RULE XXXVIII

PROHIBITION OF UNOFFICIAL OFFICE ACCOUNTS

38.1a (a) No Member may maintain or have maintained for his use an unofficial office account. The term “unofficial office account” means an account or repository into which funds are received for the purpose, at least in part, of defraying otherwise unreimbursed expenses allowable in connection with the operation of a Member’s office. An unofficial office account does not include, and expenses incurred by a Member in connection with his official duties shall be defrayed only from—

(1) personal funds of the Member;
(2) official funds specifically appropriated for that purpose;
(3) funds derived from a political committee (as defined in section 301(d) of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 431)); and
(4) funds received as reasonable reimbursements for expenses incurred by a Member in connection with personal services provided by the Member to the organization making the reimbursement.

38.1b (b) Notwithstanding subparagraph (a), official expenses may be defrayed only as provided by subsections (d) and (i) of section 311 of the Legislative Appropriations Act, 1991 (Public Law 101–520).

38.2 2. No contribution (as defined in section 301(e) of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 431)) shall be converted to the personal use of any Member or any former Member. For the purposes of this rule “personal use” does not include reimbursement of expenses incurred by a Member in connection with his official duties.

RULE XXXIX

FOREIGN TRAVEL

39.1a (a) Unless authorized by the Senate (or by the President of the United States after an adjournment sine die), no funds from the United States Government (including foreign currencies made available under section 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954 (22 U.S.C. 1754(b)) shall

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be received for the purpose of travel outside the United
States by any Member of the Senate whose term will expire
at the end of a Congress after—

(1) the date of the general election in which his
successor is elected; or

(2) in the case of a Member who is not a candidate
in such general election, the earlier of the date of
such general election or the adjournment sine die of
the second regular session of that Congress.

39.1b (b) The travel restrictions provided by subparagraph
(a) with respect to a Member of the Senate whose term
will expire at the end of a Congress shall apply to travel
by—

(1) any employee of the Member;

(2) any elected officer of the Senate whose employ-
ment will terminate at the end of a Congress; and

(3) any employee of a committee whose employment
will terminate at the end of a Congress.

39.2 2. No Member, officer, or employee engaged in foreign
travel may claim payment or accept funds from the United
States Government (including foreign currencies made
available under section 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act
of 1954 (22 U.S.C. 1754(b)) for any expense for which the
individual has received reimbursement from any other
source; nor may such Member, officer, or employee receive
reimbursement for the same expense more than once from
the United States Government. No Member, officer, or em-
ployee shall use any funds furnished to him to defray ordi-
nary and necessary expenses of foreign travel for any pur-
pose other than the purpose or purposes for which such
funds were furnished.

39.3 3. A per diem allowance provided a Member, officer, or
employee in connection with foreign travel shall be used
solely for lodging, food, and related expenses and it is the
responsibility of the Member, officer, or employee receiving
such an allowance to return to the United States Govern-
ment that portion of the allowance received which is not
actually used for necessary lodging, food, and related ex-
penses.

42Pursuant to S. Res. 80, 100–1, Jan. 28, 1987, paragraph 1 was renumbered
as 1. (a) and subparagraph (b) was added.
FRANKING PRIVILEGE AND RADIO AND TELEVISION STUDIOS

40.1 1. A Senator or an individual who is a candidate for nomination for election, or election, to the Senate may not use the frank for any mass mailing (as defined in section 3210(a)(6)(E) of title 39, United States Code) if such mass mailing is mailed at or delivered to any postal facility less than sixty days immediately before the date of any primary or general election (whether regular, special, or runoff) in which the Senator is a candidate for public office or the individual is a candidate for Senator, unless the candidacy of the Senator in such election is uncontested.

40.2 2. A Senator shall use only official funds of the Senate, including his official Senate allowances, to purchase paper, to print, or to prepare any mass mailing material which is to be sent out under the frank.

40.3a 3. (a) When a Senator disseminates information under the frank by a mass mailing (as defined in section 3210(a)(6)(E) of title 39, United States Code), the Senator shall register quarterly with the Secretary of the Senate such mass mailings. Such registration shall be made by filing with the Secretary a copy of the matter mailed and providing, on a form supplied by the Secretary, a description of the group or groups of persons to whom the mass mailing was mailed.

40.3b (b) The Secretary of the Senate shall promptly make available for public inspection and copying a copy of the mail matter registered, and a description of the group or groups of persons to whom the mass mailing was mailed.

40.4 4. Nothing in this rule shall apply to any mailing under the frank which is (a) in direct response to inquiries or requests from persons to whom the matter is mailed; (b) addressed to colleagues in Congress or to government officials (whether Federal, State, or local); or (c) consists entirely of news releases to the communications media.

40.5 5. The Senate computer facilities shall not be used (a) to store, maintain, or otherwise process any lists or cat-