fined.

Register and re-

Proofs and en-

finished business

transferred to Yakima land-office.

Boundaries do- ranges twenty-seven and twenty-eight east of the Willamette meridian; and running westerly along said line between townships six and seven north to the summit of the Cascade Mountains; thence northerly along said summit to the boundary line between the United States and British Columbia; thence east along said line to the Columbia guide meridian; thence south on said meridian to the line between townships sixteen and seventeen north; thence west along said line to the line between ranges twenty-seven and twenty-eight east; thence south along said line to the place of beginning, shall constitute a separate land district, to be called the Yakima land district, the office of which shall be located at Yakima City therein.

SEC. 2. That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and ceiver authorized consent of the Senate, or during the recess thereof, a register and a receiver of public moneys for said district; and said officers shall reside in the place where said land office is located, and shall have the same powers and responsibilities, and shall receive the same fees and emoluments, as the like officers now receive in the other land-offices in said Territory.

SEC. 3. That all persons in said district who, prior to the opening of tries and other un- said Yakima land office, shall have filed their declaritory statements or applications for pre-emption, homestead, or other land rights, in any other land-office in said Territory of Washington, shall hereafter make proofs and entries at said Yakima land-office; and all unfinished business in any other land-office relating exclusively to lands in said Yakima land district shall be transferred to said Yakima land-office when notified by the officers of the opening thereof.

Approved, June 16, 1880.

June 16, 1880.

CHAP. 243.-An act to provide for the settlement of all outstanding claims against the District of Columbia, and conferring jurisdiction on the Court of Claims to hear the same, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims is hereby extended to, and it shall have original legal tended to certain claims against the and equitable jurisdiction of, all claims now existing against the Dis-District of Colum- trict of Columbia arising out of contracts, made by the late Board of bia. Public Works, and extensions thereof made by the Commissioners of Claims specified. The District of Columbia, and such claims as have arisen out of contracts made by the District Commissioners since the passage of the act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and of all claims for work done by the order or direction of the said Commissioners, and accepted by them for the use, purposes or benefit of the said Dis-trict of Columbia, and prior to the fourteenth day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-six; and all certificates of the auditor of said Board of Public Works, all certificates issued by the auditor and comptroller of the District of Columbia, all claims based on contracts made by the Levy Court, all sewer certificates, all sewer taxes not hereto-fore converted into three-sixty-five bonds, all measurements made by the engineers of said District of work done under contracts made since February twenty-first, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, for which no certificates have been issued to and received by the contractor or his assignee which certificates shall be prima facie evidence of the amount of work done, all claims based upon contracts made by the Board of Public Works for which no evidence of indebtedness has been issued. Said Court of Claims shall have the same power, proceed in the same manner, and be governed by the same rules, in respect to the mode of hearing, adjudication, and determination of said claims, as it now has in relation to the adjudication of claims against the United States: Pro-Additional rules vided, Said court may make such additional rules as may be necessary to save costs and prevent delays in the prosecution of such claims. When the trial of any claim against the District of Columbia, prosecuted

Court of Claims. Jurisdiction extended to certain

Procedure.

Proviso. authorized.

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under the provisions of this act, involves the taking and stating of a long account, or the making of measurements or computations involving reference. the services of engineers, said court shall have power to award a reference to a competent referee to take and state such account, or to the engineer commissioner of the District to make and report such measurements and computations; and said referee or engineer shall report to the court the evidence taken by him for the information of said court, evidence and reand any such referee shall be allowed such compensation for his services compensation. as the court may determine, not exceeding ten dollars per day for time actually employed to be paid on the order of the court by the Secretary of the Treasury and charged to the account of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 2. All such claims against the District of Columbia shall, in the first instance, be prosecuted before the Court of Claims by the con- claims for prosecutractor his personal representatives or his assignee, in the same manner and subject to the same rules so far as applicable as claims against the United States are prosecuted therein, or to such other rules as the writing a finding of facts by the court, there shall be the same right of may request the appeal, either by the District of Columbia or by the claimant, and subject court to find the to the same rules and regulations as are prescribed by the last of the same rules and regulations. to the same rules and regulations, as are prescribed by law for appeals on facts before trial. behalf of the United States or claimants against the United States from the judgments of the Court of Claims: *Provided*, That the prosecution of all such claims shall be commenced in the Court of Claims by the filing of the petition of the claimant, as required by the rules and practice of said court, within six months from the passage of this act; and all such claims against the District of Columbia now existing, and not so filed within said prosecution is not time shall be forever barred, except in cases of claims owned and held by time shall be forever barred, except in cases of claims owned and held by filing petition persons under legal disabilities, in which case such claims shall be in within six months like manner barred unless commenced as aforesaid within six months from date of pasafter the expiration of such disability: *Provided*, That all certificates, sage of this act. measurements, or other evidence of indebtedness, in the custody of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, shall be deposited with the lidity of a number of claims depends substantially upon a like state of consolidated defacts, they may be brought before the court in one petition in which all pending upon a like state of facts. parties are joined, and may be tried together under such rules as the court may prescribe, and such judgments may be entered therein as the court may determine; and cases of like kind may be consolidated and tried together whenever the court so orders.

SEC. 3. The Attorney-General of the United States shall have authority, and it shall be his duty, to defend the District of Columbia against eral of the United all such claims against said District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized because the said the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of the States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted in said Court States authorized the District of Columbia prosecuted t of Claims, and on appeal, in like manner as he is now by law required to trict of Columbia. defend the United States in said court, with the same power to interpose counter claims and offsets against claims and defences for fraud practiced or attempted and all other legal defences, and with like power of appeal as in cases against the United States tried in said court.

SEC. 4. All laws now in force relating to prosecutions of claims against the United States in the Court of Claims shall apply, as far as so far as applica-applicable, to the prosecution, practice, hearing, and determination of ^{ble}, shall apply. claims against the District of Columbia authorized to be prosecuted under the provisions of this act: Provided, That motions for new trials shall be made by either party within twenty-days after the rendition of any judgment: And provided further, That in the trial of such cases no trial. person shall be excluded as a witness because he or she is a party to or interested in the same.

SEC. 5. If no appeal be taken from the judgment and determination of the Court of Claims in cases provided for in this act within the term appeal within limited by law for appealing from the judgments of said court, and in all law, and final cases of final judgments by the Court of Claims, or on appeal by the judgments to be Supreme Court where the same are affirmed in favor of the claimant, the paid by Secretary sum due thereby shall be paid, as hereinafter provided, by the Secretary of the Treasury.

May award a

Referee to take

Presentation of tion.

Proviso.

Claims barred if commenced by

Judgments.

Attorney - Gen -

Laws in force,

Proviso. Motions for new

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Judgments on within

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Proviso.

1874, ch. 337 bonds.

Proviso.

Proviso.

1874, ch. 337, Stat., 18, 120. Prosecution.

of law or fact. Trial of case.

Dismissal prosecution.

Claims rejected

Redemption of authorized.

1874, ch. 337, Stat., 18, 120.

of the Treasury: *Provided*, That no payment shall be made except upon the presentation to the Secretary of the Treasury of a copy of said judgment certified by the clerk of the Court of Claims, and signed by the chief justice, or, in his absence, by the presiding judge of said court.

SEC. 6. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to demand of the sinking-fund commissioner of the District of Columbia so many of the three sixty-five bonds authorized by act of Congress approved June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and acts amenda-Payment of tory thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the judgments; and judgments in said sinking-fund commissioner is hereby directed to issue and deliver three-sixty-five to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount of three sixty-five bonds required to satisfy the judgments; which bonds shall be received by said claimants at par in payment of such judgments, and shall bear date August first, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and mature at the same time as other bonds of this issue: Provided, That before the delivery of such bonds as are issued in payment of judgments rendered as aforesaid on the claims aforesaid, the coupons shall be detached therefrom from the date of said bonds to the day upon which such claims were due and payable; and the gross amount of such bonds heretofore and hereafter issued shall not exceed in the aggregate fifteen millions of dollars: Provided, The bonds issued by authority of this act shall be of no more binding force as to their payment on the Government of the United States than the three sixty-five bonds issued under authority of the act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four.

SEC. 7. In all cases prosecuted under the provisions of this act it shall be the duty of the claimant, after the commencement of said actions, to Joinder of issue prosecute them in said court diligently; and after any issue of law or of fact shall be joined in any case, the Attorney-General shall have power for to place the same on the trial calendar of said court for trial; and in all want of diligent cases when any case has been reached in its order on the calendar, and the trial thereof has been unreasonably delayed by the claimant, the said court may, on motion of the Attorney General, on notice to the claimant, or his counsel, attorney, or solicitor, dismiss said claim; and such dismissal or final judgment on any claim shall be a conclusive bar against any further prosecution of such claim before any court or tri-bunal whatsoever. The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay, according to the provisions of this act, the said judgments from time to time as they may be presented.

SEC. 8. No claim shall be presented to, or considered by the Court of by the board of Claims under the provisions of this act which was rejected by the Board of Audit of Audit.

SEC. 9. That the Treasurer of the United States as ex-officio sinkingcertificates of the fund commissioner of the District of Columbia is hereby authorized and board of audit directed to redeem the outstanding certificates of the late Board of authorized Audit, created by the act approved June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, with the interest accrued on said certificates by issuing and delivering to the owners or holders of such certificates, bonds of the District of Columbia as provided in section seven of the act approved June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An act for the government of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", and acts amendatory thereof, said bonds to bear the same date, same rate of interest, and interest and principal be payable at same time, and subject to all the conditions, pledges of faith, and exemptions as the bonds authorized to be issued by the said seventh section of said act, and shall be signed by the said treasurer as ex officio sinking-fund commissioner of the District of Columbia, and numbered, countersigned, sealed and registered as the said seventh section of said act prescribes detaching all coupons from said bonds up to the date of such certificates.

SEC. 10. No suit now pending for the collection of any claim based not prejudiced by upon a contract or extension of contract hereinbefore mentioned in the

Pending suits

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supreme court of the District of Columbia shall be in any manner prejudiced by the provisions of this act.

Approved, June 16, 1880.

CHAP. 244 .- An act for the relief of certain settlers on the public lands, and to provide for the repayment of certain fees, purchase money and commissions paid on void entries of public lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases where it shall, upon due proof being made, appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary on public lands. of the Interior that innocent parties have paid the fees and commissions and excess payments required upon the location of claims under the act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to enable honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, their widows and orphan children, to acquire homesteads on the public lands of the United States', and amendments thereto", approved March third eighteen hundred and seventythree, and now incorporated in section twenty-three hundred and six of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which said claims were, after such location, found to be fraudulent and void, and the entries or loca-tions made thereon canceled, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and excess payto repay to such innocent parties the fees and commissions, and excess ments made upon payments paid by them, upon the surrender of the receipts issued there- fraudulent for by the receivers of public moneys, out of any money in the Treasury Approprint of the appropriated, and shall be payable out of the appropriate permanent. tion to refund purchase-money on lands erroneously sold by the United States.

SEC. 2. In all cases where homestead or timber-culture or desert-land entries or other entries of public lands have heretofore or shall hereafter celed or not con-firmed; repayment be canceled for conflict, or where, from any cause, the entry has been to be made in all erroneously allowed and cannot be confirmed, the Secretary of the Inte- cases. rior shall cause to be repaid to the person who made such entry, or to his heirs or assigns, the fees and commissions, amount of purchase money, and excesses paid upon the same upon the surrender of the Excess of \$1.25 duplicate receipt and the execution of a proper relinquishment of all per acre, double-duplicate solution of a proper relinquishment of all per acre, double-claims to said land, whenever such entry shall have been duly canceled land not within by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and in all cases where railroad grant, to parties have paid double-minimum price for land which has afterwards be repaid to purbeen found not to be within the limits of a railroad land grant, the ex-cess of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre shall in like manner be

repaid to the purchaser thereof, or to his heirs or assigns. SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to make the pay- Appropriation, ments herein provided for, out of any money in the Treasury not other- permanent. wise appropriated.

SEC. 4. The Commissioner of the General Land Office shall make all necessary rules, and issue all necessary instructions, to carry the provis- lations to be made ions of this act into effect; and for the repayment of the purchase money by the Commis-and fees herein provided for the Secretary of the Interior shall draw his eral Land Office. warrant on the Treasury and the same shall be paid without regard to the date of the cancellation of the entries.

Approved, June 16, 1880.

CHAP. 245.—An act to grant the State of Nevada lands in lieu of the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections in said State.

Whereas, the legislature of the State of Nevada on March eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, passed an act accepting from the United States a grant of two millions or more acres of land in lieu of the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections therein, and relinquishing to the United States all such sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections in said State

June 16, 1880.

Certain settlers

R.S. 2306.

Repayment to and void entries.

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June 16, 1880.

Preamble.