Penalty for viola-

Conflicting laws repealed.

required to do duty to exceed nine hours of any twenty-four while in port, including the date of arrival, or more than twelve hours of any twenty-four at sea, except in a case of emergency when life or property is endangered. Any violation of this section shall subject the person or persons guilty thereof to a penalty of \$100.

Sec. 4. That all laws or parts of laws in conflict with this Act are

hereby repealed.

Approved, May 11, 1918.

May 14, 1918. [S. 3402.]

[Public, No. 148.]

Naval Academy.

CHAP. 73.—An Act To fix the age limits for candidates for admission to the United States Naval Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter all candidates Naval Academy.
Age of admission to, modified.
R.S., sec. 1517, p. 261, amended.
Proviso.
Notapplicable to current year.

States of America in Cong., and a congression to the Naval Academy must be not less than stated.
The proviso and the cale of the academy in nineteen hundred and eighteen.

Approved, May 14, 1918.

May 16, 1918. [H. R. 10265.]

[Public, No. 149.]

Employees in District of Columbia.

Powers conferred.

Lands, buildings thereon, etc.

Contracts for.

CHAP. 74.—An Act To authorize the President to provide housing for war needs.

[Public, No. 149.] Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Housing for war States of America in Congress assembled, That the President, for the President to provide purposes of providing housing, local transportation and other general houses, etc., for workers and their families during the war.

community utilities for such industrial workers as are engaged in arsenals and navy yards of the United States and in industries connected with and essential to the national defense, and their families, and also employees of the United States whose duties require them to reside in the District of Columbia, and whose services are essential to war needs, and their families, only during the continuation of the existing war, is hereby authorized and empowered, within the limits of the amounts herein authorized-

(a) To purchase, acquire by lease, construct, requisition, or acquire by condemnation or by gift such houses, buildings, furnishings, improvements, local transportation and other general community utilities and parts thereof as he may determine to be necessary for

the proper conduct of the existing war.

or by gift any improved or unimproved land, or any right, title, or interest therein on which such houses, buildings, improvements, local transportation and other general community utilities and parts thereof have been or may be constructed: Provided, That colleges, museums, libraries, State or municipal buildings, and the furnishings in private dwellings shall not be acquired except by (b) To purchase, lease, requisition, or acquire by condemnation in private dwellings shall not be acquired except by contract, nor Occupied dwellings. shall any occupied dwelling or place of abode be taken under the powers in this Act given except by contract unless the necessity thereof shall be determined by a judge of the circuit or district court of the United States exercising jurisdiction in the locality on petition setting forth the reason and necessity for such taking; the hearing on such petition shall be upon notice to the owner and occupant of such dwelling, and the determination of such judge shall be final, but in no event shall any occupied private dwelling house be taken except by contract unless such dwelling be upon lands desired for the construction of a Government structure: Provided further, That no existing limitation upon the right of any person to make a conceptle. tract with the United States shall apply to owners whose property