

¶5.12 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

- H.R. 17: Mr. SKELTON and Mr. JOHN.
- H.R. 19: Mr. HOSTETTLER, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. GOODE, and Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri.
- H.R. 21: Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. LATOURETTE, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. FOLEY, Mr. WELDON of Pennsylvania, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. DICKEY, and Mr. RADANOVICH.
- H.R. 36: Mr. RODRIGUEZ, Mr. HINOJOSA, Mr. OLVER, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. CAPUANO, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Mr. GONZALEZ, Ms. SANCHEZ, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. MORAN of Virginia, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mrs. MINK of Hawaii, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. PAYNE, and Mr. McDERMOTT.
- H.R. 70: Mr. WHITFIELD, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. FOLEY, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. BATEMAN, Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey, Mr. RAHALL, and Mrs. EMERSON.
- H.R. 89: Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. HAYWORTH, and Mr. CANNON.
- H.R. 109: Mrs. TAUSCHER, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, and Mr. WEYGAND.
- H.R. 116: Mr. HOEFFEL and Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi.
- H.R. 133: Mr. SKEEN, Mr. BISHOP, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. KLECZKA, Mr. WALSH, Mr. FROST, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. LATOURETTE, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. SHOWS, Mr. FOLEY, Mr. SUNUNU, Mr. HILLIARD, and Mr. HAYWORTH.
- H.R. 152: Mr. KILDEE, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. BROWN of California, Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. NETHERCUTT, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. METCALF, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. FALCOMAVAGA, and Mr. RANGEL.
- H.R. 157: Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. EHRlich, Mr. TANCREDO, Mr. LARGENT, Mr. WHITFIELD, Mrs. MYRICK, Mr. SHADEGG, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, and Mr. PICKERING.
- H.R. 175: Ms. PRYCE of Ohio, Mr. OLVER, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. FATTAH, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri, Mr. FOLEY, Ms. DEGETTE, and Mr. HULSHOF.
- H.R. 192: Mr. SESSIONS.
- H.R. 202: Mr. HAYWORTH, Mr. METCALF, Mrs. KELLY, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mrs. JONES of Ohio, and Mr. NEY.
- H.R. 206: Mr. HOYER and Mr. SNYDER.
- H.R. 271: Mr. SMITH of Washington.
- H.R. 330: Mr. LARGENT, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. NETHERCUTT, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. HOSTETTLER, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. POMBO, Mr. SCHAFFER, Mr. TANCREDO, Mr. SWEENEY, and Mr. SHADEGG.
- H.R. 355: Mr. GIBBONS, Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut, Ms. PRYCE of Ohio, Mr. SISISKY, Mr. HAYWORTH, Mr. KASICH, Ms. CARSON, Mrs. TAUSCHER, Mr. CALVERT, and Mrs. EMERSON.
- H.R. 357: Mr. ROTHMAN, Mr. CLAY, Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri, and Mr. GUTIERREZ.
- H.R. 382: Mr. HINOJOSA, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. PASTOR, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. MENENDEZ, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Ms. LEE, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. GONZALEZ, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, and Ms. SANCHEZ.
- H.R. 392: Ms. ESHOO, Mr. INSLEE, Mr. FROST, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. STABENOW, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. ACKERMAN, and Mr. RUSH.
- H.R. 417: Mr. DEFAZIO and Ms. WOOLSEY.
- H.R. 423: Mr. WHITFIELD.
- H.R. 443: Mr. SABO, Mr. VENTO, Mr. McNULTY, Mrs. KELLY, and Mr. SAWYER.
- H.R. 455: Mr. MARTINEZ, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. SAWYER, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, and Mr. INSLEE.
- H.R. 483: Mr. HOYER.

- H.R. 530: Mr. LUCAS of Oklahoma, Mr. DICKEY, Mr. KINGSTON, Mr. LINDER, and Mr. GOODLING.
- H.R. 541: Mr. LUTHER, Mr. LANTOS, Ms. DEGETTE, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. ALLEN, Mrs. THURMAN, Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut, Mr. KUCINICH, Mr. BALDACCI, and Mr. WEYGAND.
- H.R. 548: Ms. KILPATRICK.
- H.J. Res. 9: Mr. GOSS, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. LAHOOD, Mrs. MYRICK, and Mr. LUTHER.
- H. Con. Res. 5: Mrs. CLAYTON, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. CRAMER, Mrs. KELLY, Mr. SHOWS, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. BENTSEN, Mrs. BIGBERT, Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. LANTOS, and Mr. KUYKENDALL.
- H. Con. Res. 6: Mr. PAYNE, Ms. PELOSI, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. TANCREDO, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. WOLF, and Mr. LIPINSKI.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1999 (6)

The House was called to order by the SPEAKER.

¶6.1 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, February 4, 1999.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal was approved.

¶6.2 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIV, were referred as follows:

- 360. A letter from the Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the Department's final rule—FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAMS: FDP/IO—Oklahoma Waiver Authority (RIN: 0584-AB56) received January 21, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.
- 361. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Azoxytobin; Pesticide Tolerances for Emergency Exemptions [OPP-300772; FRL-6050-6] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.
- 362. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Fenbuconazole; Pesticide Tolerances for Emergency Exemptions [OPP-300776; FRL-6054-3] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.
- 363. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Lambda-cyhalothrin; Pesticide Tolerances for Emergency Exemptions [OPP-300780; FRL-6056-2] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.
- 364. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Rescission of Cryolite Tolerance Revocations; Final Rule, Delay of Effective Date [OPP-300788; FRL-6058-7] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.
- 365. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information,

Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Revocation of Tolerances for Canceled Food Uses; Correction [OPP-300733A; FRL-6043-7] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

366. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Partial Withdrawal of Cryolite Tolerance Revocations [OPP-300788; FRL-6058-7] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

367. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Diflufenzopyr; Pesticide Tolerance [OPP-300778; FRL 6053-8] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

368. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting the District of Columbia Courts' FY 2000 Budget request; (H. Doc. No. 106—17); to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

369. A letter from the Acting Assistant General Counsel for Regulations, Department of Education, transmitting the Department's final rule—Jacob K. Javits Fellowship Program—received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

370. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities and Hazardous Waste Generators; Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers [L-64-2-5807; FRL-6221-9] (RIN: 2060-AG44) received January 20, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

371. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; Designation of Areas for Air Quality Planning Purposes [MO 043-1043(a); FRL-6220-1] received January 20, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

372. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Final Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; California State Implementation Plan Revision, Bay Area Air Quality Management District [CA 102-0120; FRL-6220-2] received January 20, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

373. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; Texas; Reasonably Available Control Technology for Emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) [TX86-1-7351a; FRL-6207-4] received January 20, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

374. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Hazardous Waste Management System; Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste; Final Exclusion [SW-FRL-6219-2] received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

375. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information,

Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Secondary Lead Smelting [AD-FRL-6227-5] (RIN: 2060-AE04) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

376. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; Colorado; Revision to Regulation No. 7, Section III, General Requirements for Storage and Transfer of Volatile Organic Compounds [CO-001-0019a; FRL-6216-6] received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

377. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Subtitle D Regulated Facilities; State Permit Program Determination of Adequacy; State Implementation Rule—Amendments and Technical Corrections [FRL-6223-8] (RIN: 2050-AD03) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

378. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Nevada: Final Authorization of State Hazardous Waste Management Program Revision [FRL-6226-1] received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

379. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval of Section 112(l) Authority for Hazardous Air Pollutants; Perchloroethylene Air Emission Standards for Dry Cleaning Facilities; State of California; Yolo-Solano Air Quality Management District [FRL-6222-7] received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

380. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; Texas; Multiple Air Contaminant Sources or Properties [TX-71-1-7311a; FRL-6222-1] received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

381. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Protection of Stratospheric Ozone: Listing MT-31 as an Unacceptable Refrigerant Under EPA's Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) Program [FRL-6224-6] (RIN: 2060-AG12) received January 21, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

382. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Protection of Stratospheric Ozone: Listing Hexafluoropropylene (HFP) and HFP-Containing Blends as Unacceptable Refrigerants Under EPA's Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) Program [FRL-6224-7] (RIN: 2060-AG12) received January 21, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

383. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Hazardous Waste Management System; Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste; Final Exclusion [SW-FRL-6223-5] received January 21, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

384. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; Maryland; Control of VOCs from the Manufacture of Explosives and Propellant [MD079-3035a; FRL-6218-2] received January 21, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

385. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting a report to Congress of ongoing efforts to achieve sustainable peace in Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH); (H. Doc. No. 106-18); to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed.

386. A letter from the Director, Defense Security Cooperation Agency, transmitting reports containing the 30 September 1998 status of loans and guarantees issued under the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on International Relations.

387. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-458, "Uniform Prudent Investor Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

388. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-457, "Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal Church Equitable Real Property Tax Relief Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

389. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-467, "Cathedral Way Symbolic Designation Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

390. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-456, "Mount Calvary Holy Evangelistic Church Equitable Real Property Tax Relief Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

391. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-465, "Department of Human Services and Commission on Mental Health Services Mandatory Employee Drug and Alcohol Testing Temporary Amendment Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

392. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-419, "Office of the Inspector General Law Enforcement Powers Temporary Amendment Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

393. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-420, "Drug-Related Nuisance Abatement Temporary Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

394. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-426, "Uniform Per Student Funding Formula for Public Schools and Public Charter Schools Second Temporary Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

395. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia,

transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-422, "Board of Elections and Ethics Subpoena Authority Temporary Amendment Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

396. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-418, "Arson Investigators Amendment Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

397. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-455, "Historic Motor Vehicle Vintage License Plate Amendment Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

398. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-454, "Adult Education Designation Temporary Amendment Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

399. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-434, "Vendor Payment and Drug Abuse, Alcohol Abuse, and Mental Illness Coverage Temporary Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

400. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-453, "Public School Nurse Assignment Temporary Amendment Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

401. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-421, "Oyster Elementary School Construction and Revenue BOND Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

402. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-399, "Fiscal Year 1999 Budget Support Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

403. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-460, "Closing of a Public Alley in Square 457, S.O. 90-364 Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

404. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-459, "Mutual Holding Company Mergers and Acquisition Amendment Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to D.C. Code section 1-233(c)(1); to the Committee on Government Reform.

405. A letter from the Comptroller General, transmitting List of all reports issued or released by the GAO in December 1998, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 719(h); to the Committee on Government Reform.

406. A letter from the Chairman of the Council, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of D.C. ACT 12-461, "Office of the Inspector General Law Enforcement Powers Amendment Act of 1998" received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Government Reform.

407. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information,

Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Acquisition Regulation: Administrative Amendments [FRL-6222-5] received January 20, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Government Reform.

408. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks, Department of the Interior, transmitting the Department's final rule—Marine Mammals; Incidental Take During Specified Activities (RIN: 1018-AF02) received January 25, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Resources.

409. A letter from the Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Atlantic Tuna Fisheries; Atlantic Bluefin Tuna [I.D. 122198B] received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Resources.

410. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model MD-11 Series Airplanes [Docket No. 98-NM-348-AD; Amendment 39-10937; AD 98-25-11] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

411. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 727 Series Airplanes Modified in Accordance with Supplemental Type Certificate ST00015AT [Docket No. 97-NM-80-AD; Amendment 39-10963; AD 98-26-20] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

412. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 727 Series Airplanes Modified in Accordance with Supplemental Type Certificate SA1444SO, SA1509SO, SA1543SO, SA1896SO, SA1740SO, or SA1667SO [Docket No. 97-NM-81-AD; Amendment 39-10964; AD 98-26-21] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

413. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 727 Series Airplanes Modified in Accordance with Supplemental Type Certificate SA1767SO, SA1768SO, or SA7447SW [Docket No. 97-NM-09-AD; Amendment 39-10961; AD 98-26-18] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

414. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 727 Series Airplanes Modified in Accordance with Supplemental Type Certificate SA1368SO, SA1797SO, or SA1798SO [Docket No. 97-NM-79-AD; Amendment 39-10962; AD 98-26-19] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

415. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Whole Effluent Toxicity: Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants; Final Rule, Technical Corrections [FRL-6227-4] received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

416. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting his economic report, together with the annual report of the Council of Economic Advisers, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1022(a); (H. Doc. No. 106-2); to the Committee on the Joint Economic Committee and ordered to be printed.

¶6.3 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Lundregan, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed a Concurrent Resolution of the following title, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. Con. Res. 6. Concurrent resolution authorizing flags located in the Capitol complex to be flown at half-staff in memory of R. Scott Bates, Legislative Clerk of the United States Senate.

The message also announced that pursuant to sections 1928a-1928d of title 22, United States Code, as amended, the Chair, on behalf of the Vice President, appoints the Senator from Delaware (Mr. BIDEN) as Vice Chairman of the Senate Delegation to the North Atlantic Assembly during the One Hundred Sixth Congress.

The message also announced that pursuant to sections 1928a-1928d of title 22, United States Code, as amended, the Chair, on behalf of the Vice President, appoints the Senator from Delaware (Mr. ROTH) as Chairman of the Senate Delegation to the North Atlantic Assembly during the One Hundred Sixth Congress.

The message also announced that pursuant to sections 276h-276k, as amended, the Chair, on behalf of the Vice President, appoints the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. DODD) as Vice Chairman of the Senate Delegation to the Mexico-United States Interparliamentary Group during the One Hundred Sixth Congress.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-83, the Chair, on behalf of the Majority Leader, announces the appointment of the Senator from Alabama (Mr. SESSIONS) to serve as a member of the National Council on the Arts.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-277, the Chair, on behalf of the Democratic Leader announces the appointment of the following individuals to serve as members of the National Commission on Terrorism:

Richard Kevin Betts, of New Jersey; and

Maurice Sonnenberg, of New York.

The message also announced that pursuant to sections 276h-276k of title 22, United States Code, as amended, the Chair, on behalf of the Vice President, appoints the Senator from Georgia (Mr. COVERDELL) as the Chairman of the Senate Delegation to the Mexico-United States Interparliamentary Group during the One Hundred Sixth Congress.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-292, the Chair, on behalf of the President pro tempore, upon the recommendation of the Democratic Leader, appoints The Most Reverend Theodore E. McCarrick,

Archbishop of Newark, New Jersey, to the Commission on International Religious Freedom.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-277, the Chair, on behalf of the President pro tempore, in consultation with the Ranking Member of the Senate Committee on Finance, appoints the following individuals to the Trade Deficit Review Commission:

Dimitri B. Papadimitriou, of New York;

C. Richard D'Amato, of Maryland; and

Lester C. Thurow, of Massachusetts.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-277, the Chair, on behalf of the Majority Leader, announces the appointment of Manuel H. Johnson, of Virginia, to serve as a member of the International Financial Institution Advisory Commission.

The message also announced that pursuant to section 276l of title 22, United States Code, the Chair, on behalf of the President pro tempore, and upon the recommendation of the Majority Leader, appoints the Senator from Alaska (Mr. STEVENS) as Chairman of the Senate Delegation to the British-American Interparliamentary Group during the One Hundred Sixth Congress.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-277, the Chair, on behalf of the Majority Leader, announces the appointment of the following individuals to serve as members of the Commission on Online Child Protection:

Arthur Derosier, Jr., of Montana—Representative of academia with expertise in the field of technology;

Albert F. Gainer III, of Tennessee—Representative of a business providing Internet filtering or blocking services or software;

Donna Rice Hughes, of Virginia—Representative of a business making content available over the Internet;

C. Bradley Keirens, of Colorado—Representative of a business providing Internet access services; and

Karen L. Talbert, of Texas—Representative of a business providing labeling or ratings services.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-277, the Chair, on behalf of the Majority Leader, announces the appointment of the following individuals to serve as members of the National Commission on Terrorism:

Wayne A. Downing, of Colorado;

Fred Ikle, of Maryland; and

John F. Lewis, of New York.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 93-415, as amended by Public Law 102-586, the Chair, on behalf of the Majority Leader, after consultation with the Democratic Leader, announces the appointment of William Keith Oubre, of Mississippi, to serve as member of the Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, vice Robert H. Maxwell, of Mississippi.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-83, the Chair, on behalf of the Democratic Leader, announces the appointment of the Senator from Illinois (Mr. DURBIN) as a member of the National Council on the Arts.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-244, the Chair, on behalf of the Majority Leader announces the appointment of the following individuals to serve as members of the Web-Based Education Commission: Patti S. Abraham, of Mississippi; and George Bailey, of Montana.

The message also announced that pursuant to sections 276d-276g of title 22, United States Code, as amended, the Chair, on behalf of the Vice President, appoints the Senator from Alaska (Mr. MURKOWSKI) as Chairman of the Senate Delegation to the Canada-United States Interparliamentary Group during the First Session of the One Hundred Sixth Congress.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-277, the Chair, on behalf of the Majority Leader, announces the appointment of the following individuals to serve as members of the International Financial Institution Advisory Commission: Charles W. Calomiris, of New York; and Edwin J. Feulner, Jr., of Virginia.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 105-255, the Chair, on behalf of the Majority Leader, announces the appointment of the following individuals to serve as members of the Commission on the Advancement of Women and Minorities in Science, Engineering and Technology Development: Judy L. Johnson, of Mississippi; and Elaine M. Mendoza, of Texas.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 104-293, as amended by Public Law 105-277, the Chair, on behalf of the Majority Leader, announces the appointment of the following individuals to serve as members of the Commission to Assess the Organization of the Federal Government to Combat the Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction: M.D.B. Carlisle, of Washington, D.C.; and Henry D. Sokolski, of Virginia.

¶6.4 COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK— MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. NETHERCUTT, laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington DC, February 4, 1999.

Hon. J. DENNIS HASTERT,
The Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 5 of Rule III of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, I have the honor to transmit a sealed envelope received from the White House on February 4, 1999 at 12:30 p.m. and said to contain a message from the President whereby he submits the Economic Report of the President.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

JEFF TRANDAHLL.

¶6.5 ECONOMIC REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT

The Clerk then read the message from the President, as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

I am pleased to report that the American economy today is healthy and strong. Our Nation is enjoying the longest peacetime economic expansion in its history, with almost 18 million new jobs since 1993, wages rising at twice the rate of inflation, the highest home ownership ever, the smallest welfare rolls in 30 years, and unemployment and inflation at their lowest levels in three decades.

This expansion, unlike recent previous ones, is both wide and deep. All income groups, from the richest to the poorest, have seen their incomes rise since 1993. The typical family income is up more than \$3,500, adjusted for inflation. African-American and Hispanic households, who were left behind during the last expansion, have also seen substantial increases in income.

Our Nation's budget is balanced, for the first time in a generation, and we are entering the second year of an era of surpluses: our projections show that we will close out the 1999 fiscal year with a surplus of \$79 billion, the largest in the history of the United States. We are on course for budget surpluses for many years to come.

These economic successes are not accidental. They are the result of an economic strategy that we have pursued since 1993. It is a strategy that rests on three pillars: fiscal discipline, investments in education and technology, and expanding exports to the growing world market. Continuing with this proven strategy is the best way to maintain our prosperity and meet the challenges of the 21st century.

THE ADMINISTRATION'S ECONOMIC AGENDA

Our new economic strategy was rooted first and foremost in fiscal discipline. We made hard fiscal choices in 1993, sending signals to the market that we were serious about dealing with the budget deficits we had inherited. The market responded by lowering long-term interest rates. Lower interest rates in turn helped more people buy homes and borrow for college, helped more entrepreneurs to start businesses, and helped more existing businesses to invest in new technology and equipment. America's economic success has been fueled by the biggest boom in private sector investment in decades—more than \$1 trillion in capital was freed for private sector investment. In past expansions, government bought more and spent more to drive the economy. During this expansion, government spending as a share of the economy has fallen.

The second part of our strategy has been to invest in our people. A global economy driven by information and fast-paced technological change creates ever greater demand for skilled workers. That is why, even as we balanced the budget, we substantially increased our annual investment in edu-

cation and training. We have opened the doors of college to all Americans, with tax credits and more affordable student loans, with more work-study grants and more Pell grants, with education IRAs and the new HOPE Scholarship tax credit that more than 5 million Americans will receive this year. Even as we closed the budget gap, we have expanded the earned income tax credit for almost 20 million low-income working families, giving them hope and helping lift them out of poverty. Even as we cut government spending, we have raised investments in a welfare-to-work jobs initiative and invested \$24 billion in our children's health initiative.

Third, to build the American economy, we have focused on opening foreign markets and expanding exports to our trading partners around the world. Until recently, fully one-third of the strong economic growth America has enjoyed in the 1990s has come from exports. That trade has been aided by 270 trade agreements we have signed in the past 6 years.

ADDRESSING OUR NATION'S ECONOMIC CHALLENGES

We have created a strong, healthy, and truly global economy—an economy that is a leader for growth in the world. But common sense, experience, and the example of our competitors abroad show us that we cannot afford to be complacent. Now, at this moment of great plenty, is precisely the time to face the challenges of the next century.

We must maintain our fiscal discipline by saving Social Security for the 21st century—thereby laying the foundations for future economic growth.

By 2030, the number of elderly Americans will double. This is a seismic demographic shift with great consequences for our Nation. We must keep Social Security a rock-solid guarantee. That is why I proposed in my State of the Union address that we invest the surplus to save Social Security. I proposed that we commit 62 percent of the budget surplus for the next 15 years to Social Security. I also proposed investing a small portion in the private sector. This will allow the trust fund to earn a higher return and keep Social Security sound until 2055.

But we must aim higher. We should put Social Security on a sound footing for the next 75 years. We should reduce poverty among elderly women, who are nearly twice as likely to be poor as other seniors. And we should eliminate the limits on what seniors on Social Security can earn. These changes will require difficult but fully achievable choices over and above the dedication of the surplus.

Once we have saved Social Security, we must fulfill our obligation to save and improve Medicare and invest in long-term health care. That is why I have called for broader, bipartisan reforms that keep Medicare secure until 2020 through additional savings and modernizing the program with market-

oriented purchasing tools, while also providing a long-overdue prescription drug benefit.

By saving the money we will need to save Social Security and Medicare, over the next 15 years we will achieve the lowest ratio of publicly held debt to gross domestic product since 1917. This debt reduction will help keep future interest rates low or drive them even lower, fueling economic growth well into the 21st century.

To spur future growth, we must also encourage private retirement saving. In my State of the Union address I proposed that we use about 12 percent of the surplus to establish new Universal Savings Accounts—USA accounts. These will ensure that all Americans have the means to save. Americans could receive a flat tax credit to contribute to their USA accounts and additional tax credits to match a portion of their savings—with more help for lower income Americans. This is the right way to provide tax relief to the American people.

Education is also key to our Nation's future prosperity. That is why I proposed in my State of the Union address a plan to create 21st-century schools through greater investment and more accountability. Under my plan, States and school districts that accept Federal resources will be required to end social promotion, turn around or close failing schools, support high-quality teachers, and promote innovation, competition, and discipline. My plan also proposes increasing Federal investments to help States and school districts take responsibility for failing schools, to recruit and train new teachers, to expand after school and summer school programs, and to build or fix 5,000 schools.

At this time of continued turmoil in the international economy, we must do more to help create stability and open markets around the world. We must press forward with open trade. It would be a terrible mistake, at this time of economic fragility in so many regions, for the United States to build new walls of protectionism that could set off a chain reaction around the world, imperiling the growth upon which we depend. At the same time, we must do more to make sure that working people are lifted up by trade. We must do more to ensure that spirited economic competition among nations never becomes a race to the bottom in the area of environmental protections or labor standards.

Strengthening the foundations of trade means strengthening the architecture of international finance. The United States must continue to lead in stabilizing the world financial system. When nations around the world descend into economic disruption, consigning populations to poverty, it hurts them and it hurts us. These nations are our trading partners; they buy our products and can ship low-cost products to American consumers.

The U.S. proposal for containing financial contagion has been taken up

around the world: interest rates are being cut here and abroad, America is meeting its obligations to the International Monetary Fund, and a new facility has been created at the World Bank to strengthen the social safety net in Asia. And agreement has been reached to establish a new precautionary line of credit, so nations with strong economic policies can quickly get the help they need before financial problems mushroom from concerns to crises.

We must do more to renew our cities and distressed rural areas. My Administration has pursued a new strategy, based on empowerment and investment, and we have seen its success. With the critical assistance of Empowerment Zones, unemployment rates in cities across the country have dropped dramatically. But we have more work to do to bring the spark of private enterprise to neighborhoods that have too long been without hope. That is why my budget includes an innovative "New Markets" initiative to spur \$15 billion in new private sector capital investment in businesses in underserved areas through a package of tax credits and guarantees.

GOING FORWARD TOGETHER IN THE 21ST
CENTURY

Now, on the verge of another American Century, our economy is at the pinnacle of power and success, but challenges remain. Technology and trade and the spread of information have transformed our economy, offering great opportunities but also posing great challenges. All Americans must be equipped with the skills to succeed and prosper in the new economy. America must have the courage to move forward and renew its ideas and institutions to meet new challenges. There are no limits to the world we can create, together, in the century to come.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *February 4, 1999.*

By unanimous consent, the message was referred to the Joint Economic Committee (H. Doc. 106–2).

¶6.6 COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK—
MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. NETHERCUTT, laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, February 8, 1999.
Hon. J. DENNIS HASTERT,
The Speaker, U.S. House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 5 of Rule III of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, I have the honor to transmit a sealed envelope received from the White House on February 5, 1999 at 3:50 p.m. and said to contain a message from the President whereby he submits a report on ongoing efforts to achieve sustainable peace in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

With best wishes, I am
Sincerely,

JEFF TRANDAHL.

¶6.7 PEACE EFFORTS IN BOSNIA AND
HERZEGOVINA

The Clerk then read the message from the President, as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

Pursuant to section 7 of Public Law 105–174, I am providing this report to inform the Congress of ongoing efforts to achieve sustainable peace in Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH). This is the first semiannual report that evaluates progress in BiH against the ten benchmarks ("aims") outlined in my certification to the Congress of March 3, 1998. NATO adopted these benchmarks on May 28, 1998, as part of its approval of the Stabilization Force (SFOR) military operations plan (OPLAN 10407). The Steering Board of the Peace Implementation Council (PIC) subsequently adopted corresponding benchmarks in its Luxembourg Declaration of June 9, 1998.

NATO, the Office of the High Representative (OHR) and my Administration have coordinated closely in evaluating progress on Dayton implementation based on these benchmarks. There is general agreement that there has been considerable progress in the past year. The basic institutions of the state, both political and economic, have been established. Key laws regarding foreign investment, privatization, and property are now in place. Freedom of movement across the country has substantially improved. Fundamental reform of the media is underway. Elections have demonstrated a continuing trend towards growing pluralism. Nevertheless, there is still much to be done, in particular on interethnic tolerance and reconciliation, the development of effective common institutions with powers clearly delineated from those of the Entities, and an open and pluralistic political life. The growth of organized crime also represents a serious threat.

With specific reference to SFOR, the Secretaries of State and Defense, in meetings in December 1998 with their NATO counterparts, agreed that SFOR continues to play an essential role in the maintenance of peace and stability and the provision of a secure environment in BiH, thus contributing significantly to progress in rebuilding BiH as a single, democratic, and multiethnic state. At the same time, NATO agreed that we do not intend to maintain SFOR's presence at current levels indefinitely, and in fact agreed on initial reductions, which I will describe later in this report. Below is a benchmark-by-benchmark evaluation of the state-of-play in BiH based on analysis of input from multiple sources.

1. *Military Stability.* Aim: Maintain Dayton cease-fire. Considerable progress has been made toward military stabilization in BiH. Entity Armed Forces (EAFs) are in compliance with Dayton, and there have been no incidents affecting the cease-fire. EAFs remain substantially divided along ethnic lines. Integration of the Federation Army does not reach down

to corps-level units and below. However, progress has been made through the Train and Equip Program to integrate the Ministry of Defense and to provide the Federation with a credible deterrent capability. Although it is unlikely to meet its target of full integration by August 1999, the Federation Ministry of Defense has begun staff planning for integration. The Bosnian Serb Army (VRS) continues its relationship with the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (FRY) Army. Similarly, the Bosnian Croat element of the Federation Army maintains ties with Croatia. In both cases, however, limited resources impinge on what either Croatia or the FRY can provide financially or materially; the overall trend in support is downward. In some areas, the VRS continues to have certain qualitative and quantitative advantages over the Federation Army, but the Train and Equip Program has helped narrow the gap in some key areas. The arms control regimes established under Articles II (confidence and security-building measures) and IV (arms reduction and limitations) of Annex 1-B of the Dayton Peace Accords are functioning. In October 1997, BiH and the other parties were recognized as being in compliance with the limitations on five major types of armaments (battle tanks, armored combat vehicles, artillery, combat aircraft, and attack helicopters) set forth in the Article IV agreement, which were derived from the Annex 1B 5:2:2 ratios for the FRY, Republic of Croatia, and BiH respectively. The parties have since maintained armament levels consistent with the limitations and are expected to do so in the future. A draft mandate for an Article V agreement (regional stability) has been approved; negotiations are due to begin in early 1999. Military stability remains dependent on SFOR as a deterrent force.

2. *Public Security and Law Enforcement.* Aim: A restructured and democratic police force in both entities. There has been considerable progress to date on police reform due to sustained joint efforts of the International Police Task Force (IPTF), Office of the High Representative (OHR), and SFOR, which have overcome a number of significant political obstacles. So far, approximately 85 percent of the police in the Federation have received IPTF-approved training, as have approximately 35 percent of the police in the Republika Srpska (RS). All sides continue to lag in the hiring of minority officers and, as the IPTF implements its plans to address this problem, tensions will increase in the short-term. SFOR often must support the IPTF in the face of crime, public disorder, and rogue police. Monoethnic police forces have often failed to facilitate minority returns. In these types of scenarios, SFOR's use of the Multinational Specialized Unit (MSU) has been a force multiplier, requiring fewer, but specially trained troops. At this point, SFOR's essential contribution to maintaining a secure environment, to in-

clude backing up IPTF in support of nascent civilian police forces, remains critical to continued progress.

3. *Judicial Reform.* Aim: An effective judicial reform program. Several key steps forward were taken in 1998, such as the signing of an MOU on Inter-Entity Legal Assistance on May 20, 1998, and establishment of an Inter-Entity Legal Commission on June 4, 1998. The Federation Parliament in July adopted a new criminal code. Nevertheless, the judicial system still requires significant reform. Judges are still influenced by politics, and the system is financially strapped and remains ethnically biased. Execution of judgments, in particular eviction of persons who illegally occupy dwellings, is especially problematic. The progress made in the area of commercial law is encouraging for economic development prospects.

4. *Illegal Institutions, Organized Crime, and Corruption.* Aim: The dissolution of illegal pre-Dayton institutions. Corruption remains a major challenge to building democratic institutions of government. Structures for independent monitoring of government financial transactions are still not in place. Shadow institutions still need to be eliminated. The burden of creating institutions to combat fraud and organized crime falls mostly to the international community and in particular to the IPTF. SFOR contributes to the secure environment necessary for the success of other international efforts to counter these illegal activities.

5. *Media Reform.* Aim: Regulated, democratic, and independent media. Approximately 80 percent television coverage has been achieved in BiH through the international community's support for the Open Broadcasting Network (OBN), which is the first (and so far only) neutral source of news in BiH. Several television and radio networks have been restructured and are led by new management boards. Most are in compliance with Dayton except for some regional broadcasts. The Independent Media Commission assumed responsibility for media monitoring from the OSCE on October 31, 1998. Progress has been significant, but BiH still has far to go to approach international standards. SFOR's past actions in this area are a key deterrent against illegal use of media assets to undermine Dayton implementation.

6. *Elections and Democratic Governance.* Aim: National democratic institutions and practices. With the exception of the election of a nationalist to the RS presidency, the September 1998 national elections continued the long-term trend away from reliance on ethnically based parties. The two major Serb nationalist parties lost further ground and, once again, will be unable to lead the RS government. Croat and Bosniak nationalist parties retained control, but saw margins eroded significantly. In this regard, SFOR's continued presence will facilitate conduct of the municipal elections scheduled for late 1999 but, as has been the case with every election since Dayton, the

trend of increasingly turning over responsibility for elections to the Bosnians themselves will continue.

7. *Economic Development.* Aim: Free-market reforms. While the process of economic recovery and transformation will take many years, some essential groundwork has been laid. Privatization legislation and enterprise laws have been passed, and banking legislation has been partially passed. Fiscal revenues from taxes and customs have increased significantly. Nevertheless, the fiscal and revenue system is in its infancy. Implementation of privatization legislation is slow and the banking sector is under-funded, but there are signs of development in GDP. There has been a marked increase in freedom of movement, further enhanced by the uniform license plate law. SFOR's continued contribution to a secure environment and facilitating freedom of movement is vital as economic reforms begin to take hold.

8. *Displaced Person and Refugee (DPRE) Returns.* Aim: A functioning phased and orderly minority return process. While there have been some significant breakthroughs on DPRE returns to minority areas, such as Jajce, Stolac, Kotor Varos, Prijedor, Mostar, and Travnik, the overall numbers have been low. In some areas where minority DPREs have returned, interethnic tensions rose quickly. Some nationalist political parties continue to obstruct the return of minority DPREs to the areas they control. Poor living conditions in some areas present little incentive for DPREs to return. The Entities are using DPREs to resettle regions (opstinas) that are of strategic interest to each ethnic faction. SFOR's contribution to a secure environment remains vital to OHR efforts to facilitate minority returns.

9. *Brcko.* Aim: A multiethnic administration, DPRE returns, and secure environment. Freedom of movement in Brcko has improved dramatically. Citizens of BiH are increasingly confident in using their right to travel freely throughout the municipality and the region. Police and judicial elements have been installed, but the goal of multiethnicity in these elements still has not been realized. About 1,000 Federation families have returned to the parts of Brcko on the RS side of the Inter-Entity Boundary Line, but few Serb displaced persons have left Brcko to return to their pre-war homes. SFOR support will be a critical deterrent to the outbreak of violence during the period surrounding the Arbitrator's decision on Brcko's status anticipated for early in 1999.

10. *Persons Indicted for War Crimes (PIFWCs).* Aim: Cooperation with the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia (ICTY) leading to the transfer of PIFWCs to The Hague for trial. Thanks to action by the Congress, the Secretary of State now has the ability to offer rewards of up to \$5 million for information leading to the arrest or conviction of PIFWCs. Of the 81 people indicted publicly by

the Tribunal, only 29–36 percent—are still at large. The two highest-profile indictees, Karadzic and Mladic, are among them. Bosnians are cooperating with the ICTY, but the failure of the RS to support the ICTY is a major obstacle to progress. Bosnian Croats have cooperated with respect to the surrender of all but two public indictees, but have not cooperated fully with respect to the Tribunal's orders that they turn over documents needed for the fair trial of a number of indictees. SFOR continues to provide crucial support in the apprehension of PIFWCs and for ICTY exhumations.

In my report to the Congress dated July 28, 1998, I emphasized the important role that realistic target dates, combined with concerted use of incentives, leverage, and pressure on all parties, should play in maintaining the sense of urgency necessary to move steadily toward an enduring peace.

The December 1998 Peace Implementation Council Declaration and its annex (attached) offer target dates for accomplishment of specific tasks by authorities in BiH. The PIC decisions formed the background against which NATO Defense Ministers reviewed the future of SFOR in their December 17 meeting. Failure by Bosnian authorities to act within the prescribed timeframes would be the point of departure for more forceful action by the OHR and other elements of the international community. Priorities for 1999 will include: accelerating the transition to a sustainable market economy; increasing the momentum on the return of refugees and displaced persons, particularly to minority areas; providing a secure environment through the rule of law, including significant progress on judicial reform and further establishment of multiethnic police; developing and reinforcing the central institutions, including adoption of a permanent election law, and the development of greater confidence and cooperation among the Entity defense establishments with the goal of their eventual unification; and pressing ahead with media reform and education issues.

In accordance with the NATO Defense Ministers' guidance in June 1998, NATO is conducting a series of comprehensive reviews at no more than 6-month intervals. The first of these reviews was completed on November 16, 1998, and recently endorsed by the North Atlantic Council (NAC) Foreign and Defense Ministers. In reviewing the size and shape of SFOR against the benchmarks described above, the United States and its allies concluded that at present, there be no changes in SFOR's mission. NATO recommended, however, that steps begin immediately to streamline SFOR. The NAC Foreign and Defense Ministers endorsed this recommendation on December 8, 1998, and December 17, 1998, respectively. The Defense Ministers also endorsed a report from the NATO Military Authorities (NMAs) authorizing further adjustments in SFOR force levels—in response to the evolving security situa-

tion and support requirements—to be completed by the end of March 1999. While the specifics of these adjustments are still being worked, they could amount to reductions of as much as 10 percent from the 6,900 U.S. troops currently in SFOR. The 6,900 troop level already represents a 20 percent reduction from the 8,500 troops deployed in June 1998 and is 66 percent less than peak U.S. deployment of 20,000 troops in 1996.

The NATO Defense Ministers on December 17, 1998, further instructed NMAs to examine options for possible longer-term and more substantial adjustments to the future size and structure of SFOR. Their report is due in early 1999 and will give the United States and its Allies the necessary information on which to base decisions on SFOR's future. We will address this issue in the NAC again at that time. Decisions on future reductions will be taken in the light of progress on implementation of the Peace Agreement. Any and all reductions of U.S. forces in the short or long term will be made in accordance with my Administration's policy that such reductions will not jeopardize the safety of U.S. armed forces serving in BiH.

My Administration values the Congress' substantial support for Dayton implementation. I look forward to continuing to work with the Congress in pursuit of U.S. foreign policy goals in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *February 4, 1999.*

By unanimous consent, the message was referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 106–18).

¶6.8 COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK— MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. NETHERCUTT, laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, February 8, 1999.

Hon. J. DENNIS HASTERT,
*The Speaker, U.S. House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.*

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 5 of Rule III of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, I have the honor to transmit a sealed envelope received from the White House on February 5, 1999 at 3:50 p.m. and said to contain a message from the President whereby he submits a Budget Request for the District of Columbia.

With best wishes, I am
Sincerely,

JEFF TRANDAHLL.

¶6.9 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COURTS BUDGET FY 2000

The Clerk then read the message from the President, as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

In accordance with the District of Columbia Code, as amended, I am transmitting the District of Columbia Courts' FY 2000 Budget request.

The District of Columbia Courts have submitted a FY 2000 Budget request for

\$131.6 million for its operating expenditures and \$17.4 million for courthouse renovation and improvements. My FY 2000 Budget includes recommended funding levels of \$128.4 million for operations and \$9.0 million for capital improvements for the District Courts. My transmittal of the District of Columbia Courts' budget request does not represent an endorsement of its contents.

I look forward to working with the Congress throughout the FY 2000 appropriation process.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *February 5, 1999.*

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 106–17).

And then,

¶6.10 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. TERRY, pursuant to the special order agreed to on Thursday, February 4, 1999, at 2 o'clock and 15 minutes p.m., the House adjourned until 12:30 p.m. on Tuesday, February 9, 1999 for "morning-hour debate."

¶6.11 REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

[Filed on February 5, 1999]

Mr. BURTON: Committee on Government Reform. H.R. 391. A bill to amend chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, for the purpose of facilitating compliance by small businesses with certain Federal paperwork requirements, to establish a task force to examine the feasibility of streamlining paperwork requirements applicable to small businesses, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 106–8 Pt. 1). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. BURTON: Committee on Government Reform. H.R. 436. A bill to reduce waste, fraud, and error in Government programs by making improvements with respect to Federal management and debt collection practices, Federal payment systems, Federal benefit programs, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 106–9 Pt. 1). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

[Filed on February 8, 1999]

Mr. YOUNG of Alaska: Committee on Resources. H.R. 193. A bill to designate a portion of the Sudbury, Assabet, and Concord Rivers as a component of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System (Rept. No. 106–10). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. TALENT: Committee on Small Business. H.R. 439. A bill to amend chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, popularly known as the Paperwork Reduction Act, to minimize the burden of Federal paperwork demands upon small businesses, educational and nonprofit institutions, Federal contractors, State and local governments, and other persons through the sponsorship and use of alternative information technologies (Rept. No. 106–11, Pt. 1).

Mr. TALENT: Committee on Small Business. H.R. 440. A bill to make technical corrections to the Microloan Program (Rept. No. 106–12). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

¶6.12 TIME LIMITATION OF REFERRED
BILL PURSUANT TO RULE X

Pursuant to clause 5 of rule X the following action was taken by the Speaker:

[The following actions occurred on February 5, 1999]

H.R. 436. Referral to the Committee on the Judiciary extended for a period ending not later than February 5, 1999.

H.R. 391. Referral to the Committee on Small Business extended for a period ending not later than February 5, 1999.

¶6.13 REPORTED BILLS SEQUENTIALLY
REFERRED

Under clause 2 of rule XII, bills and reports were delivered to the Clerk for printing, and bills referred as follows:

[Filed on February 5, 1999]

Mr. BURTON: Committee on Government Reform. H.R. 437. A bill to provide for a Chief Financial Officer in the Executive Office of the President; referred to the Committee on the Budget for a period ending not later than February 5, 1999, for consideration of such provisions of the bill as fall within their jurisdiction pursuant to clause 1(c), rule X. (Rept. No. 106-7, Pt. 1).

¶6.14 DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE

[The following actions occurred on February 5, 1999]

Pursuant to clause 5 of rule X, the Committee on Small Business discharged from further consideration. H.R. 391 referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Pursuant to clause 5 of rule X, the following action was taken by the Speaker: the Committee on the Judiciary discharged from further consideration. H.R. 436 referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Pursuant to clause 5 of rule X, the Committee on the Budget discharged from further consideration. H.R. 437 referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

¶6.15 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. ANDREWS:

H.R. 613. A bill to amend title 9, United States Code, to allow employees the right to accept or reject the use of arbitration to resolve an employment controversy; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ARCHER (for himself, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. THOMAS, Mr. CRANE, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. COOKSEY, Mr. GOSS, Mr. ARMEY, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. PETERSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. BRADY of Texas, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. HILLEARY, Mr. HOSTETTLER, Mr. BONILLA, Mr. TANCREDO, Mr. STUMP, Mr. LARGENT, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. KOLBE, Mrs. MYRICK, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. COBURN, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. ENGLISH, Mr. MCCRERY, Mr. HAYWORTH, and Mr. SHADEGG):

H.R. 614. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand the availability of medical savings accounts; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. CRANE:

H.R. 615. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permit early distribu-

tions from employee stock ownership plans for higher education expenses and first-time homebuyer purchases; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 616. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permit 401(k) contributions which would otherwise be limited by employer contributions to employee stock ownership plans; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. DEGETTE (for herself, Mr. NORWOOD, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. SHOWS, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. ENGLISH, Ms. RIVERS, and Mr. STRICKLAND):

H.R. 617. A bill to amend the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 to ensure full Federal compliance with that Act; to the Committee on Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. DOGGETT (for himself, Mr. EVANS, and Mr. CRAMER):

H.R. 618. A bill to provide for the adjudication of certain claims against the Government of Iraq and to ensure priority for United States veterans filing such claims; to the Committee on International Relations.

By Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts:

H.R. 619. A bill to amend the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to prohibit discrimination on the basis of sex in programs receiving Federal financial assistance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN, and Mrs. ROUKEMA):

H.R. 620. A bill to direct the Secretary of Transportation to conduct a test to determine the costs and benefits of requiring jet-propelled aircraft taking off from Newark International Airport, New Jersey, to conduct ascents over the ocean, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. HILLEARY:

H.R. 621. A bill to provide that certain regulations proposed by the Comptroller of the Currency, the Director of the Office of Thrift Supervision, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation relating to practices of financial institutions shall not take effect; to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

By Mr. HOUGHTON (for himself, Mr. MCNULTY, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. LAFALCE, Mr. FROST, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts, Mr. HAYWORTH, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. HINOJOSA, and Mr. WAXMAN):

H.R. 622. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exclude from gross income rewards received by reason of providing information leading to the conviction of a crime to the extent that the reward is used to compensate victims of crime; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KNOLLENBERG (for himself, Mr. BACHUS, Mr. BARTON of Texas, Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. CANADY of Florida, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. COX of California, Ms. DANNER, Mr. DELAY, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. ENGLISH, Mr. EHRLICH, Mr. HANSEN, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Mr. HERGER, Mr. HOEKSTRA, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. JOHN, Mrs. MYRICK, Mr. NORWOOD, Mr. PAUL, Mr. ROHRABACHER, Mr. SANDLIN, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. SMITH of Michigan, Mr. SOUDER, Mr. STUMP, Mr. TRAFICANT, and Mr. UPTON):

H.R. 623. A bill to amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to eliminate certain

regulation of plumbing supplies; to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. KNOLLENBERG:

H.R. 624. A bill to amend section 101 of title 11 of the United States Code to modify the definition of single asset real estate and to make technical corrections; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. NEY (for himself, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. KASICH, Mr. KUCINICH, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. REGULA, Mr. SAWYER, and Mrs. JONES of Ohio):

H.R. 625. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to continue payment of monthly educational assistance benefits to veterans enrolled at educational institutions during periods between terms if the interval between such periods does not exceed eight weeks; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. SANDERS (for himself, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. ROHRABACHER, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. NADLER, Mr. BERRY, Mrs. THURMAN, Mrs. JONES of Ohio, Mr. STARK, Mr. OLVER, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. KUCINICH, Mr. LUTHER, Mr. WAXMAN, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, and Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN):

H.R. 626. A bill to require persons who undertake federally funded research and development of drugs to enter into reasonable pricing agreements with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. SANDERS:

H.R. 627. A bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to increase the minimum wage and to provide for an increase in such wage based on the cost of living; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. TRAFICANT (for himself, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. BILBRAY, and Mr. ROHRABACHER):

H.R. 628. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense to assign members of the Armed Forces, under certain circumstances and subject to certain conditions, to assist the Immigration and Naturalization Service and the United States Customs Service in the performance of border protection functions; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. VENTO (for himself and Mrs. ROUKEMA):

H.R. 629. A bill to amend the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 to reauthorize the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund and to more efficiently and effectively promote economic revitalization, community development, and community development financial institutions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

By Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts:

H.J. Res. 24. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to repeal the twenty-second amendment relating to Presidential term limitations; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

¶6.16 ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 104: Mr. CALVERT, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mrs. CUBIN, Ms. DUNN of Washington, Mr. EHRLICH, Mr. FORBES, Mr. GOODE, Mr. GOODLING, Mr. GREEN of Wisconsin, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Mr. HAYES, Mr. ISTOOK, Mr. LARGENT, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. PACKARD, and Mr. SKEEN.

H.R. 105: Mr. COOKSEY and Mr. FORBES.

H.R. 106: Mr. COOKSEY, Mr. FORBES, Mr. HOSTETTLER, and Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas.

H.R. 107: Mr. CALVERT, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. COOKSEY, Mr. FORBES, Mr. HOSTETTLER, Mr.

SAM JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. LATHAM, and Mr. PAUL.

H.R. 108: Mr. COOKSEY, Mr. FORBES, Mr. HOEKSTRA, and Mr. HOSTETTLER.

H.R. 150: Mr. STUMP, Mr. GIBBONS, Mr. UNDERWOOD, and Mr. McDERMOTT.

H.R. 151: Mr. CANNON and Mr. McINNIS.

H.R. 154: Mr. UDALL of Colorado.

H.R. 169: Mr. GANSKE.

H.R. 218: Mr. PICKERING, Ms. GRANGER, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. WICKER, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. SISISKY, Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. HALL of Ohio, Mr. TANCREDO, Mr. METCALF, Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. TURNER, Mr. LINDER, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. HOSTETTLER, Mr. NEY, Mr. GREEN of Wisconsin, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. SHOWS, Mr. GODLATTE, Mr. NORWOOD, Mr. STUMP, Mr. RADANOVICH, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. STRICKLAND, and Mrs. THURMAN.

H.R. 271: Mr. RANGEL.

H.R. 316: Mr. NADLER, Mr. COOKSEY, Mr. GOODE, and Mr. SUNUNU.

H.R. 351: Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. COOK, Mr. SHAW, Mr. RUSH, Mr. POMEROY, Mr. DICKEY, Mr. GREEN of Wisconsin, and Mr. RYUN of Kansas.

H.R. 355: Mr. ORTIZ.

H.R. 357: Mr. CARDIN and Mr. MASCARA.

H.R. 373: Mr. PAUL.

H.R. 415: Mr. LANTOS and Mr. MARTINEZ.

H.R. 433: Mr. SCARBOROUGH, Mr. HORN, and Mr. MORAN of Virginia.

H.R. 438: Mrs. WILSON.

H.R. 548: Mrs. CLAYTON, Mrs. MINK of Hawaii, Mr. BISHOP, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. MEEKS of New York, Ms. NORTON, Mr. OWENS, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. PASTOR, Mr. WYNN, Mrs. CAPPS, Mr. UDALL of New Mexico, and Mrs. THURMAN.

H. Con. Res. 21: Mr. RUSH.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1999 (7)

¶7.1 DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The House was called to order at 12:30 o'clock p.m. by the SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SWEENEY, who laid before the House the following communication:

WASHINGTON, DC,
February 9, 1999.

I hereby designate the Honorable JOHN E. SWEENEY to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

J. DENNIS HASTERT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

¶7.2 MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Mr. Sherman Williams, one of his secretaries.

¶7.3 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Lundregan, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed a concurrent resolution of the following title, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. Con. Res. 7. Concurrent resolution honoring the life and legacy of King Hussein ibn Talal al-Hashem.

¶7.4 "MORNING-HOUR DEBATE"

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SWEENEY, pursuant to the order of the House of Tuesday, January 19, 1999, recognized Members for "morning-hour debate".

¶7.5 RECESS—1:05 P.M.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SWEENEY, pursuant to clause 12 of rule I, declared the House in recess until 2 o'clock p.m.

¶7.6 AFTER RECESS—2 P.M.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SHIMKUS, called the House to order.

¶7.7 APPROVAL OF THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SHIMKUS, announced he had examined and approved the Journal of the proceedings of Monday, February 8, 1999.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal was approved.

¶7.8 COMMUNICATIONS

Executive and other communications, pursuant to clause 2, rule XIV, were referred as follows:

417. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Tebufenozide; Extension of Tolerance for Emergency Exemptions [OPP-300790; FRL-6059-8] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

418. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—3,7-Dichloro-8-quinoline carboxylic acid; Pesticide Tolerances for Emergency Exemptions [OPP-300781; FRL-6055-6] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

419. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Cymoxanil; Pesticide Tolerance [OPP-300782; FRL-6056-4] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

420. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Propylamide; Extension of Tolerance for Emergency Exemptions [OPP-300791; FRL-6060-3] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

421. A letter from the Deputy Executive Director, U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule—Voting by Interested Members of Self-Regulatory Organization Governing Boards and Committees—received January 11, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

422. A letter from the Deputy Executive Director, U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule—Temporary Licenses for Associated Persons, Floor Brokers, Floor Traders and Guaranteed Introducing Brokers—received January 11, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

423. A letter from the Deputy Director for Policy and Programs, Community Development Financial Institutions Fund, Department of the Treasury, transmitting the Department's final rule—Notice of Funds Availability (NOFA) Inviting Applications for the Community Development Financial Institutions Program—Technical Assistance Component [No. 982-0154] received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the

Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

424. A letter from the President and Chairman, Export-Import Bank of the United States, transmitting a report involving U.S. exports to Singapore, pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 635(b)(3)(i); to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

425. A letter from the General Counsel, Federal Emergency Management Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Changes in Flood Elevation Determinations—received January 7, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

426. A letter from the General Counsel, Federal Emergency Management Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—National Flood Insurance Program; Removal of Form (RIN: 3067-AC81) received January 7, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

427. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards; Occupant Crash Protection [Docket No. NHTSA-98-4980; Notice 1] (RIN: 2127-AH25) received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

428. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards; Occupant Protection In Interior Impact [Docket No. NHTSA-98-5033] [RIN No. 2127-AG07] received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

429. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Hazardous Waste Management System; Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste; Petroleum Refining Process Wastes; Exemption for Leachate from Non-Hazardous Waste Landfills; Final Rule (RIN: 2050-AG61) received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

430. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Programs; Amendments to Hazardous Chemical Reporting Thresholds for Gasoline and Diesel Fuel at Retail Gas Stations [FRL-6300-5] (RIN: 2050-AE58) received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

431. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—RECORD Keeping and Reporting Burden Reduction [AD-FRL-6-6300] received February 5, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

432. A letter from the Director, Regulations Policy and Management Staff, Office of Policy, Food and Drug Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Indirect Food Additives: Adhesives and Components of Coatings [Docket No. 96F-0136] received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

433. A letter from the Director, Regulations Policy and Management Staff, Office of Policy, Food and Drug Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule—Indirect Food Additives: Adjuvants, Production Aids, and Sanitizers [Docket No. 97F-0421] received January 27, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

434. A letter from the Secretary of Health and Human Services, transmitting the Serv-