

¶72.17 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

- H.R. 306: Mr. SHAYS.
- H.R. 1141: Mr. TALENT and Mrs. MORELLA.
- H.R. 1377: Mr. WASHINGTON and Mr. OWENS.
- H.R. 1528: Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. KYL, Mr. RIDGE, and Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland.
- H.R. 1738: Mr. COMBEST.
- H.R. 2353: Mr. WYNN.
- H. Con. Res. 108: Mr. LAZIO.

TUESDAY, JUNE 22, 1993 (73)

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER.

¶73.1 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Monday, June 21, 1993.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal was approved.

¶73.2 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

1465. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting amendments to the fiscal year 1994 request for appropriations for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1107 (H. Doc. No. 103-103); to the Committee on Appropriations ordered to be printed.

1466. A letter from the Chairman, Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission, transmitting certified materials supplied to the Commission, pursuant to Public Law 101-510, section 2903(d)(3) (103 Stat. 1812); to the Committee on Armed Services.

1467. A letter from the General Counsel of the Department of Defense, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to amend title 10, United States Code, to cover civilian faculty of the George C. Marshall European Center for Security Studies; to the Committee on Armed Services.

1468. A letter from the Acting Chairman, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, transmitting a copy of the study of the cost and feasibility of tracking the insured and uninsured deposits of any individual and the exposure, under any act of Congress or any regulation of any appropriate Federal banking agency, of the Federal Government with respect to all insured depository institutions, pursuant to Public Law 102-242, section 311(d)(6) (105 Stat. 2367); to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

1469. A letter from the Assistant Secretary of State for Legislative Affairs, transmitting notification of the antiterrorism training courses to be offered to the civilian security forces of the Government of Ghana, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2349aa-3(a)(1); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

1470. A letter from the Deputy Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency, transmitting the quarterly reports in accordance with sections 36(a) and 26(b) of the Arms Export Control Act, the March 24, 1979 report by the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the seventh report by the Committee on Government Operations for the second quarter of fiscal year 1993, January 1, 1993 through March 31, 1993, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2776(a); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

1471. A letter from the Assistant Secretary of State for Legislative Affairs, transmitting text of agreements in which the American

Institute in Taiwan is a party between January 1, 1991 and December 31, 1992, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

1472. A letter from the Assistant Legal Adviser for Treaty Affairs, Department of State, transmitting copies of international agreements, other than treaties, entered into by the United States, pursuant to 1 U.S.C. 112b(a); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

1473. A letter from the Acting Administrator, General Services Administration, transmitting notification of the determination that it is in the public interest to make a proposed contract award to the Charles County Community College to establish a pilot telecommuting center in southern Maryland, pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 253(c)(7); to the Committee on Government Operations.

1474. A letter from the Acting Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works), transmitting a proposed report of the Chief of Engineers for the Great Lakes, particularly Lake Ontario and Lake Erie, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1962d-5(a); to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

1475. A letter from the Chairman, Environmental Research Institute, Inc., transmitting a copy of a report entitled "Productivity-Inducing Competition, The Key to Universal and Affordable Quality Health Care"; jointly, to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Ways and Means.

¶73.3 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 1876

Mr. BEILENSEN, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 199):

Resolved, That upon the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to consider in the House the bill (H.R. 1876) to provide authority for the President to enter into trade agreements to conclude the Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations under the auspices of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, to extend tariff proclamation authority to carry out such agreements, and to apply congressional "fast track" procedures to a bill implementing such agreements. Debate on the bill shall not exceed one hour, with thirty minutes equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Ways and Means and thirty minutes equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Rules. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

On motion of Mr. BEILENSEN, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection and under the operation thereof, the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶73.4 FAST TRACK FOR GATT

Mr. GIBBONS, pursuant to House Resolution 199, called up the bill (H.R. 1876) to provide authority for the President to enter into trade agreements to conclude the Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations under the auspices of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, to extend tariff proclamation authority to carry out such agreements, and to apply congressional

"fast track" procedures to a bill implementing such agreements.

When said bill was considered and read twice.

After debate, Pursuant to House Resolution 199, the previous question was considered as ordered.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read a third time by title.

The question being put, *viva voce*, Will the House pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. TANNER, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. TRAFICANT objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present, The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared { Yeas 295
Nays 126

¶73.5 [Roll No. 247] YEAS—295

Ackerman	Dickey	Houghton
Allard	Dicks	Hoyer
Andrews (TX)	Dingell	Huffington
Archer	Dixon	Hughes
Armey	Dooley	Hutchinson
Bacchus (FL)	Doolittle	Hutto
Bacchus (AL)	Dornan	Hyde
Baessler	Dreier	Insole
Baker (CA)	Dunn	Istook
Baker (LA)	Edwards (CA)	Johnson (CT)
Ballenger	Edwards (TX)	Johnson (GA)
Barca	Emerson	Johnson (SD)
Barlow	English (AZ)	Johnson, Sam
Barrett (NE)	Eshoo	Johnston
Barrett (WI)	Everett	Kasich
Bartlett	Ewing	Kennedy
Barton	Farr	Kennelly
Bateman	Fawell	Kim
Beilenson	Fazio	King
Bereuter	Fields (LA)	Klecicka
Berman	Fields (TX)	Klug
Bevill	Fish	Kolbe
Bilbray	Foglietta	Kopetski
Bilirakis	Ford (MI)	Kreidler
Blackwell	Fowler	Kyl
Bliley	Frank (MA)	LaFalce
Blute	Franks (CT)	Lambert
Boehlert	Franks (NJ)	Lantos
Boehner	Frost	LaRocco
Bonilla	Gallegly	Laughlin
Borski	Gallo	Lazio
Boucher	Gejdenson	Leach
Brewster	Gekas	Lehman
Brooks	Gephardt	Levin
Brown (CA)	Geren	Levy
Bryant	Gibbons	Lewis (CA)
Bunning	Gilchrest	Lightfoot
Burton	Gillmor	Linder
Buyer	Gilman	Livingston
Callahan	Gingrich	Lowe
Calvert	Glickman	Machtley
Camp	Goodlatte	Mann
Cantwell	Goodling	Manton
Cardin	Gordon	Manzullo
Carr	Goss	Margolies-
Castle	Grams	Mezvinsky
Chapman	Grandy	Markey
Clement	Greenwood	Matsui
Clinger	Gunderson	Mazzoli
Coleman	Hall (OH)	McCandless
Collins (GA)	Hall (TX)	McCloskey
Collins (IL)	Hamilton	McCollum
Combest	Hancock	McCrery
Condit	Hansen	McCurdy
Cooper	Hastert	McDermott
Coppersmith	Hefley	McHugh
Cox	Hefner	McInnis
Coyne	Herger	McKeon
Crane	Hoagland	McMillan
Cunningham	Hobson	McNulty
de la Garza	Hochbrueckner	Meehan
DeLauro	Hoekstra	Meyers
DeLay	Hoke	Michel
Deutsch	Horn	Miller (FL)

Mineta	Richardson	Stenholm
Minge	Ridge	Stokes
Moakley	Roberts	Studds
Molinari	Roemer	Stump
Montgomery	Rohrabacher	Sundquist
Moorhead	Rose	Swett
Moran	Rostenkowski	Swift
Morella	Roth	Talent
Natcher	Roukema	Tanner
Neal (MA)	Royce	Tauzin
Nussle	Sabo	Taylor (NC)
Olver	Sangmeister	Tejeda
Ortiz	Santorum	Thomas (CA)
Orton	Sarpalius	Thomas (WY)
Oxley	Sawyer	Torkildsen
Packard	Saxton	Torres
Parker	Schaefer	Torricelli
Pastor	Schiff	Tucker
Paxon	Schroeder	Upton
Payne (VA)	Scott	Vento
Pelosi	Sensenbrenner	Visclosky
Penny	Sharp	Vucanovich
Peterson (FL)	Shaw	Walker
Petri	Shays	Walsh
Pickett	Shepherd	Watt
Pickle	Skaggs	Weldon
Pombo	Skeen	Wheat
Porter	Skelton	Wise
Portman	Slattery	Wolf
Price (NC)	Slaughter	Woolsey
Pryce (OH)	Smith (IA)	Wyden
Quinn	Smith (MI)	Young (FL)
Ramstad	Smith (NJ)	Zeliff
Reed	Smith (OR)	Zimmer
Regula	Smith (TX)	

NAYS—126

Abercrombie	Hastings	Payne (NJ)
Andrews (ME)	Hilliard	Peterson (MN)
Andrews (NJ)	Hinchey	Pomeroy
Applegate	Holden	Poshard
Barcia	Hunter	Quillen
Becerra	Inglis	Rahall
Bentley	Jacobs	Rangel
Bishop	Jefferson	Ravenel
Bonior	Johnson, E. B.	Reynolds
Browder	Kanjorski	Rogers
Brown (FL)	Kaptur	Ros-Lehtinen
Brown (OH)	Kildee	Rowland
Byrne	Kingston	Roybal-Allard
Canady	Klein	Sanders
Clay	Klink	Schenk
Clayton	Lancaster	Serrano
Clyburn	Lewis (FL)	Shuster
Coble	Lewis (GA)	Sisisky
Collins (MI)	Lipinski	Snowe
Costello	Lloyd	Solomon
Cramer	Long	Spence
Crapo	Maloney	Spratt
Danner	Martinez	Stark
Darden	McDade	Stearns
Deal	McHale	Strickland
DeFazio	McKinney	Stupak
Dellums	Meek	Taylor (MS)
Derrick	Menendez	Thurman
Diaz-Balart	Mfume	Towns
Duncan	Mica	Trafficant
Durbin	Miller (CA)	Unsoeld
Engel	Mink	Valentine
English (OK)	Mollohan	Velazquez
Evans	Murphy	Volkmer
Filner	Murtha	Washington
Fingerhut	Myers	Waters
Ford (TN)	Nadler	Waxman
Furse	Neal (NC)	Williams
Gonzalez	Oberstar	Wilson
Green	Obey	Wynn
Gutierrez	Owens	Yates
Hamburg	Pallone	Young (AK)

NOT VOTING—13

Conyers	Inhofe	Thompson
Flake	Knollenberg	Thornton
Harman	Rush	Whitten
Hayes	Schumer	
Henry	Synar	

So the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

73.6 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Hallen, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed a bill of the

following title, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 3. An Act entitled the "Congressional Spending Limit and Election Reform Act of 1993."

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 102-166, the Chair, on behalf of the majority leader, appointed Mrs. MURRAY as a member of the Glass Ceiling Commission, vice Ms. MIKULSKI.

73.7 FOREIGN AID AND STATE DEPARTMENT AUTHORIZATION

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. TANNER, pursuant to House Resolution 197 and rule XXIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 2333) to authorize appropriations for the Department of State, the United States Information Agency, and related agencies, to authorize appropriations for foreign assistance programs, and for other purposes.

Mr. MFUME, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole, resumed the chair; and after some time spent therein,

73.8 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. SOLOMON:

Page 66, after line 18, insert the following:

SEC. 151. DRUG TESTING.

(1) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
(a) the illegal sale, possession and use of drugs pose a pervasive and substantial threat to the social, educational and economic health of the United States;

(2) the impact of drug abuse is reflected in the criminal violence that it causes and in the disintegration of families, schools, neighborhoods, and workplace safety and efficiency;

(3) the effects of rampant illegal drug trafficking are amply illustrated by national crime statistics and prosecutions across the United States of persons at all economic and social levels, including prominent government leaders;

(4) the chronic problem of drug abuse has contributed to declining productivity levels, escalating health care costs, and the increasing inability of domestic industry to compete in the world market; and

(5) reasonable suspicion exists that the mission of the government to preserve the public health and safety, protect the national security, and maintain an effective drug interdiction program for the United States is being subverted by the possession, sale, and use of drugs by Federal personnel at all levels of government.

(b) RANDOM TESTING.—The Secretary of State, the Director of the United States Information Agency, and the Director of the Agency for International Development, and the Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency shall establish a program of random drug testing of the officers and employees of the Department of State, the United States Information Agency, the Agency for International Development, and the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, respectively.

(c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of State, the Director of the United States Information Agency, the Director of the Agency for International Development, and the Director

of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency shall, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, issue regulations for carrying out this section.

(d) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the term "drug testing" means testing for the use of a controlled substance, as such term is defined in section 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802(6)).

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The requirements of subsection (b) shall take effect upon the issuance of regulations under subsection (c).

It was decided in the } Yeas 184
negative } Nays 235

73.9 [Roll No. 248] AYES—184

Allard	Goss	Oxley
Applegate	Grams	Packard
Archer	Green	Parker
Armey	Greenwood	Paxon
Bachus (AL)	Hall (OH)	Payne (VA)
Baker (CA)	Hall (TX)	Penny
Baker (LA)	Hancock	Pombo
Ballenger	Hansen	Portman
Barlow	Hastert	Pryce (OH)
Barrett (NE)	Hefley	Quillen
Bartlett	Heger	Quinn
Barton	Hoagland	Ramstad
Bateman	Hobson	Ravenel
Bereuter	Hoekstra	Regula
Bilbray	Holden	Roberts
Bilirakis	Horn	Rogers
Bliley	Houghton	Rohrabacher
Blute	Hunter	Ros-Lehtinen
Boehner	Hutchinson	Roth
Bonilla	Hutto	Roukema
Brewster	Inglis	Rowland
Bunning	Inhofe	Royce
Burton	Istook	Santorum
Buyer	Johnson (CT)	Sarpalius
Byrne	Johnson, Sam	Saxton
Callahan	Kasich	Schaefer
Calvert	Kim	Sensenbrenner
Camp	Kingston	Shaw
Canady	Klug	Shays
Castle	Knollenberg	Shepherd
Coble	Kolbe	Shuster
Collins (GA)	Kyl	Sisisky
Combest	Lancaster	Skeen
Condit	Laughlin	Smith (MI)
Cooper	Lewis (CA)	Smith (NJ)
Cox	Lewis (FL)	Smith (OR)
Crane	Linder	Smith (TX)
Crapo	Lipinski	Solomon
Cunningham	Lloyd	Spence
DeLay	Machtley	Stearns
Diaz-Balart	Manzullo	Stenholm
Dickey	Mazzoli	Stump
Doolittle	McCandless	Sundquist
Dornan	McCollum	Talent
Dreier	McCreery	Tauzin
Duncan	McHugh	Taylor (MS)
Dunn	McInnis	Taylor (NC)
Emerson	McKeon	Thomas (WY)
Everett	McMillan	Torkildsen
Ewing	McNulty	Trafficant
Fawell	Menendez	Upton
Fields (TX)	Meyers	Valentine
Fowler	Mica	Vucanovich
Franks (CT)	Michel	Walker
Franks (NJ)	Miller (FL)	Walsh
Galleghy	Molinari	Weldon
Gekas	Montgomery	Young (AK)
Geren	Moorhead	Young (FL)
Gilman	Murphy	Zeliff
Gingrich	Myers	Zimmer
Goodlatte	Nussle	
Goodling	Orton	

NOES—235

Abercrombie	Boehlert	Clement
Ackerman	Bonior	Clinger
Andrews (ME)	Borski	Coleman
Andrews (NJ)	Boucher	Collins (IL)
Bacchus (FL)	Brooks	Collins (MI)
Baesler	Browder	Coppersmith
Barca	Brown (CA)	Costello
Barcia	Brown (FL)	Coyne
Barrett (WI)	Brown (OH)	Cramer
Becerra	Bryant	Danner
Beilenson	Cantwell	Darden
Bentley	Cardin	de la Garza
Berman	Carr	de Lugo (VI)
Bevill	Chapman	Deal
Bishop	Clay	DeFazio
Blackwell	Clayton	DeLauro

Dellums	Klein	Porter	Barlow	Hall (TX)	Petri	Green	Matsui	Roemer
Derrick	Klink	Poshard	Barrett (NE)	Hamburg	Pickett	Gunderson	McCloskey	Rogers
Deutsch	Kopetski	Price (NC)	Barrett (WI)	Hancock	Portman	Hamilton	McCollum	Rohrabacher
Dicks	Kreidler	Rahall	Bartlett	Hansen	Poshard	Hastert	McCurdy	Ros-Lehtinen
Dingell	LaFalce	Rangel	Bateman	Hefley	Pryce (OH)	Hastings	McDade	Rose
Dixon	Lambert	Reed	Becerra	Hefner	Quillen	Hilliard	McDermott	Rostenkowski
Dooley	Lantos	Reynolds	Bentley	Hergert	Quinn	Hinchey	Meehan	Royce
Durbin	LaRocco	Richardson	Bevill	Hoagland	Rahall	Hobson	Menendez	Sabo
Edwards (CA)	Lazio	Ridge	Bilbray	Hoekstra	Ramstad	Hochbrueckner	Meyers	Sawyer
Edwards (TX)	Leach	Roemer	Bilirakis	Hoke	Ravenel	Horn	Mfume	Saxton
Engel	Lehman	Rostenkowski	Blackwell	Holden	Reynolds	Houghton	Michel	Schiff
English (AZ)	Levin	Roybal-Allard	Bliley	Huffington	Roberts	Hoyer	Miller (FL)	Schumer
English (OK)	Levy	Sabo	Blute	Hughes	Romero-Barcelo	Hyde	Mineta	Sharp
Eshoo	Lewis (GA)	Sanders	Boehner	Hunter	(PR)	Inhofe	Moakley	Shaw
Evans	Lightfoot	Sangmeister	Bonilla	Hutchinson	Roth	Istook	Molinari	Skaggs
Farr	Livingston	Sawyer	Boucher	Hutto	Roukema	Jefferson	Mollohan	Skeen
Fazio	Long	Schenk	Brewster	Inglis	Rowland	Johnson (CT)	Moorhead	Smith (IA)
Fields (LA)	Lowey	Schiff	Browder	Inslee	Roybal-Allard	Johnson (SD)	Moran	Smith (NJ)
Filner	Maloney	Schroeder	Brown (OH)	Jacobs	Sanders	Johnson, E. B.	Morella	Stokes
Fingerhut	Mann	Schumer	Byrne	Johnson (GA)	Sangmeister	Johnston	Murtha	Swift
Fish	Manton	Scott	Callahan	Johnson, Sam	Santorum	Kennedy	Myers	Taylor (NC)
Foglietta	Margolies-	Serrano	Camp	Kanjorski	Sarpalius	Kennelly	Neal (MA)	Thomas (CA)
Ford (MI)	Mezvinsky	Sharp	Canady	Kaptur	Schaefer	Kildee	Oberstar	Thompson
Ford (TN)	Markey	Skaggs	Cantwell	Kasich	Schenk	King	Obey	Torres
Frank (MA)	Martinez	Skelton	Carr	Kim	Schroeder	Klein	Olver	Torricelli
Frost	McCloskey	Slattery	Chapman	Kingston	Scott	Kopetski	Ortiz	Towns
Furse	McCurdy	Slaughter	Clay	Kleczka	Sensenbrenner	Kyl	Owens	Unsoeld
Gallo	McDade	Smith (IA)	Clayton	Klink	Serrano	LaFalce	Packard	Vento
Gejdenson	McDermott	Snowe	Coble	Klug	Shays	Lambert	Pallone	Vucanovich
Gephardt	McHale	Spratt	Collins (GA)	Knollenberg	Shepherd	Lancaster	Pastor	Waters
Gilchrist	McKinney	Stark	Combest	Kolbe	Shuster	Lantos	Payne (NJ)	Watt
Gillmor	Meehan	Stokes	Condit	Sisisky	Sisisky	Leach	Pelosi	Waxman
Glickman	Meek	Strickland	Cramer	Skelton	Skelton	Levin	Pickle	Wheat
Gonzalez	Mfume	Studds	Crane	Laughlin	Slattery	Levy	Pombo	Williams
Gordon	Miller (CA)	Stupak	Crapo	Lazio	Slaughter	Lewis (CA)	Pomeroy	Wilson
Grandy	Mineta	Swett	Cunningham	Lehman	Smith (MI)	Lewis (GA)	Porter	Wise
Gutierrez	Minge	Swift	Danner	Lewis (FL)	Smith (OR)	Livingston	Price (NC)	Wolf
Hamburg	Mink	Tanner	de la Garza	Lightfoot	Smith (TX)	Lowey	Rangel	Woolsey
Hamilton	Moakley	Tejeda	de Lugo (VI)	Linder	Snowe	Maloney	Reed	Wynn
Hastings	Mollohan	Thurman	Deal	Lipinski	Solomon	Manton	Regula	
Hefner	Moran	Torres	DeFazio	Lloyd	Spence	Markey	Richardson	

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Frost

NOT VOTING—14

Andrews (TX)	Faleomavaega	Henry
Brown (FL)	(AS)	Ridge
Conyers	Flake	Rush
Costello	Harman	Synar
	Hayes	Thornton
		Whitten

So the amendment was agreed to.

After some further time, The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. MFUME, Chairman, pursuant to House Resolution 197, reported the bill back to the House with an amendment adopted by the Committee.

The previous question having been ordered by said resolution.

Mr. PENNY demanded a separate vote on the amendment on page 7, line 1 (the ROTH amendment, as amended).

Mr. SOLOMON demanded a separate vote on the amendment on page 98, strike lines 5 through 8 (the KANJORSKI amendment).

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House agree to the following amendment [the ROTH amendment], as amended, on which a separate vote had been demanded?

Page 7, line 1, strike "\$1,687,797,000" and insert "\$1,667,584,000".

Page 7, line 2, strike "\$1,733,368,000" and insert "\$1,712,609,000".

Page 7, line 5, strike "\$464,203,000" and insert "\$481,416,000".

Page 7, line 6, strike "\$476,520,000" and insert "\$494,495,000".

Page 7, line 9, strike "\$406,481,000" and insert "\$381,481,000".

Page 7, line 10, strike "\$417,523,000" and insert "\$392,523,000".

Page 11, line 15, strike "\$940,885,500" and insert "\$865,885,000".

Page 11, strike lines 22 through 25.

Page 12, line 8, strike "\$619,736,000" and insert "\$597,744,000".

NOT VOTING—20

Andrews (TX)	Harman	Synar
Clyburn	Hayes	Thomas (CA)
Conyers	Henry	Thompson
Faleomavaega (AS)	Matsui	Thornton
Flake	Romero-Barcelo (PR)	Washington
Gibbons	Rose	Whitten
Gunderson	Rush	

So the amendment was not agreed to. After some further time,

¶73.10 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. KANJORSKI:

Page 98, strike lines 5 through 8; and redesignate paragraphs (7) and (8) as paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively.

It was decided in the affirmative 243

Yeas 243
Nays 181
Answered present 1

¶73.11 [Roll No. 249] AYES—243

Allard	Archer	Baker (CA)
Andrews (ME)	Army	Baker (LA)
Andrews (NJ)	Bachus (AL)	Barca
Applegate	Baessler	Barcia

NOES—181

Abercrombie	Castle	Dunn
Ackerman	Clement	Edwards (CA)
Bacchus (FL)	Clinger	Engel
Ballenger	Clyburn	Eshoo
Barton	Coleman	Farr
Beilenson	Collins (IL)	Fazio
Bereuter	Collins (MI)	Fields (LA)
Berman	Cooper	Filner
Bishop	Coppersmith	Foglietta
Boehlert	Cox	Ford (MI)
Bonior	Coyne	Ford (TN)
Borski	Darden	Franks (NJ)
Brooks	DeLauro	Gallo
Brown (CA)	Deutsch	Gejdenson
Bryant	Diaz-Balart	Gephardt
Bunning	Dicks	Gibbons
Burton	Dingell	Gilman
Buyer	Dixon	Gingrich
Calvert	Dornan	Goodling
Cardin	Dreier	Goss

Page 13, line 8, strike "\$390,000,000" and insert "\$365,000,000".

Page 13, line 9, strike "\$390,000,000" and insert "\$365,000,000".

Page 14, line 23, strike "\$126,929,000" and insert "\$101,929,000".

Page 17, line 4, strike "\$14,780,000" and insert "\$14,790,000".

Page 97, line 16, strike "\$109,079,000" and insert "\$108,482,000".

Page 97, line 17, strike "\$111,835,000" and insert "\$110,731,000".

Page 9, after line 18, insert the following:

(4) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Acquisition and Maintenance of Buildings Abroad" under subsection (a)(3), \$95,904,000 is authorized to be available for the fiscal year 1994 and \$114,825,000 is authorized to be available for the fiscal year 1995 for Maintenance of Buildings and Facility Rehabilitation.

Page 15, strike lines 7 through 13, and insert the following:

(C) Of the funds authorized to be available under subparagraph (A), \$7,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 may be available only if the President certifies to the Congress that the United Nations Development Program's programs and activities in or for Myanmar (Burma) promote the enjoyment of internationally guaranteed human rights by the Burmese people and do not benefit the State Law and Order Restoration Council (SLORC) military regime.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. PENNY demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said amendment, as amended, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative Yeas 418 Nays 3

73.12 [Roll No. 250] AYES—418

- Ackerman Brown (CA) DeFazio
Allard Brown (FL) DeLauro
Andrews (ME) Brown (OH) DeLay
Andrews (NJ) Bryant Dellums
Applegate Bunning Derrick
Archer Burton Deutsch
Armye Buyer Diaz-Balart
Bacchus (FL) Byrne Dickey
Bachus (AL) Callahan Dicks
Baesler Calvert Dingell
Baker (CA) Camp Dixon
Baker (LA) Canady Dooley
Ballenger Cantwell Doolittle
Barca Cardin Dorman
Barcia Carr Dreier
Barlow Castle Duncan
Barrett (NE) Chapman Dunn
Barrett (WI) Clay Durbin
Bartlett Clayton Edwards (CA)
Barton Clement Edwards (TX)
Bateman Clinger Emerson
Becerra Clyburn Engel
Beilenson Coble English (AZ)
Bentley Coleman English (OK)
Bereuter Collins (GA) Eshov
Berman Collins (IL) Evans
Bevill Collins (MI) Everett
Bilbray Combest Ewing
Bilirakis Condit Farr
Bishop Cooper Fawell
Blackwell Coppersmith Fazio
Bliley Costello Fields (LA)
Blute Cox Fields (TX)
Boehlert Coyne Filner
Boehner Cramer Fingerhut
Bonilla Crane Fish
Bonior Crapo Foglietta
Borski Cunningham Ford (MI)
Boucher Danner Ford (TN)
Brewster Darden Fowler
Brooks de la Garza Frank (MA)
Browder Deal Franks (CT)

- Franks (NJ)
Frost
Furse
Gallegly
Gallo
Gejdenson
Gillmor
Gephardt
Geren
Gibbons
Gilcrest
Gillmor
Gilman
Gingrich
Glickman
Gonzalez
Goodlatte
Goodling
Gordon
Goss
Grams
Grandy
Green
Greenwood
Gunderson
Gutierrez
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hamburg
Hamilton
Hancock
Hansen
Hastert
Hastings
Hefley
Hefner
Herger
Hilliard
Hinchev
Hoagland
Hobson
Hochbrueckner
Hoekstra
Hoke
Holden
Horn
Houghton
Hoyer
Huffington
Hughes
Hunter
Hutchinson
Hutto
Hyde
Inglis
Inhofe
Inslee
Istook
Jacobs
Jefferson
Johnson (CT)
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (SD)
Johnson, E. B.
Johnson, Sam
Johnston
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kasich
Kennedy
Kennelly
Kildee
Kim
King
Kingston
Kleczka
Klein
Klink
Klug
Knollenberg
Kolbe
Kopetski
Kreidler
Kryl
LaFalce
Lambert
Lancaster
Lantos
LaRocco
Laughlin
Lazio
Lehman
Levin
Levy
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (FL)
Lewis (GA)
Lightfoot

- Linder
Lipinski
Livingston
Lloyd
Long
Lowe
Machtley
Maloney
Mann
Manton
Manzullo
Margolies-Mezvinsky
Markey
Martinez
Matsui
Mazzoli
McCandless
McCloskey
McCollum
McCrery
McCurdy
McDade
McDermott
McHale
McHugh
McInnis
McKeon
McKinney
McNulty
Meehan
Menendez
Meyers
Mfume
Mica
Michel
Miller (CA)
Miller (FL)
Mineta
Minge
Mink
Moakley
Molinari
Mollohan
Montgomery
Moorhead
Moran
Morella
Murphy
Murtha
Myers
Nadler
Natcher
Neal (MA)
Neal (NC)
Nussle
Oberstar
Obey
Olver
Ortiz
Orton
Oxley
Packard
Pallone
Parker
Pastor
Paxon
Payne (NJ)
Payne (VA)
Pelosi
Penny
Peterson (FL)
Peterson (MN)
Petri
Pickett
Pickle
Pombo
Pomeroy
Porter
Portman
Poshard
Price (NC)
Pryce (OH)
Quillen
Quinn
Rahall
Ramstad
Rangel
Ravenel
Reed
Regula
Reynolds
Richardson
Ridge
Roberts
Roemer
Rogers
Rohrabacher

- Ros-Lehtinen
Rose
Rostenkowski
Roth
Roukema
Rowland
Roybal-Allard
Royce
Sabo
Sanders
Sangmeister
Santorum
Sarpalius
Sawyer
Saxton
Schaefer
Schenk
Schiff
Schroeder
Schumer
Scott
Sensenbrenner
Serrano
Sharp
Shaw
Shays
Shepherd
Shuster
Sisisky
Skaggs
Skeen
Skelton
Slattery
Slaughter
Smith (IA)
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Snow
Solomon
Spence
Spratt
Stark
Stearns
Stenholm
Stokes
Strickland
Studds
Stump
Stupak
Stundquist
Swett
Swift
Talent
Tanner
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Tejeda
Thomas (CA)
Thomas (WY)
Thompson
Thurman
Torkildsen
Torres
Torricelli
Towns
Traficant
Tucker
Unsöld
Upton
Valentine
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Volkmer
Vucanovich
Walker
Walsh
Waters
Watt
Waxman
Weldon
Wheat
Williams
Wilson
Wise
Wolf
Woolsey
Wyden
Wynn
Yates
Young (AK)
Young (FL)
Zeliff
Zimmer

So the amendment, as amended, was agreed to.

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House agree to the following amendment [the KANJORSKI amendment] on which a separate vote had been demanded?

Page 98, strike lines 5 through 8; and redesignate paragraphs (7) and (8) as paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. SOLOMON demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said amendment, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative Yeas 247 Nays 172 Answered present 1

73.13 [Roll No. 251] AYES—247

- Allard Dellums Jacobs
Andrews (ME) Derrick Johnson (GA)
Andrews (NJ) Dickey Johnson, Sam
Applegate Dooley Kanjorski
Archer Doolittle Kaptur
Armye Dornan Kasich
Bachus (AL) Duncan Kim
Baesler Durbin Kingston
Baker (CA) Edwards (TX) Kleczka
Baker (LA) Emerson Klink
Barca English (AZ) Klug
Barcia English (OK) Knollenberg
Barlow Evans Kolbe
Barrett (NE) Everett Kreidler
Barrett (WI) Ewing LaRocco
Bartlett Fawell Laughlin
Bateman Fields (TX) Lazio
Becerra Fingerhut Lehman
Bentley Fish Lewis (FL)
Bevill Fowler Lightfoot
Bilbray Frank (MA) Linder
Bilirakis Franks (CT) Lipinski
Bishop Furse Lloyd
Blackwell Gallegly Long
Bliley Gekas Machtley
Blute Geren Mann
Boehner Gilcrest Manzullo
Bonilla Gillmor Margolies-Mezvinsky
Boucher Glickman Mfume
Brewster Gonzalez Martinez
Browder Goodlatte Matsui
Brown (OH) Gordon Mazzoli
Byrne Grams McCandless
Callahan Grandy McCrery
Camp Greenwood McHale
Canady Gutierrez McHugh
Cantwell Hall (OH) McInnis
Carr Hall (TX) McKeon
Chapman Hamburg McKinney
Clay Hancock McNulty
Clayton Hansen Mfume
Clyburn Hefley Mica
Coble Hefner Miller (CA)
Collins (GA) Herger Minge
Combest Hoagland Mink
Condit Hoekstra Montgomery
Costello Hoke Moorhead
Cramer Holden Murphy
Crane Huffington Murtha
Crapo Hughes Natcher
Cunningham Hunter Neal (NC)
Danner Hutchinson Nussle
Deal Hutto Orton
DeFazio Inglis Owens
DeLay Inslee Oxley

Parker	Schenk	Swett
Paxon	Schroeder	Talent
Payne (VA)	Scott	Tanner
Penny	Sensenbrenner	Tauzin
Peterson (FL)	Serrano	Taylor (MS)
Petri	Shays	Taylor (NC)
Pickett	Shepherd	Tejeda
Portman	Shuster	Thomas (WY)
Poshard	Sisisky	Thurman
Pryce (OH)	Skelton	Torkildsen
Quillen	Slattery	Traficant
Quinn	Slaughter	Tucker
Rahall	Smith (MI)	Upton
Ramstad	Smith (OR)	Valentine
Ravenel	Smith (TX)	Velazquez
Reynolds	Snowe	Visclosky
Ridge	Solomon	Volkmer
Roberts	Spence	Walker
Rostenkowski	Spratt	Walsh
Roth	Stark	Washington
Roukema	Stearns	Weldon
Rowland	Stenholm	Wyden
Roybal-Allard	Stokes	Yates
Sanders	Strickland	Young (AK)
Sangmeister	Studds	Young (FL)
Santorum	Stump	Zeliff
Sarpalius	Stupak	Zimmer
Schaefer	Sundquist	

NOES—172

Abercrombie	Green	Neal (MA)
Ackerman	Gunderson	Oberstar
Bacchus (FL)	Hamilton	Obey
Ballenger	Hastert	Olver
Barton	Hastings	Ortiz
Beilenson	Hilliard	Packard
Bereuter	Hinchey	Pallone
Berman	Hobson	Pastor
Boehlert	Hochbrueckner	Payne (NJ)
Bonior	Horn	Pelosi
Borski	Houghton	Peterson (MN)
Brooks	Hoyer	Pickle
Brown (FL)	Hyde	Pombo
Bryant	Inhofe	Pomeroy
Bunning	Istook	Porter
Burton	Jefferson	Price (NC)
Buyer	Johnson (CT)	Rangel
Calvert	Johnson (SD)	Reed
Cardin	Johnson, E. B.	Regula
Castle	Johnston	Richardson
Clement	Kennedy	Roemer
Clinger	Kennelly	Rogers
Coleman	Kildee	Rohrabacher
Collins (IL)	King	Ros-Lehtinen
Collins (MI)	Klein	Rose
Cooper	Kyl	Royce
Coppersmith	LaFalce	Sabo
Cox	Lambert	Sawyer
Coyne	Lancaster	Saxton
Darden	Lantos	Schiff
de la Garza	Leach	Schumer
DeLauro	Levin	Sharp
Deutsch	Levy	Shaw
Diaz-Balart	Lewis (CA)	Skaggs
Dicks	Lewis (GA)	Skeen
Dingell	Livingston	Smith (IA)
Dixon	Lowe	Smith (NJ)
Dreier	Maloney	Swift
Dunn	Manton	Thomas (CA)
Edwards (CA)	Markey	Thompson
Engel	McCloskey	Torres
Eshoo	McCollum	Torricelli
Farr	McCurdy	Towns
Fazio	McDade	Unsoeld
Fields (LA)	McDermott	Vento
Filner	Meehan	Vucanovich
Foglietta	Menendez	Waters
Ford (MI)	Meyers	Watt
Ford (TN)	Michel	Waxman
Franks (NJ)	Miller (FL)	Wheat
Gallo	Mineta	Williams
Gejdenson	Moakley	Wilson
Gephardt	Molinari	Wise
Gibbons	Mollohan	Wolf
Gilman	Moran	Woolsey
Gingrich	Morella	Wynn
Goodling	Myers	
Goss	Nadler	

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Frost

NOT VOTING—14

Andrews (TX)	Hayes	Rush
Brown (CA)	Henry	Synar
Conyers	Kopetski	Thornton
Flake	McMillan	Whitten
Harman	Meek	

So the amendment was agreed to.

The following amendment, as amended, was then agreed to:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "State Department, USIA, and Related Agencies Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995".

SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND RELATED AGENCIES
- PART A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS
- Sec. 101. Administration of foreign affairs.
- Sec. 102. Agency for International Development operating expenses.
- Sec. 103. International organizations, programs, and conferences.
- Sec. 104. International commissions.
- Sec. 105. Migration and refugee assistance.
- Sec. 106. Other programs.
- Sec. 107. United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

PART B—AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 111. Authorized strength of the Foreign Service.
- Sec. 112. Transfers and reprogrammings.
- Sec. 113. Expenses relating to certain international claims and proceedings.
- Sec. 114. Child care facilities at certain posts abroad.
- Sec. 115. Notification to Congress of proposed reprogrammings of AID operating expenses.
- Sec. 116. Prohibition on discriminatory contracts.
- Sec. 117. Emergencies in the diplomatic and consular service.
- Sec. 118. Role of the Foreign Service Institute.
- Sec. 119. Reporting requirement on American prisoners abroad.
- Sec. 120. Consular authorities.
- Sec. 121. Requirement for authorization of appropriations for AID.
- Sec. 122. Report on consolidation of administrative operations.
- Sec. 123. Local guard contracts abroad.
- Sec. 124. Visas.
- Sec. 125. Consular and diplomatic posts abroad.
- Sec. 126. Annual country reports on terrorism.

PART C—DEPARTMENT OF STATE ORGANIZATION

- Sec. 131. Organizing principles.
- Sec. 132. Organization of the Department of State.
- Sec. 133. Technical and conforming amendments.
- Sec. 134. Director General of the Foreign Service.

PART D—PERSONNEL

- Sec. 141. Labor-management relations.
- Sec. 142. Voluntary retirement incentive program.
- Sec. 143. Waiver of limit for certain claims for personal property damage or loss.
- Sec. 144. Salaries of chiefs of mission.
- Sec. 145. Senior Foreign Service performance pay.
- Sec. 146. Reassignment and retirement of former Presidential appointees.
- Sec. 147. Report on classification of Senior Foreign Service positions.
- Sec. 148. Limitation on number of limited career extensions.
- Sec. 149. Amendments to title 5.
- Sec. 150. Amendments to chapter 11 of the Foreign Service Act.

PART E—INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

- Sec. 161. International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards.
- Sec. 162. Agreement on State and local taxation of foreign employees of public international organizations.
- Sec. 163. Reform in budget decisionmaking procedures of the United Nations and its specialized agencies.
- Sec. 164. International Boundary and Water Commission.
- Sec. 165. United States membership in the Asian-Pacific Economic Cooperation Organization.
- Sec. 166. Limitation on contributions to the United Nations and affiliated organizations.
- Sec. 167. International peacekeeping reform.

PART F—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 181. Women's human rights protection.
- Sec. 182. Publishing international agreements.
- Sec. 183. Migration and refugee amendments.
- Sec. 184. United Nations Security Council membership.
- Sec. 185. Reforms in the Food and Agriculture Organization.
- Sec. 186. Interparliamentary exchanges.
- Sec. 187. United States policy concerning overseas assistance to refugees and displaced persons.
- Sec. 188. Policy on Middle East arms sales.
- Sec. 189. Report on terrorist assets in the United States.
- Sec. 190. Sense of Congress concerning United States citizens victimized by Germany during World War II.
- Sec. 191. Transparency in armaments.
- Sec. 192. Revitalization of the "permanent five" process.
- Sec. 193. Report on the impact of conventional weapons proliferation.
- Sec. 194. Establishment of independent inspectors general at international organizations.
- Sec. 195. Sense of Congress regarding adherence to United Nations Charter.
- Sec. 196. Food as a human right.

TITLE II—UNITED STATES INFORMATIONAL, EDUCATIONAL, AND CULTURAL PROGRAMS

- PART A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS
- Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.
- PART B—INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES
- Sec. 211. Short title.
- Sec. 212. Findings and declarations.
- Sec. 213. Standards.
- Sec. 214. Functions.
- Sec. 215. Administration.
- Sec. 216. USIA satellite and television.
- Sec. 217. Israel relay station.
- Sec. 218. Requirement for authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 219. Report on advertising.

PART C—USIA AND RELATED AGENCIES AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 231. Changes in administrative authorities.
- Sec. 232. Employment authority.
- Sec. 233. Buying power maintenance account.
- Sec. 234. Contract authority.
- Sec. 235. Appropriations authorities.
- Sec. 236. Technical amendment.
- Sec. 237. Separate ledger accounts for NED grantees.
- Sec. 238. American studies collections.
- Sec. 239. South Pacific exchange programs.
- Sec. 240. Coordination of United States exchange programs.
- Sec. 241. Limitation concerning participation in international expositions.

- Sec. 242. Private sector opportunities.
 Sec. 243. Educational and cultural exchanges with Tibet.
 Sec. 244. Changes in administrative authorities.

PART D—MIKE MANSFIELD FELLOWSHIPS

- Sec. 251. Short title.
 Sec. 252. Establishment of fellowship program.
 Sec. 253. Program requirements.
 Sec. 254. Separation of Government personnel during the fellowships.
 Sec. 255. Mansfield Fellowship Review Board.
 Sec. 256. Definitions.

TITLE III—ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

- Sec. 301. Purposes.
 Sec. 302. Special Representatives.
 Sec. 303. Negotiation management.
 Sec. 304. Participation of ACDA Director in certain deliberations.
 Sec. 305. Notification to Congress of proposed reprogrammings by ACDA.
 Sec. 306. Requirement of authorization of appropriations.
 Sec. 307. Appointment of personnel.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND RELATED AGENCIES

PART A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 101. ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The following amounts are authorized to be appropriated for the Department of State under "Administration of Foreign Affairs" to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States and for other purposes authorized by law, including the diplomatic security program:

(1) **DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PROGRAMS.**—For "Diplomatic and Consular Programs", of the Department of State \$1,667,584,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$1,712,609,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(2) **SALARIES AND EXPENSES.**—For "Salaries and Expenses", of the Department of State \$484,416,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$497,495,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(3) **ACQUISITION AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD.**—For "Acquisition and Maintenance of Buildings Abroad", \$381,481,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$392,523,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(4) **BUYING POWER MAINTENANCE FUND.**—For "Buying Power Maintenance Fund", \$4,000,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$4,104,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(5) **REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES.**—For "Representation Allowances", \$4,881,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$5,012,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(6) **EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.**—For "Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service", \$8,000,000 for the fiscal 1994 and \$8,216,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(7) **OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.**—For "Office of the Inspector General", \$24,055,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$24,704,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(8) **PAYMENT TO THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE IN TAIWAN.**—For "Payment to the American Institute in Taiwan", \$15,484,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$15,902,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(9) **PROTECTION OF FOREIGN MISSIONS AND OFFICIALS.**—For "Protection of Foreign Missions and Officials", \$10,814,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$11,095,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(10) **REPATRIATION LOANS.**—For "Repatriation Loans", \$817,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$838,000 for the fiscal year 1995, for administrative expenses.

(b) **LIMITATIONS.**—

(1) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Salaries and Expenses" under subsection (a)(2) \$500,000 is authorized to be available for the fiscal year 1994 and \$500,000 for the fiscal year 1995 for the Department of State for the recruitment of Hispanic American students from United States institutions of higher education with a high percentage enrollment of Hispanic Americans and for the training of Hispanic Americans for careers in the Foreign Service and in international affairs.

(2)(A) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Diplomatic and Consular Programs" under subsection (a)(1), \$10,000,000 is authorized to be available for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 for grants, contracts, and other activities to conduct research and promote international cooperation on environmental and other scientific issues.

(B) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Diplomatic and Consular Programs" under subsection (a)(1), \$1,000,000 is authorized to be available only for the establishment of a United States consulate in Cluj, Romania.

(3) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Diplomatic and Consular Programs" under subsection (a)(1), \$11,500,000 is authorized to be available for fiscal year 1994 and \$11,900,000 is authorized to be available for fiscal year 1995, only for administrative expenses to carry out the purposes of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962.

(4) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Acquisition and Maintenance of Buildings Abroad" under subsection (a)(3), \$95,904,000 is authorized to be available for the fiscal year 1994 and \$114,825,000 is authorized to be available for the fiscal year 1995 for Maintenance of Buildings and Facility Rehabilitation.

SEC. 102. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OPERATING EXPENSES.

(a) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—

(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President, in addition to funds otherwise available for such purposes—

(A) \$512,000,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$526,902,000 for the fiscal year 1995 for necessary operating expenses of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of Public Law 87-195; and

(B) such amounts as may be necessary for fiscal year 1994 and fiscal year 1995 for increases in salary, pay, retirement, and other employee benefits authorized by law, and for other nondiscretionary costs of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of Public Law 87-195.

(2) Effective October 1, 1993, section 667 of Public Law 87-195 (22 U.S.C. 2427) is repealed.

(b) **OPERATING EXPENSES, OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.**—There are authorized to be appropriated to the President, in addition to funds otherwise available for such purposes—

(1) \$39,916,000 for fiscal year 1994 and \$39,916,000 for fiscal year 1995 for necessary operating expenses of the Office of the Inspector General of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of Public Law 87-195; and

(2) such amounts as may be necessary for increases in salary, pay, retirement, and other employee benefits authorized by law, and for other nondiscretionary costs of such office.

(c) **AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.**—Amounts appropriated under this section are authorized to remain available until expended.

(d) **TRANSFER OF FUNDS.**—The authorities and limitations of section 109 of Public Law 87-195 apply to funds authorized to be appropriated under this section.

SEC. 103. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS, PROGRAMS, AND CONFERENCES.

(a) **ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.**—There are authorized to be appropriated for "Contributions to International Organizations", \$865,885,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$935,053,000 for the fiscal year 1995 for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States with respect to international organizations and to carry out other authorities in law consistent with such purposes.

(b) **ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES.**—There are authorized to be appropriated for "Contributions for International Peacekeeping Activities", \$597,744,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$636,469,000 for the fiscal year 1995 for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States with respect to international peacekeeping activities and to carry out other authorities in law consistent with such purposes.

(c) **PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS.**—There are authorized to be appropriated for "Peacekeeping Operations", \$77,166,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$77,166,000 for the fiscal year 1995 for the Department of State to carry out section 551 of Public Law 87-195.

(d) **INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AND CONTINGENCIES.**—There are authorized to be appropriated for "International Conferences and Contingencies", \$6,600,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$6,743,000 for the fiscal year 1995 for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States with respect to international conferences and contingencies and to carry out other authorities in law consistent with such purposes.

(e) **INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—There are authorized to be appropriated for the Department of State for "International Organizations and Programs", \$365,000,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$365,000,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(2) **UNITED NATIONS POPULATION FUND.**—

(A) Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), of the funds authorized to be appropriated for "International Organizations and Programs" under paragraph (1), \$50,000,000 is authorized to be made available for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 for the United Nations Population Fund.

(B) The availability of funds under subparagraph (A) shall be subject to the following limitations:

(i) None of the funds made available under subparagraph (A) may be made available for programs in the People's Republic of China.

(ii) The prohibitions contained in section 104(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to prohibitions on funding for abortion as a method of family planning, coercive abortion, and involuntary sterilization) shall apply to the funds made available for the United Nations Population Fund.

(iii) The United Nations Population Fund shall be required to maintain the funds made available under subparagraph (A) in a separate account and not commingle such funds with any other funds.

(C) Of the funds authorized to be available under subparagraph (A), for fiscal year 1994, \$13,784,500 is authorized to be available only if the President certifies to the Congress that the United Nations Population Fund has terminated all activities in the People's Republic of China.

(3) **UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.**—

(A) Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), of the funds authorized to be appropriated

under paragraph (1) \$101,929,000 is authorized to be available for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 for the United Nations Development Program.

(B) None of the funds made available under subparagraph (A) shall be available for programs and activities in or for Myanmar (Burma).

(C) Of the funds authorized to be available under subparagraph (A), \$7,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 may be available only if the President certifies to the Congress that the United Nations Development Program's programs and activities in or for Myanmar (Burma) promote the enjoyment of internationally guaranteed human rights by the Burmese people and do not benefit the State Law and Order Restoration Council (SLORC) military regime.

(4) UNITED NATIONS ENVIRONMENT PROGRAM.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "International Organizations and Programs" under paragraph (1), \$25,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 is authorized to be available for the United Nations Environment Program.

(5) UNITED NATIONS VOLUNTARY FUND FOR THE VICTIMS OF TORTURE.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "International Organizations and Programs" under paragraph (1), \$1,500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 is authorized to be available for the United Nations Voluntary Fund for the Victims of Torture.

(f) FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATES.—In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated by subsections (a) and (b) of this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 to offset adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Amounts appropriated under this subsection shall be available for obligation and expenditure only to the extent that the Director of the Office of Management and Budget determines and certifies to Congress that such amounts are necessary due to such fluctuations.

SEC. 104. INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS.

The following amounts are authorized to be appropriated under "International Commissions" for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States and for other purposes authorized by law:

(1) INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.—For "International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico"—

(A) for "Salaries and Expenses" \$11,330,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$11,767,000 for the fiscal year 1995; and

(B) for "Construction" \$14,790,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$15,198,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(2) INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—For "International Boundary Commission, United States and Canada", \$760,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$784,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(3) INTERNATIONAL JOINT COMMISSION.—For "International Joint Commission", \$3,643,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$3,759,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(4) INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSIONS.—For "International Fisheries Commissions", \$14,200,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$14,569,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

SEC. 105. MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) There are authorized to be appropriated for "Migration and Refugee Assistance" for authorized activities, \$593,500,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$593,500,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(2) There are authorized to be appropriated \$80,000,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and

\$80,000,000 for the fiscal year 1995 for assistance for refugees resettling in Israel.

(b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) are authorized to be available until expended.

SEC. 106. OTHER PROGRAMS.

The following amounts are authorized to be appropriated for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States and for other purposes authorized by law:

(1) UNITED STATES BILATERAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS.—For "United States Bilateral Science and Technology Agreements", \$4,500,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$4,617,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(2) ASIA FOUNDATION.—For "Asia Foundation", \$18,693,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$19,127,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

SEC. 107. UNITED STATES ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the purposes of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act—

(1) \$62,500,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$55,356,000 for the fiscal year 1995; and

(2) such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 for increases in salary, pay, retirement, other employee benefits authorized by law, and other non-discretionary costs, and to offset adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 49 of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2589) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a); and

(2) in the first sentence of subsection (b) by striking "pursuant to this section" and inserting "to carry out this Act".

PART B—AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES

SEC. 111. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE.

(a) END FISCAL YEAR 1994 LEVELS.—Subject to subsection (c), the employment and service of Members of the Foreign Service shall be subject to the following limitations as of September 30, 1994:

(1) Department of State, not to exceed 9,200, of whom not more than 825 shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service.

(2) United States Information Agency, not to exceed 1,200, of whom not more than 175 shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service.

(3) Agency for International Development, not to exceed 1,850, of whom not more than 250 shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service.

(b) END FISCAL YEAR 1995 LEVELS.—Subject to subsection (c), the employment and service of Members of the Foreign Service shall be subject to the following limitations as of September 30, 1995:

(1) Department of State, not to exceed 9,200, of whom not more than 775 shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service.

(2) United States Information Agency, not to exceed 1,200, of whom not more than 165 shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service.

(3) Agency for International Development, not to exceed 1,850, of whom not more than 240 shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service.

(c) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this section, the term "members of the Foreign Service" has the meaning of such term under section 103 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3903), except that such term shall not include—

(1) members of the Service under paragraphs (6) and (7) of such section;

(2) members of the Service serving under temporary resident appointments abroad;

(3) members of the Service employed on less than a full-time basis;

(4) members of the Service subject to involuntary separation in cases in which such separation has been suspended pursuant to section 1106(8) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980; and

(5) members of the Senior Foreign Service serving under limited non-career appointments.

(d) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—

(1)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary of State, the Director of the United States Information Agency, and the Director of the Agency for International Development may waive any limitation under subsection (a) or (b) which applies to the Department of State, the United States Information Agency, or the Agency for International Development, respectively, to the extent that such waiver is necessary to carry on the foreign affairs functions of the United States.

(B) Not less than 15 days before any agency head implements a waiver under subparagraph (A), such agency head shall notify the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate. Such notice shall include an explanation of the circumstances and necessity for such waiver.

SEC. 112. TRANSFERS AND REPROGRAMMINGS.

(a) AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 24 OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT BASIC AUTHORITIES ACT OF 1956.—Section 24 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2696) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(7) by striking subparagraph (E);

(2) in subsection (d)(1)—

(A) by striking "the second" and inserting "either"; and

(B) by striking "such second" and inserting "such";

(3) in subsection (d)(2) by amending the first sentence to read as follows: "Amounts appropriated for the 'Diplomatic and Consular Programs' account may not exceed by more than 5 percent the amount specifically authorized to be appropriated for such account for a fiscal year."; and

(4) by striking subsection (d)(4).

(b) DIPLOMATIC CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM.—Section 401 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4851) is amended by striking subsections (c) and (h)(3).

(c) REPROGRAMMING.—Section 34 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2706) is amended in subsection (a)(7) by striking "\$500,000" and inserting "\$1,000,000".

SEC. 113. EXPENSES RELATING TO CERTAIN INTERNATIONAL CLAIMS AND PROCEEDINGS.

Section 38 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2710) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

"(c) PROCUREMENT OF SERVICES.—The Secretary of State may use competitive procedures or procedures other than competitive procedures to procure the services of experts for use in preparing or prosecuting a proceeding before an international tribunal or a claim by or against a foreign government or other foreign entity, whether or not the expert is expected to testify, or to procure other support services for such proceedings or claims. The Secretary need not provide any written justification for the use of procedures other than competitive procedures when procuring such services under this chapter and need not furnish for publication in the Commerce Business Daily or otherwise any notice of solicitation or synopsis with respect to such procurement.

"(d) INTERNATIONAL LITIGATION FUND.—

"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—In order to provide the Department of State with a dependable, flexible, and adequate source of funding for the expenses of the Department related to preparing or prosecuting a proceeding before an international tribunal, or a claim by or against a foreign government or other foreign entity, there is established an International Litigation Fund (hereafter in this subsection referred to as the "ILF"). The ILF shall be available without fiscal year limitation. Funds otherwise available to the Department for the purposes of this paragraph may be credited to the ILF.

"(2) REPROGRAMMING PROCEDURES.—Funds credited to the ILF shall be treated as a reprogramming of funds under section 34 and shall not be available for obligation or expenditure except in compliance with the procedures applicable to such reprogrammings. This paragraph shall not apply to the transfer of funds under paragraph (3).

"(3) TRANSFERS OF FUNDS.—Funds received by the Department of State from another agency of the United States Government or pursuant to the Department of State Appropriations Act of 1937 (49 Stat. 1321, 22 U.S.C. 2661) to meet costs of preparing or prosecuting a proceeding before an international tribunal, or a claim by or against a foreign government or other foreign entity, shall be credited to the ILF.

"(4) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds deposited in the ILF shall be available only for the purposes of paragraph (1)."

SEC. 114. CHILD CARE FACILITIES AT CERTAIN POSTS ABROAD.

Section 31 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2703) is amended in subsection (e) by striking "For the fiscal years 1992 and 1993, the" and inserting "The".

SEC. 115. NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS OF PROPOSED REPROGRAMMINGS OF AID OPERATING EXPENSES.

(a) AMENDMENT TO THE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961.—Section 634A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2394) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(d) AID OPERATING EXPENSES.—

"(1) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN REPROGRAMMINGS.—Unless the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate are notified at least 15 days in advance of the proposed reprogramming, funds appropriated for the operating expenses of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I (including funds appropriated for the operating expenses of the Office of the Inspector General of that agency) shall not be available for obligation or expenditure through any reprogramming of funds that—

"(A) would create or eliminate a program, project, or activity;

"(B) would increase funds or personnel by any means for any program, project, or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted by the Congress;

"(C) would reorganize offices, programs, projects, or activities among bureaus;

"(D) would involve a reprogramming in excess of \$1,000,000 or 10 percent (whichever is greater) and would—

"(i) augment existing programs, projects, or activities,

"(ii) reduce by 10 percent or more the funding for any existing program, project, activity, or personnel approved by the Congress, or

"(iii) result from any general savings from a reduction in personnel that would result in a change in existing programs, activities, or projects approved by the Congress.

"(2) LIMITATION ON END-OF-YEAR REPROGRAMMINGS.—Funds appropriated for the operating expenses of the agency pri-

marily responsible for administering part I (including funds appropriated for the operating expenses of the Office of the Inspector General of that agency) shall not be available for obligation or expenditure through any reprogramming described in paragraph (1) during the last 15 days in which such funds are available for obligation or expenditure (as the case may be) unless the notification required by that paragraph was submitted before that 15-day period."

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect October 1, 1994.

SEC. 116. PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATORY CONTRACTS.

(a) PROHIBITION.—

(1) Except for real estate leases and as provided in subsection (b), the Department of State may not enter into any contract that expends funds appropriated to the Department of State for an amount in excess of the small purchase threshold (as defined in section 4(11) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(11))—

(A) with a foreign person that complies with the Arab League boycott of Israel, or

(B) with any foreign or United States person that discriminates in the award of subcontracts on the basis of religion.

(2) For purposes of this section—

(A) a foreign person complies with the boycott of Israel by Arab League countries when that foreign person takes or knowingly agrees to take any action, with respect to the boycott of Israel by Arab League countries, which section 8(a) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 prohibits a United States person from taking, except that for purposes of this paragraph, the term "United States person" as used in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 8(a)(1) of such Act shall be deemed to mean "person"; and

(B) the term "foreign person" means any person other than a United States person as defined in section 16(2) of the Export Administration Act of 1979.

(3) For purposes of paragraph (1), a foreign person shall be deemed not to comply with the boycott of Israel by Arab League countries if that person, or the Secretary of State or his designee on the basis of available information, certifies that the person violates or otherwise does not comply with the boycott of Israel by Arab League countries by taking any actions prohibited by section 8(a) of the Export Administration Act of 1979. Certification by the Secretary of State or his designee may occur only 30 days after notice has been given to the Congress that this certification procedure will be utilized at a specific overseas mission.

(b) WAIVER BY SECRETARY OF STATE.—The Secretary of State may waive the requirements of this section on a country-by-country basis for a period not to exceed one year upon certification to the Congress by the Secretary that such waiver is in the national interest and is necessary to carry on diplomatic functions on the United States. Each such certification shall include a detailed justification for the waiver with respect to each such country.

(c) RESPONSES TO CONTRACT SOLICITATIONS.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the Secretary of State shall ensure that any response to a solicitation for a bid or a request for a proposal, with respect to a contract covered by subsection (a), includes the following clause, in substantially the following form:

"ARAB BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this clause—

"(1) the term 'foreign person' means any person other than a United States person as defined in paragraph (2); and

"(2) the term 'United States person' means any United States resident or national

(other than an individual resident outside the United States and employed by other than a United States person), any domestic concern (including any permanent domestic establishment of any foreign concern), and any foreign subsidiary or affiliate (including any permanent foreign establishment) of any domestic concern which is controlled in fact by such domestic concern, as determined under regulations of the President.

"(b) CERTIFICATION.—By submitting this offer, the Offeror certifies that it is not—

"(1) taking or knowingly agreeing to take any action, with respect to the boycott of Israel by Arab countries, which section 8(a) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a)) prohibits a United States person from taking; or

"(2) discriminating in the award of subcontracts on the basis of religion."

(2) An Offeror would not be required to include the certification required by paragraph (1), if the Offeror is deemed not to comply with the Arab League boycott of Israel by the Secretary of State or a designee on the basis of available information. Certification by the Secretary of State or a designee may occur only 30 days after notice has been given to the Congress that this certification procedure will be utilized at a specific overseas mission.

(3) The Secretary of State shall ensure that all State Department contract solicitations include a detailed explanation of the requirements of section 8(a) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a)).

(d) REVIEW OF TERMINATION.—(1) The Department of State shall conduct reviews of the certifications submitted pursuant to this section for the purpose of assessing the accuracy of the certifications.

(2) Upon complaint of any foreign or United States person of a violation of the certification as required by this section, filed with the Secretary of State, the Department of State shall investigate such complaint, and if such complaint is found to be correct and a violation of the certification has been found, all contracts with such violator shall be terminated for default as soon as practicable, and, for a period of two years thereafter, the State Department shall not enter into any contracts with such a violator.

SEC. 117. EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

Section 4 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2671) is amended in subsection (c)—

(1) by striking "and the Foreign Service"; and

(2) by striking "an annual confidential" and inserting "a periodic".

SEC. 118. ROLE OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE INSTITUTE.

Section 701 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4021) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) The Secretary of State is authorized to provide for the training and instruction of employees of foreign governments at the Institute.

"(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), training and instruction under paragraph (1) shall be on a reimbursable basis. Reimbursement to the Institute may be provided by an agency of the United States Government or by a foreign person.

"(3) The authorities of section 704 shall apply to training and instruction provided under this section."

SEC. 119. REPORTING REQUIREMENT ON AMERICAN PRISONERS ABROAD.

Section 108 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1978 (Public Law 95-105) is repealed.

SEC. 120. CONSULAR AUTHORITIES.

(a) PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE PASSPORTS ABROAD.—The Act entitled "An Act to

regulate the issue and validity of passports, and for other purposes", approved July 3, 1926 (44 Stat. 887, 22 U.S.C. 211a) is amended by striking "by diplomatic representatives of the United States, and by such consular generals, consuls, or vice consuls when in charge," and inserting "by diplomatic and consular officers of the United States, and by other employees of the Department of State who are citizens of the United States."

(b) NOTARIAL AUTHORITY.—The Act entitled "An Act to provide for the reorganization of the consular service of the United States", approved April 5, 1906 (34 Stat. 100, 22 U.S.C. 4221) is amended in section 7 by adding at the end "Pursuant to such regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, the Secretary may designate any other employee of the Department of State who is a citizen of the United States to perform any notarial function authorized to be performed by a consular officer of the United States under this Act."

SEC. 121. REQUIREMENT FOR AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR AID.

Public Law 87-195 is amended by inserting after section 667 the following new section:

"SEC. 668. REQUIREMENT FOR AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"(a) LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION AND EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the fiscal year 1994 and for each subsequent fiscal year, any funds appropriated for the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of this Act shall not be available for obligation or expenditure—

"(1) unless such funds are appropriated pursuant to an authorization of appropriations; or

"(2) in excess of the authorized level of appropriations.

"(b) SUBSEQUENT AUTHORIZATION.—The limitation under subsection (a) shall not apply to the extent that an authorization of appropriations is enacted after such funds are appropriated.

"(c) APPLICATION.—The provisions of this section—

"(1) may not be superseded, except by a provision of law which specifically repeals, modifies, or supersedes the provisions of this section; and

"(2) shall not apply to, or affect in any manner, permanent appropriations, trust funds, and other similar accounts which are authorized by law and administered by the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of this Act."

SEC. 122. REPORT ON CONSOLIDATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE OPERATIONS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, jointly with the Director of the United States Information Agency, the Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, and the Administrator of the Agency for International Development, shall submit, to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, a report concerning the feasibility of consolidating domestic administrative operations for the Department of State, the Agency for International Development, and the United States Information Agency. Such report shall include specific recommendations for implementation.

SEC. 123. LOCAL GUARD CONTRACTS ABROAD.

Section 136(c) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-246) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2) by striking "due to their distance from the post";

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs "(4)" and "(5)", respectively; and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

"(2) absent compelling reasons, award such contracts through competitive bidding;

"(3) in evaluating and scoring proposals for such contracts, award not less than 60 percent of the total points on the basis of technical capacity;"

SEC. 124. VISAS.

(a) SURCHARGE FOR PROCESSING CERTAIN VISAS.—

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of State is authorized to charge a fee or surcharge for processing machine readable nonimmigrant visas and machine readable combined border crossing identification cards and nonimmigrant visas.

(2) Fees collected under the authority of subsection (a) shall be deposited as an offsetting collection to any Department of State appropriation to recover the costs of providing consular services, which shall include the payment of any fees for access to the criminal history records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for processing visa applications and making immigration eligibility determinations. Such fees shall remain available for obligation until expended.

(3) For fiscal years 1994 and 1995, fees collected under the authority of paragraph (1) may not exceed a total of \$56,000,000.

(b) AUTOMATED VISA LOOKOUT SYSTEM.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall implement an upgrade of all overseas visa lookout operations to computerized systems with automated multiple-name search capabilities.

(c) PROCESSING OF VISAS FOR ADMISSION TO THE UNITED STATES.—

(1)(A) Beginning 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, whenever a United States consular officer issues a visa for admission to the United States, that official shall certify, in writing, that a check of the Automated Visa Lookout System, or any other system or list which maintains information about the excludability of aliens under the Immigration and Nationality Act, has been made and that there is no basis under such system for the exclusion of such alien.

(B) If, at the time an alien applies for an immigrant or nonimmigrant visa, the alien's name is included in the Department of State's visa lookout system and the consular officer to whom the application is made fails to follow the procedures in processing the application required by the inclusion of the alien's name in such system, the consular officer's failure shall be made a matter of record and shall be considered as a serious negative factor in the officer's annual performance evaluation.

(2) If an alien to whom a visa was issued as a result of a failure described in paragraph (1)(B) is admitted to the United States and there is thereafter probable cause to believe that the alien was a participant in a terrorist act causing serious loss of life or property in the United States, the Secretary of State shall convene an Accountability Review Board under the authority of title III of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986.

SEC. 125. CONSULAR AND DIPLOMATIC POSTS ABROAD.

Section 48 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (c); and

(2) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections "(c)" and "(d)", respectively.

SEC. 126. ANNUAL COUNTRY REPORTS ON TERRORISM.

Section 140 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f) is amended in subsection (b)(2)—

(1) by striking "and" at the end of subparagraph (C);

(2) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(E) efforts by the United States to eliminate international financial support provided to those groups directly or provided in support of their activities."

PART C—DEPARTMENT OF STATE ORGANIZATION

SEC. 131. ORGANIZING PRINCIPLES.

The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The organization of the Department of State should reflect, to the maximum extent possible, the primary responsibility of the Secretary of State under the President for the conduct of the Nation's foreign relations.

(2) Unless compelling considerations so require, statutory authorities should be vested in the Secretary of State, rather than in officials subordinate to the Secretary.

SEC. 132. ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

(a) ORGANIZATION.—Section 1 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 is amended to read as follows:

"ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE

"SECTION 1. (a) SECRETARY OF STATE.—

"(1) The Department of State shall be administered in accordance with this Act and other provisions of law under the supervision and direction of the Secretary of State (hereinafter referred to as the 'Secretary').

"(2) The Secretary shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

"(3)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall have and exercise any authority vested by law in any office or official of the Department of State. The Secretary shall administer, coordinate, and direct the Foreign Service of the United States and the personnel of the Department of State, except where authority is inherent in or vested in the President.

"(B) The Secretary shall not have the authority of the Inspector General or the Chief Financial Officer. The Secretary shall not have any authority given expressly to diplomatic or consular officers.

"(4) The Secretary of State is authorized to promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Secretary of State and the Department of State. The Secretary may delegate authority to perform any of the functions of the Secretary or the Department to officers and employees under the direction and supervision of the Secretary. The Secretary may delegate the authority to redelegate any such functions.

"(b) UNDER SECRETARIES.—There shall be in the Department of State not more than 5 Under Secretaries of State, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall be compensated at the rate provided for at level III of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, United States Code.

"(c) ASSISTANT SECRETARIES.—There shall be in the Department of State not more than 21 Assistant Secretaries of State, each of whom shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall be compensated at the rate provided for at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5.

"(d) DEPUTY ASSISTANT SECRETARIES.—There shall be in the Department of State not more than 66 Deputy Assistant Secretaries of State.

"(e) OTHER SENIOR OFFICIALS.—In addition to such other officials of the Department of State who are authorized to be compensated at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5215 of title 5, not more than 4 other officers of the Department of State shall be

appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall be compensated at such level.”.

(b) APPLICATION.—The amendments made by this section and section 133 shall apply with respect to officials, offices, and bureaus of the Department of State when Executive orders implementing such sections become effective.

(c) TRANSITION.—Any officer of the Department of State holding office on the date of the enactment of this Act shall not be required to be reappointed to any other office, at the Department of State at the same level performing similar functions, as determined by the President, by reason of the enactment of the amendments made by this section and section 133.

(d) REFERENCES IN OTHER ACTS.—A reference in any other provision of law to an official or office of the Department of State affected by the amendment made by subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the Secretary of State or the Department of State, as may be appropriate.

(e) Nothing in this part reassigns any function that is on the date of enactment of this Act vested by law or executive order in the Department of Commerce, the Federal Communications Commission, or any officer thereof.

(f) OFFICE OF THE COORDINATOR FOR COUNTERTERRORISM.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, there shall be in the Department of State an Office of the Coordinator for Counterterrorism which shall be headed by a Coordinator for Counterterrorism. The office shall have the same responsibilities and functions as the Office of the Coordinator for Counterterrorism at the Department of State had as of January 20, 1993.

SEC. 133. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

(a) ACT OF MAY 26, 1949.—The Act entitled “An Act to strengthen and improve the organization and administration of the Department of State, and for other purposes” (May 26, 1949; Public Law 81-73; 22 U.S.C. 2652 et seq.) is repealed.

(b) FOREIGN RELATIONS AUTHORIZATION ACT, FISCAL YEAR 1979.—Section 115 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1979 (22 U.S.C. 2652a) is amended by striking subsection (a).

(c) PUBLIC LAW 93-126.—Section 9 of Public Law 93-126 (22 U.S.C. 2655a) is amended by striking subsection (a).

(d) FOREIGN RELATIONS AUTHORIZATION ACT, FISCAL YEARS 1992 AND 1993.—Section 122 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (22 U.S.C. 2652b) is amended by striking subsection (a).

(e) TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.—

(1) Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking—

“Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs and Under Secretary of State for Economic and Agricultural Affairs and an Under Secretary of State for Coordinating Security Assistance Programs and Under Secretary of State for Management.

“Counselor of the Department of State.”

and inserting—

“Under Secretaries of State (5).”.

(2) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking “Legal Advisor of the Department of State.”, “Chief of Protocol, Department of State.”, “Assistant Secretary for Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs, Department of State.”, “Assistant Secretary for International Narcotics Matters, Department of State.”, “Assistant Secretary for South Asian Affairs, Department of State.”, and “21 Assistant Secretaries of State and 4 other State Department officials to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.”.

(f) FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961.—The Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended—

(1) in section 116(c) (22 U.S.C. 2151n), by striking “Assistant Secretary for Human Rights and Humanitarian Affairs” and inserting “Secretary of State”;

(2) in sections 502B(b) (22 U.S.C. 2304(b)), 502B(c)(1) (22 U.S.C. 2304(c)), and 505(g)(4)(A) (22 U.S.C. 2314(g)(4)(A)) by striking “, prepared with the assistance of the Assistant Secretary of State for Human Rights and Humanitarian Affairs,” each place it appears;

(3) in section 624(f) (22 U.S.C. 2384(f)(1)) by striking paragraph (1);

(4) in section 624(f)(2)—

(A) by striking “(2) The Assistant Secretary of State for Human Rights and Humanitarian Affairs” and inserting “The Secretary of State”; and

(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (D) as paragraphs (1) through (4), respectively; and

(5) in section 624(f)(2)(C)—

(A) by striking “the Secretary of State and”;

(B) by striking “Assistant”.

(g) ARMS EXPORT CONTROL ACT.—Section 5(d)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended (22 U.S.C. 2755(d)(1)) by striking “Assistant Secretary of State for Human Rights and Humanitarian Affairs” and inserting “Secretary of State”.

(h) DIPLOMATIC SECURITY ACT.—The Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 is amended—

(1) in section 102(b) (22 U.S.C. 4801(b)) by—

(A) striking paragraph (2); and

(B) redesignating paragraphs (3) through (6) as paragraphs (2) through (5), respectively;

(2) in subsection 103(a)—

(A) by inserting “(1)” before “The Secretary of State”;

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (4) as subparagraphs (A) through (D), respectively; and

(C) by inserting at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) Security responsibilities shall include the following:

“(A) FORMER OFFICE OF SECURITY FUNCTIONS.—Functions and responsibilities exercised by the Office of Security, Department of State, before November 1, 1985.

“(B) SECURITY AND PROTECTIVE OPERATIONS.—

“(i) Establishment and operations of post security and protective functions abroad.

“(ii) Development and implementation of communications, computer, and information security.

“(iii) Emergency planning.

“(iv) Establishment and operations of local guard services abroad.

“(v) Supervision of the United States Marine Corps security guard program.

“(vi) Liaison with American overseas private sector security interests.

“(vii) Protection of foreign missions and international organizations, foreign officials, and diplomatic personnel in the United States, as authorized by law.

“(viii) Protection of the Secretary of State and other persons designated by the Secretary of State, as authorized by law.

“(ix) Physical protection of Department of State facilities, communications, and computer information systems in the United States.

“(x) Conduct of investigations relating to protection of foreign officials and diplomatic personnel and foreign missions in the United States, suitability for employment, employee security, illegal passport and visa issuance or use, and other investigations, as authorized by law.

“(xi) Carrying out the rewards program for information concerning international terror-

ism authorized by section 36(a) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956.

“(xii) Performance of other security, investigative, and protective matters as authorized by law.

“(C) COUNTERTERRORISM PLANNING AND COORDINATION.—Development and coordination of counterterrorism planning, emergency action planning, threat analysis programs, and liaison with other Federal agencies to carry out this paragraph.

“(D) SECURITY TECHNOLOGY.—Development and implementation of technical and physical security programs, including security-related construction, radio and personnel security communications, armored vehicles, computer and communications security, and research programs necessary to develop such measures.

“(E) DIPLOMATIC COURIER SERVICE.—Management of the diplomatic courier service.

“(F) PERSONNEL TRAINING.—Development of facilities, methods, and materials to develop and upgrade necessary skills in order to carry out this section.

“(G) FOREIGN GOVERNMENT TRAINING.—Management and development of antiterrorism assistance programs to assist foreign government security training which are administered by the Department of State under chapter 8 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2349aa et seq.).”;

(3) by striking section 104;

(4) by striking section 105;

(5) in section 107, by striking “The Chief of Protocol of the Department of State shall consult with the Assistant Secretary of Diplomatic Security” and inserting “The Secretary of State shall take into account security considerations”;

(6) in title II by amending the title heading to read as follows: “TITLE II—PERSONNEL”;

(7) by amending section 201 to read as follows:

“SEC. 201. DIPLOMATIC SECURITY SERVICE.

“The Secretary of State may establish a Diplomatic Security Service, which shall perform such functions as the Secretary may determine.”;

(8) in section 202—

(A) by striking “The” in the first sentence and inserting “Any such”;

(B) by striking “shall” each place it appears in the first, third, and fourth sentences and inserting “should”; and

(C) by striking the last sentence;

(9) in section 203—

(A) by amending the heading to read as follows:

“SEC. 203. SPECIAL AGENTS.”;

(B) in the first sentence by striking “Positions in the Diplomatic Security Service” and inserting “Special agent positions”; and

(C) in the last sentence by striking “In the case of positions designated for special agents, the” and inserting “The”; and

(10) in section 402(a)(2) by striking “Assistant Secretary for Diplomatic Security” and inserting “Secretary of State”.

(i) IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT.—The Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 101(a)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(1)) by striking “Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs” and inserting “official designated by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 104(b) of this Act”;

(2) in section 104 (8 U.S.C. 1104)—

(A) in the heading by striking “; BUREAU OF CONSULAR AFFAIRS”;

(B) in subsection (a), by striking “the Bureau of Consular Affairs” and inserting “the Administrator”;

(C) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

“(b) The Secretary of State shall designate an Administrator who shall be a citizen of

the United States, qualified by experience. The Administrator shall maintain close liaison with the appropriate committees of Congress in order that they may be advised regarding the administration of this Act by consular officers. The Administrator shall be charged with any and all responsibility and authority in the administration of this Act which are conferred on the Secretary of State as may be delegated to the Administrator by the Secretary of State or which may be prescribed by the Secretary of State, and shall perform such other duties as the Secretary of State may prescribe.”;

(D) in subsection (c), by striking “Bureau” and inserting “Department of State”; and
(E) in subsection (d), by striking all after “respectively” before the period.

(3) in section 105 (8 U.S.C. 1105) by striking “Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs” and inserting “Administrator” each place it appears.

(j) DEPARTMENT OF STATE APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1989.—Section 306 of the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100-459) is repealed.

(k) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS ACT, FISCAL YEAR 1989.—Section 8125 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, Fiscal Year 1989 (Public Law 100-463) is amended by striking subsection (c).

(l) STATE DEPARTMENT BASIC AUTHORITIES ACT OF 1956.—(1) Section 35 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2707) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a) by striking “(hereafter)” and all that follows before the period; and

(B) in subsection (b)—
(i) by striking “The” and all that follows through “shall—” and inserting the following:

“The Secretary of State shall be responsible for formulation, coordination, and oversight of international communications and information policy. The Secretary of State shall—”;

(ii) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (7) as paragraphs (2) through (8), respectively;

(iii) by inserting before paragraph (2) (as so redesignated) a new paragraph (1) as follows:
“(1) exercise primary authority for the conduct of foreign policy with respect to telecommunications, including the determination of United States positions and the conduct of United States participation in bilateral and multilateral negotiations with foreign governments and in international bodies;”;

(iv) in paragraph (2), (I) by striking “with the bureaus and offices of the Department of State and”, and (II) by inserting before the semicolon “and with the Federal Communications Commission, as appropriate”; and

(v) in paragraph (4), by striking “the Senior Interagency Group on International Communications and Information Policy” and inserting “any senior interagency policy-making group on international telecommunications and information policy”.

(2) Section 3 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2670) is amended—

(A) by striking “and” at the end of subsection (k);

(B) by striking the period at the end of subsection (l) and inserting “; and”;

(C) by adding at the end the following:
“(m) establish, maintain, and operate passport and dispatch agencies.”.

(3) Section 2 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 is amended by striking “(l) pay” and inserting “(m) pay”.

(m) REFUGEE ACT OF 1980.—The Refugee Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-212) is amended—
(1) in the heading for title III, by striking “UNITED STATES COORDINATOR FOR REFUGEE AFFAIRS AND”;

(2) by striking the heading for part A;

(3) by repealing section 301; and

(4) by striking the heading for part B.

(n) IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT.—

(1) Section 411(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1521(b)) is amended by striking “and under the general policy guidance of the United States Coordinator for Refugee Affairs (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as the ‘Coordinator’)” and inserting “the Secretary of State”.

(2) Section 412 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1522) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)(2)(A), by striking “, together with the Coordinator,”;

(B) in subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4), by striking “in consultation with the Coordinator,”; and

(C) in subsection (e)(7)(C), by striking “, in consultation with the United States Coordinator for Refugee Affairs,”.

(3) Section 413(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1523) is amended by striking “, in consultation with the Coordinator,”.

(o) STATE DEPARTMENT BASIC AUTHORITIES ACT.—Title II of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4301 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 202(a) by striking paragraph (3) and redesignating paragraphs (4) through (8) as paragraphs (3) through (7);

(2) in section 203 by amending such section to read as follows:

“AUTHORITIES OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

“SEC. 203. The Secretary is authorized to—

“(1) assist agencies of Federal, State, and municipal government with regard to ascertaining and according benefits, privileges, and immunities to which a foreign mission may be entitled;

“(2) provide or assist in the provision of benefits for or on behalf of a foreign mission in accordance with section 204;

“(3) dispose of property acquired in carrying out the purposes of this Act;

“(4) designate an office within the Department of State to carry out the purposes of this Act. In the event such an office is established, the President may appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a Director, with the rank of ambassador. Furthermore, of the Director and the next most senior person in the office, one should be an individual who has served in the United States Foreign Service while the other should be an individual who has served in the United States intelligence community; and

“(5) perform such other functions as the Secretary may determine necessary in furtherance of the policy of this title.”;

(3) in section 204—

(A) in subsections (a), (b), and (c), by striking “Director” each place it appears and inserting “Secretary”; and

(B) in paragraph (d), by striking “the Director or any other” and inserting “any”;

(4) in section 204A, by striking “Director” each place it appears and inserting “Secretary”;

(5) in section 205—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “Director” and inserting “Secretary”; and

(B) in subsection (c)(2) by striking “authorize the Director to”; and

(6) in section 208—

(A) in subsection (d) by striking “Director” and inserting in its place “Secretary”;

(B) in subsections (c), (e), and (f), by striking “Office of Foreign Missions” each place it appears and inserting “Department of State”; and

(C) in subsection (h)(2) by striking “Director or the”.

(p) OFFICE OF COUNSELOR; LEGAL ADVISOR.—

(1) The Act entitled “An Act to create the Office of Counselor of the United States”

(May 18, 1937; Public Law 75-91; 22 U.S.C. 2655) is repealed.

(2) The Act entitled “An Act for the reorganization and improvement of the Foreign Service of the United States and for other purposes” (May 24, 1924; Public Law 68-135; 22 U.S.C. 2654) is amended by striking section 30.

SEC. 134. DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE.

Section 208 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3928) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 208. DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE.

“The President may appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, a Director General of the Foreign Service, who shall be a career member of the Senior Foreign Service. The Director General should assist the Secretary of State in the management of the Service and perform such functions as the Secretary of State may prescribe.”.

PART D—PERSONNEL

SEC. 141. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

Section 1017(e) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 is amended to read as follows:

“(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter—

“(A) participation in the management of a labor organization for purposes of collective bargaining or acting as a representative of a labor organization for such purpose is prohibited under this chapter—

“(i) on the part of any management official or confidential employee;

“(ii) on the part of any individual who has served as a management official or confidential employee during the preceding two years; or

“(iii) on the part of any other employee if the participation or activity would result in a conflict of interest or apparent conflict of interest or would otherwise be incompatible with law or with the official functions of such employee; and

“(B) service as a management official or confidential employee is prohibited on the part of any individual having participated in the management of a labor organization or having acted as a representative of a labor organization during the preceding two years.

“(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(A)(ii) and paragraph (1)(B), the term ‘management official’ shall not include chiefs of mission, principal officers and their deputies, and administrative and personnel officers abroad.”.

SEC. 142. VOLUNTARY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM.

(a) PROGRAM AUTHORITY.—For the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 and subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of State is authorized to establish and administer a program to provide financial incentives for retirement to certain members of the Foreign Service at the Department of State who are eligible for retirement.

(b) CAP ON INCENTIVE AMOUNT.—The financial incentive paid to any eligible individual pursuant to this section may not exceed the lesser of—

(1) an amount equal to the amount the member would be entitled to receive under section 5595(c) of title 5, United States Code, if the member were entitled to payment under such section; or

(2) \$25,000.

(c) COST NEUTRALITY OR SAVINGS.—The Secretary shall ensure that the total cost of financial incentives paid to eligible individuals under any program established pursuant to the authority of subsection (a) during the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 does not exceed the total cost the Department would have incurred for pay and other personnel benefits during such period for such eligible individuals had they not retired.

(d) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER GOVERNMENT BENEFITS.—The amount paid to any eligible

individual pursuant to the authority of subsection (a) may not—

(1) be the basis for payment of, and may not be included in the computation of, any other monetary benefit payable with respect to such individual by the Federal Government; and

(2) be taken into account for purposes of determining the amount of any severance pay to which such eligible individual is entitled under any other provision of law based on any other separation from employment by the Federal Government.

(e) UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY AND AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT.—The Director of the United States Information Agency and the Director of the Agency for International Development are authorized to exercise the same authorities with respect to members of the Foreign Service serving at the United States Information Agency and the Agency for International Development, respectively, as the Secretary of State is authorized to exercise with respect to members of the Foreign Service under this section.

SEC. 143. WAIVER OF LIMIT FOR CERTAIN CLAIMS FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY DAMAGE OR LOSS.

(a) CLAIMS RESULTING FROM EMERGENCY EVACUATION IN A FOREIGN COUNTRY.—Subsection 3721(b) of title 31 of the United States Code is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”; and
(2) by adding after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

“(2) The Secretary of State may waive the loss limitation under paragraph (1) for claims for damage or loss by United States Government personnel subject to a chief of mission in a foreign country whose claims arose from a departure authorized or ordered under circumstances described in section 5522(a) of title 5 of the United States Code, if the Secretary determines that exceptional circumstances warrant such a waiver.”.

(b) RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to claims arising on or after October 31, 1988.

SEC. 144. SALARIES OF CHIEFS OF MISSION.

Section 401(a) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3961(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “, exclusive of danger pay.”; and

(2) by striking “not exceed the annual rate payable for level I of such Executive Schedule”, and inserting “be subject to the limitation on certain payments under section 5307 of title 5 of the United States Code”.

SEC. 145. SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE PERFORMANCE PAY.

(a) LIMITATION ON CERTAIN PAYMENTS.—Section 405(b)(4) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3965(b)(4)) is amended to read as follows:

“(4) Any award under this section shall be subject to the limitation on certain payments under section 5307 of title 5 of the United States Code.”.

(b) PROHIBITION ON PERFORMANCE PAY AWARDS IN CERTAIN YEARS.—

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for fiscal years 1994 and 1995, performance pay awards and payments may not be made under section 405 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 for a fiscal year by any agency subject to an agency-wide reduction in force for budgetary reasons during that fiscal year.

(2) No additional performance pay awards or payments may be made in any subsequent fiscal year to compensate for the prohibition under paragraph (1).

SEC. 146. REASSIGNMENT AND RETIREMENT OF FORMER PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTEES.

Section 813 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4053) is amended by striking

all that follows the section caption and inserting the following:

“(a) If a participant completes an assignment under section 302(b) in a position to which the participant was appointed by the President, and is not otherwise eligible for retirement, the participant shall be reassigned within 90 days after the termination of such assignment and any period of authorized leave.

“(b) If a participant completes an assignment under section 302(b) in a position to which the participant was appointed by the President, and is eligible for retirement, and is not reassigned within 90 days after the termination of such assignment and any period of authorized leave, the participant shall be retired from the Service and receive retirement benefits in accordance with section 806 or section 855, as appropriate.”.

SEC. 147. REPORT ON CLASSIFICATION OF SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE POSITIONS.

(a) AUDIT AND REVIEW.—Within 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a classification audit of all Senior Foreign Service positions in Washington, District of Columbia, assigned to the Department of State, the Agency for International Development, and the United States Information Agency and shall review the methods of classification of such positions.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit a report of such audit and review to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

SEC. 148. LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF LIMITED CAREER EXTENSIONS.

Section 607(b) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4007(b)) is amended by adding at the end “Effective September 30, 1995, the number of members of the Senior Foreign Service serving under such limited career extensions may not exceed 25 percent of the total number of members of the Service who are eligible to serve under a limited extension.”.

SEC. 149. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 5.

(a) AWAY-FROM-POST EDUCATION ALLOWANCE.—Section 5924(4)(A) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: “When travel from school to post is infeasible, travel may be allowed between the school attended and the home of a designated relative or family friend or to join a parent at any location, with the allowable travel expense not to exceed the cost of travel between the school and post.”.

(b) EDUCATIONAL TRAVEL FOR COLLEGE STUDENTS STUDYING ABROAD.—Section 5924(4)(B) of title 5, United States Code, is amended in the first sentence after “in the United States” by inserting “(or to and from a school outside the United States if the dependent is attending that school for less than one year under a program approved by the school in the United States at which the dependent is enrolled)”.

SEC. 150. AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER 11 OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE ACT.

(a) GRIEVANCE BOARD PROCEDURES.—Section 1106 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4136) is amended in the first sentence of paragraph (8) by striking “until the Board has ruled upon the grievance.” and inserting “for up to one year, or until the Board has ruled upon the grievance, whichever period is shorter. The Board shall extend the one-year limit and the Department shall continue to suspend such action, if the Board determines that the agency or the Board is responsible for the delay in the resolution of the grievance.”.

(b) TIME LIMITATION ON REQUESTS FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Section 1110 of the Foreign

Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4140) is amended in the first sentence by inserting before the period “, if the request for judicial review is filed not later than 180 days after the final action of the Secretary or the Board (or in the case of an aggrieved party who is posted abroad at the time of the final action of the Secretary or the Board, if the request for judicial review is filed not later than 180 days after the aggrieved party's return to the United States)”.

PART E—INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

SEC. 161. INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY SAFEGUARDS.

(a) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section to secure improvements in the effectiveness of International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—
(1) the term “IAEA” means the International Atomic Energy Agency;

(2) the term “non-nuclear-weapon state” means any country which is not a nuclear-weapon state, as defined by Article IX(3) of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, signed at Washington, London, and Moscow on July 1, 1968;

(3) the term “nuclear-weapon state” has the meaning given to such term by Article IX(3) of such Treaty; and

(4) the term “special fissionable material” has the meaning given to such term by Article XX(1) of the Statute of the International Atomic Energy Agency, done at the Headquarters of the United Nations on October 26, 1956.

(c) REFORMS IN IAEA SAFEGUARDS.—The President should direct the United States representatives to the IAEA to work toward the early adoption of reforms in the implementation of the safeguards responsibilities of the IAEA, including the following:

(1) Improving the ability of the IAEA to detect within any non-nuclear-weapon state which has accepted full-scope safeguards, nuclear facilities, whether or not declared by that state, that are capable of producing, processing, or fabricating special fissionable material suitable for use in a nuclear explosive device.

(2) Increasing the transparency of international nuclear commerce.

(3) Examining the feasibility of increasing the scope of safeguards for members who have accepted full-scope safeguards to include all activities and facilities which could significantly contribute to the acquisition or production of nuclear explosive devices.

(4) Improving the access of the IAEA to information about the nuclear activities of member states of the IAEA.

(5) Examining the practicality and advisability of the IAEA conducting less frequent inspections at nuclear facilities in member states which—

(A) provide advance consent for the IAEA to conduct unrestricted, short notice inspections of any facility, whether or not declared by the state;

(B) provide early notification of construction of new facilities and modifications to existing facilities and the early submission of design information regarding such new or modified facilities; and

(C) accept any inspectors of the IAEA who are approved by the Board of Governors of the IAEA, agree not to limit the number of such inspectors, and waive visa requirements for such inspectors.

(d) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—The President shall, in the report required by section 601(a) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978, describe—

(1) the steps he has taken and plans to take to implement each of the objectives set forth in subsection (c);

(2) the progress that has been made and the obstacles that have been encountered in

seeking to meet the objectives set forth in subsection (c);

(3) any other steps he has taken or plans to take to strengthen the implementation of IAEA safeguards;

(4) the steps the IAEA has taken to implement each of the objectives set forth in subsection (c); and

(5) any other steps the IAEA has taken to strengthen the implementation of IAEA safeguards.

(e) **REPORT ON FUNDING.**—Within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the Congress a report assessing what additional funds are required for the IAEA to implement the objectives set forth in subsection (c) and what funds the United States plans to contribute to the IAEA over the next 5 fiscal years.

SEC. 162. AGREEMENT ON STATE AND LOCAL TAXATION OF FOREIGN EMPLOYEES OF PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.

The President is hereby authorized to bring into force for the United States the Agreement on State and Local Taxation of Foreign Employees of Public International Organizations, which was signed by the United States on April 21, 1992.

SEC. 163. REFORM IN BUDGET DECISIONMAKING PROCEDURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES.

(a) **ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS.**—For assessed contributions authorized to be appropriated by section 103 of this Act, the President may withhold 20 percent of the funds appropriated for the United States assessed contribution to the United Nations or to any of its specialized agencies for any calendar year if the Secretary of State determines that the United Nations or any such agency has failed to implement or to continue to implement consensus-based decisionmaking procedures on budgetary matters which assure that sufficient attention is paid to the views of the United States and other member states who are major financial contributors to such assessed budgets.

(b) **NOTICE TO CONGRESS.**—The President shall notify the Congress when a decision is made to withhold any share of the United States assessed contribution to the United Nations or its specialized agencies pursuant to subsection (a) and shall notify the Congress when the decision is made to pay any previously withheld assessed contribution. A notification under this subsection shall include appropriate consultation between the President (or his representative) and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

(c) **CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PRIOR YEARS.**—Subject to the availability of appropriations, payment of assessed contributions for prior years may be made to the United Nations or any of its specialized agencies notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, section 405 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-246) and section 143 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987 (Public Law 99-93) if such payment would further United States interests in that organization.

SEC. 164. INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION.

(a) **AUTHORIZATION TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS.**—Section 2 of the American-Mexican Chamizal Convention Act of 1964 (Public Law 88-300; 22 U.S.C. 277d-18) is amended—

(1) by inserting “(a)” before “The”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsections:

“(b) The United States Commissioner is authorized to receive payments of money from public or private sources in the United States or Mexico made for the purpose of

sharing in the cost of replacement of the Bridge of the Americas which crosses the Rio Grande between El Paso, Texas, and Cd. Juarez, Chihuahua. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, such payments of money shall be credited to any appropriation to the Commission which is currently available. Funds received under this subsection shall be available only for the replacement of such bridge.

“(c) The authority of subsection (b) may be exercised only to the extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts.”.

(b) **EXPENDITURES FOR WATER POLLUTION PROBLEMS.**—Title I of the Act of June 20, 1956 (70 Stat. 302, 22 U.S.C. 277d-12), is amended in the fourth undesignated paragraph under the heading “INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO” by striking “Tijuana Rivers,” and all that follows before the period and inserting “Tijuana Rivers, or other streams running across or near the boundary, and for taking emergency actions to protect against health threatening surface and ground water pollution problems along the United States-Mexico boundary”.

(c) **FALCON AND AMISTAD DAMS MAINTENANCE FUND.**—Section 2 of the Act of June 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 255, as amended by the Act of December 23, 1963, 77 Stat. 475) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 2. (a) A separate fund, known as the ‘Falcon and Amistad Operating and Maintenance Fund’ (hereinafter referred to as the ‘Maintenance Fund’), shall be created in the Treasury of the United States. The Maintenance Fund shall be administered by the Administrator of the Western Area Power Administration for use by the Commissioner of the United States Section of the International Boundary and Water Commission to defray operation, maintenance, and emergency costs for the hydroelectric facilities at the Falcon and Amistad Dams.

“(b) All revenues collected in connection with the disposition of electric power generated at the Falcon and Amistad Dams, except those revenues paid pursuant to subsection (d) to the general fund of the Treasury of the United States, shall be credited to the Maintenance Fund and shall remain available until expended for defraying operation, maintenance, and emergency costs for the hydroelectric facilities at the dams.

“(c) The authority of subsection (b) may be exercised only to the extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

“(d) Revenues in the Maintenance Fund in excess of operation, maintenance, and emergency needs shall be paid annually to the general fund of the Treasury of the United States to return the costs of replacements and the original investments, with interest.

“(e) All moneys received from the Government of Mexico for any energy which might be delivered to that Government by the United States Section of the International Boundary and Water Commission pursuant to any special agreement concluded in accordance with Article 19 of the said Treaty shall be credited to the General Fund of the Treasury of the United States.”.

SEC. 165. UNITED STATES MEMBERSHIP IN THE ASIAN-PACIFIC ECONOMIC COOPERATION ORGANIZATION.

(a) **UNITED STATES MEMBERSHIP.**—The President is authorized to maintain membership of the United States in the Asian-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC).

(b) **PAYMENT OF ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS.**—For fiscal year 1994 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the United States assessed contributions to APEC may be paid from funds appropriated for “Contributions to International Organizations”.

SEC. 166. LIMITATION ON CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND AFFILIATED ORGANIZATIONS.

The United States shall not make any voluntary or assessed contribution—

(1) to any affiliated organization of the United Nations which grants full membership as a state to any organization or group that does not have the internationally recognized attributes of statehood, or

(2) to the United Nations, if the United Nations grants full membership as a state in the United Nations to any organization or group that does not have the internationally recognized attributes of statehood, during any period in which such membership is effective.

SEC. 167. INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING REFORM.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The Congress finds that—

(1) at the beginning of 1993, there were 13 United Nations international peacekeeping operations in existence, 9 of which were established since 1990;

(2) in 1987 the United Nations spent \$233,000,000 on all international peacekeeping operations, compared to \$3,800,000,000 budgeted for this function in 1993;

(3) while the United States is currently assessed 25 percent of the regular budget of the United Nations and its specialized agencies, the United States had, until 1993, been assessed 30.4 percent for the United Nations peacekeeping operations;

(4) by early 1993, the United Nations unilaterally increased the United States assessed level for international peacekeeping operations to 31.7 percent to compensate for the breakup of the former Soviet Union;

(5) the United States’ share of the United Nations international peacekeeping assessments is significantly higher than that of any other member state, regardless of economic strength, location, or potential to benefit from specific peacekeeping missions;

(6) the United States Government faces a protected period of serious fiscal constraint, particularly in its international affairs budget;

(7) there is growing concern in the Congress over the potential for excessive reliance on United Nations international peacekeeping operations for the resolution of local and regional conflicts, including concern over the continued viability of existing United Nations peacekeeping operations that have become permanent fixtures in local disputes rather than serving to bring such disputes to resolution; and

(8) for fiscal year 1994, the executive branch has requested the creation of a United States Peacekeeping Emergency Fund to increase the ability of the United States to respond quickly to unforeseen peacekeeping emergencies.

(b) **SENSE OF CONGRESS.**—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the United States should seek to negotiate a reduction of its assessed share for any international peacekeeping operation to its current share of the regular assessed budget for the international organization or entity with jurisdiction over that operation;

(2) all United States military assistance, logistical support and in-kind contributions for an international peacekeeping operation should either be fully counted toward the United States assessment for that operation or should be fully reimbursed; and

(3) regional countries or groups of countries that would receive disproportionate benefit from the establishment of an international operation should voluntarily provide a higher proportionate share of the costs of that peacekeeping operation.

(c) **RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF FUNDS IN THE ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES ACCOUNT.**—Notwithstanding any other provi-

sion of law, funds authorized under this Act to be appropriated to the Contributions for International Peacekeeping Activities Account at the Department of State may not be made available for the payment of assessed contributions to United Nations international peacekeeping operations in excess of 30.4 percent of the cost of such operations.

PART F—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 181. WOMEN'S HUMAN RIGHTS PROTECTION.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—The Congress makes the following declarations:

(1) The State Department should designate within the appropriate bureau a special assistant to the Assistant Secretary to promote international women's human rights within the overall human rights policy of the United States Government.

(2) The purpose of assigning a special assistant on women's human rights issues is not to segregate such issues, but rather to assure that they are considered along with other human rights issues in the development of United States foreign policy.

(3) A specifically designated special assistant is necessary because within the human rights field and the foreign policy establishment, the issues of gender-based discrimination and violence against women have long been ignored or made invisible.

(4) The Congress believes that abuses against women would have greater visibility and protection of women's human rights would improve if the advocate were responsible for integrating women's human rights issues into United States human rights policy in ways including, but not limited to, the following:

(A) The designated women's human rights advocate would seek to assure that the issue of abuses against women, along with human rights issues generally, are a factor in determining appropriate recipients for United States bilateral assistance as well as United States votes at the multilateral development banks.

(B) The advocate would work with the regional bureaus of the Department of State to devise strategies for the executive branch to bring pressure to bear on governments that engage in violence or systematic discrimination against women or fail to afford equal treatment of women before the law.

(C) The advocate would, in consultation with the bureau responsible for international organizations, pursue strategies to increase the visibility and integration of gender-based persecution and violence in multilateral fora including, but not limited to, the United States Commission on Human Rights and the Working Group on Torture.

(D) The advocate would seek to assure that the United States Trade Representative conduct inquiries and take steps to prevent countries from receiving trade benefits under the Generalized System of Preferences and most favored nation status where governments fail to address violence, systematic discrimination, and exploitation of women workers.

(E) The advocate would seek to assure that the protection of women's human rights, including women's participation in the political process, women's right to freedom of association and expression, and freedom from discrimination, would be addressed in the context of United States funded programs in the area of democracy including, but not limited to, democracy programs at the Agency for International Development, democracy programs for Eastern Europe funded by the Support for East European Democracy (SEED) Act of 1989, and new programs that may be contemplated.

(F) The advocate would seek to assure that United States assistance programs in the area of administration of justice include efforts to redress violations of women's rights.

(G) The advocate would work with the Agency for International Development and the appropriate office at the Department of State to secure funding for programs to meet the needs of women victims of human rights abuses including, but not limited to, medical and psychological assistance for rape victims.

(H) The advocate would work to assure United States ratification of the United Nations Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW) and oversee the preparation of reports pursuant to that Convention.

(I) The advocate would seek to upgrade the quality and quantity of information about abuses of women's human rights in the reporting from United States embassies overseas, incorporate that information not only in the State Department Country Reports on Human Rights, but also in other public statements and documents including, but not limited to, congressional testimony and private demarches.

(b) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—

(1) Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall notify the Congress of the steps taken to create the position described in subsection (a) or to otherwise fulfill the objectives detailed in that subsection.

(2) If the United Nations Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW) has not been submitted to the Senate for ratification, not more than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall notify the Congress, in writing, of the administration's position on the ratification of CEDAW and timetable for submission of CEDAW for congressional consideration and approval.

SEC. 182. PUBLISHING INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.

Section 112a of title 1 of the United States Code is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" immediately before "The Secretary of State"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsections:

"(b) The Secretary of State may determine that publication of certain categories of agreements is not required, if the following criteria are met:

"(1) such agreements are not treaties which have been brought into force for the United States after having received Senate advice and consent pursuant to section 2(2) of Article II of the Constitution of the United States;

"(2) the public interest in such agreements is insufficient to justify their publication, because (A) as of the date of enactment of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995, the agreements are no longer in force, (B) the agreements do not create private rights or duties, nor establish standards intended to govern government action in the treatment of private individuals; (C) in view of the limited or specialized nature of the public interest in such agreements, such interest can adequately be satisfied by an alternative means; or (D) the public disclosure of the text of the agreement would, in the opinion of the President, be prejudicial to the national security of the United States; and

"(3) copies of such agreements (other than those in paragraph (2)(D)), including certified copies where necessary for litigation or similar purposes, will be made available by the Department of State upon request.

"(c) Any determination pursuant to subsection (b) shall be published in the Federal Register."

SEC. 183. MIGRATION AND REFUGEE AMENDMENTS.

(a) MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE ACT AMENDMENTS.—

(1) The Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601) is amended—

(A) in section 2 by striking "the Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration" and inserting "the International Organization for Migration" each place it appears;

(B) in section 2(a) by striking "the Committee" and inserting "the Organization" each place it appears;

(C) in the first sentence of section 2(a) by inserting before the period "as amended in Geneva, Switzerland, on May 20, 1987"; and

(D) in section 2(c)(2), by striking "\$50,000,000" and inserting "\$100,000,000".

(2) Section 745 of Public Law 100-204 (22 U.S.C. 2601 note) is repealed.

SEC. 184. UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The effectiveness of the United Nations Security Council in maintaining international peace and security depends on its being representative of the membership of the United Nations.

(2) The requirement of equitable geographic distribution in Article 23 of the United Nations Charter requires that the members of the Security Council of the United Nations be chosen by nondiscriminatory means.

(3) The use of informal regional groups of the General Assembly as the sole means for election of the nonpermanent members of the Security Council is inherently discriminatory in the absence of guarantees that all member states will have the opportunity to join a regional group, and has resulted in discrimination against Israel.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that the President should direct the Secretary of State to request the Secretary-General of the United Nations to seek immediate resolution of this problem. The President shall inform the Congress of any progress in resolving this situation together with the submission to Congress of the request for funding for the "Contributions to International Organizations" account for the fiscal year 1995.

SEC. 185. REFORMS IN THE FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION.

In light of the longstanding efforts of the United States and the other major donor nations to reform the Food and Agriculture Organization and the findings of the ongoing investigation of the General Accounting Office, it is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the United States should use the opportunity of the 1993 election of a new Director General of the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) to press for long-needed organizational and management reforms; and

(2) it should be the policy of the United States to promote the following reforms in the Food and Agriculture Organization:

(A) Decentralization of the administrative structure of FAO, including eliminating redundant or unnecessary headquarters staff, increased responsibilities of regional offices, increased time for consideration of budget issues by member states, and a more meaningful and direct role for member states in the decision-making process.

(B) Reform of the FAO Council, including formation of an executive management committee to provide oversight of management.

(C) Limitation of the term of the Director General and the number of terms which an individual may serve.

(D) Restructuring of the Technical Cooperation Program (TCP), including reducing the number of nonemergency projects funds through the TCP and establishing procedures to deploy TCP consultants, supplies, and equipment in a timely manner.

SEC. 186. INTERPARLIAMENTARY EXCHANGES.

(a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) Section 2 of Public Law 86-420 is amended—

(A) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting "\$80,000"; and

(B) by striking "\$50,000" both places it appears and inserting "\$40,000".

(2) Section 2 of Public Law 86-42 is amended—

(A) by striking "\$50,000" and inserting "\$70,000"; and

(B) by striking "\$25,000" both places it appears and inserting "\$35,000".

(b) DEPOSIT OF FUNDS IN INTEREST-BEARING ACCOUNTS.—Funds appropriated and disbursed pursuant to section 303 of Title III of Public Law 100-202 (101 Stat. 1329-23; 22 U.S.C. 276 note) are authorized to be deposited in interest-bearing accounts and any interest which accrues shall be deposited, periodically, in a miscellaneous account of the Treasury.

SEC. 187. UNITED STATES POLICY CONCERNING OVERSEAS ASSISTANCE TO REFUGEES AND DISPLACED PERSONS.

(a) STANDARDS FOR REFUGEE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.—The United States Government, in providing for overseas assistance and protection of refugees and displaced persons, shall seek to address the protection and provision of basic needs of refugee women and children who represent 80 percent of the world's refugee population. As called for in the 1991 United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) "Guidelines on the Protection of Refugee Women," whether directly, or through international organizations and nongovernmental voluntary organizations, the Secretary of State shall seek to ensure—

(1) specific attention on the part of the United Nations and relief organizations to recruit and employ female protection officers;

(2) implementation of gender awareness training for field staff including, but not limited to, security personnel;

(3) the protection of refugee women and children from violence and other abuses on the part of governments or insurgent groups;

(4) full involvement of women refugees in the planning and implementation of (A) the delivery of services and assistance, and (B) the repatriation process;

(5) incorporation of maternal and child health needs into refugee health services and education, specifically to include education on and access to services in reproductive health and birth spacing;

(6) the availability of counseling and other services, grievance processes, and protective services to victims of violence and abuse, including but not limited to rape and domestic violence;

(7) the provision of educational programs, particularly literacy and numeracy, vocational and income-generation skills training, and other training efforts promoting self-sufficiency for refugee women, with special emphasis on women heads of household;

(8) education for all refugee children, ensuring equal access for girls, and special services and family tracing for unaccompanied refugee minors;

(9) the collection of data that clearly enumerate age and gender so that appropriate health, education, and assistance programs can be planned;

(10) the recruitment, hiring, and training of more women program professionals in the international humanitarian field; and

(11) gender-awareness training for program staff of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) and nongovernmental voluntary organizations on implementation of the 1991 UNHCR "Guidelines on the Protection of Refugee Women".

(b) PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of State shall adopt specific procedures to ensure that all recipients of United States Govern-

ment refugee and migration assistance funds implement the standards outlined in subsection (a).

(c) REQUIREMENTS FOR REFUGEE AND MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of State, in providing migration and refugee assistance, should support the protection efforts set forth under this section by raising at the highest levels of government the issue of abuses against refugee women and children by governments or insurgent groups that engage in, permit, or condone—

(1) a pattern of gross violations of internationally recognized human rights, such as torture or cruel, inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment, prolonged detention without charges, or other flagrant denial to life, liberty, and the security of person;

(2) the blockage of humanitarian relief assistance;

(3) gender-specific persecution such as systematic individual or mass rape, forced pregnancy, forced abortion, enforced prostitution, any form of indecent assault or act of violence against refugee women, girls, and children; or

(4) continuing violations of the integrity of the person against refugee women and children on the part of armed insurgents, local security forces, or camp guards.

(d) INVESTIGATION OF REPORTS.—Upon receipt of credible reports of abuses under subsection (c), the Secretary of State should immediately investigate such reports through emergency fact-finding missions or other means of investigating such reports and help identify appropriate remedial measures.

(e) MULTILATERAL ORGANIZATIONS.—The United States Government shall use its voice and vote in the United Nations and its participation in other multilateral organizations, to promote policies which seek to protect and address basic human rights and needs of refugee women and children. The Secretary of State shall work to ensure that multilateral organizations fully incorporate the needs of refugee women and children into all elements of refugee assistance programs.

(f) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON MULTILATERAL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE 1991 UNHCR "GUIDELINES ON THE PROTECTION OF REFUGEE WOMEN".—It is the sense of the Congress that the President should enter into bilateral and multilateral negotiations to encourage other governments that provide refugee assistance to adopt refugee assistance policies designed to encourage full implementation of the UNHCR's 1991 "Guidelines on the Protection of Refugee Women".

SEC. 188. POLICY ON MIDDLE EAST ARMS SALES.

(a) BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL.—Section 322 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-138) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2) by striking "and" at the end;

(2) in paragraph (3)(A) by striking "and" after the semicolon;

(3) in paragraph (3)(B) by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

"(C) does not participate in the Arab League primary or secondary boycott of Israel."

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate concerning steps taken to ensure that the goals of the amendment under subsection (a) are being met.

SEC. 189. REPORT ON TERRORIST ASSETS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Section 304(a) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-138) is amended—

(1) by striking "Treasury" and inserting "Treasury, in consultation with the Attorney General and appropriate investigative agencies,"; and

(2) by inserting at the end "Each such report shall provide a detailed list and description of specific assets."

SEC. 190. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING UNITED STATES CITIZENS VICTIMIZED BY GERMANY DURING WORLD WAR II.

(a) CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The national interests of the United States require the presence abroad of United States citizens.

(2) Conditions in many parts of the world present dangers to the safety and security of Americans abroad.

(3) The protection of United States citizens abroad depends on their enjoying full protection against war crimes and crimes against humanity committed by foreign governments.

(4) The conduct of the Government of Germany in using slave labor during the period 1939 to 1945 constituted the acts of an outlaw state and an abrogation of treaty obligations under the Convention Respecting the Laws and Customs of War on Land (Done at The Hague, 18 October 1907).

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that United States citizens who were victims of war crimes and crimes against humanity committed by the Government of Germany during the period 1939 to 1945 should be compensated by the Government of Germany.

SEC. 191. TRANSPARENCY IN ARMAMENTS.

It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) no sale of any defense article or defense service should be made, no license should be issued for the export of any defense article or defense service, and no agreement to transfer in any way any defense article or defense service should be made to any nation that does not fully furnish all pertinent data to the United Nations Register of Conventional Arms pursuant to United Nations General Assembly Resolution 46/36L by the reporting date specified by such register; and

(2) if a nation has not submitted the required information by the reporting date of a particular year, but subsequently submits notification to the United Nations that it intends to provide such information at the next reporting date, an agreement may be negotiated with the nation or a license may be issued, but the actual delivery of such defense article or service should not occur until that nation submits such information.

SEC. 192. REVITALIZATION OF THE "PERMANENT FIVE" PROCESS.

(a) CONGRESSIONAL DECLARATIONS.—The Congress makes the following findings and declarations:

(1) Talks among the five permanent members of the United Nations Security Council ("Perm-5") first established in October 1991 present the best opportunity to negotiate qualitative and quantitative guidelines on conventional arms sales to the developing world.

(2) Reconvening of the "Perm-5" talks is an urgent matter of international security.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that the President should seek to restart "Perm-5" talks and should report to the Congress on the progress of such talks and the effects of United States agreements since October 1991 to sell arms to the developing world.

SEC. 193. REPORT ON THE IMPACT OF CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS PROLIFERATION.

Section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776) is amended in paragraph (1) by inserting after the first sentence "Each certification shall provide an evaluation of the manner in which the proposed sale would meet legitimate defense needs of the foreign country or international organization to which the sale would be made, increase regional tensions or instability, and introduce new or more sophisticated military capabilities into the region."

SEC. 194. ESTABLISHMENT OF INDEPENDENT INSPECTORS GENERAL AT INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.

The Congress makes the following findings and declarations:

(1) As a result of the March 1, 1993, report by then United Nations Under Secretary General for Administration and Management, the Honorable Richard Thornburg, concern has been raised about the United Nation's deficiencies in dealing with fraud, waste, and abuse.

(2) It is the sense of the Congress that the President should pay urgent attention to persuading the Secretary General of the United Nations to take immediate steps to implement the recommendations contained in the March 1, 1993, report, giving prominent attention to the finding that the organization urgently needs the establishment of a strong and independent office of inspector general for the purposes of internal program and administrative audit and efficiency review. It is further the sense of the Congress that the reports and findings of an inspector general should be fully available to member states.

(3) The President should seek to persuade other international organizations of which the United States is a member to establish independent inspectors general, where applicable, in addition to other steps to develop effective means to eliminate fraud, waste, and abuse.

(4) It is the sense of the Congress that all program and administrative audit and efficiency reviews should be fully available to the governing bodies of such organizations.

(5) It is the sense of the Congress that the President should include as a condition of new membership (or renewal of suspended membership) in any major international organization that the international organization have effective program and administrative audits and efficiency reviews which are provided to member states as expeditiously as possible after such reports and findings are made.

SEC. 195. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING ADHERENCE TO UNITED NATIONS CHARTER.

It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the President should seek an assurance from the Secretary General of the United Nations that the United Nations will comply with Article 100 of the United Nations Charter;

(2) neither the Secretary General of the United Nations nor his staff should seek or receive instructions from any government or from any other authority external to the United Nations; and

(3) the President should report to Congress when he receives such assurance from the Secretary General of the United Nations.

SEC. 196. FOOD AS A HUMAN RIGHT.

(a) THE RIGHT TO FOOD AND UNITED STATES FOREIGN POLICY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The United States shall, in accordance with its international obligations and in keeping with the longstanding humanitarian tradition of the United States, promote increased respect internationally for the rights to food and to medical care, including the protection of these rights with

respect to civilians and noncombatants during times of armed conflict (such as through ensuring safe passage of relief supplies and access to impartial humanitarian relief organizations providing relief assistance).

(2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.—The responsibilities of the assistant Secretary of State who is responsible for human rights and humanitarian affairs shall include promoting increased respect internationally for the rights to food and to medical care in accordance with paragraph (1).

(b) UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE RIGHT TO FOOD.—It is the sense of the Congress that a major effort should be made to strengthen the right to food in international law to assure the access to all persons to adequate food supplies. Toward that end, the Secretary of State, through the United States Representative to the United Nations, should propose to the United Nations General Assembly that a Declaration and Convention concerning the right to food be adopted and submitted to the countries of the world for ratification.

TITLE II—UNITED STATES INFORMATIONAL, EDUCATIONAL, AND CULTURAL PROGRAMS**PART A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS****SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

The following amounts are authorized to be appropriated to carry out international information activities, and educational and cultural exchange programs under the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, Reorganization Plan Number 2 of 1977, the Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act, the Television Broadcasting to Cuba Act, the Board for International Broadcasting Act, the Inspector General Act of 1978, the Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between North and South Act, the National Endowment for Democracy Act, and to carry out other authorities in law consistent with such purposes:

(1) SALARIES AND EXPENSES.—For "Salaries and Expenses", \$489,854,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$503,362,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(2) EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.—

(A) FULBRIGHT ACADEMIC EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.—For the "Fulbright Academic Exchange Programs", \$137,043,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$140,743,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(B) OTHER PROGRAMS.—For "Hubert H. Humphrey Fellowship Program", "Edmund S. Muskie Fellowship Program", "International Visitors Program", "Israeli-Arab Scholarship Program", "Mike Mansfield Fellowship Program", "Claude and Mildred Pepper Scholarship Program of the Washington Workshops Foundation", "Citizen Exchange Programs", "Congress-Bundestag Exchange Program", "Newly Independent States and Eastern Europe Training", "Institute for Representative Government", "Freedom Support Act Secondary School Exchanges", "South Pacific Exchanges", and "Arts America", \$108,482,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$110,731,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(3) BROADCASTING TO CUBA.—For "Broadcasting to Cuba", \$28,351,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$28,362,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(4) INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING ACTIVITIES.—For "International Broadcasting Activities" under part B, \$606,790,000 for the fiscal year 1994, and \$717,790,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(5) OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.—For "Office of the Inspector General", \$4,390,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$4,396,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(6) CENTER FOR CULTURAL AND TECHNICAL INTERCHANGE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST.—For "Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange between East and West", \$23,000,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$23,621,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

(7) AMERICAN STUDIES COLLECTIONS.—To the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs of the United States Information Agency—

(A) \$1,650,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$1,950,000 for the fiscal year 1995 to fund the endowment authorized to be established under section 239; and

(B) in addition to such amounts under subparagraph (A), \$450,000 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 to carry out section 239.

PART B—INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES**SEC. 211. SHORT TITLE.**

This part may be cited as the "International Broadcasting Act of 1993".

SEC. 212. FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS.

The Congress makes the following findings and declarations of policy:

(1) It is the policy of the United States to promote the freedom "to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers", in accordance with article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

(2) Open communication among the peoples of the world is in the interests of the United States.

(3) It is in the interests of the United States to support broadcasting to other nations consistent with the requirements of this Act.

SEC. 213. STANDARDS.

International broadcasting supported by United States Government funds shall—

(1) be consistent with the broad foreign policy objectives of the United States;

(2) be consistent with the international telecommunications policies and treaty obligations of the United States;

(3) complement the activities of private United States broadcasters;

(4) complement the activities of government supported broadcasting entities of other democratic nations;

(5) be conducted in accordance with the highest professional standards of broadcast journalism;

(6) be based on reliable information about its potential audience; and

(7) be designed so as to effectively reach a significant audience.

SEC. 214. FUNCTIONS.

United States international broadcasting shall include—

(1) news which is consistently reliable and authoritative, accurate, objective, and comprehensive;

(2) a balanced and comprehensive projection of American thought and institutions, reflecting the diversity of American culture and society;

(3) clear and effective presentation of the policies of the United States Government and responsible discussion and opinion on those policies;

(4) programming to meet needs which remain unmet by the totality of media voices available to the people of certain nations;

(5) a source of information about developments in each significant region of the world;

(6) a forum for a variety of opinions and voices from within particular nations and regions prevented by censorship or repression from speaking to their fellow countrymen;

(7) reliable research capacity to meet the criteria under this section;

(8) adequate transmitter and relay capacity to support the activities described in this section;

(9) a source of information about developments in Asia and a forum for a variety of opinions and voices from within Asian nations whose people do not enjoy freedom of expression; and

(10) training and technical support for independent indigenous media through government agencies or private United States entities.

SEC. 215. ADMINISTRATION.

(a) **AUTHORITY OF PRESIDENT.**—The President may assign responsibility for any of the functions of United States Government supported international broadcasting to any agency of the United States Government. The President may authorize any public or private entity to carry out the functions described in paragraphs (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of section 214(b).

(b) **GRANTS.**—The President and any agency of the United States Government is authorized to make grants to RFE/RL Incorporated or any other public or private entity in order to carry out the functions of paragraphs (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of section 214(b). In exercising oversight responsibilities pursuant to any such grant, an agency shall consider the necessity of maintaining the professional independence and integrity of the grantee in carrying out such functions.

SEC. 216. USIA SATELLITE AND TELEVISION.

The President is authorized to delegate any of the authorities and duties under section 505 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1464a) to any agency of the United States Government.

SEC. 217. ISRAEL RELAY STATION.

Section 301(c) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991, is repealed.

SEC. 218. REQUIREMENT FOR AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) **LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION AND EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the fiscal year 1994 and for each subsequent fiscal year, any funds appropriated for the purposes of this part shall not be available for obligation or expenditure—

(1) unless such funds are appropriated pursuant to an authorization of appropriations; or

(2) in excess of the authorized level of appropriations.

(b) **SUBSEQUENT AUTHORIZATION.**—The limitation under subsection (a) shall not apply to the extent that an authorization of appropriations is enacted after such funds are appropriated.

(c) **APPLICATION.**—The provisions of this section—

(1) may not be superseded, except by a provision of law which specifically repeals, modifies, or supersedes the provisions of this section; and

(2) shall not apply to, or affect in any manner, permanent appropriations, trust funds, and other similar accounts which are authorized by law and administered under or pursuant to this part.

SEC. 219. REPORT ON ADVERTISING.

Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, each agency of the United States Government which carries out international broadcasting supported by United States Government funding shall prepare and submit a report to the Congress concerning efforts to sell advertising. Each such report shall include information with respect to the amount of advertising which has been sold, the revenue generated by the sale of advertising, and an evaluation of the potential for sales of advertising.

**PART C—USIA AND RELATED AGENCIES
AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES**

SEC. 231. CHANGES IN ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITIES.

Section 801 of the United States Informational and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1471) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5) by striking “and” after the semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (6) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(7) notwithstanding any other provision of law, to carry out projects involving security construction and related improvements for Agency facilities not physically located together with Department of State facilities abroad.”

SEC. 232. EMPLOYMENT AUTHORITY.

Section 804(6) of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1474(6)) is amended to read as follows:

“(6) employ individuals or organizations by contract for services to be performed in the United States or abroad, who shall not, by virtue of such employment, be considered to be employees of the United States Government for the purposes of any law administered by the Office of Personnel Management, except that the Director may determine the applicability to such individuals of paragraph (5) of this section;”

SEC. 233. BUYING POWER MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

Section 704 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1477(b)) is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(c)”;

(2) by striking “(1) the” and inserting “(A)”;

(3) by striking “(2)” and inserting “(B)”;

and

(4) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(2) In carrying out this subsection, there may be established a Buying Power Maintenance account.

“(3) In order to eliminate substantial gains to the approved levels of overseas operations for the United States Information Agency, the Director shall transfer to the Buying Power Maintenance account such amounts in the Salaries and Expenses appropriations as the Director determines are excessive to the needs of the approved level of operations under that appropriation account because of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates or changes in overseas wages and prices.

“(4) In order to offset adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates or foreign wages and prices, the Director may transfer from the Buying Power Maintenance account to the Salaries and Expenses appropriation such amounts as the Director determines are necessary to maintain the approved level of operations under that appropriation account.

“(5) Funds transferred by the Director from the Buying Power Maintenance account to another account shall be merged with and be available for the same purpose, and for the same time period, as the funds in that other account. Funds transferred by the Director from another account to the Buying Power Maintenance account shall be merged with the funds in the Buying Power Maintenance account and shall be available for the purposes of that account until expended.

“(6) Any restriction contained in an appropriation Act or other provision of law limiting the amounts available for the United States Information Agency that may be obligated or expended shall be deemed to be adjusted to the extent necessary to offset the net effect of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates or overseas wage and price changes in order to maintain approved levels.

“(7)(A) Subject to the limitations contained in this paragraph, not later than the end of the 5th fiscal year after the fiscal year for which funds are appropriated or otherwise made available for the Salaries and Expenses account, the Director may transfer any unobligated balance of such funds to the Buying Power Maintenance account.

“(B) The balance of the Buying Power Maintenance account may not exceed \$50,000,000 as a result of any transfer under this paragraph.

“(C) Any transfer pursuant to this paragraph shall be treated as a reprogramming of funds under section 705 and shall be available for obligation or expenditure only in accordance with the procedures under such section.

“(D) The authorities contained in this section may only be exercised to such an extent and in such amounts as specifically provided in advance in appropriation Acts.”

SEC. 234. CONTRACT AUTHORITY.

Section 802(b) of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1472(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4)(A) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subsection, the United States Information Agency is authorized to enter into contracts for periods not to exceed 7 years for circuit capacity to distribute radio and television programs.

“(B) The authority of this paragraph may be exercised for a fiscal year only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriations Acts.”

SEC. 235. APPROPRIATIONS AUTHORITIES.

Subsection (f) of section 701 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1476(f)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “the second” and inserting “either”; and

(B) by striking “such second” and inserting “such”; and

(2) by striking paragraph (4).

SEC. 236. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.

Section 105 of Public Law 87-256 is amended by striking out subsection (a).

SEC. 237. SEPARATE LEDGER ACCOUNTS FOR NED GRANTEES.

Section 504(h)(1) of the National Endowment for Democracy Act (22 U.S.C. 4413(h)(1)) is amended by striking “accounts” and inserting “bank accounts or separate self-balancing ledger accounts”.

SEC. 238. AMERICAN STUDIES COLLECTIONS.

(a) **AUTHORITY.**—In order to promote a thorough understanding of the United States among emerging elites abroad, the Director of the United States Information Agency is authorized to establish and support collections at appropriate university libraries abroad to further the study of the United States, and to enter into agreements with such universities for such purposes.

(b) **DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT.**—Such collections—

(1) shall be developed in consultation with United States associations and organizations of scholars in the principal academic disciplines in which American studies are conducted; and

(2) shall be designed primarily to meet the needs of undergraduate and graduate students of American studies.

(c) **SITE SELECTION.**—In selecting universities abroad as sites for such collections, the Director shall—

(1) ensure that such universities are able, within a reasonable period of the establishment of such collections, to assume responsibility for their maintenance in current form;

(2) ensure that undergraduate and graduate students shall enjoy reasonable access to such collections; and

(3) include in any agreement entered into between the United States Information Agency and a university abroad, terms embodying a contractual commitment of such maintenance and access under this subsection.

(d) FUNDING.—

(1) The Director of the United States Information Agency is authorized to establish an endowment fund (hereafter in this section referred to as the "fund") to carry out the purposes of this section and to enter into such agreements as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

(2)(A) The Director shall make deposits to the fund of amounts appropriated to the fund under section 201.

(B) The Director is authorized to accept, use, and dispose of gifts of donations of services or property to carry out this section. Sums of money donated to carry out the purposes of this section shall be deposited into the fund.

(3) The corpus of the fund shall be invested in Federally-insured bank savings accounts or comparable interest-bearing accounts, certificates of deposit, money market funds, obligations of the United States, or other low-risk instruments and securities.

(4) The Director may withdraw or expend amounts from the fund for any expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

SEC. 239. SOUTH PACIFIC EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.

(a) AUTHORIZED PROGRAMS.—The Director of the United States Information Agency is authorized to award academic scholarships to qualified students from the sovereign nations of the South Pacific region to pursue undergraduate and postgraduate study at institutions of higher education in the United States; to make grants to accomplished United States scholars and experts to pursue research, to teach, or to offer training in such nations; and to make grants for youth exchanges.

(b) LIMITATION.—Grants awarded to United States scholars and experts may not exceed 10 percent of the total funds awarded for any fiscal year for programs under this section.

SEC. 240. COORDINATION OF UNITED STATES EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.

Section 112 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(f) The President shall ensure that all exchange programs conducted by the United States Government, its departments and agencies, directly or through agreements with other parties, are coordinated through the Bureau to ensure that such exchanges are consistent with United States foreign policy and to avoid duplication of effort. The President shall report annually to the Congress on such coordination. Such report shall include information concerning what exchanges are supported by the United States, the number of exchange participants supported, the types of exchange activities, and the total amount of Federal expenditures for such exchanges."

SEC. 241. LIMITATION CONCERNING PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITIONS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the United States Information Agency is not authorized to reprogram funds in order to obligate or expend any funds for a United States Government funded pavilion or other major exhibit at any international exposition or world's fair registered by the Bureau of International Expositions in excess of amounts expressly authorized and appropriated for such purpose.

SEC. 242. PRIVATE SECTOR OPPORTUNITIES.

Section 104(e)(4) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.

2454) is amended by inserting before the period "; and of similar services and opportunities for interchange not supported by the United States Government".

SEC. 243. EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGES WITH TIBET.

The Director of the United States Information Agency shall establish programs of educational and cultural exchange between the United States and the people of Tibet. Such programs shall include opportunities for training and, as the Director considers appropriate, may include the assignment of personnel and resources abroad.

SEC. 244. CHANGES IN ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITIES.

Section 208 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987 (22 U.S.C. 1461-1a) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The provisions of this section shall not prohibit the United States Information Agency from responding to inquiries from members of the public about its operations, policies, or programs."

PART D—MIKE MANSFIELD FELLOWSHIPS

SEC. 251. SHORT TITLE.

This part may be cited as the "Mike Mansfield Fellowship Act".

SEC. 252. ESTABLISHMENT OF FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—(1) There is hereby established the "Mike Mansfield Fellowship Program" pursuant to which the Director of the United States Information Agency will make grants, subject to the availability of appropriations, to the Mansfield Center for Pacific Affairs to award fellowships to eligible United States citizens for periods of 2 years each (or, pursuant to section 253(5)(C), for such shorter period of time as the Center may determine based on a Fellow's level of proficiency in the Japanese language or knowledge of the political economy of Japan) as follows:

(A) During the first year each fellowship recipient will study the Japanese language as well as Japan's political economy.

(B) During the second year each fellowship recipient will serve as a Fellow in a parliamentary office, ministry, or other agency of the Government of Japan or, subject to the approval of the Center, a nongovernmental Japanese institution associated with the interests of the fellowship recipient, consistent with the purposes of this part.

(2) Fellowships under this part may be known as "Mansfield Fellowships", and individuals awarded such fellowships may be known as "Mansfield Fellows".

(b) ELIGIBILITY OF CENTER FOR GRANTS.—Grants may be made to the Center under this section only if the Center agrees to comply with the requirements of section 253.

(c) INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT.—The Director of the United States Information Agency should enter into negotiations for an agreement with the Government of Japan for the purpose of placing Mansfield Fellows in the Government of Japan.

(d) PRIVATE SOURCES.—The Center is authorized to accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property in carrying out the fellowship program, subject to the review and approval of the Board described in section 255.

SEC. 253. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.

The program established under this part shall comply with the following requirements:

(1) United States citizens who are eligible for fellowships under this part shall be employees of the Federal Government having at least two years experience in any branch of the Government, a strong career interest in United States-Japan relations, and a demonstrated commitment to further service in the Federal Government.

(2) Not less than 10 fellowships shall be awarded each year.

(3) Mansfield Fellows shall agree—

(A) to maintain satisfactory progress in language training and appropriate behavior in Japan, as determined by the Center, as a condition of continued receipt of Federal funds; and

(B) to return to the Federal Government for further employment for a period of at least 2 years following the end of their fellowships, unless, in the determination of the Center, the Fellow is unable (for reasons beyond the Fellow's control and after receiving assistance from the Center as provided in paragraph (8)) to find reemployment for such period.

(4) During the period of the fellowship, the Center shall provide each Mansfield Fellow—

(A) a stipend at a rate of pay equal to the rate of pay that individual was receiving when he or she entered the program, plus a cost-of-living adjustment calculated at the same rate of pay, and for the same period of time, for which such adjustments were made to the salaries of individuals occupying competitive positions in the civil service during the same period as the fellowship; and

(B) certain allowances and benefits as that individual would have been entitled to, but for his or her separation from Government service, as a United States Government civilian employee overseas under the Standardized Regulations (Government Civilians, Foreign Areas) of the Department of State, as follows: a living quarters allowance to cover the cost of housing in Japan, a post allowance to cover the significantly higher costs of living in Japan, a temporary quarters subsistence allowance for up to 7 days for Fellows unable to find housing immediately upon arrival in Japan, an education allowance to assist parents in providing their children with educational services ordinarily provided without charge by United States public schools, moving expenses of up to \$3,000 for personal belongings of Fellows and their families in their move to Japan and up to \$500 for Fellows residing outside the Washington, D.C. area in moving to the Washington, D.C. area, and one-round-trip economy-class airline ticket to Japan for each Fellow and the Fellow's immediate family.

(5)(A) For the first year of each fellowship, the Center shall provide Fellows with intensive Japanese language training in the Washington, D.C., area, as well as courses in the political economy of Japan.

(B) Such training shall be of the same quality as training provided to Foreign Service officers before they are assigned to Japan.

(C) The Center may waive any or all of the training required by subparagraph (A) to the extent that a Fellow has Japanese language skills or knowledge of Japan's political economy, and the 2 year fellowship period shall be shortened to the extent such training is less than one year.

(6) Any Mansfield Fellow not complying with the requirements of this section shall reimburse the United States Information Agency for the Federal funds expended for the Fellow's participation in the fellowship, together with interest on such funds (calculated at the prevailing rate), as follows:

(A) Full reimbursement for noncompliance with paragraph (3)(A) or (9); and

(B) pro rata reimbursement for noncompliance with paragraph (3)(B) for any period the Fellow is reemployed by the Federal Government that is less than the period specified in paragraph (3)(B), at a rate equal to the amount the Fellow received during the final year of the fellowship for the same period of time, including any allowances and benefits provided under paragraph (4).

(7) The Center shall select Mansfield Fellows based solely on merit. The Center shall make positive efforts to recruit candidates reflecting the cultural, racial, and ethnic diversity of the United States.

(8) The Center shall assist any Mansfield Fellow in finding employment in the Federal Government if such Fellow was not able, at the end of the fellowship, to be reemployed in the agency from which he or she separated to become a Fellow.

(9) No Mansfield Fellow may engage in any intelligence or intelligence-related activity on behalf of the United States Government.

(10) The accounts of the Center shall be audited annually in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by independent certified public accountants or independent licensed public accountants, certified or licensed by a regulatory authority of a State or other political subdivision of the United States. The audit shall be conducted at the place or places where the accounts of the Center are normally kept. All books, accounts, financial records, files, and other papers, things, and property belonging to or in use by the Center and necessary to facilitate the audit shall be made available to the person or persons conducting the audit, and full facilities for verifying transactions with the balances or securities held by depositories, fiscal agents, and custodians shall be afforded to such person or persons.

(11) The Center shall provide a report of the audit to the Board no later than six months following the close of the fiscal year for which the audit is made. The report shall set forth the scope of the audit and include such statements, together with the independent auditor's opinion of those statements, as are necessary to present fairly the Center's assets and liabilities, surplus or deficit, with reasonable detail, including a statement of the Center's income and expenses during the year, including a schedule of all contracts and grants requiring payments in excess of \$5,000 and any payments of compensation, salaries, or fees at a rate in excess of \$5,000 per year. The report shall be produced in sufficient copies for the public.

SEC. 254. SEPARATION OF GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL DURING THE FELLOWSHIPS.

(a) SEPARATION.—Under such terms and conditions as the agency head may direct, any agency of the United States Government may separate from Government service for a specified period any officer or employee of that agency who accepts a fellowship under the program established by this part.

(b) REEMPLOYMENT.—Any Mansfield Fellow, at the end of the fellowship, is entitled to be reemployed in the same manner as if covered by section 3582 of title 5, United States Code.

(c) RIGHTS AND BENEFITS.—Notwithstanding section 8347(o), 8713, or 8914 of title 5, United States Code, and in accordance with regulations of the Office of Personnel Management, an employee, while serving as a Mansfield Fellow, is entitled to the same rights and benefits as if covered by section 3582 of title 5, United States Code. The Center shall reimburse the employing agency for any costs incurred under section 3582 of title 5, United States Code.

(d) COMPLIANCE WITH BUDGET ACT.—Funds are available under this section to the extent and in the amounts provided in appropriation Acts.

SEC. 255. MANSFIELD FELLOWSHIP REVIEW BOARD.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established the Mansfield Fellowship Review Board.

(b) COMPOSITION.—The Board shall be composed of 11 individuals, as follows:

(1) The Secretary of State, or the Secretary's designee.

(2) The Secretary of Defense, or the Secretary's designee.

(3) The Secretary of the Treasury, or the Secretary's designee.

(4) The Secretary of Commerce, or the Secretary's designee.

(5) The United States Trade Representative, or the Trade Representative's designee.

(6) The Chief Justice of the United States, or the Chief Justice's designee.

(7) The Majority Leader of the Senate, or the Majority Leader's designee.

(8) The Minority Leader of the Senate, or the Minority Leader's designee.

(9) The Speaker of the House of Representatives, or the Speaker's designee.

(10) The Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, or the Minority Leader's designee.

(11) The Director of the United States Information Agency, who shall serve as the chairperson of the Board, or the Director's designee.

(c) FUNCTIONS.—(1) The Board shall review the administration of the program assisted under this part.

(2)(A) Each year at the time of the submission of the President's budget request to the Congress, the Board shall submit to the President and the Congress a report completed by the Center with the approval of the Board on the conduct of the program during the preceding year.

(B) Each such report shall contain—

(i) an analysis of the assistance provided under the program for the previous fiscal year and the nature of the assistance provided;

(ii) an analysis of the performance of the individuals who received assistance under the program during the previous fiscal year, including the degree to which assistance was terminated under the program and the extent to which individual recipients failed to meet their obligations under the program; and

(iii) an analysis of the results of the program for the previous fiscal year, including, at a minimum, the cumulative percentage of individuals who received assistance under the program who subsequently became employees of the United States Government and, in the case of individuals who did not subsequently become employees of the United States Government, an analysis of the reasons why they did not become employees and an explanation as to what use, if any, was made of the assistance given to those recipients.

(d) COMPENSATION.—Members of the Board shall not be paid compensation for services performed on the Board.

(e) AVAILABILITY OF SUPPORT STAFF.—The Director of the United States Information Agency is authorized to provide for necessary secretarial and staff assistance for the Board.

(f) RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act shall not apply to the Board to the extent that the provisions of this section are inconsistent with such Act.

SEC. 256. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this part—

(1) the term "agency of the United States Government" includes any agency of the legislative branch and any court of the judicial branch as well as any agency of the executive branch;

(2) the term "agency head" means—

(A) in the case of the executive branch of Government or an agency of the legislative branch other than the House of Representatives or the Senate, the head of the respective agency;

(B) in the case of the judicial branch of Government, the chief judge of the respective court;

(C) in the case of the Senate, the President pro tempore, in consultation with the Majority Leader and Minority Leader of the Senate; and

(D) in the case of the House of Representatives, the Speaker of the House, in consultation with the Majority Leader and Minority Leader of the House;

(3) the term "Board" means the Mike Mansfield Fellowship Review Board; and

(4) the term "Center" means the Mansfield Center for Pacific Affairs.

TITLE III—ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

SEC. 301. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this title are—

(1) to promote the reinvigoration of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency;

(2) to provide renewed impetus in improving the United States Government's ability to manage the complex process of negotiating and implementing arms control treaties;

(3) to establish a higher priority for United States nonproliferation policy and activity as part of United States arms control and to stress cooperative leadership and coordination both at the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency and the Department of State with all other agencies; and

(4) to improve Congressional oversight of the operating budget of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

SEC. 302. SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 27 of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2567) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 27. SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVES.

"(a) APPOINTMENT.—The President may appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, Special Representatives of the President for Arms Control and Disarmament in the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency. Each Presidential Special Representative shall hold the rank of ambassador.

"(b) DUTIES.—Presidential Special Representatives shall perform their duties and exercise their powers under direction of the President and the Secretary of State acting through the Director.

"(c) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT.—The Agency shall be the Government agency responsible for providing administrative support, including funding, staff, and office space, to all Presidential Special Representatives appointed under this section."

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking "Special Representatives for Arms Control and Disarmament Negotiations, United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (2)." and inserting "Special Representatives of the President for Arms Control and Disarmament."

SEC. 303. NEGOTIATION MANAGEMENT.

Section 34 of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2574) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 34. NEGOTIATIONS AND RELATED FUNCTIONS

"The Director, acting under the direction of the Secretary of State, shall have primary responsibility for the preparation and management of United States participation in all international negotiations and implementation forums in the fields of arms control and disarmament. To this end—

"(1) the Director, acting under the direction of the Secretary of State, shall have primary responsibility for the preparation, formulation, and support for all such negotiations and forums; and

"(2) United States Government representatives conducting negotiations or acting pursuant to agreements in the fields of arms control and disarmament shall perform their duties and exercise their powers, under the

direction of the President and Secretary of State, acting through the Director, as appropriate."

SEC. 304. PARTICIPATION OF ACDA DIRECTOR IN CERTAIN DELIBERATIONS.

The Arms Export Control Act is amended as follows:

(1) Section 38(a)(2) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) Decisions on issuing export licenses under this section shall be made in coordination with the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, taking into account the Director's assessment as to whether the export of an article will contribute to an arms race, aid in the development of weapons of mass destruction, support international terrorism, increase the possibility of outbreak or escalation of conflict, or prejudice the development of bilateral or multilateral arms control or non-proliferation agreements or other bilateral arrangements."

(2) Section 42(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2791(a)) is amended by striking out all that follows "(3)" in the last sentence and inserting the following: "the assessment of the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency as to the extent to which such sale might contribute to an arms race, aid in the development of weapons of mass destruction, support international terrorism, increase the possibility of outbreak or escalation of conflict, or prejudice the development of bilateral or multilateral arms control or nonproliferation agreements or other arrangements."

(3) Section 71 of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2797) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a) by inserting ", the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency," after "Secretary of Defense";

(B) in subsection (b)(1) inserting "and the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency" after "Secretary of Defense"; and

(C) in subsection (b)(2)—

(i) by striking "and the Secretary of Commerce" and inserting ", the Secretary of Commerce, and the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency"; and

(ii) by striking the comma after "applicant" and all that follows through "documents".

SEC. 305. NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS OF PROPOSED REPROGRAMMINGS BY ACDA.

Title IV of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 54. REPROGRAMMING OF FUNDS.

"(a) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN REPROGRAMMINGS.—Unless the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate are notified at least 15 days in advance of the proposed reprogramming, funds appropriated to carry out this Act (other than funds to carry out title V) shall not be available for obligation or expenditure through any reprogramming of funds that—

"(1) would create or eliminate a program, project, or activity;

"(2) would increase funds or personnel by any means for any program, project, or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted by the Congress;

"(3) would relocate an office or employees;

"(4) would reorganize offices, programs, projects, or activities;

"(5) would involve contracting out functions which had been performed by Federal employees; or

"(6) would involve a reprogramming in excess of \$1,000,000 or 10 percent (whichever is less) and would—

"(A) augment existing programs, projects, or activities,

"(B) reduce by 10 percent or more the funding for any existing program, project, activity, or personnel approved by the Congress, or

"(C) result from any general savings from a reduction in personnel that would result in a change in existing programs, activities, or projects approved by the Congress.

"(b) LIMITATION ON END-OF-YEAR REPROGRAMMINGS.—Funds appropriated to carry out this Act (other than funds to carry out title V) shall not be available for obligation or expenditure through any reprogramming described in paragraph (1) during the last 15 days in which such funds are available for obligation or expenditure (as the case may be) unless the notification required by that paragraph was submitted before that 15-day period."

SEC. 306. REQUIREMENT OF AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY.—Title IV of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 55. REQUIREMENT FOR AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"(a) LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION AND EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the fiscal year 1994 and for each subsequent fiscal year, any funds appropriated for the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency shall not be available for obligation or expenditure—

"(1) unless such funds are appropriated pursuant to an authorization of appropriations; or

"(2) in excess of the authorized level of appropriations.

"(b) SUBSEQUENT AUTHORIZATION.—The limitation under subsection (a) shall not apply to the extent that an authorization of appropriations is enacted after such funds are appropriated.

"(c) APPLICATION.—The provisions of this section—

"(1) may not be superseded, except by a provision of law which specifically repeals, modifies, or supersedes the provisions of this section; and

"(2) shall not apply to, or affect in any manner, permanent appropriations, trust funds, and other similar accounts which are authorized by law and administered by the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency."

SEC. 307. APPOINTMENT OF PERSONNEL.

Section 41(b) of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2581(b)) is amended by striking "except that during the 2-year" and inserting "except that the Director may, to the extent he or she deems necessary to the discharge of his or her responsibilities, appoint in the Excepted Service and fix the compensation of employees possessing specialized technical expertise notwithstanding the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointment or compensation of employees of the United States, provided that, an employee who is appointed under this provision may not be paid a salary in excess of the rate payable for positions of equivalent difficulty or responsibility, and in no event, may be paid at a rate exceeding the maximum rate in effect for level 15 of the General Schedule, and provided further, that the number of employees appointed under this provision shall not exceed ten percent of the Agency's Full Time Equivalent (FTE) ceiling."

The bill, as amended, was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read a third time by title.

The question being put, *viva voce*, Will the House pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. LINDER demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 273
affirmative { Nays 144

¶73.14 [Roll No. 252]
YEAS—273

Abercrombie	Furse	McDade
Ackerman	Gallo	McDermott
Andrews (ME)	Gejdenson	McHale
Andrews (NJ)	Gephardt	McKinney
Bacchus (FL)	Geren	McMillan
Baessler	Gibbons	McNulty
Barca	Gilchrest	Meehan
Barcia	Gilman	Menendez
Barlow	Gingrich	Meyers
Barrett (WI)	Glickman	Mfume
Bateman	Gonzalez	Michel
Becerra	Gordon	Miller (CA)
Beilenson	Grandy	Mineta
Bentley	Green	Mink
Bereuter	Gunderson	Moakley
Berman	Gutierrez	Mollohan
Bevill	Hall (OH)	Montgomery
Bilbray	Hall (TX)	Moran
Bishop	Hamburg	Morella
Blackwell	Hamilton	Murtha
Bliley	Hastings	Myers
Bonior	Hefner	Nadler
Borski	Hilliard	Natcher
Boucher	Hinchey	Neal (MA)
Brewster	Hoagland	Oberstar
Brooks	Hochbruckner	Obey
Browder	Holden	Olver
Brown (CA)	Horn	Ortiz
Brown (FL)	Houghton	Orton
Brown (OH)	Hoyer	Owens
Bryant	Huffington	Pallone
Byrne	Hughes	Parker
Calvert	Hutto	Pastor
Cantwell	Inslee	Payne (NJ)
Cardin	Jefferson	Payne (VA)
Carr	Johnson (CT)	Pelosi
Clay	Johnson (GA)	Penny
Clayton	Johnson (SD)	Peterson (FL)
Clement	Johnson, E. B.	Pickett
Clyburn	Johnston	Pickle
Coleman	Kanjorski	Pomeroy
Collins (IL)	Kaptur	Porter
Collins (MI)	Kennedy	Poshard
Condit	Kennedy	Price (NC)
Cooper	Kildee	Rangel
Coppersmith	Kim	Reed
Costello	King	Reynolds
Coyne	Klecza	Richardson
Cramer	Klein	Ridge
Danner	Klink	Roemer
Darden	Kolbe	Rose
de la Garza	Kopetski	Rostenkowski
Deal	Kreidler	Roth
DeFazio	LaFalce	Roukema
DeLauro	Lambert	Royland
Dellums	Lancaster	Roybal-Allard
Derrick	Lantos	Sabo
Deutsch	LaRocco	Sanders
Dicks	Laughlin	Sangmeister
Dixon	Leach	Sawyer
Dooley	Lehman	Saxton
Durbin	Levin	Schenk
Edwards (CA)	Levy	Schiff
Edwards (TX)	Lewis (GA)	Schroeder
Engel	Lightfoot	Schumer
English (AZ)	Lipinski	Scott
English (OK)	Livingston	Serrano
Eshoo	Long	Sharp
Evans	Lowe	Shays
Farr	Machtley	Shepherd
Fazio	Maloney	Sisisky
Fields (LA)	Mann	Skaggs
Filner	Manton	Skeen
Fingerhut	Margolies-	Skelton
Fish	Mezvinsky	Slattery
Foglietta	Markey	Slaughter
Ford (MI)	Martinez	Smith (IA)
Ford (TN)	Matsui	Snowe
Fowler	Mazzoli	Spratt
Frank (MA)	McCloskey	Stark
Frost	McCurdy	Stenholm

Stokes	Towns	Waxman
Strickland	Tucker	Wheat
Studds	Unsoeld	Wilson
Stupak	Valentine	Wise
Swett	Velazquez	Woolsey
Swift	Vento	Wyden
Tejeda	Visclosky	Wynn
Thompson	Volkmer	Yates
Thurman	Washington	Young (FL)
Torres	Waters	
Torricelli	Watt	

NAYS—144

Allard	Goodling	Petri
Applegate	Goss	Pombo
Archer	Grams	Portman
Armey	Greenwood	Pryce (OH)
Bachus (AL)	Hancock	Quillen
Baker (CA)	Hansen	Quinn
Baker (LA)	Hastert	Rahall
Ballenger	Hefley	Ramstad
Barrett (NE)	Herger	Ravenel
Barton	Hobson	Regula
Bilirakis	Hoekstra	Roberts
Blute	Hoke	Rogers
Boehner	Hunter	Rohrabacher
Bonilla	Hutchinson	Ros-Lehtinen
Bunning	Hyde	Royce
Burton	Inglis	Santorum
Buyer	Inhofe	Sarpalius
Callahan	Istook	Schaefer
Camp	Jacobs	Sensenbrenner
Canady	Johnson, Sam	Shaw
Castle	Kasich	Shuster
Clinger	Kingston	Smith (MI)
Coble	Klug	Smith (NJ)
Collins (GA)	Knollenberg	Smith (OR)
Combest	Kyl	Smith (TX)
Cox	Lazio	Solomon
Crane	Lewis (CA)	Spence
Crapo	Lewis (FL)	Stearns
Cunningham	Linder	Stump
DeLay	Lloyd	Sundquist
Diaz-Balart	Manzullo	Talent
Dickey	McCandless	Tanner
Dingell	McCollum	Tauzin
Doolittle	McCrery	Taylor (MS)
Dornan	McInnis	Taylor (NC)
Duncan	McKeon	Thomas (WY)
Dunn	Mica	Torkildsen
Emerson	Miller (FL)	Traficant
Everett	Minge	Upton
Ewing	Molinari	Vucanovich
Fawell	Moorhead	Walker
Fields (TX)	Murphy	Walsh
Franks (CT)	Neal (NC)	Weldon
Franks (NJ)	Nussle	Williams
Galleghy	Oxley	Wolf
Gekas	Packard	Young (AK)
Gillmor	Paxon	Zeliff
Goodlatte	Peterson (MN)	Zimmer

NOT VOTING—17

Andrews (TX)	Flake	Rush
Bartlett	Harman	Synar
Boehlert	Hayes	Thomas (CA)
Chapman	Henry	Thornton
Conyers	McHugh	Whitten
Dreier	Meek	

So the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

73.15 CLERK TO CORRECT ENGROSSMENT

On motion of Mr. BERMAN, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That in the engrossment of the foregoing bill, the Clerk be authorized to correct section numbers, punctuation, cross references, and to make other technical corrections.

73.16 WAIVING POINTS OF ORDER AGAINST H.R. 2445

Mr. MOAKLEY, by direction of the Committee on Rules, reported (Rept. No. 103-147) the resolution (H. Res. 203) waiving certain points of order during consideration of the bill (H.R. 2445) making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year

ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes.

When said resolution and report were referred to the House Calendar and ordered printed.

73.17 WAIVING POINTS OF ORDER AGAINST H.R. 2446

Mr. MOAKLEY, by direction of the Committee on Rules, reported (Rept. No. 103-148) the resolution (H. Res. 204) waiving certain points of order during consideration of the bill (H.R. 2446) making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes.

When said resolution and report were referred to the House Calendar and ordered printed.

73.18 TREASURY AND POSTAL SERVICE APPROPRIATIONS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, pursuant to House Resolution 201 and rule XXIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 2403) making appropriations for the Treasury Department, the United States Postal Service, the Executive Office of the President, and certain Independent Agencies, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes.

Mr. STUDDS, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole, resumed the chair; and after some time spent therein,

73.19 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. JACOBS:

Page 41, line 25, strike out "\$2,833,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$1,435,736."

It was decided in the
 negative } Yeas 160
 Nays 258

73.20 [Roll No. 253] AYES—160

Allard	DeFazio	Hefley
Andrews (NJ)	Dickey	Herger
Andrews (TX)	Dreier	Hoagland
Applegate	Duncan	Hoekstra
Bachus (AL)	Dunn	Holden
Baker (CA)	Durbin	Hutchinson
Baker (LA)	Emerson	Inglis
Barlow	English (OK)	Inhofe
Barrett (NE)	Eshoo	Inslee
Barrett (WI)	Evans	Jacobs
Becerra	Everett	Johnson (SD)
Bereuter	Ewing	Johnson, Sam
Bilirakis	Fawell	Kanjorski
Bliley	Fish	Kaptur
Bonilla	Ford (TN)	Kasich
Borski	Frank (MA)	Kim
Brown (OH)	Franks (CT)	Kingston
Burton	Franks (NJ)	Klink
Byrne	Galleghy	Klug
Canady	Gekas	Knollenberg
Cantwell	Geren	Kolbe
Carr	Glickman	Kopetski
Clement	Goodlatte	Kreidler
Coble	Grams	Kyl
Combest	Grandy	Lancaster
Condit	Green	LaRocco
Costello	Gunderson	Laughlin
Cox	Hall (OH)	Leach
Crane	Hall (TX)	Lloyd
Crapo	Hamilton	Long
Cunningham	Hancock	Manzullo
Danner	Hansen	McCloskey

McCrery	Porter	Spratt
McInnis	Poshard	Stark
McMillan	Quinn	Stenholm
Meehan	Ramstad	Strickland
Meyers	Roberts	Stump
Mica	Roemer	Swett
Miller (CA)	Rohrabacher	Talent
Miller (FL)	Ros-Lehtinen	Tanner
Minge	Roth	Tauzin
Moran	Royce	Taylor (MS)
Murphy	Sanders	Taylor (NC)
Nussle	Sarpalius	Upton
Ortiz	Schaefer	Valentine
Orton	Schroeder	Vento
Owens	Sensenbrenner	Volkmer
Packard	Sharp	Wyden
Pallone	Shays	Yates
Parker	Shuster	Young (FL)
Penny	Slattery	Zeliff
Peterson (MN)	Smith (OR)	Zimmer
Petri	Snowe	
Pombo	Solomon	

NOES—258

Abercrombie	Foglietta	McHugh
Ackerman	Ford (MI)	McKeon
Archer	Fowler	McKinney
Armey	Frost	McNulty
Bacchus (FL)	Furse	Menendez
Baesler	Gallo	Mfume
Ballenger	Gejdenson	Michel
Barca	Gephardt	Mineta
Barcia	Gibbons	Mink
Bartlett	Gilchrest	Moakley
Barton	Gillmor	Molinari
Bateman	Gilman	Mollohan
Beilenson	Gingrich	Montgomery
Bentley	Gonzalez	Moorhead
Berman	Goodling	Morella
Bevill	Gordon	Murtha
Bilbray	Goss	Myers
Bishop	Greenwood	Nadler
Blackwell	Gutierrez	Natcher
Blute	Hamburg	Neal (MA)
Boehlert	Hastert	Neal (NC)
Boehner	Hastings	Norton (DC)
Bonior	Hefner	Oberstar
Boucher	Hilliard	Obey
Brewster	Hinchey	Olver
Brooks	Hobson	Oxley
Browder	Hochbrueckner	Pastor
Brown (CA)	Hoke	Paxon
Brown (FL)	Horn	Payne (NJ)
Bryant	Houghton	Payne (VA)
Bunning	Hoyer	Pelosi
Buyer	Huffington	Peterson (FL)
Callahan	Hughes	Pickett
Calvert	Hutto	Pickle
Camp	Hyde	Pomeroy
Cardin	Jefferson	Portman
Castle	Johnson (CT)	Price (NC)
Chapman	Johnson (GA)	Pryce (OH)
Clay	Johnson, E. B.	Quillen
Clayton	Johnston	Rahall
Clinger	Kennedy	Ravenel
Clyburn	Kennelly	Reed
Coleman	Kildee	Regula
Collins (GA)	King	Reynolds
Collins (IL)	Kleczka	Richardson
Collins (MI)	Klein	Rogers
Cooper	LaFalce	Romero-Barcelo (PR)
Coppersmith	Lambert	Rose
Coyne	Lantos	Rostenkowski
Cramer	Lazio	Roukema
Darden	Lehman	Rowland
de la Garza	Levin	Roybal-Allard
de Lugo (VI)	Levy	Sabo
Deal	Lewis (CA)	Sangmeister
DeLauro	Lewis (FL)	Sawyer
DeLay	Lewis (GA)	Saxton
Dellums	Lightfoot	Schenk
Derrick	Linder	Schiff
Deutsch	Lipinski	Scott
Diaz-Balart	Livingston	Serrano
Dicks	Lowe	Shaw
Dingell	Machtley	Shepherd
Dixon	Maloney	Sisisky
Dooley	Mann	Skaggs
Doolittle	Manton	Skeen
Dornan	Margolies-Mezvinsky	Skelton
Edwards (CA)	Markey	Slaughter
Edwards (TX)	Martinez	Smith (IA)
Engels	Matsui	Smith (MI)
English (AZ)	Mazzoli	Smith (NJ)
Farr	McCandless	Smith (TX)
Fazio	McCollum	Spence
Fields (LA)	McDade	Stearns
Fields (TX)	McDermott	Stokes
Filner	McHale	Studds
Fingerhut		

Stupak Traficant Waxman
Sundquist Tucker Weldon
Swift Underwood (GU) Wheat
Unsoeld Whitten
Thomas (CA) Velazquez Williams
Thompson Visclosky Wise
Thurman Vucanovich Wolf
Torkildsen Walker Woolsey
Torres Walsh Wynn
Torrice Waters Young (AK)
Towns Watt

Penny Sawyer Tejada
Peterson (FL) Schenk Thompson
Peterson (MN) Schroeder Thurman
Pickett Scott Towns
Pickle Serrano Traficant
Pomeroy Sharp Tucker
Poshard Shepherd Underwood (GU)
Price (NC) Sisisky Unsoeld
Rahall Skaggs Valentine
Rangel Skelton Velazquez
Reed Slattery Vento
Reynolds Slaughter Visclosky
Richardson Smith (IA) Volkmer
Roemer Spratt Washington
Romero-Barcelo Stark Waters
(PR) Stenholm Watt
Rose Stokes Wheat
Rostenkowski Strickland Williams
Rowland Studts Wilson
Roybal-Allard Stupak Wise
Saboo Swett Woolsey
Sanders Swift Wyden
Sangmeister Tanner Wynn
Sarpalius Tausin Yates

Tejada
Thompson
Thurman
Towns
Traficant
Tucker
Underwood (GU)
Unsoeld
Valentine
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Volkmer
Washington
Waters
Watt
Wheat
Williams
Wilson
Wise
Woolsey
Wyden
Wynn
Yates

NOT VOTING—21

Andrews (ME) Hunter Schumer
Conyers Istook Synar
Faleomavaega (AS) McCurdy Thomas (WY)
Flake (AS) Meek Thornton
Harman Rangel Washington
Hayes Ridge Wilson
Henry Rush
Henry Santorum

So the amendment was not agreed to.
After some further time,

73.21 MOTION TO RISE AND REPORT

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the motion that the Committee do now rise and report the bill back to the House with sundry amendments with the recommendation that the amendments be agreed to and that the bill, as amended, do pass.

It was decided in the Yeas 241
affirmative Nays 171

73.22 [Roll No. 254]
AYES—241

Abercrombie Dixon Kopetski
Ackerman Dooley Kreidler
Andrews (ME) Durbin LaFalce
Andrews (NJ) Edwards (CA) Lambert
Andrews (TX) Edwards (TX) Lancaster
Applegate Engel Lantoso
Bacchus (FL) English (AZ) LaRocco
Baesler Eshoo Laughlin
Barca Evans Lehman
Barcia Farr Levin
Barlow Fazio Lewis (GA)
Barrett (WI) Fields (LA) Lipinski
Becerra Filner Lloyd
Beilenson Fingerhut Long
Berman Foglietta Lowey
Bevill Ford (MI) Maloney
Bilbray Ford (TN) Mann
Bishop Frank (MA) Margolies-
Blackwell Frost Mezvinsky
Bonior Furse Martinez
Borski Gejdenson Matsui
Boucher Gephardt Mazzoli
Brewster Geren McCloskey
Brooks Gibbons McCurdy
Browder Glickman McDermott
Brown (CA) Gonzalez McHale
Brown (FL) Gordon McKinney
Brown (OH) Green McNulty
Bryant Gutierrez Meehan
Byrne Hall (OH) Menendez
Cantwell Hall (TX) Mfume
Cardin Hamburg Miller (CA)
Carr Hamilton Mineta
Chapman Hastings Minge
Clay Hefner Mink
Clayton Hilliard Moakley
Clement Hinchey Mollohan
Clyburn Hoagland Montgomery
Coleman Hochbrueckner Moran
Collins (IL) Holden Murphy
Collins (MI) Hoyer Murtha
Condit Hughes Nadler
Cooper Hutto Natcher
Coppersmith Inslee Neal (MA)
Costello Jefferson Neal (NC)
Coyne Johnson (GA) Norton (DC)
Cramer Johnson (SD) Obey
Danner Johnson, E. B. Olver
Darden Johnston Ortiz
de la Garza Kanjorski Orton
de Lugo (VI) Kaptur Owens
Deal Kennedy Pallone
DeLauro Kennelly Parker
Dellums Kildee Pastor
Deutsch Kleczka Payne (NJ)
Dicks Payne (VA)
Dingell Klink Pelosi

NOES—171

Allard Gingrich Miller (FL)
Archer Goodlatte Molinari
Armey Goodling Moorhead
Bachus (AL) Goss Myers
Baker (CA) Grams Nussle
Baker (LA) Grandy Oxley
Ballenger Greenwood Packard
Barrett (NE) Gunderson Paxon
Bartlett Hancock Petri
Barton Hansen Pombo
Bateman Hastert Porter
Bentley Hefley Portman
Bereuter Herger Pryce (OH)
Bilirakis Hobson Quillen
Bliley Hoekstra Quinn
Blute Hoke Ramstad
Boehert Horn Ravenel
Boehner Houghton Regula
Bonilla Huffington Roberts
Bunning Hunter Rogers
Burton Hutchinson Rohrabacher
Buyer Hyde Ros-Lehtinen
Callahan Inglis Roth
Calvert Inhofe Roukema
Cantwell Istook Royce
Castle Jacobs Saxton
Clinger Johnson (CT) Schaefer
Coble Johnson, Sam Schiff
Collins (GA) Kim Sensenbrenner
Combest King Shaw
Cox Kingston Shays
Crane Klug Shuster
Crapo Knollenberg Skeen
Cunningham Kolbe Smith (MI)
DeLay Kyl Smith (NJ)
Diaz-Balart Lazio Smith (OR)
Dickey Leach Smith (TX)
Doolittle Levy Snowe
Dornan Lewis (CA) Solomon
Dreier Lewis (FL) Spence
Duncan Lightfoot Stearns
Dunn Linder Stump
Emerson Livingston Sundquist
Everett Machtley Talent
Ewing Manzullo Taylor (MS)
Fawell McCandless Taylor (NC)
Fields (TX) McCollum Thomas (WY)
Fish McCreery Torkildsen
Fowler McDade Upton
Franks (CT) McHugh Walker
Franks (NJ) McInnis Walsh
Gallegly McKeon Wolf
Gallo McMillan Young (AK)
Gekas Meyers Young (FL)
Gilchrist Mica Zeliff
Gilman Michel Zimmer

NOT VOTING—27

Conyers Henry Synar
DeFazio Manton Thomas (CA)
Derrick Markey Thornton
English (OK) Meek Torres
Faleomavaega (AS) Morella Torricelli
Oberstar Waxman
Flake Ridge Weldon
Gillmor Rush Whitten
Harman Santorum
Hayes Schumer

So the motion was agreed to.
The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONIOR, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. STUDDS, Chairman, pursuant to House Resolution 201, reported the bill back to the House with sundry amendments adopted by the Committee.

The previous question having been ordered by said resolution.

Mr. KOLBE demanded a separate vote on each of the following amendments: on page 6, line 20 (the DEAL amendment); on page 8, line 13 (the PENNY amendment); on page 29, line 16 (the POMEROY amendments en bloc); and on page 43, after line 22 (the SHEPHERD amendment).

The following remaining amendments, reported from the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union were then agreed to:

At the end of Title V, add the following new sections:

SEC. . COMPLIANCE WITH BUY AMERICAN ACT.

No funds appropriated pursuant to this Act may be expended by an entity unless the entity agrees that in expending the assistance the entity will comply with sections 2 through 4 of the Act of March 3, 1933 (41 U.S.C. 10a-10c, popularly known as the "Buy American Act").

SEC. . SENSE OF CONGRESS; REQUIREMENT REGARDING NOTICE.

(a) PURCHASE OF AMERICAN-MADE EQUIPMENT AND PRODUCTS.—In the case of any equipment or products that may be authorized to be purchased with financial assistance provided under this Act, it is the sense of the Congress that entities receiving such assistance should, in expending the assistance, purchase only American-made equipment and products.

(b) NOTICE TO RECIPIENTS OF ASSISTANCE.—In providing financial assistance under this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall provide to each recipient of the assistance a notice describing the statement made in subsection (a) by the Congress.

SEC. . PROHIBITION OF CONTRACTS.

If it has been finally determined by a court or Federal agency that any person intentionally affixed a label bearing a "Made in America" inscription, or any inscription with the same meaning, to any product sold in or shipped to the United States that is not made in the United States, such person shall be ineligible to receive any contract or subcontract made with funds provided pursuant to this Act, pursuant to the debarment, suspension, and ineligibility procedures described in section 9.400 through 9.409 of title 48, Code of Federal Regulations.

Page 81, at the end of line 9, add the following:

SEC. 626. None of the funds made available in this act for "Allowances and Office Staff for Former Presidents" may be used for partisan political activities.

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House agree to the following amendment [the DEAL amendment] on which a separate vote had been demanded?

Page 6, line 20, strike "\$366,372,000" and insert "\$364,245,000".

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONIOR, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. KOLBE demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 353
Nays 62

¶73.23

[Roll No. 255]

YEAS—353

Abercrombie	Ewing	Levy
Allard	Farr	Lewis (CA)
Andrews (ME)	Fawell	Lewis (FL)
Andrews (NJ)	Fields (LA)	Linder
Andrews (TX)	Fields (TX)	Lipinski
Applegate	Filner	Lloyd
Archer	Fingerhut	Long
Armey	Fish	Lowey
Bacchus (FL)	Ford (MI)	Machtley
Bachus (AL)	Ford (TN)	Maloney
Baker (CA)	Frank (MA)	Mann
Baker (LA)	Franks (CT)	Manton
Ballenger	Franks (NJ)	Manzullo
Barca	Frost	Margolies-
Barcia	Furse	Mezvinsky
Barlow	Gallegly	Markey
Barrett (NE)	Gallo	Martinez
Barrett (WI)	Gejdenson	Matsui
Bartlett	Gekas	Mazzoli
Bateman	Geren	McCandless
Becerra	Gibbons	McCloskey
Bentley	Gilchrest	McCollum
Bereuter	Gillmor	McCrery
Berman	Gilman	McCurdy
Bevill	Gingrich	McDermott
Bilbray	Glickman	McHale
Bilirakis	Gonzalez	McHugh
Bishop	Goodlatte	McInnis
Biley	Gordon	McKeon
Blute	Goss	McKinney
Boehlert	Grams	McMillan
Boehner	Green	Meehan
Bonilla	Greenwood	Meyers
Bonior	Gunderson	Mfume
Borski	Gutierrez	Mica
Boucher	Hall (OH)	Michel
Brewster	Hall (TX)	Miller (CA)
Brooks	Hamburg	Miller (FL)
Browder	Hamilton	Minge
Brown (CA)	Hancock	Mink
Brown (FL)	Hansen	Moakley
Brown (OH)	Hastert	Molinari
Burton	Hefner	Mollohan
Buyer	Herger	Montgomery
Byrne	Hilliard	Moorhead
Callahan	Hinchee	Morella
Calvert	Hoagland	Murphy
Camp	Hobson	Murtha
Canady	Hochbrueckner	Natcher
Canwell	Hoekstra	Neal (MA)
Cardin	Hoke	Neal (NC)
Castle	Holden	Nussle
Chapman	Houghton	Oberstar
Clayton	Huffington	Obey
Clement	Hughes	Olver
Clinger	Hunter	Ortiz
Clyburn	Hutchinson	Orton
Coble	Hutto	Owens
Collins (GA)	Hyde	Oxley
Collins (MI)	Inglis	Packard
Condit	Inhofe	Pallone
Cooper	Inslee	Parker
Coppersmith	Istook	Pastor
Costello	Jacobs	Paxon
Cox	Johnson (CT)	Payne (VA)
Cramer	Johnson (GA)	Penny
Crane	Johnson, Sam	Peterson (FL)
Crapo	Johnston	Peterson (MN)
Cunningham	Kanjorski	Petri
Danner	Kaptur	Pickett
Darden	Kasich	Pickle
de la Garza	Kennedy	Pombo
Deal	Kennelly	Pomeroy
DeLauro	Kim	Porter
DeLay	King	Portman
Deutsch	Kingston	Poshard
Dickey	Klecicka	Price (NC)
Dicks	Klein	Pryce (OH)
Dingell	Klink	Quinn
Dixon	Klug	Ramstad
Dooley	Knollenberg	Ravenel
Doolittle	Kolbe	Reed
Dornan	Kopetski	Regula
Dreier	Kreidler	Richardson
Duncan	Kyl	Roemer
Dunn	LaFalce	Rogers
Durbin	Lambert	Rohrabacher
Edwards (TX)	Lancaster	Ros-Lehtinen
Emerson	Lantos	Rose
Engel	LaRocco	Rostenkowski
English (AZ)	Laughlin	Roth
English (OK)	Leach	Roukema
Eshoo	Lehman	Rowland
Everett	Levin	Roybal-Allard

Royce	Smith (MI)	Thompson
Sanders	Smith (NJ)	Thurman
Sangmeister	Smith (OR)	Torkildsen
Sarpalius	Snowe	Traficant
Sawyer	Solomon	Tucker
Saxton	Spence	Valentine
Schaefer	Spratt	Vento
Schenk	Stearns	Volkmer
Schiff	Stenholm	Vucanovich
Schroeder	Strickland	Walker
Scott	Studds	Walsh
Sensenbrenner	Stump	Waters
Sharp	Stupak	Watt
Shaw	Sundquist	Weldon
Shays	Swett	Williams
Shepherd	Swift	Wilson
Shuster	Talent	Wise
Sisisky	Tanner	Woolsey
Skaggs	Tauzin	Wyden
Skeen	Taylor (MS)	Wynn
Skelton	Taylor (NC)	Young (AK)
Slattery	Tejeda	Young (FL)
Slaughter	Thomas (CA)	Zeliff
Smith (IA)	Thomas (WY)	Zimmer

NAYS—62

Ackerman	Goodling	Pelosi
Baessler	Grandy	Quillen
Barton	Hastings	Rahall
Beilenson	Hefley	Rangel
Blackwell	Horn	Reynolds
Bryant	Hoyer	Sabo
Bunning	Jefferson	Serrano
Carr	Johnson (SD)	Smith (TX)
Clay	Johnson, E.B.	Stark
Coleman	Kildee	Stokes
Collins (IL)	Lazio	Torres
Combest	Lewis (GA)	Towns
Coyne	Lightfoot	Upton
DeFazio	Livingston	Velazquez
Dellums	McDade	Visclosky
Diaz-Balart	McNulty	Washington
Edwards (CA)	Mineta	Waxman
Evans	Moran	Wheat
Fazio	Myers	Wolf
Foglietta	Nadler	Yates
Fowler	Payne (NJ)	

NOT VOTING—19

Conyers	Meek	Synar
Derrick	Menendez	Thornton
Flake	Ridge	Torricelli
Gephardt	Roberts	Unsoeld
Harman	Rush	Whitten
Hayes	Santorum	
Henry	Schumer	

So the amendment was agreed to.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to the following amendment [the PENNY amendment] on which a separate vote had been demanded?

Page 8, line 13, strike "\$1,315,917,000" and insert "\$1,311,819,000".

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONIOR, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. KOLBE demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said amendment, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 269
Nays 141

¶73.24

[Roll No. 256]

AYES—269

Allard	Barrett (WI)	Browder
Andrews (ME)	Bartlett	Brown (OH)
Andrews (NJ)	Bentley	Burton
Andrews (TX)	Bereuter	Byrne
Applegate	Bevill	Camp
Archer	Bilbray	Canwell
Armey	Bishop	Cardin
Bacchus (FL)	Bliley	Castle
Baker (LA)	Blute	Clayton
Ballenger	Boehlert	Clement
Barca	Boehner	Clinger
Barcia	Borski	Clyburn
Barlow	Boucher	Coble
Barrett (NE)	Brewster	Combest

Condit	Jacobs	Penny
Cooper	Jefferson	Peterson (FL)
Coppersmith	Johnson (CT)	Peterson (MN)
Costello	Johnson (GA)	Petri
Cox	Johnson (SD)	Pombo
Cramer	Johnson, Sam	Pomeroy
Crane	Kanjorski	Porter
Danner	Kaptur	Portman
Darden	Kasich	Poshard
Deal	Kennedy	Price (NC)
DeFazio	Kennelly	Pryce (OH)
DeLauro	Kim	Quillen
Deutsch	Kingston	Ramstad
Dickey	Klecicka	Ravenel
Dicks	Klein	Reed
Dingell	Klink	Regula
Dixon	Klug	Richardson
Dooley	Knollenberg	Roemer
Doolittle	Kopetski	Rogers
Dornan	Kreidler	Rohrabacher
Dreier	Kyl	Roth
Duncan	LaFalce	Rowland
Dunn	Lambert	Royce
Durbin	Lancaster	Sangmeister
Edwards (TX)	Lantos	Sarpalius
Emerson	LaRocco	Sawyer
Engel	Laughlin	Schaefer
English (AZ)	Leach	Schiff
English (OK)	Lehman	Scott
Eshoo	Levin	Sensenbrenner
Everett		Serrano
		Sharp
		Shays
		Shepherd
		Shuster
		Sisisky
		Skaggs
		Skelton
		Slattery
		Slaughter
		Smith (IA)
		Smith (MI)
		Smith (NJ)
		Smith (OR)
		Snowe
		Solomon
		Stenholm
		Strickland
		Studds
		Stupak
		Sundquist
		Sweet
		Talent
		Tanner
		Tauzin
		Taylor (MS)
		Taylor (NC)
		Thomas (CA)
		Thurman
		Torkildsen
		Traficant
		Upton
		Valentine
		Velazquez
		Vento
		Volkmer
		Vucanovich
		Walker
		Walsh
		Watt
		Weldon
		Wilson
		Wise
		Wyden
		Zeliff
		Zimmer

NOES—141

Abercrombie	Canady	Filner
Ackerman	Carr	Fish
Bachus (AL)	Chapman	Ford (MI)
Baessler	Clay	Ford (TN)
Baker (CA)	Coleman	Fowler
Barton	Collins (GA)	Furse
Bateman	Collins (IL)	Gallegly
Becerra	Collins (MI)	Gilman
Beilenson	Coyne	Goodling
Berman	Cunningham	Goss
Bilirakis	de la Garza	Green
Blackwell	DeLay	Hall (TX)
Bonilla	Dellums	Hastings
Bonior	Diaz-Balart	Horn
Brooks	Dingell	Hoyer
Brown (CA)	Dixon	Huffington
Brown (FL)	Doolittle	Hunter
Bryant	Edwards (CA)	Hutchinson
Bunning	English (AZ)	Inhofe
Buyer	English (OK)	Johnson, E. B.
Callahan	Evans	Johnston
Calvert	Fields (TX)	Kildee

King	Moran	Smith (TX)
Kolbe	Myers	Spence
Kreidler	Olver	Spratt
LaFalce	Ortiz	Stark
Lazio	Packard	Stearns
Levy	Pastor	Stokes
Lewis (CA)	Payne (NJ)	Stump
Lewis (GA)	Pelosi	Swift
Lightfoot	Pickett	Tejeda
Livingston	Pickle	Thomas (WY)
Martinez	Quinn	Torres
Matsui	Rahall	Towns
McCollum	Rangel	Tucker
McDermott	Reynolds	Visclosky
McKeon	Ros-Lehtinen	Washington
McMillan	Rose	Waters
Menendez	Rostenkowski	Waxman
Mica	Roukema	Wheat
Michel	Roybal-Allard	Williams
Miller (FL)	Sabo	Wolf
Mineta	Sanders	Woolsey
Mink	Schenk	Wynn
Moakley	Schroeder	Yates
Mollinari	Shaw	Young (AK)
Mollohan	Skeen	Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—24

Conyers	Hayes	Saxton
Crapo	Henry	Schumer
Derrick	Meek	Synar
Flake	Nadler	Thompson
Frank (MA)	Ridge	Thornton
Gephardt	Roberts	Torricelli
Gutierrez	Rush	Unsoeld
Harman	Santorum	Whitten

So the amendment was agreed to.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to the following amendments en bloc [the POMEROY amendments en bloc] on which a separate vote had been demanded?

Page 29, line 16, strike "\$5,198,311,000" and insert "\$5,185,611,000".

Page 29, line 17, strike "\$307,994,000" and insert "\$295,294,000".

Page 29, line 18, strike "\$833,176,000" and insert "\$820,476,000".

Page 29, line 25, strike "\$5,195,000" and insert "\$5,091,000".

Page 30, line 3, strike "\$14,098,000" and insert "\$13,816,040".

Page 30, line 6, strike "\$146,002,500" and insert "\$143,082,450".

Page 30, line 8, strike "\$1,866,000" and insert "\$1,828,680".

Page 30, line 10, strike "\$151,200,000" and insert "\$148,176,000".

Page 30, line 16, strike "\$6,194,000" and insert "\$6,070,120".

Page 30, line 17, strike "\$68,058,000" and insert "\$66,696,840".

Page 30, line 19, strike "\$51,000,000" and insert "\$49,980,000".

Page 31, line 9, strike "\$19,000,000" and insert "\$18,620,000".

Page 31, line 12, strike "\$3,900,000" and insert "\$3,822,000".

Page 31, line 13, strike "\$10,000,000" and insert "\$9,800,000".

Page 31, line 14, strike "\$10,000,000" and insert "\$9,800,000".

Page 31, line 17, strike "\$9,553,000" and insert "\$9,361,940".

Page 31, line 21, strike "\$4,381,200" and insert "\$4,293,576".

Page 31, line 23, strike "\$30,000,000" and insert "\$29,400,000".

Page 32, line 7, strike "\$4,725,000" and insert "\$4,630,500".

Page 32, line 9, strike "\$86,751,000" and insert "\$85,015,980".

Page 32, line 13, strike "\$12,340,000" and insert "\$12,093,200".

Page 32, line 16, strike "\$3,047,000" and insert "\$2,986,060".

Page 39, line 8, strike "\$5,198,311,000" and insert "\$5,185,611,000".

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONIOR, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. KOLBE demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said amendments

en bloc, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative	Yeas	361
	Nays	50

73.25 [Roll No. 257]

AYES—361

Allard	Duncan	Kennedy
Andrews (ME)	Dunn	Kennelly
Andrews (NJ)	Durbin	Kildee
Andrews (TX)	Edwards (CA)	Kim
Applegate	Edwards (TX)	Kingston
Archer	Emerson	Klecza
Armey	Engel	Klein
Bacchus (FL)	English (AZ)	Klink
Bachus (AL)	English (OK)	Klug
Baessler	Eshoo	Knollenberg
Baker (CA)	Everett	Kolbe
Baker (LA)	Ewing	Kreidler
Ballenger	Farr	Kyl
Barca	Fawell	LaFalce
Barlow	Fazio	Lambert
Barrett (NE)	Fields (LA)	Lancaster
Barrett (WI)	Fields (TX)	Lantos
Bartlett	Fingerhut	LaRocco
Barton	Fish	Laughlin
Bateman	Ford (MI)	Leach
Becerra	Ford (TN)	Lehman
Beilenson	Frank (MA)	Levin
Bentley	Franks (CT)	Lewis (CA)
Bereuter	Franks (NJ)	Lewis (FL)
Berman	Frost	Lightfoot
Bevill	Galleghy	Linder
Billbray	Gallo	Livingston
Bilirakis	Gejdenson	Lloyd
Bishop	Gekas	Long
Bilely	Gephardt	Lowey
Blute	Geren	Machtley
Boehert	Gilchrest	Maloney
Boehner	Gillmor	Mann
Bonilla	Gilman	Manzullo
Bonior	Gingrich	Margolies-
Borski	Glickman	Mezvinsky
Boucher	Gonzalez	Markey
Brewster	Goodlatte	Martinez
Brooks	Goodling	Mazzoli
Browder	Gordon	McCandless
Brown (CA)	Goss	McCloskey
Brown (OH)	Grams	McCrery
Bryant	Grandy	McCurdy
Bunning	Green	McDade
Burton	Greenwood	McHale
Byrne	Gunderson	McHugh
Callahan	Hall (OH)	McInnis
Calvert	Hall (TX)	McKeon
Camp	Hamburg	McMillan
Canady	Hamilton	McNulty
Cantwell	Hancock	Meehan
Cardin	Hansen	Menendez
Carr	Hastert	Meyers
Castle	Hefley	Mfume
Chapman	Hefner	Mica
Clayton	Herger	Michel
Clement	Hilliard	Miller (CA)
Clinger	Hinchey	Miller (FL)
Clyburn	Hoagland	Minge
Coble	Hobson	Mink
Coleman	Hochbrueckner	Mollinari
Collins (GA)	Hoekstra	Mollohan
Combest	Hoke	Montgomery
Condit	Holden	Moorhead
Cooper	Horn	Morella
Coppersmith	Houghton	Murphy
Costello	Hoyer	Murtha
Cox	Huffington	Myers
Cramer	Hughes	Natcher
Crane	Hunter	Neal (MA)
Crapo	Hutchinson	Neal (NC)
Cunningham	Hutto	Nussle
Danner	Hyde	Oberstar
Darden	Inglis	Obey
de la Garza	Inhofe	Olver
Deal	Insee	Ortiz
DeFazio	Istook	Orton
DeLauro	Jacobs	Owens
DeLay	Jefferson	Oxley
Deutsch	Johnson (CT)	Packard
Dickey	Johnson (GA)	Pallone
Dicks	Johnson (SD)	Parker
Dixon	Johnson, Sam	Pastor
Dooley	Johnston	Paxon
Doolittle	Kanjorski	Payne (NJ)
Dornan	Kaptur	Payne (VA)
Dreier	Kasich	Pelosi

Penny	Schaefer	Sundquist
Peterson (FL)	Schenk	Swett
Peterson (MN)	Schiff	Talent
Petri	Schroeder	Tanner
Pickett	Scott	Tauzin
Pickle	Sensenbrenner	Taylor (MS)
Pombo	Serrano	Taylor (NC)
Pomeroy	Sharp	Tejeda
Porter	Shaw	Thomas (CA)
Portman	Shays	Thomas (WY)
Poshard	Shepherd	Thompson
Price (NC)	Shuster	Thurman
Pryce (OH)	Sisisky	Torkildsen
Quillen	Skaggs	Torres
Quinn	Skeen	Traficant
Ramstad	Skelton	Upton
Ravenel	Slattery	Valentine
Reed	Slaughter	Vento
Regula	Smith (IA)	Visclosky
Richardson	Smith (MI)	Volkmer
Rogers	Smith (NJ)	Vucanovich
Rohrabacher	Smith (OR)	Walker
Ros-Lehtinen	Smith (TX)	Walsh
Rose	Snowe	Waxman
Rostenkowski	Solomon	Weldon
Roth	Spence	Wheat
Roukema	Spratt	Wilson
Rowland	Stark	Wise
Roybal-Allard	Stearns	Wolf
Royce	Stenholm	Wynn
Sabo	Strickland	Young (AK)
Sangmeister	Studds	Zeliff
Sarpaluis	Stump	Zimmer
Sawyer	Stupak	

NOES—50

Abercrombie	Hastings	Rahall
Ackerman	Johnson, E.B.	Rangel
Blackwell	King	Reynolds
Brown (FL)	Kopetski	Sanders
Buyer	Lazio	Stokes
Clay	Levy	Swift
Collins (IL)	Lewis (GA)	Towns
Collins (MI)	Lipinski	Velazquez
Coyne	Manton	Washington
Diaz-Balart	Matsui	Waters
Dingell	McCollum	Watt
Evans	McDermott	Williams
Filner	McKinney	Woolsey
Foglietta	Mineta	Wyden
Fowler	Moakley	Yates
Furse	Moran	Young (FL)
Gibbons	Nadler	

NOT VOTING—23

Barcia	Henry	Schumer
Conyers	Meek	Synar
Dellums	Ridge	Thornton
Derrick	Roberts	Torricelli
Flake	Roemer	Tucker
Gutierrez	Rush	Unsoeld
Harman	Santorum	Whitten
Hayes	Saxton	

So the amendments en bloc were agreed to.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to the following amendment [the SHEPHERD amendment] on which a separate vote had been demanded?

Page 43, after line 22, insert the following new section:

SEC. 6. (a) The Act entitled "An Act to provide retirement, clerical assistants, and free mailing privileges to former Presidents of the United States, and for other purposes", approved August 25, 1958 (3 U.S.C. 102 note), is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"SEC. 2. The entitlements of a former President under subsections (b) and (c) of the first section shall be available—

"(1) in the case of an individual who is a former President on the effective date of this section, for 5 years, commencing on such effective date; and

"(2) in the case of an individual who becomes a former President after such effective date, for 4 years and 6 months, commencing at the expiration of the period for which services and facilities are authorized to be provided under section 4 of the Presidential Transition Act of 1963 (3 U.S.C. 102 note)."

(B) Section 3214 of title 39, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking "A former President" and inserting "(a) Subject to subsection (b), a former President"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(b) Subsection (a) shall cease to apply—

"(1) 5 years after the effective date of this subsection, in the case of any individual who, on such effective date—

"(A) is a former President (including any individual who might become entitled to the mailing privilege under subsection (a) as the surviving spouse of such a former President); or

"(B) is the surviving spouse of a former President; and

"(2) 4 years and 6 months after the expiration of the period for which services and facilities are authorized to be provided under section 4 of the Presidential Transition Act of 1963 (3 U.S.C. 102 note), in the case of an individual who becomes a former President after such effective date (including any surviving spouse of such individual, as described in the parenthetical matter in paragraph (1)(a))."

(C) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on October 1, 1993.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONIOR, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. KOLBE demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said amendment, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 298 affirmative } Nays 115

¶73.26

[Roll No. 258] AYES—298

Allard Condit Gallo
Andrews (ME) Cooper Gekas
Andrews (NJ) Gephardt Gephardt
Andrews (TX) Costello Geren
Applegate Cox Gilchrist
Archer Cramer Gingrich
Armey Crane Glickman
Bacchus (FL) Crapo Goodlatte
Bachus (AL) Cunningham Goodling
Baesler Danner Gordon
Baker (CA) Deal Goss
Baker (LA) DeFazio Grams
Ballenger DeLauro Grandy
Barca DeLay Green
Barcia Deutsch Greenwood
Barlow Dickey Gunderson
Barrett (NE) Dicks Gutierrez
Barrett (WI) Dixon Hall (OH)
Bartlett Dooley Hall (TX)
Bateman Dornan Hamburg
Becerra Dreier Hamilton
Bereuter Duncan Hancock
Bevill Dunn Hansen
Bilbray Durbin Hastert
Bilirakis Edwards (TX) Hefley
Bliley Emerson Hefner
Blute English (OK) Herger
Boehlert Eshoo Hilliard
Boehner Evans Hinchey
Bonilla Everett Hoagland
Borski Ewing Hoekstra
Boucher Farr Holden
Brewster Fawell Huffington
Browder Fazio Hughes
Brown (OH) Fields (TX) Hunter
Burton Filner Hutchinson
Buyer Fingerhut Hutto
Byrne Fish Hyde
Canady Fowler Inglis
Cantwell Frank (MA) Inhofe
Chapman Franks (CT) Insee
Clement Franks (NJ) Istook
Coble Frost Jacobs
Collins (GA) Furse Jefferson
Combust Gallegly Johnson (CT)

Johnson (GA) Mica Schroeder
Johnson (SD) Miller (CA) Sensenbrenner
Johnson, Sam Miller (FL) Sharp
Kanjorski Minge Shaw
Kaptur Montgomery Shays
Kasich Moorhead Shepherd
Kennelly Klein Moran Shuster
Kildee Morella Sisisky
Kim Murphy Skelton
Kingston Myers Slattery
Kleczka Neal (NC) Slaughter
Klein Nussle Smith (MI)
Klink Oberstar Smith (NJ)
Klug Obey Smith (OR)
Knollenberg Ortiz Smith (TX)
Kolbe Orton Snow
Kopetski Owens Solomon
Kreidler Oxley Spence
Kyl Packard Spratt
Lambert Pallone Stark
Lancaster Parker Stenholm
Lantos Paxon Strickland
LaRocco Payne (NJ) Stump
Laughlin Penny Stupak
Leach Peterson (MN) Sweet
Lehman Petri Talent
Levin Pickle Tanner
Lewis (FL) Pombo Tausin
Linder Pomeroy Taylor (MS)
Lipinski Porter Taylor (NC)
Lloyd Poshard Tejeda
Long Price (NC) Thomas (CA)
Lowey Pryce (OH) Thomas (WY)
Machtley Quinn Thurman
Maloney Ramstad Torkildsen
Mann Ravenel Torres
Manzullo Reed Tucker
Margolis Richardson Upton
Mezvinsky Roemer Valentine
Markey Rohrabacher Vento
Martinez Ros-Lehtinen Volkmer
Mazzoli Rose Walker
McCandless Rostenkowski Walsh
McCloskey Roth Waters
McCollum Roukema Weldon
McCrery Rowland Williams
McCurdy Roybal-Allard Wilson
McDade Royce Wise
McHale Sabo Woolsey
McInnis Sanders Wyden
McKeon Sangmeister Wynn
McMillan Sarpalis Young (FL)
Meehan Schaefer Zeff
Menendez Schenk Zimmer
Meyers Schiff

Schroeder
Sensenbrenner
Sharp
Shaw
Shays
Shepherd
Shuster
Sisisky
Skelton
Slattery
Slaughter
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Snow
Solomon
Spence
Spratt
Stark
Stenholm
Strickland
Stump
Stupak
Sweet
Talent
Tanner
Tausin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Tejeda
Thomas (CA)
Thomas (WY)
Thurman
Torkildsen
Torres
Tucker
Upton
Valentine
Vento
Volkmer
Walker
Walsh
Waters
Weldon
Williams
Wilson
Wise
Woolsey
Wyden
Wynn
Young (FL)
Zeff
Zimmer

Hayes
Henry
Meek
Rangel
Ridge
Roberts
Rush
Santorum
Saxton
Schumer
Synar
Thornton
Torricelli
Unsoeld
Whitten

So the amendment was agreed to.

The bill, as amended, was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read a third time by title.

Mr. MYERS moved to recommit the bill to the Committee on Appropriations with instructions to report the bill back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

On page 63, after line 11, insert the following new section:

SEC. . Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, except for the amount provided under "United States Customs Service Salaries and Expenses", "Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Salaries and Expenses", and "General Services Administration Federal Building Fund", each amount appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act that is not required to be appropriated or otherwise made available by a provision of law is hereby reduced by 2 percent.

After debate,

By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered on the motion to recommit with instructions.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House recommit said bill with instructions?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONIOR, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. BURTON demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said motion, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 180 negative } Nays 235

¶73.27

[Roll No. 259] AYES—180

NOES—115
Abercrombie Gejdenson
Ackerman Gibbons
Barton Gillmor
Beilenson Gilman
Bentley Gonzalez
Berman Hastings
Bishop Hobson
Blackwell Hochbrueckner
Bonior Hoke
Brooks Horn
Brown (CA) Houghton
Brown (FL) Hoyer
Bryant Johnson, E. B.
Bunning Johnston
Callahan Kennedy
Calvert King
Camp LaFalce
Cardin Lazio
Carr Levy
Castle Lewis (CA)
Clay Lewis (GA)
Clayton Lightfoot
Clinger Livingston
Coleman Manton
Collins (IL) Matsui
Collins (MI) McDermott
Coyne McHugh
Darden McKinney
de la Garza McNulty
Dellums Mfume
Diaz-Balart Michel
Doolittle Mineta
Edwards (CA) Mink
Engel Moakley
English (AZ) Molinari
Fields (LA) Mollohan
Foglietta Murtha
Ford (MI) Nadler
Ford (TN) Natcher

Neal (MA)
Olver
Pastor
Payne (VA)
Pelosi
Peterson (FL)
Pickett
Portman
Quillen
Rahall
Regula
Reynolds
Rogers
Sawyer
Scott
Serrano
Skaggs
Skeen
Smith (IA)
Stearns
Stokes
Studds
Sundquist
Swift
Thompson
Towns
Traficant
Velazquez
Visclosky
Vucanovich
Washington
Watt
Waxman
Wheat
Wolf
Yates
Young (AK)

Allard Doolittle Huffington
Archer Dornan Hunter
Armey Dreier Hutchinson
Bachus (AL) Duncan Hyde
Baker (CA) Dunn Inglis
Baker (LA) Emerson Inhofe
Ballenger Everett Insee
Barrett (NE) Ewing Istook
Barrett (WI) Fawell Jacobs
Bartlett Fields (TX) Johnson (CT)
Bateman Fingerhut Johnson, Sam
Bereuter Fish Kasich
Bilirakis Fowler Kim
Bliley Franks (CT) King
Blute Franks (NJ) Kingston
Boehlert Gallegly Klug
Boehner Gallo Knollenberg
Bonilla Gekas Kolbe
Bunning Gilchrist Kyl
Burton Gillmor Lazio
Buyer Gilman Leach
Callahan Gingrich Levy
Calvert Goodlatte Lewis (CA)
Camp Goss Lewis (FL)
Canady Grams Lightfoot
Cantwell Grandy Linder
Castle Greenwood Machtley
Clinger Gunderson Manzullo
Coble Hall (TX) McCandless
Collins (GA) Hamilton McCollum
Combust Hancock McCrery
Condit Hansen McDade
Cooper Hastert McHugh
Cox Hefley McInnis
Crane Herger McKeon
Crapo Hobson McMillan
Cunningham Hoekstra Meyers
DeLay Hoke Mica
Diaz-Balart Horn Michel
Dickey Houghton Miller (FL)

NOT VOTING—21

Derrick Flake
Dingell Harman

Molinari
Moorhead
Myers
Nussle
Oxley
Packard
Paxon
Penny
Petri
Pombo
Porter
Portman
Pryce (OH)
Quillen
Quinn
Ramstad
Ravenel
Regula
Rogers
Rohrabacher

Ros-Lehtinen
Roth
Roukema
Royce
Schaefer
Schiff
Sensenbrenner
Sharp
Shaw
Shays
Shuster
Skeen
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Snowe
Solomon
Spence
Stearns

Stenholm
Stump
Sundquist
Talent
Tauzin
Taylor (NC)
Thomas (CA)
Thomas (WY)
Torkildsen
Upton
Volkmer
Vucanovich
Walker
Walsh
Weldon
Wolf
Young (AK)
Young (FL)
Zeliff
Zimmer

NOES—235

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Andrews (ME)
Andrews (NJ)
Andrews (TX)
Applegate
Bacchus (FL)
Baesler
Barca
Barcia
Barlow
Barrett (WI)
Becerra
Belenson
Bentley
Berman
Bevill
Bilbray
Bishop
Blackwell
Bonior
Borski
Boucher
Brewster
Brooks
Browder
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Bryant
Byrne
Cardin
Carr
Chapman
Clay
Clayton
Clement
Clyburn
Coleman
Collins (IL)
Collins (MI)
Coppersmith
Costello
Coyne
Cramer
Danner
Darden
de la Garza
Deal
DeFazio
DeLauro
Dellums
Deutsch
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Dooley
Durbin
Edwards (CA)
Edwards (TX)
Engel
English (AZ)
English (OK)
Eshoo
Evans
Farr
Fazio
Fields (LA)
Filner
Foglietta
Ford (MI)
Ford (TN)
Frank (MA)
Frost
Furse
Gejdenson
Gephardt

Geren
Gibbons
Glickman
Gonzalez
Gordon
Green
Gutierrez
Hall (OH)
Hamburg
Harcia
Hastings
Hefner
Hilliard
Hinchev
Hoagland
Hochbrueckner
Holden
Hoyer
Hughes
Hutto
Jefferson
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (SD)
Johnson, E.B.
Johnston
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kennedy
Kennelly
Kildee
Klein
Klink
Kopetski
Kreidler
LaFalce
Lambert
Lancaster
Lantos
LaRocco
Laughlin
Lehman
Levin
Lewis (GA)
Lipinski
Livingston
Lloyd
Long
Lowe
Maloney
Mann
Manton
Margolies-
Mezvinsky
Markey
Martinez
Matsui
Mazzoli
McCloskey
McCurdy
McDermott
McHale
McKinney
McNulty
Meehan
Menendez
Mfume
Miller (CA)
Mineta
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Montgomery
Moran
Morella
Murphy
Murtha
Nadler

Natcher
Neal (MA)
Neal (NC)
Oberstar
Obey
Olver
Ortiz
Orton
Owens
Pallone
Parker
Pastor
Payne (NJ)
Payne (VA)
Pelosi
Peterson (FL)
Peterson (MN)
Pickett
Pickle
Pomeroy
Poshard
Price (NC)
Rahall
Rangel
Reed
Reynolds
Richardson
Roemer
Rose
Rostenkowski
Rowland
Roybal-Allard
Sabo
Sanders
Sarpalius
Sawyer
Schenk
Schroeder
Scott
Serrano
Shepherd
Sisisky
Skaggs
Skelton
Slattery
Slaughter
Smith (IA)
Spratt
Stark
Stokes
Strickland
Studds
Swett
Tanner
Taylor (MS)
Tejeda
Thompson
Thurman
Torres
Towns
Traficant
Tucker
Unsoeld
Valentine
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Washington
Waters
Watt
Waxman
Wheat
Williams

Wilson
Wise

Woolsey
Wyden

Wynn
Yates

NOT VOTING—19

Conyers
Derrick
Flake
Goodling
Harman
Hayes
Henry

Klecza
Meek
Ridge
Roberts
Rush
Santorum
Saxton

Schumer
Synar
Thornton
Torricelli
Whitten

So the motion to recommit with instructions was not agreed to.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONIOR, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. LIGHTFOOT demanded a recorded vote on passage of said bill, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 263
Nays 153

73.28 [Roll No. 260] AYES—263

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Andrews (ME)
Andrews (NJ)
Andrews (TX)
Bacchus (FL)
Baesler
Barca
Barlow
Barrett (WI)
Becerra
Belenson
Bentley
Berman
Bevill
Bilbray
Bishop
Blackwell
Bonior
Borski
Boucher
Brewster
Brooks
Browder
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Bryant
Byrne
Cardin
Carr
Chapman
Clay
Clayton
Clement
Clyburn
Coleman
Collins (IL)
Collins (MI)
Condit
Cooper
Coppersmith
Costello
Coyne
Cramer
Danner
Darden
de la Garza
Deal
DeFazio
DeLauro
Dellums
Deutsch
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Dooley
Durbin
Edwards (CA)
Edwards (TX)
Engel
English (AZ)
English (OK)
Eshoo
Evans
Farr
Fazio
Fields (LA)
Filner
Foglietta
Ford (MI)
Ford (TN)
Frank (MA)
Frost
Furse
Gejdenson
Gephardt

English (AZ)
English (OK)
Eshoo
Evans
Farr
Fazio
Fields (LA)
Filner
Fingerhut
Fish
Foglietta
Ford (MI)
Ford (TN)
Fowler
Frank (MA)
Frost
Furse
Gallo
Gejdenson
Gephardt
Geren
Gibbons
Gilchrist
Gilman
Glickman
Gonzalez
Gordon
Grandy
Green
Gutierrez
Hall (OH)
Hamburg
Hamilton
Hastings
Hefner
Hilliard
Hinchev
Hoagland
Hobson
Coleman
Collins (IL)
Collins (MI)
Houghton
Hoyer
Inslie
Istook
Jefferson
Johnson (CT)
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (SD)
Johnson, E. B.
Johnston
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kennedy
Kennelly
Kildee
Kingston
Klecza
Klein
Klink
Kolbe
Kopetski
Kreidler

LaFalce
Lambert
Lancaster
Lantos
LaRocco
Laughlin
Lehman
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (GA)
Lightfoot
Lipinski
Livingston
Long
Lowe
Maloney
Mann
Manton
Margolies-
Mezvinsky
Markey
Martinez
Matsui
Mazzoli
McCloskey
McCurdy
McDade
McDermott
McHale
McHugh
McKinney
McNulty
Meehan
Menendez
Mfume
Mica
Miller (CA)
Mineta
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Montgomery
Moran
Morella
Murtha
Nadler
Natcher
Neal (MA)
Neal (NC)
Oberstar
Obey
Olver
Ortiz
Orton
Owens
Parker
Pastor
Payne (NJ)
Payne (VA)
Pelosi
Penny
Peterson (FL)
Pickett
Pickle

Pomeroy
Poshard
Price (NC)
Quillen
Rangel
Ravenel
Reed
Regula
Reynolds
Richardson
Roemer
Rogers
Rose
Rostenkowski
Rowland
Roybal-Allard
Sabo
Sanders
Sangmeister
Sawyer
Schenk
Schiff
Schroeder
Scott

Serrano
Shaw
Shepherd
Sisisky
Skaggs
Skeen
Skelton
Slattery
Slaughter
Smith (IA)
Solomon
Spratt
Stark
Stenholm
Stokes
Strickland
Studds
Stupak
Swett
Swift
Tanner
Tauzin
Tejeda
Thompson

Thurman
Torres
Towns
Traficant
Tucker
Unsoeld
Valentine
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Walsh
Washington
Waters
Watt
Waxman
Wheat
Williams
Wilson
Wise
Wolf
Woolsey
Wyden
Wynn
Yates

NOES—153

Allard
Applegate
Archer
Armey
Bachus (AL)
Baker (CA)
Baker (LA)
Ballenger
Barca
Barrett (NE)
Bartlett
Barton
Bereuter
Bilirakis
Blute
Boehner
Bonilla
Brewster
Bunning
Burton
Buyer
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Canady
Castle
Clinger
Coble
Collins (GA)
Combust
Cox
Crane
Crapo
Cunningham
DeLay
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Doilittle
Dornan
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Edwards (TX)
Everett
Ewing
Fawell
Fields (TX)
Franks (CT)
Franks (NJ)
Gallegly
Gekas

Gillmor
Gingrich
Goodlatte
Goss
Grams
Greenwood
Gunderson
Hall (TX)
Hancock
Hansen
Hastert
Hefley
Herger
Hoekstra
Hoke
Huffington
Hughes
Hunter
Hutchinson
Hutto
Hyde
Inglis
Inhofe
Jacobs
Johnson, Sam
Kasich
Kim
King
Klug
Knollenberg
Kyl
Lazio
Leach
Levy
Lewis (FL)
Linder
Lloyd
Machtley
Manzullo
McCandless
McCollum
McCrery
McInnis
McKeon
McMillan
Meyers
Michel
Miller (FL)
Minge
Molinar
Moorhead

Murphy
Myers
Nussle
Oxley
Packard
Pallone
Paxon
Peterson (MN)
Petri
Pombo
Portman
Pryce (OH)
Quinn
Rahall
Ramstad
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Roth
Roukema
Royce
Sarpalius
Saxton
Schaefer
Sensenbrenner
Sharp
Shays
Shuster
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Snowe
Spence
Stearns
Stump
Sundquist
Talent
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Thomas (CA)
Thomas (WY)
Torkildsen
Upton
Volkmer
Vucanovich
Walker
Weldon
Young (AK)
Young (FL)
Zeliff
Zimmer

NOT VOTING—18

Conyers
Derrick
Flake
Goodling
Harman
Hayes

Henry
Meek
Porter
Ridge
Roberts
Rush

Santorum
Schumer
Synar
Thornton
Torricelli
Whitten

So the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

73.29 PERMISSION TO FILE REPORT

On motion of Mr. STOKES, by unanimous consent, the Committee on Appropriations was granted permission until midnight tonight to file a privi-

leged report (Rept. No. 103-150) on the bill (H.R. 2491) making appropriations for the Departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and for other sundry independent agencies, boards, commissions, corporations, and other offices for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes.

Mr. LEWIS of California reserved all points of order against said bill.

¶73.30 PERMISSION TO FILE REPORT

On motion of Mr. CARR, by unanimous consent, the Committee on Appropriations was granted permission until midnight tonight to file a privileged report (Rept. No. 103-149) on the bill (H.R. 2490) making appropriations for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes.

Mr. WOLF reserved all points of order against said bill.

¶73.31 HOUSE COMMISSION ON CONGRESSIONAL MAILING STANDARDS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BAESLER, by unanimous consent and pursuant to the provisions of section 5(b) of Public Law 93-191, the Speaker appointed additional members to the House Commission on Congressional Mailing Standards, Messrs. FORD of Michigan, KLECZKA, YOUNG of Alaska, and ROBERTS.

¶73.32 SUBPOENA

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BAESLER, laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC.

Hon. THOMAS S. FOLEY,
Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: This is to notify you, pursuant to Rule L of the "Rules of the House of Representatives," that a member of my staff has been served with a subpoena issued by the United States District Court for the District of Columbia. This subpoena is related to the former employment of the staff member.

After consultation with the General Counsel, I have determined that compliance is consistent with the privileges and precedents of the House.

Sincerely,

LESLIE L. BYRNE,
Member of Congress.

¶73.33 LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted—

To Mr. DERRICK, for today after 6:15 p.m., and June 23;

To Mr. HINCHEY, for June 23 and June 24; and

To Mr. SYNAR, for today and the balance of the week.

And then,

¶73.34 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. HORN, at 8 o'clock and 46 minutes p.m., the House adjourned.

¶73.35 REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. FROST: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 203. Resolution waiving certain points of order against the bill (H.R. 2445) making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 103-147). Referred to the House Calendar.

Mr. HALL of Ohio: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 204. Resolution waiving certain points of order against the bill (H.R. 2446) making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 103-148). Referred to the House Calendar.

Mr. CARR: Committee on Appropriations, H.R. 2490. A bill making appropriations for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 103-149). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. STOKES: Committee on Appropriations, H.R. 2491. A bill making appropriations for the Department of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and for sundry independent agencies, boards, commissions, corporations, and offices for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 103-150). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

¶73.36 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 5 of rule X and clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. HORN (for himself, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. HOBSON, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. MCDADE, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. MOORHEAD, Mr. PASTOR, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. TORRES, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. UPTON, and Mr. WAXMAN):

H.R. 2474. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to establish a program to assist members of the Armed Forces who are involuntarily separated from active duty to obtain training and employment as law enforcement officers; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. WAXMAN, and Mr. OWENS):

H.R. 2475. A bill to provide for congressional approval of a nuclear aircraft carrier waste disposal plan before the construction of CVN-76, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. HAMBURG, Mr. MILLER of California, Mrs. UNSOELD, Mr. HUGHES, Mr. BROWN of California, and Ms. WOOLSEY):

H.R. 2476. A bill to prohibit the Department of Defense from contracting with foreign contractors for ship repair until a certification is made to Congress; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey:

H.R. 2477. A bill to amend the Federal Law Enforcement Pay Reform Act of 1990 to provide that Federal police officers be treated in the same way as other Federal law enforcement officers for purposes of that act; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. BATEMAN:

H.R. 2478. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to acquire and to convey cer-

tain lands or interests in lands to improve the management, protection, and administration of Colonial National Historical Park and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. CARDIN (for himself, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. TOWNS, Mrs. SCHROEDER, Mr. WAXMAN, and Mr. MFUME):

H.R. 2479. A bill to amend the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 to establish an entitlement of States and certain political subdivisions of States to receive grants from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development for the abatement of health hazards associated with lead-based paint, and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to impose an excise tax and establish a trust fund to satisfy the Federal obligations arising from such entitlement; jointly, to the Committees on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs and Ways and Means.

By Mr. CRANE:

H.R. 2480. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide an exclusion for all dividends and interest received by individuals; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. EVANS (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. CLEMENT, and Mr. BUYER):

H.R. 2481. A bill to provide funding for an examination of the possible health effects of exposure to depleted uranium of U.S. military personnel in the Persian Gulf war; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Ms. FOWLER (for herself, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. CANADY, Mr. WELDON, Mr. SCHAEFER, Mr. HANCOCK, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, Mr. KYL, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. SAXTON, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. STUMP, Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. HEFLEY, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. BUNNING, Mr. TALENT, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. TORKILDSEN, Mr. REVENEL, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. KASICH, Mr. MACHTLEY, Mr. HANSEN, Mr. BUYER, and Mr. EVERETT):

H.R. 2482. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to limit the transfer of Department of Defense funds to other departments and agencies of the United States; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. MAZZOLI (for himself, Mr. SCHUMER, and Mr. NADLER):

H.R. 2483. A bill to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to make changes in the laws relating to nonimmigrants and immigrants; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. OBERSTAR (for himself and Mr. KILDEE):

H.R. 2484. A bill to provide equal leave benefits for adoptive parents; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. RAMSTAD:

H.R. 2485. A bill to suspend temporarily the duty on Bisphenol AF; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2487. A bill to suspend until January 1, 1995, the duty on certain ceramic ferrules and sleeves; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. RICHARDSON (for himself, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. BEILENSON, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. BLACKWELL, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. DEFazio, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. DE LUGO, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. ENGLISH of Oklahoma, Mr. EVANS, Mr. FILNER, Mr. FORD of Michigan, Ms. FURSE, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. FROST, Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. HAMBURG, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. JEFFERSON, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. KILDEE, Mr.

KLINK, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. McCLOSKEY, Mr. McDERMOTT, Ms. MCKINNEY, Ms. MALONEY, Ms. MARGOLIES-MEZVINSKY, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. MFUME, Mr. NADLER, Ms. NORTON, Mr. OLVER, Mr. OWENS, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. RAVENEL, Mr. REED, Mr. ROMERO-BARCELO, Ms. SCHENK, Mrs. SCHROEDER, Mr. SERRANO, Ms. SHEPHERD, Mr. STOKES, Mr. TORRES, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. WYNN, and Mr. YATES):

H.R. 2488. A bill to establish certain requirements with respect to solid waste and hazardous waste incinerators, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SKEEN (for himself and Mr. SCHIFF):

H.R. 2489. A bill to confer jurisdiction on the U.S. Claims Court with respect to land claims of Pueblo of Isleta Indian Tribe; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. McDERMOTT:

H. Con. Res. 113. Concurrent resolution relating to the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation organization; jointly, to the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Ways and Means.

73.37 MEMORIALS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, memorials were presented and referred as follows:

208. By the SPEAKER: Memorial of the House of Representatives of the State of Illinois, relative to the Fitzsimmons Army Medical Center; to the Committee on Armed Services.

209. Also, memorial of the General Assembly of the State of California, relative to the 1990 Census; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

210. Also, memorial of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relative to the Electric and Magnetic Fields Research and Public Information Dissemination Program; jointly, to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Science, Space, and Technology.

73.38 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 24: Mr. ENGEL.
 H.R. 28: Mr. BARCIA of Michigan.
 H.R. 65: Mr. CRANE and Mr. UNDERWOOD.
 H.R. 108: Mr. MACHTLEY and Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut.
 H.R. 127: Mr. YOUNG of Florida, Mr. STUPAK, and Mr. HOBSON.
 H.R. 238: Mr. MICHEL, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. DREIER, Mr. PAXON, Mr. WALSH, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. RIDGE, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. MCCANDLESS, Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming, Mr. KNOLLENBERG, Mr. ROTH, Mr. ZIMMER, Mr. HOEKSTRA, Mr. BUNNING, Mr. UPTON, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, and Mr. CASTLE.
 H.R. 273: Mr. BACCHUS of Florida.
 H.R. 303: Mr. MINETA and Mr. UNDERWOOD.
 H.R. 311: Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida.
 H.R. 369: Mr. BOEHNER.
 H.R. 546: Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida, Ms. LAMBERT, and Mr. DARDEN.
 H.R. 563: Mr. BAKER of Louisiana and Mr. FAWELL.
 H.R. 667: Mr. ROBERTS.
 H.R. 684: Mr. BAKER of Louisiana.
 H.R. 760: Mr. STUDDS.
 H.R. 799: Mr. HALL of Texas and Mr. COSTELLO.
 H.R. 823: Mr. VENTO.
 H.R. 911: Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. LEACH, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. CALLAHAN, and Mr. MURTHA.

H.R. 921: Mr. PALLONE.
 H.R. 962: Mr. RAHALL, Mr. THORNTON, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. KASICH, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. KIM, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. SAXTON, and Ms. LAMBERT.
 H.R. 1012: Mr. ACKERMAN, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. GIBBONS, Mr. GREENWOOD, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. KLEIN, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. PARKER, Mr. SLATTERY, Mr. SPRATT, and Ms. WATERS.
 H.R. 1078: Mr. GILMAN.
 H.R. 1079: Mr. GILMAN.
 H.R. 1082: Mr. GILMAN.
 H.R. 1111: Mr. MINETA.
 H.R. 1133: Mr. PETE GEREN of Texas, Mr. BARTON of Texas, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Ms. THURMAN, Mr. ENGLISH of Oklahoma, Mr. HOYER, Mr. PASTOR, Mr. ORTON, Mr. FORD of Tennessee, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. MOLLOHAN, Ms. SHEPHERD, and Mr. VISCLOSKEY.
 H.R. 1181: Mr. RICHARDSON, Mr. BARLOW, Mr. NATCHER, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. STUPAK, and Mr. DEFAZIO.
 H.R. 1200: Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas.
 H.R. 1295: Mr. FIELDS of Texas, Mr. SHAW, Mr. MACHTLEY, and Mr. PORTER.
 H.R. 1349: Mr. PETRI, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. BALLENGER, and Mr. HYDE.
 H.R. 1360: Mr. NADLER.
 H.R. 1442: Ms. MALONEY, Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Ms. THURMAN, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. PARKER, and Mr. VENTO.
 H.R. 1476: Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, Mr. FISH, Mr. PARKER, and Mr. CANADY.
 H.R. 1490: Mr. MCKEON, Mr. QUILLEN, and Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina.
 H.R. 1504: Mr. LEVY, Ms. MOLINARI, and Mr. SERRANO.
 H.R. 1508: Mr. MANZULLO.
 H.R. 1549: Mr. MACHTLEY and Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut.
 H.R. 1580: Mr. STENHOLM.
 H.R. 1583: Mrs. MEEK, Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida, and Mr. DORNAN.
 H.R. 1670: Mr. SAM JOHNSON and Mr. ROHR-ABACHER.
 H.R. 1697: Mr. NADLER, Mr. DURBIN, Miss COLLINS of Michigan, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. SWETT, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. FORD of Tennessee, and Mr. BROWN of California.
 H.R. 1709: Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. BARCIA of Michigan, Mr. SWETT, and Mr. ZELIFF.
 H.R. 1738: Mr. PENNY.
 H.R. 1800: Mr. BECERRA, Ms. THURMAN, and Mr. GUTIERREZ.
 H.R. 1814: Mr. POMEROY and Mr. OWENS.
 H.R. 1841: Mr. MANZULLO.
 H.R. 1874: Mr. CRANE.
 H.R. 1900: Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mrs. MINK, Mr. OLVER, and Ms. VELAZQUEZ.
 H.R. 1910: Mr. KYL, Mr. GILLMOR, and Mr. DOOLEY.
 H.R. 1935: Mr. MORAN.
 H.R. 1989: Mr. BAKER of California.
 H.R. 2002: Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. BEVILL, Mr. BORSKI, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. EVANS, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. FROST, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. MACHTLEY, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Ms. NORTON, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. WHEAT, and Mr. WOLF.
 H.R. 2043: Mr. REYNOLDS, Mr. WASHINGTON, Mr. SWETT, Mr. STARK, Mr. FLAKE, and Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD.
 H.R. 2053: Mr. BAKER of California.
 H.R. 2113: Mr. BUNNING and Mr. CRAPO.
 H.R. 2124: Mr. MACHTLEY.
 H.R. 2241: Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota and Mr. LEVIN.
 H.R. 2245: Mr. KASICH, Mr. McMILLAN, Mr. KOLBE, Mr. SMITH of Michigan, Mr. COX, Mr. HERGER, and Mr. HOKE.
 H.R. 2253: Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. WELDON, Mr. HUGHES, and Mr. GRAMS.

H.R. 2286: Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. HANCOCK, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. HANSEN, Mr. HUTTO, Mr. MANN, and Mr. ROTH.
 H.R. 2315: Mr. BALLENGER.
 H.R. 2331: Mr. LIPINSKI and Mr. FILNER.
 H.R. 2354: Mr. SMITH of Texas and Mr. BOEHNER.
 H.R. 2365: Mr. PENNY, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mr. NADLER, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. MEEHAN, and Mr. SANTORUM.
 H.R. 2414: Mr. FILNER.
 H.R. 2415: Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. GOSS, Mr. KLUG, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. McMILLAN, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. KOLBE, Mr. INGLIS of South Carolina, and Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey.
 H.R. 2417: Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. QUILLEN, Mr. TORKILDSEN, and Mr. LIPINSKI.
 H.R. 2461: Mr. McCLOSKEY.
 H.R. 2467: Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut and Mr. KINGSTON.
 H.J. Res. 11: Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. BLACKWELL, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. BROWDER, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. CLEMENT, Miss COLLINS of Michigan, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. COOPERSMITH, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. EVANS, Mr. EWING, Mr. HUGHES, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. KASICH, Mrs. LLOYD, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. MOORHEAD, Mr. PETRI, Mr. PICKETT, Mr. ROEMER, Mr. WALSH, and Mr. YOUNG of Florida.
 H.J. Res. 86: Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. KREIDLER, Mr. YOUNG of Florida, Mr. LEVY, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Ms. MALONEY, Mr. MANTON, Mr. GRANDY, Mr. LEACH, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, and Mr. MCCOLLUM.
 H.J. Res. 142: Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. TORKILDSEN, Mr. ROEMER, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. YOUNG of Florida, and Mr. WAXMAN.
 H.J. Res. 145: Mr. HUGHES.
 H.J. Res. 155: Mr. BATEMAN and Mr. YOUNG of Florida.
 H.J. Res. 190: Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey, Mr. CAMP, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. HYDE, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. MCDADE, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. MURTHA, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. VALENTINE, and Ms. WATERS.
 H.J. Res. 204: Mr. KASICH, Mr. PARKER, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. MCHALE, Mr. HUNTER, and Mr. LEVIN.
 H.J. Res. 212: Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Ms. THURMAN, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. RAVENEL, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. VENTO, Mr. STOKES, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. BREWSTER, Mr. COOPER, Mr. DICKS, Mr. FORD of Tennessee, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. HYDE, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. MANTON, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. DIXON, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. BORSKI, Mr. SCHUMER, Ms. WATERS, Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. REGULA, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. YOUNG of Florida, and Mr. LAFALCE.
 H.J. Res. 213: Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey, Mr. BACCHUS of Florida, Mr. BAESLER, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. BECERRA, Mr. BEVILL, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. BISHOP, Mr. BLACKWELL, Mr. BLILEY, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. BORSKI, Mr. BROOKS, Mr. BROWDER, Mr. BROWN of California, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Ms. BYRNE, Mr. CALLAHAN, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. CLAY, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. CLEMENT, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. COLEMAN, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Miss COLLINS of Michigan, Mr. CONDIT, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. COOPER, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. COX, Ms. DANNER, Mr. DARDEN, Mr. DEAL, Mr. DE LUGO, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. DICKS, Mr. DIXON, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. DREIER, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. EDWARDS of Texas, Mr. EMERSON,

Mr. ENGEL, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. EVANS, Mr. FALCOMA, Mr. FARR, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, Mr. FINGERHUT, Mr. FISH, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. FORD of Michigan, Mr. FORD of Tennessee, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey, Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut, Mr. FROST, Ms. FURSE, Mr. GALLO, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. GLICKMAN, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. GRANDY, Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, Mr. GUNDERSON, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. HALL of Ohio, Mr. HAMBURG, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. HOAGLAND, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. HOUGHTON, Mr. HOYER, Mr. HUGHES, Mr. HUTTO, Mr. HYDE, Mr. INSLEE, Mr. JEFFERSON, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida, Mr. KANJORSKI, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. KENNEDY, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. KING, Mr. KINGSTON, Mr. KLEIN, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. LAUGHLIN, Mr. LEHMAN, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. LEVY, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. LIPINSKI, Ms. LOWEY, Ms. MALONEY, Mr. MANN, Mr. MANTON, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. McNULTY, Ms. McKINNEY, Mrs. MEEK, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. MILLER of California, Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. MFUME, Mr. MINETA, Mrs. MINK, Mr. MOAKLEY, Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. MORAN, Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. NADLER, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Ms. NORTON, Mr. OLVER, Mr. ORTIZ, Mr. OWENS, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. PARKER, Mr. PASTOR, Mr. PAYNE of Virginia, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. PICKETT, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. QUILLEN, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. RAVENEL, Mr. REED, Mr. REYNOLDS, Mr. RICHARDSON, Mr. ROEMER, Mr. ROGERS, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. ROMERO-BARCELO, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. RUSH, Mr. SABO, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. SARPALIUS, Mr. SAWYER, Mr. SAXTON, Mrs. SCHROEDER, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. SISISKY, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. SMITH of Iowa, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. STENHOLM, Mr. STOKES, Mr. SWETT, Mr. SWIFT, Mr. SYNAR, Mr. TANNER, Mr. TAUZIN, Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi, Mr. TEJEDA, Mr. THOMPSON, Mr. THORNTON, Ms. THURMAN, Mr. TORRES, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. TUCKER, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mrs. UNSOELD, Mr. VALENTINE, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Mr. VENTO, Mr. VISCLOSKY, Mr. VOLKMER, Mr. WALSH, Mr. WASHINGTON, Ms. WATERS, Mr. WATT, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. WHEAT, Mr. WILSON, Mr. WISE, Mr. WOLF, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. WYNN, Mr. ZIMMER, and Mr. BOUCHER.

H. Con. Res. 76: Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, Mr. CRAMER, and Mr. DEUTSCH.

H. Con. Res. 99: Mr. VENTO.

H. Con. Res. 100: Mr. TORRES, Mr. HASTERT, Miss COLLINS of Michigan, Mr. MAZZOLI, Mr. MANTON, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. KREIDLER, and Mr. OWENS.

H. Res. 32: Mr. NADLER.

H. Res. 135: Mr. MCCLOSKEY.

H. Res. 151: Mr. STUMP.

H. Res. 156: Mr. DOOLITTLE.

H. Res. 165: Mr. VENTO, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. DEFazio, Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Mr. LEHMAN, Mr. HALL of Texas, and Mr. KREIDLER.

H. Res. 174: Mr. McCRERY and Mr. TALENT.

H. Res. 184: Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. DARDEN, Mr. ENGLISH of Oklahoma, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. STUPAK, and Mr. PARKER.

H. Res. 194: Mr. STUMP, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, and Mr. BAKER of California.

¶73.39 PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

47. By the SPEAKER: Petition of the City Council of Davao, Republic of the Philippines, relative to the Filipino Veterans Equity Act of 1991; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

48. Also, petition of the County of Wayne, NC, relative to the proposed increase in taxes by the U.S. Government on the sale of cigarettes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1993 (74)

¶74.1 DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, who laid before the House the following communication:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, June 23, 1993.

I hereby designate the Honorable G.V. (SONNY) MONTGOMERY to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

THOMAS S. FOLEY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

¶74.2 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Tuesday, June 22, 1993.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal was approved.

¶74.3 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

1476. A letter from the Acting Assistant Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the annual report on conditional registration of pesticides during fiscal year 1992, pursuant to 7 U.S.C. 136w-4; to the Committee on Agriculture.

1477. A letter from the Chairman, Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission, transmitting certified materials supplied to the Commission, pursuant to Public Law 101-510, section 2903(d)(3) (104 Stat. 1812); to the Committee on Armed Services.

1478. A letter from the Commissioner, National Center for Education Statistics, transmitting the annual statistical report of the National Center for Educational Statistics [NCES], "The Condition of Education," pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1221e-1(d)(1); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

1479. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting the 13th annual report on the implementation of the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 by departments and agencies which administer programs for Federal financial assistance, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 6106a(b); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

1480. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting notification of a proposed license for the export of major defense equipment and services sold commercially to Japan (Transmittal No. DTC-32-93), pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2776(c); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

1481. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting a report on missile proliferation, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2797b(a)(1); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

1482. A letter from the Department of the Interior, transmitting the annual report on royalty management and collection activities for Federal and Indian mineral leases in 1991 and 1992, pursuant to 30 U.S.C. 237; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

1483. A letter from the Secretary, Judicial Conference of the United States, transmitting the Conference's determination that U.S. District Judge Robert F. Collins of the Eastern District of Louisiana has engaged in conduct which might constitute grounds for impeachment, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 372(c)(8)(A); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1484. A letter from the Deputy Executive Director, Reserve Officers Association of the United States, transmitting the Association's financial audit for the period ending March 31, 1993, pursuant to 36 U.S.C. 1101(41), 1103; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1485. A letter from the Secretary of Transportation, transmitting the 11th Annual Report of Accomplishments Under the Airport Improvement Program for the fiscal year 1992, pursuant to 49 U.S.C. app. 2203(b)(2); to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

1486. A letter from the Acting Administrator, General Services Administration, transmitting informational copies of various lease prospectuses, pursuant to 40 U.S.C. 606(a); to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

¶74.4 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Hallen, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed with amendments a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 2118. An Act making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1993, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate insisted upon its amendments to the bill (H.R. 2118), an act making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1993, and for other purposes, requested a conference with the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appointed Mr. BYRD, Mr. INOUE, Mr. HOLLINGS, Mr. JOHNSTON, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. SASSER, Mr. DECONCINI, Mr. BUMPERS, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Mr. HARKIN, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. REID, Mr. KERREY, Mr. KOHL, Mrs. MURRAY, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. HATFIELD, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. D'AMATO, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. DOMENICI, Mr. NICKLES, Mr. GRAMM, Mr. BOND, Mr. GORTON, Mr. MCCONNELL, Mr. MACK, and Mr. BURNS, to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

¶74.5 WAIVING POINTS OF ORDER AGAINST H.R. 2446

Mr. HALL of Ohio, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 204):

Resolved, That during consideration of the bill (H.R. 2446) making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes, all points of order against provisions in the bill for failure to comply with clause 2 of rule XXI are waived. The amendments en bloc specified in the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution to be offered by Representative Fawell of Illinois or a designee may amend portions of the bill not yet read for amendment, shall be considered as read