,

Mr. GORDON moved the previous question on the resolution to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House now order the previous question?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SKAGGS, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. DREIER demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 227
affirmative { Nays 172

¶10.23 [Roll No. 28]
YEAS—227

Abercrombie	Durbin	Lantos
Ackerman	Edwards (CA)	LaRocco
Andrews (ME)	Edwards (TX)	Lehman
Andrews (NJ)	Engel	Levin
Andrews (TX)	English (AZ)	Lewis (GA)
Applegate	Eshoo	Long
Bacchus (FL)	Evans	Lowey
Baesler	Fazio	Maloney
Barcia	Fields (LA)	Mann
Barlow	Filner	Margolies-
Barrett (WI)	Fingerhut	Mezvinsky
Becerra	Flake	Markey
Beilenson	Foglietta	Martinez
Berman	Ford (MI)	Matsui
Bevill	Frank (MA)	Mazzoli
Bilbray	Frost	McCloskey
Bishop	Furse	McCurdy
Blackwell	Gejdenson	McDermott
Bonior	Gephardt	McHale
Borski	Gibbons	McKinney
Boucher	Glickman	McNulty
Brooks	Gonzalez	Meehan
Browder	Gordon	Meek
Brown (FL)	Green	Menendez
Brown (OH)	Gunderson	Mfume
Bryant	Gutierrez	Miller (CA)
Byrne	Hall (OH)	Mineta
Cantwell	Hamburg	Minge
Cardin	Harman	Mink
Carr	Hastings	Moakley
Chapman	Hayes	Mollohan
Clay	Hefner	Moran
Clayton	Hilliard	Morella
Clement	Hinchev	Murphy
Clyburn	Hoagland	Murtha
Coleman	Hochbrueckner	Nadler
Collins (IL)	Hoyer	Natcher
Collins (MI)	Hughes	Neal (MA)
Condit	Inslee	Neal (NC)
Conyers	Jefferson	Oberstar
Cooper	Johnson (GA)	Obey
Coppersmith	Johnson (SD)	Olver
Costello	Johnson, E. B.	Ortiz
Coyne	Johnston	Orton
Danner	Kanjorski	Owens
Darden	Kaptur	Pallone
de la Garza	Kennedy	Pastor
Deal	Kennelly	Payne (NJ)
DeFazio	Kildee	Payne (VA)
DeLauro	Kleczka	Pelosi
Dellums	Klein	Penny
Derrick	Klink	Peterson (FL)
Deutsch	Kopetski	Peterson (MN)
Dicks	Kreidler	Pomeroy
Dingell	LaFalce	Poshard
Dixon	Lambert	Price (NC)
Dooley	Lancaster	Rangel

Ravenel	Shepherd
Reed	Skaggs
Reynolds	Skelton
Richardson	Slattery
Roemer	Slaughter
Roukema	Smith (IA)
Roybal-Allard	Spratt
Rush	Stark
Sabo	Stokes
Sanders	Strickland
Sangmeister	Stupak
Sawyer	Swett
Schenk	Swift
Schroeder	Synar
Schumer	Tanner
Scott	Tejeda
Serrano	Thornton
Sharp	Thurman
Shays	Torres

NAYS—172

Allard	Goodling
Armey	Goss
Bachus (AL)	Grams
Baker (CA)	Grandy
Baker (LA)	Greenwood
Ballenger	Hall (TX)
Barrett (NE)	Hamilton
Bartlett	Hansen
Bateman	Hastert
Bentley	Hefley
Bereuter	Herger
Bilirakis	Hobson
Bliley	Hoekstra
Blute	Hoke
Boehlert	Holden
Boehner	Horn
Bonilla	Houghton
Brewster	Huffington
Bunning	Hunter
Burton	Hutto
Buyer	Hyde
Callahan	Inglis
Calvert	Inhofe
Camp	Istook
Canady	Jacobs
Castle	Johnson, Sam
Clinger	Kasich
Coble	Kim
Collins (GA)	King
Combest	Kingston
Cramer	Klug
Crapo	Knollenberg
Cunningham	Kolbe
DeLay	Kyl
Diaz-Balart	Lazio
Dickey	Leach
Doolittle	Levy
Dornan	Lewis (CA)
Dreier	Lewis (FL)
Duncan	Lightfoot
Dunn	Linder
Emerson	Livingston
English (OK)	Lloyd
Everett	Machtley
Ewing	Manzullo
Fawell	McCandless
Fish	McCollum
Fowler	McCrery
Franks (CT)	McDade
Franks (NJ)	McHugh
Galleghy	McInnis
Gallo	McKeon
Gekas	McMillan
Geran	Meyers
Gillchrest	Mica
Gillmor	Michel
Gilman	Miller (FL)
Goodlatte	Molinari

NOT VOTING—31

Archer	Johnson (CT)
Barton	Laughlin
Brown (CA)	Lipinski
Cox	Manton
Crane	Pickett
Fields (TX)	Pickle
Ford (TN)	Quillen
Gingrich	Rose
Hancock	Rostenkowski
Henry	Santorum
Hutchinson	Schaefer

Torricelli	Towns
Trafficant	Tucker
Unsoeld	Velazquez
Vento	Visclosky
Volkmer	Waters
Watt	Wheat
Williams	Wilson
Wise	Woolsey
Wyden	Yates
Wynn	
Yates	

Montgomery	Moorhead
Myers	Nussle
Oxley	Packard
Parker	Paxon
Petri	Pombo
Porter	Pryce (OH)
Quinn	Rahall
Ramstad	Regula
Roberts	Ridge
Rogers	Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen	Roth
Rowland	Royce
Sarpaluis	Saxton
Sensenbrenner	Shaw
Skeen	Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)	Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)	Snowe
Solomon	Spence
Stearns	Stenholm
Stump	Stuntz
Sundquist	Talent
Tauzin	Taylor (MS)
Thomas (CA)	Thomas (WY)
Torkildsen	Upton
Valentine	Vucanovich
Walker	Walsh
Walden	Wolf
Young (AK)	Zeliff
Zimmer	

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SKAGGS, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. DREIER demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 247
affirmative { Nays 152

¶10.24 [Roll No. 29]
YEAS—247

Abercrombie	Gonzalez	Natcher
Ackerman	Gordon	Neal (MA)
Andrews (ME)	Green	Neal (NC)
Andrews (NJ)	Gutierrez	Oberstar
Andrews (TX)	Hall (OH)	Obey
Applegate	Hamburg	Olver
Bacchus (FL)	Harman	Ortiz
Baesler	Hastings	Owens
Barcia	Hefner	Pallone
Barlow	Hilliard	Pastor
Barrett (WI)	Hinchev	Payne (NJ)
Becerra	Hoagland	Pelosi
Beilenson	Hochbrueckner	Peterson (FL)
Berman	Hoke	Peterson (MN)
Bilbray	Holden	Petri
Bishop	Horn	Pomeroy
Blackwell	Hoyer	Poshard
Blute	Huffington	Price (NC)
Boehlert	Hughes	Quinn
Bonior	Hyde	Ramstad
Borski	Inslee	Rangel
Boucher	Jacobs	Ravenel
Brooks	Jefferson	Reed
Brown (FL)	Johnson (SD)	Regula
Brown (OH)	Johnson, E. B.	Reynolds
Bryant	Johnston	Richardson
Byrne	Kanjorski	Roemer
Cantwell	Kaptur	Ros-Lehtinen
Cardin	Kennedy	Roukema
Castle	Kennelly	Roybal-Allard
Chapman	Kildee	Rush
Clay	Kleczka	Sabo
Clayton	Klein	Sanders
Clement	Klink	Sangmeister
Clyburn	Klug	Sawyer
Coleman	Kopetski	Saxton
Collins (IL)	Kreidler	Schenk
Collins (MI)	LaFalce	Schroeder
Condit	Lambert	Schumer
Conyers	Lantos	Scott
Cooper	Lazio	Serrano
Coppersmith	Leach	Sharp
Costello	Lehman	Shays
Coyne	Levin	Shepherd
Danner	Lewis (GA)	Skaggs
de la Garza	Lloyd	Slaughter
DeFazio	Long	Smith (IA)
DeLauro	Lowey	Smith (NJ)
Dellums	Machtley	Snowe
Derrick	Maloney	Solomon
Deutsch	Mann	Spratt
Diaz-Balart	Margolies-	Stark
Dicks	Mezvinsky	Stokes
Dingell	Markey	Strickland
Dixon	Martinez	Stupak
Dooley	Matsui	Swett
Durbin	Mazzoli	Swift
Edwards (CA)	McCloskey	Synar
Edwards (TX)	McCurdy	Tanner
Engel	McDade	Tejeda
English (AZ)	McDermott	Thornton
English (OK)	McHale	Thurman
Eshoo	McHugh	Torres
Evans	McKinney	Torricelli
Fazio	McNulty	Towns
Fields (LA)	Meehan	Trafficant
Filner	Meek	Tucker
Fingerhut	Menendez	Unsoeld
Fish	Mfume	Velazquez
Flake	Miller (CA)	Vento
Foglietta	Mineta	Visclosky
Ford (MI)	Minge	Volkmer
Frank (MA)	Mink	Walsh
Frank (NJ)	Moakley	Waters
Frost	Molinar	Watt
Furse	Mollohan	Weldon
Gejdenson	Moran	Wheat
Gephardt	Morella	Williams
Gibbons	Murphy	Wilson
Gillmor	Murtha	Wise
Gilman	Nadler	

So the previous question on the resolution was ordered.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to said resolution?

Woolsey	Wynn	Young (AK)
Wyden	Yates	Zimmer
NAYS—152		
Allard	Geren	Michel
Armey	Gilchrest	Miller (FL)
Bachus (AL)	Glickman	Montgomery
Baker (CA)	Goodlatte	Moorhead
Baker (LA)	Goodling	Myers
Ballenger	Goss	Nussle
Barrett (NE)	Grams	Orton
Bartlett	Grandy	Oxley
Bateman	Greenwood	Packard
Bentley	Gunderson	Parker
Bereuter	Hall (TX)	Paxon
Bilirakis	Hamilton	Payne (VA)
Bliley	Hansen	Penny
Boehner	Hastert	Pombo
Bonilla	Hayes	Porter
Brewster	Hefley	Pryce (OH)
Browder	Herger	Rahall
Bunning	Hobson	Ridge
Burton	Hoekstra	Roberts
Buyer	Houghton	Rogers
Callahan	Hunter	Rohrabacher
Calvert	Hutto	Roth
Camp	Inglis	Rowland
Canady	Inhofe	Royce
Carr	Istook	Sarpalius
Clinger	Johnson (GA)	Sensenbrenner
Coble	Johnson, Sam	Shaw
Collins (GA)	Kasich	Skeen
Combest	Kim	Skelton
Cox	King	Slattery
Cramer	Kingston	Smith (MI)
Crapo	Knollenberg	Smith (OR)
Cunningham	Kolbe	Smith (TX)
Darden	Kyl	Spence
Deal	Lancaster	Stearns
DeLay	LaRocco	Stenholm
Dickey	Levy	Stump
Doolittle	Lewis (CA)	Sundquist
Dornan	Lewis (FL)	Talent
Dreier	Lightfoot	Tauzin
Duncan	Linder	Taylor (MS)
Dunn	Livingston	Thomas (CA)
Emerson	Manzullo	Thomas (WY)
Everett	McCandless	Torkildsen
Ewing	McCollum	Upton
Fawell	McCrery	Valentine
Fowler	McInnis	Vucanovich
Franks (CT)	McKeon	Walker
Gallegly	McMillan	Wolf
Gallo	Meyers	Zeliff
Gekas	Mica	

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Archer	Johnson (CT)	Schiff
Barton	Laughlin	Shuster
Bevill	Lipinski	Sisisky
Brown (CA)	Manton	Studds
Crane	Pickett	Taylor (NC)
Fields (TX)	Pickle	Washington
Ford (TN)	Quillen	Waxman
Gingrich	Rose	Whitten
Hancock	Rostenkowski	Young (FL)
Henry	Santorum	
Hutchinson	Schaefer	

So the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Pursuant to House Resolution 71, the following amendment of the Senate was considered agreed to:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993”.

(b) **TABLE OF CONTENTS.**—The table of contents is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.

TITLE I—GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LEAVE

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Leave requirement.
- Sec. 103. Certification.
- Sec. 104. Employment and benefits protection.
- Sec. 105. Prohibited acts.
- Sec. 106. Investigative authority.

- Sec. 107. Enforcement.
- Sec. 108. Special rules concerning employees of local educational agencies.
- Sec. 109. Notice.

TITLE II—LEAVE FOR CIVIL SERVICE EMPLOYEES

- Sec. 201. Leave requirement.

TITLE III—COMMISSION ON LEAVE

- Sec. 301. Establishment.
- Sec. 302. Duties.
- Sec. 303. Membership.
- Sec. 304. Compensation.
- Sec. 305. Powers.
- Sec. 306. Termination.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. Effect on other laws.
- Sec. 402. Effect on existing employment benefits.
- Sec. 403. Encouragement of more generous leave policies.
- Sec. 404. Regulations.
- Sec. 405. Effective dates.

TITLE V—COVERAGE OF CONGRESSIONAL EMPLOYEES

- Sec. 501. Leave for certain Senate employees.
- Sec. 502. Leave for certain House employees.

TITLE VI—SENSE OF CONGRESS

- Sec. 601. Sense of Congress.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress finds that—
 (1) the number of single-parent households and two-parent households in which the single parent or both parents work is increasing significantly;

(2) it is important for the development of children and the family unit that fathers and mothers be able to participate in early childrearing and the care of family members who have serious health conditions;

(3) the lack of employment policies to accommodate working parents can force individuals to choose between job security and parenting;

(4) there is inadequate job security for employees who have serious health conditions that prevent them from working for temporary periods;

(5) due to the nature of the roles of men and women in our society, the primary responsibility for family caretaking often falls on women, and such responsibility affects the working lives of women more than it affects the working lives of men; and

(6) employment standards that apply to one gender only have serious potential for encouraging employers to discriminate against employees and applicants for employment who are of that gender.

(b) **PURPOSES.**—It is the purpose of this Act—

(1) to balance the demands of the workplace with the needs of families, to promote the stability and economic security of families, and to promote national interests in preserving family integrity;

(2) to entitle employees to take reasonable leave for medical reasons, for the birth or adoption of a child, and for the care of a child, spouse, or parent who has a serious health condition;

(3) to accomplish the purposes described in paragraphs (1) and (2) in a manner that accommodates the legitimate interests of employers;

(4) to accomplish the purposes described in paragraphs (1) and (2) in a manner that, consistent with the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment, minimizes the potential for employment discrimination on the basis of sex by ensuring generally that leave is available for eligible medical reasons (including maternity-related disability) and for compelling family reasons, on a gender-neutral basis; and

(5) to promote the goal of equal employment opportunity for women and men, pursuant to such clause.

TITLE I—GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LEAVE

SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this title:

(1) **COMMERCE.**—The terms “commerce” and “industry or activity affecting commerce” mean any activity, business, or industry in commerce or in which a labor dispute would hinder or obstruct commerce or the free flow of commerce, and include “commerce” and any “industry affecting commerce”, as defined in paragraphs (1) and (3) of section 501 of the Labor Management Relations Act, 1947 (29 U.S.C. 142 (1) and (3)).

(2) **ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The term “eligible employee” means an employee who has been employed—

(i) for at least 12 months by the employer with respect to whom leave is requested under section 102; and

(ii) for at least 1,250 hours of service with such employer during the previous 12-month period.

(B) **EXCLUSIONS.**—The term “eligible employee” does not include—

(i) any Federal officer or employee covered under subchapter V of chapter 63 of title 5, United States Code (as added by title II of this Act); or

(ii) any employee of an employer who is employed at a worksite at which such employer employs less than 50 employees if the total number of employees employed by that employer within 75 miles of that worksite is less than 50.

(C) **DETERMINATION.**—For purposes of determining whether an employee meets the hours of service requirement specified in subparagraph (A)(ii), the legal standards established under section 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 207) shall apply.

(3) **EMPLOY; EMPLOYEE; STATE.**—The terms “employ”, “employee”, and “State” have the same meanings given such terms in subsections (c), (e), and (g) of section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203 (c), (e), and (g)).

(4) **EMPLOYER.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The term “employer”—

(i) means any person engaged in commerce or in any industry or activity affecting commerce who employs 50 or more employees for each working day during each of 20 or more calendar workweeks in the current or preceding calendar year;

(ii) includes—

(I) any person who acts, directly or indirectly, in the interest of an employer to any of the employees of such employer; and

(II) any successor in interest of an employer; and

(iii) includes any “public agency”, as defined in section 3(x) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(x)).

(B) **PUBLIC AGENCY.**—For purposes of subparagraph (A)(iii), a public agency shall be considered to be a person engaged in commerce or in an industry or activity affecting commerce.

(5) **EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.**—The term “employment benefits” means all benefits provided or made available to employees by an employer, including group life insurance, health insurance, disability insurance, sick leave, annual leave, educational benefits, and pensions, regardless of whether such benefits are provided by a practice or written policy of an employer or through an “employee benefit plan”, as defined in section 3(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002(3)).

(6) **HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.**—The term “health care provider” means—

(A) a doctor of medicine or osteopathy who is authorized to practice medicine or surgery (as appropriate) by the State in which the doctor practices; or

(B) any other person determined by the Secretary to be capable of providing health care services.

(7) PARENT.—The term “parent” means the biological parent of an employee or an individual who stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a son or daughter.

(8) PERSON.—The term “person” has the same meaning given such term in section 3(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(a)).

(9) REDUCED LEAVE SCHEDULE.—The term “reduced leave schedule” means a leave schedule that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per workday, of an employee.

(10) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Labor.

(11) SERIOUS HEALTH CONDITION.—The term “serious health condition” means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves—

(A) inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility; or

(B) continuing treatment by a health care provider.

(12) SON OR DAUGHTER.—The term “son or daughter” means a biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis, who is—

(A) under 18 years of age; or

(B) 18 years of age or older and incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability.

(13) SPOUSE.—the term “spouse” means a husband or wife, as the case may be.

SEC. 102. LEAVE REQUIREMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) ENTITLEMENT TO LEAVE.—Subject to section 103, an eligible employee shall be entitled to a total of 12 workweeks of leave during any 12-month period for one or more of the following:

(A) Because of the birth of a son or daughter of the employee and in order to care for such son or daughter.

(B) Because of the placement of a son or daughter with the employee for adoption or foster care.

(C) In order to care for the spouse, or a son, daughter, or parent, of the employee, if such spouse, son, daughter, or parent has a serious health condition.

(D) Because of a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the functions of the position of such employee.

(2) EXPIRATION OF ENTITLEMENT.—The entitlement to leave under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) for a birth or placement of a son or daughter shall expire at the end of the 12-month period beginning on the date of such birth or placement.

(b) LEAVE TAKEN INTERMITTENTLY OR ON A REDUCED LEAVE SCHEDULE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Leave under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) shall not be taken by an employee intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule unless the employee and the employer of the employee agree otherwise. Subject to paragraph (2), subsection (e)(2), and section 103(b)(5), leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of subsection (a)(1) may be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. The taking of leave intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule pursuant to this paragraph shall not result in a reduction in the total amount of leave to which the employee is entitled under subsection (a) beyond the amount of leave actually taken.

(2) ALTERNATIVE POSITION.—If an employee requests intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, under subparagraph (C) or (D) of subsection (a)(1), that is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the em-

ployer may require such employee to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position offered by the employer for which the employee is qualified and that—

(A) has equivalent pay and benefits; and

(B) better accommodates recurring periods of leave than the regular employment position of the employee.

(c) UNPAID LEAVE PERMITTED.—Except as provided in subsection (d), leave granted under subsection (a) may consist of unpaid leave. Where an employee is otherwise exempt under regulations issued by the Secretary pursuant to section 13(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 213(a)(1)), the compliance of an employer with this title by providing unpaid leave shall not affect the exempt status of the employee under such section.

(d) RELATIONSHIP TO PAID LEAVE.—

(1) UNPAID LEAVE.—If an employer provides paid leave for fewer than 12 workweeks, the additional weeks of leave necessary to attain the 12 workweeks of leave required under this title may be provided without compensation.

(2) SUBSTITUTION OF PAID LEAVE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—An eligible employee may elect, or an employer may require the employee, to substitute any of the accrued paid vacation leave, personal leave, or family leave of the employee for leave provided under subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of subsection (a)(1) for any part of the 12-week period of such leave under such subsection.

(B) SERIOUS HEALTH CONDITION.—An eligible employee may elect, or an employer may require the employee, to substitute any of the accrued paid vacation leave, personal leave, or medical or sick leave of the employee for leave provided under subparagraph (C) or (D) of subsection (a)(1) for any part of the 12-week period of such leave under such subsection, except that nothing in this title shall require an employer to provide paid sick leave or paid medical leave in any situation in which such employer would not normally provide any such paid leave.

(e) FORESEEABLE LEAVE.—

(1) REQUIREMENT OF NOTICE.—In any case in which the necessity for leave under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) is foreseeable based on an expected birth or placement, the employee shall provide the employer with not less than 30 days' notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take leave under such subparagraph, except that if the date of the birth or placement requires leave to begin in less than 30 days, the employee shall provide such notice as is practicable.

(2) DUTIES OF EMPLOYEE.—In any case in which the necessity for leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of subsection (a)(1) is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the employee—

(A) shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the employer, subject to the approval of the health care provider of the employee or the health care provider of the son, daughter, spouse, or parent of the employee, as appropriate; and

(B) shall provide the employer with not less than 30 days' notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take leave under such subparagraph, except that if the date of the treatment requires leave to begin in less than 30 days, the employee shall provide such notice as is practicable.

(f) SPOUSES EMPLOYED BY THE SAME EMPLOYER.—In any case in which a husband and wife entitled to leave under subsection (a) are employed by the same employer, the aggregate number of workweeks of leave to which both may be entitled may be limited to 12 workweeks during any 12-month period, if such leave is taken—

(1) under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1); or

(2) to care for a sick parent under subparagraph (C) of such subsection.

SEC. 103. CERTIFICATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—An employer may require that a request for leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of section 102(a)(1) be supported by a certification issued by the health care provider of the eligible employee or of the son, daughter, spouse, or parent of the employee, as appropriate. The employee shall provide, in a timely manner, a copy of such certification to the employer.

(b) SUFFICIENT CERTIFICATION.—Certification provided under subsection (a) shall be sufficient if it states—

(1) the date on which the serious health condition commenced;

(2) the probable duration of the condition;

(3) the appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the health care provider regarding the condition;

(4) (A) for purposes of leave under section 102(a)(1)(C), a statement that the eligible employee is needed to care for the son, daughter, spouse, or parent and an estimate of the amount of time that such employee is needed to care for the son, daughter, spouse, or parent; and

(B) for purposes of leave under section 102(a)(1)(D), a statement that the employee is unable to perform the functions of the position of the employee;

(5) in the case of certification for intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for planned medical treatment, the dates on which such treatment is expected to be given and the duration of such treatment;

(6) in the case of certification for intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, under section 102(a)(1)(D), a statement of the medical necessity for the intermittent leave or leave on a reduced leave schedule, and the expected duration of the intermittent leave or reduced leave schedule; and

(7) in the case of certification for intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, under section 102(a)(1)(C), a statement that the employee's intermittent leave or leave on a reduced leave schedule is necessary for the care of the son, daughter, parent, or spouse who has a serious health condition, or will assist in their recovery, and the expected duration and schedule of the intermittent leave or reduced leave schedule.

(c) SECOND OPINION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which the employer has reason to doubt the validity of the certification provided under subsection (a) for leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of section 102(a)(1), the employer may require, at the expense of the employer, that the eligible employee obtain the opinion of a second health care provider designated or approved by the employer concerning any information certified under subsection (b) for such leave.

(2) LIMITATION.—A health care provider designated or approved under paragraph (1) shall not be employed on a regular basis by the employer.

(d) RESOLUTION OF CONFLICTING OPINIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which the second opinion described in subsection (c) differs from the opinion in the original certification provided under subsection (a), the employer may require, at the expense of the employer, that the employee obtain the opinion of a third health care provider designated or approved jointly by the employer and the employee concerning the information certified under subsection (b).

(2) FINALITY.—The opinion of the third health care provider concerning the information certified under subsection (b) shall be considered to be final and shall be binding on the employer and the employee.

(e) **SUBSEQUENT RECERTIFICATION.**—The employer may require that the eligible employee obtain subsequent recertifications on a reasonable basis.

SEC. 104. EMPLOYMENT AND BENEFITS PROTECTION.

(a) **RESTORATION TO POSITION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Except as provided in subsection (b), any eligible employee who takes leave under section 102 for the intended purpose of the leave shall be entitled, on return from such leave—

(A) to be restored by the employer to the position of employment held by the employee when the leave commenced; or

(B) to be restored to an equivalent position with equivalent employment benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment.

(2) **LOSS OF BENEFITS.**—The taking of leave under section 102 shall not result in the loss of any employment benefit accrued prior to the date on which the leave commenced.

(3) **LIMITATIONS.**—Nothing in this section shall be construed to entitle any restored employee to—

(A) the accrual of any seniority or employment benefits during any period of leave; or

(B) any right, benefit, or position of employment other than any right, benefit, or position to which the employee would have been entitled had the employee not taken the leave.

(4) **CERTIFICATION.**—As a condition of restoration under paragraph (1) for an employee who has taken leave under section 102(a)(1)(D), the employer may have a uniformly applied practice or policy that requires each such employee to receive certification from the health care provider of the employee that the employee is able to resume work, except that nothing in this paragraph shall supersede a valid State or local law or a collective bargaining agreement that governs the return to work of such employees.

(5) **CONSTRUCTION.**—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit an employer from requiring an employee on leave under section 102 to report periodically to the employer on the status and intention of the employee to return to work.

(b) **EXEMPTION CONCERNING CERTAIN HIGHLY COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES.**—

(1) **DENIAL OF RESTORATION.**—An employer may deny restoration under subsection (a) to any eligible employee described in paragraph (2) if—

(A) such denial is necessary to prevent substantial and grievous economic injury to the operations of the employer;

(B) the employer notifies the employee of the intent of the employer to deny restoration on such basis at the time the employer determines that such injury would occur; and

(C) in any case in which the leave has commenced, the employee elects not to return to employment after receiving such notice.

(2) **AFFECTED EMPLOYEES.**—An eligible employee described in paragraph (1) is a salaried eligible employee who is among the highest paid 10 percent of the employees employed by the employer within 75 miles of the facility at which the employee is employed.

(c) **MAINTENANCE OF HEALTH BENEFITS.**—

(1) **COVERAGE.**—Except as provided in paragraph (2), during any period that an eligible employee takes leave under section 102, the employer shall maintain coverage under any "group health plan" (as defined in section 5000(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) for the duration of such leave at the level and under the conditions coverage would have been provided if the employee had continued in employment continuously for the duration of such leave.

(2) **FAILURE TO RETURN FROM LEAVE.**—The employer may recover the premium that the employer paid for maintaining coverage for the employee under such group health plan during any period of unpaid leave under section 102 if—

(A) the employee fails to return from leave under section 102 after the period of leave to which the employee is entitled has expired; and

(B) the employee fails to return to work for a reason other than—

(i) the continuation, recurrence, or onset of a serious health condition that entitles the employee to leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of section 102(a)(1); or

(ii) other circumstances beyond the control of the employee.

(3) **CERTIFICATION.**—

(A) **ISSUANCE.**—An employer may require that a claim that an employee is unable to return to work because of the continuation, recurrence, or onset of the serious health condition described in paragraph (2)(B)(i) be supported by—

(i) a certification issued by the health care provider of the son, daughter, spouse, or parent of the employee, as appropriate, in the case of an employee unable to return to work because of a condition specified in section 102(a)(1)(C); or

(ii) a certification issued by the health care provider of the eligible employee, in the case of an employee unable to return to work because of a condition specified in section 102(a)(1)(D).

(B) **COPY.**—The employer shall provide, in a timely manner, a copy of such certification to the employer.

(C) **SUFFICIENCY OF CERTIFICATION.**—

(i) **LEAVE DUE TO SERIOUS HEALTH CONDITION OF EMPLOYEE.**—The certification described in subparagraph (A)(ii) shall be sufficient if the certification states that a serious health condition prevented the employee from being able to perform the functions of the position of the employee on the date that the leave of the employee expired.

(ii) **LEAVE DUE TO SERIOUS HEALTH CONDITION OF FAMILY MEMBER.**—The certification described in subparagraph (A)(i) shall be sufficient if the certification states that the employee is needed to care for the son, daughter, spouse, or parent who has a serious health condition on the date that the leave of the employee expired.

SEC. 105. PROHIBITED ACTS.

(a) **INTERFERENCE WITH RIGHTS.**—

(1) **EXERCISE OF RIGHTS.**—It shall be unlawful for any employer to interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of or the attempt to exercise, any right provided under this title.

(2) **DISCRIMINATION.**—It shall be unlawful for any employer to discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any individual for opposing any practice made unlawful by this title.

(b) **INTERFERENCE WITH PROCEEDINGS OR INQUIRIES.**—It shall be unlawful for any person to discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any individual because such individual—

(1) has filed any charge, or has instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding, under or related to this title;

(2) has given, or is about to give, any information in connection with any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided under this title; or

(3) has testified, or is about to testify, in any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided under this title.

SEC. 106. INVESTIGATIVE AUTHORITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—To ensure compliance with the provisions of this title, or any regulation or order issued under this title, the Secretary shall have, subject to subsection

(c), the investigative authority provided under section 11(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 211(a)).

(b) **OBLIGATION TO KEEP AND PRESERVE RECORDS.**—Any employer shall make, keep, and preserve records pertaining to compliance with this title in accordance with section 11(c) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 211(c)) and in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

(c) **REQUIRED SUBMISSIONS GENERALLY LIMITED TO AN ANNUAL BASIS.**—The Secretary shall not under the authority of this section require any employer or any plan, fund, or program to submit to the Secretary any books or records more than once during any 12-month period, unless the Secretary has reasonable cause to believe there may exist a violation of this title or any regulation or order issued pursuant to this title, or is investigating a charge pursuant to section 107(b).

(d) **SUBPOENA POWERS.**—For the purposes of any investigation provided for in this section, the Secretary shall have the subpoena authority provided for under section 9 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 209).

SEC. 107. ENFORCEMENT.

(a) **CIVIL ACTION BY EMPLOYEES.**—

(1) **LIABILITY.**—Any employer who violates section 105 shall be liable to any eligible employee affected—

(A) for damages equal to—

(i) the amount of—

(I) any wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation denied or lost to such employee by reason of the violation; or

(II) in a case in which wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation have not been denied or lost to the employee, any actual monetary losses sustained by the employee as a direct result of the violation, such as the cost of providing care, up to a sum equal to 12 weeks of wages or salary for the employee;

(ii) the interest on the amount described in clause (i) calculated at the prevailing rate; and

(iii) an additional amount as liquidated damages equal to the sum of the amount described in clause (i) and the interest described in clause (ii), except that if an employer who has violated section 105 proves to the satisfaction of the court that the act or omission which violated section 105 was in good faith and that the employer had reasonable grounds for believing that the act or omission was not a violation of section 105, such court may, in the discretion of the court, reduce the amount of the liability to the amount and interest determined under clauses (i) and (ii), respectively; and

(B) for such equitable relief as may be appropriate, including employment, reinstatement, and promotion.

(2) **RIGHT OF ACTION.**—An action to recover the damages or equitable relief prescribed in paragraph (1) may be maintained against any employer (including a public agency) in any Federal or State court of competent jurisdiction by any one or more employees for and in behalf of—

(A) the employees; or

(B) the employees and other employees similarly situated.

(3) **FEES AND COSTS.**—The court in such an action shall, in addition to any judgment awarded to the plaintiff, allow a reasonable attorney's fee, reasonable expert witness fees, and other costs of the action to be paid by the defendant.

(4) **LIMITATIONS.**—The right provided by paragraph (2) to bring an action by or on behalf of any employee shall terminate—

(A) on the filing of a complaint by the Secretary in an action under subsection (d) in which restraint is sought of any further

delay in the payment of the amount described in paragraph (1)(A) to such employee by an employer responsible under paragraph (1) for the payment; or

(B) on the filing of a complaint by the Secretary in an action under subsection (b) in which a recovery is sought of the damages described in paragraph (1)(A) owing to an eligible employee by an employer liable under paragraph (1), unless the action described in subparagraph (A) or (B) is dismissed without prejudice on motion of the Secretary.

(b) ACTION BY THE SECRETARY.—

(1) ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION.—The Secretary shall receive, investigate, and attempt to resolve complaints of violations of section 105 in the same manner that the Secretary receives, investigates, and attempts to resolve complaints of violations of sections 6 and 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206 and 207).

(2) CIVIL ACTION.—The Secretary may bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to recover the damages described in subsection (a)(1)(A).

(3) SUMS RECOVERED.—Any sums recovered by the Secretary pursuant to paragraph (2) shall be held in a special deposit account and shall be paid, on order of the Secretary, directly to each employee affected. Any such sums not paid to an employee because of inability to do so within a period of 3 years shall be deposited into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

(c) LIMITATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), an action may be brought under this section not later than 2 years after the date of the last event constituting the alleged violation for which the action is brought.

(2) WILLFUL VIOLATION.—In the case of such action brought for a willful violation of section 105, such action may be brought within 3 years of the date of the last event constituting the alleged violation for which such action is brought.

(3) COMMENCEMENT.—In determining when an action is commenced by the Secretary under this section for the purposes of this subsection, it shall be considered to be commenced on the date when the complaint is filed.

(d) ACTION FOR INJUNCTION BY SECRETARY.—The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction, for cause shown, in an action brought by the Secretary—

(1) to restrain violations of section 105, including the restraint of any withholding of payment of wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation, plus interest, found by the court to be due to eligible employees; or

(2) to award such other equitable relief as may be appropriate, including employment, reinstatement, and promotion.

(e) SOLICITOR OF LABOR.—The Solicitor of Labor may appear for and represent the Secretary on any litigation brought under this section.

SEC. 108. SPECIAL RULES CONCERNING EMPLOYEES OF LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES.

(a) APPLICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, the rights (including the rights under section 104, which shall extend throughout the period of leave of any employee under this section), remedies, and procedures under this title shall apply to—

(A) any “local educational agency” (as defined in section 1471(12) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2891(12))) and an eligible employee of the agency; and

(B) any private elementary or secondary school and an eligible employee of the school.

(2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of the application described in paragraph (1):

(A) ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE.—The term “eligible employee” means an eligible employee of an agency or school described in paragraph (1).

(B) EMPLOYER.—The term “employer” means an agency or school described in paragraph (1).

(b) LEAVE DOES NOT VIOLATE CERTAIN OTHER FEDERAL LAWS.—A local educational agency and a private elementary or secondary school shall not be in violation of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.), section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), or title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), solely as a result of an eligible employee of such agency or school exercising the rights of such employee under this title.

(c) INTERMITTENT LEAVE OR LEAVE ON A REDUCED SCHEDULE FOR INSTRUCTIONAL EMPLOYEES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), in any case in which an eligible employee employed principally in an instructional capacity by any such educational agency or school requests leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of section 102(a)(1) that is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment and the employee would be on leave for greater than 20 percent of the total number of working days in the period during which the leave would extend, the agency or school may require that such employee elect either—

(A) to take leave for periods of a particular duration, not to exceed the duration of the planned medical treatment; or

(B) to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position offered by the employer for which the employee is qualified, and that—

(i) has equivalent pay and benefits; and
(ii) better accommodates recurring periods of leave than the regular employment position of the employee.

(2) APPLICATION.—The elections described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) shall apply only with respect to an eligible employee who complies with section 102(e)(2).

(d) RULES APPLICABLE TO PERIODS NEAR THE CONCLUSION OF AN ACADEMIC TERM.—The following rules shall apply with respect to periods of leave near the conclusion of an academic term in the case of any eligible employee employed principally in an instructional capacity by any such educational agency or school:

(1) LEAVE MORE THAN 5 WEEKS PRIOR TO END OF TERM.—If the eligible employee begins leave under section 102 more than 5 weeks prior to the end of the academic term, the agency or school may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of such term, if—

(A) the leave is of at least 3 weeks duration; and

(B) the return to employment would occur during the 3-week period before the end of such term.

(2) LEAVE LESS THAN 5 WEEKS PRIOR TO END OF TERM.—If the eligible employee begins leave under subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of section 102(a)(1) during the period that commences 5 weeks prior to the end of the academic term, the agency or school may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of such term, if—

(A) the leave is of greater than 2 weeks duration; and

(B) the return to employment would occur during the 2-week period before the end of such term.

(3) LEAVE LESS THAN 3 WEEKS PRIOR TO END OF TERM.—If the eligible employee begins leave under subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of section 102(a)(1) during the period that commences 3 weeks prior to the end of the aca-

demical term and the duration of the leave is greater than 5 working days, the agency or school may require the employee to continue to take leave until the end of such term.

(e) RESTORATION TO EQUIVALENT EMPLOYMENT POSITION.—For purposes of determinations under section 104(a)(1)(B) (relating to the restoration of an eligible employee to an equivalent position), in the case of a local educational agency or a private elementary or secondary school, such determination shall be made on the basis of established school board policies and practices, private school policies and practices, and collective bargaining agreements.

(f) REDUCTION OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITY.—If a local educational agency or a private elementary or secondary school that has violated this title proves to the satisfaction of the court that the agency, school, or department had reasonable grounds for believing that the underlying act or omission was not a violation of this title, such court may, in the discretion of the court, reduce the amount of the liability provided for under section 107(a)(1)(A) to the amount and interest determined under clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of such section.

SEC. 109. NOTICE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Each employer shall post and keep posted, in conspicuous places on the premises of the employer where notices to employees and applicants for employment are customarily posted, a notice, to be prepared or approved by the Secretary, setting forth excerpts from, or summaries of, the pertinent provisions of this title and information pertaining to the filing of a charge.

(b) PENALTY.—Any employer that willfully violates this section may be assessed a civil money penalty not to exceed \$100 for each separate offense.

TITLE II—LEAVE FOR CIVIL SERVICE EMPLOYEES

SEC. 201. LEAVE REQUIREMENT.

(a) CIVIL SERVICE EMPLOYEES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 63 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subchapter:

“SUBCHAPTER V—FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

“§ 6381. Definitions

“For the purpose of this subchapter—

“(1) the term ‘employee’ means any individual who—

“(A) is an ‘employee’, as defined by section 6301(2), including any individual employed in a position referred to in clause (v) or (ix) of section 6301(2), but excluding any individual employed by the government of the District of Columbia and any individual employed on a temporary or intermittent basis; and

“(B) has completed at least 12 months of service as an employee (within the meaning of subparagraph (A));

“(2) the term ‘health care provider’ means—

“(A) a doctor of medicine or osteopathy who is authorized to practice medicine or surgery (as appropriate) by the State in which the doctor practices; and

“(B) any other person determined by the Director of the Office of Personnel Management to be capable of providing health care services;

“(3) the term ‘parent’ means the biological parent of an employee or an individual who stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a son or daughter;

“(4) the term ‘reduced leave schedule’ means a leave schedule that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per workday, of an employee;

“(5) the term ‘serious health condition’ means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves—

“(A) inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility; or

“(B) continuing treatment by a health care provider; and

“(6) the term ‘son or daughter’ means a biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis, who is—

“(A) under 18 years of age; or

“(B) 18 years of age or older and incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability.

“§ 6382. Leave requirement

“(a)(1) Subject to section 6383, an employee shall be entitled to a total of 12 administrative workweeks of leave during any 12-month period for one or more of the following:

“(A) Because of the birth of a son or daughter of the employee and in order to care for such son or daughter.

“(B) Because of the placement of a son or daughter with the employee for adoption or foster care.

“(C) In order to care for the spouse, or a son, daughter, or parent, of the employee, if such spouse, son, daughter, or parent has a serious health condition.

“(D) Because of a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the functions of the employee’s position.

“(2) The entitlement to leave under subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) based on the birth or placement of a son or daughter shall expire at the end of the 12-month period beginning on the date of such birth or placement.

“(b)(1) Leave under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) shall not be taken by an employee intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule unless the employee and the employing agency of the employee agree otherwise. Subject to paragraph (2), subsection (e)(2), and section 6383(b)(5), leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of subsection (a)(1) may be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. In the case of an employee who takes leave intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule pursuant to this paragraph, any hours of leave so taken by such employee shall be subtracted from the total amount of leave remaining available to such employee under subsection (a), for purposes of the 12-month period involved, on an hour-for-hour basis.

“(2) If an employee requests intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, under subparagraph (C) or (D) of subsection (a)(1), that is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the employing agency may require such employee to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position offered by the employing agency for which the employee is qualified and that—

“(A) has equivalent pay and benefits; and

“(B) better accommodates recurring periods of leave than the regular employment position of the employee.

“(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), leave granted under subsection (a) shall be leave without pay.

“(d) An employee may elect to substitute for leave under subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subsection (a)(1) any of the employee’s accrued or accumulated annual or sick leave under subchapter I for any part of the 12-week period of leave under such subsection, except that nothing in this subchapter shall require an employing agency to provide paid sick leave in any situation in which such employing agency would not normally provide any such paid leave.

“(e)(1) In any case in which the necessity for leave under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) is foreseeable based on an expected birth or placement, the employee shall provide the employing agency with not less than 30 days’ notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee’s intention to take leave under such subparagraph, except that if the date of the birth or place-

ment requires leave to begin in less than 30 days, the employee shall provide such notice as is practicable.

“(2) In any case in which the necessity for leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of subsection (a)(1) is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the employee—

“(A) shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the employing agency, subject to the approval of the health care provider of the employee or the health care provider of the son, daughter, spouse, or parent of the employee, as appropriate; and

“(B) shall provide the employing agency with not less than 30 days’ notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee’s intention to take leave under such subparagraph, except that if the date of the treatment requires leave to begin in less than 30 days, the employee shall provide such notice as is practicable.

“§ 6383. Certification

“(a) An employing agency may require that a request for leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of section 6382(a)(1) be supported by certification issued by the health care provider of the employee or of the son, daughter, spouse, or parent of the employee, as appropriate. The employee shall provide, in a timely manner, a copy of such certification to the employing agency.

“(b) A certification provided under subsection (a) shall be sufficient if it states—

“(1) the date on which the serious health condition commenced;

“(2) the probable duration of the condition;

“(3) the appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the health care provider regarding the condition;

“(4)(A) for purposes of leave under section 6382(a)(1)(C), a statement that the employee is needed to care for the son, daughter, spouse, or parent, and an estimate of the amount of time that such employee is needed to care for such son, daughter, spouse, or parent; and

“(B) for purposes of leave under section 6382(a)(1)(D), a statement that the employee is unable to perform the functions of the position of the employee; and

“(5) in the case of certification for intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for planned medical treatment, the dates on which such treatment is expected to be given and the duration of such treatment.

“(c)(1) In any case in which the employing agency has reason to doubt the validity of the certification provided under subsection (a) for leave under subparagraph (C) or (D) of section 6382(a)(1), the employing agency may require, at the expense of the agency, that the employee obtain the opinion of a second health care provider designated or approved by the employing agency concerning any information certified under subsection (b) for such leave.

“(2) Any health care provider designated or approved under paragraph (1) shall not be employed on a regular basis by the employing agency.

“(d)(1) In any case in which the second opinion described in subsection (c) differs from the original certification provided under subsection (a), the employing agency may require, at the expense of the agency, that the employee obtain the opinion of a third health care provider designated or approved jointly by the employing agency and the employee concerning the information certified under subsection (b).

“(2) The opinion of the third health care provider concerning the information certified under subsection (b) shall be considered to be final and shall be binding on the employing agency and the employee.

“(e) The employing agency may require, at the expense of the agency, that the employee

obtain subsequent recertifications on a reasonable basis.

“§ 6384. Employment and benefits protection

“(a) Any employee who takes leave under section 6382 for the intended purpose of the leave shall be entitled, upon return from such leave—

“(1) to be restored by the employing agency to the position held by the employee when the leave commenced; or

“(2) to be restored to an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay, status, and other terms and conditions of employment.

“(b) The taking of leave under section 6382 shall not result in the loss of any employment benefit accrued prior to the date on which the leave commenced.

“(c) Except as otherwise provided by or under law, nothing in this section shall be construed to entitle any restored employee to—

“(1) the accrual of any employment benefits during any period of leave; or

“(2) any right, benefit, or position of employment other than any right, benefit, or position to which the employee would have been entitled had the employee not taken the leave.

“(d) As a condition to restoration under subsection (a) for an employee who takes leave under section 6382(a)(1)(D), the employing agency may have a uniformly applied practice or policy that requires each such employee to receive certification from the health care provider of the employee that the employee is able to resume work.

“(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit an employing agency from requiring an employee on leave under section 6382 to report periodically to the employing agency on the status and intention of the employee to return to work.

“§ 6385. Prohibition of coercion

“(a) An employee shall not directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten, or coerce, or attempt to intimidate, threaten, or coerce, any other employee for the purpose of interfering with the exercise of any rights which such other employee may have under this subchapter.

“(b) For the purpose of this section—

“(1) the term ‘intimidate, threaten, or coerce’ includes promising to confer or conferring any benefit (such as appointment, promotion, or compensation), or taking or threatening to take any reprisal (such as deprivation of appointment, promotion, or compensation); and

“(2) the term ‘employee’ means any ‘employee’, as defined by section 2105.

“§ 6386. Health insurance

“An employee enrolled in a health benefits plan under chapter 89 who is placed in a leave status under section 6382 may elect to continue the health benefits enrollment of the employee while in such leave status and arrange to pay currently into the Employees Health Benefits Fund (described in section 8909), the appropriate employee contributions.

“§ 6387. Regulations

“The Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe regulations necessary for the administration of this subchapter. The regulations prescribed under this subchapter shall, to the extent appropriate, be consistent with the regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Labor to carry out title I of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993.”

(2) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for chapter 63 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SUBCHAPTER V—FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

“6381. Definitions.

"6382. Leave requirement.

"6383. Certification.

"6384. Employment and benefits protection.

"6385. Prohibition of coercion.

"6386. Health insurance.

"6387. Regulations."

(b) EMPLOYEES PAID FROM NON-APPROPRIATED FUNDS.—Section 2105(c)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (C); and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(E) subchapter V of chapter 63, which shall be applied so as to construe references to benefit programs to refer to applicable programs for employees paid from non-appropriated funds; or".

TITLE III—COMMISSION ON LEAVE

SEC. 301. ESTABLISHMENT.

There is established a commission to be known as the Commission on Leave (referred to in this title as the "Commission").

SEC. 302. DUTIES.

The Commission shall—

(1) conduct a comprehensive study of—

(A) existing and proposed mandatory and voluntary policies relating to family and temporary medical leave, including policies provided by employers not covered under this Act;

(B) the potential costs, benefits, and impact on productivity, job creation and business growth of such policies on employers and employees;

(C) possible differences in costs, benefits, and impact on productivity, job creation and business growth of such policies on employers based on business type and size;

(D) the impact of family and medical leave policies on the availability of employee benefits provided by employers, including employers not covered under this Act;

(E) alternate and equivalent State enforcement of title I with respect to employees described in section 108(a);

(F) methods used by employers to reduce administrative costs of implementing family and medical leave policies;

(G) the ability of the employers to recover, under section 104(c)(2), the premiums described in such section; and

(H) the impact on employers and employees of policies that provide temporary wage replacement during periods of family and medical leave.

(2) not later than 2 years after the date on which the Commission first meets, prepare and submit, to the appropriate Committees of Congress, a report concerning the subjects listed in paragraph (1).

SEC. 303. MEMBERSHIP.

(a) COMPOSITION.—

(1) APPOINTMENTS.—The Commission shall be composed of 12 voting members and 4 ex officio members to be appointed not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act as follows:

(A) SENATORS.—One Senator shall be appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate, and one Senator shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate.

(B) MEMBERS OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—One Member of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one Member of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

(C) ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—

(i) APPOINTMENT.—Two members each shall be appointed by—

(I) the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

(II) the Majority Leader of the Senate;

(III) the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and

(IV) the Minority Leader of the Senate.

(i) EXPERTISE.—Such members shall be appointed by virtue of demonstrated expertise in relevant family, temporary disability, and labor management issues. Such members shall include representatives of employers, including employers from large businesses and from small businesses.

(2) EX OFFICIO MEMBERS.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Administrator of the Small Business Administration shall serve on the Commission as nonvoting ex officio members.

(b) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy on the Commission shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made. The vacancy shall not affect the power of the remaining members to execute the duties of the Commission.

(c) CHAIRPERSON AND VICE CHAIRPERSON.—The Commission shall elect a chairperson and a vice chairperson from among the members of the Commission.

(d) QUORUM.—Eight members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum for all purposes, except that a lesser number may constitute a quorum for the purpose of holding hearings.

SEC. 304. COMPENSATION.

(a) PAY.—Members of the Commission shall serve without compensation.

(b) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Members of the Commission shall be allowed reasonable travel expenses, including a per diem allowance, in accordance with section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, when performing duties of the Commission.

SEC. 305. POWERS.

(a) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall first meet not later than 30 days after the date on which all members are appointed, and the Commission shall meet thereafter on the call of the chairperson or a majority of the members.

(b) HEARINGS AND SESSIONS.—The Commission may hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commission considers appropriate. The Commission may administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before it.

(c) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—The Commission may secure directly from any Federal agency information necessary to enable it to carry out this title, if the information may be disclosed under section 552 of title 5, United States Code. Subject to the previous sentence, on the request of the chairperson or vice chairperson of the Commission, the head of such agency shall furnish such information to the Commission.

(d) USE OF FACILITIES AND SERVICES.—Upon the request of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency may make available to the Commission any of the facilities and services of such agency.

(e) PERSONNEL FROM OTHER AGENCIES.—On the request of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency may detail any of the personnel of such agency to serve as an Executive Director of the Commission or assist the Commission in carrying out the duties of the Commission. Any detail shall not interrupt or otherwise affect the civil service status or privileges of the Federal employee.

(f) VOLUNTARY SERVICE.—Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the chairperson of the Commission may accept for the Commission voluntary services provided by a member of the Commission.

SEC. 306. TERMINATION.

The Commission shall terminate 30 days after the date of the submission of the report of the Commission to Congress.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.

(a) FEDERAL AND STATE ANTIDISCRIMINATION LAWS.—Nothing in this Act or any

amendment made by this Act shall be construed to modify or affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability.

(b) STATE AND LOCAL LAWS.—Nothing in this Act or any amendment made by this Act shall be construed to supersede any provision of any State or local law that provides greater family or medical leave rights than the rights established under this Act or any amendment made by this Act.

SEC. 402. EFFECT ON EXISTING EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.

(a) MORE PROTECTIVE.—Nothing in this Act or any amendment made by this Act shall be construed to diminish the obligation of an employer to comply with any collective bargaining agreement or any employment benefit program or plan that provides greater family or medical leave rights to employees than the rights established under this Act or any amendment made by this Act.

(b) LESS PROTECTIVE.—The rights established for employees under this Act or any amendment made by this Act shall not be diminished by any collective bargaining agreement or any employment benefit program or plan.

SEC. 403. ENCOURAGEMENT OF MORE GENEROUS LEAVE POLICIES.

Nothing in this Act or any amendment made by this Act shall be construed to discourage employers from adopting or retaining leave policies more generous than any policies that comply with the requirements under this Act or any amendment made by this Act.

SEC. 404. REGULATIONS.

The Secretary of Labor shall prescribe such regulations as are necessary to carry out title I and this title not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 405. EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) TITLE III.—Title III shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) OTHER TITLES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), titles I, II, and V and this title shall take effect 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.—In the case of a collective bargaining agreement in effect on the effective date prescribed by paragraph (1), title I shall apply on the earlier of—

(A) the date of the termination of such agreement; or

(B) the date that occurs 12 months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE V—COVERAGE OF CONGRESSIONAL EMPLOYEES

SEC. 501. LEAVE FOR CERTAIN SENATE EMPLOYEES.

(a) COVERAGE.—The rights and protections established under sections 101 through 105 shall apply with respect to a Senate employee and an employing office. For purposes of such application, the term "eligible employee" means a Senate employee and the term "employer" means an employing office.

(b) CONSIDERATION OF ALLEGATIONS.—

(1) APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—The provisions of sections 304 through 313 of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 (2 U.S.C. 1204-1213) shall, except as provided in subsections (d) and (e)—

(A) apply with respect to an allegation of a violation of a provision of sections 101 through 105, with respect to Senate employment of a Senate employee; and

(B) apply to such an allegation in the same manner and to the same extent as such sections of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 apply with respect to an allegation of a violation under such Act.

(2) ENTITY.—Such an allegation shall be addressed by the Office of Senate Fair Employment Practices or such other entity as the Senate may designate.

(c) RIGHTS OF EMPLOYEES.—The Office of Senate Fair Employment Practices shall ensure that Senate employees are informed of their rights under sections 101 through 105.

(d) LIMITATIONS.—A request for counseling under section 305 of such Act by a Senate employee alleging a violation of a provision of sections 101 through 105 shall be made not later than 2 years after the date of the last event constituting the alleged violation for which the counseling is requested, or not later than 3 years after such date in the case of a willful violation of section 105.

(e) APPLICABLE REMEDIES.—The remedies applicable to individuals who demonstrate a violation of a provision of sections 101 through 105 shall be such remedies as would be appropriate if awarded under paragraph (1) or (3) of section 107(a).

(f) EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWER.—The provisions of subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e), except as such subsections apply with respect to section 309 of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 (2 U.S.C. 1209), are enacted by the Senate as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate, with full recognition of the right of the Senate to change its rules, in the same manner, and to the same extent, as in the case of any other rule of the Senate. No Senate employee may commence a judicial proceeding with respect to an allegation described in subsection (b)(1), except as provided in this section.

(g) SEVERABILITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if any provision of section 309 of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 (2 U.S.C. 1209), or of subsection (b)(1) insofar as it applies such section 309 to an allegation described in subsection (b)(1)(A), is invalidated, both such section 309, and subsection (b)(1) insofar as it applies such section 309 to such an allegation, shall have no force and effect, and shall be considered to be invalidated for purposes of section 322 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 1221).

(h) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

(1) EMPLOYING OFFICE.—The term "employing office" means the office with the final authority described in section 301(2) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 1201(2)).

(2) SENATE EMPLOYEE.—The term "Senate employee" means an employee described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of section 301(c)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 1201(c)(1)) who has been employed for at least 12 months on other than a temporary or intermittent basis by any employing office.

SEC. 502. LEAVE FOR CERTAIN HOUSE EMPLOYEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The rights and protections under sections 102 through 105 (other than section 104(b)) shall apply to any employee in an employment position and any employing authority of the House of Representatives.

(b) ADMINISTRATION.—In the administration of this section, the remedies and procedures under the Fair Employment Practices Resolution shall be applied.

(c) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term "Fair Employment Practices Resolution" means rule LI of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

TITLE VI—SENSE OF CONGRESS

SEC. 601. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of the Congress that:

(a) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a comprehensive review of current departmental policy with respect to the service of homosexuals in the Armed Forces;

(b) Such review shall include the basis for the current policy of mandatory separation; the rights of all service men and women, and the effects of any change in such policy on

morale, discipline, and military effectiveness;

(c) The Secretary shall report the results of such review and consultations and his recommendations to the President and to the Congress no later than July 15, 1993;

(d) The Senate Committee on Armed Services shall conduct (i) comprehensive hearings on the current military policy with respect to the service of homosexuals in the military services; and (ii) shall conduct oversight hearings on the Secretary's recommendations as such are reported.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶10.25 HOUSE FINANCE OFFICE
OPERATION TRANSFER

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SKAGGS, laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, February, 1, 1993.

Hon. THOMAS S. FOLEY,
Speaker, House of Representatives, H-204 The Capitol, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the authority vested in the Committee on House Administration by House Rule X, Clause 4(d)(3), and upon recommendation of the Subcommittee on Administrative Oversight of the Committee on House Administration pursuant to Clause 3(j)(2), the Committee has directed the following, effective on February 1, 1993:

"The responsibility for the operation of the House Finance Office is transferred to the Director of Non-Legislative and Financial Services, subject to the oversight of the Subcommittee on Administrative Oversight of the Committee on House Administration."

It is intended that the House Finance Office continue to operate under the existing statutory authority of the Clerk of the House, but at the direction of the Director of Non-Legislative and Financial Services, until such time as the necessary statutory changes are enacted.

Upon receipt of a copy of this letter, the Clerk of the House is directed to continue to carry out the ministerial functions imposed by statute with regard to the operation of the House Finance Office subject to the direction of the Director of Non-Legislative and Financial Services, and to work cooperatively with the Director and the Subcommittee on Administrative Oversight of the Committee on House Administration to ensure that all functions and operations of the House Finance Office are timely executed.

Sincerely,

CHARLIE ROSE
Chairman.
BILL THOMAS,
Ranking Republican Member.

¶10.26 DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO
TEMPORE TO SIGN ENROLLMENTS

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

WASHINGTON, DC,
February 4, 1993.

I hereby designate the Honorable STENY H. HOYER to act as Speaker pro tempore to sign enrolled bills and joint resolutions through February 16, 1993.

THOMAS S. FOLEY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

By unanimous consent, the designation was accepted.

¶10.27 GENERAL COUNSEL TO THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

The SPEAKER, pursuant to clause 11 of rule I, appointed as General Counsel

to the House of Representatives, effective February 1, 1993, Mr. Steven R. Ross.

¶10.28 SPEAKER TO ACCEPT
RESIGNATIONS, APPOINT COMMISSIONS

On motion of Mr. GEPHARDT, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That, notwithstanding any adjournment of the House until Tuesday, February 16, 1993, the Speaker and the Minority Leader be authorized to accept resignations and to make appointments to commissions, boards and committees duly authorized by law or by the House.

¶10.29 PROVIDING FOR THE
ADJOURNMENT OF THE TWO HOUSES

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following privileged concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 10):

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), that when the Senate recesses or adjourns at the close of business on Thursday, February 4, 1993, or Friday, February 5, 1993, pursuant to a motion made by the majority leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, it stand recessed or adjourned until 12 noon, or until such time as may be specified by the majority leader, or his designee, in the motion to adjourn or recess, on Tuesday, February 16, 1993, or until 12 noon on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this resolution, whichever occurs first; and that when the House of Representatives adjourns at the close of business on Thursday, February 4, 1993, or Friday, February 5, 1993, pursuant to a motion made by the majority leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12 noon on Tuesday, February 16, 1993, or until 12 noon on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this resolution, whichever occurs first.

SEC. 2. The majority leader of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, acting jointly after consultation with the minority leader of the Senate and the minority leader of the House, shall notify the Members of the Senate and the House, respectively, to reassemble whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

When said concurrent resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said concurrent resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶10.30 LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted—

To Mr. PICKLE, for the balance of the day; and

To Mr. SANTORUM, for today after 9 p.m.

And then,

¶10.31 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. GEPHARDT, pursuant to the provisions of Senate Concurrent Resolution 10, at 11 o'clock and 54 minutes p.m., the House adjourned until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, February 16, 1993.

¶10.32 REPORTS OF COMMITTEE ON
PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. GORDON: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 71. Resolution relating to the consideration of the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 1) to grant family and temporary medical leave under certain circumstances (Rept. No. 103-13). Referred to the House Calendar.

¶10.33 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 5 of rule X and clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. BROOKS (for himself, Mr. BRYANT, and Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts):

H.R. 811. A bill to reauthorize the independent counsel law for an additional 5 years, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GONZALEZ:

H.R. 812. A bill to establish the Congressional Advisory Commission on Amateur Boxing and to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit the participation in and promotion of professional boxing; jointly, to the Committees on Education and Labor, Energy and Commerce, and the Judiciary.

By Mr. ANDREWS of Texas (for himself, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. BACCHUS of Florida, Mr. KING, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. SUNDQUIST, Mr. GINGRICH, Mrs. SCHROEDER, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. PICKETT, Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. PORTER, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. TORKILDSEN, Mr. BLUTE, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. SAXTON, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. UPTON, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. EMERSON, Mr. MACHTLEY, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. FROST, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. WALSH, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. SAM JOHNSON, and Mr. JACOBS):

H.R. 813. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that charitable contributions of appreciated property will not be treated as an item of tax preference; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. ARMEY (for himself, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. HOKE, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. ARCHER, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. HYDE, Mr. DELAY, Mr. SHAYS, Mrs. SCHROEDER, Mr. GIBBONS, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. GORDON, Mr. UPTON, Mr. OWENS, Mr. KYL, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. CRANE, Mr. SHAW, Mr. COX, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. FAWELL, Mr. FIELDS of Texas, Mr. HANCOCK, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. PORTER, Mr. SAXTON, Mr. BAKER of California, Ms. ROSLEHTINEN, Mr. ZIMMER, Ms. MOLINARI, and Mr. TRAFICANT):

H.R. 814. A bill to eliminate the outdated price support and production adjustment program for honey, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska:

H.R. 815. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to restore and increase tax deduction for the health insurance costs of self-employed individuals; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska (for himself and Mr. THOMAS of California):

H.R. 816. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to clarify the exemption

from the firearms tax for shells and cartridges supplied by a customer for reloading; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska:

H.R. 817. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that certain cash rents will not result in the recapture of the benefits of the special estate tax valuation rules for certain farm and other real property; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MARTINEZ:

H.R. 818. A bill to amend title VI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 to establish a community services empowerment program; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. BATEMAN:

H.R. 819. A bill to revise the boundaries of the George Washington Birthplace National Monument, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. VALENTINE (for himself and Mr. OLVER):

H.R. 820. A bill to amend the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 to enhance manufacturing technology development and transfer, to authorize appropriations for the Technology Administration of the Department of Commerce, including the National Institute of Standards and Technology, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Mr. BONILLA (for himself and Mr. STENHOLM):

H.R. 821. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to extend eligibility for burial in national cemeteries to persons who have 20 years of service creditable for retired pay as members of a reserve component of the Armed Forces; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. BROWN of California:

H.R. 822. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to increase the availability of individual retirement accounts, to increase amount deductible for contributions to such accounts, and to permit penalty-free withdrawals from such accounts to pay educational, medical, and business start-up expenses; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BRYANT (for himself, Mr. GEKAS, and Mr. GLICKMAN):

H.R. 823. A bill to provide for the disclosure of lobbying activities to influence the Federal Government, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CLINGER (for himself, Mr. MCCANDLESS, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. ZIMMER, and Mr. MCHUGH):

H.R. 824. A bill to establish a Department of Environmental Protection, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois:

H.R. 825. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to establish a National Institute on Minority Health; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. CONYERS (for himself, Mr. CLINGER, and Mr. MCDADE):

H.R. 826. A bill to provide for the establishment, testing, and evaluation of strategic planning and performance measurement in the Federal Government, and for other purposes; jointly, to the Committees on Government Operations and Rules.

By Mr. COYNE (for himself, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. MATSUI, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. THOMAS of California, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. SUNDQUIST, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. GRANDY, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. HOUGHTON, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. BREWSTER, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. PAYNE of Virginia, Mr. SHAW, Mr. MCCRERY, Mr. LEVIN, and Mr. MCNULTY):

H.R. 827. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permanently extend the treatment of qualified small issue bonds; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. CRANE:

H.R. 828. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that service performed for an elementary or secondary school operated primarily for religious purposes is exempt from the Federal unemployment tax; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. EDWARDS of California (for himself, Mr. HYDE, and Mr. KOPETSKI):

H.R. 829. A bill to amend title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to authorize funds received by States and units of local government to be expended to improve the quality and availability of DNA records; to authorize the establishment of a DNA identification index; and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. EWING (for himself, Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. SKELTON, Mr. COMBEST, Mr. GOODLING, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. PENNY, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. KYL, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. LEHMAN, Mr. BERUTER, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. ZELIFF, Mr. PETE GEREN, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. GILMAN, Ms. DANNER, Mr. SAM JOHNSON, Mr. MACHTLEY, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. DELAY, Mr. TORKILDSEN, Mr. PORTER, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. HEFLY, and Mr. SISISKY):

H.R. 830. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to clarify procedures for judicial review of Federal agency compliance with regulatory flexibility analysis requirements, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. EWING (for himself, Mr. RAVENEL, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming, Mr. GOSS, Mr. GOODLING, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. STUMP, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, Mr. ZELIFF, Mr. KLINK, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. QUINN, Mr. TORKILDSEN, and Mr. SAM JOHNSON):

H.R. 831. A bill to provide that cost-of-living adjustments in rates of pay for Members of Congress be made contingent on there not being a deficit in the budget of the U.S. Government; jointly, to the Committees on House Administration and Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. PETE GEREN:

H.R. 832. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide waiver of late enrollment penalty and establishment of a special enrollment period under part B of the Medicare Program for certain military retirees and dependents living near military bases that are closed; jointly, to the Committees on Ways and Means and Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. GIBBONS (for himself, Mr. SYNAR, Mr. BACCHUS of Florida, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. BROWN of California, Mrs. BYRNE, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. DICKS, Mr. FROST, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mrs. MALONEY, Mrs. MEEK, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. RAVENEL, Mr. SABO, Mr. SCHUMER, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. STOKES, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. WELDON, and Mr. YATES):

H.R. 833. A bill to amend the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966 to improve the management of the National Wildlife Refuge System, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. GLICKMAN (for himself and Mr. MCCURDY):

H.R. 834. A bill to provide for comprehensive health care access expansion and cost control through reform and simplification of private health care insurance and other means; jointly, to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, Ways and Means, the Judiciary, Education and Labor, and Rules.

By Mr. HUFFINGTON:

H.R. 835. A bill to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to add Morro Bay, CA, to the priority list of the National Estuary Program; jointly, to the Committees on Public Works and Transportation and Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. HUTCHINSON:

H.R. 836. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to restore and increase the deduction for the health insurance costs of self-employed individuals; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 837. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to provide that a monthly insurance benefit thereunder shall be paid for the month in which the recipient dies and that such benefit shall be payable for such month only to the extent proportionate to the number of days in such month preceding the date of the recipient's death; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. JEFFERSON:

H.R. 838. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to impose a fee on the importation of crude oil or refined petroleum products; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut:

H.R. 839. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to allow Federal employees to seek election to local office, and otherwise take an active part in political management or in political campaigns relating to an election to such an office; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. KENNEDY (for himself, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, and Mr. ROYCE):

H.R. 840. A bill to establish a national program to reduce the incidence of stalking; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mrs. KENNELLY:

H.R. 841. A bill to establish economic conversion programs in the Department of Defense to assist communities, businesses, and workers adversely affected by reductions in defense contracts and spending and closures of military installations and to provide an additional credit against Federal unemployment tax for States with reemployment assistance programs; jointly, to the Committees on Armed Services; Ways and Means; Education and Labor; Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs; and Science, Space, and Technology.

H.R. 842. A bill to increase the number of weeks for which emergency unemployment compensation is payable; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KOLBE:

H.R. 843. A bill to withdraw certain lands located in the Coronado National Forest from the mining and mineral leasing laws of the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mrs. LLOYD:

H.R. 844. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a permanent extension of the research credit; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. MOAKLEY, Mr. KENNEDY, and Mr. STUDDS):

H.R. 845. A bill to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to make grants to the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority for construction of wastewater treatment works; to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

By Mr. MATSUI (for himself, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. ARCHER, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr.

SHAYS, Mr. MINETA, Mr. COYNE, Mr. KYL, and Mr. MURPHY):

H.R. 846. A bill to amend section 118 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for certain exceptions from rules for determining contributions in aid of construction, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MINETA (for himself, Mr. NATCHER, and Mr. MCDADE):

H.R. 847. A bill to authorize the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution to plan and design an extension of the National Air and Space Museum at Washington Dulles International Airport, and for other purposes; to the Committee on House Administration.

H.R. 848. A bill to continue the authorization of appropriations for the East Court of the National Museum of Natural History; jointly, to the Committees on House Administration and Public Works and Transportation.

By Mr. DERRICK:

H.R. 849. A bill to amend title 1 of the United States Code to define the type of adjournment that prevents the return of a bill by the President, and to authorize the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate to receive bills returned by the President at any time their respective Houses are not in session; jointly, to the Committees on the Judiciary and Rules.

By Mr. MOAKLEY (for himself and Mr. STUDDS):

H.R. 850. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for the establishment of tax enterprise zones; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MOORHEAD:

H.R. 851. A bill to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to authorize the Immigration and Naturalization Service to accept volunteer services; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MOORHEAD (for himself, Mr. DREIER, Mr. PACKARD, and Mr. GALLEGLY):

H.R. 852. A bill to authorize additional appropriations to increase border patrol personnel to 6,800 by the end of fiscal year 1995 in the Department of Justice Assets Forfeiture Fund for the additional border patrol personnel; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MORAN (for himself and Mr. MCCLOSKEY):

H.R. 853. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to provide that career positions in the Senior Executive Service may not be filled, during the period between the date of a Presidential election and the next Inauguration Day thereafter, by any current or recently separated political appointee, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. MYERS of Indiana (for himself, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. GALLEGLY, and Mr. LIGHTFOOT):

H.R. 854. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to reduce the capital gains tax in the case of senior citizens; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 855. A bill to require the Administrator of General Services, the Director of the National Park Service, the Architect of the Capitol, and the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution to provide notice to the District of Columbia before carrying out any activity affecting property located in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes; jointly, to the Committees on the District of Columbia, House Administration, Natural Resources, and Public Works and Transportation.

By Mr. OWENS (for himself and Mr. FORD of Michigan):

H.R. 856. A bill to improve education in the United States by promoting excellence in research, development, and the dissemination of information; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. OXLEY (for himself, Mr. GILLMOR, and Mr. HASTERT):

H.R. 857. A bill to establish procedures to improve the allocation and assignment of the electromagnetic spectrum, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. PALLONE:

H.R. 858. A bill to provide for the rehabilitation of historic structures within the Sandy Hook Unit of Gateway National Recreation Area in the State of New Jersey, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey:

H.R. 859. A bill to exclude shipboard supervisory personnel from selection as employer representatives, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. PAYNE of Virginia:

H.R. 860. A bill to authorize the National Park Service to provide funding to assist in the restoration, reconstruction, rehabilitation, preservation, and maintenance of the historic buildings known as "Poplar Forest" in Bedford County, VA, designed, built, and lived in by Thomas Jefferson, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. PICKLE:

H.R. 861. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to clarify the treatment of certain buildings under the rehabilitation credit; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. ROWLAND:

H.R. 862. A bill to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to submit to the Congress a proposal for the regulation of long-term care insurance policies, including an analysis and evaluation of such policies as are available to individuals, and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow tax-free distributions from individual retirement accounts for the purchase of long-term care insurance coverage by individuals who have attained age 59½; jointly, to the Committees on Ways and Means and Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SCHAEFER:

H.R. 863. A bill to provide that all new revenue must be dedicated to deficit reduction and to establish, for fiscal years 1994 through 1998, discretionary spending limits for the defense, international, and domestic categories and maximum deficit amounts; jointly, to the Committees on Government Operations and Rules.

By Mr. SOLOMON:

H.R. 864. A bill to prohibit the entry into the United States of items produced, grown, or manufactured in the People's Republic of China with the use of forced labor; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 865. A bill to ensure that any peace dividend is invested in America's families and deficit reduction; jointly, to the Committees on Government Operations, Rules, and Ways and Means.

By Mr. STARK:

H.R. 866. A bill entitled, "United States-Japan Partnership Act of 1993"; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

H.R. 867. A bill to transfer the functions of the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to the Secretary of Defense; jointly, to the Committees on Armed Services and Public Works and Transportation.

By Mr. SWIFT (for himself, Mr. OXLEY, Ms. LAMBERT, and Mr. GILLMOR):

H.R. 868. A bill to strengthen the authority of the Federal Trade Commission to protect consumers in connection with sales made with a telephone, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. TORRICELLI (for himself, Mr. PORTER, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. BROWN of California, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. WASHINGTON, Mr. MORAN, Mrs. BYRNE, Mr. ANDREWS of Maine, and Mr. WYNN):

H.R. 869. A bill to promote biological diversity conservation and cooperation in the Western Hemisphere, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. TORRICELLI (for himself, Mr. DREIER, Mr. MOORHEAD, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. COX, Mr. HORN, Mr. WELDON, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. GALLO, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. SISISKY, Mr. SKAGGS, Mr. OBEY, Mr. PETE GEREN, Mrs. SCHROEDER, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. DELLUMS, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. ANDREWS of Maine, Mr. TORRES, Mr. BERMAN, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. CRANE, Mr. BACCHUS of Florida, Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey, Mr. EVANS, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. SCHUMER, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. FAZIO, and Mr. TRAFICANT):

H.R. 870. A bill to amend the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 to provide relief to local taxpayers, municipalities, and small businesses regarding the cleanup of hazardous substances, and for other purposes; jointly, to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Public Works and Transportation.

By Mr. VISCLOSKY:

H.R. 871. A bill to direct the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to establish a national cemetery for veterans in Lake County or Porter County, IN; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. WILLIAMS:

H.R. 873. A bill entitled, "Gallatin Range Consolidation and Protection Act of 1993"; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. CARDIN:

H.R. 874. A bill to amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to provide for a voluntary system of spending limits and benefits for congressional election campaigns, and for other purposes; jointly, to the Committees on House Administration, Energy and Commerce, and Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. COBLE (for himself, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. PETRI, and Mr. FROST):

H.R. 875. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to phase out the earnings test over a 5-year period for individuals who have attained retirement age, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MURPHY:

H.R. 876. A bill to prevent States from reducing unemployment compensation benefits by certain remuneration for services in the military reserves; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LEWIS of Georgia (for himself, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. BISHOP, Mr. BLACKWELL, Mr. BONIOR, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. CLAY, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. CLYBURN, Miss COLLINS of Michigan, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. DE LUGO, Mr. DIXON, Mr. FILNER, Mr. FINGERHUT, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. FORD of Tennessee, Mr. FROST, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. JEFFERSON, Ms. E.B. JOHNSON, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. MAZZOLI, Ms. MCKINNEY, Mrs. MEEK, Mr. MFUME, Mr. MILLER of California, Mr. MINETA, Mr.

MORAN, Ms. NORTON, Mr. OWENS, Mr. PARKER, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. REYNOLDS, Mr. ROMERO-BARCELO, Mr. RUSH, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. SISISKY, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. STOKES, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. TUCKER, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. VENTO, Mr. WASHINGTON, Ms. WATERS, Mr. WATT, Mr. WHEAT, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. WYNN, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, and Mr. RANGEL):

H.R. 877. A bill to authorize the establishment of the National African-American Museum within the Smithsonian Institution; jointly, to the Committees on House Administration and Public Works and Transportation.

By Mr. UPTON and Mr. ROEMER:

H.R. 878. A bill to restore Federal services to the Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. VALENTINE and Mr. LANCASTER:

H.R. 879. A bill relating to the tariff treatment of pharmaceutical grade phospholipids and soybean oil; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. VENTO (for himself, Mr. LEHMAN, and Mr. MILLER of California):

H.R. 880. A bill to withdraw certain Federal lands in the State of California for military purposes, and for other purposes; jointly, to the Committees on Armed Services and Natural Resources.

By Mr. CRANE (for himself, Mr. DORNAN, and Mr. ACKERMAN):

H.J. Res. 98. Joint resolution to authorize the National Committee of American Airmen Rescued by General Mihailovich to establish a memorial in the District of Columbia or its environs; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. HUTCHINSON:

H.J. Res. 99. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the U.S. limiting the number of terms for Members of the House of Representatives and the Senate; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.J. Res. 100. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution to provide for a balanced budget for the U.S. Government and for greater accountability in the enactment of tax legislation; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KOPETSKI (for himself, Mr. DE LA GARZA, Mr. WILSON, Mr. LAROCOCO, Mr. GRANDY, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. SARPALIUS, Ms. DANNER, Mr. EWING, Mr. EMERSON, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. CLEMENT, Mr. EVANS, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. STENHOLM, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. DE LUGO, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. WHEAT, Mr. SLATTERY, Mr. PAXON, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. SANDERS, Ms. FURSE, Mr. LEACH, Mr. POMEROY, Mr. SABO, Mr. VALENTINE, Mr. ROTH, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. EDWARDS of Texas, Mr. ROSE, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. WALSH, Mr. WOLF, Mrs. MINK, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. HOKE, Mr. NATCHER, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. DEFazio, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. FROST, Mr. BREWSTER, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. HUGHES, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, Mr. MORAN, Mr. PASTOR, Ms. LONG, Mr. VOLKMER, Mr. KANJORSKI, Mr. ROEMER, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. PICKLE, Mr. MILLER of California, Mr. DOOLEY, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. DIXON, Mr. INSLEE, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. HAMBURG, Mr. SWIFT, Mr. DARDEN, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. PETERSON of Florida, Mr. FORD of Michigan, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. STOKES, Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi, Mr. RICHARDSON, Mr. REED, Ms. MARGOLIES-MEZVINSKY, Mr. GEJDENSON, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. ANDREWS of Maine, Mr. SAWYER, Mr. MOLLOHAN, Mr. FRANK of Massachu-

sets, Mr. BRYANT, Mr. HOAGLAND, Mr. LEHMAN, Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. SCHUMER, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. CARR, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. MACHTLEY, Mr. MINETA, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. HERGER, Mr. GEPHARDT, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. BROWDER, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. TEJEDA, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. WYDEN, Mrs. UNSOELD, Mr. BROOKS, Ms. SCHENK, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. QUILLEN, Mr. MCDERMOTT, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. FILNER, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. SKELTON, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. HUTTO, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Miss COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. GIBBONS, Mr. PETE GEREN, Mr. OLVER, Mr. LAUGHLIN, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. SISISKY, Mr. GORDON, Mr. BORSKI, Mr. DINGELL, Mr. BONIOR, Miss COLLINS of Michigan, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. ORTIZ, Mr. TORRES, Mr. THORNTON, Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. MCNULTY, Mr. STUMP, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. GUNDERSON, Mr. COBLE, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. WISE, Ms. WATERS, Mr. MINGE, Mr. VENTO, Mr. WASHINGTON, Mr. BACCHUS of Florida, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. REYNOLDS, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. PARKER, Mr. GREENWOOD, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. CAMP, Mr. BAESLER, Mrs. THURMAN, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. BISHOP, Mr. CRAPO, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. ORTON, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. KASICH, Mr. KREIDLER, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. GEKAS, Mr. DICKS, Ms. SHEPHERD, Mr. BEVILL, Mr. HOUGHTON, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. MOORHEAD, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. BROWN of California, Mr. HYDE, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. WHITTEN, Mr. VISCLOSKY, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. SMITH of Iowa, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. MFUME, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. FISH, Mr. MYERS of Indiana, Mr. SAXTON, Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, Mr. WYNN, Mr. TANNER, Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. MAZZOLI, Mr. HOYER, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. MANTON, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. COPPERSMITH, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. COOPER, Mr. BLACKWELL, Mrs. LLOYD, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mr. OWENS, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. HAMILTON, Mr. STARK, and Mr. APPLIGATE);

H.J. Res. 101. Joint resolution to designate February 21 through February 27, 1993, as "National FFA Organization Awareness Week"; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. MINETA (for himself, Mr. NATCHER, and Mr. MCDADE):

H.J. Res. 102. Joint resolution providing for the appointment of Barber B. Conable, Jr., as a citizen regent of the Smithsonian Institution; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. STENHOLM (for himself, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. PAYNE of Virginia, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. GIBBONS, Mr. BARTON of Texas, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. ANDREWS of Texas, Mr. ARCHER, Mr. ARMEY, Mr. BACCHUS of Florida, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. BATEMAN, Mrs. BENTLEY, Mr. BEREUTER, Mr. BEVILL, Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. BLILEY, Mr. BOEHLERT, Mr. BOEHNER, Mr. BREWSTER, Mr. BROWDER, Mr. BRYANT, Mr. BUNNING, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. CAL-

LAHAN, Mr. CAMP, Mr. CHAPMAN, Mr. CLEMENT, Mr. CLINGER, Mr. COBLE, Mr. CONDIT, Mr. COOPER, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. COX, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. CRANE, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. DARDEN, Mr. DELAY, Mr. DOOLEY, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. DREIER, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. EDWARDS of Texas, Mr. EMERSON, Mr. ENGLISH of Oklahoma, Mr. EWING, Mr. FAWELL, Mr. FIELDS of Texas, Mr. FISH, Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. GALLO, Mr. GEKAS, Mr. PETE GEREN, Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. GLICKMAN, Mr. GOODLING, Mr. GORDON, Mr. GOSS, Mr. GRANDY, Mr. GUNDERSON, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. HANCOCK, Mr. HANSEN, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. HAYES of Louisiana, Mr. HEFLEY, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. HENRY, Mr. HERGER, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. HOUGHTON, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. HUTTO, Mr. HYDE, Mr. JACOBS, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida, Mr. KASICH, Mr. KLUG, Mr. KOLBE, Mr. KYL, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. LAUGHLIN, Mr. LEACH, Mr. LEWIS of California, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. LIVINGSTON, Mrs. LLOYD, Mr. MACHTLEY, Mr. MAZZOLI, Mr. McCANDLESS, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Mr. MCCRERY, Mr. MCCURDY, Mr. MCDADE, Mr. MCMILLAN, Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. MICHEL, Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. MOORHEAD, Mr. MORAN, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. MYERS of Indiana, Mr. NUSSLE, Mr. ORTIZ, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. PARKER, Mr. PAXON, Mr. PENNY, Mr. PETERSON of Florida, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. PETRI, Mr. PICKLE, Mr. PORTER, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. QUILLLEN, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. RAVENEL, Mr. REGULA, Mr. RIDGE, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. ROEMER, Mr. ROGERS, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. ROTH, Mr. ROWLAND, Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. SARPALIUS, Mr. SAXTON, Mr. SCHAEFER, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. SHAW, Mr. SHUSTER, Mr. SISISKY, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. SKELTON, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. STEARNS, Mr. STUMP, Mr. SUNDQUIST, Mr. SWETT, Mr. TANNER, Mr. TAUZIN, Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mr. THOMAS of California, Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. UPTON, Mr. VALENTINE, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, Mr. WALKER, Mr. WALSH, Mr. WELDON, Mr. WILSON, Mr. WOLF, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. YOUNG of Florida, Mr. ZELIFF, Mr. ZIMMER, Mr. DE LA GARZA, Mr. BACHUS of Alabama, Mr. BAESLER, Mr. BAKER of California, Mr. BARCIA, Mr. BARTLETT, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. BONILLA, Mr. BUYER, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. CANADY, Mr. CASTLE, Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, Mr. COPPERSMITH, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. DEAL, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. DICKEY, Ms. DUNN, Mr. EVERETT, Ms. FOWLER, Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey, Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. GRAMS, Mr. GREENWOOD, Mr. HOEKSTRA, Mr. HOKE, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. HORN, Mr. HUFFINGTON, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. INGLIS, Mr. ISTOOK, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. KIM, Mr. KINGSTON, Mr. KNOLLENBERG, Mr. LAZIO, Mr. LEVY, Mr. LINDER, Mr. MANN, Mr. MANZULLO, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. MCINNIS, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. MICA, Mr. MILLER of Florida, Mr. MINGE, Mr. POMBO, Ms. PRYCE of Ohio, Mr.

QUINN, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. SMITH of Michigan, Mr. TALENT, and Mr. TORKILDSEN);

H.J. Res. 103. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution to provide for a balanced budget for the U.S. Government and for greater accountability in the enactment of tax legislation; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MINETA (for himself, Mr. NATCHER, and Mr. MCDADE):

H.J. Res. 104. Joint resolution providing for the appointment of Wesley S. Williams, Jr., as a citizen regent of the Smithsonian Institution; to the Committee on House Administration.

H.J. Res. 105. Joint resolution providing for the appointment of Hanna Holburn Gray as a citizen regent of the Smithsonian Institution; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. KLEIN:

H. Con. Res. 35. Concurrent resolution recognizing Belleville, N.J., as the birthplace of the industrial revolution in the United States; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. MACHTLEY:

H. Con. Res. 36. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress that any economic stimulus package that is passed by the 103d Congress should include the permanent extension of the mortgage revenue bond and low-income housing tax credit programs; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KOPETSKI (for himself, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. SABO, Mr. GEPHARDT, and Mr. LEACH):

H. Con. Res. 37. Concurrent resolution urging the President to negotiate a comprehensive nuclear weapons test ban; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. ARMEY:

H. Res. 66. Resolution designating membership on certain standing committees of the House; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. HOYER:

H. Res. 67. Resolution designating membership on certain standing committees; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. MICHEL:

H. Res. 68. Resolution electing Representative SCHIFF to the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. CONYERS:

H. Res. 69. Resolution providing amounts from the contingent fund of the House for expenses of investigations and studies by the Committee on Government Operations in the 1st session of the 103d Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. HOYER:

H. Res. 70. A resolution electing Representative Pelosi of California to the Committee on Standards of Official conduct; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. DELLUMS:

H. Res. 72. Resolution providing amounts from the contingent fund of the House for expenses of investigations and studies by the Committee on Armed Services in the 1st session of the 103d Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. GONZALEZ:

H. Res. 73. Resolution providing amounts from the contingent fund of the House for expenses of investigations and studies by the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs in the 1st session of the 103d Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. HUTCHINSON:

H. Res. 74. Resolution to amend the Rules of the House of Representatives to require a rollcall vote on passage of any measure making appropriations or providing revenue; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. LaFALCE:

H. Res. 75. Resolution providing amounts from the contingent fund of the House for expenses of investigations and studies by the Committee on Small Business in the 1st session of the 103d Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. McDERMOTT:

H. Res. 76. Resolution providing amounts from the contingent fund of the House for expenses of investigations and studies by the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct in the 1st session of the 103d Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. MILLER of California:

H. Res. 77. Resolution providing amounts from the contingent fund of the House for expenses of investigations and studies by the Committee on Natural Resources in the 1st session of the 103d Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. MINETA:

H. Res. 78. Resolution providing amounts from the contingent fund of the House for expenses of investigations and studies by the Committee on Public Works and Transportation in the 1st session of the 103d Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. STARK:

H. Res. 79. Resolution providing amounts from the contingent fund of the House for expenses of investigations and studies by the Committee on the District of Columbia in the 1st session of the 103d Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

10.34 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 7: Mr. DE LUGO.

H. Res. 16: Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. BUYER, and Mr. GINGRICH.

H.R. 20: Mr. VENTO, Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. WHEAT, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. SISISKY, Mr. TORRES, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. MINGE, and Mr. DOOLEY.

H.R. 21: Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. GRANDY, Mr. HOUGHTON, Mr. CHAPMAN, Mr. ROSE, Mr. LAROCCO, and Mr. MCDADE.

H.R. 24: Mr. BEREUTER, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. HASTERT, and Mr. HOBSON.

H.R. 25: Mr. GALLO, Mr. DIXON, Mr. BRYANT, Mr. KREIDLER, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut, and Mr. WAXMAN.

H.R. 65: Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi, Mr. TORRES, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. THOMAS of WYOMING, and Mrs. VUCANOVICH.

H.R. 66: Mr. LIPINSKI and Mr. PARKER.

H.R. 68: Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming.

H.R. 71: Mr. PARKER, Mr. LANCASTER, and Mr. FROST.

H.R. 82: Mr. BLUTE, Mr. CAMP, Mr. OWENS, Mr. DORNAN, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. LIVINGSTON, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. KYL, Mr. TUCKER, Mr. ISTOOK, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. ZELIFF, and Mr. LIGHTFOOT.

H.R. 85: Mr. SENSENBRENNER and Mr. HERGER.

H.R. 86: Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. HERGER, and Mr. LEWIS of Florida.

H.R. 87: Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. HERGER, and Mr. LEWIS of Florida.

H.R. 101: Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. LINDER, Mr. QUINN, Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. UPTON, and Mr. YOUNG of Alaska.

H.R. 116: Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. HERGER, and Mr. LEWIS of Florida.

H.R. 139: Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas.

H.R. 140: Mr. PARKER, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. BAKER of California, Mr. MACHTLEY, Mr. CAS-

TLE, Mr. SUNDQUIST, Mr. KLUG, Mr. PETRI, Mr. DELAY, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mr. HUFFINGTON, and Mr. WELDON.

H.R. 159: Mr. SMITH of Texas.

H.R. 163: Mr. ZELIFF and Mr. POMBO.

H.R. 174: Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. SANDERS, Miss COLLINS of Michigan, Mrs. MEEK, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. STOKES, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. EVANS, and Mr. BLACKWELL.

H.R. 303: Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi, Mr. TORRES, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. COLEMAN, and Mrs. VUCANOVICH.

H.R. 349: Ms. LONG, Mr. PETE GEREN, Mr. MCHALE, Mr. PENNY, Mr. BROWDER, Mr. CARR, Mr. MCCURDY, and Mr. POSHARD.

H.R. 381: Mr. STUMP, Mr. PACKARD, and Mr. ZELIFF.

H.R. 383: Mr. STUMP, Mr. PACKARD, and Mr. ZELIFF.

H.R. 388: Mr. DORNAN and Mr. QUINN.

H.R. 389: Mr. STUMP, Mr. PACKARD, and Mr. ZELIFF.

H.R. 390: Mr. STUMP, Mr. PACKARD, and Mr. ZELIFF.

H.R. 419: Mr. BACCHUS of Florida and Mr. PARKER.

H.R. 431: Ms. BONIOR, Miss COLLINS of Michigan, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. SANDERS, and Ms. WOOLSEY.

H.R. 453: Mr. LANCASTER, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. INSLER, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. BEREUTER, and Mr. ZELIFF.

H.R. 465: Mr. ZIMMER and Mr. ZELIFF.

H.R. 493: Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. WELDON, Mr. KING, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. EWING, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. BEREUTER, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. HENRY, Mr. ZELIFF, and Mr. SMITH of Texas.

H.R. 503: Mr. HAYES of Louisiana and Mr. MORAN.

H.R. 513: Mr. OXLEY, Mr. EVERETT, Mr. BUNNING, Mr. CRANE, Mr. BAKER of California, Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi, Mr. STUMP, Mr. BOEHNER, Mr. ARMEY, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. HANSEN, and Mr. QUINN.

H.R. 526: Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. EVANS, Mr. STOKES, and Mr. ABERCROMBIE.

H.R. 535: Mr. GORDON, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. CHAPMAN, Mr. KING, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. HALL of Ohio, and Mr. PARKER.

H.R. 556: Mr. SHAYS, Mr. MANTON, and Mrs. MINK.

H.R. 567: Mr. ISTOOK and Mr. CRAPO.

H.R. 571: Mr. VALENTINE and Mr. EVANS.

H.R. 578: Mr. MOORHEAD.

H.R. 660: Mr. SKELTON, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. SISISKY, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. MFUME, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. SARPALIUS, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. MEEHAN, Ms. DANNER, Mr. STRICKLAND, Mr. TUCKER, Mr. KLING, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. LANCASTER, and Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut.

H.R. 667: Mr. MCKEON, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. BUYER, Mr. MANZULLO, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. RAVENEL, and Mr. ISTOOK.

H.R. 671: Ms. PELOSI, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. WYNN, Mr. BILBRAY, Ms. KAPTUR, and Mr. WHEAT.

H.R. 672: Mr. MCHUGH.

H.R. 702: Mr. HUTTO, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. ARMEY, Mr. HERGER, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. GUNDERSON.

H.R. 710: Ms. KAPTUR.

H.R. 760: Mr. DE LUGO, Ms. BYRNE, and Mr. STENHOLM.

H.R. 777: Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. BAKER of California, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. LIVINGSTON, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. FAWELL, Mr. PETRI, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. HENRY, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. PACKARD, Mr.

HOBSON, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. SAM JOHNSON, Mr. ZELIFF, Mr. McMILLAN, Mr. PARKER, and Mr. SMITH of Texas.

H.R. 789: Mr. DICKS, Mr. SAXTON, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. COBLE, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. RAHALL, and Mr. PARKER.

H.R. 799: Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. HAMILTON, Mr. McCLOSKEY, and Mr. HYDE.

H.J. Res. 9: Mr. BLUTE, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. GRAMS, and Mr. KING.

H.J. Res. 69: Mr. KASICH, Mr. SHAW, Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida, Mr. BARTLETT, Mr. VOLKMER, Mr. JACOBS, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. CLEMENT, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mrs. MINK, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. WISE, Mr. KLING, Mr. MOLLOHAN, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. MCCREY, Mr. GLICKMAN, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. STRICKLAND, Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. MOORHEAD, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mr. SABO, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. PARKER, Mr. FAWELL, Ms. SCHENK, Mr. MORAN, Mr. FROST, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. NATCHER, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. COBLE, Mr. ORTON, Mr. McNULTY, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Mr. STEARNS, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. WHEAT, Mr. MILLER of California, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. STUDDS, Mr. PICKETT, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. HEFLEY, Mr. CARDIN, Ms. THURMAN, Mr. KANJORSKI, Mr. MANTON, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. SISISKY, Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. CLAY, Mr. PORTER, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. RAVENEL, Ms. MEEK, Mr. LEACH, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. LEHMAN, Mr. CANADY, Mr. LEWIS of California, Mr. WOLF, Mr. SLATTERY, Mr. MURPHY, and Mr. ACKERMAN.

H.J. Res. 83: Mr. HEFNER, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. KASICH, Mr. HENRY, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. LIPINSKI, and Mr. LEVIN.

H. Con. Res. 3: Mr. ROYCE, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. SOLOMON, and Mr. PACKARD.

H. Con. Res. 6: Mr. SUNDQUIST, Mr. WELDON, Mr. HAYES of Louisiana, Mr. HOBSON, and Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota.

H. Con. Res. 15: Mr. JACOBS, Mr. MILLER of California, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. REED, Mr. BACCHUS of Florida, Mr. KREIDLER, Mr. MATSUI, and Ms. BYRNE.

H. Con. Res. 18: Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming, Mr. EVERETT, Mr. HYDE, Mr. QUINN, and Mr. BALLENGER.

H. Con. Res. 24: Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. PETERSON of Florida, Mr. DOOLEY, Mr. REYNOLDS, Mr. BEILENSON, Mr. GLICKMAN, Mr. WILSON, Mr. McCLOSKEY, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Ms. NORTON, Mr. McNULTY, Mr. BLACKWELL, Mr. KANJORSKI, Mr. LEVIN, and Ms. BYRNE.

H. Con. Res. 26: Mrs. BENTLEY, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. MCDADE, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. STEARNS, Mr. STUMP, Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. WALSH, Mr. WELDON, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. FAWELL, Mr. BEREUTER, Mr. ZELIFF, and Mr. FROST.

H. Res. 14: Mr. DORNAN, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. KING, Mr. HENRY, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. KLUG.

H. Res. 31: Mr. ZELIFF.

H. Res. 45: Mr. SAM JOHNSON and Mr. BUYER.

H. Res. 50: Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. STUMP, Mr. INGLIS, Mr. ISTOOK, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. KING, Mr. SAM JOHNSON, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. KYL, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, and Mr. POMBO.

¶10.35 DELETIONS OF SPONSORS FROM PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were deleted from public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 300: Mr. GIBBONS.

H.R. 688: Mr. FORD of Michigan.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1993 (11)

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER.

¶11.1 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, February 4, 1993.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal was approved.

¶11.2 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

720. A letter from the Deputy Director, Office of Legislative Affairs, Department of the Treasury, transmitting the second annual report on the operation of the Enterprise for the Americas Facility, pursuant to Public Law 101-624, section 1512 (104 Stat. 3662); to the Committee on Agriculture.

721. A letter from the Comptroller General, the General Accounting Office, transmitting a review of the President's second special impoundment message for fiscal year 1993, pursuant to 2 U.S.C. 681 et. seq. (H. Doc. No. 103-47); to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

722. A letter from the Director, the Office of Management and Budget, transmitting the cumulative report on rescissions and deferrals of budget authority as of February 1, 1993, pursuant to 2 U.S.C. 685(e) (H. Doc. No. 103-48); to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

723. A letter from the Principal Director, Requirements and Resources, Department of Defense, transmitting notification that the Department's Defense Manpower Requirements Report for fiscal year 1994, will be delayed, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 115(a); to the Committee on Armed Services.

724. A letter from the Director, Test and Evaluation, Department of Defense, transmitting notification of three additional fiscal year 1993 test projects, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2350a(g); to the Committee on Armed Services.

725. A letter from the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense (Installations), transmitting notification that the report entitled, "Report on the Performance of Department of Defense Commercial Activities," will be delayed, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2304 note; to the Committee on Armed Services.

726. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, transmitting the Commission's report on the status of all extensions granted by Congress regarding the requirements of section 13 of the Federal Power Act; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

727. A letter from the Assistant Legal Adviser for Treaty Affairs, Department of State, transmitting copies of international agreements, other than treaties, entered into by the United States, pursuant to 1 U.S.C. 112b(a); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

728. A letter from the Department's of State and the Treasury, transmitting the final report on foreign contributions in response to the Persian Gulf Crisis, pursuant to Public Law 101-25, section 402 (105 Stat. 101); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.