## FIFTY-NINTH CONGRESS. SESS. I. CHS. 1363, 1366. 1906.

one year and completed within three years from the date this Act takes effect.

Amendment. SEC. 7. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 2, 1906.

CHAP. 1366.—An Act To provide for the reorganization of the consular service of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consular system of the United States be reorganized in the manner hereinafter provided in this Act.

shall hereafter be classified and graded as hereinafter specified, with amended. Classification. R.S., sec. 1690, p. 296, the salaries of each class herein affixed thereto.

## CONSULS-GENERAL.

Class one, twelve thousand dollars.-London, Paris.

Class two, eight thousand dollars.-Berlin, Habana, Hongkong, Hamburg, Rio de Janeiro, Shanghai.

Class three, six thousand dollars.-Calcutta, Cape Town, Constantinople, Mexico City, Montreal, Ottawa, Vienna, Yokohama.

Class four, five thousand five hundred dollars. - Antwerp, Barcelona, Brussels, Canton, Frankfort, Marseilles, Melbourne, Panama, Saint Petersburg, Seoul, Tientsin.

Class five, four thousand five hundred dollars .- Auckland, Beirut, Buenos Ayres, Callao, Chefoo, Coburg, Dresden, Guavaquil, Halifax, Hankau, Mukden, Munich, Niuchwang, Rome, Rotterdam, Saint Gall, Singapore.

Class six, three thousand five hundred dollars.-Adis Ababa, Bogota, Budapest, Guatemala, Lisbon, Monterey, San Salvador, Stockholm, Tangier.

Class seven, three thousand dollars.—Athens, Christiania, Copenhagen.

## CONSULS.

Class one, eight thousand dollars.—Liverpool.

Class two, six thousand dollars.—Manchester. Class three, five thousand dollars.—Bremen, Dawson, Belfast, Havre,

Kobe, Lourenço Marquez, Lyon, Pretoria.

Class four, four thousand five hundred dollars.-Amov, Amsterdam, Birmingham, Cienfuegos, Fuchau, Glasgow, Kingston (Jamaica), Nottingham, Santiago, Southampton, Veracruz, Valparaiso.

Class five, four thousand dollars.-Bahia, Bombay, Bordeaux, Colon, Dublin, Dundee, Harbin, Leipzig, Nanking, Naples, Nuremberg, Para, Pernambuco, Plauen, Reichenberg, Santos, Stuttgart, Toronto, Tsingtau, Vancouver, Victoria.

Class six, three thousand five hundred dollars. - Apia, Barmen, Barranquilla, Basel, Berne, Bradford, Chemnitz, Chungking, Cologne, Dalny, Durban, Edinburgh, Geneva, Genoa, Georgetown, Lucerne, Mannheim, Montevideo, Nagasaki, Odessa, Palermo, Port Elizabeth, Prague, Quebec, Rimouski, San Juan del Norte, Sherbrooke, Smyrna, Three Rivers (Quebec), Vladivostok, Winnipeg, Zurich.

Class seven, three thousand dollars.—Aix la Chapelle, Annaberg, Barbados, Batavia, Burslem, Calais, Carlsbad, Colombo, Dunfermline,

Consuls-general. Salaries.

Class I.

Class II.

Class III.

Class IV.

Class V.

Class VI.

Class VII.

Consuls. Salarie

Class L. Class II.

Class III.

Class IV.

Class V.

Class VI.

Class VIL

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April 5, 1906. [S. 1345.]

[Public, No. 83.]

Consular service. Reorganization of.

Dusseldorf, Florence, Freiburg, Ghent, Hamilton (Ontario), Hanover, Harput, Huddersfield, Iquitos, Jerusalem, Kehl, La Guaira, Leghorn, Liege, Mainz, Malaga, Managua, Nantes, Nassau, Newcastle (New South Wales), Newcastle (England), Port Antonio, Port au Prince, Sandakan, Seville, Saint John (New Brunswick), Saint Michaels, Saint Thomas (West Indies), San Jose, Sheffield, Swansea, Sydney (Nova Scotia), Sydney (New South Wales), Tabriz, Tampico, Tamsui, Trieste, Trinidad.

Class eight, two thousand five hundred dollars.-Acapulco, Aden, Algiers, Alexandretta, Bamberg, Batum, Belize, Bergen, Breslau, Brunswick, Cardiff, Chihuahua, Ciudad Juarez, Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Collingwood, Cork, Crefeld, Curaçao, Eibenstock, Gothenburg, Ham-ilton (Bermuda), Hull, Jerez de la Frontera, La Rochelle, Leeds, Madrid, Magdeburg, Malta, Maracaibo, Martinique, Matamoros, Mazatlan, Milan, Moscow, Nice, Nogales, Nuevo Laredo, Orillia, Plymouth, Port Hope, Port Limon, Prescut, Puerto Cortez, Rheims, Rosario, Roubaix, Saint Johns (Newfoundland), Saint Etienne, Sarnia, Sault Sainte Marie, Stettin, Tamatave, Tegucigalpa, Teneriffe, Trebi-zond, Valencia, Weimar, Windsor (Ontario), Yarmouth, Zanzibar, Zittau.

Class nine, two thousand dollars.-Aguascalientes, Antigua, Asuncion, Bagdad, Belleville, Belgrade, Bristol, Campbellton, Cape Gracias, Cape Haitien, Cartagena, Castellamare di Stabia, Catania, Ceiba, Charlottetown, Coaticook, Cornwall, Durango, Ensenada, Fort Erie, Funchal, Gaspe, Gibraltar, Glauchau, Goree-Dakar, Grenoble, Guadeloupe, Hermosillo, Hobart, Iquique, Jalapa, Jamestown, Kingston (Ontario), La Paz, Limoges, Manzanillo, Maskat, Messina, Moncton, Niagara Falls, Patras, Port Louis, Port Rowan, Port Stanley, Progreso, Puerto Cabello, Puerto Plata, Riga, Rouen, Saigon, Saint Christopher, Saint Hyacinthe, Saint Johns (Quebec), Saint Pierre, Saint Stephen, Saltillo, Sierra Leone, Sivas, Stavanger, Suva, Tahiti, Turin, Turks Island, Tuxpam, Utilla, Venice, Warsaw, Windsor (Nova Scotia), Woodstock

SEC. 3. That the offices of vice-consuls-general, deputy consulsofficers. Temporary service general, vice-consuls, and deputy consuls shall be filled by appointment, as heretofore, except that whenever, in his judgment, the good of the service requires it, consuls may be designated by the President without thereby changing their classification to act for a period not to exceed one year as vice-consuls-general, deputy consuls-general, viceconsuls, and deputy consuls; and when so acting they shall not be deemed to have vacated their offices as consuls. Consuler agents may <sup>agen-</sup> be appointed, when necessary, as heretofore. The grade of commercial agent is abolished.

Inspectors of con-sulates. Appointment of consuls-general at salaries. Salaries. Inspectors of consulates, to be des-ignated and commissioned as consuls-general at large, who shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars each, and shall be paid their actual and necessary traveling and subsistence expenses paid their actual and necessary traveling and subsistence expenses while traveling and inspecting under instructions from the Secretary of State. They shall be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, from the members of the consular force possessing the requisite qualifications of experience and ability. They shall make such inspections of consular offices as the Secretary of State shall direct, and shall report to him. Each consular office shall be inspected at least once in every two years. Whenever the President has reason to believe that the business of a consulate or a consulate-general is not being properly conducted and that it is necessary for the public interest, he may authorize any consul-general at large to suspend the consul or consul-general, and administer the office in his stead for a period not exceeding ninety days. In such case the consul-general at large so authorized shall have power to suspend any vice or deputy consular officer or clerk in said office during the period aforesaid.

Class VIII.

Vice and deputy of consuls as. Time limit.

Commercial cies abolished.

Duties.

Powers.

The provisions of law relating to the official bonds of consuls-general, and the provisions of sections seventeen hundred and thirty-four, seventeen hundred and thirty-five, and seventeen hundred and thirtysix, Revised Statutes of the United States, shall apply to consuls-general at large.

SEC. 5. No person who is not an American citizen shall be appointed Clerks receiving hereafter in any consulate-general or consulate to any clerical position year to be American the salary of which is one thousand dollars a year or more the salary of which is one thousand dollars a year or more.

SEC. 6. Sections sixteen hundred and ninety-nine and seventeen hun- R.S., secs. 1699, 1700, 304, amended. dred of the Revised Statutes of the United States are hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 1699. No consul-general, consul, or consular agont receiving Business prohibi-tions extended to le-a salary of more than one thousand dollars a year shall, while he holds gal practice by sala-his office, be interested in or transact any business as a merchant, factor, broker, or other trader, or as a clerk or other agent for any such person to, from, or within the port, place, or limits of his jurisdiction, directly or indirectly, either in his own name or in the name or through the agency of any other person; nor shall he practice as a lawyer for compensation or be interested in the fees or compensation of any lawyer; and he shall in his official bond stipulate as a condition thereof not to violate this prohibition.

"SEC. 1700. All consular officers whose respective salaries exceed May include feed one thousand dollars a year shall be subject to the prohibition against transacting business, practicing as a lawyer, or being interested in the fees or compensation of any lawyer contained in the preceding section. And the President may extend the prohibition to any consul-general, consul, or consular agent whose salary does not exceed one thousand dollars a year or who may be compensated by fees, and to any vice or deputy consular officer or consular agent, and may require such officer to give a bond not to violate the prohibition.

required, whenever application is made to him therefor, within the quired. SEC. 7. That every consular officer of the United States is hereby limits of his consulate, to administer to or take from any person any oath, affirmation, affidavit, or deposition, and to perform any other notarial act which any notary public is required or authorized by law to do within the United States; and for every such notarial act performed he shall charge in each instance the appropriate fee prescribed by the President under section seventeen hundred and forty-five, Revised Statutes.

SEC. 8. That all fees, official or unofficial, received by any officer in Fees, official and the consular service for services rendered in connection with the duties into the Treasury. SEC. 8. That all fees, official or unofficial, received by any officer in of his office or as a consular officer, including fees for notarial services, and fees for taking depositions, executing commissions or letters rogatory, settling estates, receiving or paying out moneys, caring for or disposing of property, shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury of the United States, and the sole and only compensation of such officers shall be by salaries fixed by law; but this shall not apply to Consular agents al-consular agents, who shall be paid by one half of the fees received in their offices, up to a maximum sum of one thousand dollars in any one year, the other half being accounted for and paid into the Treasury of the United States. And vice-consuls-general, deputy consuls-general, Additional compen-vice-consuls, and deputy consuls, in addition to such compensation as officers. they may be entitled to receive as consuls or clerks, may receive such portion of the salaries of the consul-general or consuls for whom they act as shall be provided by regulation.

SEC. 9. That fees for the consular certification of invoices shall be, Invoice fees to be and they hereby are, included with the fees for official services for president. which the President is authorized by section seventeen hundred and R.S., sec. 1745, p. 310. which the President is authorized by section seventeen hundred and forty-five of the Revised Statutes to prescribe rates or tariffs; and pp. 307, 552, repealed. sections twenty-eight hundred and fifty-one and seventeen hundred and twenty-one of the Revised Statutes are hereby repealed.

Bonds.

R. S., secs, 1734-1736, pp. 308, 309,

Bond.

Fees.

R. S., sec. 1745, p. 310.

Maximum amount.

## FIFTY-NINTH CONGRESS. SESS. I. CHS. 1366-1368. 1906.

Consulates to be sup-plied with documen-tary stamps

SEC. 10. That every consular officer shall be provided and kept supplied with adhesive official stamps, on which shall be printed the equivalent money value of denominations and to amounts to be determined by the Department of State, and shall account quarterly to the Department of State for the use of such stamps and for such of them as shall remain in his hands.

To be affixed to doc-uments requiring no-tarial, etc., acts. Whenever a consular officer is required or finds it necessary to perform any consular or notarial act he shall prepare and deliver to the party or parties at whose instance such act is performed a suitable and appropriate document as prescribed in the consular regulations and affix thereto and duly cancel an adhesive stamp or stamps of the denomination or denominations equivalent to the fee prescribed for Unstamped docu- such consular or notarial act, and no such act shall be legally valid within the jurisdiction of the Government of the United States unless

such stamp or stamps is or are affixed and canceled. SEC. 11. That this Act shall take effect on the thirtieth day of June,

nineteen hundred and six. Inconsistent laws

SEC. 12. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed.

Approved, April 5, 1906.

April 5, 1906. [H. R. 14808.] [Public, No. 84.]

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Provisos. Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

Sluiceway.

Fishways.

Time of completion.

Amendment.

CHAP. 1367 .- An Act Authorizing the Choctawhatchee Power Company to erect a dam in Dale County, Alabama.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Choctawhatchee States of America in Congress assembled, That the Choctawhatchee Choctawhatchee Power Company, its successors and assigns, be, and is hereby, author-Choctawhatchee Power Company, its successors and assigns, be, and is hereby, author-Power Company may ized to erect, build, have, and maintain a steel and concrete dam, or dam, near Newton, ized to erect, build, have, and maintain a steel and concrete dam, or dam of other material, on the Choctawhatchee River at a point above the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad bridge near Newton, on said river and in Dale County, Alabama: *Provided*, That the plans of said dam shall be submitted to and be approved by the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War before construction is commenced; and the Secretary of War may at any time require and enforce, at the expense of the owners, such modifications in the construction of said dam as he may deem advisable in the interests of navigation: Provided further, That there shall be placed and maintained in connection with said dam a sluiceway so arranged as to permit logs, timber, and lumber to pass around, through, or over said dam without unreasonable delay or hindrance and without toll or charges; and suitable fishways, to be approved by the United States Fish Commission, shall be constructed and maintained on said dam.

SEC. 2. That this Act shall be null and void unless the dam herein authorized is commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date hereof.

SEC. 3. That the right to amend or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 5, 1906.

April 5, 1906. [H. R. 16671.]] [Public, No. 85.]

CHAP. 1368.—An Act Permitting the building of a dam across the Saint Joseph River near the village of Berrien Springs, Berrien County, Michigan.

Saint Joseph River, Mich. Berrien Springs Power and Electric Company may dam.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Berrien Springs Power and Electric Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan, its successors and assigns, to construct, erect, and maintain a dam across

In effect June 30, 1906.

repealed.