

¶17.4 PROVIDING FOR THE
CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 707

Mr. GOSS, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 91):

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XVIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 707) to amend the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act to authorize a program for predisaster mitigation, to streamline the administration of disaster relief, to control the Federal costs of disaster assistance, and for other purposes. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. Points of order against consideration of the bill for failure to comply with clause 4(a) of rule XIII are waived. General debate shall be confined to the bill and shall not exceed one hour equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. After general debate the bill shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule. It shall be in order to consider as an original bill for the purpose of amendment under the five-minute rule the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure now printed in the bill. The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute shall be considered by title rather than by section. Each title shall be considered as read. During consideration of the bill for amendment, the chairman of the Committee of the Whole may accord priority in recognition on the basis of whether the Member offering an amendment has caused it to be printed in the portion of the Congressional Record designated for that purpose in clause 8 of rule XVIII. Amendments so printed shall be considered as read. The chairman of the Committee of the Whole may: (1) postpone until a time during further consideration in the Committee of the Whole a request for a recorded vote on any amendment; and (2) reduce to five minutes the minimum time for electronic voting on any postponed question that follows another electronic vote without intervening business, provided that the minimum time for electronic voting on the first in any series of questions shall be 15 minutes. At the conclusion of consideration of the bill for amendment the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted. Any Member may demand a separate vote in the House on any amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole to the bill or to the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

On motion of Mr. GOSS, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection and under the operation thereof, the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶17.5 DISASTER MITIGATION AND COST
REDUCTION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOSS, pursuant to House Resolution 91

and rule XVIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 707) to amend the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act to authorize a program for predisaster mitigation, to streamline the administration of disaster relief, to control the Federal costs of disaster assistance, and for other purposes.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOSS, by unanimous consent, designated Mr. HEFLEY as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole; and after some time spent therein,

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. NETHERCUTT, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. HEFLEY, Chairman, pursuant to House Resolution 91, reported the bill back to the House with an amendment adopted by the Committee.

The previous question having been ordered by said resolution.

The following amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, was agreed to:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Disaster Mitigation and Cost Reduction Act of 1999".

**SEC. 2. AMENDMENTS TO ROBERT T. STAFFORD
DISASTER RELIEF AND EMERGENCY
ASSISTANCE ACT.**

Except as otherwise specifically provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision of law, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).

**TITLE I—PREDISASTER HAZARD
MITIGATION**

SEC. 101. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) greater emphasis needs to be placed on identifying and assessing the risks to State and local communities and implementing adequate measures to reduce losses from natural disasters and to ensure that critical facilities and public infrastructure will continue to function after a disaster;

(2) expenditures for post-disaster assistance are increasing without commensurate reduction in the likelihood of future losses from such natural disasters;

(3) a high priority in the expenditure of Federal funds under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act should be to implement predisaster activities at the local level; and

(4) with a unified effort of economic incentives, awareness and education, technical assistance, and demonstrated Federal support, States and local communities will be able to increase their capabilities to form effective community-based partnerships for mitigation purposes, implement effective natural disaster mitigation measures that reduce the risk of future damage, hardship, and suffering, ensure continued functioning of critical facilities and public infrastructure, leverage additional non-Federal resources into meeting disaster resistance goals, and make commitments to long-term mitigation efforts in new and existing structures.

(b) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this title to establish a predisaster hazard mitigation program that—

(1) reduces the loss of life and property, human suffering, economic disruption, and

disaster assistance costs resulting from natural hazards; and

(2) provides a source of predisaster hazard mitigation funding that will assist States and local governments in implementing effective mitigation measures that are designed to ensure the continued functioning of critical facilities and public infrastructure after a natural disaster.

SEC. 102. STATE MITIGATION PROGRAM.

Section 201(c) (42 U.S.C. 5131(c)) is amended—

(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (1);

(2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting "and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(3) set forth, with the ongoing cooperation of local governments and consistent with section 409, a comprehensive and detailed State program for mitigating against emergencies and major disasters, including provisions for prioritizing mitigation measures."

SEC. 103. DISASTER ASSISTANCE PLANS.

Section 201(d) (42 U.S.C. 5131(d)) is amended to read as follows:

"(d) GRANTS FOR DISASTER ASSISTANCE AND HAZARD IDENTIFICATION.—The President is authorized to make grants for—

"(1) not to exceed 50 percent of the cost of improving, maintaining, and updating State disaster assistance plans including, consistent with section 409, evaluation of natural hazards and development of the programs and actions required to mitigate such hazards; and

"(2) the development and application of improved floodplain mapping technologies that can be used by Federal, State, and local governments and that the President determines will likely result in substantial savings over current floodplain mapping methods."

SEC. 104. PREDISASTER HAZARD MITIGATION.

Title II (42 U.S.C. 5131–5132) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 203. PREDISASTER HAZARD MITIGATION.

"(a) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—The President may establish a program to provide financial assistance to States and local governments for the purpose of undertaking predisaster hazard mitigation activities that are cost effective and substantially reduce the risk of future damage, hardship, or suffering from a major disaster.

"(b) PURPOSE OF ASSISTANCE.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a State or local government that receives financial assistance under this section shall use the assistance for funding activities that are cost effective and substantially reduce the risk of future damage, hardship, or suffering from a major disaster.

"(2) DISSEMINATION.—The State or local government may use not more than 10 percent of financial assistance it receives under this section in a fiscal year for funding activities to disseminate information regarding cost effective mitigation technologies (such as preferred construction practices and materials), including establishing and maintaining centers for protection against natural disasters to carry out such dissemination.

"(c) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—The amount of financial assistance to be made available to a State, including amounts made available to local governments of such State, under this section in a fiscal year shall—

"(1) not be less than the lesser of \$500,000 or 1.0 percent of the total funds appropriated to carry out this section for such fiscal year; but

"(2) not exceed 15 percent of such total funds.

"(d) CRITERIA.—Subject to the limitations of subsections (c) and (e), in determining