

(4) at a time when millions of Americans are being asked to sacrifice in order to balance the budget, the corporate sector should bear its share of the burden.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that legislation should be enacted to—

(1) eliminate the most egregious corporate subsidies; and

(2) create a commission to recommend the elimination of Federal payments, benefits, and programs which predominantly benefit a particular industry or segment of an industry, rather than provide a clear and compelling public benefit, and include a fast-track process for the consideration of those recommendations.

SEC. 405. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON FAMILY VIOLENCE OPTION CLARIFYING AMENDMENT.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that:

(1) Domestic violence is the leading cause of physical injury to women. The Department of Justice estimates that over 1,000,000 violent crimes against women are committed by intimate partners annually.

(2) Domestic violence dramatically affects the victim's ability to participate in the workforce. A University of Minnesota survey reported that one quarter of battered women surveyed had lost a job partly because of being abused and that over half of these women had been harassed by their abuser at work.

(3) Domestic violence is often intensified as women seek to gain economic independence through attending school or training programs. Batterers have been reported to prevent women from attending these programs or sabotage their efforts at self-improvement.

(4) Nationwide surveys of service providers prepared by the Taylor Institute of Chicago, Illinois, document, for the first time, the interrelationship between domestic violence and welfare by showing that from 34 percent to 65 percent of AFDC recipients are current or past victims of domestic violence.

(5) Over half of the women surveyed stayed with their batterers because they lacked the resources to support themselves and their children. The surveys also found that the availability of economic support is a critical factor in poor women's ability to leave abusive situations that threaten them and their children.

(6) The restructuring of the welfare programs may impact the availability of the economic support and the safety net necessary to enable poor women to flee abuse without risking homelessness and starvation for their families.

(7) In recognition of this finding, the House Committee on the Budget unanimously passed a sense of Congress amendment on domestic violence and Federal assistance to the fiscal year 1997 budget resolution. Subsequently, Congress passed the family violence option amendment to last year's welfare reform reconciliation bill.

(8) The family violence option gives States the flexibility to grant temporary waivers from time limits and work requirements for domestic violence victims who would suffer extreme hardship from the application of these provisions. These waivers were not intended to be included as part of the permanent 20 percent hardship exemption.

(9) The Department of Health and Human Services has been slow to issue regulations regarding this provision. As a result, States are hesitant to fully implement the family violence option fearing it will interfere with the 20 percent hardship exemption.

(10) Currently 15 States have opted to include the family violence option in their welfare plans, and 13 other States have included some type of domestic violence provisions in their plans.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) States should not be subject to any numerical limits in granting domestic violence good cause waivers to individuals receiving assistance for all requirements where compliance with such requirements would make it more difficult for individuals receiving assistance to escape domestic violence; and

(2) any individuals granted a domestic violence good cause waiver by States should not be included in the States' 20 percent hardship exemption.

TITLE V—TRANSPORTATION REVENUES USED SOLELY FOR TRANSPORTATION

SEC. 501. READJUSTMENTS.

(a) INCREASE IN FUNCTION 400.—Levels of new budget authority and outlays set forth in function 400 in section 102 shall be increased as follows:

(1) for fiscal year 1998, by \$0 in outlays and by \$0 in new budget authority;

(2) for fiscal year 1999, by \$770,000,000 in outlays and by \$3,600,000,000 in new budget authority;

(3) for fiscal year 2000, by \$2,575,000,000 in outlays and by \$4,796,000,000 in new budget authority;

(4) for fiscal year 2001, by \$3,765,000,000 in outlays and by \$5,363,000,000 in new budget authority; and

(5) for fiscal year 2002, by \$4,488,000,000 in outlays and by \$5,619,000,000 in new budget authority.

(b) OFFSETS.—(1)(A) The total budget outlays for each fiscal year set forth in each functional category in section 102 shall be reduced by an amount determined through a pro rata reduction of discretionary outlays within each function necessary to achieve the following outlay reductions:

(i) for fiscal year 1998, by \$0 in outlays;

(ii) for fiscal year 1999, by \$746,000,000 in outlays;

(iii) for fiscal year 2000, by \$2,422,000,000 in outlays;

(iv) for fiscal year 2001, by \$3,532,000,000 in outlays; and

(v) for fiscal year 2002, by \$4,242,000,000 in outlays;

and corresponding reductions in new budget authority shall be made in each function consistent with such pro rata reductions in outlays. Reductions in new budget authority shall be made to section 101(2) consistent with this subparagraph and subsection (a).

(B) These reductions shall not be made to the mandatory outlay portion of any function, including (but not limited to) Medicare, Medicaid and Social Security. For purposes of the application of this paragraph to function 400, the pro rata share shall be determined by using the amounts provided for function 400 prior to any adjustment made by subparagraph (A).

(2) The amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be changed as set forth in section 101(1)(B) are reduced as follows:

(A) for fiscal year 1998, by \$0;

(B) for fiscal year 1999, by \$24,000,000;

(C) for fiscal year 2000, by \$153,000,000;

(D) for fiscal year 2001, by \$233,000,000; and

(E) for fiscal year 2002, by \$246,000,000.

(3) The amounts by which to appropriate levels of total budget outlays in section 101(3) are increased as follows:

(A) for fiscal year 1998, by \$0;

(B) for fiscal year 1999, by \$24,000,000;

(C) for fiscal year 2000, by \$153,000,000;

(D) for fiscal year 2001, by \$233,000,000;

(D) for fiscal year 2002, by \$246,000,000.

(4) The reconciliation directives to the Committee on Ways and Means in sections 201(c)(8)(B) and 201(d)(8)(B) shall be adjusted accordingly.

SEC. 502. HIGHWAY TRUST FUND ALLOCATIONS.

(a) ALLOCATED AMOUNTS.—Of the amounts of outlays allocated to the Committees on

Appropriations of the House and Senate by the joint explanatory statement accompanying this resolution pursuant to sections 302 and 602 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the following amounts shall be used for contract authority spending out of the Highway Trust Fund—

(1) for fiscal year 1998, \$22,256,000,000 in outlays;

(2) for fiscal year 1999, \$24,063,000,000 in outlays;

(3) for fiscal year 2000, \$26,092,000,000 in outlays;

(4) for fiscal year 2001, \$27,400,000,000 in outlays; and

(5) for fiscal year 2002, \$28,344,000,000 in outlays.

(b) ENFORCEMENT.—Determinations regarding points of order made under section 302(f) or 602(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 shall take into account subsection (a).

(c) STATUTORY IMPLEMENTATION.—As part of reauthorization of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991, provisions shall be included to enact this section into permanent law.

SEC. 503. PRIORITY FOR RESTORATION OF CUTS.

Any outlays that would have been allocated for surface transportation pursuant to section 301 shall first be used to restore any cuts to discretionary spending made as a result of section 501. The chairman of the House Committee on the Budget shall implement section 301 consistent with this section.

SEC. 504. MATHEMATICAL CONSISTENCY.

The Chairman of the House Committee on the Budget may make technical changes consistent with this title to ensure mathematical consistency.

It was decided in the { Yeas 214 negative } { Nays 216

¶52.34 [Roll No. 147] AYES—214

Table with 3 columns: Member Name, Position, and State. Lists members such as Abercrombie, Ackerman, Andrews, Bachus, Baesler, Baker, Barcia, Bass, Becerra, Bereuter, Berry, Bishop, Blagojevich, Blumenauer, Blunt, Boehlert, Bonior, Borski, Boswell, Brown (CA), Brown (FL), Buyer, Camp, Capps, Carson, Clay, Clayton, Clement, Clyburn, Coble, Combust, Cook, Cooksey, Costello, Coyne, Cramer, Cummings, Danner, Davis (IL), Davis (VA), DeFazio, DeGette, Delahunt, DeLauro, Dellums, Deutsch, Dickey, Dingell, Dixon, Doggett, Doyle, Duncan, Ehlers, Emerson, Engel, English, Eshoo, Etheridge, Farr, Fattah, Filner, Flake, Forbes, Ford, Fox, Frank (MA), Franks (NJ), Frost, Furse, Gallegly, Gejdenson, Gekas, Gephardt, Gillmor, Gonzalez, Goode, Gordon, Green, Greenwood, Hamilton, Hastings (FL), Hefner, Hill, Hilliard, Hinchey, Hinojosa, Holden, Hooley, Horn, Hostettler, Houghton, Hutchinson, Jackson (IL), John, Johnson (WI), Johnson, E. B., Kanjorski, Kaptur, Kelly, Kennedy (MA), Kennelly, Kildee, Kilpatrick, Kim, Kind (WI), King (NY), Kleczka, Klink, LaFalce, LaHood, Lampson, Lantos, LaTourette, Levin, Lewis (CA), Lewis (GA), Lipinski, LoBiondo, Lofgren, Lowey, Luther, Maloney (CT), Maloney (NY), Manton, Manzullo, Markey, Martinez, Mascara, Matsui, McCarthy (MO), McCarthy (NY), McDade, McDermott, McGovern, McHale, McIntyre, McKinney, Meehan, Meek, Menendez, Metcalf.

Mica
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (CA)
Mink
Moakley
Molinari
Mollohan
Moran (KS)
Nadler
Neal
Northrup
Oberstar
Olver
Ortiz
Owens
Pallone
Pascrell
Pastor
Payne
Pease
Pelosi
Peterson (MN)
Peterson (PA)
Petri

Pitts
Poshard
Price (NC)
Quinn
Rahall
Rangel
Riggs
Rivers
Roemer
Rothman
Roybal-Allard
Rush
Sanchez
Sanders
Sandlin
Schaefer, Dan
Schumer
Scott
Serrano
Shuster
Slaughter
Smith (NJ)
Smith, Linda
Stabenow
Stark

Stokes
Strickland
Stupak
Tanner
Tauscher
Thompson
Thune
Tierney
Torres
Towns
Traficant
Turner
Upton
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Waters
Watt (NC)
Weldon (PA)
Wexler
Wise
Woolsey
Wynn
Young (AK)

NOES—216

Aderholt
Allen
Archer
Armey
Baldacci
Ballenger
Barr
Barrett (NE)
Barrett (WI)
Bartlett
Barton
Bateman
Bentsen
Berman
Billbray
Bilirakis
Bliley
Boehner
Bonilla
Bono
Boyd
Brady
Brown (OH)
Bryant
Bunning
Burr
Burton
Callahan
Calvert
Campbell
Canady
Cannon
Cardin
Castle
Chabot
Chambliss
Chenoweth
Christensen
Coburn
Collins
Condit
Conyers
Cox
Crane
Crapo
Cubin
Cunningham
Davis (FL)
Deal
DeLay
Diaz-Balart
Dicks
Dooley
Doolittle
Dreier
Dunn
Edwards
Ehrlich
Evans
Everett
Ewing
Fawell
Fazio
Foglietta
Foley
Fowler
Frelinghuysen
Ganske
Gibbons
Gilchrist
Gilman
Gingrich
Goodlatte

Goodling
Goss
Graham
Granger
Gutierrez
Gutknecht
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hansen
Harman
Hastert
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Hefley
Herger
Hilleary
Hobson
Hoekstra
Hoyer
Hulshof
Hunter
Hyde
Inglis
Istook
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Jenkins
Johnson (CT)
Johnson, Sam
Jones
Kasich
Kennedy (RI)
Kingston
Klug
Knollenberg
Kolbe
Kucinich
Largent
Latham
Lazio
Leach
Lewis (KY)
Linder
Livingston
Lucas
McColum
McCrery
McHugh
McInnis
McIntosh
McKeon
McNulty
Miller (FL)
Minge
Moran (VA)
Morella
Murtha
Myrick
Nethercutt
Neumann
Ney
Norwood
Nussle
Obey
Oxley
Packard
Pappas
Parker
Paul
Paxon
Pickering
Pickett
Pombo

Pomeroy
Porter
Portman
Pryce (OH)
Radanovich
Ramstad
Redmond
Regula
Reyes
Riley
Rodriguez
Rogan
Rogers
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Roukema
Royce
Ryun
Sabo
Salmon
Sanford
Sawyer
Saxton
Scarborough
Schaffer, Bob
Sensenbrenner
Sessions
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Sherman
Shimkus
Sisisky
Skaggs
Skelton
Smith (MI)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Smith, Adam
Smith, Linda
Snyder
Snowbarger
Snyder
Solomon
Souder
Spence
Spratt
Stearns
Stenholm
Stump
Sununu
Talent
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Thomas
Thornberry
Thurman
Tiahrt
Walsh
Wamp
Watkins
Watts (OK)
Waxman
Weldon (FL)
Weller
Weygand
White
Whitfield
Wicker
Wolf
Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—5
Boucher
Ensign
Jefferson
Schiff
Yates

So the amendment in the nature of a substitute was not agreed to.
The SPEAKER resumed the Chair.
When Mr. BOEHNER, Chairman, pursuant to House Resolution 152, reported the concurrent resolution back to the House.
The previous question having been ordered by said resolution.
The question being put,
Will the House agree to said concurrent resolution?
The SPEAKER announced that pursuant to clause 7 of rule XV the yeas and nays were ordered, and the call was taken by electronic device.
It was decided in the { Yeas 333
affirmative } Nays 99

52.35

[Roll No. 148]

YEAS—333

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Aderholt
Allen
Andrews
Archer
Armey
Bachus
Baesler
Baker
Baldacci
Ballenger
Barcia
Barr
Barrett (NE)
Barrett (WI)
Bartlett
Bass
Bateman
Bentsen
Bereuter
Berman
Berry
Billbray
Bilirakis
Bishop
Blagojevich
Bliley
Blunt
Boehlert
Boehner
Bonilla
Bonior
Bono
Boswell
Boyd
Brady
Bryant
Bunning
Burr
Burton
Buyer
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canady
Cannon
Capps
Cardin
Carson
Castle
Chabot
Chambliss
Christensen
Clayton
Clement
Coble
Collins
Combest
Condit
Cook
Cooksey
Costello
Cramer
Cummings
Cunningham
Danner
Davis (FL)

Davis (VA)
Deal
DeLauro
DeLay
Deutsch
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Dicks
Dingell
Doggett
Dooley
Doolittle
Doyle
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Edwards
Ehlers
Ehrlich
Emerson
English
Ensign
Eshoo
Etheridge
Everett
Ewing
Farr
Fattah
Fawell
Fazio
Flake
Foglietta
Foley
Forbes
Ford
Fowler
Fox
Franks (NJ)
Frelinghuysen
Frost
Furse
Gallegly
Gejdenson
Gekas
Gibbons
Gilchrist
Gillmor
Gilman
Gingrich
Gonzalez
Goode
Goodlatte
Goodling
Gordon
Goss
Graham
Granger
Green
Greenwood
Gutknecht
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hamilton
Hansen
Harman
Hastert
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Hefley

Hefner
Herger
Hilleary
Hinojosa
Hobson
Hoekstra
Holden
Hooley
Horn
Hostettler
Houghton
Hoyer
Hulshof
Hutchinson
Inglis
Jenkins
John
Johnson (CT)
Johnson (WI)
Johnson, Sam
Jones
Kasich
Kelly
Kennelly
Kennedy
Kildee
Kim
Kind (WI)
Kingston
Klecza
Klink
Knollenberg
Kolbe
LaFalce
LaHood
Lampson
Lantos
Latham
LaTourette
Lazio
Leach
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (KY)
Linder
Livingston
LoBiondo
Lofgren
Lowey
Lucas
Luther
Maloney (CT)
Maloney (NY)
Manton
Manzullo
Martinez
Mascara
Matsui
McCarthy (MO)
McCarthy (NY)
McCrery
McDade
McHale
McHugh
McInnis
McIntyre
McKeon
McKinney
Meehan
Menendez

Metcalf
Mica
Miller (FL)
Minge
Molinar
Moran (KS)
Moran (VA)
Morella
Murtha
Myrick
Neal
Nethercutt
Neumann
Ney
Northrup
Norwood
Nussle
Ortiz
Oxley
Packard
Pallone
Pappas
Parker
Pascrell
Pastor
Paxon
Pease
Peterson (MN)
Peterson (PA)
Petri
Pickering
Pickett
Pitts
Pomeroy
Porter
Portman
Poshard
Price (NC)
Pryce (OH)
Quinn
Radanovich
Ramstad

Redmond
Regula
Reyes
Riggs
Riley
Rivers
Rodriguez
Roemer
Rogan
Rogers
Ros-Lehtinen
Rothman
Roukema
Royce
Ryun
Sabo
Sanchez
Sandlin
Sawyer
Saxton
Schaefer, Dan
Schaffer, Bob
Schumer
Sensenbrenner
Sessions
Shaw
Shays
Sherman
Shimkus
Sisisky
Skaggs
Skeen
Skelton
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Smith, Adam
Smith, Linda
Snowbarger
Snyder
Solomon

Souder
Spence
Spratt
Stabenow
Stearns
Stenholm
Strickland
Stump
Stupak
Sununu
Talent
Tanner
Tauscher
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Thomas
Thornberry
Thune
Thurman
Tiahrt
Torres
Turner
Upton
Vento
Visclosky
Walsh
Wamp
Watkins
Watts (OK)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
Wexler
White
Whitfield
Wicker
Wise
Wolf
Woolsey
Wynn
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

NAYS—99

Barton
Becerra
Blumenauer
Borski
Boucher
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Chenoweth
Clay
Clyburn
Coburn
Conyers
Cox
Coyle
Crane
Crapo
Cubin
Davis (IL)
DeFazio
DeGette
Delahunt
Dellums
Dixon
Engel
Evans
Filner
Frank (MA)
Ganske
Gephardt
Gutierrez
Hastings (FL)
Hill
Hilliard

Hinchev
Hunter
Hyde
Istook
Jackson (IL)
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Johnson, E. B.
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kennedy (MA)
Kennedy (RI)
Kilpatrick
King (NY)
Klug
Kucinich
Largent
Lewis (GA)
Lipinski
Markey
McColum
McDermott
McGovern
McIntosh
McNulty
Meek
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (CA)
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Nadler
Oberstar

Obey
Olver
Owens
Paul
Payne
Pelosi
Pombo
Rahall
Rangel
Rohrabacher
Roybal-Allard
Rush
Salmon
Sanders
Sanford
Scarborough
Scott
Serrano
Shadegg
Shuster
Slaughter
Stark
Stokes
Thompson
Tierney
Towns
Traficant
Velazquez
Waters
Watt (NC)
Waxman
Weldon (FL)
Weygand

NOT VOTING—3

Jefferson
Schiff
Yates

So the concurrent resolution was agreed to.
Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said concurrent resolution.

52.36 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—
NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT
TO BURMA

The SPEAKER laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:
To the Congress of the United States;
Pursuant to section 570(b) of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and