

By Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut (for himself, Mr. MANTON, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. DOYLE, Mr. FOLEY, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. JEFFERSON, Ms. KAPTUR, Mrs. KELLY, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mrs. MALONEY of New York, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. OLVER, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. PASCRELL, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. TOWNS, and Mrs. KENNELLY of Connecticut):

H. Con. Res. 232. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress that a postage stamp should be issued to honor the 150th anniversary of the emigration of over 1,000,000 people from Ireland to the United States to escape the Irish Potato Famine, and to honor the contributions these immigrants and their descendants made to the United States; to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

¶12.23 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 27: Mr. NETHERCUTT.
 H.R. 59: Mr. ARMEY, Mr. CANADY of Florida, and Mr. BARR of Georgia.
 H.R. 158: Mr. SHADEGG and Mr. KIM.
 H.R. 169: Mr. BARCIA of Michigan.
 H.R. 464: Mr. COOK and Mr. SKAGGS.
 H.R. 465: Mr. LAMPSON.
 H.R. 758: Mr. THORNBERRY.
 H.R. 859: Mr. BLUNT.
 H.R. 880: Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, Mr. MICA, and Mr. EVERETT.
 H.R. 939: Mr. COYNE, Ms. DUNN of Washington, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, of Mr. SHAYS.
 H.R. 979: Mr. EVANS, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. HERGER, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. CAMPBELL, and Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas.
 H.R. 981: Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. LAMPSON, and Ms. KILPATRICK.
 H.R. 1009: Mr. REDMOND.
 H.R. 1121: Mr. WELDON of Florida.
 H.R. 1151: Mr. KNOLLENBERG, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. PETRI, Mr. CRAMER, Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri, Mr. WELDON of Florida, Mr. HALL of Ohio, and Mr. FORBES.
 H.R. 1231: Mr. MASCARA, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. FORBES, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. COOK, Mr. CLAY, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, and Mrs. KELLY.
 H.R. 1241: Mr. DOOLEY of California, Mr. CALVERT, and Ms. HARMAN.
 H.R. 1378: Mr. BATEMAN.
 H.R. 1415: Mr. COYNE.
 H.R. 1515: Mr. INGLIS of South Carolina.
 H.R. 1605: Mr. MILLER of California.
 H.R. 1635: Mr. KENNEDY of Massachusetts, Mr. SOUDER, Mr. WALSH, Mr. BROWN of California, Mr. MANZULLO, and Mr. PITTS.
 H.R. 1715: Mr. TALENT.
 H.R. 1737: Mr. CAMP and Mr. PASCRELL.
 H.R. 1766: Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. FAZIO of California, Mrs. TAUSCHER, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. DEAL of Georgia, Mr. MANZULLO, Mr. WYNN, and Mr. ROTHMAN.
 H.R. 1823: Mr. MARTINEZ.
 H.R. 1872: Mr. PASTOR.
 H.R. 1891: Mr. SAM JOHNSON and Mr. SPRATT.
 H.R. 1968: Mr. FORD and Ms. STABENOW.
 H.R. 1972: Mr. BARCIA of Michigan.
 H.R. 2052: Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD.
 H.R. 2088: Mr. PICKERING and Mr. WALSH.
 H.R. 2094: Mr. DEFAZIO.
 H.R. 2173: Mr. BARCIA of Michigan.
 H.R. 2185: Mr. QUINN.
 H.R. 2228: Mr. RAHALL and Ms. LOFGREN.
 H.R. 2273: Ms. PELOSI, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. JACKSON, Mr. TAUZIN, Mr. MAR-

KEY, Mr. VENTO, Mr. SKELTON, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. FORBES, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. LAMPSON, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. MORAN of Virginia, Ms. NORTON, Mr. STOKES, Mr. WISE, Mr. SANFORD, Mr. CRAMER, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. JOHN, Mr. MILLER of California, Mr. YATES, Mr. HOYER, Mr. TIERNEY, Mr. ADAM SMITH of Washington, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. BISHOP, Mr. DICKS, Mr. KENNEDY of Massachusetts, Ms. HARMAN, and Mr. ROTHMAN.

H.R. 2284: Mr. SOLOMON and Mr. ROHR-ABACHER.

H.R. 2290: Mr. KUCINICH.
 H.R. 2305: Mr. REGULA.
 H.R. 2374: Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut and Mr. DEFAZIO.
 H.R. 2377: Mr. BUNNING of Kentucky and Mr. CALVERT.
 H.R. 2408: Mr. OLVER.
 H.R. 2456: Mr. PALLONE, Mr. PEASE, and Mrs. MALONEY of New York.
 H.R. 2457: Mr. BILBRAY and Mr. STUPAK.
 H.R. 2488: Mr. CALVERT.
 H.R. 2495: Mr. MATSUI.
 H.R. 2515: Mr. STUPAK and Mr. THUNE.
 H.R. 2524: Ms. WOOLSEY.
 H.R. 2547: Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. MCGOVERN, and Mr. DEUTSCH.
 H.R. 2627: Mr. SUNUNU.
 H.R. 2639: Mr. BOEHLERT and Mr. BACHUS.
 H.R. 2667: Mr. PAPPAS.
 H.R. 2695: Mr. WEXLER and Mr. WAXMAN.
 H.R. 2714: Mr. PAXON, Mr. COYNE, and Mr. OLVER.
 H.R. 2736: Mr. HASTINGS of Florida.
 H.R. 2748: Mr. HINCHEY.
 H.R. 2775: Mr. PETERSON of Pennsylvania and Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania.
 H.R. 2819: Mr. FAZIO of California, Ms. RIVERS, Mr. BERMAN, and Mr. DREIER.
 H.R. 2821: Mr. MOLLOHAN, Mr. SANDLIN, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. EVANS, Mr. HULSHOF, Mr. HEFLEY, Mr. BARCIA of Michigan, and Mr. EHLERS.
 H.R. 2829: Mr. ANDREWS, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. COOKSEY, Mr. JOHN, Mr. KIND of Wisconsin, Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. METCALF, Mr. PICKERING, Mr. SANDERS, and Mr. SHAYS.
 H.R. 2864: Mr. HAYWORTH.
 H.R. 2869: Mr. HAYWORTH.
 H.R. 2870: Ms. WOOLSEY and Mr. GUTIERREZ.
 H.R. 2871: Mr. HAYWORTH.
 H.R. 2873: Mr. HAYWORTH.
 H.R. 2875: Mr. HAYWORTH.
 H.R. 2877: Mr. HAYWORTH.
 H.R. 2879: Mr. HAYWORTH.
 H.R. 2881: Mr. HAYWORTH.
 H.R. 2912: Mr. PASCRELL.
 H.R. 2914: Mr. EDWARDS, Mr. KENNEDY of Massachusetts, and Mr. BARCIA of Michigan.
 H.R. 2923: Mr. SAXTON, Mrs. MORELLA, and Mr. QUINN.
 H.R. 2955: Mr. OBERSTAR and Mr. DAVIS of Florida.
 H.R. 2992: Mr. BOEHLER, Mr. GIBBONS, and Mr. DOOLITTLE.
 H.R. 3008: Mr. GEJDENSON, Mrs. MYRICK, Mr. WEXLER, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. SISISKY, Mr. CLEMENT, and Mr. MARTINEZ.
 H.R. 3048: Mr. KLUG, Mr. COYNE, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, and Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut.
 H.R. 3049: Mr. MENENDEZ.
 H.R. 3050: Mr. STUPAK, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. EHLERS, Mr. PORTER, Mr. OLVER, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. GREEN, Mr. SAWYER, Mr. WEXLER, Mr. DAVIS of Virginia, and Mr. BROWN of Ohio.
 H.R. 3090: Mr. TRAFICANT.
 H.R. 3094: Mr. PEASE.
 H.R. 3126: Ms. BROWN of Florida.
 H.R. 3127: Mr. FOLEY, Ms. HOOLEY of Oregon, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. LATHAM, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. FILNER, Mr. WAMP, Mr. HEFLEY, Mr. NEY, Mr. TURNER, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. RAHALL, Mr.

ETHERIDGE, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. BENTSEN, Mr. HAYWORTH, and Mrs. MINK of Hawaii.

H.R. 3131: Ms. WOOLSEY and Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania.

H.R. 3134: Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. RAHALL and Mr. WISE.

H.R. 3143: Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. MCGOVERN, and Mr. CALVERT.

H.R. 3149: Mr. DOOLITTLE and Mr. PAPPAS.

H.R. 3151: Mr. DOOLITTLE and Mr. PAPPAS.

H.R. 3152: Mr. BACHUS and Mrs. MYRICK.

H.R. 3154: Mr. DAVIS of Florida and Mr. WEXLER.

H.R. 3158: Mr. HUNTER, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. SOLOMON, and Mr. BURTON of Indiana.

H.R. 3175: Mr. DOOLITTLE.

H.R. 3176: Mr. BACHUS.

H.R. 3181: Mr. WAXMAN.

H.R. 3208: Mr. CONYERS and Mrs. CHENOWETH.

H.R. 3216: Mr. CONYERS, Mr. FILNER, Mr. FROST, and Mr. EVANS.

H.R. 3217: Mr. HERGER.

H.R. 3218: Mr. COBURN.

H.R. 3234: Mr. CALVERT, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Mr. BURR of North Carolina, Mr. CANNON, and Mr. SHIMKUS.

H.R. 3246: Mr. CUNNINGHAM and Mr. KNOLLENBERG.

H.R. 3248: Mr. TIAHRT, Mr. HOSTETTLER, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. GIBBONS, and Mr. DOOLITTLE.

H.R. 3249: Ms. NORTON and Mr. SMITH of Texas.

H.R. 3262: Ms. WATERS, Mr. STOKES, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, and Mr. CUMMINGS.

H.R. 3265: Mr. HAYWORTH, Mr. SHAYS, Mrs. CUBIN, Mr. WICKER, Mr. HOSTETTLER, Mr. BASS, Mr. EHRlich, and Mr. BALDACCI.

H.R. 3269: Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. SANDERS, and Mr. BOUCHER.

H.R. 3287: Ms. DELAURO.

H.R. 3290: Mr. LAZIO of New York and Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania.

H.R. 3291: Mr. DAVIS of Virginia and Mr. SNOWBARGER.

H.R. 3297: Mr. POMBO, Mr. LEWIS of California, and Mr. HAYWORTH.

H. Con. Res. 141: Mr. CALVERT.

H. Con. Res. 188: Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. BLAGOJEVICH, and Mr. CALVERT.

H. Con. Res. 203: Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania, Mr. DOYLE, Mrs. THURMAN, and Mr. KANJORSKI.

H. Con. Res. 210: Mr. DAVIS of Florida.

H. Con. Res. 211: Mr. BOSWELL, Mr. REDMOND, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. SNOWBARGER, and Mr. PORTER.

H. Res. 16: Ms. SANCHEZ.

H. Res. 212: Mr. BACHUS, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. BEREUTER, Mr. BRYANT, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. ENSIGN, Mr. FROST, Mrs. KELLY, Ms. KILPATRICK, Ms. HARMAN, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. NETHERCUTT, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. RUSH, and Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina.

H. Res. 304: Mr. YOUNG of Alaska.

H. Res. 361: Mr. ROHRABACHER.

¶12.24 DELETIONS OF SPONSORS FROM PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsor was deleted from the public bill as follows:

H.R. 2495: Mr. WATT of North Carolina.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1998 (13)

¶13.1 DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. PEASE, who laid before the House the following communication:

WASHINGTON, DC,
March 4, 1998.

I hereby designate the Honorable EDWARD A. PEASE to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

NEWT GINGRICH,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

13.2 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. PEASE, announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Tuesday, March 3, 1998.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule 1, the Journal was approved.

13.3 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

7686. A letter from the Administrator, Agricultural Marketing Service, transmitting the Service's final rule—Walnuts Grown in California; Decreased Assessment Rate [Docket No. FV97-984-1 FIR] received February 27, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

7687. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting his requests for FY 1998 supplemental appropriations and FY 1999 budget amendments to address emergency funding needs related to the situation in Bosnia and in Southwest Asia as well as to natural disasters in the United States; and to designate these requests as emergency requirements pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(D)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1107; (H. Doc. No. 105-220); to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

7688. A letter from the Secretary of Defense, transmitting the report to Congress for Department of Defense purchases from foreign entities in fiscal year 1997, pursuant to Public Law 104-201, section 827 (110 Stat. 2611); to the Committee on National Security.

7689. A letter from the Secretary of Defense, transmitting a report that the Department has not authorized any category of merchandise to be sold in, at, or by commissary stores, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2486(b)(11); to the Committee on National Security.

7690. A letter from the Director, Selective Service System, transmitting a report on the operation of the system for fiscal year 1997, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. app. 460(g); to the Committee on National Security.

7691. A letter from the President and Chairman, Export-Import Bank of the United States, transmitting the semiannual report on tied aid credits, pursuant to Public Law 99-472, section 19 (100 Stat. 1207); to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

7692. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting the 1997 annual report on the Loan Repayment Program for Research Generally, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 2541-1(i); to the Committee on Commerce.

7693. A letter from the Director, Regulations Policy and Management Staff, Food and Drug Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Extralabel Animal Drug Use; Fluoroquinolones and Glycopeptides; Order of Prohibition [Docket No. 97N-0172] received March 3, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

7694. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 12-271, "Suspension of Liquor Licenses Amendment Act of 1998" received March 2, 1998, pursuant to D.C. Code

section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7695. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 12-272, "Make a Difference Selection Committee Establishment Act of 1998" received March 2, 1998, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7696. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 12-273, "Natural and Artificial Gas Gross Receipts Tax Amendment of 1998" received March 2, 1998, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7697. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 12-276, "Commercial Mobile Telecommunication Service Tax Clarification Amendment Act of 1998" received March 2, 1998, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7698. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 12-268, "Unemployment Compensation Tax Stabilization Second Temporary Amendment Act of 1998" received March 2, 1998, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7699. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 12-270, "Testing of District Government Drivers of Commercial Motor Vehicles for Alcohol and Controlled Substances Temporary Amendment Act of 1998" received March 2, 1998, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7700. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 12-278, "Equal Opportunity For Local, Small, and Disadvantaged Business Enterprises Temporary Act of 1998" received March 2, 1998, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7701. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. Act 12-277, "Mortgage Lender and Broker Act of 1996 Temporary Amendment Act of 1998" received March 2, 1998, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7702. A letter from the Director, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, transmitting the 1996 annual report in compliance with the Inspector General Act Amendments of 1988, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. app. section 8G(h)(2); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7703. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Reserve System, transmitting a report of activities under the Freedom of Information Act for the calendar year 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(d); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7704. A letter from the Director, Office of Science and Technology Policy, transmitting a report of activities under the Freedom of Information Act for the calendar year 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(d); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7705. A letter from the Attorney-Advisor, U.S. Trade and Development Agency, transmitting a report of activities under the Freedom of Information Act for the calendar year 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(d); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

7706. A letter from the Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone

Off Alaska; Offshore Component of Pollock in the Aleutian Islands Subarea [Docket No. 971208296-7296-01; I.D. 022098B] received March 2, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Resources.

7707. A letter from the Director, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Financial Assistance for Research and Development Projects to Strengthen and Develop the U.S. Fishing Industry [Docket No. 960223046-8030-03; I.D. 012398C] (RIN: 0648-ZA09) received March 2, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Resources.

7708. A letter from the Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Fisheries of the Caribbean, Gulf of Mexico, and South Atlantic; Coastal Migratory Pelagic Resources of the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic; Closure [Docket No. 970930235-8028-02; I.D. 022498A] received March 2, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Resources.

7709. A letter from the Deputy Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Fisheries of the Caribbean, Gulf of Mexico, and South Atlantic; Coastal Migratory Pelagic Resources of the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic; Amendment 8 [Docket No. 970606131-8033-02; I.D. 041497C] (RIN: 0648-AG25) received March 2, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Resources.

7710. A letter from the Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Inshore Component Pollock in the Bering Sea Subarea [Docket No. 971208296-7296-01; I.D. 022598C] received March 2, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Resources.

7711. A letter from the Deputy Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Taking and Importing Marine Mammals; Taking of Ringed Seals Incidental to On-Ice Seismic Activity [Docket No. 970725179-8017-03; I.D. 071497A] (RIN: 0648-AK33) received March 3, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Resources.

7712. A letter from the Independent Counsel, Office of Independent Counsel, transmitting the third annual report, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 598(a)(2); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

7713. A letter from the Secretary of Transportation, transmitting the Fifteenth Annual Report of Accomplishments Under the Airport Improvement Program for the Fiscal Year 1996, pursuant to 49 U.S.C. app. 2203(b)(2); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7714. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; Fokker Model F28 Mark 0100 Series Airplanes [Docket No. 97-NM-264-AD; Amendment 39-10169; AD 97-19-16] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received February 27, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7715. A letter from the Acting Director, Regulations Policy and Management Staff, Food and Drug Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Indirect Food Additives: Polymers [Docket No. 97F-0336] received February 27, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

7716. A letter from the Chief Counsel, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the

Service's final rule—Source and Grouping Rules for Foreign Sales Corporation Transfer Pricing [Docket No. REG-102144-98] (RIN: 1545-AV90) received March 2, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

7717. A letter from the Chairman, U.S. Merit Systems Protection Board, transmitting the appropriation justification for the U.S. Merit Systems Protection Board(MSPB) for fiscal year 1999; jointly to the Committees on Government Reform and Oversight and Appropriations.

¶13.4 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 856

Mr. SOLOMON, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 376):

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 1(b) of rule XXIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 856) to provide a process leading to full self-government for Puerto Rico. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. General debate shall be confined to the bill and shall not exceed ninety minutes equally divided and controlled by Representative Young of Alaska, Representative Miller of California, Representative Solomon of New York, and Representative Gutierrez of Illinois or their designees. After general debate the bill shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule. In lieu of the amendment recommended by the Committee on Resources now printed in the bill, it shall be in order to consider as an original bill for the purpose of amendment under the five-minute rule the amendment in the nature of a substitute printed in the Congressional Record and numbered 1 pursuant to clause 6 of rule XXIII. That amendment in the nature of a substitute shall be considered as read. Points of order against that amendment in the nature of a substitute for failure to comply with clause 5(a) or rule XXI are waived.

SEC. 2. (a) Before consideration of any other amendment, it shall be in order to consider the amendment printed in the Congressional Record and numbered 3 pursuant to clause 6 of rule XXIII. Consideration of that amendment shall be preceded by an additional period of general debate, which shall be confined to the subject of that amendment and shall not exceed one hour equally divided and controlled by Representative Solomon of New York and a Member opposed to that amendment.

(b) Consideration of the amendment printed in the Congressional Record and numbered 2 pursuant to clause 6 of rule XXIII shall be preceded by an additional period of general debate, which shall be confined to the subject of that amendment and shall not exceed thirty minutes equally divided and controlled by Representative Serrano of New York and a Member opposed to that amendment.

(c) Amendments specified in subsections (a) and (b) of this resolution shall be considered as read and shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question in the House or in the Committee of the Whole. Consideration of those amendments, and all amendments thereto, shall not exceed one hour.

SEC. 3. During consideration of the bill for amendment, the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole may accord priority in recognition on the basis of whether the Member offering an amendment has caused it to be printed in the portion of the Congressional Record designated for that purpose in clause 6 of rule XXIII. Amendments so printed shall be considered as read. The Chairman of the

Committee of the Whole may: (1) postpone until a time during further consideration in the Committee of the Whole a request for a recorded vote on any amendment; and (2) reduce to five minutes the minimum time for electronic voting on any postponed question that follows another electronic vote without intervening business, provided that the minimum time for electronic voting on the first in any series of questions shall be fifteen minutes. At the conclusion of consideration of the bill for amendment the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted. Any Member may demand a separate vote in the House on any amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole to the bill or to the amendment in the nature of a substitute made in order as original text. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. PEASE, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. WICKER objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared { Yeas 370
Nays 41

¶13.5 [Roll No. 27] YEAS—370

Abercrombie	Burton	Dickey
Ackerman	Buyer	Dicks
Allen	Callahan	Dingell
Andrews	Calvert	Dixon
Armey	Camp	Doggett
Baessler	Campbell	Dooley
Baker	Canady	Doyle
Baldacci	Cannon	Dreier
Ballenger	Cardin	Dunn
Barcia	Castle	Edwards
Barr	Chambliss	Ehlers
Barrett (NE)	Christensen	Ehrlich
Barrett (WI)	Clay	Engel
Bartlett	Clayton	English
Barton	Clement	Ensign
Bass	Clyburn	Eshoo
Bateman	Coble	Etheridge
Becerra	Coburn	Evans
Bentsen	Collins	Everett
Bereuter	Combest	Farr
Berman	Condit	Fattah
Berry	Conyers	Fawell
Bilbray	Cook	Fazio
Bilirakis	Cooksey	Filner
Bishop	Cox	Foley
Blagojevich	Coyne	Forbes
Billey	Cramer	Ford
Blumenauer	Crapo	Fossella
Blunt	Cubin	Fowler
Boehkert	Cummings	Fox
Boehner	Cunningham	Franks (NJ)
Bonilla	Danner	Frelinghuysen
Bonior	Davis (FL)	Frost
Borski	Davis (IL)	Furse
Boswell	Davis (VA)	Galleghy
Boucher	Deal	Ganske
Boyd	DeFazio	Gejdenson
Brady	DeGette	Gekas
Brown (CA)	Delahunt	Gephardt
Brown (FL)	DeLauro	Gilchrest
Brown (OH)	DeLay	Gillmor
Bunning	Deutsch	Gilman
Burr	Diaz-Balart	Goodlatte

Gordon	Martinez	Rohrabacher
Goss	Mascara	Rothman
Granger	Matsui	Roukema
Green	McCarthy (MO)	Roybal-Allard
Greenwood	McCarthy (NY)	Rush
Gutierrez	McCollum	Ryun
Gutknecht	McCrery	Sabo
Hall (OH)	McDade	Sanchez
Hamilton	McDermott	Sanders
Hansen	McGovern	Sandlin
Hastert	McHale	Sanford
Hastings (FL)	McHugh	Sawyer
Hastings (WA)	McInnis	Saxton
Hayworth	McIntosh	Schaefer, Dan
Hefner	McIntyre	Schumer
Herger	McKeon	Scott
Hill	McKinney	Serrano
Hilliard	McNulty	Shadegg
Hinchee	Meehan	Shaw
Hinojosa	Meek (FL)	Shays
Hobson	Meeke (NY)	Sherman
Hoekstra	Menendez	Shuster
Holden	Mica	Sisisky
Hooley	Millender-	Skaggs
Horn	McDonald	Skeen
Hostettler	Miller (CA)	Skelton
Houghton	Miller (FL)	Slaughter
Hoyer	Minge	Smith (MI)
Hulshof	Mink	Smith (NJ)
Hunter	Moakley	Smith (OR)
Hutchinson	Mollohan	Smith (TX)
Hyde	Moran (KS)	Smith, Adam
Inglis	Moran (VA)	Snowbarger
Jackson (IL)	Morella	Snyder
Jackson-Lee	Murtha	Solomon
(TX)	Myrick	Souder
Jefferson	Nadler	Spratt
John	Neal	Stabenow
Johnson (CT)	Nethercutt	Stearns
Johnson (WI)	Neumann	Stenholm
Johnson, E. B.	Ney	Stokes
Johnson, Sam	Northup	Strickland
Kanjorski	Nussle	Stump
Kaptur	Oberstar	Stupak
Kasich	Olver	Stupak
Kelly	Ortiz	Sununu
Kennedy (MA)	Owens	Talent
Kennelly	Oxley	Tanner
Kildee	Packard	Tauscher
Kilpatrick	Pallone	Tauzin
Kim	Pappas	Taylor (MS)
Kind (WI)	Parker	Taylor (NC)
King (NY)	Pascrell	Thomas
Klecicka	Pastor	Thompson
Klink	Paul	Thornberry
Klug	Paxon	Thune
Knollenberg	Payne	Thurman
Kolbe	Pease	Tierney
Kucinich	Pelosi	Trafficant
LaFalce	Peterson (MN)	Turner
Lampson	Peterson (PA)	Upton
Lantos	Pickering	Velazquez
Largent	Pickett	Vento
LaTourette	Pitts	Visclosky
Lazio	Pombo	Walsh
Leach	Pomeroy	Waters
Levin	Porter	Watkins
Lewis (CA)	Portman	Watt (NC)
Lewis (GA)	Price (NC)	Watts (OK)
Linder	Pryce (OH)	Waxman
Lipinski	Quinn	Weldon (FL)
Livingston	Radanovich	Weldon (PA)
LoBiondo	Rahall	Wexler
Lofgren	Ramstad	Weygand
Lowey	Rangel	White
Lucas	Redmond	Wise
Maloney (CT)	Reyes	Wolf
Maloney (NY)	Riggs	Woolsey
Manton	Rivers	Wynn
Manzullo	Rodriguez	Young (AK)
Markey	Roemer	Young (FL)

NAYS—41

Aderholt	Hefley	Riley
Archer	Hilleary	Rogers
Bachus	Istook	Royce
Bryant	Jenkins	Salmon
Carson	Jones	Schaffer, Bob
Chabot	Kingston	Sensenbrenner
Costello	LaHood	Sessions
Crane	Latham	Smith, Linda
Duncan	Lewis (KY)	Spence
Emerson	Metcalf	Wamp
Goode	Norwood	Weller
Goodling	Obey	Whitfield
Graham	Petri	Wicker
Hall (TX)	Regula	

NOT VOTING—19

Chenoweth	Kennedy (RI)	Shimkus
Doolittle	Luther	Stark
Ewing	Poshard	Tiaht
Frank (MA)	Rogan	Torres
Gibbons	Ros-Lehtinen	Towns
Gonzalez	Scarborough	
Harman	Schiff	

So the resolution was agreed to. A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

13.6 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Mr. Sherman Williams, one of his secretaries.

13.7 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2369

Ms. PRYCE, by direction of the Committee on Rules, reported (Rept. No. 105-427) the resolution (H. Res. 377) providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 2369) to amend the Communications Act of 1934 to strengthen and clarify prohibitions on electronic eavesdropping, and for other purposes.

When said resolution and report were referred to the House Calendar and ordered printed.

13.8 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 3130

Ms. PRYCE, by direction of the Committee on Rules, reported (Rept. No. 105-428) the resolution (H. Res. 378) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 3130) to provide for an alternative penalty procedure for States that fail to meet Federal child support data processing requirements, to reform Federal incentive payments for effective child support performance, and to provide for a more flexible penalty procedure for States that violate inter-jurisdictional adoption requirements.

When said resolution and report were referred to the House Calendar and ordered printed.

13.9 PUERTO RICO SELF-GOVERNMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. PEASE, pursuant to House Resolution 376 and rule XXIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 856) to provide a process leading to full self-government for Puerto Rico.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. PEASE, by unanimous consent, designated Mr. DIAZ-BALART as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole; and after some time spent therein,

13.10 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. GUTIERREZ to the amendment submitted by Mr. SOLOMON:

Amendment submitted by Mr. GUTIERREZ:

Amendment offered by Mr. GUTIERREZ to the amendment offered by Mr. SOLOMON:

In the amendment proposed to section 4(a) of the bill, in lieu of the text proposed to be

inserted as paragraph (7) of subparagraph C of the referendum language, insert the following:

"(7) Spanish is an official language of Puerto Rico and its only vernacular language and as such is the official language of business and communication—

"(A) in the State government, courts, schools, and agencies; and

"(B) in Federal courts and agencies when such courts and agencies are acting in or with regard to Puerto Rico."

Amendment submitted by Mr. SOLOMON:

At the end of section 2, add the following paragraph:

(16) In 1996, the United States House of Representatives overwhelmingly declared that "the official language of the Federal Government is English". According to the 1990 United States Census, less than 24 percent of the citizens of Puerto Rico speak English fluently. The enhancement of English as the official language of Puerto Rico is consistent not only with this statement of policy, but also with the preservation of our Nation's unity in diversity and the prevention of divisions along linguistic lines. Proficiency in the English language is necessary for all citizens to enjoy the full rights and benefits of their citizenship as guaranteed by the Constitution and to contribute most effectively to the Nation in all aspects. Conducting the business of Federal and State governments in English is the best way to promote efficiency and fairness to every citizen. Only proficiency in English can provide all Americans the enjoyment of the rights and benefits of full participation in the American economy and union.

Strike subsection (b) of section 3 and insert the following new subsection:

(b) OFFICIAL LANGUAGE.—The official language of the Federal Government is English. The legislature of Puerto Rico has established a bilingual policy by making both Spanish and English official languages of Puerto Rico, but has continued to operate its government solely in Spanish, as the majority of the people in Puerto Rico are not proficient in English. In the event that the referenda held under this Act results in approval of a request to Congress that Puerto Rico be admitted to the Union as a State and the Congress approves such statehood, English will be the sole official language of all Federal Government activities in Puerto Rico and, unless otherwise provided by generally applicable Federal law, all communications with the Federal Government by the Government or people of Puerto Rico will be in English. This Act, the procedures authorized by this Act, and the possible accession of Puerto Rico to statehood do not create or alter any rights of a person to government services in languages other than English.

In section 4(a), strike paragraph (7) of subparagraph C of the referendum language and insert the following new paragraph:

"(7) English is the official language of all business and communication of the Federal Government of the United States and all communications with the Federal Government will be in English unless generally applicable Federal law provides otherwise. Puerto Rico, as a State, promotes English as the official language of the State government, courts, and agencies. English is the language of instruction in public schools."

Strike subparagraph (C) of section 4(b)(1) and insert the following new subparagraph:

(C) Additionally, in the event of a vote in favor of United States sovereignty leading to statehood, the President shall include in the transition plan provided for in this Act that the Federal and State governments implement programs and incentives to promote

the acquisition and usage of English by the citizens of Puerto Rico, including but not limited to, teaching in English in public schools, the availability of fellowships and scholarships to increase the opportunities of the people of Puerto Rico to learn to speak, read, write, and understand English, and the provision of educational instruction in English to persons not in schools.

It was decided in the negative	} Yeas 13 Nays 406 Answered present 1
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13.11 [Roll No. 28] AYES—13

Conyers	Meeks (NY)	Serrano
Davis (IL)	Owens	Towns
Gutierrez	Pastor	Velazquez
Kennedy (MA)	Payne	
McKinney	Rush	

NOES—406

Abercrombie	Cox	Greenwood
Ackerman	Coyne	Gutknecht
Aderholt	Cramer	Hall (OH)
Allen	Crane	Hall (TX)
Andrews	Crapo	Hamilton
Archer	Cubin	Hansen
Armey	Cummings	Hastert
Bachus	Cunningham	Hastings (FL)
Baesler	Danner	Hastings (WA)
Baker	Davis (FL)	Hayworth
Baldacci	Davis (VA)	Hefley
Ballenger	Deal	Hefner
Barcia	DeFazio	Herger
Barr	DeGette	Hill
Barrett (NE)	Delahunt	Hilleary
Barrett (WI)	DeLauro	Hilliard
Bartlett	DeLay	Hinchey
Barton	Deutsch	Hinojosa
Bass	Diaz-Balart	Hobson
Bateman	Dickey	Hoekstra
Becerra	Dicks	Holden
Bentsen	Dingell	Hooley
Bereuter	Dixon	Horn
Berman	Doggett	Hostettler
Berry	Dooley	Houghton
Billbray	Doyle	Hoyer
Bilirakis	Dreier	Hulshof
Bishop	Duncan	Hunter
Blagojevich	Dunn	Hutchinson
Bliley	Edwards	Hyde
Blumenauer	Ehlers	Inglis
Blunt	Ehrlich	Istook
Boehlert	Emerson	Jackson (IL)
Boehner	Engel	Jackson-Lee
Bonilla	English	(TX)
Bonior	Ensign	Jefferson
Borski	Eshoo	Jenkins
Boswell	Etheridge	John
Boucher	Evans	Johnson (CT)
Boyd	Everett	Johnson (WI)
Brady	Ewing	Johnson, E. B.
Brown (CA)	Farr	Johnson, Sam
Brown (FL)	Fattah	Jones
Brown (OH)	Fawell	Kanjorski
Bryant	Fazio	Kaptur
Bunning	Filner	Kasich
Burr	Foley	Kelly
Burton	Forbes	Kennedy (RI)
Buyer	Ford	Kennelly
Callahan	Fossella	Kildee
Calvert	Fowler	Kim
Camp	Fox	Kind (WI)
Campbell	Frank (MA)	King (NY)
Canady	Franks (NJ)	Kingston
Cannon	Frelinghuysen	Kleczka
Cardin	Frost	Klink
Carson	Furse	Klug
Castle	Galleghy	Knollenberg
Chabot	Ganske	Kolbe
Chambliss	Gejdenson	Kucinich
Chenoweth	Gekas	LaFalce
Christensen	Gephardt	LaHood
Clay	Gibbons	Lampson
Clayton	Gilchrest	Lantos
Clement	Gillmor	Largent
Clyburn	Gilman	Latham
Coble	Goode	LaTourette
Coburn	Goodlatte	Lazio
Collins	Goodling	Leach
Combest	Gordon	Levin
Condit	Goss	Lewis (CA)
Cook	Graham	Lewis (GA)
Cooksey	Granger	Lewis (KY)
Costello	Green	Linder

Lipinski	Parker	Skelton
Livingston	Pascrell	Slaughter
LoBiondo	Paul	Smith (MI)
Lofgren	Paxon	Smith (NJ)
Lowe	Pease	Smith (OR)
Lucas	Pelosi	Smith (TX)
Maloney (CT)	Peterson (MN)	Smith, Adam
Maloney (NY)	Peterson (PA)	Smith, Linda
Manton	Petri	Snowbarger
Manzullo	Pickering	Snyder
Markey	Pickett	Solomon
Martinez	Pitts	Souder
Mascara	Pombo	Spence
Matsui	Pomeroy	Spratt
McCarthy (MO)	Porter	Stabenow
McCarthy (NY)	Portman	Stark
McCollum	Price (NC)	Stearns
McCrery	Pryce (OH)	Stenholm
McDade	Quinn	Stokes
McDermott	Radanovich	Strickland
McGovern	Rahall	Stump
McHale	Ramstad	Stupak
McHugh	Rangel	Sununu
McInnis	Redmond	Talent
McIntosh	Regula	Tanner
McIntyre	Reyes	Tauscher
McKeon	Riggs	Tauzin
McNulty	Riley	Taylor (MS)
Meehan	Rivers	Taylor (NC)
Meek (FL)	Rodriguez	Thomas
Menendez	Roemer	Thompson
Metcalfe	Rogan	Thornberry
Mica	Rogers	Thune
Millender-McDonald	Rohrabacher	Thurman
Miller (CA)	Ros-Lehtinen	Tiaht
Miller (FL)	Rothman	Tierney
Minge	Roukema	Trafcant
Mink	Roybal-Allard	Turner
Moakley	Royce	Upton
Mollohan	Ryun	Vento
Moran (KS)	Sabo	Visclosky
Moran (VA)	Salmon	Walsh
Morella	Sanchez	Wamp
Murtha	Sanders	Watkins
Myrick	Sandlin	Watt (NC)
Nadler	Sanford	Watts (OK)
Neal	Sawyer	Waxman
Nethercutt	Scarborough	Weldon (FL)
Neumann	Schaefer, Dan	Weldon (PA)
Ney	Schaffer, Bob	Weller
Northup	Scott	Wexler
Norwood	Sensenbrenner	Weygand
Nussle	Sessions	White
Oberstar	Shadegg	Whitfield
Obey	Shaw	Wicker
Olver	Shays	Wise
Ortiz	Sherman	Wolf
Oxley	Shuster	Woolsey
Packard	Sisisky	Wynn
Pallone	Skaggs	Yates
Pappas	Skeen	Young (AK)
		Young (FL)

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Waters
NOT VOTING—10
Doolittle Luther Shimkus
Gonzalez Poshard Torres
Harman Schiff
Kilpatrick Schumer

So the amendment to the amendment was not agreed to.

13.12 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following substitute amendment submitted by Mr. BURTON for the foregoing amendment submitted by Mr. SOLOMON:

Substitute amendment submitted by Mr. BURTON:

In section 3, amend subsection (b) to read as follows:

(b) OFFICIAL ENGLISH LANGUAGE.—In the event that a referendum held under this Act results in approval of sovereignty leading to Statehood, upon accession to Statehood, the official language requirements of the Federal Government would apply to Puerto Rico in the same manner and to the same extent as throughout the United States.

Add at the end of section 3 the following new subsection:

(c) ENGLISH LANGUAGE EMPOWERMENT.—It is in the best interest of the Nation for Puerto Rico to promote the teaching of English as the language of opportunity and empowerment in the United States in order to enable students in public schools to achieve English language proficiency by the age of 10.

In section 4(a), in the referendum language for Statehood, amend paragraph (7) to read as follows:

“(7) Official English language requirements of the Federal Government apply in Puerto Rico to the same extent as Federal law requires throughout the United States.”.

In subparagraph (C) of section 4(B)(1), strike “(C) Additionally,” and all that follows through “(ii) the effective date” and insert the following:

(C) Additionally, in the event of a vote in favor of continued United States sovereignty leading to Statehood, the transition plan required by this subsection shall—

(i) include proposals and incentives to increase the opportunities of the people of Puerto Rico to expand their English proficiency in order to promote and facilitate communication with residents of all other States of the United States and with the Federal Government, including teaching in English in public schools, awarding fellowships and scholarships, and providing grants to organizations located in various communities that have, as a purpose, the promotion of English language skills;

(ii) promote the use of English by the United States citizens in Puerto Rico in order to ensure—

(I) efficiency in the conduct and coordination of the official business activities of the Federal and State Governments;

(II) that the citizens possess the language skill necessary to contribute to and participate in all aspects of the Nation; and

(III) the ability of all citizens of Puerto Rico to take full advantage of the opportunities and responsibilities accorded to all citizens, including education, economic activities, occupational opportunities, and civic affairs; and

(iii) include the effective date
It was decided in the { Yeas 238
affirmative } Nays 182

13.13 [Roll No. 29] AYES—238

Abercrombie	Clyburn	Ford
Ackerman	Condit	Fox
Allan	Cook	Frank (MA)
Andrews	Costello	Frost
Baldacci	Coyne	Furse
Ballenger	Cramer	Galleghy
Barcia	Cummings	Gejdenson
Barrett (WI)	Danner	Gekas
Barton	Davis (FL)	Gephardt
Becerra	Davis (IL)	Gibbons
Bentsen	DeFazio	Gilchrest
Berman	DeGette	Gilman
Berry	Delahunt	Gordon
Bishop	DeLauro	Granger
Blagojevich	Deutsch	Green
Blumenauer	Diaz-Balart	Greenwood
Boehlert	Dicks	Hall (OH)
Bonilla	Dingell	Hamilton
Bonior	Dixon	Hansen
Borski	Doggett	Hastings (FL)
Boswell	Dooley	Hefner
Boucher	Doyle	Hilliard
Boyd	Edwards	Hinches
Brown (CA)	Ehlers	Hinojosa
Brown (FL)	Ehrlich	Hooley
Brown (OH)	Engel	Hostettler
Burton	English	Houghton
Buyer	Ensign	Hoyer
Camp	Eshoo	Hulshof
Campbell	Etheridge	Jackson (IL)
Cannon	Evans	Jackson-Lee
Cardin	Farr	(TX)
Carson	Fattah	Jefferson
Castle	Fazio	John
Clay	Filner	Johnson (WI)
Clayton	Foley	Johnson, E. B.
Clement	Forbes	Kanjorski

Kaptur	Mica	Sanders
Kelly	Millender-McDonald	Sandlin
Kennedy (MA)	Miller (CA)	Sawyer
Kennedy (RI)	Minge	Saxton
Kennelly	Mink	Scott
Kildee	Moakley	Serrano
Kim	Mollohan	Shaw
Kind (WI)	Moran (VA)	Sherman
Kleccka	Morella	Skaggs
Klink	Murtha	Skeen
Klug	Nadler	Skelton
Kolbe	Neal	Slaughter
Kucinich	Oberstar	Smith (NJ)
LaFalce	Obey	Smith, Adam
Lampson	Olver	Snyder
Lantos	Ortiz	Spratt
Lazio	Owens	Stabenow
Leach	Oxley	Stark
Levin	Pallone	Stokes
Lewis (GA)	Pascrell	Strickland
Lofgren	Pastor	Stupak
Lowe	Payne	Tanner
Maloney (CT)	Pelosi	Tauscher
Maloney (NY)	Peterson (MN)	Tauzin
Manton	Pombo	Taylor (MS)
Markey	Pomeroy	Thompson
Martinez	Portman	Thornberry
Mascara	Price (NC)	Thurman
Matsui	Rahall	Tierney
McCarthy (MO)	Rangel	Turner
McCarthy (NY)	Redmond	Vento
McCollum	Reyes	Visclosky
McDermott	Riggs	Walsh
McGovern	Rivers	Waters
McHale	Rodriguez	Watt (NC)
McInnis	Roemer	Waxman
McIntyre	Ros-Lehtinen	Wexler
McKeon	Rothman	Weygand
McKinney	Roybal-Allard	Wise
McNulty	Rush	Woolsey
Meehan	Sabo	Wynn
Meek (FL)	Sanchez	Yates
Meeks (NY)		Young (AK)

NOES—182

Aderholt	Gillmor	Neumann
Archer	Goode	Ney
Armey	Goodlatte	Northup
Bachus	Goodling	Norwood
Baessler	Goss	Nussle
Baker	Graham	Packard
Barr	Gutierrez	Pappas
Barrett (NE)	Gutknecht	Parker
Bartlett	Hall (TX)	Paul
Bass	Hastert	Paxon
Bateman	Hastings (WA)	Pease
Bereuter	Hayworth	Peterson (PA)
Bilbray	Hefley	Petri
Bilirakis	Herger	Pickering
Bliley	Hill	Pickett
Blunt	Hilleary	Pitts
Boehner	Hobson	Porter
Brady	Hoekstra	Pryce (OH)
Bryant	Holden	Quinn
Bunning	Horn	Radanovich
Burr	Hunter	Ramstad
Callahan	Hutchinson	Regula
Calvert	Hyde	Riley
Canady	Inglis	Rogan
Chabot	Istook	Rogers
Chambless	Jenkins	Rohrabacher
Chenoweth	Johnson (CT)	Roukema
Christensen	Johnson, Sam	Royce
Coble	Jones	Ryun
Coburn	Kasich	Salmon
Collins	King (NY)	Sanford
Combust	Kingston	Scarborough
Conyers	Knollenberg	Schaefer, Dan
Cooksey	LaHood	Schaffer, Bob
Cox	Largent	Sensenbrenner
Crane	Latham	Sessions
Crapo	LaTourrette	Shadegg
Cubin	Lewis (CA)	Shays
Cunningham	Lewis (KY)	Shuster
Davis (VA)	Linder	Sisisky
Deal	Lipinski	Smith (MI)
DeLay	Livingston	Smith (OR)
Dickey	LoBiondo	Smith (TX)
Dreier	Lucas	Smith, Linda
Duncan	Manzullo	Snowbarger
Dunn	McCrery	Solomon
Emerson	McDade	Souder
Everett	McHugh	Spence
Ewing	McIntosh	Stearns
Fawell	Menendez	Stenholm
Fossella	Metcalfe	Stump
Fowler	Miller (FL)	Sununu
Franks (NJ)	Moran (KS)	Talent
Frelinghuysen	Myrick	Taylor (NC)
Ganske	Nethercutt	Thomas

Thune	Wamp	White
Tiahrt	Watkins	Whitfield
Towns	Watts (OK)	Wicker
Trafficant	Weldon (FL)	Wolf
Upton	Weldon (PA)	Young (FL)
Velazquez	Weller	

NOT VOTING—10

Doolittle	Luther	Shimkus
Gonzalez	Poshard	Torres
Harman	Schiff	
Kilpatrick	Schumer	

So the substitute amendment was agreed to.

¶13.14 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the foregoing amendment, as amended, submitted by Mr. SOLOMON.

It was decided in the { Yeas 265
affirmative } Nays 153

¶13.15 [Roll No. 30]
AYES—265

Abercrombie	Ewing	Lowey
Ackerman	Farr	Lucas
Allen	Fattah	Maloney (CT)
Andrews	Fazio	Maloney (NY)
Baldacci	Filner	Manton
Ballenger	Foley	Markey
Barcia	Forbes	Martinez
Barrett (NE)	Ford	Mascara
Barrett (WI)	Fossella	Matsui
Barton	Fox	McCarthy (MO)
Becerra	Frank (MA)	McCarthy (NY)
Bentsen	Frost	McCollum
Bereuter	Galleghy	McCrery
Berry	Gejdenson	McDade
Bishop	Gekas	McDermott
Blagojevich	Gephardt	McGovern
Boehlert	Gibbons	McHale
Bonilla	Gilchrest	McHugh
Bonior	Gillmor	McInnis
Borski	Gilman	McIntyre
Boswell	Gordon	McKeon
Boucher	Granger	McKinney
Boyd	Green	McNulty
Brown (CA)	Greenwood	Meehan
Brown (FL)	Hall (OH)	Meek (FL)
Brown (OH)	Hamilton	Meeks (NY)
Burton	Hansen	Mica
Buyer	Hastings (FL)	Millender-
Camp	Hefner	McDonald
Campbell	Hilliard	Miller (CA)
Canady	Hinchev	Minge
Cannon	Hinojosa	Mink
Cardin	Holden	Moakley
Carson	Hooley	Mollohan
Castle	Hostettler	Moran (KS)
Christensen	Houghton	Moran (VA)
Clay	Hoyer	Morella
Clayton	Hulshof	Murtha
Clement	Hunter	Nadler
Clyburn	Istook	Neal
Condit	Jackson (IL)	Northup
Cook	Jackson-Lee	Nussle
Costello	(TX)	Oberstar
Coyne	Jefferson	Obey
Cramer	Jenkins	Olver
Cummings	John	Ortiz
Danner	Johnson (WI)	Owens
Davis (FL)	Johnson, E. B.	Oxley
Davis (IL)	Kanjorski	Pallone
DeFazio	Kaptur	Pascrell
DeGette	Kelly	Pastor
Delahunt	Kennedy (MA)	Payne
DeLauro	Kennedy (RI)	Pease
Deutsch	Kennelly	Pelosi
Diaz-Balart	Kildee	Peterson (MN)
Dicks	Kim	Peterson (PA)
Dingell	Kind (WI)	Pickering
Dixon	King (NY)	Pombo
Doggett	Kleczka	Pomeroy
Dooley	Klink	Portman
Doyle	Klug	Price (NC)
Duncan	Kolbe	Quinn
Edwards	Kucinich	Rahall
Ehlers	LaFalce	Ramstad
Ehrlich	Lampson	Rangel
Engel	Lantos	Redmond
English	Lazio	Reyes
Ensign	Leach	Riggs
Eshoo	Levin	Rivers
Etheridge	Lewis (GA)	Rodriguez
Evans	Lofgren	Roemer

Ros-Lehtinen	Slaughter	Thurman
Rothman	Smith (NJ)	Tierney
Roybal-Allard	Smith (TX)	Turner
Rush	Smith, Adam	Vento
Ryun	Snyder	Visclosky
Sabo	Spratt	Walsh
Sanchez	Stabenow	Wamp
Sanders	Stark	Waters
Sandlin	Stokes	Watt (NC)
Sawyer	Strickland	Waxman
Saxton	Stupak	Wexler
Schaffer, Bob	Tanner	Weygand
Serrano	Tauscher	Wise
Shaw	Tauzin	Woolsey
Sherman	Taylor (MS)	Wynn
Skaggs	Thomas	Yates
Skeen	Thompson	Young (AK)
Skelton	Thornberry	Young (FL)

NOES—153

Aderholt	Goodling	Pickett
Archer	Goss	Pitts
Armye	Graham	Porter
Bachus	Gutierrez	Pryce (OH)
Baesler	Gutknecht	Radanovich
Baker	Hall (TX)	Regula
Barr	Hastert	Riley
Bartlett	Hastings (WA)	Rogan
Bass	Hayworth	Rogers
Bateman	Hefley	Rohrabacher
Bilbray	Herger	Roukema
Bilirakis	Hill	Royce
Billey	Hilleary	Salmon
Blumenauer	Hobson	Sanford
Blunt	Hoekstra	Scarborough
Boehner	Horn	Schaefer, Dan
Brady	Hutchinson	Scott
Bryant	Hyde	Sensenbrenner
Bunning	Inglis	Sessions
Burr	Johnson (CT)	Shadegg
Callahan	Johnson, Sam	Shays
Calvert	Jones	Shuster
Chabot	Kasich	Sisisky
Chambliss	Kingston	Smith (MI)
Chenoweth	Knollenberg	Smith (OR)
Coble	LaHood	Smith, Linda
Coburn	Largent	Snowbarger
Collins	Latham	Solomon
Combest	LaTourette	Souder
Conyers	Lewis (CA)	Spence
Cooksey	Lewis (KY)	Stearns
Cox	Linder	Stenholm
Crane	Lipinski	Stump
Crapo	Livingston	Sununu
Cubin	LoBiondo	Talent
Cunningham	Manzullo	Taylor (NC)
Davis (VA)	McIntosh	Thune
Deal	Menendez	Tiahrt
DeLay	Metcalf	Towns
Dickey	Miller (FL)	Trafficant
Dreier	Myrick	Upton
Dunn	Nethercutt	Velazquez
Emerson	Neumann	Watkins
Everett	Ney	Watts (OK)
Fawell	Norwood	Weldon (FL)
Fowler	Packard	Weldon (PA)
Franks (NJ)	Pappas	Weller
Frelinghuysen	Parker	White
Ganske	Paul	Whitfield
Goode	Paxon	Wicker
Goodlatte	Petri	Wolf

NOT VOTING—12

Berman	Harman	Schiff
Doolittle	Kilpatrick	Schumer
Furse	Luther	Shimkus
Gonzalez	Poshard	Torres

So the amendment, as amended, was agreed to.

The Committee rose informally to receive messages from the President.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. HASTERT, assumed the Chair.

¶13.16 FURTHER MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Sundry messages in writing from the President of the United States were communicated to the House by Mr. Sherman Williams, one of his secretaries.

The Committee resumed its sitting; and after some further time spent therein,

¶13.17 CALL IN COMMITTEE

Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Chairman, announced that the Committee, having had under consideration said bill, finding itself without a quorum, directed the Members to record their presence by electronic device, and the following-named Members responded—

¶13.18 [Roll No. 31]
ANSWERED "PRESENT"—405

Abercrombie	Delahunt	Istook
Ackerman	DeLauro	Jackson (IL)
Aderholt	DeLay	Jackson-Lee
Allen	Deutsch	(TX)
Andrews	Diaz-Balart	Jefferson
Armye	Dickey	Jenkins
Bachus	Dicks	John
Baesler	Dixon	Johnson (CT)
Baker	Doggett	Johnson, E.B.
Baldacci	Doyle	Johnson, Sam
Ballenger	Dreier	Jones
Barcia	Dunn	Kanjorski
Barr	Edwards	Kaptur
Barrett (NE)	Ehlers	Kasich
Barrett (WI)	Ehrlich	Kelly
Bartlett	Emerson	Kennedy (MA)
Barton	Engel	Kennedy (RI)
Bass	English	Kennelly
Bateman	Ensign	Kildee
Becerra	Eshoo	Kim
Bentsen	Etheridge	Kind (WI)
Bereuter	Evans	King (NY)
Berman	Everett	Kingston
Berry	Ewing	Kleczka
Bilbray	Farr	Klink
Bilirakis	Fattah	Klug
Bishop	Fawell	Knollenberg
Blagojevich	Fazio	Kolbe
Bliley	Filner	Kucinich
Blumenauer	Foley	LaFalce
Blunt	Forbes	LaHood
Boehlert	Ford	Lampson
Boehner	Fossella	Lantos
Bonior	Fowler	Largent
Borski	Fox	Latham
Boswell	Franks (NJ)	Lazio
Boucher	Frelinghuysen	Leach
Boyd	Frost	Levin
Brady	Furse	Lewis (CA)
Brown (CA)	Galleghy	Lewis (GA)
Brown (FL)	Ganske	Lewis (KY)
Brown (OH)	Gejdenson	Linder
Bryant	Gephardt	Lipinski
Bunning	Gibbons	Livingston
Burr	Gilchrest	LoBiondo
Burton	Gillmor	Lofgren
Buyer	Gilman	Lowe
Callahan	Goode	Lucas
Calvert	Goodlatte	Maloney (CT)
Camp	Goodling	Maloney (NY)
Campbell	Gordon	Manton
Canady	Goss	Manzullo
Cannon	Graham	Markey
Cardin	Granger	Martinez
Carson	Green	Mascara
Castle	Greenwood	Matsui
Chabot	Gutierrez	McCarthy (MO)
Chambliss	Gutknecht	McCarthy (NY)
Chenoweth	Hall (OH)	McCollum
Christensen	Hall (TX)	McCrery
Clay	Hamilton	McDade
Clayton	Hansen	McDermott
Clement	Hastert	McGovern
Clyburn	Hastings (FL)	McHale
Coble	Hastings (WA)	McHugh
Coburn	Hayworth	McInnis
Collins	Hefley	McIntosh
Combest	Hefner	McIntyre
Condit	Herger	McKeon
Conyers	Hill	McKinney
Cook	Hilleary	McNulty
Cooksey	Hilliard	Meehan
Costello	Hinchev	Meek (FL)
Cox	Hobson	Meeks (NY)
Coyne	Hoekstra	Menendez
Cramer	Holden	Metcalf
Crane	Hooley	Mica
Crapo	Horn	Millender-
Cummings	Hostettler	McDonald
Cunningham	Houghton	Miller (CA)
Danner	Hoyer	Miller (FL)
Davis (FL)	Hulshof	Minge
Davis (IL)	Hunter	Mink
Davis (VA)	Hutchinson	Moakley
Deal	Hyde	Mollohan
DeGette	Inglis	Moran (KS)

Moran (VA)	Rodriguez	Stearns	Rohrabacher	Shays	Weller	Ryun	Smith, Adam	Thune
Morella	Roemer	Stenholm	Ros-Lehtinen	Tierney	Wynn	Sabo	Smith, Linda	Thurman
Murtha	Rogan	Stokes	Rush	Towns	Young (AK)	Salmon	Snowbarger	Tiahrt
Myrick	Rogers	Strickland	Sanders	Velazquez		Sanchez	Snyder	Traffant
Nadler	Rohrabacher	Stump	Serrano	Waters		Sandlin	Solomon	Turner
Neal	Ros-Lehtinen	Stupak				Sanford	Souder	Upton
Nethercutt	Rothman	Sununu				Sawyer	Spence	Vento
Neumann	Roukema	Talent				Saxton	Spratt	Visclosky
Ney	Royal-Allard	Tanner	Abercrombie	Dunn	Lampson	Scarborough	Stabenow	Walsh
Northup	Royce	Tauscher	Aderholt	Edwards	Lantos	Schaffer, Bob	Stark	Wamp
Norwood	Rush	Tauzin	Allen	Ehlers	Largent	Scott	Stearns	Watkins
Nussle	Ryun	Taylor (MS)	Andrews	Ehrlich	Latham	Sensenbrenner	Stenholm	Watt (NC)
Oberstar	Sabo	Taylor (NC)	Archer	Emerson	Leach	Sessions	Stokes	Watts (OK)
Obey	Salmon	Thomas	Armey	English	Levin	Shadegg	Strickland	Waxman
Olver	Sanchez	Thompson	Bachus	Ensign	Lewis (CA)	Shaw	Stump	Weldon (FL)
Ortiz	Sanders	Thornberry	Baessler	Eshoo	Lewis (KY)	Sherman	Stupak	Weldon (PA)
Owens	Sandlin	Thune	Baker	Etheridge	Linder	Shuster	Sununu	Wexler
Oxley	Sanford	Thurman	Baldacci	Evans	Lipinski	Sisisky	Talent	Weygand
Packard	Sawyer	Tiaht	Ballenger	Everett	Livingston	Skaggs	Tanner	White
Pallone	Saxton	Tierney	Barcia	Ewing	LoBiondo	Skeen	Tauscher	Whitfield
Pappas	Scarborough	Towns	Barr	Farr	Lofgren	Skelton	Tauzin	Wicker
Parker	Schaffer, Bob	Traffant	Barrett (NE)	Fattah	Lowey	Slaughter	Taylor (MS)	Wise
Pascrell	Scott	Turner	Barrett (WI)	Fawell	Lucas	Smith (MI)	Taylor (NC)	Wolf
Pastor	Sensenbrenner	Upton	Bartlett	Fazio	Maloney (NY)	Smith (NJ)	Thomas	Woolsey
Paul	Serrano	Velazquez	Barton	Filner	Manton	Smith (OR)	Thompson	Yates
Paxon	Sessions	Vento	Bass	Foley	Manzullo	Smith (TX)	Thornberry	Young (FL)
Payne	Shadegg	Visclosky	Bateman	Forbes	Ford			
Pease	Shaw	Walsh	Becerra	Fowler	Fossella			
Pelosi	Shays	Wamp	Bentsen	Berman	Fox			
Peterson (MN)	Sherman	Waters	Bereuter	Berry	Frank (MA)			
Petri	Shuster	Watkins	Berman	Bilbray	Frelinghuysen			
Pickering	Sisisky	Watt (NC)	Billy	Bilirakis	Frost			
Pickett	Skaggs	Watts (OK)	Blunt	Bishop	Galleghy			
Pitts	Skeen	Waxman	Boehlert	Bliley	Ganske			
Pombo	Skelton	Weldon (FL)	Boehner	Blumenauer	Gephardt			
Pomeroy	Slaughter	Weldon (PA)	Bonilla	Blunt	Gibbons			
Porter	Smith (MI)	Weller	Borski	Boehner	Gilchrest			
Portman	Smith (NJ)	Wexler	Boswell	Bonilla	Gillmor			
Price (NC)	Smith (OR)	Weygand	Boucher	Borski	Goode			
Pryce (OH)	Smith (TX)	White	Boyd	Boswell	Goodlatte			
Quinn	Smith, Adam	Whitfield	Brady	Boucher	Goodling			
Radanovich	Smith, Linda	Wicker	Brown (FL)	Boyd	Gordon			
Rahall	Snowbarger	Wise	Brown (OH)	Brady	Goss			
Ramstad	Snyder	Wolf	Bryant	Brady	Graham			
Rangel	Solomon	Woolsey	Bunning	Brady	Granger			
Regmond	Souder	Wynn	Burr	Brown (FL)	Green			
Regula	Spence	Yates	Burton	Brown (OH)	Greenwood			
Reyes	Spratt	Young (AK)	Buyer	Brown (OH)	Gutknecht			
Riley	Stabenow	Young (FL)	Buyer	Burr	Hall (OH)			
Rivers	Stark		Buyer	Burr	Hall (TX)			

NOES—356

NOT VOTING—17

Thereupon, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Chairman, announced that 405 Members had been recorded, a quorum.

The Committee resumed its business.

¶13.19 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. SERRANO:

In section 5(a), add at the end the following paragraph:

(3) UNITED STATES CITIZENS BORN IN PUERTO RICO ELIGIBLE TO VOTE.—Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), an individual residing outside of Puerto Rico shall be eligible to vote in the referendum held under this Act if that individual—

(A) is a United States citizen because of that individual's birth in Puerto Rico; and

(B) would be eligible to vote in such referendum but for that individual's residency outside of Puerto Rico.

It was decided in the { Yeas 57
negative } Nays 356

¶13.20 [Roll No. 32] AYES—57

Ackerman	Hinchey	McNulty
Blagojevich	Hoyer	Meehan
Bonior	Jackson (IL)	Meeke (NY)
Brown (CA)	Jackson-Lee (TX)	Menendez
Carson		Miller (CA)
Cox	Jefferson	Moakley
Davis (IL)	Johnson (CT)	Nadler
DeLahunt	Johnson, E. B.	Neal
DeLauro	Kennedy (MA)	Obey
Diaz-Balart	Kennelly	Olver
Engel	Lewis (GA)	Owens
Furse	Maloney (CT)	Pallone
Gejdenson	Markey	Pastor
Gilman	McGovern	Payne
Gutierrez	McKinney	Rangel

Aderholt	Dunn	Lampson
Allen	Edwards	Lantos
Andrews	Ehlers	Largent
Archer	Ehrlich	Latham
Armey	Emerson	Leach
Bachus	English	Levin
Baessler	Ensign	Lewis (CA)
Baker	Eshoo	Lewis (KY)
Baldacci	Etheridge	Linder
Ballenger	Evans	Lipinski
Barcia	Everett	Livingston
Barr	Ewing	LoBiondo
Barrett (NE)	Farr	Lofgren
Barrett (WI)	Fattah	Lowey
Bartlett	Fawell	Lucas
Barton	Fazio	Maloney (NY)
Bass	Filner	Manton
Bateman	Foley	Manzullo
Becerra	Forbes	Martinez
Bentsen	Fossella	Mascara
Bereuter	Fowler	Matsui
Berman	Fox	McCarthy (MO)
Berry	Frank (MA)	McCarthy (NY)
Bilbray	Frelinghuysen	McCollum
Bilirakis	Frost	McCrery
Bishop	Galleghy	McDade
Bliley	Ganske	McDermott
Blumenauer	Gephardt	McHale
Blunt	Gibbons	McHugh
Boehlert	Gilchrest	McInnis
Boehner	Gillmor	McIntosh
Bonilla	Goode	McIntyre
Borski	Goodlatte	McKeon
Boswell	Goodling	Meek (FL)
Boucher	Gordon	Metcalf
Boyd	Goss	Mica
Brady	Graham	Millender-McDonald
Brown (FL)	Granger	Miller (FL)
Brown (OH)	Green	Minge
Bryant	Greenwood	Mink
Bunning	Gutknecht	Mollohan
Burr	Hall (OH)	Moran (KS)
Burton	Hall (TX)	Moran (VA)
Buyer	Hamilton	Morella
Callahan	Hansen	Murtha
Calvert	Hastert	Myrick
Camp	Hastings (FL)	Nethercutt
Campbell	Hastings (WA)	Neumann
Canady	Hayworth	Ney
Cannon	Hefley	Northup
Cardin	Hefner	Norwood
Castle	Herger	Nussle
Chabot	Hill	Oberstar
Chambliss	Hilleary	Ortiz
Chenoweth	Hilliard	Oxley
Christensen	Hinojosa	Packard
Clay	Hobson	Pappas
Clayton	Hoekstra	Parker
Clement	Holden	Pascrell
Clyburn	Hooley	Paul
Coble	Horn	Paxon
Coburn	Hostettler	Pease
Collins	Houghton	Pelosi
Combest	Hulshof	Peterson (MN)
Condit	Hunter	Petri
Conyers	Hutchinson	Pickering
Cook	Hyde	Pickett
Cooksey	Inglis	Pitts
Costello	Istook	Pombo
Coyne	Jenkins	Pomeroy
Cramer	John	Porter
Crane	Johnson (WI)	Price (NC)
Crapo	Johnson, Sam	Pryce (OH)
Cubin	Jones	Quinn
Cummings	Kanjorski	Radanovich
Cunningham	Kaptur	Rahall
Danner	Kasich	Ramstad
Davis (FL)	Kelly	Redmond
Davis (VA)	Kennedy (RI)	Regula
Deal	Kildee	Reyes
DeFazio	Kim	Riggs
DeGette	Kind (WI)	Riley
DeLay	King (NY)	Rivers
DeLay	Kingston	Rodriguez
Deutsch	Kleczka	Roemer
Dickey	Klink	Rogan
Dickes	Klug	Rogers
Dixon	Knollenberg	Rothman
Doggett	Kolbe	Roukema
Dooley	Kucinich	Royal-Allard
Doyle	LaFalce	Royce
Dreier	LaHood	
Duncan		

Dingell	Kilpatrick	Schaefer, Dan
Doollittle	LaTourette	Schiff
Franks (NJ)	Luther	Schumer
Gekas	Peterson (PA)	Shimkus
Gonzalez	Portman	Torres
Harman	Poshard	

So the amendment was not agreed to. After some further time,

¶13.21 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. STEARNS:

In paragraph (2) of section 5(c)—

(1) strike "sovereignty or statehood, there is" and insert the following (and adjust the margins accordingly):

sovereignty or statehood—

(A) there is

(2) strike the period at the end and insert "; and"; and

(3) add at the end the following new subparagraph:

(B) not later than 90 days after such referendum, there shall be a second referendum held in accordance with this Act which shall be on the approval of 1 of the 2 options which received the most votes in the first referendum. Such 2 options shall be presented on the ballot using the same language and in the same manner as they were presented in the first referendum.

It was decided in the { Yeas 28
negative } Nays 384

¶13.22 [Roll No. 33] AYES—28

Bachus	Jones	Sensenbrenner
Campbell	Kingston	Shadegg
Carson	McIntosh	Sherman
Combest	Moran (KS)	Smith, Linda
Cubin	Paul	Snowbarger
Duncan	Petri	Souder
Herger	Radanovich	Stearns
Horn	Rohrabacher	Taylor (NC)
Hunter	Sanford	
Istook	Schaffer, Bob	

NOES—384

Abercrombie	Barrett (WI)	Blunt
Ackerman	Bartlett	Boehlert
Aderholt	Barton	Boehner
Allen	Bass	Bonilla
Andrews	Bateman	Bonior
Archer	Becerra	Borski
Armey	Bentsen	Boswell
Baessler	Bereuter	Boucher
Baker	Berry	Boyd
Baldacci	Bilirakis	Brady
Ballenger	Bishop	Brown (CA)
Barcia	Blagojevich	Brown (FL)
Barr	Bliley	Brown (OH)
Barrett (NE)	Blumenauer	Bryant

Bunning
Burr
Burton
Buyer
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Canady
Cannon
Cardin
Castle
Chabot
Chambliss
Chenoweth
Christensen
Clay
Clayton
Clement
Clyburn
Coble
Coburn
Collins
Condit
Conyers
Cook
Cooksey
Costello
Cox
Coyne
Cramer
Crane
Crapo
Cummings
Cunningham
Danner
Davis (FL)
Davis (IL)
Davis (VA)
Deal
DeFazio
DeGette
Delahunt
DeLauro
DeLay
Deutsch
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Doggett
Dooley
Doyle
Dreier
Dunn
Edwards
Ehlers
Ehrlich
Emerson
Engel
English
Ensign
Eshoo
Etheridge
Evans
Everett
Ewing
Farr
Fattah
Fawell
Fazio
Filner
Forbes
Ford
Fossella
Fowler
Fox
Frank (MA)
Franks (NJ)
Frelinghuysen
Frost
Furse
Gallegly
Ganske
Gejdenson
Gekas
Gephardt
Gibbons
Gilchrist
Gillmor
Gilman
Goode
Goodlatte
Goodling
Gordon
Goss
Graham
Green
Greenwood
Gutierrez

Gutknecht
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hamilton
Hansen
Hastert
Camp
Hastings (FL)
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Hefley
Hefner
Hill
Hilliard
Hinchey
Hinojosa
Hobson
Hoekstra
Holden
Hooley
Hostettler
Houghton
Hoyer
Hulshof
Hutchinson
Hyde
Inglis
Jackson (IL)
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Jefferson
Jenkins
John
Johnson (CT)
Johnson (WI)
Johnson, E. B.
Johnson, Sam
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kasich
Kelly
Kennedy (MA)
Kennedy (RI)
Kennelly
Kildee
Kim
Kind (WI)
King (NY)
Klecza
Klink
Klug
Knollenberg
Kolbe
Kucinich
LaFalce
LaHood
Lampson
Lantos
Largent
Latham
LaTourette
Lazio
Leach
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (GA)
Lewis (KY)
Linder
Lipinski
Livingston
LoBiondo
Lofgren
Lowey
Lucas
Maloney (CT)
Maloney (NY)
Manton
Manzullo
Markey
Martinez
Mascara
Matsui
McCarthy (MO)
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McCrery
McDermott
McGovern
McHale
McHugh
McInnis
McIntyre
McKeon
McKinney
McNulty
Meehan
Meek (FL)
Meeks (NY)
Menendez
Metcalfe

Mica
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (CA)
Miller (FL)
Minge
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Moran (VA)
Morella
Murtha
Myrick
Nadler
Neal
Nethercutt
Neumann
Ney
Northup
Norwood
Nussle
Oberstar
Obey
Olver
Ortiz
Owens
Oxley
Packard
Pallone
Pappas
Parker
Pascrell
Pastor
Paxon
Payne
Pease
Pelosi
Peterson (MN)
Peterson (PA)
Pickering
Pickett
Pitts
Pombo
Pomeroy
Porter
Portman
Price (NC)
Pryce (OH)
Quinn
Rahall
Ramstad
Rangel
Redmond
Regula
Reyes
Riley
Rivers
Rodriguez
Roemer
Rogan
Rogers
Ros-Lehtinen
Rothman
Roukema
Roybal-Allard
Royce
Rush
Ryun
Sabo
Salmon
Sanchez
Sanders
Sandlin
Sawyer
Saxton
Scarborough
Schumer
Scott
Serrano
Sessions
Shaw
Shays
Shuster
Sisisky
Skaggs
Skeel
Skelton
Slaughter
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (TX)
Smith, Adam
Snyder
Solomon
Spence
Spratt
Stabenow
Stark
Stenholm
Stokes

Strickland
Stump
Stupak
Sununu
Talent
Tanner
Tauscher
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Thomas
Thompson
Thornberry
Thune
Thurman
Tiahrt

Berman
Blibray
Doolittle
Foley
Gonzalez
Granger

Tierney
Towns
Traficant
Turner
Upton
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Waltz
Wamp
Waters
Watkins
Watt (NC)
Watts (OK)
Waxman

Harman
Kilpatrick
Luther
McDade
Poshard
Riggs

[Roll No. 34]
AYES—131

Aderholt
Archer
Armey
Ballenger
Barr
Barrett (NE)
Bartlett
Barton
Bateman
Bereuter
Boehner
Brady
Bryant
Bunning
Callahan
Canady
Castle
Chambliss
Chenoweth
Christensen
Coble
Coburn
Collins
Combest
Crane
Crapo
Cubin
Cunningham
Danner
Deal
Dickey
Dreier
Duncan
Emerson
Everett
Ewing
Fawell
Fossella
Fowler
Fox
Goodlatte
Goodling
Gordon
Goss
Graham
Green
Greenwood
Gutierrez

Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
Wexler
Weygand
White
Whitfield
Wicker
Wise
Wolf
Woolsey
Wynn
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

Schaefer, Dan
Schiff
Shimkus
Smith (OR)
Torres
Yates

Pease
Peterson (PA)
Petri
Pitts
Porter
Portman
Pryce (OH)
Regula
Rogan
Rogers
Rohrabacher
Royce
Ryun
Salmon
Sanford
Scarborough
Schaffer, Bob
Sensenbrenner
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Sherman
Shuster
Sisisky
Smith (MI)
Smith (TX)
Snowbarger
Solomon
Souder
Spence
Spratt
Stearns
Stump
Sununu
Taylor (NC)
Thornberry
Tiahrt
Upton
Wamp
Weldon (PA)
Weller
Wicker
Wolf

Bentsen
Berry
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bishop
Blagojevich
Bliley
Blumenauer
Blunt
Boehler
Bonilla
Bonior
Borski
Boswell
Boucher
Boyd
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Burr
Burton
Buyer
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Cannon
Cardin
Carson
Chabot
Clay
Clayton
Clement
Clyburn
Condit
Conyers
Cook
Cooksey
Costello
Cox
Coyne
Cramer
Cummings
Davis (FL)
Davis (IL)
Davis (VA)
DeFazio
DeGette
Delahunt
DeLauro
DeLay
Deutsch
Diaz-Balart
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Doggett
Dooley
Doyle
Dreier
Dunn
Edwards
Ehlers
Ehrlich
Engel
English
Ensign
Eshoo
Etheridge
Evans
Fattah
Fazio
Filner
Foley
Forbes
Ford
Fox
Frank (MA)
Franks (NJ)
Frelinghuysen
Furse
Gallegly
Ganske
Gejdenson
Gekas
Gephardt
Gillmor
Gilman
Goode
Goodlatte
Goodling
Gordon
Goss
Graham
Green
Greenwood
Gutierrez

Hansen
Hastert
Hastings (FL)
Hefley
Hefner
Hilliard
Hinche
Hinojosa
Holden
Hooley
Houghton
Hoyer
Hulshof
Hutchinson
Jackson (IL)
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Jefferson
John
Johnson (WI)
Johnson, E. B.
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kasich
Kelly
Kennedy (MA)
Kennedy (RI)
Kennelly
Kildee
Kim
Kind (WI)
King (NY)
Klecza
Klink
Kolbe
Kucinich
LaFalce
LaHood
Lampson
Lantos
Largent
Latham
LaTourette
Leach
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (GA)
LoBiondo
Lofgren
Lowey
Lucas
Maloney (CT)
Maloney (NY)
Manton
Manzullo
Markey
Martinez
Mascara
Matsui
McCarthy (MO)
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McDermott
McGovern
McHale
McInnis
McIntyre
McKeon
McKinney
McNulty
Meehan
Meek (FL)
Meeks (NY)
Menendez
Mica
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (CA)
Minge
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Moran (KS)
Moran (VA)
Morella
Murtha
Nadler
Neal
Nethercutt
Nussle
Oberstar

Kilpatrick
Luther
McDade
Poshard
Riggs
Schaefer, Dan

Obey
Olver
Ortiz
Owens
Packard
Pallone
Parker
Pascrell
Pastor
Payne
Pelosi
Peterson (MN)
Pickering
Pickett
Pombo
Pomeroy
Price (NC)
Quinn
Radanovich
Rahall
Ramstad
Rangel
Redmond
Reyes
Riley
Rivers
Rodriguez
Roemer
Ros-Lehtinen
Rothman
Roukema
Roybal-Allard
Rush
Sabo
Sanchez
Sanders
Sandlin
Sawyer
Saxton
Schumer
Scott
Serrano
Sessions
Skaggs
Skeel
Skelton
Slaughter
Smith (NJ)
Smith, Adam
Smith, Linda
Snyder
Stabenow
Stark
Stenholm
Stokes
Strickland
Stupak
Talent
Tanner
Tauscher
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Thomas
Thompson
Thune
Thurman
Tierney
Towns
Traficant
Turner
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Walsh
Waters
Watkins
Watt (NC)
Watts (OK)
Waxman
Weldon (FL)
Wexler
Weygand
White
Whitfield
Wise
Woolsey
Wynn
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—18

So the amendment was not agreed to.

13.23 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. BARR:

In section 4(c)(3)(B), strike "Approval must be by a majority of the valid votes cast." and insert "Approval of the separate sovereignty option must be by a majority of the valid votes cast, and approval of the statehood option must be by a super-majority of 75 percent of the valid votes cast."

In section 5(c)(2), strike "majority vote for" and insert "in the approval of".

It was decided in the { Yeas 131
negative } Nays 282

13.24 [Roll No. 34]
AYES—131

Aderholt
Archer
Armey
Ballenger
Barr
Barrett (NE)
Bartlett
Barton
Bateman
Bereuter
Boehner
Brady
Bryant
Bunning
Callahan
Canady
Castle
Chambliss
Chenoweth
Christensen
Coble
Coburn
Collins
Combest
Crane
Crapo
Cubin
Cunningham
Danner
Deal
Dickey
Dreier
Duncan
Emerson
Everett
Ewing
Fawell
Fossella
Fowler
Fox
Goodlatte
Goodling
Gordon
Goss
Graham
Green
Greenwood
Gutierrez

NOT VOTING—17

Berman
Doolittle
Farr
Frost
Gonzalez
Harman

Kilpatrick
Luther
McDade
Poshard
Riggs
Schaefer, Dan

Schiff
Shimkus
Smith (OR)
Torres
Yates

So the amendment was not agreed to.

13.25 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. GUTIERREZ:

In section 4(a), insert after paragraph (6) of the referendum language for Statehood the following new paragraph (and redesignate the succeeding paragraphs accordingly):

"(7) Notwithstanding the Amateur Sports Act of 1978, Puerto Rico retains its separate Olympic Committee and ability to compete under its own flag and national anthem in international athletic competitions, even against the United States."

It was decided in the negative Yeas 2 Nays 413 Answered present 1

13.26 [Roll No. 35]

AYES—2

Gutierrez Velazquez

NOES—413

- Abercrombie Conyers Gilman
Ackerman Cook Goode
Aderholt Cooksey Goodlatte
Allen Costello Goodling
Andrews Cox Gordon
Archer Coyne Graham
Arney Cramer Granger
Bachus Crane Granger
Baesler Crapo Green
Baker Cubin Greenwood
Baldacci Cummings Gutknecht
Ballenger Cunningham Hall (OH)
Barcia Danner Hall (TX)
Barr Davis (FL) Hamilton
Barrett (NE) Davis (IL) Hansen
Barrett (WI) Davis (VA) Hastert
Bartlett Deal Hastings (FL)
Barton DeFazio Hastings (WA)
Bass DeGette Hayworth
Bateman Delahunt Hefley
Becerra DeLauro Hefner
Bentsen DeLay Herger
Bereuter Deutsch Hill
Berry Diaz-Balart Hilleary
Billbray Dickey Hilliard
Bilirakis Dicks Hinchey
Bishop Dingell Hinojosa
Blagojevich Dixon Hobson
Bliley Doggett Hoekstra
Blumenauer Dooley Holden
Blunt Doyle Hooley
Boehlert Dreier Horn
Boehner Duncanson Hostettler
Bonilla Dunn Houghton
Bonior Edwards Hoyer
Borski Ehlers Hulshof
Boswell Ehrlich Hunter
Boucher Emerson Hutchinson
Boyd Engel Hyde
Brady English Inglis
Brown (CA) Ensign Istook
Brown (FL) Eshoo Jackson (IL)
Brown (OH) Etheridge Jackson-Lee
Bryant Evans (TX)
Bunning Everett Jefferson
Burr Ewing Jenkins
Burton Farr John
Buyer Fattah Johnson (CT)
Callahan Fawell Johnson (WI)
Calvert Fazio Johnson, E. B.
Camp Filner Johnson, Sam
Campbell Foley Jones
Canady Forbes Kanjorski
Cannon Ford Kaptur
Cardin Fossella Kasich
Carson Fowler Kelly
Castle Fox Kennedy (MA)
Chabot Frank (MA) Kennedy (RI)
Chambliss Franks (NJ) Kennelly
Chenoweth Frelinghuysen Kildoe
Christensen Frost Kim
Clay Furse Kind (WI)
Clayton Gallegly King (NY)
Clement Ganske Kingston
Clyburn Gejdenson Kleczka
Coble Gekas Klink
Coburn Gephardt Klug
Collins Gibbons Knollenberg
Combest Gilchrest Kolbe
Condit Gillmor Kucinich

- LaFalce Oberstar Sherman
LaHood Obey Shuster
Lampson Olver Sisisky
Lantos Ortiz Skaggs
Largent Owens Skeen
Latham Oxley Skelton
LaTourette Packard Slaughter
Lazio Pallone Smith (MI)
Leach Pappas Smith (NJ)
Levin Parker Smith (TX)
Lewis (CA) Pascrell Smith, Adam
Lewis (GA) Pastor Smith, Linda
Lewis (KY) Paul Snowbarger
Linder Paxon Snyder
Lipinski Payne Solomon
Livingston Pease Souder
LoBiondo Pelosi Spence
Lofgren Peterson (MN) Spratt
Lowe Peterson (PA) Stabenow
Lucas Petri Stark
Maloney (CT) Pickering Stearns
Maloney (NY) Pickett Stenholm
Manton Pitts Stokes
Manzullo Pombo Strickland
Markey Pomeroy Stump
Martinez Porter Stupak
Mascara Portman Sununu
Matsui Price (NC) Talent
McCarthy (MO) Pryce (OH) Tanner
McCarthy (NY) Quinn Tauscher
McCollum Radanovich Tauzin
McCrery Rahall Taylor (MS)
McDermott Ramstad Taylor (NC)
McGovern Rangel Thomas
McHale Redmond Thompson
McHugh Regula Thornberry
McInnis Reyes Thune
McIntosh Riley Thurman
McIntyre Rivers Tiahrt
McKeon Rodriguez Tierney
McKinney Roemer Torres
McNulty Rogan Towns
Meehan Rogers Traficant
Meek (FL) Rohrabacher Turner
Meeks (NY) Ros-Lehtinen Upton
Menendez Rothman Vento
Metcalf Roukema Visclosky
Mica Roybal-Allard Walsh
Millender Royce Wamp
McDonald Rush Watkins
Miller (CA) Ryun Watt (NC)
Miller (FL) Sabo Watts (OK)
Minge Salmon Waxman
Mink Sanchez Weldon (FL)
Moakley Sanders Weldon (PA)
Mollohan Sandlin Weller
Moran (KS) Sanford Wexler
Moran (VA) Sawyer Weygand
Morella Saxton White
Murtha Scarborough Whitfield
Myrick Schaffer, Bob Wicker
Nadler Schumer Wise
Neal Scott Wolf
Nethercutt Sensenbrenner Woolsey
Neumann Serrano Wynn
Ney Sessions Young (AK)
Northup Shadegg Young (FL)
Norwood Shaw
Nussle Shays

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Waters

NOT VOTING—14

- Berman Luther Schiff
Doolittle McDade Shimkus
Gonzalez Poshard Smith (OR)
Harman Riggs Yates
Kilpatrick Schaefer, Dan

So the amendment was not agreed to.

After some further time,

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONILLA, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Chairman, pursuant to House Resolution 376, reported the bill back to the House with an amendment adopted by the Committee.

The previous question having been ordered by said resolution.

Mr. SOLOMON demanded a separate vote on the SOLOMON amendment, as amended.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to the following amendment, as amended, on which a separate vote had been demanded?

In section 3, amend subsection (b) to read as follows:

(b) OFFICIAL ENGLISH LANGUAGE.—In the event that a referendum held under this Act results in approval of sovereignty leading to Statehood, upon accession to Statehood, the official language requirements of the Federal Government would apply to Puerto Rico in the same manner and to the same extent as throughout the United States.

Add at the end of section 3 the following new subsection:

(c) ENGLISH LANGUAGE EMPOWERMENT.—It is in the best interest of the Nation for Puerto Rico to promote the teaching of English as the language of opportunity and empowerment in the United States in order to enable students in public schools to achieve English language proficiency by the age of 10.

In section 4(a), in the referendum language for Statehood, amend paragraph (7) to read as follows:

"(7) Official English language requirements of the Federal Government apply in Puerto Rico to the same extent as Federal law requires throughout the United States."

In subparagraph (C) of section 4(B)(1), strike "(C) Additionally," and all that follows through "(ii) the effective date" and insert the following:

(C) Additionally, in the event of a vote in favor of continued United States sovereignty leading to Statehood, the transition plan required by this subsection shall—

(i) include proposals and incentives to increase the opportunities of the people of Puerto Rico to expand their English proficiency in order to promote and facilitate communication with residents of all other States of the United States and with the Federal Government, including teaching in English in public schools, awarding fellowships and scholarships, and providing grants to organizations located in various communities that have, as a purpose, the promotion of English language skills;

(ii) promote the use of English by the United States citizens in Puerto Rico in order to ensure—

(I) efficiency in the conduct and coordination of the official business activities of the Federal and State Governments;

(II) that the citizens possess the language skill necessary to contribute to and participate in all aspects of the Nation; and

(III) the ability of all citizens of Puerto Rico to take full advantage of the opportunities and responsibilities accorded to all citizens, including education, economic activities, occupational opportunities, and civic affairs; and

(iii) include the effective date

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONILLA, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. SOLOMON demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said amendment, as amended, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative Yeas 240 Nays 177

13.27 [Roll No. 36]

AYES—240

- Abercrombie Barrett (NE) Berry
Ackerman Barrett (WI) Bishop
Allen Barton Blagojevich
Andrews Becerra Blumenauer
Baldacci Bentsen Boehlert
Barcia Bereuter Bonilla

Bonior	Hastings (FL)	Nussle
Borski	Hefner	Oberstar
Boswell	Hilliard	Obey
Boucher	Hinchey	Olver
Boyd	Hinojosa	Ortiz
Brown (CA)	Hooley	Owens
Brown (FL)	Hostettler	Oxley
Brown (OH)	Houghton	Pallone
Burton	Hoyer	Pascarell
Campbell	Hulshof	Pastor
Cannon	Jackson (IL)	Payne
Cardin	Jackson-Lee	Pelosi
Carson	(TX)	Peterson (MN)
Castle	Jefferson	Pomeroy
Christensen	John	Price (NC)
Clay	Johnson (WI)	Quinn
Clayton	Johnson, E. B.	Radanovich
Clement	Kanjorski	Rahall
Clyburn	Kaptur	Rangel
Condit	Kelly	Redmond
Conyers	Kennedy (MA)	Reyes
Cook	Kennedy (RI)	Rivers
Costello	Kennelly	Rodriguez
Coyne	Kildee	Roemer
Cramer	Kim	Ros-Lehtinen
Cummings	Kind (WI)	Rothman
Danner	King (NY)	Roybal-Allard
Davis (FL)	Kleccka	Rush
Davis (IL)	Klink	Sabo
DeFazio	Kolbe	Sanchez
DeGette	Kucinich	Sanders
Delahunt	LaFalce	Sandlin
DeLauro	Lampson	Sawyer
Deutsch	Lantos	Saxton
Diaz-Balart	Lazio	Schumer
Dicks	Leach	Scott
Dingell	Levin	Serrano
Dixon	Lewis (GA)	Shaw
Doggett	Lofgren	Sherman
Dooley	Lowey	Skaggs
Doyle	Maloney (CT)	Skeen
Edwards	Maloney (NY)	Skelton
Ehlers	Manton	Slaughter
Ehrlich	Markey	Smith (NJ)
Engel	Martinez	Smith (TX)
English	Mascara	Smith, Adam
Eshoo	Matsui	Snyder
Etheridge	McCarthy (MO)	Spratt
Evans	McCarthy (NY)	Stabenow
Ewing	McCollum	Stark
Farr	McDermott	Stokes
Fattah	McGovern	Strickland
Fazio	McHale	Stupak
Filner	McHugh	Tanner
Foley	McInnis	Tauscher
Forbes	McIntyre	Tauzin
Ford	McKeon	Taylor (MS)
Fossella	McKinney	Thompson
Fox	McNulty	Thurman
Frank (MA)	Meehan	Tierney
Frost	Meek (FL)	Torres
Furse	MEEKS (NY)	Turner
Gallegly	Mica	Vento
Gejdenson	Millender-	Visclosky
Gekas	McDonald	Walsh
Gephardt	Miller (CA)	Waters
Gilchrest	Minge	Watt (NC)
Gillmor	Mink	Waxman
Gilman	Moakley	Wexler
Gordon	Mollohan	Weygand
Granger	Moran (VA)	Wise
Green	Morella	Woolsey
Greenwood	Murtha	Wynn
Hall (OH)	Nadler	Young (AK)
Hamilton	Neal	

NOES—177

Aderholt	Camp	Ensign
Archer	Canady	Everett
Armey	Chabot	Fawell
Bachus	Chambliss	Fowler
Baesler	Chenoweth	Franks (NJ)
Baker	Coble	Frelinghuysen
Balanger	Coburn	Ganske
Barr	Collins	Gibbons
Bartlett	Combest	Goode
Bass	Cooksey	Goodlatte
Bateman	Cox	Goodling
Bilbray	Crane	Goss
Bilirakis	Crapo	Graham
Billey	Cubin	Gutierrez
Blunt	Cunningham	Gutknecht
Boehner	Davis (VA)	Hall (TX)
Brady	Deal	Hansen
Bryant	DeLay	Hastert
Bunning	Dickey	Hastings (WA)
Burr	Dreier	Hayworth
Buyer	Duncan	Hefley
Callahan	Dunn	Hergert
Calvert	Emerson	Hill

Hilleary	Myrick	Shadegg
Hobson	Nethercutt	Shays
Hoekstra	Neumann	Shuster
Holden	Ney	Sisisky
Horn	Northup	Smith (MI)
Hunter	Norwood	Smith (OR)
Hutchinson	Packard	Smith, Linda
Hyde	Pappas	Snowbarger
Hoyer	Parker	Solomon
Istook	Paul	Souder
Jenkins	Paxon	Spence
Johnson (CT)	Pease	Stearns
Johnson, Sam	Peterson (PA)	Stenholm
Jones	Petri	Stump
Kasich	Pickering	Sununu
Kingston	Pickett	Talent
Klug	Pitts	Taylor (NC)
Knollenberg	Pombo	Thomas
LaHood	Porter	Thornberry
Largent	Portman	Thune
Latham	Pryce (OH)	Tiahrt
LaTourette	Ramstad	Towns
Lewis (CA)	Regula	Traficant
Lewis (KY)	Riley	Upton
Linder	Rogan	Velazquez
Lipinski	Rogers	Wamp
Livingston	Rohrabacher	Watkins
LoBiondo	Roukema	Watts (OK)
Lucas	Royce	Weldon (FL)
Manzullo	Ryun	Weldon (PA)
McCrery	Salmon	Weller
McIntosh	Sanford	White
Menendez	Scarborough	Whitfield
Metcalf	Schaffer, Bob	Wicker
Miller (FL)	Sensenbrenner	Wolf
Moran (KS)	Sessions	Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—13

Berman	Luther	Schiff
Doolittle	McDade	Shimkus
Gonzalez	Poshard	Yates
Harman	Riggs	
Kilpatrick	Schaefer, Dan	

So the amendment, as amended, was agreed to.

The following amendment, reported from the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, was agreed to:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “United States-Puerto Rico Political Status Act”.

(b) **TABLE OF CONTENTS.**—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title, table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Policy.
- Sec. 4. Process for Puerto Rican full self-government, including the initial decision stage, transition stage, and implementation stage.
- Sec. 5. Requirements relating to referenda, including inconclusive referendum and applicable laws.
- Sec. 6. Congressional procedures for consideration of legislation.
- Sec. 7. Availability of funds for the referenda.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds the following:
 (1) Puerto Rico was ceded to the United States and came under this Nation’s sovereignty pursuant to the Treaty of Paris ending the Spanish-American War in 1898. Article IX of the Treaty of Paris recognized the authority of Congress to provide for the political status of the inhabitants of the territory.

(2) Consistent with establishment of United States nationality for inhabitants of Puerto Rico under the Treaty of Paris, Congress has exercised its powers under the Territorial Clause of the Constitution (article IV, section 3, clause 2) to provide by several statutes beginning in 1917, for the United States citizenship status of persons born in Puerto Rico.

(3) Consistent with the Territorial Clause and rulings of the United States Supreme Court, partial application of the United States Constitution has been established in the unincorporated territories of the United States including Puerto Rico.

(4) In 1950, Congress prescribed a procedure for instituting internal self-government for Puerto Rico pursuant to statutory authorization for a local constitution. A local constitution was approved by the people of Puerto Rico, approved by Congress, subject to conforming amendment by Puerto Rico, and thereupon given effect in 1952 after acceptance of congressional conditions by the Puerto Rico Constitutional Convention and an appropriate proclamation by the Governor. The approved constitution established the structure for constitutional government in respect of internal affairs without altering Puerto Rico’s fundamental political, social, and economic relationship with the United States and without restricting the authority of Congress under the Territorial Clause to determine the application of Federal law to Puerto Rico, resulting in the present “Commonwealth” structure for local self-government. The Commonwealth remains an unincorporated territory and does not have the status of “free association” with the United States as that status is defined under United States law or international practice.

(5) In 1953, the United States transmitted to the Secretary-General of the United Nations for circulation to its Members a formal notification that the United States no longer would transmit information regarding Puerto Rico to the United Nations pursuant to Article 73(e) of its Charter. The formal United States notification document informed the United Nations that the cessation of information on Puerto Rico was based on the “new constitutional arrangements” in the territory, and the United States expressly defined the scope of the “full measure” of local self-government in Puerto Rico as extending to matters of “internal government and administration, subject only to compliance with applicable provisions of the Federal Constitution, the Puerto Rico Federal Relations Act and the acts of Congress authorizing and approving the Constitution, as may be interpreted by judicial decision.” Thereafter, the General Assembly of the United Nations, based upon consent of the inhabitants of the territory and the United States explanation of the new status as approved by Congress, adopted Resolution 748 (VIII) by a vote of 22 to 18 with 19 abstentions, thereby accepting the United States determination to cease reporting to the United Nations on the status of Puerto Rico.

(6) In 1960, the United Nations General Assembly approved Resolution 1541 (XV), clarifying that under United Nations standards regarding the political status options available to the people of territories yet to complete the process for achieving full self-government, the three established forms of full self-government are national independence, free association based on separate sovereignty, or full integration with another nation on the basis of equality.

(7) The ruling of the United States Supreme Court in the 1980 case *Harris v. Rosario* (446 U.S. 651) confirmed that Congress continues to exercise authority over Puerto Rico pursuant to the Territorial Clause found at Article IV, section 3, clause 2 of the United States Constitution; and in the 1982 case of *Rodriguez v. Popular Democratic Party* (457 U.S. 1), the Court confirmed that the Congress delegated powers of administration to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico sufficient for it to function “like a State” and as “an autonomous political entity” in respect of internal affairs and administration, “sovereign over matters not ruled

by the Constitution" of the United States. These rulings constitute judicial interpretation of Puerto Rico's status which is in accordance with the clear intent of Congress that establishment of local constitutional government in 1952 did not alter Puerto Rico's fundamental status.

(8) In a joint letter dated January 17, 1989, cosigned by the Governor of Puerto Rico in his capacity as president of one of Puerto Rico's principal political parties and the presidents of the two other principal political parties of Puerto Rico, the United States was formally advised that " * * * the People of Puerto Rico wish to be consulted as to their preference with regards to their ultimate political status", and the joint letter stated " * * * that since Puerto Rico came under the sovereignty of the United States of America through the Treaty of Paris in 1898, the People of Puerto Rico have not been formally consulted by the United States of America as to their choice of their ultimate political status".

(9) In the 1989 State of the Union Message, President George Bush urged the Congress to take the necessary steps to authorize a federally recognized process allowing the people of Puerto Rico, for the first time since the Treaty of Paris entered into force, to freely express their wishes regarding their future political status in a congressionally recognized referendum, a step in the process of self-determination which the Congress has yet to authorize.

(10) On November 14, 1993, the Government of Puerto Rico conducted a plebiscite initiated under local law on Puerto Rico's political status. In that vote none of the three status propositions received a majority of the votes cast. The results of that vote were: 48.6 percent for a commonwealth option, 46.3 percent statehood, and 4.4 percent independence.

(11) In a letter dated December 2, 1994, President William Jefferson Clinton informed leaders in Congress that an Executive Branch Interagency Working Group on Puerto Rico had been organized to coordinate the review, development, and implementation of executive branch policy concerning issues affecting Puerto Rico, including the November 1993 plebiscite.

(12) Under the Territorial Clause of the Constitution, Congress has the authority and responsibility to determine Federal policy and clarify status issues in order to resolve the issue of Puerto Rico's final status.

(13) On January 23, 1997, the Puerto Rico Legislature enacted Concurrent Resolution 2, which requested the 105th Congress " * * * to respond to the democratic aspirations of the American citizens of Puerto Rico" by approving legislation authorizing " * * * a plebiscite sponsored by the Federal Government, to be held no later than 1998".

(14) Nearly 4,000,000 United States citizens live in the islands of Puerto Rico, which have been under United States sovereignty and within the United States customs territory for almost 100 years, making Puerto Rico the oldest, largest, and most populous United States island territory at the southeastern-most boundary of our Nation, located astride the strategic shipping lanes of the Atlantic Ocean and Caribbean Sea.

(15) Full self-government is attainable only through establishment of a political status which is based on either separate sovereignty and nationality or full and equal United States nationality and citizenship through membership in the Union.

SEC. 3. POLICY.

(a) CONGRESSIONAL COMMITMENT.—In recognition of the significant level of local self-government which has been attained by Puerto Rico, and the responsibility of the Federal Government to enable the people of

the territory to freely express their wishes regarding political status and achieve full self-government, this Act is adopted with a commitment to encourage the development and implementation of procedures through which the permanent political status of the people of Puerto Rico can be determined.

(b) OFFICIAL ENGLISH LANGUAGE.—In the event that a referendum held under this Act results in approval of sovereignty leading to Statehood, upon accession to Statehood, the official language requirements of the Federal Government shall apply to Puerto Rico in the same manner and to the same extent as throughout the United States.

(c) ENGLISH LANGUAGE EMPOWERMENT.—It is in the best interest of the Nation for Puerto Rico to promote the teaching of English as the language of opportunity and empowerment in the United States in order to enable students in public schools to achieve English language proficiency by the age of 10.

SEC. 4. PROCESS FOR PUERTO RICAN FULL SELF-GOVERNMENT, INCLUDING THE INITIAL DECISION STAGE, TRANSITION STAGE, AND IMPLEMENTATION STAGE.

(a) INITIAL DECISION STAGE.—A referendum on Puerto Rico's political status is authorized to be held not later than December 31, 1998. The referendum shall be held pursuant to this Act and in accordance with the applicable provisions of Puerto Rico's electoral law and other relevant statutes consistent with this Act. Approval of a status option must be by a majority of the valid votes cast. The referendum shall be on the approval of 1 of the 3 options presented on the ballot as follows:

"Instructions: Mark the status option you choose as each is defined below. Ballot with more than 1 option marked will not be counted.

"A. COMMONWEALTH.—If you agree, mark here _____

"Puerto Rico should retain Commonwealth, in which—

"(1) Puerto Rico is joined in a relationship with and under the national sovereignty of the United States. It is the policy of the Congress that this relationship should only be dissolved by mutual consent.

"(2) Under this political relationship, Puerto Rico like a State is an autonomous political entity, sovereign over matters not ruled by the Constitution of the United States. In the exercise of this sovereignty, the laws of the Commonwealth shall govern in Puerto Rico to the extent that they are consistent with the Constitution, treaties, and laws of the United States. Congress retains its constitutional authority to enact laws it deems necessary relating to Puerto Rico.

"(3) Persons born in Puerto Rico have United States citizenship by statute as secured by the Constitution. It is the policy of the United States that citizenship will continue to be granted to persons born in Puerto Rico. The rights, privileges, and immunities provided for by the United States Constitution apply in Puerto Rico, except where limited by the Constitution to citizens residing in a State.

"(4) Puerto Rico will continue to participate in Federal programs and may be enabled to participate equally with the States in the programs where it is not now participating equally contingent on the payment of contributions, which may include payment of taxes, as provided by Federal law.

"B. SEPARATE SOVEREIGNTY.—If you agree, mark here _____

"The people of Puerto Rico should become fully self-governing through separate sovereignty in the form of independence or free association, in which—

"(1) Puerto Rico is a sovereign Republic which has full authority and responsibility over its territory and population under a

constitution which is the supreme law, providing for a republican form of government and the protection of human rights;

"(2) the Republic of Puerto Rico is a member of the community of nations vested with full powers and responsibilities for its own fiscal and monetary policy, immigration, trade, and the conduct in its own name and right of relations with other nations and international organizations, including the rights and responsibilities that devolve upon a sovereign nation under the general principles of international law;

"(3) the residents of Puerto Rico owe allegiance to and have the nationality and citizenship of the Republic of Puerto Rico;

"(4) the Constitution and laws of the United States no longer apply in Puerto Rico, and United States sovereignty in Puerto Rico is ended; thereupon birth in Puerto Rico or relationship to persons with statutory United States citizenship by birth in the former territory shall cease to be a basis for United States nationality or citizenship, except that persons who had such United States citizenship have a statutory right to retain United States nationality and citizenship for life, by entitlement or election as provided by the United States Congress, based on continued allegiance to the United States: *Provided*, That such persons will not have this statutory United States nationality and citizenship status upon having or maintaining allegiance, nationality, and citizenship rights in any sovereign nation, including the Republic of Puerto Rico, other than the United States;

"(5) the previously vested rights of individuals in Puerto Rico to benefits based upon past services rendered or contributions made to the United States shall be honored by the United States as provided by Federal law;

"(6) Puerto Rico and the United States seek to develop friendly and cooperative relations in matters of mutual interest as agreed in treaties approved pursuant to their respective constitutional processes, and laws including economic and programmatic assistance at levels and for a reasonable period as provided on a government-to-government basis, trade between customs territories, transit of citizens in accordance with immigration laws, and status of United States military forces; and

"(7) a free association relationship may be established based on separate sovereign republic status as defined above, but with such delegations of government functions and other cooperative arrangements as may be agreed to by both parties under a bilateral pact terminable at will by either the United States or Puerto Rico.

"C. STATEHOOD.—If you agree, mark here _____

"Puerto Rico should become fully self governing through Statehood, in which—

"(1) the people of Puerto Rico are fully self-governing with their rights secured under the United States Constitution, which shall be fully applicable in Puerto Rico and which, with the laws and treaties of the United States, is the supreme law and has the same force and effect as in the other States of the Union;

"(2) the State of Puerto Rico becomes a part of the permanent union of the United States of America, subject to the United States Constitution, with powers not prohibited by the Constitution to the States, reserved to the State of Puerto Rico in its sovereignty or to the people;

"(3) United States citizenship of those born in Puerto Rico is recognized, protected and secured in the same way it is for all United States citizens born in the other States;

"(4) rights, freedoms, and benefits as well as duties and responsibilities of citizenship, including payment of Federal taxes, apply in the same manner as in the several States;

"(5) Puerto Rico is represented by two members in the United States Senate and is represented in the House of Representatives proportionate to the population;

"(6) United States citizens in Puerto Rico are enfranchised to vote in elections for the President and Vice President of the United States; and

"(7) Official English language requirements of the Federal Government apply in Puerto Rico to the same extent as Federal law requires throughout the United States."

(b) TRANSITION STAGE.—

(1) PLAN.—(A) Within 180 days of the receipt of the results of the referendum from the Government of Puerto Rico certifying approval of a ballot choice of full self-government in a referendum held pursuant to subsection (a), the President shall develop and submit to Congress legislation for a transition plan of not more than 10 years which leads to full self-government for Puerto Rico consistent with the terms of this Act and the results of the referendum and in consultation with officials of the three branches of the Government of Puerto Rico, the principal political parties of Puerto Rico, and other interested persons as may be appropriate.

(B) Additionally, in the event of a vote in favor of separate sovereignty, the Legislature of Puerto Rico, if deemed appropriate, may provide by law for the calling of a constituent convention to formulate, in accordance with procedures prescribed by law, Puerto Rico's proposals and recommendations to implement the referendum results. If a convention is called for this purpose, any proposals and recommendations formally adopted by such convention within time limits of this Act shall be transmitted to Congress by the President with the transition plan required by this section, along with the views of the President regarding the compatibility of such proposals and recommendations with the United States Constitution and this Act, and identifying which, if any, of such proposals and recommendations have been addressed in the President's proposed transition plan.

(C) Additionally, in the event of a vote in favor of continued United States sovereignty leading to Statehood, the transition plan required by this subsection shall—

(i) include proposals and incentives to increase the opportunities of the people of Puerto Rico to expand their English proficiency in order to promote and facilitate communication with residents of all other States of the United States and with the Federal Government, including teaching in English in public schools, awarding fellowships and scholarships, and providing grants to organizations located in various communities that have, as a purpose, the promotion of English language skills;

(ii) promote the use of English by the United States citizens in Puerto Rico in order to ensure—

(I) efficiency in the conduct and coordination of the official business activities of the Federal and State Governments;

(II) that the citizens possess the language skill necessary to contribute to and participate in all aspects of the Nation; and

(III) the ability of all citizens of Puerto Rico to take full advantage of the opportunities and responsibilities accorded to all citizens, including education, economic activities, occupational opportunities, and civic affairs; and

(iii) include the effective date of incorporation, thereby permitting the greatest degree of flexibility for the phase-in of Federal programs and the development of the economy through fiscal incentives, alternative tax arrangements, and other measures.

(D) In the event of a vote in favor of Commonwealth, the Government of Puerto Rico

may call a Special Convention to develop proposals for submission to the President and the Congress for changes in Federal policy on matters of economic and social concern to the people of Puerto Rico. The President and the Congress, as appropriate, shall expeditiously consider any such proposals. The Commonwealth would assume any expenses related to increased responsibilities resulting from such proposals.

(2) CONGRESSIONAL CONSIDERATION.—The plan shall be considered by the Congress in accordance with section 6.

(3) PUERTO RICAN APPROVAL.—

(A) Not later than 180 days after enactment of an Act pursuant to paragraph (1) providing for the transition to full self-government for Puerto Rico as approved in the initial decision referendum held under subsection (a), a referendum shall be held under the applicable provisions of Puerto Rico's electoral law on the question of approval of the transition plan.

(B) Approval must be by a majority of the valid votes cast. The results of the referendum shall be certified to the President of the United States.

(c) IMPLEMENTATION STAGE.—

(1) PRESIDENTIAL RECOMMENDATION.—Not less than two years prior to the end of the period of the transition provided for in the transition plan approved under subsection (b), the President shall submit to Congress a joint resolution with a recommendation for the date of termination of the transition and the date of implementation of full self-government for Puerto Rico within the transition period consistent with the ballot choice approved under subsection (a).

(2) CONGRESSIONAL CONSIDERATION.—The joint resolution shall be considered by the Congress in accordance with section 6.

(3) PUERTO RICAN APPROVAL.—

(A) Within 180 days after enactment of the terms of implementation for full self-government for Puerto Rico, a referendum shall be held under the applicable provisions of Puerto Rico's electoral laws on the question of the approval of the terms of implementation for full self-government for Puerto Rico.

(B) Approval must be by a majority of the valid votes cast. The results of the referendum shall be certified to the President of the United States.

SEC. 5. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO REFERENDA, INCLUDING INCONCLUSIVE REFERENDUM AND APPLICABLE LAWS.

(a) APPLICABLE LAWS.—

(1) REFERENDA UNDER PUERTO RICAN LAWS.—The referenda held under this Act shall be conducted in accordance with the applicable laws of Puerto Rico, including laws of Puerto Rico under which voter eligibility is determined and which require United States citizenship and establish other statutory requirements for voter eligibility of residents and nonresidents.

(2) FEDERAL LAWS.—The Federal laws applicable to the election of the Resident Commissioner of Puerto Rico shall, as appropriate and consistent with this Act, also apply to the referenda. Any reference in such Federal laws to elections shall be considered, as appropriate, to be a reference to the referenda, unless it would frustrate the purposes of this Act.

(b) CERTIFICATION OF REFERENDA RESULTS.—The results of each referendum held under this Act shall be certified to the President of the United States and the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States by the Government of Puerto Rico.

(c) CONSULTATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR INCONCLUSIVE REFERENDUM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If a referendum provided in section 4(b) or (c) of this Act does not result in approval of a fully self-governing status, the President, in consultation with offi-

cial of the three branches of the Government of Puerto Rico, the principal political parties of Puerto Rico, and other interested persons as may be appropriate, shall make recommendations to the Congress within 180 days of receipt of the results of the referendum regarding completion of the self-determination process for Puerto Rico under the authority of Congress.

(2) ADDITIONAL REFERENDA.—To ensure that the Congress is able on a continuing basis to exercise its Territorial Clause powers with due regard for the wishes of the people of Puerto Rico respecting resolution of Puerto Rico's permanent future political status, in the event that a referendum conducted under section 4(a) does not result in a majority vote for separate sovereignty or statehood, there is authorized to be further referenda in accordance with this Act, but not less than once every 10 years.

SEC. 6. CONGRESSIONAL PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF LEGISLATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The majority leader of the House of Representatives (or his designee) and the majority leader of the Senate (or his designee) shall each introduce legislation (by request) providing for the transition plan under section 4(b) and the implementation recommendation under section 4(c) not later than 5 legislative days after the date of receipt by Congress of the submission by the President under that section, as the case may be.

(b) REFERRAL.—The legislation shall be referred on the date of introduction to the appropriate committee or committees in accordance with rules of the respective Houses. The legislation shall be reported not later than the 120th calendar day after the date of its introduction. If any such committee fails to report the bill within that period, that committee shall be automatically discharged from consideration of the legislation, and the legislation shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.

(c) CONSIDERATION.—

(1) After the 14th legislative day after the date on which the last committee of the House of Representatives or the Senate, as the case may be, has reported or been discharged from further consideration of such legislation, it is in order after the legislation has been on the calendar for 14 legislative days for any Member of that House in favor of the legislation to move to proceed to the consideration of the legislation (after consultation with the presiding officer of that House as to scheduling) to move to proceed to its consideration at any time after the third legislative day on which the Member announces to the respective House concerned the Member's intention to do so. All points of order against the motion to proceed and against consideration of that motion are waived. The motion is highly privileged in the House of Representatives and is privileged in the Senate and is not debatable. The motion is not subject to amendment, or to a motion to postpone, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of the legislation is agreed to, the respective House shall immediately proceed to consideration of the legislation without intervening motion (exception one motion to adjourn), order, or other business.

(2)(A) In the House of Representatives, during consideration of the legislation in the Committee of the Whole, the first reading of the legislation shall be dispensed with. General debate shall be confined to the legislation, and shall not exceed 4 hours equally divided and controlled by a proponent and an opponent of the legislation. After general debate, the legislation shall be considered as

read for amendment under the five-minute rule. Consideration of the legislation for amendment shall not exceed 4 hours excluding time for recorded votes and quorum calls. At the conclusion of the bill for amendment, the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the legislation and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion, except one motion to recommit with or without instructions. A motion to reconsider the vote on passage of the legislation shall not be in order.

(B) In the Senate, debate on the legislation, and all amendments thereto and debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 25 hours. The time shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and the minority leader or their designees. No amendment that is not germane to the provisions of such legislation shall be received. A motion to further limit debate is not debatable.

(3) Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to the legislation described in subsection (a) shall be decided without debate.

(d) CONSIDERATION BY OTHER HOUSE.—(1) If, before the passage by one House of the legislation described in subsection (a) that was introduced in that House, that House receives from the other House the legislation described in subsection (a)—

(A) the legislation of the other House shall not be referred to a committee and may not be considered in the House that receives it otherwise than on final passage under subparagraph (B)(ii) or (iii); and

(B)(i) the procedure in the House that receives such legislation with respect to such legislation that was introduced in that House shall be the same as if no legislation had been received from the other House; but

(ii) in the case of legislation received from the other House that is identical to the legislation as engrossed by the receiving House, the vote on final passage shall be on the legislation of the other House; or

(iii) after passage of the legislation, the legislation of the other House shall be considered as amended with the text of the legislation just passed and shall be considered as passed, and that House shall be considered to have insisted on its amendment and requested a conference with the other House.

(2) Upon disposition of the legislation described in subsection (a) that is received by one House from the other House, it shall no longer be in order to consider such legislation that was introduced in the receiving House.

(e) CONFERENCE.—Upon receiving from the other House a message in which that House insists upon its amendment to the legislation and requests a conference with the House of Representatives or the Senate, as the case may be, on the disagreeing votes thereon, the House receiving the request shall be considered to have disagreed to the amendment of the other House and agreed to the conference requested by that House.

(f) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this section, the term "legislative day" means a day on which the House of Representatives or the Senate, as appropriate, is in session.

(g) EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWER.—The provisions of this section are enacted by the Congress—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of Representatives and, as such, shall be considered as part of the rules of each House and shall supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent therewith; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as they relate to the procedures of that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.

SEC. 7. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR THE REFERENDA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) AVAILABILITY OF AMOUNTS DERIVED FROM TAX ON FOREIGN RUM.—During the period beginning October 1, 1997, and ending on the date the President determines that all referenda required by this Act have been held, from the amounts covered into the treasury of Puerto Rico under section 7652(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the Secretary of the Treasury—

(A) upon request and in the amounts identified from time to time by the President, shall make the amounts so identified available to the treasury of Puerto Rico for the purposes specified in subsection (b); and

(B) shall transfer all remaining amounts to the treasury of Puerto Rico, as under current law.

(2) REPORT OF REFERENDA EXPENDITURES.—Within 180 days after each referendum required by this Act, and after the end of the period specified in paragraph (1), the President, in consultation with the Government of Puerto Rico, shall submit a report to the United States Senate and United States House of Representatives on the amounts made available under paragraph (1)(A) and all other amounts expended by the State Elections Commission of Puerto Rico for referenda pursuant to this Act.

(b) GRANTS FOR CONDUCTING REFERENDA AND VOTER EDUCATION.—From amounts made available under subsection (a)(1), the Government of Puerto Rico shall make grants to the State Elections Commission of Puerto Rico for referenda held pursuant to the terms of this Act, as follows:

(1) Fifty percent shall be available only for costs of conducting the referenda.

(2) Fifty percent shall be available only for voter education funds for the central ruling body of the political party, parties, or other qualifying entities advocating a particular ballot choice. The amount allocated for advocating a ballot choice under this paragraph shall be apportioned equally among the parties advocating that choice.

(c) ADDITIONAL RESOURCES.—In addition to amounts made available by this Act, the Puerto Rico Legislature may allocate additional resources for administrative and voter education costs to each party so long as the distribution of funds is consistent with the apportionment requirements of subsection (b).

The bill, as amended, was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read a third time by title.

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONILLA, announced that the nays had it.

Mr. BURTON demanded a recorded vote on passage of said bill, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 209 Nays 208

Table listing names of representatives: Barrett (WI), Becerra, Bentsen, Bishop, Blagojevich, Blumenauer, Boehlert, Bonilla, Bonior, Borski, Boswell, Boucher, Boyd, Brown (CA), Brown (FL), Brown (OH), Burton, Buyer, Calvert, Cannon, Cardin, Carson, Clay, Clayton, Clement, Clyburn, Condit, Conyers, Cooksey, Coyne, Cummings, Davis (FL), Davis (VA), DeFazio, DeGette, Delahunt, DeLauro, DeLay, Deutsch, Diaz-Balart, Dicks, Dingell, Dixon, Doggett, Dooley, Doyle, Edwards, Ehlers, Engel, English, Eshoo, Etheridge, Evans, Farr, Fattah, Fazio, Filner, Foley, Forbes, Ford, Frank (MA), Franks (NJ), Frelinghuysen, Frost, Furse, Gallegly, Gejdenson, Gekas, Gephardt, Gilchrest, Gilman, Granger, Green, Hall (OH), Hamilton, Hastings (FL), Hefner, Hilliard, Hinchey, Hinojosa, Holden, Hooley, Hoyer, Jackson (IL), Jackson-Lee (TX), Jefferson, John, Johnson, E. B., Kanjorski, Kelly, Kennedy (MA), Kennedy (RI), Kennelly, Kildee, Kim, King (NY), Klink, Kolbe, Kucinich, LaFalce, Lampson, Lantos, Lazio, Leach, Levin, Lewis (GA), Lofgren, Lowey, Maloney (CT), Maloney (NY), Manton, Markey, Martinez, Mascara, Matsui, McCarthy (MO), McCarthy (NY), McCollum, McDermott, McGovern, McHale, McKeon, McKinney, McNulty, Meehan, Meek (FL), Meeks (NY), Mica, Millender, McDonald, Miller (CA), Minge, Mink, Moakley, Mollohan, Moran (VA), Morella, Murtha, Nadler, Neal, Oberstar, Olver, Ortiz, Owens, Pallone, Parker, Pascrell, Pastor, Payne, Pelosi, Peterson (PA), Pombo, Pomeroy, Price (NC), Quinn, Rahall, Rangel, Redmond, Reyes, Rodriguez, Roemer, Ros-Lehtinen, Rothman, Roybal-Allard, Sabo, Sanchez, Sanders, Sandlin, Sawyer, Saxton, Schumer, Scott, Serrano, Skaggs, Skeen, Slaughter, Smith (NJ), Smith, Adam, Snyder, Spratt, Stark, Stenholm, Stokes, Stupak, Tauscher, Tauzin, Taylor (MS), Thompson, Thurman, Tierney, Torres, Turner, Vento, Visclosky, Walsh, Waters, Watt (NC), Waxman, Wexler, Weygand, Wise, Woolsey, Wynn, Young (AK)

NOES—208

Table listing names of representatives: Aderholt, Archer, Armye, Bachus, Baesler, Baker, Ballenger, Barr, Barrett (NE), Bartlett, Barton, Bass, Bateman, Bereuter, Berry, Bilbray, Bilirakis, Bliley, Blunt, Boehner, Brady, Bryant, Bunning, Burr, Callahan, Camp, Campbell, Canady, Castle, Chabot, Chambliss, Chenoweth, Christensen, Coble, Coburn, Collins, Combust, Cook, Costello, Cox, Cramer, Crane, Crapo, Cubin, Cunningham, Danner, Davis (IL), Deal, Dickey, Dreier, Duncan, Dunn, Ehrlich, Emerson, Ensign, Everett, Ewing, Fawell, Fossella, Fowler, Fox, Ganske, Gibbons, Gillmor, Goode, Goodlatte, Goodling, Gordon, Goss, Graham, Greenwood, Gutierrez, Gutknecht, Hall (TX), Hansen, Hastert, Hastings (WA), Hayworth, Hefley, Herger, Hill, Hilleary, Hobson, Hoekstra, Horn, Hostettler, Houghton

¶13.28

[Roll No. 37]

AYES—209

Table listing names of representatives: Abercrombie, Ackerman, Allen, Andrews, Baldacci, Barcia

Hulshof	Neumann	Sherman
Hunter	Ney	Shuster
Hutchinson	Northup	Sisisky
Hyde	Norwood	Skelton
Inglis	Nussle	Smith (MI)
Istook	Obey	Smith (OR)
Jenkins	Oxley	Smith (TX)
Johnson (CT)	Packard	Smith, Linda
Johnson (WI)	Pappas	Snowbarger
Johnson, Sam	Paul	Solomon
Jones	Paxon	Souder
Kaptur	Pease	Spence
Kasich	Peterson (MN)	Stabenow
Kind (WI)	Petri	Stearns
Kingston	Pickering	Strickland
Klecza	Pickett	Stump
Klug	Pitts	Sununu
Knollenberg	Porter	Talent
LaHood	Portman	Tanner
Largent	Pryce (OH)	Taylor (NC)
Latham	Radanovich	Thomas
LaTourette	Ramstad	Thornberry
Lewis (CA)	Regula	Thune
Lewis (KY)	Riley	Tiahrt
Linder	Rivers	Towns
Lipinski	Rogan	Trafficant
Livingston	Rogers	Upton
LoBiondo	Rohrabacher	Velazquez
Lucas	Roukema	Wamp
Manzullo	Royce	Watkins
McCrery	Rush	Watts (OK)
McHugh	Ryun	Weldon (FL)
McInnis	Salmon	Weldon (PA)
McIntosh	Sanford	Weller
McIntyre	Scarborough	White
Menendez	Schaffer, Bob	Whitfield
Metcalf	Sensenbrenner	Wicker
Miller (FL)	Sessions	Wolf
Moran (KS)	Shadegg	Young (FL)
Myrick	Shaw	
Nethercutt	Shays	

NOT VOTING—13

Berman	Luther	Schiff
Doolittle	McDade	Shimkus
Gonzalez	Poshard	Yates
Harman	Riggs	
Kilpatrick	Schaefer, Dan	

So the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

13.29 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—REPORT ON U.S. CITIZENS PAYMENTS TO CUBA

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONILLA, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

This report is submitted pursuant to 1705(e)(6) of the Cuban Democracy Act of 1992, 22 U.S.C. 6004(e)(6) (the "CDA"), as amended by section 102(g) of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996, Public Law 104-114 (March 12, 1996), 110 Stat. 785, 22 U.S.C. 6021-91 (the "LIBERTAD Act"), which requires that I report to the Congress on a semiannual basis detailing payments made to Cuba by any United States person as a result of the provision of telecommunications services authorized by this subsection.

The CDA, which provides that telecommunications services are permitted between the United States and Cuba, specifically authorizes the President to provide for payments to Cuba by license. The CDA states that licenses may be issued for full or partial settlement of telecommunications services with Cuba, but may not require any withdrawal from a blocked account. Following enactment of the CDA on October 23, 1992, a number of U.S. tele-

communications companies successfully negotiated agreements to provide telecommunications services between the United States and Cuba consistent with policy guidelines developed by the Department of State and the Federal Communications Commission.

Subsequent to enactment of the CDA, the Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) amended the Cuban Assets Control Regulations, 31 C.F.R. Part 515 (the "CACR"), to provide for specific licensing on a case-by-case basis for certain transactions incident to the receipt or transmission of telecommunications between the United States and Cuba, 31 C.F.R. 515.542(c), including settlement of charges under traffic agreements.

The OFAC has issued eight licenses authorizing transactions incident to the receipt or transmission of telecommunications between the United States and Cuba since the enactment of the CDA. None of these licenses permits payments to the Government of Cuba from a blocked account. For the period July 1 through December 31, 1997, OFAC-licensed U.S. carriers reported payments to the Government of Cuba in settlement of charges under telecommunications traffic agreements as follows:

AT&T Corporation (formally, American Telephone and Telegraph Company)	\$11,991,715
AT&T de Puerto Rico	298,916
Global One (formerly, Sprint Incorporated)	3,180,886
IDB WorldCom Services, Inc. (formerly, IDB Communications, Inc.)	4,128,371
MCI International, Inc. (formerly, MCI Communications Corporation)	4,893,699
Telefonica Larga Distancia de Puerto Rico, Inc.	105,848
WilTel, Inc. (formerly, WilTel Underseas Cable, Inc.)	5,608,751
WorldCom, Inc. (formerly, LDDS Communications, Inc.)	2,887,684
	<hr/>
	\$33,095,870

I shall continue to report semiannually on telecommunications payments to the Government of Cuba from United States persons.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, March 4, 1998.

By unanimous consent, the message, was referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 105-221).

13.30 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO IRAN

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONILLA, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the *Federal Register* and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to

continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision, I have sent the enclosed notice, stating that the national emergency declared with respect to Iran on March 15, 1995, pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701-1706) is to continue in effect beyond March 15, 1998, to the *Federal Register* for publication. This emergency is separate from that declared on November 14, 1979, in connection with the Iranian hostage crisis and therefore requires separate renewal of emergency authorities.

The factors that led me to declare a national emergency with respect to Iran on March 15, 1995, have not been resolved. The actions and policies of the Government of Iran, including support for international terrorism, its efforts to undermine the Middle East peace process, and its acquisition of weapons of mass destruction and the means to deliver them, continue to threaten the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. Accordingly, I have determined that it is necessary to maintain in force the broad programs I have authorized pursuant to the March 15, 1995, declaration of emergency.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, March 4, 1998.

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 105-222).

13.31 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—U.S. ARMED FORCES IN BOSNIA

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONILLA, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

I hereby certify that the continued presence of U.S. armed forces, after June 30, 1998, in Bosnia and Herzegovina is required in order to meet the national security interests of the United States, and that it is the policy of the United States that U.S. armed forces will not serve as, or be used as, civil police in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

This certification is presented pursuant to section 1203 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998, Public Law 105-85, and section 8132 of the National Defense Appropriations Act for Fiscal year 1998, Public Law 105-56. The information required under these sections is in the report that accompanies this certification. The supplemental appropriations request required under these sections is being forwarded under separate cover.

America has major national interests in peace in Bosnia. We have learned from hard experience in this turbulent century that America's security and Europe's stability are intimately linked. The Bosnian war saw the worst fighting—and the most profound humanitarian disaster—on that continent since the end of the Second World War.

The conflict could easily have spread through the region, endangering old Allies and new democracies alike. A larger conflict would have cast doubt on the viability of the NATO alliance itself and crippled prospects for our larger goal of a democratic, undivided, and peaceful Europe.

The Dayton framework is the key to changing the conditions that made Bosnia a fuse in a regional powder keg. It is decisively in American interests to see Dayton implemented as rapidly as feasible, so that peace becomes self-sustaining. U.S. leadership is as essential to sustaining progress as it has been to ending the war and laying the foundation for peace.

I expect the size of the overall NATO force in Bosnia and Herzegovina will remain similar to that of the current SFOR. However, the U.S. contribution would decline by about 20 percent, as our Allies and partners continue to shoulder an increasing share of the burden.

Although I do not propose a fixed end-date for this presence, it is by no means open-ended. Instead, the goal of the military presence is to establish the conditions under which Dayton implementation can continue without the support of a major NATO-led military force. To achieve this goal, we have established concrete and achievable benchmarks, such as the reform of police and media, the elimination of illegal pre-Dayton institutions, the conduct of elections according to democratic norms, elimination of cross-entity barriers to commerce, and a framework for the phased and orderly return of refugees. NATO and U.S. forces will be reduced progressively as achievement of these benchmarks improves conditions, enabling the international community to rely largely on traditional diplomacy, international civil personnel, economic incentives and disincentives, confidence-building measures, and negotiation to continue implementing the Dayton Accords over the longer term.

In fact, great strides already have been made towards fulfilling these aims, especially in the last ten months since the United States re-energized the Dayton process. Since Dayton, a stable military environment has been created; over 300,000 troops returned to civilian life and 6,600 heavy weapons have been destroyed. Public security is improving through the restructuring, retraining and reintegration of local police. Democratic elections have been held at all levels of government and hard-line nationalists—especially in the Republika Srpska—are increasingly marginalized. Independent media and political pluralism are expanding. Over 400,000 refugees and displaced persons have returned home—110,000 in 1997. One third of the publicly-indicted war criminals have been taken into custody.

Progress has been particularly dramatic since the installation of a pro-Dayton, pro-democracy Government in Republika Srpska in December. Al-

ready, the capital of Republika Srpska has been moved from Pale to Banja Luka; media are being restructured along domestic lines; civil police are generally cooperating with the reform process; war criminals are surrendering; and Republika Srpska is working directly with counterparts in the Federation to prepare key cities in both entities for major returns of refugees and displaced persons.

At the same time, long-standing obstacles to inter-entity cooperation also are being broken down: a common flag now flies over Bosnia institutions, a common currency is being printed, a common automobile license plate is being manufactured, and mail is being delivered and trains are running across the inter-entity boundary line.

Although progress has been tangible, many of these achievements still are reversible and a robust international military presence still is required at the present time to sustain the progress. I am convinced that the NATO-led force—and U.S. participation in it—can be progressively reduced as conditions continue to improve, until the implementation process is capable of sustaining itself without a major international military presence.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, March 3, 1998.

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on International Relations and the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 105-223).

¶13.32 CLERK TO CORRECT ENGROSSMENT—H.R. 856

On motion of Mr. BURTON, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That in the engrossment of the bill (H.R. 856) to provide a process leading to full self-government for Puerto Rico, the Clerk be authorized to make such technical and conforming changes as may be necessary to reflect the action of the House just taken.

¶13.33 ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS—H.R. 1232

Mr. CONDIT, by unanimous consent, was authorized to be considered as the first sponsor of the bill (H.R. 1232) to require country of origin labeling of perishable agricultural commodities imported into the United States and to establish penalties for violations of such labeling requirements, for the purposes of adding cosponsors and requesting reprints pursuant to clause 4 of Rule XXII.

¶13.34 AMTRAK REFORM COUNCIL

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BONILLA, by unanimous consent, announced that the Speaker, pursuant to the provisions of section 203(b)(1) of Public Law 105-134, appointed to the Amtrak Reform Council for a term of five years, Mrs. Christine Todd Whitman of New Jersey, Mr. Bruce Chapman of Washington, and Mr. Christopher Gleason of Pennsylvania on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate of the foregoing appointments.

¶13.35 LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted—

To Mr. LUTHER, for today; and
To Ms. KILPATRICK, for today after 3 p.m. and the balance of the week.
And then,

¶13.36 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. Bob SCHAFFER of Colorado, at 11 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m., the House adjourned.

¶13.37 REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mrs. MYRICK: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 377. Resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2369) to amend the Communications Act of 1934 to strengthen and clarify prohibitions on electronic eavesdropping, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 105-427). Referred to the House Calendar.

Ms. PRYCE of Ohio: House Resolution 378. Resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 3130) to provide for an alternative penalty procedure for States that fail to meet Federal child support data processing requirements, to reform Federal incentive payments for effective child support performance, and to provide for a more flexible penalty procedure for States that violate interjurisdictional adoption requirements (Rept. No. 105-428). Referred to the House Calendar.

¶13.38 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 5 of Rule X and clause 4 of Rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. SMITH of Oregon:
H.R. 3317. A bill to provide that each State may establish a pilot program for mediation of private rights of action under the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. BAKER (for himself and Mr. PALLONE):
H.R. 3318. A bill to amend title 49, United States Code, to improve the one-call notification process, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. WAMP:
H.R. 3319. A bill to provide for notice to owners of property that may be subject to the exercise of eminent domain by private nongovernmental entities under certain Federal authorization statutes, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

By Mr. RANGEL (for himself, Mr. STARK, Mr. MATSUI, Mrs. KENNELLY of Connecticut, Mr. COYNE, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. MCDERMOTT, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. McNULTY, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. BECERRA, Mrs. THURMAN, Mrs. LOWEY, Mr. GEPHARDT, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. YATES, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. FROST, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. EVANS, Mr. OWENS, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. KENNEDY of Massachusetts, Mr. SAWYER, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. FALCOMAVAEGA, Mr. ANDREWS, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. DOOLEY of California,

Mr. EDWARDS, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. OLVER, Mr. FILNER, Mr. GREEN, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. HINCHEY, Mrs. MALONEY of New York, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. RUSH, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Mr. KENNEDY of Rhode Island, Ms. JACKSON-LEE, Ms. LOFGREEN, Mr. STRICKLAND, Mr. BLAGOJEVICH, Ms. CARSON, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. ETHERIDGE, Ms. KILPATRICK, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. SANCHEZ, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. TIERNEY, Mr. WEXLER, and Mr. WEYGAND):

H.R. 3320. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand the incentives for the construction and renovation of public schools; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BARR of Georgia:

H.R. 3321. A bill to amend the Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. EDWARDS:

H.R. 3322. A bill to repeal the prohibition on the use of Robert Gray Army Airfield at Fort Hood, Texas, by civil aviation; to the Committee on National Security.

By Mr. GUTKNECHT:

H.R. 3323. A bill to amend the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States to provide for duty-free treatment of oxidized polyacrylonitrile fibers; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mrs. MYRICK:

H.R. 3324. A bill to suspend from January 1, 1998, until December 31, 2002, the duty on SE2SI Spray Granulated (HOE S 4291); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts:

H.R. 3325. A bill to suspend temporarily the duty on a certain chemical; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts:

H.R. 3326. A bill to suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Ethylhexanoic acid; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts:

H.R. 3327. A bill to suspend temporarily the duty on the chemical Polyvinyl butyral; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts (for himself and Mr. MEEHAN):

H.R. 3328. A bill to suspend temporarily the duty on a certain anti-HIV and anti-AIDS drug; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 3329. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand certain enterprise zone incentives applicable to portions of the District of Columbia and to provide for individuals who are residents of the District of Columbia a maximum rate of tax of 15 percent on income from sources within the District of Columbia; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. RIGGS:

H.R. 3330. A bill to prohibit discrimination and preferential treatment on the basis of race, sex, color, national origin, or ethnicity in connection with admission to an institution of higher education participating in any program authorized under the Higher Education Act of 1965; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. SAXTON (for himself, Mr. ARMEY, and Mr. CAMPBELL):

H.R. 3331. A bill to ensure the transparency of International Monetary Fund operations; to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

By Mr. SENSENBRENNER (for himself and Mr. BROWN of California):

H.R. 3332. A bill to amend the High-Performance Computing Act of 1991 to authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1999 and 2000 for the Next Generation Internet program, to require the Advisory Committee on High-Performance Computing and Communica-

tions, Information Technology, and the Next Generation Internet to monitor and give advice concerning the development and implementation of the Next Generation Internet program and report to the President and the Congress on its activities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science.

By Mr. STARK:

H.R. 3333. A bill to establish a policy of the United States with respect to nuclear non-proliferation; to the Committee on International Relations.

By Mr. THORNBERRY (for himself, Mrs. CUBIN, and Mr. BRADY):

H.R. 3334. A bill to provide certainty for, reduce administrative and compliance burdens associated with, and streamline and improve the collection of royalties from Federal and outer continental shelf oil and gas leases, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

By Mrs. THURMAN:

H.R. 3335. A bill to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act to require the timely application to imported fruits and vegetables of grade, size, quality, and maturity requirements applicable to comparable domestically produced fruits and vegetables under agricultural marketing orders; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mrs. THURMAN (for herself and Mr. EVANS):

H.R. 3336. A bill to name the Department of Veterans Affairs medical center in Gainesville, Florida, as the "Malcom Randall Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center"; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mrs. MORELLA (for herself, Mr. DIXON, and Mr. CUMMINGS):

H.J. Res. 113. A joint resolution approving the location of a Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial in the Nation's Capitol; to the Committee on Resources.

By Mr. SHAW (for himself and Mr. MICA):

H.J. Res. 114. A joint resolution disapproving the certification of the President under section 490(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 regarding foreign assistance for Mexico during fiscal year 1998; to the Committee on International Relations, and in addition to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. HOUGHTON (for himself, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. LEACH, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. DAVIS of Florida, Mr. HALL of Texas, and Mr. MORAN of Virginia):

H. Con. Res. 233. Concurrent resolution calling on Japan to establish and maintain an open, competitive market for consumer photographic film and paper and other sectors facing market access barriers in Japan; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. PAYNE:

H. Con. Res. 234. Concurrent resolution regarding the human rights situation in Sudan and Mauritania, including the practice of chattel slavery and all other forms of booty; to the Committee on International Relations.

13.39 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 44: Mr. COOK, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Ms. STABENOW, and Mr. POMEROY.

H.R. 65: Mr. CAMP and Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota.

H.R. 66: Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut.

H.R. 107: Ms. BROWN of Florida.

H.R. 146: Mr. RAHALL.

H.R. 284: Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. SANDERS, and Mr. CLAY.

H.R. 303: Mr. LOBIONDO and Mr. CAMP.

H.R. 306: Mr. MASCARA, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. ETHERIDGE, and Mr. SAWYER.

H.R. 371: Ms. SANCHEZ.

H.R. 372: Mr. NADLER.

H.R. 665: Mr. CANADY of Florida.

H.R. 900: Ms. WATERS and Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut.

H.R. 981: Mr. VENTO, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. ADAM SMITH of Washington, Mr. ENGEL, Mrs. TAUSCHER, and Mr. NADLER.

H.R. 1016: Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania.

H.R. 1062: Mr. EVERETT.

H.R. 1075: Mrs. ROUKEMA and Mr. FAZIO of California.

H.R. 1215: Mr. VENTO, Mr. PALLONE, and Mr. PASTOR.

H.R. 1261: Mr. CHRISTENSEN and Mr. GREENWOOD.

H.R. 1289: Mr. DEUTSCH and Mr. ENSIGN.

H.R. 1302: Ms. SLAUGHTER and Mr. BALDACCIO.

H.R. 1356: Mrs. LINDA SMITH of Washington, Mr. CHRISTENSEN, Mr. BROWN of California, and Mrs. THURMAN.

H.R. 1401: Mr. WELLER, Mr. HINCHEY, and Mr. ENSIGN.

H.R. 1525: Mr. BROWN of Ohio.

H.R. 1531: Mr. HEFLEY.

H.R. 1571: Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas and Mr. HILLIARD.

H.R. 1573: Mr. ALLEN.

H.R. 1605: Mr. FROST.

H.R. 1656: Mr. GREENWOOD.

H.R. 1670: Ms. DELAURO.

H.R. 1736: Ms. JACKSON-LEE.

H.R. 1786: Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. WATTS of Oklahoma, and Ms. SANCHEZ.

H.R. 1816: Mr. DOOLITTLE.

H.R. 1873: Mr. SHAYS.

H.R. 2020: Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. GOODLING, Mr. COYNE, Ms. FURSE, and Mr. MORAN of Kansas.

H.R. 2023: Mr. ANDREWS.

H.R. 2130: Mr. LOBIONDO, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. MOLLOHAN, Mr. STENHOLM, and Mr. CONDIT.

H.R. 2173: Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, and Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts.

H.R. 2174: Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. ANDREWS, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. KUCINICH, Mrs. MCCARTHY of New York, Mr. TIERNEY, Ms. SANCHEZ, Mr. CLAY, and Mr. PICKETT.

H.R. 2202: Mr. BLUMENAUER.

H.R. 2257: Ms. WOOLSEY and Mr. CALVERT.

H.R. 2290: Ms. RIVERS.

H.R. 2305: Mr. BURTON of Indiana and Mr. COOKSEY.

H.R. 2409: Mr. BROWN of Ohio.

H.R. 2457: Mr. GEJDENSON.

H.R. 2500: Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. JOHN, and Mr. CRAMER.

H.R. 2652: Mr. VENTO.

H.R. 2695: Mr. SCHUMER and Mrs. CLAYTON.

H.R. 2698: Mr. ACKERMAN, Ms. KILPATRICK, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. FILNER, Ms. FURSE, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. KENNEDY of Rhode Island, Mr. FORD, Ms. HOOLEY of Oregon, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. TAUSCHER, and Mr. MANTON.

H.R. 2699: Mr. EVANS and Mr. DEUTSCH.

H.R. 2715: Mr. CANADY of Florida.

H.R. 2752: Mr. ORTIZ and Mr. GREEN.

H.R. 2754: Mr. RUSH, Mr. FILNER, Mr. FALCOMA, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. COYNE, and Mr. WYNN.

H.R. 2870: Mr. LANTOS, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. CAMPBELL, and Mr. SMITH of New Jersey.

H.R. 2883: Mr. TALENT, Mr. BOEHNER, and Mr. YOUNG of Alaska.

H.R. 2888: Ms. RIVERS.

H.R. 2914: Mr. CLAY.

H.R. 2923: Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. OXLEY, and Mr. GILCHREST.

H.R. 2938: Mr. WICKER and Mr. DEUTSCH.

H.R. 2941: Mr. SMITH of New Jersey and Mr. COBURN.

H.R. 2951: Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. POMEROY, Mr. BALDACCIO, Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. SHADEGG, Ms. FURSE, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, and Mr. SANDLIN.

H.R. 2968: Mrs. MYRICK, Mr. BOEHNER, Mr. COOKSEY, Mr. CAMPBELL, and Mr. EHLERS.

H.R. 2973: Ms. HOOLEY of Oregon, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. DEFAZIO, and Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska.

H.R. 2981: Ms. LOFGREN and Mr. MILLER of California.

H.R. 2992: Mr. BRYANT.

H.R. 3007: Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. KUCINICH, and Mr. LUTHER.

H.R. 3027: Mr. LEWIS of Georgia.

H.R. 3028: Mr. LEWIS of Georgia.

H.R. 3029: Mr. HOUGHTON.

H.R. 3086: Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. MORAN of Virginia, and Mr. SAWYER.

H.R. 3097: Mr. HUNTER, Mr. BARTON of Texas, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Mr. BUNNING of Kentucky, Mr. LATOURETTE, Mr. LIVINGSTON, Mr. SAM JOHNSON, and Mr. ARMEY.

H.R. 3103: Mr. GIBBONS, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. JENKINS.

H.R. 3144: Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania.

H.R. 3158: Mr. GILMAN.

H.R. 3161: Mr. WEXLER and Mr. GUTKNECHT.

H.R. 3162: Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania.

H.R. 3205: Mr. GEJDENSON.

H.R. 3216: Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. HALL of Ohio, Mr. SANDLIN, and Ms. FURSE.

H.R. 3224: Mr. CALVERT and Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA.

H.R. 3228: Mr. DAVIS of Florida.

H.R. 3240: Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. BROWN of California, Mr. YATES, Mrs. MINK of Hawaii, Mr. GUTIERREZ, and Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA.

H.R. 3251: Mr. DICKS, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. ANDREWS, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. NADLER, Mr. EVANS, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. CAMPBELL, and Mr. LEWIS of Georgia.

H.R. 3254: Mr. ROGAN.

H.R. 3260: Mr. LATOURETTE, Mr. KNOLLENBERG, Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. REGULA, Mr. GILLMOR, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. COBLE, and Mr. LAHOOD.

H.R. 3269: Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Mr. FILNER, Mr. FROST, Mr. CLYBURN, and Mr. LEWIS of Georgia.

H.R. 3282: Mr. SUNUNU.

H.R. 3287: Ms. WOOLSEY and Mr. WEYGAND.

H.R. 3288: Mr. BACHUS and Mr. REDMOND.

H.R. 3291: Mr. BOYD, Mr. SAWYER, and Mr. NETHERCUTT.

H.J. Res. 78: Mr. GALLEGLY.

H. Con. Res. 14: Mr. TOWNS.

H. Con. Res. 27: Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. PASTOR, and Mr. WAXMAN.

H. Con. Res. 41: Mr. BRYANT.

H. Con. Res. 125: Mr. CALVERT and Mr. ROHRBACHER.

H. Con. Res. 195: Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas.

H. Con. Res. 211: Mr. HOSTETTLER.

H. Con. Res. 215: Mr. SNYDER, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. RADANOVICH, Mr. BOEHNER, Mr. JEFFERSON, and Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA.

H. Con. Res. 219: Mr. GREEN, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. MILLER of Florida, Mr. WEXLER, Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. DEUTSCH, and Mr. SHERMAN.

H. Res. 267: Mrs. MYRICK.

H. Res. 312: Ms. FURSE, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, and Mrs. TAUSCHER.

H. Res. 358: Mrs. CLAYTON.

H. Res. 364: Mr. PORTER and Mr. BERRETER.

THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1998 (14)

¶14.1 DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CALVERT, who laid before the House the following communication:

WASHINGTON, DC,

March 5, 1998.

I hereby designate the Honorable KEN CALVERT to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

NEWT GINGRICH,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

¶14.2 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CALVERT, announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Wednesday, March 4, 1998.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal was approved.

¶14.3 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

7718. A letter from the Administrator, Farm Service Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Amendment to the Tobacco Marketing Quota Regulations (RIN: 0560-AE96) received March 3, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

7719. A letter from the Administrator, Food Safety and Inspection Service, transmitting the Service's final rule—Use of Binders in "Ham with Natural Juices" Products [Docket No. 96-040F] (RIN: 0583-AC29) received March 4, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

7720. A letter from the Manager Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, Risk Management Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—General Crop Insurance Regulations; Table Grape Crop Insurance Regulations and Common Crop Insurance Regulations; Table Grape Crop Insurance Provisions [7 CFR Parts 441 and 457] received March 4, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

7721. A letter from the Manager, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, Risk Management Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—General Crop Insurance Regulations, Safflower Seed Crop Insurance Endorsement; and Common Crop Insurance Regulations, Safflower Crop Insurance Provisions (RIN: 0563-AA79) March 4, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

7722. A letter from the Manager, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, Risk Management Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—General Administrative Regulations; Ineligibility for Programs Under the General Crop Insurance Act (RIN: 0563-AB01) received March 4, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

7723. A letter from the Manager, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, Risk Management Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Common Crop Insurance Regulations; Pear Crop Insurance Provisions (RIN: 0563-AB03) received February 24, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

7724. A letter from the Deputy Director for Policy and Programs, Community Development Financial Institutions Fund, transmitting the Institution's final rule—Bank En-

terprise Award Program (RIN: 1505-AA71) received February 26, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

7725. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Housing and Urban Development, transmitting the Department's final rule—Hispanic-Serving Institutions Work Study Program [Docket No. FR-4269-I-01] (RIN: 2528-AA07) received February 25, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

7726. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Housing and Urban Development, transmitting the Department's final rule—Manufactured Home Tires, Parts and Accessories Necessary for Safe Operation; and Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards [Docket No. FR-3943-F-02] received February 25, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

7727. A letter from the Director, Office of Legislative Affairs, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, transmitting the Corporation's final rule—Determination of Economically Depressed Regions (RIN: 3064-AB08) received March 4, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

7728. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Clean Air Act Reclassification; Fairbanks, Alaska Non-attainment Area; Carbon Monoxide [AK 17-1705;FRL-5971-4] received February 24, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

7729. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Technical Amendments to National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutant Emissions; Group IV Polymers and Resins; Correction of Effective Date Under Congressional Review Act (CRA) [FRL-5963-8] received February 24, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

7730. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plan for Texas: General Conformity Rules [TX 62-1-7271A ; FRL-5971-7] received March 3, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

7731. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; California State Implementation Plan Revision, San Diego County Air Pollution Control District [CA-011-0063; FRL-5966-8] received March 3, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

7732. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval and Promulgation of State Plans for Designated Facilities and Pollutants Arkansas; Revisions and Regulations [AR-2-2-5972a; FRL-5954-4] received March 3, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

7733. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—National Priorities List for Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Sites [FRL-5973-9] received March 2, 1998, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

7734. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information,