

the Department's final rule—Establishment of Class E Airspace; Pine Ridge, SD, Pine Ridge Airport (Federal Aviation Administration) [Airspace Docket No. 96-AGL-7] (RIN: 2120-AA66) received April 14, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

2826. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Amendment of Class E Airspace; Monte Vista, CO (Federal Aviation Administration) [Airspace Docket No. 95-ANM-31] received April 14, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

2827. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Amendment of Class E Airspace; Burlington, CO (Federal Aviation Administration) [Airspace Docket No. 95-ANM-27] received April 14, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

2828. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulations Management, Department of Veterans Affairs, transmitting the Department's final rule—Removal of Certain Limitations on Cost Comparisons Related to Contracting Out of Activities at VA Health-Care Facilities (RIN: 2900-AI61) received April 14, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

2829. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Defense, transmitting proposed items of legislation that address personnel, procurement, policy, and environmental concerns of the Department of Defense; jointly, to the Committees on National Security, Ways and Means, the Judiciary, Government Reform and Oversight, and Transportation and Infrastructure.

¶32.5 UNAUTHORIZED TAX RETURN INSPECTION PREVENTION

Mr. ARCHER moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1226) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to prevent the unauthorized inspection of tax returns or tax return information; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. PEASE, recognized Mr. ARCHER and Mr. COYNE, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

Mr. ARCHER demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced that further proceedings on the motion were postponed.

¶32.6 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Mr. Sherman Williams, one of his secretaries.

¶32.7 TAX RELIEF FOR AMERICAN FAMILIES

Mr. ARCHER moved to suspend the rules and agree to the following resolution (H. Res. 109) expressing the sense

of the House of Representatives that American families deserve tax relief:

Whereas American families currently pay too much of their hard-earned money in taxes;

Whereas every American will work for at least 120 days in 1997 to pay his or her share of taxes;

Whereas Americans should be allowed to keep more of their money to invest in their childrens' futures, purchase homes, or start businesses; and

Whereas the American family will be strengthened by providing tax relief: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives urges that the Congress and the President work together to enact permanent tax relief for our Nation's families.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, recognized Mr. ARCHER and Mr. MATSUI, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

Mr. PITTS demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced that further proceedings on the motion were postponed.

¶32.8 APPOINTMENT EXTENSIONS

Mr. THOMAS moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1001) to extend the term of appointment of certain members of the Prospective Payment Assessment Commission and the Physician Payment Review Commission.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, recognized Mr. THOMAS and Mr. STARK, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶32.9 LAWSUITS AGAINST TERRORIST STATES

Mr. HYDE moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1225) to make a technical correction to title 28, United States Code, relating to jurisdiction for lawsuits against terrorist states.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, recognized Mr. HYDE

and Ms. JACKSON-LEE, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶32.10 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT— ARGENTINA DUTY-FREE TREATMENT WITHDRAWAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOODLATTE, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

The Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) program offers duty-free treatment to specified products that are imported from designated developing countries. The program is authorized by title V of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended.

Pursuant to title V, I have determined that Argentina fails to provide adequate and effective means under its laws for foreign nationals to secure, to exercise, and to enforce exclusive rights in intellectual property. As a result, I have determined to withdraw benefits for 50 percent (approximately \$260 million) of Argentina's exports under the GSP program. The products subject to removal include chemicals, certain metals and metal products, a variety of manufactured products, and several agricultural items (raw cane sugar, garlic, fish, milk protein concentrates, and anchovies).

This notice is submitted in accordance with the requirements of title V of the Trade Act of 1974.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, April 11, 1997.

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 105-66).

¶32.11 ORDER OF BUSINESS— CONSIDERATION OF H.J. RES. 62

On motion of Ms. PRYCE, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That during consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 62) proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States with respect to tax limitations, pursuant to House Resolution 113, notwithstanding the order of the previous question, it may be in order at any time for the Chair to postpone further consideration of the joint resolution until a time designated by the Speaker after disposition of any

motions to suspend the rules on which proceedings were postponed earlier in the day.

§32.12 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.J. RES. 62

Ms. PRYCE, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 113):

Resolved, That upon the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to consider in the House the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 62) proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States with respect to tax limitations. An amendment in the nature of a substitute consisting of the text recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary now printed in the joint resolution, modified by the amendment specified in the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution, shall be considered as adopted. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution, as amended, and on any further amendment thereto to final passage without intervening motion except: (1) three hours of debate on the joint resolution, as amended, which shall be equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary; (2) one motion to amend, if offered by the minority leader or his designee, which shall be considered as read and shall be separately debatable for one hour equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent; and (3) one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

After debate,

On motion of Ms. PRYCE, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection and under the operation thereof, the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution, was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

§32.13 TAX LIMITATIONS CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Mr. CANADY, pursuant to House Resolution 113, called up the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 62) proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States with respect to tax limitations.

When said joint resolution was considered and read twice.

Pursuant to House Resolution 113, the following amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary, modified by the amendment specified in House Report 105-54, was considered agreed to:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, (two-thirds of each House concurring therein), That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years after the date of its submission for ratification:

“ARTICLE—

“SECTION 1. A bill to increase the internal revenue shall require for final adoption in each House the concurrence of two-thirds of the whole number of that House, unless that bill is determined at the time of adoption, in a reasonable manner prescribed by law, not

to increase the internal revenue by more than a de minimis amount.

“SECTION 2. The Congress may waive the requirements of this article when a declaration of war is in effect. The Congress may also waive this article when the United States is engaged in military conflict which causes an imminent and serious threat to national security and is so declared by a joint resolution, adopted by a majority of the whole number of each House, which becomes law. Any increase in the internal revenue enacted under such a waiver shall be effective for not longer than two years.

“SECTION 3. Congress shall enforce and implement this article by appropriate legislation.”

After debate,

Pursuant to the order of the House heretofore agreed to, further consideration of House Joint Resolution 62 was postponed until after the disposition of the two motions to suspend the rules on which proceedings were postponed.

§32.14 H.R. 1226—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SOLOMON, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1226) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to prevent the unauthorized inspection of tax returns or tax return information; as amended.

The question being put,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 412 affirmative } Nays 0

§32.15 [Roll No. 76] YEAS—412

Abercrombie	Bryant	DeLauro
Ackerman	Bunning	DeLay
Aderholt	Burr	Dellums
Allen	Burton	Deutsch
Andrews	Buyer	Diaz-Balart
Archer	Callahan	Dickey
Armey	Calvert	Dicks
Bachus	Camp	Dingell
Baesler	Campbell	Dixon
Baker	Canady	Doggett
Baldacci	Cannon	Dooley
Ballenger	Capps	Doolittle
Barcia	Cardin	Doyle
Barr	Castle	Dreier
Barrett (NE)	Chabot	Duncan
Barrett (WI)	Chambliss	Dunn
Bartlett	Chenoweth	Edwards
Barton	Christensen	Ehlers
Bass	Clay	Ehrlich
Bateman	Clayton	Emerson
Becerra	Clement	Engel
Bentsen	Clyburn	English
Bereuter	Coble	Ensign
Berman	Coburn	Eshoo
Berry	Collins	Etheridge
Bilirakis	Combest	Evans
Bishop	Condit	Everett
Blagojevich	Cook	Ewing
Bliley	Cooksey	Farr
Blumenauer	Cox	Fattah
Blunt	Coyne	Fawell
Boehkert	Cramer	Fazio
Boehner	Crane	Filner
Bonilla	Crapo	Foglietta
Bonior	Cubin	Foley
Bono	Cummings	Forbes
Borski	Cunningham	Ford
Boswell	Davis (FL)	Fowler
Boucher	Davis (IL)	Fox
Boyd	Davis (VA)	Frank (MA)
Brady	Deal	Franks (NJ)
Brown (CA)	DeFazio	Frelinghuysen
Brown (FL)	DeGette	Frost
Brown (OH)	Delahunt	Furse

Gallegly	Lofgren	Ros-Lehtinen
Ganske	Lucas	Rothman
Gejdenson	Luther	Roukema
Gekas	Maloney (CT)	Roybal-Allard
Gephardt	Maloney (NY)	Royce
Gibbons	Manzullo	Rush
Gilchrest	Markey	Ryun
Gillmor	Martinez	Sabo
Gilman	Mascara	Salmon
Gonzalez	Matsui	Sanchez
Goode	McCarthy (MO)	Sanders
Goodlatte	McCarthy (NY)	Sandlin
Goodling	McCollum	Sanford
Gordon	McCrery	Saxton
Goss	McDade	Scarborough
Graham	McDermott	Schaefer, Dan
Granger	McGovern	Schaffer, Bob
Green	McHale	Schumer
Greenwood	McHugh	Scott
Gutierrez	McInnis	Sensenbrenner
Gutknecht	McIntosh	Serrano
Hall (OH)	McIntyre	Sessions
Hall (TX)	McKeon	Shadegg
Hamilton	McKinney	Shaw
Hansen	McNulty	Shays
Harman	Meehan	Sherman
Hastert	Meek	Shimkus
Hastings (FL)	Menendez	Shuster
Hastings (WA)	Metcalfe	Sisisky
Hayworth	Mica	Skaggs
Hefley	Millender-McDonald	Skeen
Hefner	Miller (CA)	Skelton
Herger	Miller (FL)	Slaughter
Hill	Minge	Smith (MI)
Hilliard	Mink	Smith (NJ)
Hinchee	Moakley	Smith (OR)
Hinojosa	Molinari	Smith (TX)
Hobson	Mollohan	Smith, Adam
Hoekstra	Moran (KS)	Smith, Linda
Holden	Moran (VA)	Snowbarger
Hooley	Morella	Snyder
Horn	Murtha	Solomon
Hostettler	Myrick	Spence
Houghton	Nadler	Spratt
Hoyer	Neal	Stabenow
Hulshof	Nethercutt	Stark
Hunter	Neumann	Stearns
Hutchinson	Ney	Stenholm
Hyde	Northup	Stokes
Jackson (IL)	Norwood	Strickland
Jackson-Lee (TX)	Nussle	Stump
Jefferson	Oberstar	Stupak
Jenkins	Obey	Sununu
John	Oliver	Talent
Johnson (CT)	Ortiz	Tanner
Johnson (WI)	Oxley	Tauscher
Johnson, E. B.	Packard	Tauzin
Johnson, Sam	Pallone	Taylor (MS)
Jones	Pappas	Taylor (NC)
Kanjorski	Parker	Thomas
Kaptur	Pascrell	Thompson
Kasich	Pastor	Thornberry
Kelly	Paul	Thune
Kennedy (MA)	Paxon	Thurman
Kennedy (RI)	Payne	Tiahrt
Kennelly	Pease	Tierney
Kildee	Pelosi	Torres
Kim	Peterson (MN)	Trafficant
Kind (WI)	Peterson (PA)	Turner
Kingston	Petri	Upton
Kleczyka	Pickering	Velazquez
Klink	Pickett	Vento
Klug	Pitts	Visclosky
Knollenberg	Pombo	Walsh
Kolbe	Pomeroy	Wamp
Kucinich	Porter	Waters
LaFalce	Portman	Watkins
LaHood	Poshard	Watt (NC)
Lampson	Price (NC)	Watts (OK)
Lantos	Pryce (OH)	Waxman
Largent	Quinn	Weldon (FL)
Latham	Radanovich	Weldon (PA)
LaTourette	Rahall	Weller
Lazio	Ramstad	Weygand
Leach	Regula	White
Levin	Reyes	Whitfield
Lewis (CA)	Riggs	Wicker
Lewis (GA)	Riley	Wise
Lewis (KY)	Rivers	Wolf
Linder	Roemer	Woolsey
Lipinski	Rogan	Wynn
Livingston	Rogers	Yates
LoBiondo	Rohrabacher	Young (AK)
		Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—20

Bilbray	Danner	Istook
Carson	Flake	Kilpatrick
Conyers	Hilleary	King (NY)
Costello	Inglis	Lowey