

nation of field-based economic development representatives responsible for States that are economically disadvantaged, and that this reconsideration take place without delay.

SEC. 434. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON LIHEAP.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that: (1) Home energy assistance for working and low-income families with children, the elderly on fixed incomes, the disabled, and others who need such aid is a critical part of the social safety net in cold-weather areas during the winter, and a source of necessary cooling aid during the summer;

(2) LIHEAP is a highly targeted, cost-effective way to help millions of low-income Americans pay their home energy bills. More than two-thirds of LIHEAP-eligible households have annual incomes of less than \$8,000, more than one-half have annual incomes below \$6,000; and

(3) LIHEAP funding has been substantially reduced in recent years, and cannot sustain further spending cuts if the program is to remain a viable means of meeting the home heating and other energy-related needs of low-income families, especially those in cold-weather States.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—The assumptions underlying this budget resolution assume that it is the sense of the Senate that the funds made available for LIHEAP for fiscal year 1997 will be not less than the actual expenditures made for LIHEAP in fiscal year 1996.

SEC. 435. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON DAVIS-BACON.

Notwithstanding any provision of this resolution, it is the sense of the Senate that the provisions in this resolution do not assume the repeal but rather reform of the Davis-Bacon Act.

SEC. 436. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON REIMBURSEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR OPERATIONS SOUTHERN WATCH AND PROVIDE COMFORT.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that— (1) as of May 1996, the United States has spent \$2,937,000,000 of United States taxpayer funds since the conclusion of the Gulf War in 1991 for the singular purpose of protecting the Kurdish and Shiite population from Iraqi aggression;

(2) the President's defense budget request for 1997 includes an additional \$590,100,000 for Operations Southern Watch and Provide Comfort, both of which are designed to restrict Iraqi military aggression against the Kurdish and Shiite people of Iraq;

(3) costs for these military operations constitute part of the continued budget deficit of the United States; and

(4) United Nations Security Council Resolution 986 (1995) (referred to as "SCR 986") would allow Iraq to sell up to \$1,000,000,000 in petroleum and petroleum products every 90 days, for an initial period of 180 days.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that the assumptions underlying the function totals and aggregates in this resolution assume that—

(1) the President should instruct the United States Permanent Representative to the United Nations to ensure any subsequent extension of authority beyond the 180 days originally provided by SCR 986 specifically mandates and authorizes the reimbursement of the United States for costs associated with Operations Southern Watch and Provide Comfort out of revenues generated by any sale of petroleum or petroleum-related products originating from Iraq;

(2) in the event that the United States Permanent Representative to the United Nations fails to modify the terms of any subsequent resolution extending the authority granted by SCR 986 as called for in paragraph (1), the President should reject any United

Nations' action or resolution seeking to extend the terms of the oil sale beyond the 180 days authorized by SCR 986;

(3) the President should take the necessary steps to ensure that—

(A) any effort by the United Nations to temporarily lift the trade embargo for humanitarian purposes, specifically the sale of petroleum or petroleum products, restricts all revenues from such sale from being diverted to benefit the Iraqi military; and

(B) the temporary lifting of the trade embargo does not encourage other countries to take steps to begin promoting commercial relations with the Iraqi military in expectation that sanctions will be permanently lifted; and

(4) revenues reimbursed to the United States from the oil sale authorized by SCR 986, or any subsequent action or resolution, should be used to reduce the Federal budget deficit.

SEC. 437. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON SOLVENCY OF THE MEDICARE TRUST FUND.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that repeal of certain provisions from the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 would move the insolvency date of the HI (Medicare) Trust Fund forward by a full year.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that no provisions in this budget resolution should worsen the solvency of the Medicare Trust Fund.

SEC. 438. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN FUND.

It is the sense of the Senate that the assumptions underlying the functional totals in this resolution assume that when the Finance Committee meets its outlay and revenue obligations under this resolution the committee should not make any changes in the Presidential Election Campaign Fund or its funding mechanism and should meet its revenue and outlay targets through other programs within its jurisdiction.

SEC. 439. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE FUNDING OF AMTRAK.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that— (1) a capital funding stream is essential to the ability of the National Rail Passenger Corporation ("Amtrak") to reduce its dependence on Federal operating support; and

(2) Amtrak needs a secure source of financing, no less favorable than provided to other modes of transportation, for capital improvements.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) revenues attributable to one-half cent per gallon of the excise taxes imposed on gasoline, special motor fuel, and diesel fuel from the Mass Transit Account should be dedicated to a new Intercity Passenger Rail Trust Fund during the period January 1, 1997, through September 30, 2001;

(2) revenues would not be deposited in the Intercity Passenger Rail Trust Fund during any fiscal year to the extent that the deposit is estimated to result in available revenues in the Mass Transit Account being insufficient to satisfy that year's estimated appropriation levels;

(3) monies in the Intercity Passenger Rail Trust Fund should be generally available to fund, on a reimbursement basis, capital expenditures incurred by Amtrak;

(4) amounts to fund capital expenditures related to rail operations should be set aside for each State that has not had Amtrak service in such State for the preceding year; and

(5) funding provided by the Intercity Passenger Rail Trust Fund shall be made available subject to appropriations and shall not increase mandatory spending.

And the Senate agree to the same. From the Committee on the Budget, for consideration of the House concurrent resolu-

tion and the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

JOHN KASICH,
DAVE HOBSON,
BOB WALKER,
JIM KOLBE,
CHRISTOPHER SHAYS,
WALLY HERGER,
Managers on the Part of the House.

PETE V. DOMENICI,
CHUCK GRASSLEY,
DON NICKLES,
PHIL GRAMM,
CHRISTOPHER S. BOND,
SLADE GORTON,
Managers on the Part of the Senate.

When said conference report was considered.

After debate, By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered on the conference report to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, Will the House agree to said conference report?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, announced that pursuant to clause 7 of rule XV the yeas and nays were ordered, and the call was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 216
affirmative { Nays 211

¶73.26		[Roll No. 236]
YEAS—216		
Allard	Ehrlich	Klug
Archer	Emerson	Knollenberg
Armey	English	Kolbe
Bachus	Ensign	LaHood
Baker (CA)	Everett	Latham
Baker (LA)	Ewing	LaTourette
Ballenger	Fawell	Laughlin
Barr	Fields (TX)	Lazio
Barrett (NE)	Foley	Leach
Bartlett	Forbes	Lewis (CA)
Bass	Fowler	Lewis (KY)
Bateman	Fox	Lightfoot
Bereuter	Franks (CT)	Linder
Bilbray	Franks (NJ)	Livingston
Bilirakis	Frisa	LoBiondo
Bliley	Funderburk	Longley
Blute	Galleghy	Lucas
Boehlert	Ganske	Manzullo
Boehner	Gekas	Martini
Bonilla	Geren	McCollum
Bono	Gilchrest	McCrery
Brownback	Gilman	McHugh
Bryant (TN)	Gingrich	McInnis
Bunning	Goodlatte	McIntosh
Burr	Goodling	McKeon
Burton	Goss	Metcalf
Buyer	Graham	Meyers
Callahan	Greene (UT)	Mica
Camp	Greenwood	Miller (FL)
Campbell	Gunderson	Molinari
Canady	Hall (TX)	Montgomery
Castle	Hancock	Moorhead
Chambliss	Hansen	Morrell
Chrysler	Hastert	Myers
Clinger	Hastings (WA)	Nethercutt
Coble	Hayworth	Ney
Collins (GA)	Hefley	Norwood
Combest	Heineman	Nussle
Condit	Herger	Oxley
Cooley	Hillery	Packard
Cox	Hobson	Parker
Crane	Hoekstra	Paxon
Crapo	Hoke	Pombo
Creameans	Horn	Porter
Cubin	Houghton	Portman
Cunningham	Hunter	Pryce
Davis	Hutchinson	Quillen
Deal	Hyde	Quinn
DeLay	Inglis	Radanovich
Diaz-Balart	Johnson (CT)	Ramstad
Dickey	Johnson, Sam	Regula
Doolittle	Jones	Riggs
Dornan	Kasich	Roberts
Dreier	Kelly	Rogers
Duncan	Kim	Rohrabacher
Dunn	King	Ros-Lehtinen
Ehlers	Kingston	Roth

Roukema	Smith (WA)	Walker
Royce	Solomon	Walsh
Saxton	Spence	Wamp
Scarborough	Stearns	Watts (OK)
Schaefer	Stockman	Weldon (FL)
Schiff	Stump	Weldon (PA)
Seastrand	Talent	Weller
Sensenbrenner	Tate	White
Shaw	Tauzin	Whitfield
Shays	Taylor (NC)	Wicker
Shuster	Thomas	Wolf
Skeen	Thornberry	Young (AK)
Smith (MI)	Torkildsen	Young (FL)
Smith (NJ)	Upton	Zeliff
Smith (TX)	Vucanovich	Zimmer

NAYS—211

Abercrombie	Furse	Oberstar
Ackerman	Gejdenson	Obey
Andrews	Gephardt	Olver
Baesler	Gibbons	Ortiz
Baldacci	Gonzalez	Orton
Barcia	Gordon	Owens
Barrett (WI)	Green (TX)	Pallone
Barton	Gutierrez	Pastor
Becerra	Gutknecht	Payne (NJ)
Beilenson	Hall (OH)	Payne (VA)
Bentsen	Hamilton	Pelosi
Berman	Harman	Peterson (FL)
Bevill	Hastings (FL)	Peterson (MN)
Bishop	Hefner	Petri
Blumenauer	Hilliard	Pickett
Bonior	Hincheley	Pomeroy
Borski	Holden	Poshary
Boucher	Hostettler	Rahall
Brewster	Hoyer	Rangel
Browder	Istook	Reed
Brown (CA)	Jackson (IL)	Richardson
Brown (FL)	Jackson-Lee	Rivers
Brown (OH)	(TX)	Roemer
Bryant (TX)	Jacobs	Rose
Bunn	Jefferson	Roybal-Allard
Cardin	Johnson (SD)	Rush
Chabot	Johnson, E. B.	Sabo
Chapman	Johnston	Salmon
Chenoweth	Kanjorski	Sanders
Christensen	Kaptur	Sanford
Clay	Kennedy (MA)	Sawyer
Clayton	Kennedy (RI)	Schroeder
Clement	Kennelly	Schumer
Clyburn	Kildee	Scott
Coburn	Kleccka	Serrano
Coleman	Klink	Shadegg
Collins (IL)	LaFalce	Sisisky
Collins (MI)	Lantos	Skaggs
Conyers	Largent	Skelton
Costello	Levin	Slaughter
Coyne	Lewis (GA)	Souder
Cramer	Lipinski	Spratt
Cummings	Lofgren	Stark
Danner	Lowey	Stenholm
de la Garza	Luther	Stokes
DeFazio	Maloney	Studds
DeLauro	Markey	Stupak
Dellums	Martinez	Tanner
Deutsch	Mascara	Taylor (MS)
Dicks	Matsui	Tejeda
Dingell	McCarthy	Thompson
Dixon	McDermott	Thornton
Doggett	McHale	Thurman
Dooley	McKinney	Tiahrt
Doyle	McNulty	Torres
Durbin	Meehan	Torricelli
Edwards	Meek	Towns
Engel	Menendez	Trafcant
Eshoo	Millender-	Velazquez
Evans	McDonald	Vento
Farr	Miller (CA)	Visclosky
Fattah	Minge	Volkmer
Fazio	Mink	Ward
Fields (LA)	Moakley	Waters
Filner	Mollohan	Watt (NC)
Flake	Moran	Waxman
Flanagan	Murtha	Williams
Foglietta	Myrick	Wise
Ford	Nadler	Woolsey
Frank (MA)	Neal	Wynn
Frost	Neumann	Yates

NOT VOTING—8

Calvert	Hayes	McDade
Frelinghuysen	Lincoln	Wilson
Gillmor	Manton	

So the conference report was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶73.27 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT— NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

It is my pleasure to transmit herewith the Annual Report of the National Endowment for the Arts for the fiscal year 1995.

On September 29, 1995, at the close of the fiscal year, the Arts Endowment celebrated its 30th anniversary. A young man or woman born at the same time as this Federal agency's establishment has enjoyed access to the arts and culture unparalleled in the history of the country. The National Endowment for the Arts has helped bring tens of thousands of artists into schools, teaching tens of millions of students about the power of the creative imagination. This small Federal agency has helped launch a national cultural network that has grown in size and quality these past 30 years.

This Annual Report is another chapter in a great success story. In these pages, you will find projects that bring the arts to people in every State and in thousands of communities from Putney, Vermont, to Mammoth Lakes, California. The difference art makes in our lives is profound; we see more clearly, listen more intently, and respond to our fellow man with deeper understanding and empathy.

In these challenging times, when some question the value of public support for the arts, we should reflect upon our obligation to the common good. The arts are not a luxury, but a vital part of our national character and our individual human spirit. The poet Langston Hughes said, "Bring me all of your dreams, you dreamers. Bring all of your heart melodies . . ." For 30 years, the Arts Endowment has helped keep those dreams alive for our artists and our audiences. May it long continue to do so.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, June 12, 1996.

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities.

¶73.28 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2754

Mr. DREIER, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 448):

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 1(b) of rule XXIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2754) to approve and implement the OECD Shipbuilding Trade Agreement. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. All points of order against consideration of the bill are waived. General debate shall be confined to the bill and shall not exceed one hour equally divided among and controlled by the chairmen and ranking minority members of

the Committee on Ways and Means and the Committee on National Security. After general debate the bill shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule. It shall be in order to consider as an original bill for the purpose of amendment under the five-minute rule the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on Ways and Means now printed in the bill, modified by the amendment printed in part 1 of the report of the Committee in the nature of a substitute shall be considered as read. All points of order against that amendment in the nature of a substitute are waived. No other amendment shall be in order except the amendment printed in part 2 of the report of the Committee on Rules. That amendment may be offered only by a Member designated in the report, shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for one hour equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, shall not be subject to amendment, and shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question in the House or in the Committee of the Whole. All points of order against that amendment are waived. At the conclusion of consideration of the bill for amendment the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted. Any Member may demand a separate vote in the House on any amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole to the bill or to the amendment in the nature of a substitute made in order as original text. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

When said resolution was considered.

After debate,

On motion of Mr. DREIER, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection and under the operation thereof, the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶73.29 LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted—

To Mr. EMERSON, for today until 3 p.m.;

To Mr. MARTINI, for today until 2 p.m.;

To Mr. BASS, for today until 2:30 p.m.; and

To Mr. INGLIS, for today until 5 p.m. And then,

¶73.30 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. ROHRBACHER, at 11 o'clock and 59 minutes p.m., the House adjourned.

¶73.31 REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. MCCOLLUM: Committee on the Judiciary. H.R. 2803. A bill to amend the anti-car theft provisions of title 49, United States Code, to increase the utility of motor vehicle title information to State and Federal law enforcement officials, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 104-618). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.