

TERY, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. TANNER, Mr. TAUZIN, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mrs. THURMAN, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. VALENTINE, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Mr. VENTO, Mr. VOLKMER, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, Mr. WALSH, Ms. WATERS, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. WHITTEN, Mr. WILSON, Mr. WISE, Mr. WOLF, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. WYNN, and Mr. YOUNG of Alaska);

H.J. Res. 363. Joint resolution to designate October 1994 as "Crime Prevention Month"; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. KYL:

H. Con. Res. 244. Concurrent resolution to condemn the March 1, 1994, attack on American Lubavitcher students; jointly, to the Committees on Foreign Affairs and the Judiciary.

44.25 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 123: Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. ZELIFF, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. ISTOOK, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. HANSEN, and Mr. SMITH of Oregon.

H.R. 546: Mr. ABERCROMBIE and Mr. HOAGLAND.

H.R. 702: Mr. KING.

H.R. 790: Mr. PORTER.

H.R. 963: Mr. ROGERS.

H.R. 1145: Mr. MCCANDLESS and Mr. WILSON.

H.R. 1277: Mr. SMITH of Texas.

H.R. 1322: Mr. GEJDENSON and Mr. SKELTON.

H.R. 1349: Ms. PRYCE of Ohio.

H.R. 1785: Mr. BACHUS of Alabama.

H.R. 2444: Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. KIM, and Mr. GUNDERSON.

H.R. 2467: Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, and Mr. TEJEDA.

H.R. 2670: Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. WILSON, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. COBLE, and Mr. STUPAK.

H.R. 2866: Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. CONYERS, and Mr. CLAY.

H.R. 2930: Ms. DELAURO.

H.R. 2957: Mr. GUNDERSON and Mr. BLILEY.

H.R. 3075: Mr. LEHMAN.

H.R. 3179: Mr. GEKAS.

H.R. 3214: Mr. CALVERT.

H.R. 3261: Mr. MURTHA, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. PARKER, Mr. LEVY, Mr. CLAY, Mr. GORDON, Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. HUFFINGTON, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. LIVINGSTON, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. ROWLAND, Mr. MILLER of Florida, Mr. COBLE, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. CANADY, and Mr. WILSON.

H.R. 3290: Mr. PASTOR and Mr. EDWARDS of California.

H.R. 3305: Mr. RAHALL, Mr. LEWIS of California, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. FILNER, and Mr. ORTON.

H.R. 3310: Ms. VELAZQUEZ and Mr. OWENS.

H.R. 3320: Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi, Mr. TAUZIN, Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. BEILENSEN, and Mr. THOMAS of California.

H.R. 3486: Mr. EHLERS, Mr. BLILEY, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. MACHTLEY, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. ARMEY, Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. PACKARD, and Mr. ZIMMER.

H.R. 3513: Ms. SHEPHERD.

H.R. 3627: Mr. BALLENGER and Mr. SWIFT.

H.R. 3784: Mr. PACKARD and Mr. COMBEST.

H.R. 3811: Mr. FARR, Mr. FILNER, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. HARMAN, Mr. LEHMAN, and Ms. WOOLSEY.

H.R. 3820: Mr. HOBSON, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. LIVINGSTON, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. EMERSON, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. GEKAS, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. SCHAEFER, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. GOODLING, Mr.

STUMP, Mr. MOORHEAD, Mr. REGULA, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. SAM JOHNSON, and Mr. ROGERS.

H.R. 3860: Mr. EMERSON and Mr. PAXON.

H.R. 3870: Mr. HINCHEY.

H.R. 3942: Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey.

H.R. 3978: Mr. LEVY.

H.R. 3992: Mr. COLLINS of Georgia.

H.R. 4050: Mr. MANTON and Mr. STARK.

H.R. 4074: Mr. MCDERMOTT, Mr. QUINN, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. KLINK, Ms. SCHENK, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. RAHALL, and Mr. KING.

H.R. 4114: Mr. BECERRA, Ms. DELAURO, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. YATES, Mr. ANDREWS of Maine, and Mr. GLICKMAN.

H.R. 4162: Mr. FILNER.

H.R. 4198: Mr. ROBERTS.

H.R. 4213: Mr. EVANS.

H.R. 4237: Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mrs. BYRNE, and Mr. PORTER.

H.R. 4247: Mr. PENNY.

H.R. 4249: Mr. KREIDLER, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. SERRANO, and Ms. MCKINNEY.

H.R. 4257: Mr. WASHINGTON.

H.R. 4311: Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. CLINGER, and Mr. COMBEST.

H.J. Res. 209: Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. SHARP, Mr. ROWLAND, Mr. THOMAS of Wyoming, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. WALSH, Mr. BUNNING, and Mr. PAYNE of Virginia.

H.J. Res. 231: Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. QUILLEN, Mrs. MINK of Hawaii, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Mr. BAESLER, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, and Mr. HILLIARD.

H.J. Res. 276: Mr. PAYNE of Virginia, Ms. MARGOLIES-MEZVINSKY, and Ms. SNOWE.

H.J. Res. 297: Mr. BROWDER, Mr. BAESLER, Mr. DIXON, and Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin.

H.J. Res. 314: Mr. REED and Mr. MCHALE.

H.J. Res. 328: Mr. CASTLE, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. FAZIO, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. TUCKER, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. VENTO, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. GRAMS, and Mr. MANTON.

H.J. Res. 333: Mr. PASTOR, Mr. VENTO, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. SWETT, Ms. DUNN, Mr. COPPERSMITH, Mr. STOKES, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. SKEEN, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. KANJORSKI, Ms. SHEPHERD, Mr. BOEHLERT, Mr. REED, Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Mr. RAVENEL, and Mr. SANDERS.

H. Con. Res. 20: Mr. WYDEN.

H. Con. Res. 84: Mrs. BYRNE and Mr. GORDON.

H. Con. Res. 168: Mr. ARMEY, Mr. SHAYS, and Mr. BURTON of Indiana.

H. Con. Res. 212: Ms. MCKINNEY, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. STUDDS, Mr. TRAFICANT, and Mr. TUCKER.

H. Con. Res. 217: Ms. MARGOLIES-MEZVINSKY, Mr. PARKER, Ms. FURSE, Mr. MAZZOLI, Mrs. MALONEY, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. TOWNS, Ms. NORTON, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Mrs. BYRNE, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. REYNOLDS, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. WYNN, Mr. BILBRAY, and Mr. GEJDENSON.

H. Con. Res. 234: Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. FROST, Mr. KOPETSKI, Mr. WILSON, and Ms. WOOLSEY.

H. Res. 234: Mr. STEARNS, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. MENENDEZ, and Mr. HUFFINGTON.

H. Res. 362: Mr. BARCA of Wisconsin.

H. Res. 383: Mr. FAWELL.

44.26 PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII,

90. The SPEAKER presented a petition of Palau National Congress, P.O. Box 8, Koror, Republic of Palau, relative to the sincere gratitude and appreciation of the people of

the Republic of Palau to the Honorable RON DE LUGO, the U.S. Virgin Islands' Delegate; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources.

43.27 DELETIONS OF SPONSORS FROM PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were deleted from public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 140: Mr. EHLERS.

H.R. 3222: Mr. KOLBE.

THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1994 (44)

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER.

44.1 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Wednesday, May 4, 1994.

Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, pursuant to clause 1, rule I, objected to the Chair's approval of the Journal.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to the Chair's approval of said Journal?

The SPEAKER announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared { Yeas 248
Nays 160

44.2 [Roll No. 154] YEAS—248

Abercrombie	Coyne	Greenwood
Ackerman	Cramer	Gutierrez
Andrews (ME)	Danner	Hall (OH)
Andrews (NJ)	Darden	Hall (TX)
Applegate	de la Garza	Hamburg
Bacchus (FL)	Deal	Hamilton
Baesler	DeFazio	Harman
Barca	DeLauro	Hastings
Barcia	Derrick	Hayes
Barlow	Deutsch	Hefner
Barrett (WI)	Dicks	Hilliard
Bateman	Dingell	Hinchey
Becerra	Dixon	Hoagland
Beilenson	Dooley	Hochbrueckner
Berman	Durbin	Holden
Bevill	Edwards (CA)	Houghton
Bilbray	Edwards (TX)	Hoyer
Bishop	Engel	Hughes
Bonior	English	Hutto
Borski	Eshoo	Inglis
Boucher	Evans	Inlee
Brewster	Everett	Johnson (GA)
Brooks	Farr	Johnson (SD)
Browder	Fazio	Johnson, E. B.
Brown (FL)	Fields (LA)	Johnston
Brown (OH)	Filner	Kanjorski
Bryant	Fingerhut	Kaptur
Byrne	Fish	Kasich
Cantwell	Flake	Kennedy
Cardin	Foglietta	Kennelly
Carr	Ford (TN)	Kildee
Clayton	Frost	Kingston
Clement	Furse	Kleczka
Clyburn	Gejdenson	Klein
Coleman	Gephardt	Klink
Collins (IL)	Geren	Kopetski
Collins (MI)	Gibbons	Kreidler
Combest	Gillmor	LaFalce
Condit	Gilman	Lambert
Conyers	Glickman	Lancaster
Cooper	Gonzalez	Lantos
Coppersmith	Gordon	LaRocco
Costello	Green	Laughlin

Lehman	Orton	Slattery
Levin	Owens	Slaughter
Lewis (GA)	Pallone	Smith (IA)
Lipinski	Parker	Smith (NJ)
Lowey	Pastor	Spratt
Mann	Payne (NJ)	Stark
Manton	Payne (VA)	Stenholm
Margolies-	Pelosi	Stokes
Mezvinsky	Penny	Studds
Markey	Peterson (FL)	Stupak
Martinez	Peterson (MN)	Swift
Matsui	Pickett	Synar
Mazzoli	Pickle	Tanner
McCloskey	Pombo	Tauzin
McCollum	Pomeroy	Tejeda
McCurdy	Poshard	Thompson
McDermott	Price (NC)	Thornton
McHale	Rahall	Thurman
McKinney	Reed	Torres
McNulty	Reynolds	Torricelli
Meehan	Richardson	Towns
Meek	Roemer	Traficant
Menendez	Rose	Tucker
Mfume	Rostenkowski	Unsoeld
Miller (CA)	Rowland	Valentine
Mineta	Royal-Allard	Velazquez
Minge	Rush	Vento
Mink	Sabo	Visclosky
Moakley	Sanders	Volkmer
Mollohan	Sarpalius	Waters
Montgomery	Sawyer	Watt
Moran	Schenk	Waxman
Murtha	Schumer	Wheat
Myers	Scott	Williams
Nadler	Serrano	Wilson
Neal (MA)	Sharp	Wise
Neal (NC)	Shepherd	Woolsey
Oberstar	Sisisky	Wyden
Obey	Skaggs	Wynn
Ortiz	Skelton	Yates

NAYS—160

Allard	Goodling	Packard
Archer	Goss	Paxon
Armey	Grams	Petri
Bachus (AL)	Grandy	Porter
Baker (CA)	Gunderson	Portman
Baker (LA)	Hancock	Pryce (OH)
Ballenger	Hansen	Quillen
Barrett (NE)	Hastert	Quinn
Bartlett	Hefley	Ramstad
Barton	Herger	Ravenel
Bentley	Hobson	Regula
Bereuter	Hoekstra	Roberts
Bilirakis	Hoke	Rohrabacher
Bliley	Horn	Ros-Lehtinen
Blute	Hunter	Roth
Boehlert	Hutchinson	Roukema
Boehner	Hyde	Royce
Bonilla	Inhofe	Santorum
Bunning	Istook	Saxton
Burton	Jacobs	Schaefer
Buyer	Johnson (CT)	Schiff
Callahan	Johnson, Sam	Schroeder
Calvert	Kim	Sensenbrenner
Camp	King	Shaw
Canady	Klug	Shays
Castle	Knollenberg	Shuster
Clay	Kolbe	Skeen
Clinger	Kyl	Smith (MI)
Coble	Lazio	Smith (OR)
Collins (GA)	Leach	Smith (TX)
Cox	Levy	Snowe
Crane	Lewis (CA)	Solomon
Crapo	Lewis (FL)	Spence
Cunningham	Lightfoot	Stearns
DeLay	Linder	Stump
Diaz-Balart	Livingston	Sundquist
Doolittle	Machtley	Talent
Dreier	Manzullo	Taylor (MS)
Duncan	McCandless	Taylor (NC)
Dunn	McCrery	Thomas (CA)
Ehlers	McDade	Thomas (WY)
Emerson	McHugh	Torkildsen
Ewing	McInnis	Upton
Fawell	McKeon	Vucanovich
Fields (TX)	Meyers	Walker
Fowler	Mica	Walsh
Franks (CT)	Michel	Weldon
Franks (NJ)	Miller (FL)	Wolf
Galleghy	Molinari	Young (AK)
Gallo	Moorhead	Young (FL)
Gekas	Morella	Zeliff
Gilchrist	Murphy	Zimmer
Gingrich	Nussle	
Goodlatte	Oxley	

NOT VOTING—24

Andrews (TX)	Brown (CA)	Dellums
Blackwell	Chapman	Dickey

Dornan	Long	Rogers
Ford (MI)	Maloney	Sangmeister
Frank (MA)	McMillan	Strickland
Huffington	Olver	Swett
Jefferson	Rangel	Washington
Lloyd	Ridge	Whitten

So the Journal was approved.

44.3 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

3117. A letter from the Acting Chairman, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to reauthorize the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1110; to the Committee on Agriculture.

3118. A letter from the Comptroller of the Department of Defense, transmitting a report of a violation of the Anti-Deficiency Act which occurred in the Department of the Navy, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1517(b); to the Committee on Appropriations.

3119. A letter from the Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary (Production Resources), Department of Defense, transmitting the strategic and critical materials report to the Congress: Operations under the Strategic and Critical Materials Stockpiling Act during the period October 1992 to September 1993, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 98h-2(b); to the Committee on Armed Services.

3120. A letter from the Secretary of Defense, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to authorize the Department of Defense to implement the January 1994 agreement between the Department and the McConnell Douglas Corp. to settle C-17 issues; to the Committee on Armed Services.

3121. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 10-230, "Medicaid Benefits Protection Temporary Act of 1994," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

3122. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 10-231, "Fuels Technology Temporary Amendment Act of 1994," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

3123. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 10-232, "District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act of 1978 Employee Benefits Free Clinic Amendment Act of 1990 Extension Temporary Act of 1994," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

3124. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 10-233, "Youth Facilities Firearm Prohibition Amendment Act of 1994," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

3125. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 10-234, "South Africa Sanctions Repeal Act of 1994," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

3126. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 10-228, "Human Rights Amendment Act of 1994," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

3127. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 10-229, "Authorization for the Solicitation and Acceptance of Grant Monies by Advisory Neighborhood Commission 2D Act of 1994," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

3128. A letter from the Secretary of Education, transmitting final regulations—Student Assistance General Provisions—Federal Family Education Loan Program and Federal Pell Grant Program, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1232(d)(1); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

3129. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Energy, transmitting the Department's annual quarterly report for the strategic petroleum reserve, covering calendar year 1993 and including specific information for the fourth quarter of 1993, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 6245(a); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

3130. A letter from the Secretary of the Interior, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to authorize the appropriation of funds for construction projects under the covenant to establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in political union with the United States of America, and for other purposes, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1110; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

3131. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Secretary's report on the transfer of authority from the Secretary of Transportation to the Secretary of the Navy upon the transfer of the Coast Guard to the Navy, pursuant to Public Law 102-241, section 4 (105 Stat. 2209); jointly, to the Committees on Merchant Marine and Fisheries and Armed Services.

44.4 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Hallen, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed bills, a joint resolution, and a concurrent resolution of the following titles, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 783. An Act to amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act, and for other purposes.

S. 1927. An Act to increase the rates of compensation for veterans with service-connected disabilities and the rates of dependency and indemnity compensation for the survivors of certain disabled veterans.

S.J. Res. 168. Joint resolution designating May 11, 1994, as "Vietnam Human Rights Day."

S. Con. Res. 68. Concurrent resolution to authorize printing of Senator Robert C. Byrd's addresses to the United States Senate on the History of Roman Constitutionalism.

44.5 MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Sundry messages in writing from the President of the United States were communicated to the House by Mr. McCathran, one of his secretaries.

44.6 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 4296

Mr. DERRICK, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 416):

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 1(b) of rule XXIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4296) to make unlawful the transfer or possession of assault weapons. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. All points of order against consideration of the bill are waived. General debate shall be confined to the bill and shall not exceed two hours equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary. After general debate the bill shall be considered for amendment under the five-

minute rule. The amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary now printed in the bill shall be considered as read. All points of order against the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute are waived. No amendment to the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute and no other amendment to the bill shall be in order. At the conclusion of consideration of the bill for amendment the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendment as may have been adopted. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and any amendment thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. SOLOMON objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared { Yeas 220
Nays 209

44.7 [Roll No. 155]
YEAS—220

- Abercrombie
- Ackerman
- Andrews (ME)
- Andrews (NJ)
- Andrews (TX)
- Applegate
- Bacchus (FL)
- Barcia
- Barrett (WI)
- Becerra
- Beilenson
- Berman
- Bevill
- Bilbray
- Blackwell
- Bonior
- Borski
- Boucher
- Brewster
- Brooks
- Brown (CA)
- Brown (FL)
- Brown (OH)
- Bryant
- Byrne
- Cantwell
- Cardin
- Carr
- Chapman
- Clay
- Clayton
- Clement
- Clyburn
- Coleman
- Collins (IL)
- Collins (MI)
- Conyers
- Cooper
- Coppersmith
- Coyne
- Cramer
- Danner
- Darden
- de la Garza
- DeFazio
- DeLauro
- Dellums
- Derrick
- Deutsch
- Dicks
- Dingell
- Dixon
- Dooley
- Durbin
- Edwards (CA)
- Edwards (TX)
- Engel
- English
- Eshoo
- Evans
- Farr
- Fazio
- Fields (LA)
- Filner
- Fingerhut
- Flake
- Foglietta
- Ford (MI)
- Ford (TN)
- Frank (MA)
- Frost
- Furse
- Gejdenson
- Gephardt
- Gibbons
- Glickman
- Gonzalez
- Gordon
- Gutierrez
- Hall (OH)
- Hamburg
- Harman
- Hastings
- Hefner
- Hilliard
- Hinchey
- Hoagland
- Hochbrueckner
- Hoyer
- Hughes
- Inslee
- Jacobs
- Jefferson
- Johnson (SD)
- Johnson, E.B.
- Johnston
- Kaptur
- Kennedy
- Kennelly
- Kildee
- Kleckza
- Klein
- Kopetski
- Kreidler
- LaFalce
- Lantos
- Laughlin
- Lehman
- Levin
- Lewis (GA)
- Lipinski
- Lloyd
- Lowey
- Maloney
- Mann
- Manton
- Margolies-Mezvinsky
- Markey
- Martinez
- Matsui
- Mazzoli
- McCloskey
- McCurdy
- McDermott
- McHale
- McKinney
- McNulty
- Meehan
- Meek
- Menendez
- Mfume
- Miller (CA)
- Mineta
- Mink
- Moakley
- Mollohan
- Montgomery
- Moran
- Morella
- Murphy
- Murtha
- Nadler
- Neal (MA)
- Neal (NC)
- Oberstar
- Obey
- Olver
- Ortiz
- Owens

- Pallone
- Pastor
- Payne (NJ)
- Payne (VA)
- Pelosi
- Peterson (FL)
- Pickett
- Pickle
- Price (NC)
- Quillen
- Rahall
- Reed
- Reynolds
- Richardson
- Ridge
- Roemer
- Rose
- Rostenkowski
- Roukema
- Rowland
- Roybal-Allard
- Rush
- Sabo
- Sanders
- Sangmeister
- Sarpalius
- Sawyer
- Schenk
- Schroeder
- Schumer
- Scott
- Serrano
- Sharp
- Shepherd
- Sisisky
- Skaggs
- Slattery
- Slaughter
- Smith (IA)
- Spratt
- Stark
- Stokes
- Strickland
- Studds
- Stupak
- Swift
- Synar
- Tejeda

NAYS—209

- Allard
- Archer
- Armey
- Bachus (AL)
- Baessler
- Baker (CA)
- Baker (LA)
- Ballenger
- Barca
- Barlow
- Barrett (NE)
- Bartlett
- Barton
- Bateman
- Bentley
- Bereuter
- Bilirakis
- Bishop
- Bliley
- Blute
- Boehlert
- Boehner
- Bonilla
- Browder
- Bunning
- Burton
- Buyer
- Callahan
- Calvert
- Camp
- Candady
- Castle
- Clinger
- Coble
- Collins (GA)
- Combest
- Condit
- Costello
- Cox
- Crane
- Crapo
- Cunningham
- Deal
- DeLay
- Diaz-Balart
- Dickey
- Doolittle
- Dornan
- Dreier
- Duncan
- Dunn
- Ehlers
- Emerson
- Everett
- Ewing
- Fawell
- Fields (TX)
- Fish
- Fowler
- Franks (CT)
- Franks (NJ)
- Gallegly
- Gallo
- Gekas
- Geren
- Gilchrist
- Gillmor
- Gilman
- Gingrich
- Goodlatte
- Goodling
- Goss
- Grams
- Grandy
- Green
- Greenwood
- Gunderson
- Hall (TX)
- Hamilton
- Hancock
- Hansen
- Hastert
- Hayes
- Hefley
- Herger
- Hobson
- Hoekstra
- Hoke
- Holden
- Horn
- Houghton
- Huffington
- Hunter
- Hutchinson
- Hutto
- Hyde
- Inglis
- Inhofe
- Istook
- Johnson (CT)
- Johnson (GA)
- Johnson, Sam
- Kanjorski
- Kasich
- Kim
- King
- Kingston
- Klink
- Klug
- Knollenberg
- Kolbe
- Kyl
- Lambert
- Lancaster
- LaRocco
- Lazio
- Leach
- Levy
- Lewis (CA)
- Lewis (FL)
- Lightfoot
- Linder
- Livingston
- Machtley
- Manzullo
- McCandless
- McCollum
- McCrary
- McDade
- McHugh
- McInnis
- McKeon
- McMillan
- Meyers
- Mica
- Michel
- Miller (FL)
- Minge
- Molinar
- Moorhead
- Myers
- Nussle
- Orton
- Oxley
- Packard
- Parker
- Paxon
- Penny
- Peterson (MN)
- Petri
- Pombo
- Pomeroy
- Porter
- Portman
- Poshard
- Pryce (OH)
- Quinn
- Ramstad
- Ravenel
- Regula
- Roberts
- Rohrabacher
- Ros-Lehtinen
- Roth
- Royce
- Santorum
- Saxton
- Schaefer
- Schiff
- Sensenbrenner
- Shaw
- Shays
- Shuster
- Skeen
- Skelton
- Smith (MI)
- Smith (NJ)
- Smith (OR)
- Smith (TX)
- Snowe
- Solomon
- Spence
- Stearns
- Stenholm
- Stump
- Sundquist
- Swett
- Talent
- Tanner
- Tauzin
- Taylor (MS)
- Taylor (NC)
- Thomas (CA)
- Thomas (WY)
- Thurman
- Torkildsen
- Upton
- Volkmer
- Vucanovich
- Walker
- Walsh
- Weldon
- Williams
- Wilson
- Wolf
- Young (AK)
- Young (FL)
- Zeliff
- Zimmer

NOT VOTING—3

- Long
 - Rangel
 - Rogers
- So the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

44.8 ASSAULT WEAPONS BAN

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, pursuant to House Resolution 416 and rule XXIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 4296) to make unlawful the transfer or possession of assault weapons.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, by unanimous consent, designated Mr. VOLKMER as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole for the first hour and Mr. MFUME as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole for the second hour; and after some time spent therein,

The SPEAKER resumed the Chair.

When Mr. MFUME, Chairman, pursuant to House Resolution 416, reported the bill back to the House with an amendment adopted by the Committee.

The previous question having been ordered by said resolution.

The following amendment, reported from the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, was agreed to:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Public Safety and Recreational Firearms Use Protection Act".

SEC. 2. RESTRICTION ON MANUFACTURE, TRANSFER, AND POSSESSION OF CERTAIN SEMIAUTOMATIC ASSAULT WEAPONS.

(a) RESTRICTION.—Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(v)(1) It shall be unlawful for a person to manufacture, transfer, or possess a semi-automatic assault weapon.

"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the possession or transfer of any semiautomatic assault weapon otherwise lawfully possessed on the date of the enactment of this subsection.

"(3) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to—

"(A) any of the firearms, or replicas or duplicates of the firearms, specified in Appendix A to this section, as such firearms were manufactured on October 1, 1993;

"(B) any firearm that—

"(i) is manually operated by bolt, pump, lever, or slide action;

"(ii) has been rendered permanently inoperable; or

"(iii) is an antique firearm;

"(C) any semiautomatic rifle that cannot accept a detachable magazine that holds more than 5 rounds of ammunition; or

"(D) any semiautomatic shotgun that cannot hold more than 5 rounds of ammunition in a fixed or detachable magazine.

The fact that a firearm is not listed in Appendix A shall not be construed to mean that paragraph (1) applies to such firearm. No firearm exempted by this subsection may be deleted from Appendix A so long as this Act is in effect.

"(4) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to—

"(A) the United States or a department or agency of the United States or a State or a department, agency, or political subdivision of a State;

"(B) the transfer of a semiautomatic assault weapon by a licensed manufacturer, li-

censed importer, or licensed dealer to an entity referred to in subparagraph (A) or to a law enforcement officer authorized by such an entity to purchase firearms for official use;

“(C) the possession, by an individual who is retired from service with a law enforcement agency and is not otherwise prohibited from receiving a firearm, of a semiautomatic assault weapon transferred to the individual by the agency upon such retirement; or

“(D) the manufacture, transfer, or possession of a semiautomatic assault weapon by a licensed manufacturer or licensed importer for the purposes of testing or experimentation authorized by the Secretary.”

(b) DEFINITION OF SEMIAUTOMATIC ASSAULT WEAPON.—Section 921(a) of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(30) The term ‘semiautomatic assault weapon’ means—

“(A) any of the firearms, or copies or duplicates of the firearms, known as—

“(i) Norinco, Mitchell, and Poly Technologies Avtomat Kalashnikovs (all models);

“(ii) Action Arms Israeli Military Industries UZI and Galil;

“(iii) Beretta Ar70 (SC-70);

“(iv) Colt AR-15;

“(v) Fabrique National FN/FAL, FN/LAR, and FNC;

“(vi) SWD M-10, M-11, M-11/9, and M-12;

“(vii) Steyr AUG;

“(viii) INTRATEC TEC-9, TEC-DC9 and TEC-22; and

“(ix) revolving cylinder shotguns, such as (or similar to) the Street Sweeper and Striker 12;

“(B) a semiautomatic rifle that has an ability to accept a detachable magazine and has at least 2 of—

“(i) a folding or telescoping stock;

“(ii) a pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the weapon;

“(iii) a bayonet mount;

“(iv) a flash suppressor or threaded barrel designed to accommodate a flash suppressor; and

“(v) a grenade launcher;

“(C) a semiautomatic pistol that has an ability to accept a detachable magazine and has at least 2 of—

“(i) an ammunition magazine that attaches to the pistol outside of the pistol grip;

“(ii) a threaded barrel capable of accepting a barrel extender, flash suppressor, forward handgrip, or silencer;

“(iii) a shroud that is attached to, or partially or completely encircles, the barrel and that permits the shooter to hold the firearm with the nontrigger hand without being burned;

“(iv) a manufactured weight of 50 ounces or more when the pistol is unloaded; and

“(v) a semiautomatic version of an automatic firearm; and

“(D) a semiautomatic shotgun that has at least 2 of—

“(i) a folding or telescoping stock;

“(ii) a pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the weapon;

“(iii) a fixed magazine capacity in excess of 5 rounds; and

“(iv) an ability to accept a detachable magazine.”

(c) PENALTIES.—

(1) VIOLATION OF SECTION 922(v).—Section 924(a)(1)(B) of such title is amended by striking “or (q) of section 922” and inserting “(r), or (v) of section 922”.

(2) USE OR POSSESSION DURING CRIME OF VIOLENCE OR DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIME.—Section 924(c)(1) of such title is amended in the first sentence by inserting “, or semiautomatic assault weapon,” after “short-barreled shotgun.”

(d) IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS FOR SEMIAUTOMATIC ASSAULT WEAPONS.—Section 923(i) of such title is amended by adding at

the end the following: “The serial number of any semiautomatic assault weapon manufactured after the date of the enactment of this sentence shall clearly show the date on which the weapon was manufactured.”

SEC. 3. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS FOR TRANSFERS OF GRANDFATHERED FIREARMS.

(a) OFFENSE.—Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as amended by section 2(a) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(w)(1) It shall be unlawful for a person to sell, ship, or deliver a semiautomatic assault weapon to a person who has not completed a form 4473 in connection with the transfer of the semiautomatic assault weapon.

“(2) It shall be unlawful for a person to receive a semiautomatic assault weapon unless the person has completed a form 4473 in connection with the transfer of the semiautomatic assault weapon.

“(3) If a person receives a semiautomatic assault weapon from anyone other than a licensed dealer, both the person and the transferor shall retain a copy of the form 4473 completed in connection with the transfer.

“(4) Within 90 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall prescribe regulations ensuring the availability of form 4473 to owners of semiautomatic assault weapons.

“(5) As used in this subsection, the term ‘form 4473’ means—

“(A) the form which, as of the date of the enactment of this subsection, is designated by the Secretary as form 4473; or

“(B) any other form which—

“(i) is required by the Secretary, in lieu of the form described in subparagraph (A), to be completed in connection with the transfer of a semiautomatic assault weapon; and

“(ii) when completed, contains, at a minimum, the information that, as of the date of the enactment of this subsection, is required to be provided on the form described in subparagraph (A).”

(b) PENALTY.—Section 924(a) of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(6) A person who knowingly violates section 922(w) shall be fined not more than \$1,000, imprisoned not more than 6 months, or both. Section 3571 shall not apply to any offense under this paragraph.”

SEC. 4. BAN OF LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICES.

(a) PROHIBITION.—Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as amended by sections 2 and 3 of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(x)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), it shall be unlawful for a person to transfer or possess a large capacity ammunition feeding device.

“(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the possession or transfer of any large capacity ammunition feeding device otherwise lawfully possessed on the date of the enactment of this subsection.

“(3) This subsection shall not apply to—

“(A) the United States or a department or agency of the United States or a State or a department, agency, or political subdivision of a State;

“(B) the transfer of a large capacity ammunition feeding device by a licensed manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed dealer to an entity referred to in subparagraph (A) or to a law enforcement officer authorized by such an entity to purchase large capacity ammunition feeding devices for official use;

“(C) the possession, by an individual who is retired from service with a law enforcement agency and is not otherwise prohibited from receiving ammunition, of a large capacity ammunition feeding device transferred to the individual by the agency upon such retirement; or

“(D) the manufacture, transfer, or possession of any large capacity ammunition feeding device by a licensed manufacturer or licensed importer for the purposes of testing or experimentation authorized by the Secretary.”

(b) DEFINITION OF LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICE.—Section 921(a) of such title, as amended by section 2(b) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(31) The term ‘large capacity ammunition feeding device’—

“(A) means—

“(i) a magazine, belt, drum, feed strip, or similar device that has a capacity of, or that can be readily restored or converted to accept, more than 10 rounds of ammunition; and

“(ii) any combination of parts from which a device described in clause (i) can be assembled; but

“(B) does not include an attached tubular device designed to accept, and capable of operating only with, .22 caliber rimfire ammunition.”

(c) LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICES TREATED AS FIREARMS.—Section 921(a)(3) of such title is amended in the first sentence by striking “or (D) any destructive device,” and inserting “(D) any destructive device; or (E) any large capacity ammunition feeding device.”

(d) PENALTY.—Section 924(a)(1)(B) of such title, as amended by section 2(c) of this Act, is amended by striking “or (v)” and inserting “(v), or (x)”.

(e) IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS FOR LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICES.—Section 923(i) of such title, as amended by section 2(d) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following: “A large capacity ammunition feeding device manufactured after the date of the enactment of this sentence shall be identified by a serial number that clearly shows that the device was manufactured or imported after the effective date of this subsection, and such other identification as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.”

SEC. 5. STUDY BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.

(a) STUDY.—The Attorney General shall investigate and study the effect of this Act and the amendments made by this Act, and in particular shall determine their impact, if any, on violent and drug trafficking crime. The study shall be conducted over a period of 18 months, commencing 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 30 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall prepare and submit to the Congress a report setting forth in detail the findings and determinations made in the study under subsection (a).

SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act and the amendments made by this Act—

(1) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(2) are repealed effective as of the date that is 10 years after that date.

SEC. 7. APPENDIX A TO SECTION 922 OF TITLE 18.

Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following appendix:

“APPENDIX A

Centerfire Rifles—Autoloaders

Browning BAR Mark II Safari Semi-Auto Rifle
Browning BAR Mark II Safari Magnum Rifle
Browning High-Power Rifle
Heckler & Koch Model 300 Rifle
Iver Johnson M-1 Carbine
Iver Johnson 50th Anniversary M-1 Carbine

Marlin Model 9 Camp Carbine
 Marlin Model 45 Carbine
 Remington Nylon 66 Auto-Loading Rifle
 Remington Model 7400 Auto Rifle
 Remington Model 7400 Rifle
 Remington Model 7400 Special Purpose Auto Rifle
 Ruger Mini-14 Autoloading Rifle (w/o folding stock)
 Ruger Mini Thirty Rifle

Centerfire Rifles—Lever & Slide

Browning Model 81 BLR Lever-Action Rifle
 Browning Model 81 Long Action BLR
 Browning Model 1886 Lever-Action Carbine
 Browning Model 1886 High Grade Carbine
 Cimarron 1860 Henry Replica
 Cimarron 1866 Winchester Replicas
 Cimarron 1873 Short Rifle
 Cimarron 1873 Sporting Rifle
 Cimarron 1873 30" Express Rifle
 Dixie Engraved 1873 Rifle
 E.M.F. 1866 Yellowboy Lever Actions
 E.M.F. 1860 Henry Rifle
 E.M.F. Model 73 Lever-Action Rifle
 Marlin Model 336CS Lever-Action Carbine
 Marlin Model 30AS Lever-Action Carbine
 Marlin Model 44SS Lever-Action Sporter
 Marlin Model 1894S Lever-Action Carbine
 Marlin Model 1894CS Carbine
 Marlin Model 1894CL Classic
 Marlin Model 1895SS Lever-Action Rifle
 Mitchell 1858 Henry Replica
 Mitchell 1866 Winchester Replica
 Mitchell 1873 Winchester Replica
 Navy Arms Military Henry Rifle
 Navy Arms Henry Trapper
 Navy Arms Iron Frame Henry
 Navy Arms Henry Carbine
 Navy Arms 1866 Yellowboy Rifle
 Navy Arms 1873 Winchester-Style Rifle
 Navy Arms 1873 Sporting Rifle
 Remington 7600 Slide Action
 Remington Model 7600 Special Purpose Slide Action
 Rossi M92 SRC Saddle-Ring Carbine
 Rossi M92 SRS Short Carbine
 Savage 99C Lever-Action Rifle
 Uberti Henry Rifle
 Uberti 1866 Sporting Rifle
 Uberti 1873 Sporting Rifle
 Winchester Model 94 Side Eject Lever-Action Rifle
 Winchester Model 94 Trapper Side Eject
 Winchester Model 94 Big Bore Side Eject
 Winchester Model 94 Ranger Side Eject Lever-Action Rifle
 Winchester Model 94 Wrangler Side Eject

Centerfire Rifles—Bolt Action

Alpine Bolt-Action Rifle
 A-Square Caesar Bolt-Action Rifle
 A-Square Hannibal Bolt-Action Rifle
 Anschutz 1700D Classic Rifles
 Anschutz 1700D Custom Rifles
 Anschutz 1700D Bavarian Bolt-Action Rifle
 Anschutz 1733D Mannlicher Rifle
 Barret Model 90 Bolt-Action Rifle
 Beeman/HW 60J Bolt-Action Rifle
 Blaser R84 Bolt-Action Rifle
 BRNO 537 Sporter Bolt-Action Rifle
 BRNO ZKB 527 Fox Bolt-Action Rifle
 BRNO ZKK 600, 601, 602 Bolt-Action Rifles
 Browning A-Bolt Rifle
 Browning A-Bolt Stainless Stalker

Browning A-Bolt Left Hand
 Browning A-Bolt Short Action
 Browning Euro-Bolt Rifle
 Browning A-Bolt Gold Medallion
 Browning A-Bolt Micro Medallion
 Century Centurion 14 Sporter
 Century Enfield Sporter #4
 Century Swedish Sporter #38
 Century Mauser 98 Sporter
 Cooper Model 38 Centerfire Sporter
 Dakota 22 Sporter Bolt-Action Rifle
 Dakota 76 Classic Bolt-Action Rifle
 Dakota 76 Short Action Rifles
 Dakota 76 Safari Bolt-Action Rifle
 Dakota 416 Rigby African
 E.A.A./Sabatti Rover 870 Bolt-Action Rifle
 Auguste Francotte Bolt-Action Rifles
 Carl Gustaf 2000 Bolt-Action Rifle
 Heym Magnum Express Series Rifle
 Howa Lightning Bolt-Action Rifle
 Howa Realtree Camo Rifle
 Interarms Mark X Viscount Bolt-Action Rifle
 Interarms Mini-Mark X Rifle
 Interarms Mark X Whitworth Bolt-Action Rifle
 Interarms Whitworth Express Rifle
 Iver Johnson Model 5100A1 Long-Range Rifle
 KDF K15 American Bolt-Action Rifle
 Krico Model 600 Bolt-Action Rifle
 Krico Model 700 Bolt-Action Rifles
 Mauser Model 66 Bolt-Action Rifle
 Mauser Model 99 Bolt-Action Rifle
 McMillan Signature Classic Sporter
 McMillan Signature Super Varminter
 McMillan Signature Alaskan
 McMillan Signature Titanium Mountain Rifle
 McMillan Classic Stainless Sporter
 McMillan Talon Safari Rifle
 McMillan Talon Sporter Rifle
 Midland 1500S Survivor Rifle
 Navy Arms TU-33/40 Carbine
 Parker-Hale Model 81 Classic Rifle
 Parker-Hale Model 81 Classic African Rifle
 Parker-Hale Model 1000 Rifle
 Parker-Hale Model 1100M African Magnum
 Parker-Hale Model 1100 Lightweight Rifle
 Parker-Hale Model 1200 Super Rifle
 Parker-Hale Model 1200 Super Clip Rifle
 Parker-Hale Model 1300C Scout Rifle
 Parker-Hale Model 2100 Midland Rifle
 Parker-Hale Model 2700 Lightweight Rifle
 Parker-Hale Model 2800 Midland Rifle
 Remington Model Seven Bolt-Action Rifle
 Remington Model Seven Youth Rifle
 Remington Model Seven Custom KS
 Remington Model Seven Custom MS Rifle
 Remington 700 ADL Bolt-Action Rifle
 Remington 700 BDL Bolt-Action Rifle
 Remington 700 BDL Varmint Special
 Remington 700 BDL European Bolt-Action Rifle
 Remington 700 Varmint Synthetic Rifle
 Remington 700 BDL SS Rifle
 Remington 700 Stainless Synthetic Rifle
 Remington 700 MTRSS Rifle
 Remington 700 BDL Left Hand
 Remington 700 Camo Synthetic Rifle
 Remington 700 Safari
 Remington 700 Mountain Rifle
 Remington 700 Custom KS Mountain Rifle
 Remington 700 Classic Rifle
 Ruger M77 Mark II Rifle
 Ruger M77 Mark II Magnum Rifle
 Ruger M77RL Ultra Light
 Ruger M77 Mark II All-Weather Stainless Rifle

Ruger M77 RSI International Carbine
 Ruger M77 Mark II Express Rifle
 Ruger M77VT Target Rifle
 Sako Hunter Rifle
 Sako Fiberclass Sporter
 Sako Safari Grade Bolt Action
 Sako Hunter Left-Hand Rifle
 Sako Classic Bolt Action
 Sako Hunter LS Rifle
 Sako Deluxe Lightweight
 Sako Super Deluxe Sporter
 Sako Mannlicher-Style Carbine
 Sako Varmint Heavy Barrel
 Sako TRG-S Bolt-Action Rifle
 Sauer 90 Bolt-Action Rifle
 Savage 110G Bolt-Action Rifle
 Savage 110CY Youth/Ladies Rifle
 Savage 110WLE One of One Thousand Limited Edition Rifle
 Savage 110GXP3 Bolt-Action Rifle
 Savage 110F Bolt-Action Rifle
 Savage 110FXP3 Bolt-Action Rifle
 Savage 110GV Varmint Rifle
 Savage 112FV Varmint Rifle
 Savage Model 112FVS Varmint Rifle
 Savage Model 112BV Heavy Barrel Varmint Rifle
 Savage 116FSS Bolt-Action Rifle
 Savage Model 116FSK Kodiak Rifle
 Savage 110FP Police Rifle
 Steyr-Mannlicher Sporter Models SL, L, M, S, S/T
 Steyr-Mannlicher Luxus Model L, M, S
 Steyr-Mannlicher Model M Professional Rifle
 Tikka Bolt-Action Rifle
 Tikka Premium Grade Rifles
 Tikka Varmint/Continental Rifle
 Tikka Whitetail/Battue Rifle
 Ultra Light Arms Model 20 Rifle
 Ultra Light Arms Model 28, Model 40 Rifles
 Voere VEC 91 Lightning Bolt-Action Rifle
 Voere Model 2165 Bolt-Action Rifle
 Voere Model 2155, 2150 Bolt-Action Rifles
 Weatherby Mark V Deluxe Bolt-Action Rifle
 Weatherby Lasermark V Rifle
 Weatherby Mark V Crown Custom Rifles
 Weatherby Mark V Sporter Rifle
 Weatherby Mark V Safari Grade Custom Rifles
 Weatherby Weathermark Rifle
 Weatherby Weathermark Alaskan Rifle
 Weatherby Classicmark No. 1 Rifle
 Weatherby Weatherguard Alaskan Rifle
 Weatherby Vanguard VGX Deluxe Rifle
 Weatherby Vanguard Classic Rifle
 Weatherby Vanguard Classic No. 1 Rifle
 Weatherby Vanguard Weatherguard Rifle
 Wichita Classic Rifle
 Wichita Varmint Rifle
 Winchester Model 70 Sporter
 Winchester Model 70 Sporter WinTuff
 Winchester Model 70 SM Sporter
 Winchester Model 70 Stainless Rifle
 Winchester Model 70 Varmint
 Winchester Model 70 Synthetic Heavy Varmint Rifle
 Winchester Model 70 DBM Rifle
 Winchester Model 70 DBM-S Rifle
 Winchester Model 70 Featherweight
 Winchester Model 70 Featherweight WinTuff
 Winchester Model 70 Featherweight Classic
 Winchester Model 70 Lightweight Rifle
 Winchester Ranger Rifle
 Winchester Model 70 Super Express Magnum

Winchester Model 70 Super Grade
Winchester Model 70 Custom Sharpshooter
Winchester Model 70 Custom Sporting Sharpshooter Rifle

Centerfire Rifles—Single Shot

Armsport 1866 Sharps Rifle, Carbine
Brown Model One Single Shot Rifle
Browning Model 1885 Single Shot Rifle
Dakota Single Shot Rifle
Desert Industries G-90 Single Shot Rifle
Harrington & Richardson Ultra Varmint Rifle
Model 1885 High Wall Rifle
Navy Arms Rolling Block Buffalo Rifle
Navy Arms #2 Creedmoor Rifle
Navy Arms Sharps Cavalry Carbine
Navy Arms Sharps Plains Rifle
New England Firearms Handi-Rifle
Red Willow Armory Ballard No. 5 Pacific
Red Willow Armory Ballard No. 1.5 Hunting Rifle
Red Willow Armory Ballard No. 8 Union Hill Rifle
Red Willow Armory Ballard No. 4.5 Target Rifle
Remington-Style Rolling Block Carbine

Ruger No. 1B Single Shot
Ruger No. 1A Light Sporter
Ruger No. 1H Tropical Rifle
Ruger No. 1S Medium Sporter
Ruger No. 1 RSI International
Ruger No. 1V Special Varminter
C. Sharps Arms New Model 1874 Old Reliable
C. Sharps Arms New Model 1875 Rifle
C. Sharps Arms 1875 Classic Sharps
C. Sharps Arms New Model 1875 Target & Long Range
Shiloh Sharps 1874 Long Range Express
Shiloh Sharps 1874 Montana Roughrider
Shiloh Sharps 1874 Military Carbine
Shiloh Sharps 1874 Business Rifle
Shiloh Sharps 1874 Military Rifle
Sharps 1874 Old Reliable
Thompson/Center Contender Carbine
Thompson/Center Stainless Contender Carbine
Thompson/Center Contender Carbine Survival System
Thompson/Center Contender Carbine Youth Model
Thompson/Center TCR '87 Single Shot Rifle
Uberti Rolling Block Baby Carbine

Drillings, Combination Guns, Double Rifles

Beretta Express SSO O/U Double Rifles
Beretta Model 455 SxS Express Rifle
Chapuis RGEExpress Double Rifle
Auguste Francotte Sidelock Double Rifles
Auguste Francotte Boxlock Double Rifle
Heym Model 55B O/U Double Rifle
Heym Model 55FW O/U Combo Gun
Heym Model 88b Side-by-Side Double Rifle
Kodiak Mk. IV Double Rifle
Kreighoff Teck O/U Combination Gun
Kreighoff Trumpf Drilling
Merkel Over/Under Combination Guns
Merkel Drillings
Merkel Model 160 Side-by-Side Double Rifles
Merkel Over/Under Double Rifles
Savage 24F O/U Combination Gun
Savage 24F-12T Turkey Gun
Springfield Inc. M6 Scout Rifle/Shotgun

Tikka Model 412s Combination Gun
Tikka Model 412S Double Fire
A. Zoli Rifle-Shotgun O/U Combo

Rimfire Rifles—Autoloaders

AMT Lightning 25/22 Rifle
AMT Lightning Small-Game Hunting Rifle II
AMT Magnum Hunter Auto Rifle
Anschutz 525 Deluxe Auto
Armstrong Model 20P Auto Rifle
Browning Auto-22 Rifle
Browning Auto-22 Grade VI
Krico Model 260 Auto Rifle
Lakefield Arms Model 64B Auto Rifle
Marlin Model 60 Self-Loading Rifle
Marlin Model 60ss Self-Loading Rifle
Marlin Model 70 HC Auto
Marlin Model 9901 Self-Loading Rifle
Marlin Model 70P Papoose
Marlin Model 922 Magnum Self-Loading Rifle
Marlin Model 995 Self-Loading Rifle
Norinco Model 22 ATD Rifle
Remington Model 522 Viper Autoloading Rifle
Remington 552BDL Speedmaster Rifle
Ruger 10/22 Autoloading Carbine (w/o folding stock)
Survival Arms AR-7 Explorer Rifle
Texas Remington Revolving Carbine
Voere Model 2115 Auto Rifle

Rimfire Rifles—Lever & Slide Action

Browning BL-22 Lever-Action Rifle
Marlin 39TDS Carbine
Marlin Model 39AS Golden Lever-Action Rifle
Remington 572BDL Fieldmaster Pump Rifle
Norinco EM-321 Pump Rifle
Rossi Model 62 SA Pump Rifle
Rossi Model 62 SAC Carbine
Winchester Model 9422 Lever-Action Rifle
Winchester Model 9422 Magnum Lever-Action Rifle

Rimfire Rifles—Bolt Actions & Single Shots

Anschutz Achiever Bolt-Action Rifle
Anschutz 1416D/1516D Classic Rifles
Anschutz 1418D/1518D Mannlicher Rifles
Anschutz 1700D Classic Rifles
Anschutz 1700D Custom Rifles
Anschutz 1700 FWT Bolt-Action Rifle
Anschutz 1700D Graphite Custom Rifle
Anschutz 1700D Bavarian Bolt-Action Rifle
Armstrong Model 14P Bolt-Action Rifle
Armstrong Model 1500 Rifle
BRNO ZKM-452 Deluxe Bolt-Action Rifle
BRNO ZKM 452 Deluxe
Beeman/HW 60-J-ST Bolt-Action Rifle
Browning A-Bolt 22 Bolt-Action Rifle
Browning A-Bolt Gold Medallion
Cabanas Phaser Rifle
Cabanas Master Bolt-Action Rifle
Cabanas Espronceda IV Bolt-Action Rifle
Cabanas Leyre Bolt-Action Rifle
Chipmunk Single Shot Rifle
Cooper Arms Model 36S Sporter Rifle
Dakota 22 Sporter Bolt-Action Rifle
Krico Model 300 Bolt-Action Rifles
Lakefield Arms Mark II Bolt-Action Rifle
Lakefield Arms Mark I Bolt-Action Rifle
Magtech Model MT-22C Bolt-Action Rifle
Marlin Model 880 Bolt-Action Rifle
Marlin Model 881 Bolt-Action Rifle
Marlin Model 882 Bolt-Action Rifle
Marlin Model 883 Bolt-Action Rifle
Marlin Model 883SS Bolt-Action Rifle

Marlin Model 25MN Bolt-Action Rifle
Marlin Model 25N Bolt-Action Repeater
Marlin Model 15YN "Little Buckaroo"
Mauser Model 107 Bolt-Action Rifle
Mauser Model 201 Bolt-Action Rifle
Navy Arms TU-KKW Training Rifle
Navy Arms TU-33/40 Carbine
Navy Arms TU-KKW Sniper Trainer
Norinco JW-27 Bolt-Action Rifle
Norinco JW-15 Bolt-Action Rifle
Remington 541-T
Remington 40-XR Rimfire Custom sporter
Remington 541-T HB Bolt-Action Rifle
Remington 581-S Sportsman Rifle
Ruger 77/22 Rimfire Bolt-Action Rifle
Ruger K77/22 Varmint Rifle
Ultra Light Arms Model 20 RF Bolt-Action Rifle
Winchester Model 52B Sporting Rifle

Competition Rifles—Centerfire & Rimfire

Anschutz 64-MS Left Silhouette
Anschutz 1808D RT Super Match 54 Target
Anschutz 1827B Biathlon Rifle
Anschutz 1903D Match Rifle
Anschutz 1803D Intermediate Match
Anschutz 1911 Match Rifle
Anschutz 54.18MS REP Deluxe Silhouette Rifle
Anschutz 1913 Super Match Rifle
Anschutz 1907 Match Rifle
Anschutz 1910 Super Match II
Anschutz 54.18MS Silhouette Rifle
Anschutz Super Match 54 Target Model 2013
Anschutz Super Match 54 Target Model 2007
Beeman/Feinwerkbau 2600 Target Rifle
Cooper Arms Model TRP-1 ISU Standard Rifle
E.A.A./Weihrauch HW 60 Target Rifle
E.A.A./HW 660 Match Rifle
Finnish Lion Standard Target Rifle
Krico Model 360 S2 Biathlon Rifle
Krico Model 400 Match Rifle
Krico Model 360S Biathlon Rifle
Krico Model 500 Kricotronic Match Rifle
Krico Model 600 Sniper Rifle
Krico Model 600 Match Rifle
Lakefield Arms Model 90B Target Rifle
Lakefield Arms Model 91T Target Rifle
Lakefield Arms Model 92S Silhouette Rifle
Marlin Model 2000 Target Rifle
Mauser Model 86-SR Specialty Rifle
McMillan M-86 Sniper Rifle
McMillan Combo M-87/M-88 50-Caliber Rifle
McMillan 300 Phoenix Long Range Rifle
McMillan M-89 Sniper Rifle
McMillan National Match Rifle
McMillan Long Range Rifle
Parker-Hale M-87 Target Rifle
Parker-Hale M-85 Sniper Rifle
Remington 40-XB Rangemaster Target Centerfire
Remington 40-XR KS Rimfire Position Rifle
Remington 40-XBBR KS
Remington 40-XC KS National Match Course Rifle
Sako TRG-21 Bolt-Action Rifle
Steyr-Mannlicher Match SPG-UIT Rifle
Steyr-Mannlicher SSG P-I Rifle
Steyr-Mannlicher SSG P-III Rifle
Steyr-Mannlicher SSG P-IV Rifle
Tanner Standard UIT Rifle
Tanner 50 Meter Free Rifle

Tanner 300 Meter Free Rifle
Wichita Silhouette Rifle

Shotguns—Autoloaders

American Arms/Franchi Black Magic 48/AL
Benelli Super Black Eagle Shotgun
Benelli Super Black Eagle Slug Gun
Benelli M1 Super 90 Field Auto Shotgun
Benelli Montefeltro Super 90 20-Gauge Shotgun
Benelli Montefeltro Super 90 Shotgun
Benelli M1 Sporting Special Auto Shotgun
Benelli Black Eagle Competition Auto Shotgun
Beretta A-303 Auto Shotgun
Beretta 390 Field Auto Shotgun
Beretta 390 Super Trap, Super Skeet Shotguns
Beretta Vittoria Auto Shotgun
Beretta Model 1201F Auto Shotgun
Browning BSA 10 Auto Shotgun
Browning Bsa 10 Stalker Auto Shotgun
Browning A-500R Auto Shotgun
Browning A-500G Auto Shotgun
Browning A-500G Sporting Clays
Browning Auto-5 Light 12 and 20
Browning Auto-5 Stalker
Browning Auto-5 Magnum 20
Browning Auto-5 Magnum 12
Churchill Turkey Automatic Shotgun
Cosmi Automatic Shotgun
Maverick Model 60 Auto Shotgun
Mossberg Model 5500 Shotgun
Mossberg Model 9200 Regal Semi-Auto Shotgun
Mossberg Model 9200 USST Auto Shotgun
Mossberg Model 9200 Camo Shotgun
Mossberg Model 6000 Auto Shotgun
Remington Model 1100 Shotgun
Remington 11-87 Premier shotgun
Remington 11-87 Sporting Clays
Remington 11-87 Premier Skeet
Remington 11-87 Premier Trap
Remington 11-87 Special Purpose Magnum
Remington 11-87 SPS-T Camo Auto Shotgun
Remington 11-87 Special Purpose Deer Gun
Remington 11-87 SPS-BG-Camo Deer/Turkey Shotgun
Remington 11-87 SPS-Deer Shotgun
Remington 11-87 Special Purpose Synthetic Camo
Remington SP-10 Magnum-Camo Auto Shotgun
Remington SP-10 Magnum Auto Shotgun
Remington SP-10 Magnum Turkey Combo
Remington 1100 LT-20 Auto
Remington 1100 Special Field
Remington 1100 20-Gauge Deer Gun
Remington 1100 LT-20 Tournament Skeet
Winchester Model 1400 Semi-Auto Shotgun

Shotguns—Slide Actions

Browning Model 42 Pump Shotgun
Browning BPS Pump Shotgun
Browning BPS Stalker Pump Shotgun
Browning BPS Pigeon Grade Pump Shotgun
Browning BPS pump Shotgun (Ladies and Youth Model)
Browning BPS Game Gun Turkey Special
Browning BPS Game Gun Deer Special
Ithaca Model 87 Supreme Pump Shotgun
Ithaca Model 87 Deerslayer Shotgun

Ithaca Deerslayer II Rifled Shotgun
Ithaca Model 87 Turkey Gun
Ithaca Model 87 Deluxe Pump Shotgun
Magtech Model 586-VR Pump Shotgun
Maverick Models 88, 91 Pump Shotguns
Mossberg Model 500 Sporting Pump
Mossberg Model 500 Camo Pump
Mossberg Model 500 Muzzleloader Combo
Mossberg Model 500 Trophy Slugster
Mossberg Turkey Model 500 Pump
Mossberg Model 500 Bantam Pump
Mossberg Field Grade Model 835 Pump Shotgun
Mossberg Model 835 Regal Ulti-Mag Pump
Remington 870 Wingmaster
Remington 870 Special Purpose Deer Gun
Remington 870 SPS-BG-Camo Deer/Turkey Shotgun
Remington 870 SPS-Deer Shotgun
Remington 870 Marine Magnum
Remington 870 TC Trap
Remington 870 Special Purpose Synthetic Camo
Remington 870 Wingmaster Small Gauges
Remington 870 Express Rifle Sighted Deer Gun
Remington 879 SPS Special Purpose Magnum
Remington 870 SPS-T Camo Pump Shotgun
Remington 870 Special Field
Remington 870 Express Turkey
Remington 870 High Grades
Remington 870 Express
Remington Model 870 Express Youth Gun
Winchester Model 12 Pump Shotgun
Winchester Model 42 High Grade Shotgun
Winchester Model 1300 Walnut Pump
Winchester Model 1300 Slug Hunter Deer Gun
Winchester Model 1300 Ranger Pump Gun Combo & Deer Gun
Winchester Model 1300 Turkey Gun
Winchester Model 1300 Ranger Pump Gun

Shotguns—Over/Unders

American Arms/Franchi Falconet 2000 O/U
American Arms Silver I O/U
American Arms Silver II Shotgun
American Arms Silver Skeet O/U
American Arms/Franchi Sporting 2000 O/U
American Arms Silver Sporting O/U
American Arms Silver Trap O/U
American Arms WS/OU 12, TS/OU 12 Shotguns
American Arms WT/OU 10 Shotgun
Armsport 2700 O/U Goose Gun
Armsport 2700 Series O/U
Armsport 2900 Tri-Barrel Shotgun
Baby Bretton Over/Under Shotgun
Beretta Model 686 Ultralight O/U
Beretta ASE 90 Competition O/U Shotgun
Beretta Over/Under Field Shotguns
Beretta Onyx Hunter Sport O/U Shotgun
Beretta Model S05, S06, S09 Shotguns
Beretta Sporting Clay Shotguns
Beretta 687EL Sporting O/U
Beretta 682 Super Sporting O/U
Beretta Series 682 Competition Over/Unders
Browning Citori O/U Shotgun
Browning Superlight Citori Over/Under
Browning Lightning Sporting Clays

Browning Micro Citori Lightning
Browning Citori 87 Trap Combo
Browning Citori Plus Trap Gun
Browning Citori O/U Skeet Models
Browning Citori O/U Trap Models
Browning Special Sporting Clays
Browning Citori GTI Sporting Clays
Browning 325 Sporting Clays
Centurion Over/Under Shotgun
Chapuis Over/Under Shotgun
Connecticut Valley Classics Classic Sporter O/U
Connecticut Valley Classics Classic Field Waterfowler
Charles Daly Field Grade O/U
Charles Daly Lux Over/Under
E.A.A./Sabatti Sporting Clays Pro-Gold O/U
E.A.A./Sabatti Falcon-Mon Over/Under
Kassnar Grade I O/U Shotgun
Krieghoff K-80 Sporting Clays O/U
Krieghoff K-80 Skeet Shotgun
Krieghoff K-80 International Skeet
Krieghoff K-80 Four-Barrel Skeet Set
Krieghoff K-80/RT Shotguns
Krieghoff K-80 O/U Trap Shotgun
Laurona Silhouette 300 Sporting Clays
Laurona Silhouette 300 Trap
Laurona Super Model Over/Unders
Ljutic LM-6 Deluxe O/U Shotgun
Marocchi Conquista Over/Under Shotgun
Marocchi Avanza O/U Shotgun
Merkel Model 200E O/U Shotgun
Merkel Model 200E Skeet, Trap Over/Unders
Merkel Model 203E, 303E Over/Under Shotguns
Perazzi Mirage Special Sporting O/U
Perazzi Mirage Special Four-Gauge Skeet
Perazzi Sporting Classic O/U
Perazzi MX7 Over/Under Shotguns
Perazzi Mirage Special Skeet Over/Under
Perazzi MX8/MX8 Special Trap, Skeet
Perazzi MX8/20 Over/Under Shotgun
Perazzi MX9 Single Over/Under Shotguns
Perazzi MX12 Hunting Over/Under
Perazzi MX28, MX410 Game O/U Shotguns
Perazzi MX20 Hunting Over/Under
Piotti Boss Over/Under Shotgun
Remington Peerless Over/Under Shotgun
Ruger Red Label O/U Shotgun
Ruger Sporting Clays O/U Shotgun
San Marco 12-Ga. Wildflower Shotgun
San Marco Field Special O/U Shotgun
San Marco 10-Ga. O/U Shotgun
SKB Model 505 Deluxe Over/Under Shotgun
SKB Model 685 Over/Under Shotgun
SKB Model 885 Over/Under Trap, Skeet, Sporting Clays
Stoeger/IGA Condor I O/U Shotgun
Stoeger/IGA ERA 2000 Over/Under Shotgun
Techni-Mec Model 610 Over/Under
Tikka Model 412S Field Grade Over/Under
Weatherby Athena Grade IV O/U Shotguns
Weatherby Athena Grade V Classic Field O/U
Weatherby Orion O/U Shotguns
Weatherby II, III Classic Field O/Us
Weatherby Orion II Classic Sporting Clays O/U
Weatherby Orion II Sporting Clays O/U
Winchester Model 1001 O/U Shotgun
Winchester Model 1001 Sporting Clays O/U
Pietro Zanoletti Model 2000 Field O/U

Shotguns—Side by Sides

American Arms Brittany Shotgun

American Arms Gentry Double Shotgun
 American Arms Derby Side-by-Side
 American Arms Grulla #2 Double Shotgun
 American Arms WS/SS 10
 American Arms TS/SS 10 Double Shotgun
 American Arms TS/SS 12 Side-by-Side
 Arrieta Sidelock Double Shotguns
 Armsport 1050 Series Double Shotguns
 Arizaga Model 31 Double Shotgun
 AYA Boxlock Shotguns
 AYA Sidelock Double Shotguns
 Beretta Model 452 Sidelock Shotgun
 Beretta Side-by-Side Field Shotguns
 Crucelegui Hermanos Model 150 Double
 Chapis Side-by-Side Shotgun
 E.A.A./Sabatti Saba-Mon Double Shotgun
 Charles Daly Model Dss Double
 Ferlib Model F VII Double Shotgun
 Auguste Francotte Boxlock Shotgun
 Auguste Francotte Sidelock Shotgun
 Garbi Model 100 Double
 Garbi Model 101 Side-by-Side
 Garbi Model 103A, B Side-by-Side
 Garbi Model 200 Side-by-Side
 Bill Hanus Birdgun Doubles
 Hatfield Uplander Shotgun
 Merkel Model 8, 47E Side-by-Side Shotguns
 Merkel Model 47LSC Sporting Clays Double
 Merkel Model 47S, 147S Side-by-Sides
 Parker Reproductions Side-by-Side
 Piotti King No. 1 Side-by-Side
 Piotti Lunik Side-by-Side
 Piotti King Extra Side-by-Side
 Piotti Piuma Side-by-Side
 Precision Sports Model 600 Series Doubles
 Rizzini Boxlock Side-by-Side
 Rizzini Sidelock Side-by-Side
 Stoeger/IGA Uplander Side-by-Side Shotgun
 Ugartechea 10-Ga. Magnum Shotgun
Shotguns—Bolt Actions & Single Shots
 Armsport Single Barrel Shotgun
 Browning BT-99 Competition Trap Special
 Browning BT-99 Plus Trap Gun
 Browning BT-99 Plus Micro
 Browning Recoilless Trap Shotgun
 Browning Micro Recoilless Trap Shotgun
 Desert Industries Big Twenty Shotgun
 Harrington & Richardson Topper Model 098
 Harrington & Richardson Topper Classic Youth Shotgun
 Harrington & Richardson N.W.T.F. Turkey Mag
 Harrington & Richardson Topper Deluxe Model 098
 Krieghoff KS-5 Trap Gun
 Krieghoff KS-5 Special
 Krieghoff K-80 Single Barrel Trap Gun
 Ljutic Mono Gun Single Barrel
 Ljutic LTX Super Deluxe Mono Gun
 Ljutic Recoilless Space Gun Shotgun
 Marlin Model 55 Goose Gun Bolt Action
 DeLauro
 Dellums
 Derrick
 Deutsch
 Dicks
 Dixon
 Dooley
 Durbin
 Edwards (CA)
 Edwards (TX)
 Engel
 English
 Perazzi TM1 Special Single Trap

Remington 90-T Super Single Shotgun
 Snake Charmer II Shotgun
 Stoeger/IGA Reuna Single Barrel Shotgun
 Thompson/Center TCR '87 Hunter Shotgun.”.

The bill, as amended, was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read a third time by title.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER moved to recommit the bill to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered on the motion to recommit.

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House recommit said bill?

The SPEAKER announced that the nays had it.

So the motion to recommit was not agreed to.

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House pass said bill?

The SPEAKER announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 216 Nays 214

44.9 [Roll No. 156] YEAS—216

Abercrombie
 Ackerman
 Andrews (ME)
 Andrews (NJ)
 Andrews (TX)
 Applegate
 Bacchus (FL)
 Baesler
 Barrett (WI)
 Bateman
 Becerra
 Beilenson
 Bereuter
 Berman
 Bishop
 Blackwell
 Blute
 Boehlert
 Bonior
 Borski
 Brown (CA)
 Brown (FL)
 Brown (OH)
 Bryant
 Canwell
 Cardin
 Carr
 Castle
 Clay
 Clayton
 Clyburn
 Coleman
 Collins (IL)
 Collins (MI)
 Condit
 Conyers
 Coppersmith
 Coyne
 DeLauro
 Dellums
 Derrick
 Deutsch
 Dicks
 Dixon
 Dooley
 Durbin
 Edwards (CA)
 Edwards (TX)
 Engel
 English
 Eshoo
 Evans
 Farr
 Fawell
 Fazio
 Fields (LA)
 Filner
 Fingerhut
 Flake
 Foglietta
 Ford (MI)
 Ford (TN)
 Frank (MA)
 Franks (NJ)
 Furse
 Gejdenson
 Gephardt
 Gibbons
 Gilchrest
 Glickman
 Gonzalez
 Greenwood
 Gutierrez
 Hall (OH)
 Hamburg
 Harman
 Hastings
 Hoagland
 Hochbrueckner
 Horn
 Houghton
 Hoyer
 Huffington
 Hughes
 Hyde
 Inslee
 Jacobs
 Jefferson
 Johnson (CT)
 Johnson (GA)
 Johnson, E.B.
 Johnston
 Kaptur
 Kasich
 Kennedy
 Kennelly
 Kildee
 King
 Kleczka
 Klein
 Klug
 Kreidler
 LaFalce
 Lambert
 Lantos
 Lazio
 Leach
 Lehman
 Levin
 Levy
 Lewis (GA)
 Lipinski
 Lloyd
 Lowey
 Machtley
 Maloney
 Mann
 Manton
 Margolies-Mezvinsky
 Markey
 Martinez
 Matsui
 Mazzoli
 McCurdy
 McDade
 McDermott
 McHale
 McKinney
 McNulty
 Meehan
 Meek
 Menendez
 Meyers
 Mfume
 Michel
 Miller (CA)
 Miller (FL)
 Mineta
 Minge
 Mink
 Moakley
 Molinari
 Moran
 Morella
 Nadler
 Neal (MA)
 Neal (NC)
 Olver
 Owens
 Pallone
 Pastor
 Payne (NJ)
 Pelosi
 Penny

Pickle
 Pomeroy
 Porter
 Price (NC)
 Pryce (OH)
 Quinn
 Rangel
 Reed
 Reynolds
 Ridge
 Roemer
 Ros-Lehtinen
 Rostenkowski
 Roukema
 Roybal-Allard
 Rush
 Sabo
 Sanders
 Sangmeister
 Sawyer
 Saxton
 Schenk
 Schroeder
 Schumer
 Scott
 Serrano
 Sharp
 Shaw
 Shays
 Shepherd
 Skaggs
 Slattery
 Slaughter
 Smith (NJ)
 Spratt
 Stark
 Stokes
 Studds
 Swett
 Swift
 Synar
 Thompson
 Torres
 Torricelli
 Towns
 Traficant
 Tucker
 Valentine
 Velazquez
 Vento
 Visclosky
 Washington
 Waters
 Watt
 Waxman
 Wheat
 Woolsey
 Wyden
 Wynn
 Yates
 Young (FL)

NAYS—214

Allard
 Archer
 Arney
 Bachus (AL)
 Baker (CA)
 Baker (LA)
 Ballenger
 Barca
 Barcia
 Barlow
 Barrett (NE)
 Bartlett
 Barton
 Bentley
 Bevil
 Bilbray
 Bilirakis
 Bliley
 Boehner
 Bonilla
 Boucher
 Brewster
 Brooks
 Browder
 Bunning
 Burton
 Buyer
 Callahan
 Calvert
 Camp
 Canady
 Chapman
 Clement
 Clinger
 Coble
 Collins (GA)
 Combest
 Cooper
 Costello
 Cox
 Cramer
 Crane
 Crapo
 Cunningham
 Danner
 Darden
 de la Garza
 Deal
 DeFazio
 DeLay
 Diaz-Balart
 Dickey
 Dingell
 Doolittle
 Dornan
 Dreier
 Duncan
 Dunn
 Ehlers
 Emerson
 Everett
 Ewing
 Fields (TX)
 Fish
 Fowler
 Franks (CT)
 Frost
 Gallegly
 Gallo
 Gekas
 Geren
 Gillmor
 Gilman
 Gingrich
 Goodlatte
 Goodling
 Gordon
 Goss
 Grams
 Grandy
 Green
 Gunderson
 Hall (TX)
 Hamilton
 Hancock
 Hansen
 Hastert
 Hayes
 Hefley
 Hefner
 Herger
 Hilliard
 Hinchey
 Hobson
 Hoekstra
 Hoke
 Holden
 Hunter
 Hutchinson
 Hutto
 Inglis
 Inhofe
 Istook
 Johnson (SD)
 Johnson, Sam
 Kanjorski
 Kim
 Kingston
 Klink
 Knollenberg
 Kolbe
 Kopetski
 Kyl
 Lancaster
 LaRocco
 Laughlin
 Lewis (CA)
 Lewis (FL)
 Lightfoot
 Linder
 Livingston
 Manzullo
 McCandless
 McCloskey
 McCollum
 McCrery
 McHugh
 McInnis
 McKeon
 McMillan
 Mica
 Mollohan
 Montgomery
 Moorhead
 Murphy
 Murtha
 Myers
 Nussle
 Oberstar
 Obey
 Ortiz
 Orton
 Oxley
 Packard
 Parker
 Paxon
 Payne (VA)
 Peterson (FL)
 Peterson (MN)
 Petri
 Pickett
 Pombro
 Portman
 Poshard
 Quillen
 Rahall
 Ramstad
 Ravenel
 Regula
 Richardson
 Roberts
 Rohrabacher
 Rose
 Roth
 Rowland
 Royce
 Santorum
 Sarpalius
 Schaefer
 Schiff
 Sensenbrenner
 Shuster
 Sisisky
 Skeen
 Skelton
 Smith (IA)
 Smith (MI)
 Smith (OR)
 Smith (TX)
 Snowe
 Solomon
 Spence
 Stearns
 Stenholm
 Strickland
 Stump
 Stupak
 Sundquist
 Talent
 Tanner
 Tauzin
 Taylor (MS)
 Taylor (NC)
 Tejeda
 Thomas (CA)
 Thomas (WY)
 Thornton
 Thurman
 Torkildsen
 Unsoeld
 Upton
 Volkmer
 Vucanovich
 Walker
 Walsh
 Weldon
 Whitten
 Williams
 Wilson
 Wise
 Wolf
 Young (AK)
 Zeff
 Zimmer

NOT VOTING—2

Long
 Rogers
 So the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

44.10 WAIVING POINTS OF ORDER

AGAINST THE CONFERENCE REPORT ON S. 636

Ms. SLAUGHTER, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 417):

Resolved, That upon adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to consider the conference report to accompany the bill (S. 636) to amend the Public Health Service Act to permit individuals to have freedom of access to certain medical clinics and facilities, and for other purposes. All points of order against the conference report and against its consideration are waived. The conference report shall be considered as read.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

On motion of Ms. SLAUGHTER, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, announced that the nays had it.

Ms. SLAUGHTER objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared { Yeas 236
Nays 181

44.11 [Roll No. 157]
YEAS—236

- Abercrombie
- Ackerman
- Andrews (ME)
- Andrews (NJ)
- Andrews (TX)
- Applegate
- Bacchus (FL)
- Baessler
- Barca
- Barrett (WI)
- Becerra
- Beilenson
- Berman
- Bilbray
- Bishop
- Boehlert
- Bonior
- Borski
- Boucher
- Brewster
- Brooks
- Brown (CA)
- Brown (FL)
- Brown (OH)
- Bryant
- Byrne
- Cantwell
- Cardin
- Carr
- Chapman
- Clay
- Clayton
- Clyburn
- Coleman
- Collins (IL)
- Collins (MI)
- Condit
- Conyers
- Cooper
- Coppersmith
- Coyne
- Cramer
- Danner
- Darden
- Deal
- DeFazio
- DeLauro
- Dellums
- Derrick
- Deutsch
- Dicks
- Dingell
- Dixon
- Dooley
- Durbin
- Edwards (CA)
- Edwards (TX)
- Engel
- English
- Eshoo
- Evans
- Farr
- Fazio
- Fields (LA)
- Filner
- Fingerhut
- Flake
- Ford (MI)
- Ford (TN)
- Frank (MA)
- Franks (CT)
- Frost
- Furse
- Gallo
- Gejdenson
- Gephardt
- Geren
- Gibbons
- Gilman
- Glickman
- Gonzalez
- Gordon
- Green
- Gutierrez
- Hall (OH)
- Hamburg
- Hamilton
- Harman
- Hastings
- Hayes
- Hefner
- Hilliard
- Hinchey
- Hoagland
- Hochbrueckner
- Horn
- Houghton
- Hoyer
- Hughes
- Insee
- Jacobs
- Jefferson
- Johnson (CT)
- Johnson (GA)
- Johnson (SD)
- Johnson, E. B.
- Johnston
- Kanjorski
- Kaptur
- Kennedy
- Kennelly
- Klecicka
- Klein
- Klug
- Kolbe
- Kopetski
- Kreidler
- Lambert
- Lancaster
- Lantos
- LaRocco
- Leach
- Lehman
- Levin
- Lewis (GA)
- Lloyd
- Lowey
- Machtley
- Maloney

- Mann
- Margolies-Mezvinsky
- Markey
- Martinez
- Matsui
- Mazzoli
- McCloskey
- McCurdy
- McDermott
- McHale
- McKinney
- McNulty
- Meehan
- Meek
- Menendez
- Mfume
- Miller (CA)
- Mineta
- Minge
- Mink
- Moakley
- Molinari
- Moran
- Morella
- Murtha
- Nadler
- Neal
- Neal (NC)
- Oberstar
- Obey
- Olver
- Orton
- Owens
- Pallone
- Pastor
- Payne (NJ)
- Payne (VA)
- Pelosi
- Peterson (FL)
- Pickett
- Pickle
- Pomeroy
- Porter
- Pryce (OH)
- Ramstad
- Rangel
- Reed
- Reynolds
- Richardson
- Roemer
- Rostenkowski
- Rowland
- Roybal-Allard
- Rush
- Sabo
- Sanders
- Sangmeister
- Sawyer
- Schenk
- Schroeder
- Schumer
- Scott
- Sharp
- Shays
- Shepherd
- Sisisky
- Skaggs
- Slattery
- Slughter
- Smith (IA)
- Snowe

NAYS—181

- Allard
- Archer
- Army
- Bachus (AL)
- Baker (CA)
- Baker (LA)
- Ballenger
- Barcia
- Barlow
- Barrett (NE)
- Bartlett
- Barton
- Bateman
- Bentley
- Bereuter
- Bilirakis
- Bliley
- Blute
- Boehner
- Bonilla
- Browder
- Bunning
- Burton
- Buyer
- Callahan
- Calvert
- Camp
- Canady
- Caney
- Castle
- Chafee
- Clinger
- Coble
- Collins (GA)
- Combest
- Costello
- Cox
- Crane
- Crapo
- Cunningham
- de la Garza
- DeLay
- Diaz-Balart
- Dickey
- Doolittle
- Dornan
- Dreier
- Duncan
- Dunn
- Ehlers
- Emerson
- Everett
- Ewing
- Fawell
- Fields (TX)
- Fowler
- Franks (NJ)
- Gallegly
- Gekas
- Gilchrist
- Gillmor
- Gingrich
- Goodlatte
- Goodling
- Goss
- Grams
- Grandy
- Greenwood
- Gunderson
- Hall (TX)
- Hancock
- Hansen
- Hastert
- Hefley
- Hobson
- Hoekstra
- Hoke
- Holden
- Huffington
- Hunter
- Hutchinson
- Hutto
- Hyde
- Inglis
- Inhofe
- Istook
- Johnson, Sam
- Kasich
- Kildee
- Kim
- King
- Kingston
- Klink
- Knollenberg
- Kyl
- LaFalce
- Lazio
- Levy
- Lewis (CA)
- Lewis (FL)
- Lightfoot
- Linder
- Lipinski
- Livingston
- Manton
- Manzullo
- McCandless
- McCrery
- McDade
- McHugh
- McInnis
- McKeon
- McMillan
- Meyers
- Mica
- Michel
- Miller (FL)
- Mollohan
- Montgomery
- Moorhead
- Murphy
- Myers
- Nussle
- Ortiz

- Spratt
- Stokes
- Strickland
- Studds
- Swift
- Synar
- Tanner
- Thompson
- Thornton
- Thurman
- Torkildsen
- Torres
- Torricelli
- Towns
- Traficant
- Tucker
- Unsoeld
- Valentine
- Velazquez
- Vento
- Visclosky
- Washington
- Waters
- Watt
- Waxman
- Wheat
- Whitten
- Williams
- Wilson
- Wise
- Woolsey
- Wyden
- Wynn
- Yates
- Zeliff
- Zimmer

NOT VOTING—15

- Bevill
- Blackwell
- Clement
- Fish
- Foglietta
- Hegerl
- Laughlin
- Long
- McCollum
- Price (NC)
- Rogers
- Rose
- Serrano
- Stark
- Swett

So the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

44.12 FREEDOM OF ACCESS TO CLINICS

Mr. BROOKS, pursuant to House Resolution 417, called up the following conference report (Rept. No. 103-488):

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the House to the bill (S. 636), to amend the Public Health Service Act to permit individuals to have freedom of access to certain medical clinics and facilities, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the text of the bill and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House amendment, insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances Act of 1994".

SEC. 2. PURPOSE.

Pursuant to the affirmative power of Congress to enact this legislation under section 8 of article I of the Constitution, as well as under section 5 of the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution, it is the purpose of this Act to protect and promote the public safety and health and activities affecting interstate commerce by establishing Federal criminal penalties and civil remedies for certain violent, threatening, obstructive and destructive conduct that is intended to injure, intimidate or interfere with persons seeking to obtain or provide reproductive health services.

SEC. 3. FREEDOM OF ACCESS TO CLINIC ENTRANCES.

Chapter 13 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 248. Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances.

"(a) PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES.—Whoever—

"(1) by force or threat of force or by physical obstruction, intentionally injures, intimidates or interferes with or attempts to injure, intimidate or interfere with any person because that person is or has been, or in order to intimidate such person or any other person or any class of persons from, obtaining or providing reproductive health services;

"(2) by force or threat of force or by physical obstruction, intentionally injures, intimidates or interferes with or attempts to injure, intimidate or interfere with any person lawfully exercising or seeking to exercise the First Amendment right of religious freedom at a place of religious worship; or

"(3) intentionally damages or destroys the property of a facility, or attempts to do so, because such facility provides reproductive health services, or intentionally damages or destroys the property of a place of religious worship,

shall be subject to the penalties provided in subsection (b) and the civil remedies provided in subsection (c), except that a parent or legal guardian of a minor shall not be subject to any penalties or civil remedies under this section for such activities insofar as they are directed exclusively at that minor.

“(b) PENALTIES.—Whoever violates this section shall—

“(1) in the case of a first offense, be fined in accordance with this title, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and

“(2) in the case of a second or subsequent offense after a prior conviction under this section, be fined in accordance with this title, or imprisoned not more than 3 years, or both;

except that for an offense involving exclusively a nonviolent physical obstruction, the fine shall be not more than \$10,000 and the length of imprisonment shall be not more than six months, or both, for the first offense; and the fine shall be not more than \$25,000 and the length of imprisonment shall be not more than 18 months, or both, for a subsequent offense; and except that if bodily injury results, the length of imprisonment shall be not more than 10 years, and if death results, it shall be for any term of years or for life.

“(c) CIVIL REMEDIES.—

“(1) RIGHT OF ACTION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person aggrieved by reason of the conduct prohibited by subsection (a) may commence a civil action for the relief set forth in subparagraph (B), except that such an action may be brought under subsection (a)(1) only by a person involved in providing or seeking to provide, or obtaining or seeking to obtain, services in a facility that provides reproductive health services, and such an action may be brought under subsection (a)(2) only by a person lawfully exercising or seeking to exercise the First Amendment right of religious freedom at a place of religious worship or by the entity that owns or operates such place of religious worship.

“(B) RELIEF.—In any action under subparagraph (A), the court may award appropriate relief, including temporary, preliminary or permanent injunctive relief and compensatory and punitive damages, as well as the costs of suit and reasonable fees for attorneys and expert witnesses. With respect to compensatory damages, the plaintiff may elect, at any time prior to the rendering of final judgment, to recover, in lieu of actual damages, an award of statutory damages in the amount of \$5,000 per violation.

“(2) ACTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Attorney General of the United States has reasonable cause to believe that any person or group of persons is being, has been, or may be injured by conduct constituting a violation of this section, the Attorney General may commence a civil action in any appropriate United States District Court.

“(B) RELIEF.—In any action under subparagraph (A), the court may award appropriate relief, including temporary, preliminary or permanent injunctive relief, and compensatory damages to persons aggrieved as described in paragraph (1)(B). The court, to vindicate the public interest, may also assess a civil penalty against each respondent—

“(i) in an amount not exceeding \$10,000 for a nonviolent physical obstruction and \$15,000 for other first violations; and

“(ii) in an amount not exceeding \$15,000 for a nonviolent physical obstruction and \$25,000 for any other subsequent violation.

“(3) ACTIONS BY STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Attorney General of a State has reasonable cause to believe that any person or group of persons is being, has been, or may be injured by conduct constituting a violation of this section, such Attorney General may commence a civil action in the name of such State, as *parens patriae* on behalf of natural persons residing in such State, in any appropriate United States District Court.

“(B) RELIEF.—In any action under subparagraph (A), the court may award appropriate relief, including temporary, preliminary or permanent injunctive relief, compensatory damages, and civil penalties as described in paragraph (2)(B).

“(d) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed—

“(1) to prohibit any expressive conduct (including peaceful picketing or other peaceful demonstration) protected from legal prohibition by the First Amendment to the Constitution;

“(2) to create new remedies for interference with activities protected by the free speech or free exercise clauses of the First Amendment to the Constitution, occurring outside a facility, regardless of the point of view expressed, or to limit any existing legal remedies for such interference;

“(3) to provide exclusive criminal penalties or civil remedies with respect to the conduct prohibited by this section, or to preempt State or local laws that may provide such penalties or remedies; or

“(4) to interfere with the enforcement of State or local laws regulating the performance of abortions or other reproductive health services.

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

“(1) FACILITY.—The term ‘facility’ includes a hospital, clinic, physician’s office, or other facility that provides reproductive health services, and includes the building or structure in which the facility is located.

“(2) INTERFERE WITH.—The term ‘interfere with’ means to restrict a person’s freedom of movement.

“(3) INTIMIDATE.—The term ‘intimidate’ means to place a person in reasonable apprehension of bodily harm to him- or herself or to another.

“(4) PHYSICAL OBSTRUCTION.—The term ‘physical obstruction’ means rendering impassable ingress to or egress from a facility that provides reproductive health services or to or from a place of religious worship, or rendering passage to or from such a facility or place of religious worship unreasonably difficult or hazardous.

“(5) REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICES.—The term ‘reproductive health services’ means reproductive health services provided in a hospital, clinic, physician’s office, or other facility, and includes medical, surgical, counselling or referral services relating to the human reproductive system, including services relating to pregnancy or the termination of a pregnancy.

“(6) STATE.—The term ‘State’ includes a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.”.

SEC. 4. CLERICAL AMENDMENT.

The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 13 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“248. Blocking access to reproductive health services.”.

SEC. 5. SEVERABILITY.

If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by this Act, or the application of such provision or amendment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act, the amendments made by this Act, and the application of the provisions of such to any other person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act takes effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, and shall apply only with respect to conduct occurring on or after such date.

And the House agree to the same.

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the title of the bill, and agree to the same.

JACK BROOKS,
CHARLES SCHUMER,
DON EDWARDS,
JOHN CONYERS, Jr.,
PAT SCHROEDER,
JOHN D. DINGELL,
HENRY A. WAXMAN,
MIKE SYNAR.

Managers on the Part of the House.

TED KENNEDY,
CLAIBORNE PELL,
HOWARD M. METZENBAUM,
PAUL SIMON,
BARBARA A. MIKULSKI,
JIM JEFFORDS,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

When said conference report was considered.

After debate,

On motion of Mr. BROOKS, the previous question was ordered on the conference report to its adoption or rejection.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER moved to recommit the conference report on the bill of the Senate (S. 636) to the committee of conference with instructions to adopt the House language on attorneys fees, that the court may award to the prevailing party, whether plaintiff or defendant, other than the United States, reasonable fees for attorneys and expert witnesses

By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered on the motion to recommit.

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House recommit said conference report?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, announced that the nays had it.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared { Yeas 193
Nays 222

¶44.13

[Roll No. 158]

YEAS—193

Allard	Combest	Grandy
Applegate	Costello	Greenwood
Archer	Cox	Gunderson
Armey	Crane	Hall (OH)
Bachus (AL)	Crapo	Hall (TX)
Baker (CA)	Cunningham	Hamilton
Baker (LA)	de la Garza	Hancock
Ballenger	Deal	Hansen
Barcia	DeLay	Hastert
Barrett (NE)	Diaz-Balart	Hayes
Bartlett	Dickey	Hefley
Barton	Dornan	Hobson
Bateman	Dreier	Hoekstra
Bentley	Duncan	Hoke
Bereuter	Dunn	Holden
Bilirakis	Ehlers	Horn
Bliley	Emerson	Houghton
Blute	Everett	Huffington
Boehner	Ewing	Hunter
Bonilla	Fawell	Hutchinson
Borski	Fields (TX)	Hutto
Browder	Fowler	Hyde
Bunning	Gallegly	Inglis
Burton	Gekas	Inhofe
Buyer	Geran	Istook
Callahan	Gilchrest	Johnson (CT)
Calvert	Gillmor	Johnson, Sam
Camp	Gingrich	Kanjorski
Canady	Goodlatte	Kasich
Clinger	Goodling	Kildee
Coble	Goss	Kim
Collins (GA)	Grams	King

Kingston
Klink
Knollenberg
Kyl
LaFalce
Lazio
Levy
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (FL)
Lightfoot
Linder
Lipinski
Livingston
Manton
Manzullo
Mazzoli
McCandless
McCrery
McDade
McHugh
McKeon
McMillan
McNulty
Meyers
Mica
Michel
Miller (FL)
Minge
Mollohan
Moorhead
Murphy
Murtha
Myers

Nussle
Oberstar
Ortiz
Orton
Oxley
Packard
Parker
Paxon
Penny
Peterson (MN)
Petri
Pombo
Porter
Portman
Poshard
Quillen
Quinn
Rahall
Ravenel
Regula
Ridge
Roberts
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Roth
Royce
Santorum
Sarpalius
Saxton
Schaefer
Schiff
Sensenbrenner
Shaw

Shuster
Skeen
Skelton
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Solomon
Spence
Stearns
Stenholm
Stump
Stupak
Sundquist
Talent
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Tejeda
Thomas (CA)
Thomas (WY)
Torkildsen
Upton
Volkmer
Vucanovich
Walker
Walsh
Weldon
Wolf
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

NAYS—222

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Andrews (ME)
Andrews (NJ)
Andrews (TX)
Bacchus (FL)
Baesler
Barca
Barlow
Barrett (WI)
Becerra
Beilenson
Berman
Bilbray
Bishop
Boehlert
Bonior
Boucher
Brewster
Brooks
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Bryant
Byrne
Cantwell
Cardin
Carr
Castle
Chapman
Clay
Clayton
Clyburn
Coleman
Collins (IL)
Collins (MI)
Condit
Conyers
Cooper
Coppersmith
Coyne
Cramer
Danner
Darden
DeFazio
DeLauro
Dellums
Derrick
Deutsch
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Dooley
Durbin
Edwards (CA)
Edwards (TX)
Engel
English
Eshoo
Evans
Farr
Fazio
Fields (LA)
Filner
Fingerhut

Flake
Ford (MI)
Ford (TN)
Frank (MA)
Franks (CT)
Franks (NJ)
Frost
Furse
Gallo
Gejdenson
Gephardt
Gibbons
Gilman
Glickman
Gonzalez
Gordon
Green
Gutierrez
Hamburg
Harman
Hastings
Hefner
Hilliard
Hinchev
Hoagland
Hochbrueckner
Hoyer
Hughes
Inslee
Jacobs
Jefferson
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (SD)
Johnson, E. B.
Johnston
Kaptur
Kennedy
Kennelly
Kleczka
Klein
Klug
Kolbe
Kopetski
Kreidler
Lambert
Lancaster
Lantos
LaRocco
Leach
Lehman
Levin
Lewis (GA)
Lloyd
Lowe
Machtley
Maloney
Mann
Margolies-
Mezvinsky
Markey
Martinez
Matsui
McCloskey
McCurdy
McDermott

McHale
McInnis
McKinney
Meehan
Meek
Menendez
Mfume
Miller (CA)
Mineta
Mink
Moakley
Molinari
Montgomery
Moran
Morella
Nadler
Neal (MA)
Obey
Olver
Owens
Pallone
Pastor
Payne (NJ)
Payne (VA)
Pelosi
Peterson (FL)
Pickett
Pickle
Pomeroy
Pryce (OH)
Ramstad
Rangel
Reed
Reynolds
Roemer
Rose
Rostenkowski
Roukema
Rowland
Roybal-Allard
Rush
Sabó
Sanders
Sangmeister
Schenk
Schroeder
Schumer
Scott
Sharp
Shays
Shepherd
Sisisky
Skaggs
Slattery
Slaughter
Smith (IA)
Snowe
Spratt
Stokes
Strickland
Studds
Swift
Synar
Tanner

Thompson
Thornton
Thurman
Torres
Torrice
Towns
Traficant
Tucker
Unsoeld
Valentine

Velázquez
Vento
Visclosky
Washington
Waters
Watt
Waxman
Wheat
Whitten
Williams

Wilson
Wise
Woolsey
Wyden
Wynn
Yates
Zeliff
Zimmer

NOT VOTING—17

Bevill
Blackwell
Clement
Doolittle
Fish
Foglietta

Herger
Laughlin
Long
McCollum
Neal (NC)
Price (NC)

Richardson
Rogers
Serrano
Stark
Swett

So the motion to recommit with instructions was not agreed to.

The question being put, *viva voce*, Will the House agree to said conference report?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said conference report, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 241
Nays 174

44.14 [Roll No. 159]
AYES—241

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Andrews (ME)
Andrews (NJ)
Andrews (TX)
Bacchus (FL)
Baesler
Barca
Barrett (WI)
Becerra
Beilenson
Bereuter
Berman
Bilbray
Bishop
Boehlert
Bonior
Boucher
Brewster
Brooks
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Bryant
Byrne
Cantwell
Cardin
Carr
Castle
Chapman
Clay
Clayton
Clyburn
Coleman
Collins (IL)
Collins (MI)
Condit
Conyers
Cooper
Coppersmith
Coyne
Cramer
Cunningham
Danner
Darden
DeFazio
DeLauro
Dellums
Derrick
Deutsch
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Dooley
Durbin
Edwards (CA)
Edwards (TX)
Engel
English
Eshoo
Evans
Farr
Fazio
Fields (LA)
Filner
Fingerhut

Edwards (CA)
Edwards (TX)
Engel
English
Eshoo
Evans
Farr
Fazio
Fields (LA)
Filner
Fingerhut

Kennelly
Kleczka
Klein
Klug
Kolbe
Kopetski
Kreidler
Lambert
Lantos
LaRocco
Lazio
Leach
Lehman
Levin
Lewis (GA)
Lloyd
Lowey
Machtley
Maloney
Mann
Margolies-
Mezvinsky
Markey
Martinez
Matsui
McCloskey
McCurdy
McDermott
McHale
McHugh
McInnis
McKinney
McMillan
Meehan
Meek
Menendez
Meyers
Mfume
Miller (CA)
Mineta
Horn
Houghton
Hoyer
Huffington
Hughes
Inslee
Jacobs
Jefferson
Johnson (CT)
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (SD)
Johnson, E. B.
Johnston
Kennedy

Payne (NJ)
Payne (VA)
Pelosi
Peterson (FL)
Pickett
Pickle
Pomeroy
Porter
Pryce (OH)
Ramstad
Rangel
Reed
Reynolds
Ridge
Roemer
Rose
Rostenkowski
Roukema
Rowland
Roybal-Allard
Rush
Sabó
Sanders
Sangmeister
Sawyer

Schenk
Schiff
Schroeder
Schumer
Scott
Sharp
Shays
Shepherd
Sisisky
Skaggs
Slattery
Slaughter
Smith (IA)
Snowe
Spratt
Stokes
Strickland
Studds
Swift
Synar
Tanner
Thomas (CA)
Thompson
Thornton
Thurman

NOES—174

Allard
Applegate
Archer
Armey
Bachus (AL)
Baker (CA)
Baker (LA)
Ballenger
Barcia
Barlow
Barrett (NE)
Bartlett
Barton
Bateman
Bentley
Bilirakis
Biiley
Blute
Boehner
Bonilla
Borski
Browder
Bunning
Burton
Buyer
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Canady
Clinger
Coble
Collins (GA)
Combest
Costello
Cox
Crane
Crapo
de la Garza
Deal
DeLay
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Dornan
Dreier
Duncan
Ehlers
Emerson
Everett
Ewing
Fields (TX)
Gallegly
Gekas
Gilchrest
Gillmor
Gingrich
Goodlatte
Goodling
Goss

Grams
Grandy
Gunderson
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hancock
Hansen
Hastert
Hayes
Hefley
Hobson
Hoekstra
Hoke
Holden
Hunter
Hutchinson
Hutto
Hyde
Inglis
Inhofe
Istook
Johnson, Sam
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kasich
Kildee
Kim
King
Kingston
Klink
Knollenberg
Kyl
LaFalce
Levy
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (FL)
Lightfoot
Linder
Lipinski
Livingston
Manton
Manzullo
Mazzoli
McCrery
McDade
McKeon
McNulty
Mica
Michel
Miller (FL)
Mollohan
Montgomery
Moorhead
Murphy
Murtha
Myers
Nussle
Oberstar

Ortiz
Oxley
Packard
Parker
Paxon
Penny
Peterson (MN)
Petri
Pombo
Portman
Poshard
Quillen
Quinn
Rahall
Ravenel
Regula
Roberts
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Roth
Royce
Santorum
Sarpalius
Saxton
Schaefer
Sensenbrenner
Shaw
Shuster
Skeen
Skelton
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Solomon
Spence
Stearns
Stenholm
Stump
Stupak
Sundquist
Talent
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Tejeda
Thomas (WY)
Tucker
Upton
Volkmer
Vucanovich
Walker
Walsh
Weldon
Whitten
Wolf
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—17

Bevill
Blackwell
Clement
Doolittle
Fish
Foglietta

Herger
Laughlin
Long
McCollum
Neal (NC)
Price (NC)

Richardson
Rogers
Serrano
Stark
Swett

So the conference report was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the votes whereby said conference report was

agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered. That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

44.15 WAIVING POINTS OF ORDER AGAINST THE CONFERENCE REPORT ON H. CON. RES. 218

Mr. BEILENSEN, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 418):

Resolved. That upon adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to consider the conference report to accompany the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 218) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for the fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999. All points of order against the conference report and against its consideration are waived. The conference report shall be considered as read. The conference report shall be debatable for one hour equally divided and controlled by chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Budget.

SEC. 2. Rule XLIX shall not apply with respect to the adoption by the Congress of the conference report to accompany the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 218) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for the fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

Mr. BEILENSEN moved the previous question on the resolution to its adoption or rejection.

By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered.

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, announced that the nays had it.

Mr. BEILENSEN objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared { Yeas 228
Nays 168

44.16 [Roll No. 160] YEAS—228

Abercrombie	Clayton	Evans
Ackerman	Clyburn	Farr
Andrews (ME)	Coleman	Fazio
Andrews (NJ)	Collins (IL)	Fields (LA)
Applegate	Collins (MI)	Filner
Bacchus (FL)	Condit	Fingerhut
Baesler	Conyers	Flake
Barca	Cooper	Ford (MI)
Barlow	Coppersmith	Ford (TN)
Barrett (WI)	Costello	Frank (MA)
Becerra	Coyne	Frost
Beilenson	Cramer	Furse
Berman	Danner	Gejdenson
Bilbray	de la Garza	Gephardt
Bishop	Deal	Geren
Bonior	DeFazio	Gibbons
Borski	DeLauro	Glickman
Boucher	Dellums	Gonzalez
Brewster	Derrick	Gordon
Brooks	Deutsch	Green
Browder	Dicks	Gutierrez
Brown (CA)	Dingell	Hall (OH)
Brown (FL)	Dixon	Hamburg
Brown (OH)	Durbin	Hamilton
Byrne	Edwards (CA)	Harman
Cantwell	Edwards (TX)	Hastings
Cardin	Engel	Hayes
Carr	English	Hefner
Chapman	Eshoo	Hilliard

Hinchey	Meek
Hoagland	Menendez
Hochbrueckner	Mfume
Holden	Miller (CA)
Hoyer	Mineta
Hutto	Minge
Insee	Mink
Jacobs	Moakley
Johnson (GA)	Mollohan
Johnson (SD)	Montgomery
Johnson, E.B.	Murphy
Johnston	Murtha
Kanjorski	Nadler
Kaptur	Neal (MA)
Kennedy	Oberstar
Kennelly	Obey
Kildee	Olver
Kleczka	Ortiz
Klein	Orton
Klink	Owens
Kopetski	Pallone
Kreidler	Parker
LaFalce	Pastor
Lambert	Payne (NJ)
Lancaster	Payne (VA)
Lantos	Pelosi
LaRocco	Penny
Lehman	Peterson (FL)
Levin	Peterson (MN)
Lewis (GA)	Pickett
Lipinski	Pickle
Lloyd	Pomeroy
Lowe	Poshary
Maloney	Rahall
Mann	Rangel
Manton	Reed
Margolies-	Reynolds
Mezvinsky	Richardson
Markey	Roemer
Martinez	Rose
Mazzoli	Rostenkowski
McCloskey	Rowland
McCurdy	Roybal-Allard
McDermott	Rush
McHale	Sabo
McKinney	Sanders
McNulty	Sarpalius
Meehan	Sawyer

NAYS—168

Allard	Gallegly
Archer	Gallo
Army	Gekas
Bacchus (AL)	Gilchrest
Baker (CA)	Gillmor
Baker (LA)	Gilman
Ballenger	Gingrich
Barcia	Goodlatte
Barrett (NE)	Goodling
Bartlett	Goss
Barton	Grams
Bateman	Greenwood
Bentley	Gunderson
Bereuter	Hancock
Bilirakis	Hansen
Bliley	Hastert
Blute	Hefley
Boehlert	Hobson
Boehner	Hoekstra
Bonilla	Hoke
Bunning	Horn
Burton	Houghton
Buyer	Huffington
Callahan	Hunter
Calvert	Hutchinson
Camp	Hyde
Candady	Inglis
Castle	Inhofe
Clinger	Istook
Coble	Johnson (CT)
Combust	Johnson, Sam
Crane	Kasich
Crapo	Kim
Cunningham	King
DeLay	Kingston
Diaz-Balart	Klug
Dickey	Knollenberg
Dornan	Kolbe
Dreier	Kyl
Duncan	Lazio
Dunn	Leach
Ehlers	Levy
Emerson	Lewis (FL)
Everett	Lightfoot
Ewing	Linder
Fawell	Livingston
Fields (TX)	Machtley
Fowler	Manzullo
Franks (CT)	McCrary
Franks (NJ)	McDade

Schenk
Schroeder
Schumer
Scott
Shepherd
Sisisky
Skaggs
Slattery
Slaughter
Smith (IA)
Spratt
Stenholm
Stokes
Strickland
Studds
Stupak
Swift
Synar
Tanner
Tauzin
Tejeda
Thompson
Thornton
Thurman
Torres
Torricelli
Towns
Traficant
Tucker
Unsoeld
Valentine
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Volkmer
Waters
Watt
Waxman
Wheat
Whitten
Williams
Wise
Woolsey
Wyden
Wynn
Yates

Stump	Thomas (WY)	Weldon
Sundquist	Torkildsen	Wolf
Talent	Upton	Young (AK)
Taylor (MS)	Vucanovich	Young (FL)
Taylor (NC)	Walker	Zeliff
Thomas (CA)	Walsh	Zimmer

NOT VOTING—36

Andrews (TX)	Foglietta	Moran
Bevill	Grandy	Neal (NC)
Blackwell	Hall (TX)	Price (NC)
Bryant	Herger	Pryce (OH)
Clay	Hughes	Rogers
Clement	Jefferson	Sangmeister
Collins (GA)	Laughlin	Serrano
Cox	Lewis (CA)	Sharp
Darden	Long	Stark
Dooley	Matsui	Swett
Doollittle	McCandless	Washington
Fish	McCollum	Wilson

So the resolution was agreed to. A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

44.17 CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET FOR U.S., FY 1995

Mr. SABO, pursuant to House Resolution 418, called up the following conference report (Rept. No. 103-490):

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 218), setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the Senate amendment, insert the following:

SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 1995.

(a) DECLARATION.—The Congress determines and declares that this resolution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1995, including the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999, as required by section 301 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1995.

TITLE I—LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

- Sec. 2. Aggregates.
- Sec. 3. Social security.
- Sec. 4. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—BUDGETARY PROCEDURES

- Sec. 21. Sale of government assets.
- Sec. 22. Social security fire wall point of order in the Senate.
- Sec. 23. Enforcing pay-as-you-go.
- Sec. 24. Enforcing discretionary spending limits.
- Sec. 25. Internal Revenue Service compliance initiative.
- Sec. 26. Adjustments for health care reform in the House of Representatives.
- Sec. 27. Deficit-neutral reserve fund in the Senate.
- Sec. 28. Exercise of rulemaking powers.

TITLE III—SENSE OF CONGRESS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 31. Controlling growth of entitlement or mandatory spending.
- Sec. 32. Sense of the House regarding enactment of certain budget process legislation.

- Sec. 33. Sense of the Senate on controlling non-social security mandatory spending.
- Sec. 34. Sense of the Congress regarding the budgetary accounting of health care reform.
- Sec. 35. Sense of the Congress on the costs of illegal immigration.
- Sec. 36. Sense of the Congress regarding baselines.
- Sec. 37. Sense of the Congress regarding unfunded Federal mandates.
- Sec. 38. Closing of loopholes in foreign tax provisions.
- Sec. 39. Sense of the Senate regarding tax expenditures.
- Sec. 40. Sense of the Congress regarding health service delivery and water infrastructure in the Indian Health Service.
- Sec. 41. Sense of the Senate regarding the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- Sec. 42. Minimum allocation program.
- Sec. 43. Policy in Eastern and Central Europe.
- Sec. 44. Star Wars (Ballistic Missile Defense).

TITLE I—LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

SEC. 2. AGGREGATES.

The following budgetary levels are appropriate for fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999:

(1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—(A) For purposes of comparison with the maximum deficit amount under sections 601(a)(1) and 606 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and for purposes of the enforcement of this resolution—

(i) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$977,700,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,031,200,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,079,700,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,136,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,190,200,000,000.

(ii) The amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be increased are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$0.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$0.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$0.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$0.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$0.

(iii) The amounts for Federal Insurance Contributions Act revenues for hospital insurance within the recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$100,300,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$106,300,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$111,900,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$117,800,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$123,700,000,000.

(B) For purposes of section 710 of the Social Security Act (excluding the receipts and disbursements of the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund)—

(i) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$877,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$924,900,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$967,800,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,018,600,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,066,500,000,000.

(ii) The amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be increased are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$0.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$0.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$0.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$0.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$0.

(2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—(A) For purposes of comparison with the maximum deficit amount under sections 601(a)(1) and 606 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and for purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$1,238,300,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,308,800,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,374,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,443,900,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,526,900,000,000.

(B) For purposes of section 710 of the Social Security Act (excluding the receipts and disbursements of the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund), the appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$1,144,900,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,207,500,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,262,700,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,321,000,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,389,700,000,000.

(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—(A) For purposes of comparison with the maximum deficit amount under sections 601(a)(1) and 606 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and for purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels of total budget outlays are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$1,217,200,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,284,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,356,600,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,418,300,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,490,900,000,000.

(B) For purposes of section 710 of the Social Security Act (excluding the receipts and disbursements of the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund), the appropriate levels of total budget outlays are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$1,124,900,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,184,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,246,200,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,297,000,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,355,600,000,000.

(4) DEFICITS.—(A) For purposes of comparison with the maximum deficit amount under sections 601(a)(1) and 606 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and for purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$239,500,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$253,200,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$276,900,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$281,900,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$300,700,000,000.

(B) For purposes of section 710 of the Social Security Act (excluding the receipts and disbursements of the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund), the amounts of the deficits are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$247,500,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$259,500,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$278,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$278,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$289,100,000,000.

(5) PUBLIC DEBT.—The appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$4,965,100,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$5,281,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$5,618,200,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$5,958,600,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$6,308,800,000,000.

(6) DIRECT LOAN OBLIGATIONS.—The appropriate levels of total new direct loan obligations are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$26,700,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$32,100,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$33,800,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$35,700,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$37,800,000,000.

(7) PRIMARY LOAN GUARANTEE COMMITMENTS.—The appropriate levels of new primary loan guarantee commitments are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$199,700,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$174,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$164,600,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$164,100,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$163,500,000,000.

SEC. 3. SOCIAL SECURITY.

(a) SOCIAL SECURITY REVENUES.—For purposes of Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of revenues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust

Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$360,500,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$379,600,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$399,000,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$419,500,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$439,800,000,000.

(b) SOCIAL SECURITY OUTLAYS.—For purposes of Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$287,600,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1996: \$301,300,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1997: \$312,300,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1998: \$324,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 1999: \$337,000,000,000.

SEC. 4. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.

The Congress determines and declares that the appropriate levels of new budget authority, budget outlays, new direct loan obligations, and new primary loan guarantee commitments for fiscal years 1995 through 1999 for each major functional category are:

(1) National Defense (050):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$263,800,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$270,700,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$255,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$261,000,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$252,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$256,400,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$258,700,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$256,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$265,100,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$257,500,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$19,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$18,100,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$3,200,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$18,000,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,800,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$18,500,000,000.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,600,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$18,500,000,000.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$16,800,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$17,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,400,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$18,500,000,000.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,600,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$18,500,000,000.

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$16,800,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$17,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,400,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$18,500,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,600,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$18,500,000,000.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,000,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$17,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,400,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$16,500,000,000.

(3) General Science, Space, and Technology (250):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$17,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$17,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$17,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$17,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(4) Energy (270):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$6,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$5,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,400,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$5,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$5,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$5,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$5,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$6,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$4,700,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$5,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$4,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$21,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$21,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$22,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$21,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$22,100,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$21,600,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$22,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$21,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$21,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$21,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(6) Agriculture (350):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$13,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$12,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$10,100,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$7,400,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$13,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$12,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$9,700,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$7,400,000,000.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$14,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$12,700,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$9,700,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$7,400,000,000.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$14,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$13,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$9,800,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$7,400,000,000.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$14,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$13,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$9,900,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$7,400,000,000.

(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$7,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, -\$8,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,800,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$117,900,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$5,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, -\$10,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$3,000,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$103,200,000,000.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$5,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, -\$3,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$3,100,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$95,900,000,000.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$5,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, -\$2,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$3,200,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$96,600,000,000.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$6,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, -\$900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$3,400,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$99,500,000,000.

(8) Transportation (400):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$41,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$38,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$100,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$500,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$41,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$39,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$100,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$43,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$40,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$100,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$44,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$40,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$100,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$44,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$40,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$100,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(9) Community and Regional Development (450):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$9,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$9,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,200,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$3,600,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$9,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$8,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,200,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$3,600,000,000.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$9,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$9,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,200,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$3,600,000,000.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$9,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$9,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,200,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$3,600,000,000.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$9,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$9,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$2,200,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$3,600,000,000.

(10) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$57,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$53,700,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$5,500,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$19,000,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$58,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$55,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, \$11,500,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$14,000,000,000.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$59,900,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$58,100,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$13,200,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$13,200,000,000.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$61,700,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$60,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$15,100,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$12,300,000,000.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$63,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$62,200,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$16,800,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$11,200,000,000.

(11) Health (550):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$124,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$122,800,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$400,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$136,700,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$135,800,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$300,000,000.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$151,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$149,900,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$200,000,000.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$166,700,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$165,400,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$100,000,000.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$184,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$182,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(12) Medicare (570):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$162,400,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$160,500,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$180,500,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$178,200,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$198,500,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$196,100,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$217,700,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$215,100,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$242,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$239,100,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(13) For purposes of section 710 of the Social Security Act, Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund:

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$56,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$55,200,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$65,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$64,200,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$73,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$72,200,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$81,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$80,300,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$92,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$90,900,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(14) Income Security (600):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$220,800,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$221,200,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$235,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$229,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$249,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$242,900,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$261,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$253,200,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$273,600,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$264,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(15) Social Security (650):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$6,800,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$9,400,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$6,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$9,400,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$8,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$11,500,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$9,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$12,300,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$9,800,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$13,200,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(16) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$37,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$36,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,400,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$32,900,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$37,600,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$36,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,300,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$27,400,000,000.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$38,500,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$38,300,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,400,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$25,800,000,000.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$38,600,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$38,500,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,400,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$25,600,000,000.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$39,700,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$39,600,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$1,500,000,000.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$25,300,000,000.

(17) Administration of Justice (750):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$18,800,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$17,200,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$21,300,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$19,400,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$22,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$21,000,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$23,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$22,500,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$24,500,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$23,500,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(18) General Government (800):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$14,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$13,700,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$13,500,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$14,700,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$13,400,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$13,900,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.
 (D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$13,100,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$13,400,000,000.
 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$12,800,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$12,800,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(19) Net Interest (900):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$247,100,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$247,100,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$267,200,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$267,200,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$282,700,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$282,700,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$298,500,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$298,500,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$315,600,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$315,600,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(20) For purposes of section 710 of the Social Security Act, Net Interest (900):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, \$257,600,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$257,600,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, \$278,000,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$278,000,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, \$293,500,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$293,500,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, \$309,100,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$309,100,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, \$325,500,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$325,500,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(21) The corresponding levels of gross interest on the public debt are as follows:

Fiscal year 1995: \$311,800,000,000.

Fiscal year 1996: \$331,200,000,000.

Fiscal year 1997: \$347,600,000,000.

Fiscal year 1998: \$365,100,000,000.

Fiscal year 1999: \$384,100,000,000.

(22) Allowances (920):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, -\$6,600,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$4,700,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, -\$4,400,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$3,900,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, -\$4,500,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$3,300,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, -\$7,900,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$7,100,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, -\$8,700,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$11,000,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(23) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, -\$44,700,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$44,700,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, -\$30,500,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$30,500,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, -\$30,500,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$30,500,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, -\$31,300,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$31,300,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, -\$31,600,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$31,600,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

(24) For purposes of section 710 of the Social Security Act, Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):

Fiscal year 1995:

(A) New budget authority, -\$42,200,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$42,200,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1996:

(A) New budget authority, -\$27,300,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$27,300,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1997:

(A) New budget authority, -\$27,800,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$27,800,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1998:

(A) New budget authority, -\$28,400,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$28,400,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

Fiscal year 1999:

(A) New budget authority, -\$28,600,000,000.

(B) Outlays, -\$28,600,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, \$0.

TITLE II—BUDGETARY PROCEDURES

SEC. 21. SALE OF GOVERNMENT ASSETS.

(a) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) from time to time the United States Government should sell assets; and

(2) the amounts realized from such asset sales will not recur on an annual basis and do not reduce the demand for credit.

(b) BUDGETARY TREATMENT.—For purposes of points of order under this concurrent resolution and the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, the amounts realized from sales of assets (other than loan assets) shall not be scored with respect to the level of budget authority, outlays, or revenues.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

(1) the term “sale of an asset” shall have the same meaning as under section 250(c)(21) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as amended by the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990); and

(2) the term shall not include asset sales mandated by law before September 18, 1987, and routine, ongoing asset sales at levels consistent with agency operations in fiscal year 1986.

(d) SUNSET.—Subsections (a) through (c) of this section shall expire September 30, 1998.

(e) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 8 of House Concurrent Resolution 64 (103d Congress), section 8 of House Concurrent Resolution 287 (102d Congress), section 7 of House Concurrent Resolution 121 (102d Congress), section 5 of House Concurrent Resolution 310 (101st Congress), section 6 of House Concurrent Resolution 106 (101st Congress), section 4 of House Concurrent Resolution 268 (100th Congress), and sections 7 and 8 of House Concurrent Resolution 93 (100th Congress) are repealed.

SEC. 22. SOCIAL SECURITY FIRE WALL POINT OF ORDER IN THE SENATE.

(a) APPLICATION OF SECTION 301(i).—Notwithstanding any other rule of the Senate, in the Senate, the point of order established under section 301(i) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 shall apply to any concurrent resolution on the budget for any fiscal year (as reported and as amended), amendments thereto, or any conference report thereon.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 10(b) of House Concurrent Resolution 64 (103d Congress) and section 12(b) of House Concurrent Resolution 287 (102d Congress) are repealed.

SEC. 23. ENFORCING PAY-AS-YOU-GO.

(a) PURPOSE.—The Senate declares that it is essential to—

(1) ensure continued compliance with the deficit reduction embodied in the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993; and

(2) continue the pay-as-you-go enforcement system.

(b) POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any direct-spending or receipts legislation (as defined in paragraph (3)) that would increase the deficit for any one of the three applicable time periods (as defined in paragraph (2)) as measured pursuant to paragraphs (4) and (5).

(2) APPLICABLE TIME PERIODS.—For purposes of this subsection, the term “applicable time period” means any one of the three following periods—

(A) the first fiscal year covered by the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget;

(B) the period of the 5 fiscal years covered by the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget; or

(C) the period of the 5 fiscal years following the first 5 years covered by the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget.

(3) DIRECT-SPENDING OR RECEIPTS LEGISLATION.—For purposes of this subsection, the term “direct-spending or receipts legislation” shall—

(A) include any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report to which this subsection otherwise applies;

(B) exclude concurrent resolutions on the budget;

(C) exclude full funding of, and continuation of, the deposit insurance guarantee commitment in effect on the date of enactment of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990;

(D) exclude emergency provisions so designated under section 252(e) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985;

(E) include the estimated amount of savings in direct-spending programs applicable to that fiscal year resulting from the prior year's sequestration under the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, if any (except for any amounts sequestered as a result of a net deficit increase in the fiscal year immediately preceding the prior fiscal year); and

(F) except as otherwise provided in this subsection, include all direct-spending legislation as that term is interpreted for purposes of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

(4) **BASELINE.**—Estimates prepared pursuant to this section shall use the baseline used for the most recent concurrent resolution on the budget, and for years beyond those covered by that concurrent resolution, shall abide by the requirements of section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, except that references to "outyears" in that section shall be deemed to apply to any year (other than the budget year) covered by any one of the time periods defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(5) **PRIOR SURPLUS AVAILABLE.**—If direct-spending or receipts legislation increases the deficit when taken individually (as a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report, as the case may be), then it must also increase the deficit when taken together with all direct-spending and receipts legislation enacted after the date of enactment of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, in order to violate the prohibition of this subsection.

(c) **WAIVER.**—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(d) **APPEALS.**—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this section shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution, as the case may be. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

(e) **DETERMINATION OF BUDGET LEVELS.**—For purposes of this section, the levels of new budget authority, outlays, and receipts for a fiscal year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the Senate.

(f) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—Section 12 of House Concurrent Resolution 64 (103d Congress) is repealed.

(g) **TECHNICAL CORRECTION.**—Notwithstanding section 275(b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as amended by sections 13112(b) and 13208(b)(3) of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990), the second sentence of section 904(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (except insofar as it relates to section 313 of that Act) and the final sentence of section 904(d) of that Act (except insofar as it relates to section 313 of that Act) shall continue to have effect as rules of the Senate through (but no later than) September 30, 1998.

(h) **SUNSET.**—Subsections (a) through (e) of this section shall expire September 30, 1998.

SEC. 24. ENFORCING DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.

(a) **DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.**—

(1) **DEFINITION.**—For the purposes of enforcing this section in the Senate, the discretionary spending limits in section 601(a)(2)(F) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (as adjusted) are reduced by the following amounts—

(A) with respect to fiscal year 1996, \$4,000,000,000 in budget authority and \$5,400,000,000 in outlays;

(B) with respect to fiscal year 1997, \$10,700,000,000 in budget authority and \$2,400,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) with respect to fiscal year 1998, \$4,100,000,000 in budget authority and \$500,000,000 in outlays.

(2) **POINT OF ORDER IN THE SENATE.**—(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1996, 1997, or 1998 (or amendment or motion on such a resolution) that recommends discretionary spending levels for the first fiscal year covered by that resolution that would exceed the discretionary spending limits as reduced in this section.

(B) This subsection shall not apply if a declaration of war by the Congress is in effect or if a joint resolution pursuant to section 258 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 has been enacted.

(b) **WAIVER.**—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(c) **APPEALS.**—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this section shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the concurrent resolution, bill, or joint resolution, as the case may be. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

(d) **DETERMINATION OF BUDGET LEVELS.**—For purposes of this section, the levels of new budget authority, outlays, and revenues for a fiscal year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the Senate.

SEC. 25. INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE COMPLIANCE INITIATIVE.

(a)(1) **ADJUSTMENTS.**—For purposes of points of order under the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 and concurrent resolutions on the budget—

(A) the discretionary spending limits under section 601(a)(2) of that Act (and those limits as cumulatively adjusted) for the current fiscal year and each outyear;

(B) the allocations to the Committees on Appropriations under sections 302(a) and 602(a) of that Act;

(C) the appropriate budgetary aggregates in the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget; and

(D) the maximum deficit amount under section 601(a)(1) of that Act (and that amount as cumulatively adjusted) for the current fiscal year,

shall be adjusted to reflect the amounts of additional new budget authority or additional outlays (as defined in paragraph (2)) reported by the Committee on Appropriations in appropriations Acts (or by the committee of conference on such legislation) for the Internal Revenue Service compliance initiative activities in any fiscal year, but not to exceed in any fiscal year \$405,000,000 in new budget authority and \$405,000,000 in outlays.

(2) **ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS.**—As used in this section, the terms "additional new budget authority" or "additional outlays" shall mean, for any fiscal year, budget authority or outlays (as the case may be) in excess of the amounts requested for that fiscal year for the Internal Revenue Service in the President's Budget for fiscal year 1995.

(b) **REVISED LIMITS, ALLOCATIONS, AND AGGREGATES.**—Upon the reporting of legislation pursuant to subsection (a), and again upon the submission of a conference report on such legislation (if a conference report is submitted), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate or the House of Representatives (as the case may be) shall submit to that Chairman's respective House appropriately revised—

(1) discretionary spending limits under section 601(a)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (and those limits as cumulatively adjusted) for the current fiscal year and each outyear;

(2) allocations to the Committees on Appropriations under sections 302(a) and 602(a) of that Act;

(3) appropriate budgetary aggregates in the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget; and

(4) maximum deficit amount under section 601(a)(1) of that Act (and that amount as cumulatively adjusted) for the current fiscal year,

to carry out this subsection. These revised discretionary spending limits, allocations, and aggregates shall be considered for purposes of congressional enforcement under that Act as the discretionary spending limits, allocations, and aggregates.

(c) **REPORTING REVISED SUBALLOCATIONS.**—The Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives may report appropriately revised suballocations pursuant to sections 302(b)(1) and 602(b)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to carry out this section.

(d) **CONTINGENCIES.**—

(1) The Internal Revenue Service and the Treasury Department have certified that they are firmly committed to the principles of privacy, confidentiality, courtesy, and protection of taxpayer rights. To this end, the Internal Revenue Service and the Treasury Department have explicitly committed to initiate and implement educational programs for any new employees hired as a result of the compliance initiative made possible by this section.

(2) This section shall not apply to any additional new budget authority or additional outlays unless—

(A) in the Senate, the Chairman of the Budget Committee certifies, based upon information from the Congressional Budget Office, the General Accounting Office, and the Internal Revenue Service (as well as from any other sources he deems relevant), that such budget authority or outlays will not increase the total of the Federal budget deficits over the next five years; and

(B) any funds made available pursuant to such budget authority or outlays are available only for the purpose of carrying out Internal Revenue Service compliance initiative activities.

SEC. 26. ADJUSTMENTS FOR HEALTH CARE REFORM IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(a) In the House of Representatives, if health care reform legislation is reported (including by a committee of conference), budget authority, outlays, and new entitlement authority shall be allocated to committees, and the total levels of budget authority, outlays, and revenues shall be adjusted, to reflect such legislation if the legislation in the form in which it will be considered would not increase the total deficit for the period of fiscal years 1995 through 1999.

(b) Upon reporting of legislation described in subsection (a) and again upon submission of a conference report on such legislation, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives shall publish in the Congressional Record revised allocations under section 602(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised levels of total budget authority, outlays, and revenues to carry out this section. In the House of Representatives, such allocations and totals shall be considered as the allocations and aggregates under this resolution.

SEC. 27. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND IN THE SENATE.

(a)(1) BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAY ALLOCATIONS.—In the Senate, budget authority and outlays may be allocated (as provided under subsection (c)) to a committee (or committees) for direct-spending legislation that increases funding for any of the purposes described in subsection (b)(1) within that committee's jurisdiction, if, to the extent that this concurrent resolution on the budget does not include the costs of that legislation, the enactment of that legislation will not increase (by virtue of either contemporaneous or previously passed deficit reduction) the deficit in this resolution for—

(A) fiscal year 1995; or

(B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through 1999.

(2) BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAY ALLOCATIONS AND REVENUE AGGREGATES.—In the Senate, budget authority and outlays may be allocated to a committee (or committees) and the revenue aggregates may be reduced (as provided under subsection (c)) for direct-spending or receipts legislation in furtherance of any of the purposes described in subsection (b)(2) within that committee's jurisdiction, if, to the extent that this concurrent resolution on the budget does not include the costs of that legislation, the enactment of that legislation will not increase (by virtue of either contemporaneous or previously passed deficit reduction) the deficit in this resolution for—

(A) fiscal year 1995; or

(B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through 1999.

(3) OUTLAY-NEUTRAL BUDGET AUTHORITY ALLOCATIONS.—In the Senate, budget authority may be allocated (as provided under subsection (c)) to a committee (or committees) for any direct-spending legislation within that committee's jurisdiction, if, to the extent that this concurrent resolution on the budget does not include the costs of that legislation, the enactment of that legislation will not increase (by virtue of either contemporaneous or previously passed outlay reductions) the deficit or aggregate outlays in this resolution for—

(A) fiscal year 1995; or

(B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through 1999.

(b)(1) PURPOSES UNDER SUBSECTION (a)(1).—Budget authority and outlay allocations may be revised under subsection (a)(1) for legislation—

(A) to provide comprehensive training or job search assistance (including reemployment or job training programs or dislocated worker programs), or to reform unemployment compensation, or to provide for other related programs;

(B) to preserve or rebuild the United States maritime industry;

(C) to reform the financing of Federal elections; or

(D) to reform the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980.

(2) PURPOSES UNDER SUBSECTION (a)(2).—Budget authority and outlay allocations may be revised or the revenue floor reduced under subsection (a)(2) for—

(A) legislation to improve the well-being of families through welfare or other reforms (including promoting self-sufficiency through improvements in job training or employment programs), to provide for services to support or protect children (including assuring increased parental support for children through improvements in the child support enforcement program), or to improve the health, nutrition, or care of children;

(B) to make continuing improvements in ongoing health care programs, to provide for comprehensive health care reform, to control health care costs, or to accomplish other health care reforms;

(C) trade-related legislation (including legislation to implement the Uruguay Round of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade or to extend the Generalized System of Preferences);

(D) reforms relating to the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (including legislation to improve the funding of government-insured pension plans, to protect plan participants, or to limit growth in exposure of the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation) or other employee benefit-related legislation;

(E) reforms relating to providing for simplified collection of employment taxes on domestic services;

(F) reforms to consolidate the supervision of depository institutions insured under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act; or

(G) initiatives to preserve United States energy security.

(c) REVISED ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.—

(1) UPON REPORTING.—Upon the reporting of legislation pursuant to subsection (a), and again upon the submission of a conference report on that legislation (if a conference report is submitted), the chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may submit to the Senate appropriately revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised aggregates to carry out this section.

(2) ADJUSTMENTS FOR AMENDMENTS.—If the chairman of the Committee on the Budget submits an adjustment under this section for legislation in furtherance of the purpose described in subsection (b)(2)(B), upon the offering of an amendment to that legislation that would necessitate such a submission, the chairman shall submit to the Senate appropriately revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised aggregates, if the enactment of that legislation (as proposed to be amended) will not increase (by virtue of either contemporaneous or previously passed deficit reduction) the deficit in this resolution for—

(A) fiscal year 1995; or

(B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through 1999.

(d) EFFECT OF REVISED ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates submitted under subsection (c) shall be considered for the purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as allocations and aggregates contained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

(e) REPORTING REVISED SUBDIVISIONS.—The appropriate committee may report appropriately revised subdivisions of allocations pursuant to sections 302(b)(2) and 602(b)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to carry out this section.

SEC. 28. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.

The Congress adopts the provisions of this title—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, and as such they shall be considered as part of the rules of each House, or of that House to which they specifically apply, and such rules shall supersede other

rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent therewith; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change those rules (so far as they relate to that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.

TITLE III—SENSE OF CONGRESS PROVISIONS

SEC. 31. CONTROLLING GROWTH OF ENTITLEMENT OR MANDATORY SPENDING.

It is the sense of the Congress that legislation should be enacted providing enforceable limits to control the growth of entitlement or mandatory spending.

SEC. 32. SENSE OF THE HOUSE REGARDING ENACTMENT OF CERTAIN BUDGET PROCESS LEGISLATION.

It is the sense of the House of Representatives that the following legislation should be enacted:

(1) Legislation providing enforceable limits to control the growth of entitlement or mandatory spending.

(2) Amendments to the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990 to establish a regular procedure to provide assistance for disasters and other emergencies without adding to the deficit.

(3) Legislation granting the President expedited rescission authority over appropriations measures, as provided by H.R. 1578, as passed the House.

SEC. 33. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON CONTROLLING NON-SOCIAL SECURITY MANDATORY SPENDING.

It is the sense of the Senate that the Congress should—

(1) after enacting health care reform legislation, enact annual caps to control the growth of entitlement or mandatory spending;

(2) include within these caps all mandatory spending programs except Social Security, deposit insurance, and net interest;

(3) provide that these caps shall be set so that programs providing benefits to individuals may grow for inflation, changes in the numbers of beneficiaries, and an additional growth allowance;

(4) provide that these caps shall be adjusted annually in the President's budget for changes in inflation and the number of beneficiaries since Congress enacted the caps (excluding any changes due to legislation);

(5) provide an enforcement mechanism in the event that total mandatory spending exceeds the caps; and

(6) enact caps on tax expenditures similar to those for mandatory spending so as to ensure that reductions in Federal spending for mandatory programs are not achieved by shifting spending to tax expenditures.

SEC. 34. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING THE BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING OF HEALTH CARE REFORM.

It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the Congress should measure the costs and benefits of all health care reform legislation against a uniform set of economic and technical assumptions;

(2) before enacting major changes in the health care system, the Congress should have available to it reliable estimates of the costs of competing plans prepared in a comparable manner; and

(3) the Congress should account for all financial transactions associated with Federal health care reform legislation.

SEC. 35. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS ON THE COSTS OF ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the Federal Government is solely responsible for setting and enforcing national immigration policy;

(2) the Federal Government has not adequately enforced immigration laws;

(3) this weak enforcement has imposed financial costs on State and local governments;

(4) the Federal Government has failed to investigate and prosecute Federal wage and hour violations, thus creating incentives to hire persons illegally in the United States and exacerbating the problem of illegal immigration;

(5) States must incur costs for incarcerating undocumented persons convicted of State and local crimes, educating undocumented children, providing emergency medical services to undocumented persons, and providing services incidental to admission of refugees under the Refugee Admissions and Resettlement Program; and

(6) the Federal Government has an obligation to reimburse State and local governments for costs resulting from the costs described in this subsection.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that, in setting forth the budget authority and outlay amounts in this resolution, the Congress intends that funding should be provided to reimburse State and local governments for the costs associated with—

(1) elementary and secondary education for undocumented children;

(2) emergency medical assistance to undocumented persons;

(3) incarceration and parole of criminal aliens; and

(4) services incidental to admission of refugees under the Refugee Admissions and Resettlement Program.

SEC. 36. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING BASELINES.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the baseline budget shows the likely course of Federal revenues and spending if policies remain unchanged;

(2) baseline budgeting has given rise to the practice of calculating policy changes from an inflated spending level; and

(3) the baseline concept has been misused to portray policies that would simply slow down the increase in spending as spending reductions.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the President should submit a budget that compares proposed spending levels for the budget year with the current year; and

(2) the starting point for deliberations on a budget resolution should be the current year.

SEC. 37. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING UNFUNDED FEDERAL MANDATES.

It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the Federal Government should not shift the costs of administering Federal programs to State and local governments;

(2) the Federal Government's share of entitlement programs should not be capped or otherwise decreased without providing States authority to amend their financial or programmatic responsibilities to continue meeting the mandated service; and

(3) Congress should develop a mechanism to ensure that costs of mandates are considered during agencies' development of regulations and congressional deliberations on legislation.

SEC. 38. CLOSING OF LOOPHOLES IN FOREIGN TAX PROVISIONS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that—

(1) there is evidence suggesting that foreign-controlled corporations doing business in the United States do not pay their fair share of taxes;

(2) over 70 percent of foreign-controlled corporations doing business in the United States pay no Federal income tax;

(3) the United States Department of the Treasury has limited its ability to protect the revenue base in the case of cross-border transactions, to the detriment of taxpayers engaged solely in domestic transactions;

(4) the Department of the Treasury has been using antiquated accounting concepts to deal with sophisticated multinational corporations;

(5) substantial Federal revenues are lost annually due to the inability of the Internal Revenue Service to enforce the "arm's length" transaction rule, along with substantial amounts spent on administration and litigation; and

(6) the Federal income tax laws provide a financial incentive for domestic taxpayers to operate abroad by granting them deferral of United States taxes on income earned abroad.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that deficit reduction should be achieved, in part, by ending loopholes and enforcement breakdowns that now foster the underpayment of taxes on income from cross-border transactions and that subsidize the flight of domestic businesses and jobs out of the United States, by means including—

(1) the adoption of a more streamlined and efficient method of enforcing Federal tax laws involving multinational corporations, especially those based abroad, and in particular, the use by the Treasury Department of a formulaic approach in cases in which the current "arm's length" transaction rules do not work; and

(2) a repeal of tax subsidies for domestic businesses that operate abroad in tax havens and then ship their products back into the United States.

SEC. 39. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING TAX EXPENDITURES.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that tax expenditures—

(1) are growing significantly;

(2) may have the same effect as direct Federal spending; and

(3) should be subject to the same level of budgetary review as direct spending.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the Congress should consider targets for the growth in tax expenditures similar to the targets for the growth of mandatory spending;

(2) any reconciliation instructions included in a budget resolution should specify these targets; and

(3) such targets should be enforceable separately from any revenue targets included in the reconciliation instructions.

SEC. 40. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING HEALTH SERVICE DELIVERY AND WATER INFRASTRUCTURE IN THE INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE.

It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) sufficient funding should be provided to the Indian Health Service to ensure that Indian Health Service hospitals and outpatient facilities in existence on the date of enactment of this resolution, and Indian Health Service hospitals and outpatient facilities scheduled to open during fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996, are fully staffed with the appropriate number of health care professionals needed to meet the health and medical needs of the American Indians and Alaska Natives who depend on the Indian Health Service for health care; and

(2) sufficient funding should be provided to the Indian Health Service to ensure that the Indian Health Service is capable of meeting basic public health and safety and sanitation requirements on Indian lands through timely and proper water infrastructure construction and upgrades.

SEC. 41. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION.

It is the sense of the Senate that the budget authority and outlay figures for function 250 in this resolution do not assume any amounts for the National Aeronautics and

Space Administration for any fiscal year from 1995 through 1999 in excess of the amounts proposed by the President for such fiscal year.

SEC. 42. MINIMUM ALLOCATION PROGRAM.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that—

(1) the minimum allocation program was established in 1982 to address inequities in the funding formula for Federal-aid highways;

(2) the minimum allocation program was designed to provide the greatest degree of flexibility practicable to States that receive funding under the formula referred to in paragraph (1) and includes an exemption of the apportionments from the obligation ceiling;

(3) the minimum allocation program provides additional flexibility by allowing a State a 4-year period during which amounts apportioned to the State may be obligated;

(4) the budget of the United States Government for fiscal year 1995 submitted by the President to Congress proposes to include minimum allocation apportionments under the obligation ceiling and also proposes to limit the authority of States to obligate apportionments under the minimum allocation program to 67 percent of the amount of the apportionments; and

(5) States have planned transportation programs on the basis of the provisions of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991, and the amendments made by the Act, relating to minimum allocation that confirmed core commitments to exemption and flexibility.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the minimum allocation program should remain exempt from the obligation ceiling; and

(2) the flexibility of the minimum allocation program should be an enduring and critical component of the provision of Federal assistance to States for Federal-aid highways.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

(1) FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS.—The term "Federal-aid highways" has the meaning provided the term in section 101 of title 23, United States Code.

(2) MINIMUM ALLOCATION PROGRAM.—The term "minimum allocation program" means the program of allocation of funding to States under section 157 of title 23, United States Code.

(3) OBLIGATION CEILING.—The term "obligation ceiling" means the obligation ceiling under section 1002 of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991.

SEC. 43. POLICY IN EASTERN AND CENTRAL EUROPE.

It is the sense of the Congress that levels of spending set forth in this resolution regarding the International Affairs (150) budget category include an assumption that the United States will oppose, consistent with provisions contained in the Freedom Support Act and the Foreign Assistance Appropriations Act of 1994, attempts by the Russian Federation to intimidate, use military force or engage in economic coercion to establish a sphere of influence over the former republics of the Soviet Union, the Baltics, or Central and Eastern European nations.

SEC. 44. STAR WARS (BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE).

It is the sense of the Senate that given the Federal budget deficit, the real reductions in discretionary spending in this resolution, and the existence of many more worthy programs competing for this funding, spending for the Star Wars (Ballistic Missile Defense) must not exceed the fiscal year 1994 appropriated level.

And the Senate agree to the same.

MARTIN OLAV SABO,

DICK GEPHARDT,
DALE E. KILDEE,
ANTHONY BEILENSEN,
HOWARD L. BERMAN,
BOB WISE,
JOHN BRYANT,
CHARLIE STENHOLM,
BARNEY FRANK,
LOUISE M. SLAUGHTER,
Managers on the Part of the House.

JIM SASSER,
FRITZ HOLLINGS,
J. BENNETT JOHNSTON,
Managers on the Part of the Senate.

When said conference report was considered.

After debate,

On motion of Mr. SABO, the previous question was ordered on the conference report to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to said conference report?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, announced that the nays had it.

Mr. SABO objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Yeas} \dots\dots 220 \\ \text{Nays} \dots\dots 183 \end{array} \right.$

¶44.18 [Roll No. 161]
YEAS—220

Abercrombie	Durbin	Kopetski
Ackerman	Edwards (CA)	Kreidler
Andrews (ME)	Edwards (TX)	LaFalce
Andrews (TX)	Engel	Lambert
Applegate	Eshoo	Lancaster
Bacchus (FL)	Evans	Lantos
Baesler	Farr	LaRocco
Barca	Fazio	Lehman
Barlow	Fields (LA)	Levin
Barrett (WI)	Filner	Lewis (GA)
Becerra	Flake	Lloyd
Beilenson	Ford (TN)	Long
Berman	Frank (MA)	Lowe
Bilbray	Frost	Maloney
Bishop	Furse	Manton
Bonior	Gejdenson	Markey
Borski	Gephardt	Martinez
Boucher	Geren	Mazzoli
Brewster	Gibbons	McCloskey
Brooks	Glickman	McCurdy
Browder	Gonzalez	McDermott
Brown (CA)	Gordon	McHale
Brown (FL)	Green	McKinney
Brown (OH)	Gutierrez	McNulty
Bryant	Hall (OH)	Meehan
Byrne	Hamburg	Meek
Cantwell	Hamilton	Menendez
Cardin	Harman	Mfume
Carr	Hastings	Miller (CA)
Chapman	Hayes	Mineta
Clayton	Hefner	Minge
Clyburn	Hilliard	Mink
Coleman	Hinche	Moakley
Collins (IL)	Hoagland	Mollohan
Collins (MI)	Hochbrueckner	Montgomery
Condit	Holden	Moran
Conyers	Hoyer	Murphy
Coppersmith	Hughes	Murtha
Costello	Inslee	Nadler
Coyne	Jefferson	Oberstar
Cramer	Johnson (GA)	Obey
Danner	Johnson (SD)	Olver
Darden	Johnson, E.B.	Ortiz
de la Garza	Johnston	Orton
DeLauro	Kanjorski	Owens
Dellums	Kaptur	Pallone
Derrick	Kennedy	Parker
Deutsch	Kennelly	Pastor
Dicks	Kildee	Payne (NJ)
Dingell	Klecza	Payne (VA)
Dixon	Klein	Pelosi
Dooley	Klink	Peterson (FL)

Peterson (MN)
Pickle
Pomeroy
Poshard
Rahall
Rangel
Reed
Reynolds
Richardson
Roemer
Rose
Rostenkowski
Rowland
Roybal-Allard
Rush
Sabo
Sanders
Sarpalius
Sawyer
Schenk
Schroeder
Schumer

Scott
Shepherd
Skaggs
Slattery
Slaughter
Smith (IA)
Spratt
Stenholm
Stokes
Strickland
Studds
Stupak
Swift
Synar
Tanner
Tauzin
Tejeda
Thompson
Thornton
Thurman
Torres
Torrice

Towns
Tucker
Unsoeld
Valentine
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Volkmer
Waters
Watt
Waxman
Wheat
Whitten
Williams
Wilson
Wise
Woolsey
Wyden
Wynn
Yates

NAYS—183

Allard
Andrews (NJ)
Archer
Army
Bachus (AL)
Baker (CA)
Baker (LA)
Ballenger
Barcia
Barrett (NE)
Bartlett
Barton
Bateman
Bentley
Bereuter
Bilirakis
Bliley
Blute
Boehert
Boehner
Bonilla
Bunning
Burton
Buyer
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Canady
Castle
Clinger
Coble
Collins (GA)
Combest
Cooper
Cox
Crane
Crapo
Cunningham
Deal
DeFazio
DeLay
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Dornan
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Ehlers
Emerson
English
Everett
Ewing
Fawell
Fields (TX)
Fingerhut
Fowler
Franks (CT)
Franks (NJ)
Gallegly
Gallo
Gekas
Gilchrist

Gillmor
Gilman
Gingrich
Goodlatte
Goodling
Goss
Grams
Grandy
Greenwood
Gunderson
Hancock
Hansen
Hastert
Hefley
Hobson
Hoekstra
Hoke
Horn
Houghton
Huffington
Hunter
Hutchinson
Hutto
Hyde
Inglis
Inhofe
Istook
Jacobs
Johnson (CT)
Johnson, Sam
Kasich
Kim
King
Kingston
Klug
Knollenberg
Kolbe
Kyl
Lazio
Leach
Levy
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (FL)
Lightfoot
Linder
Livingston
Machtley
Mann
Manzullo
Margolies-
Mezvinsky
McCrery
McDade
McHugh
McInnis
McKeon
McMillan
Meyers
Mica
Michel
Miller (FL)
Molinari

NOT VOTING—29

Bevill
Blackwell
Clay
Clement
Doolittle
Fish
Foglietta
Ford (MI)
Hall (TX)
Herger

Laughlin
Lipinski
Matsui
McCandless
McCollum
Myers
Neal (MA)
Neal (NC)
Oxley
Price (NC)

So the conference report was agreed to.

Ordered. That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶44.19 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2442

Mr. MOAKLEY, by direction of the Committee on Rules, reported (Rept. No. 103-495) the resolution (H. Res. 420) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2442) to authorize appropriations under the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended, to revise administrative provisions of the Act to improve the authority of the Secretary of Commerce to administer grant programs, and for other purposes.

When said resolution and report were referred to the House Calendar and ordered printed.

¶44.20 ADJOURNMENT OVER

On motion of Mr. GEPHARDT, by unanimous consent,

Ordered. That when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 12 o'clock noon on Monday, May 9, 1994.

¶44.21 CALENDAR WEDNESDAY BUSINESS DISPENSED WITH

On motion of Mr. GEPHARDT, by unanimous consent,

Ordered. That business in order for consideration on Wednesday, May 11, 1994, under clause 7, rule XXIV, the Calendar Wednesday rule, be dispensed with.

¶44.22 BRITISH-AMERICAN INTERPARLIAMENTARY GROUP

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, announced that pursuant to the provisions of section 168(b) of Public Law 102-138, the Speaker did appoint to the British-American Interparliamentary Group, Mr. HAMILTON, Chairman, Mr. LANTOS, Vice Chairman, and Messrs. MURPHY, BOEHLERT, LEWIS of Florida, and McMILLAN, on the part of the House.

Ordered. That the Clerk notify the Senate of the foregoing appointments.

¶44.23 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

Pursuant to the provisions of section 504(h) of Public Law 98-164, as amended (22 U.S.C. 4413(i)), I transmit herewith the 10th Annual Report of the National Endowment for Democracy, which covers fiscal year 1993.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.
THE WHITE HOUSE, May 5, 1994.

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

¶44.24 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEES

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, laid before the House a

message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

As provided by the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (Public Law 92-463; 5 U.S.C., App. 2, 6(c)), I am submitting my first Annual Report on Federal Advisory Committees for fiscal year 1993 for your consideration and action.

Consistent with my efforts to create a Government that works better and costs less, I issued Executive Order No. 12838 on February 10, 1993, requiring the executive branch to conduct a comprehensive review of all advisory committees. Based upon this assessment, each department and agency was directed to reduce by at least one-third the number of committees not required by the Congress. I am pleased to advise that this initiative has resulted in a net reduction of 284 unproductive advisory committees, exceeding our elimination target of 267, by 6 percent, or 17 committees. In addition, we have identified approximately 30 unneeded statutory groups.

While progress has been achieved in assuring that the work of advisory committees remains focused on national, rather than special interests, I am asking for your support in effecting other needed improvements. The Administration will forward to the Congress a legislative proposal to terminate 30 advisory committees required by statute, but for which compelling needs no longer exist. I urge the Congress to act quickly and favorably on this proposal, and I welcome any recommendations of the Congress regarding additional groups that may be eliminated through our joint efforts to increase the effectiveness and efficiency of the Government. Toward this end, I hope the Congress will show increased restraint in the creation of new statutory committees.

I have directed the executive branch to exercise continued restraint in the creation and management of advisory committees. This will allow us to obtain further savings recommended by the Vice President and the National Performance Review. Consistent with Executive Order No. 12838, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget will continue to approve new agency-sponsored committees when necessary and appropriate. In addition the General Services Administration, as part of its overall responsibilities under the Act, will periodically prepare legislation to propose the elimination of committees no longer required by the Government.

We stand ready to work with the Congress to assure the appropriate use of advisory committees and to achieve the purposes for which this law was enacted.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, May 5, 1994.

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Government Operations.

¶44.25 SENATE BILL, JOINT RESOLUTION AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTION REFERRED

A bill, a joint resolution, and a concurrent resolution of the Senate of the following titles were taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

S. 1927. An Act to increase the rates of compensation for veterans with service-connected disabilities and the rates of dependency and indemnity compensation for the survivors of certain disabled veterans; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

S.J. Res. 168. Joint resolution designating May 11, 1994, as "Vietnam Human Rights Day"; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

S. Con Res. 68. Concurrent resolution to authorize printing of Senator Robert C. Byrd's Addresses to the United States Senate on the History of Roman Constitutionalism; to the Committee on House Administration.

¶44.26 ENROLLED BILL AND JOINT RESOLUTION SIGNED

Mr. ROSE, from the Committee on House Administration, reported that that committee had examined and found truly enrolled a bill and a Joint Resolution of the House of the following titles, which were thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H.R. 4204. An Act to designate the Federal building located at 711 Washington Street in Boston, Massachusetts, as the "Jean Mayer Human Nutrition Research Center on Aging."

H.J. Res. 239. Joint resolution to authorize the President to proclaim September 1994 as "Classical Music Month."

¶44.27 LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted—

To Ms. LONG, for today prior to 9 p.m.;

To Mr. CLEMENT, for today after 5:30 p.m.; and

To Mr. ROGERS, for today.

And then,

¶44.28 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mrs. BENTLEY, pursuant to the special order heretofore agreed to, at 9 o'clock and 45 minutes p.m., the House adjourned until 12 o'clock noon on Monday, May 9, 1994.

¶44.29 REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. BEILENSON: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 420. Resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 2442) to reauthorize appropriations under the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended, to revise administrative provisions of the act to improve the authority of the Secretary of Commerce to administer grant programs, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 103-495). Referred to the House Calendar.

¶44.30 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 5 of rule X and clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. BAKER of Louisiana (for himself, Mr. ARMEY, Mrs. FOWLER, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. MCCREY):

H.R. 4350. A bill to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to make optional the provision of nonemergency medical transportation services under the Medicaid Program and to deny Federal financial participation for such services; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. BOUCHER (for himself, Mr. UPTON, and Ms. LAMBERT):

H.R. 4351. A bill to amend the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (Superfund) to provide a mechanism for the allocation of liability among potentially responsible parties, and for other purposes; jointly, to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Public Works and Transportation.

By Mr. DUNCAN:

H.R. 4352. A bill to require each Federal agency to use stationary on which is printed the telephone number of the agency; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. GALLO:

H.R. 4353. A bill to require businesses who compile consumer lists for sale to other businesses to notify consumers on the list of the sales of the list; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

H.R. 4354. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to prohibit the buying and selling of Social Security account numbers; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GINGRICH:

H.R. 4355. A bill to suspend until January 1, 1998, the duty on fluvoxamine, maleate; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HUFFINGTON (for himself, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. LEACH, Mr. WALKER, Mr. NEAL of North Carolina, Mr. HERGER, Mr. EVERETT, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. POMBO, Mr. HORN, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. BOEHNER, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. LINDER, Mr. GRAMS, Mr. WALSH, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. TALENT, Mr. BAKER of California, Mr. STEARNS, Mr. HOEKSTRA, Mr. CANADY, Mr. COX, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. DOOLEY, Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, Mrs. FOWLER, Mr. GUNDERSON, Mr. HOKE, Mr. MCHALE, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. SUNDQUIST, Mr. TORKILDSEN, Mr. DICKEY, and Mr. HUTCHINSON):

H.R. 4356. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow individuals who do not itemize their deductions a deduction for a portion of their charitable contributions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HUGHES (for himself and Mr. MOORHEAD) (both by request):

H.R. 4357. A bill to make improvements in the operation and administration of the Federal courts, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. HYDE:

H.R. 4358. A bill to express U.S. policy with respect to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. KOPETSKI:

H.R. 4359. A bill to require a study and report on environmental restoration at the Nevada Test Site, NV; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Ms. LAMBERT (for herself, Mr. UPTON, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. SCHAEFER, and Mr. MANTON):

H.R. 4360. A bill to amend the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 to clarify liability under that act for certain recycling transactions; jointly, to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Public Works and Transportation.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 4361. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to provide that an employee of

the Federal Government may use sick leave to attend to the medical needs of a family member; to modify the voluntary leave transfer program with respect to employees who are members of the same family; and for other purposes; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. WAXMAN (by request):

H.R. 4362. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to revise the authority under that act to regulate pesticide chemical residues in food; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota (for himself, Mr. MINGE, and Mr. GRANDY):

H.R. 4363. A bill to authorize the construction of the Lewis and Clark Rural Water System and to authorize assistance to the Lewis and Clark Rural Water System, Inc., a non-profit corporation, for the planning and construction of the water supply system, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. LANCASTER:

H.R. 4364. A bill to direct the Secretary of Transportation to transfer administrative jurisdiction over certain lands for inclusion in the Cape Hatteras National Seashore Recreational Area; jointly, to the Committees on Merchant Marine and Fisheries and Natural Resources.

By Mr. POMEROY (for himself, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. COPPERSMITH, Mr. HAMBURG, Mr. MINGE, Ms. SHEPHERD, Mrs. THURMAN, and Mr. PASTOR):

H.R. 4365. A bill to amend title XI of the Social Security Act to repeal the requirement that employers report information to the Medicare and Medicaid coverage data bank; jointly, to the Committees on Ways and Means and Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. WYNN (for himself, Mr. ENGEL, and Mr. FOGLIETTA):

H.R. 4366. A bill to amend the Small Business Act to establish a minority graduate mentor program; to the Committee on Small Business.

By Mrs. KENNELLY:

H.R. 4367. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 with regard to pension integration, participation, and vesting requirements, to provide for division of pension benefits upon divorce unless otherwise provided in qualified domestic relations orders, to provide for studies relating to cost-of-living adjustments and pension portability, and to clarify the continued availability, under provisions governing domestic relations orders, of remedies relating to matters treated in such orders entered before 1985; jointly, to the Committees on Ways and Means and Education and Labor.

By Mr. BLACKWELL (for himself, Mr. MFUME, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. NADLER, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. FROST, Mr. ROMERO-BARCELO, Mr. KLECZKA, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Ms. NORTON, Mr. WILSON, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. WATT, Mr. OWENS, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. THOMPSON, Mr. SCOTT, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. WASHINGTON, Mr. TUCKER, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. RUSH):

H.J. Res. 364. Joint resolution designating June as "African-American Music Month"; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. KNOLLENBERG (for himself, Mr. PENNY, Mr. RAHALL, Ms. DANNER, and Mr. BONIOR):

H. Con. Res. 245. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives commending Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization [PLO] for signing an

historic agreement in Cairo on May 4, 1994; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. WHEAT:

H. Con. Res. 246. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress regarding the denial or limitation of health insurance coverage or benefits on the basis of preexisting medical conditions; jointly, to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Ways and Means.

By Mr. MICHEL (for himself, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. THOMAS of California, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. LIVINGSTON, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. BOEHNER, and Ms. DUNN):

H. Res. 419. Resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to provide for certain changes in the bipartisan administrative oversight of House functions; jointly, to the Committees on Rules and House Administration.

44.31 PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 1 of rule XXII,

Mr. KENNEDY introduced a bill (H.R. 4368) to authorize the Secretary of Transportation to issue a certificate of documentation with appropriate endorsement for employment in the coastwise trade for the vessel *Sunrise*; which was referred to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

44.32 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 39: Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER and Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD.

H.R. 65: Mrs. MINK of Hawaii and Ms. PRYCE of Ohio.

H.R. 123: Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi and Ms. PRYCE of Ohio.

H.R. 518: Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin and Mr. KLEIN.

H.R. 790: Mr. WATT.

H.R. 794: Mr. KINGSTON and Mr. HUFFINGTON.

H.R. 885: Mr. MYERS of Indiana, Mr. GUNDERSON, and Mr. BARTON of Texas.

H.R. 911: Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey and Mr. HOAGLAND.

H.R. 1056: Mr. VOLKMER, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. GORDON, and Ms. VELAZQUEZ.

H.R. 1277: Mr. SANTORUM and Mr. PAXON.

H.R. 1293: Mr. ISTOOK and Mr. HUTTO.

H.R. 1490: Mr. CLINGER, Mr. LEHMAN, and Mr. LINDER.

H.R. 1579: Mr. DIXON, Ms. ESHOO, and Mr. FARR.

H.R. 1864: Mr. BLUTE.

H.R. 1968: Mr. MCDERMOTT and Mr. HOAGLAND.

H.R. 2317: Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas.

H.R. 2360: Mr. KIM.

H.R. 2433: Mr. LEWIS of Florida.

H.R. 2479: Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, Ms. WATERS, Mr. APPLIGATE, and Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD.

H.R. 2660: Ms. NORTON.

H.R. 2676: Mr. STOKES.

H.R. 2691: Mr. ENGEL.

H.R. 2759: Mr. PACKARD, Mr. PARKER, and Mr. SCHAEFER.

H.R. 2959: Mr. MCCREERY.

H.R. 3005: Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. CALVERT, and Mr. BUNNING.

H.R. 3017: Mr. STENHOLM, Mr. SHAW, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, and Mr. BAESLER.

H.R. 3128: Ms. SHEPHERD.

H.R. 3182: Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey.

H.R. 3250: Mr. KLUG.

H.R. 3278: Mr. FOGLIETTA.

H.R. 3293: Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. BLACKWELL, and Mr. TOWNS.

H.R. 3305: Mr. MENENDEZ.

H.R. 3347: Mr. WATT and Ms. VELAZQUEZ.

H.R. 3392: Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. HAMILTON, Mr. FIELDS of Texas, and Mr. SCHAEFER.

H.R. 3421: Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. KOLBE, and Mr. BUNNING.

H.R. 3472: Mr. HINCHEY.

H.R. 3486: Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. DEFazio, Ms. MCKINNEY, Mr. ROTH, Mr. HANSEN, Mr. BARCA of Wisconsin, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. MICA, Mr. CASTLE, and Ms. DUNN.

H.R. 3490: Mr. ROWLAND.

H.R. 3507: Mr. RAVENEL, Mr. MCCREERY, and Mr. SPRATT.

H.R. 3630: Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. MCDERMOTT, Mr. FORD of Tennessee, and Mr. JACOBS.

H.R. 3659: Mr. LAFALCE.

H.R. 3695: Mr. BUNNING.

H.R. 3739: Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. MORAN, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. LEVY, Mr. DEAL, Mrs. MEYERS of Kansas, Mr. DREIER, Mr. LIVINGSTON.

H.R. 3750: Mr. WYNN and Mr. MINGE.

H.R. 3790: Mr. MCINNIS.

H.R. 3811: Mr. TORRES, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. BAKER of California, and Mr. BROWN of California.

H.R. 3851: Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. COX, Mr. RAVENEL, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. LINDER, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. ZELIFF, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. LEVY, Mr. CRAPO, and Mr. BARTON of Texas.

H.R. 3875: Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. MICA, Mr. HERGER, Mr. KYL, Mr. BAKER of California, Mr. THOMAS of California, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. MOORHEAD, Mr. DREIER, Mr. LEWIS of California, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. COX, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. MCINNIS, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. SCHAEFER, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Mr. YOUNG of Florida, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. HYDE, Mr. BUYER, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. NUSSLE, Mr. ROGERS, Mr. SMITH of Michigan, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. PAXON, Mr. HOGHTON, Mr. COBLE, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. KASICH, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. MCDADE, Mr. WALKER, Mr. GOODLING, Mr. RIDGE, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. QUILLEN, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. SUNDQUIST, Mr. SAM JOHNSON, Mr. BARTON of Texas, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. DELAY, Mr. ARMEY, Mr. BLILEY, Mr. ROTH, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. DOOLEY, Mr. GRANDY, Mr. ARCHER, Mr. FROST, Mr. LEWIS of Florida, Mr. ISTOOK, Mr. CLINGER, Mr. MYERS of Indiana, Mr. EWING, Mr. HOEKSTRA, Mr. LEVY, Mr. LINDER, Mr. KING, Mr. BACHUS of Alabama, Mr. KIM, Mr. TALENT, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. CONDIT, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. MILLER of Florida, Mr. BROOKS, and Mr. EDWARDS of Texas.

H.R. 3951: Mr. SWETT, Mr. DEAL, and Mr. WILLIAMS.

H.R. 3955: Mr. MURPHY and Mr. HUTCHINSON.

H.R. 3973: Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. ENGEL, and Mr. FROST.

H.R. 4019: Mr. GEJDENSON.

H.R. 4043: Mr. MFUME, Mr. STOKES, Ms. COLLINS of Michigan, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Ms. MCKINNEY, Mr. BISHOP, Mr. TUCKER, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. WYNN, Mr. RUSH, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. RANGEL, and Mr. HASTINGS.

H.R. 4051: Ms. MCKINNEY.

H.R. 4091: Mr. DELLUMS.

H.R. 4095: Mr. COX, Mr. STUMP, Mr. BACHUS of Alabama, Mr. GORDON, and Ms. PRYCE of Ohio.

H.R. 4100: Mr. ARCHER.

H.R. 4109: Mr. ACKERMAN.

H.R. 4118: Mr. TEJEDA, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. LANTOS, and Mr. SCHIFF.

H.R. 4128: Mr. FINGERHUT, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. WYDEN.

H.R. 4135: Mr. ROSE, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. BEVILL, Mr. YOUNG of Florida, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. CARR, Mr. LANCASTER, Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida, Mr. HOYER, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. SWETT, and Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA.

H.R. 4148: Ms. NORTON, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, and Mr. MARKEY.

H.R. 4158: Mr. ALLARD, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. FILNER, Mr. MILLER of California, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. NADLER, Mrs. MALONEY, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. OWENS, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. FLAKE, and Mr. WASHINGTON.

H.R. 4178: Mr. PACKARD and Mr. KLUG.

H.R. 4216: Mr. MCDERMOTT.

H.R. 4223: Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, Mr. BLILEY, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. FAWELL, Mr. GEKAS, Mr. GINGRICH, Mr. HANSEN, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. PETRI, Mr. TORKILDSEN, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, and Mr. ZELIFF.

H.R. 4247: Mr. GRAMS and Mr. ZIMMER.

H.R. 4260: Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. PARKER, Mr. KLUG, Mr. RAVENEL, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, and Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts.

H.R. 4269: Mr. KING, Mr. ARMEY, Mr. WILSON, and Mr. DORNAN.

H.R. 4272: Mr. FAZIO, Mr. MINETA, and Mr. MEEHAN.

H.R. 4273: Mr. FAZIO, Mr. MINETA, and Mr. MEEHAN.

H.R. 4281: Mr. HUNTER, Mr. DORNAN, and Mr. ROBERTS.

H.R. 4345: Mr. ENGEL, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, Mr. FISH, Mr. TORKILDSEN, and Ms. MOLINARI.

H.R. 4347: Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. BOEHNER, and Mr. DICKEY.

H.J. Res. 90: Mr. MCHUGH and Mr. BAKER of California.

H.J. Res. 297: Mr. DUNCAN.

H.J. Res. 302: Mr. MURTHA, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. EHLERS, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. WELDON, Mr. GEJDENSON, and Mr. TEJEDA.

H.J. Res. 311: Mr. CALVERT, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. COBLE, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. CRANE, Mr. DARDEN, Mr. DIXON, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. EMERSON, Mr. FISH, Mr. PETE GEREN of Texas, Mr. GORDON, Mr. GREENWOOD, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. HORN, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. MCINNIS, Ms. MCKINNEY, Mr. McNULTY, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. OLVER, Mr. ORTON, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. PETRI, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. SERRANO, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi, Mr. TEJEDA, Mr. UPTON, and Mr. STOKES.

H.J. Res. 327: Mr. PICKETT, Mr. WYDEN, and Mr. DICKS.

H.J. Res. 333: Mr. FLAKE, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. BARCIA of Michigan, Mr. APPLGATE, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. EVANS, Mr. LEVY, Mr. GUNDERSON, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. WELDON, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. MENENDEZ, and Mr. COBLE.

H.J. Res. 334: Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. DE LUGO, Ms. FURSE, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. LAZIO, Ms. LOWEY, Mr. MCDADE, Mr. MORAN, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. PASTOR, Mr. ROMERO-BARCELO, Mr. TORRES, Mrs. UNSOELD, Ms. VELAZQUEZ.

H.J. Res. 344: Mr. HAYES, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. KASICH, Mr. PETERSON of Florida, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. GEKAS, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. DIXON, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. WELDON, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey, Mr. ENGEL, and Mr. BONIOR.

H. Con. Res. 6: Mr. HANSEN and Mr. SMITH of Michigan.

H. Con. Res. 98: Mr. KIM, Mr. PACKARD, and Mr. SANTORUM.

H. Con. Res. 148: Mr. BACHUS of Alabama.

H. Con. Res. 176: Mr. CLYBURN and Mr. BERMAN.

H. Con. Res. 210: Mr. GALLO and Mr. SOLOMON.

H. Con. Res. 235: Mr. MILLER of California, Mr. MORAN, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. PENNY, Mr. SKAGGS, Mr. SLATTERY, Mr. CLEMENT, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. DURBIN, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. SANDERS, Mrs. MALONEY, Mr. STARK, Mr. OLVER, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mrs. MORELLA, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. FINGERHUT, Mr. HUGHES, Mr. PRICE

of North Carolina, Mr. FILNER, Mr. McCLOSKEY, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. BEILENSEN, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. STOKES, Mrs. SCHROEDER, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. LEACH, Mr. WHEAT, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. NADLER, Mr. WILLIAMS, Mr. POMEROY, and Mr. REYNOLDS.

H. Res. 255: Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. CRANE, Mr. TANNER, Mr. HYDE, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. COX, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. HASTERT, and Mr. CLINGER.

H. Res. 368: Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. GEJDENSON, and Mr. EVANS.

¶44.33 PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

91. By the SPEAKER: Petition of the city of Sunrise, FL, relative to a correspondence between the Department of Justice and the city of Sunrise in regard to a grant request for more police officers; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

92. Also, petition of the city of Sunrise, FL, relative to city of Sunrise, FL, Resolution No. 94-70; Urgently calling for anticrime legislation; making recommendations and rededicating itself to crime prevention and suppression; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

MONDAY, MAY 9, 1994 (45)

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER.

¶45.1 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, May 5, 1994.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal was approved.

¶45.2 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

3132. A letter from the Comptroller General, the General Accounting Office, transmitting status of budget authority that was proposed for rescission by the President in his fourth special impoundment message for fiscal year 1994, pursuant to 2 U.S.C. 685 (H. Doc. No. 103-254); to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

3133. A letter from the Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense, transmitting certification that the Javelin major defense acquisition program is essential to the national security, has no alternative that would cost less, its new estimates are reasonable and its management structure is adequate, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2433(e)(1); to the Committee on Armed Services.

3134. A letter from the Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense, transmitting certification that the C-17 major defense acquisition program is essential to the national security, has no alternative that would cost less, its new estimates are reasonable and its management structure is adequate, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2433(e)(1); to the Committee on Armed Services.

3135. A letter from the Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense, transmitting certification that the Titan IV major defense acquisition program is essential to the national security, has no alternative that would cost less, its new estimates are reasonable and its management structure is adequate, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2433(e)(1); to the Committee on Armed Services.

3136. A letter from the Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense, transmitting

certification that the AN/SQQ-89 major defense acquisition program is essential to the national security, has no alternative that would cost less, its new estimates are reasonable and its management structure is adequate, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2433(e)(1); to the Committee on Armed Services.

3137. A letter from the Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense, transmitting certification that the ASAS major defense acquisition program is essential to the national security, has no alternative that would cost less, its new estimates are reasonable and its management structure is adequate, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2433(e)(1); to the Committee on Armed Services.

3138. A letter from the Deputy and Acting CEO, Resolution Trust Corporation, transmitting the Corporation's 1994 Semiannual Comprehensive Litigation Report, covering the period from October 1, 1993 to March 31, 1994, pursuant to Public law 103-204, section 3; to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs.

3139. A letter from the Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency, transmitting a copy of Transmittal No. 02-94, concerning a proposed Agreement with the United Kingdom Ministry of Defense, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2767(f); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

3140. A letter from the Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency, transmitting a copy of Transmittal No. 03-94, concerning a proposed Agreement with the United Kingdom Ministry of Defense, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2767(f); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

3141. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting a copy of the Secretary's determination and justification to exercise the authority granted him under section 451 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, authorizing funds for a Palestinian police force in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2261(a)(2); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

3142. A letter from the Assistant Legal Adviser for Treaty Affairs, Department of State, transmitting copies of international agreements, other than treaties, entered into by the United States, pursuant to 1 U.S.C. 112b(a); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

3143. A letter from the Secretary of State, transmitting a copy of the administration's policy on multilateral peace operations; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

3144. A letter from the Director, Office of Management and Budget, transmitting OMB estimate of the amount of change in outlays or receipts, as the case may be, in each fiscal year through fiscal year 1999 resulting from passage of H.R. 2333, H.R. 4066, S. 1636, pursuant to Public Law 101-508, section 13101(a) (104 Stat. 1388-582); to the Committee on Government Operations.

3145. A letter from the Administrator, General Services Administration, transmitting copies of Federal construction prospectus for Tucson, AZ, and Cleveland, OH, pursuant to 40 U.S.C. 606(a); to the Committee on Public Works and Transportation.

¶45.3 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Hallen, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate agreed to the amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 1727) "An Act to establish a program of grants to States for arson research, prevention, and control, and for other purposes."

The message also announced that the Senate had passed a bill of the following title, in which the concurrence of the House is requested: