have been rendered homeless or are in needy circumstances as the result of the recent flood due to the overflow of the Arkansas River and its tributaries, and in executing this joint resolution, the Secretary of War is directed so far as possible to cooperate with the authorities of the State of Colorado, and the mayors of such cities on the Arkansas River or its tributaries as may have sustained damages.

Approved, June 8, 1921.

June 10, 1921. [S. 1084.] [Public, No. 13.]

CHAP. 18 .- An Act To provide a national budget system and an independent audit of Government accounts, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Budget and Accounting Act, 1921.

TITLE I.—DEFINITIONS.

Title of Act.

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Budget and Accounting Act, 1921."

Meaning of terms. "Department and establishment."

SEC. 2. When used in this Act-

The terms "department and establishment" and "department or establishment" mean any executive department, independent com-Congress and Su mission, board, bureau, office, agency, or other establishment of the cluded.

Congress and Su mission, board, bureau, office, agency, or other establishment of the District cluded. of Columbia, but do not include the Legislative Branch of the Gov-

"The Budget."

ernment or the Supreme Court of the United States;
The term "the Budget" means the Budget required by section

201 to be transmitted to Congress;

"Bureau."

"Director."

The term "Bureau" means the Bureau of the Budget; The term "Director" means the Director of the Bureau of the Direc- Budget; and

"Assistant tor.

The term "Assistant Director" means the Assistant Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

The Budget.

TITLE II.—THE BUDGET.

President to send, annually to Congress.

Sec. 201. The President shall transmit to Congress on the first day of each regular session, the Budget, which shall set forth in summary and in detail:

Contents. Estimates of expen-

(a) Estimates of the expenditures and appropriations necessary ditures and appropriations for ensuing year.

For Congress and fiscal year; except that the estimates for such year for the Legissupreme Court with lative Branch of the Government and the Supreme Court of the United States shall be transmitted to the President on or before October 15th of each year, and shall be included by him in the Budget without revision;

Estimates of receipts for ensuing year.

(b) His estimates of the receipts of the Government during the ensuing fiscal year, under (1) laws existing at the time the Budget is transmitted and also (2) under the revenue proposals, if any, contained in the Budget;

Expenditures and receipts of the last year.

(c) The expenditures and receipts of the Government during the last completed fiscal year;

Estimates of expenditures and receipts of current year.

(d) Estimates of the expenditures and receipts of the Government

during the fiscal year in progress;
(e) The amount of annual, permanent, or other appropriations, Amount available (e) The amount of annual, permanent, or other appropriations, rent year for expenditions available tures.

(e) The amount of annual, permanent, or other appropriations, available tures. for expenditure during the fiscal year in progress, as of November 1 of such year;

Condition of Treas-ury at end of last year, and estimates for current and ensuing years.

(f) Balanced statements of (1) the condition of the Treasury at the end of the last completed fiscal year, (2) the estimated condition of the Treasury at the end of the fiscal year in progress, and (3)

the estimated condition of the Treasury at the end of the ensuing fiscal year if the financial proposals contained in the Budget are adopted;

(g) All essential facts regarding the bonded and other indebted-edness.

ness of the Government; and

(h) Such other financial statements and data as in his opinion are cial condition. necessary or desirable in order to make known in all practicable

detail the financial condition of the Government.

SEC. 202. (a) If the estimated receipts for the ensuing fiscal year to meet deficiency if contained in the Budget, on the basis of laws existing at the time estimated resources the Budget is transposited. the Budget is transmitted, plus the estimated amounts in the Treas-penditures ury at the close of the fiscal year in progress, available for expenditure in the ensuing fiscal year, are less than the estimated expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year contained in the Budget, the President in the Budget shall make recommendations to Congress for new taxes, loans, or other appropriate action to meet the estimated deficiency

(b) If the aggregate of such estimated receipts and such estimated proposed expenditures less than estimated reamounts in the Treasury is greater than such estimated expenditures sources. for the ensuing fiscal year, he shall make such recommendations as

in his opinion the public interests require.

Sec. 203. (a) The President from time to time may transmit to Supplemental or deficiency estimates auCongress supplemental or deficiency estimates for such appropriational to the deficiency estimates authorized to meet necessary expenses. tions or expenditures as in his judgment (1) are necessary on account of laws enacted after the transmission of the Budget, or (2) are otherwise in the public interest. He shall accompany such estimates company. with a statement of the reasons therefor, including the reasons for their omission from the Budget.

(b) Whenever such supplemental or deficiency estimates reach an exceeding estimated reaggregate which, if they had been contained in the Budget, would sources. have required the President to make a recommendation under subdivision (a) of section 202, he shall thereupon make such

recommendation.

SEC. 204. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the ments of estimates, contents, order, and arrangement of the estimates of appropriations etc., continued. and the statements of expenditures and estimated expenditures contained in the Budget or transmitted under section 203, and the notes and other data submitted therewith, shall conform to the requirements of existing law.

(b) Estimates for lump-sum appropriations contained in the company lump sum addet or transmitted under section 203 shall be accompanied by estimates. Budget or transmitted under section 203 shall be accompanied by statements showing, in such detail and form as may be necessary to inform Congress, the manner of expenditure of such appropriations and of the corresponding appropriations for the fiscal year in progress and the last completed fiscal year. Such statements shall be in lieu quirements

of statements of like character now required by law.

SEC. 205. The President, in addition to the Budget, shall transmit for fiscal year Congress on the first Monday in December, 1921, for the service be submitted. to Congress on the first Monday in December, 1921, for the service of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923, only, an alternative budget, which shall be prepared in such form and amounts and according to tions, etc.

Form, recommendations system of classification and itemization as is, in his opinion, most appropriate, with such explanatory notes and tables as may be necessary to show where the various items embraced in the Budget are contained in such alternative budget.

SEC. 206. No estimate or request for an appropriation and no Restriction on sub-request for an increase in an item of any such estimate or request, etc., by other officers or and no recommendation as to how the revenue needs of the Govern and no recommendation as to how the revenue needs of the Government should be met, shall be submitted to Congress or any committee thereof by any officer or employee of any department or establishment, unless at the request of either House of Congress.

Reasons for, to ac-

In lieu of present re-

Budget Bureau cre-ated in Treasury Department.
Director and Assistant Director for.

Duties of Assistant Director.

Functions of Bureau.

Authority of Director over personnel, ex-penses, etc.

Pay restriction.

Application of civil service laws, etc.

Transfer of Federal employees permitted until June 30, 1922.

Vol. 34, p. 449.

Bureau employees llowed additional pay \$240 a year. Vol. 41, pp. 689, 1308.

Detailed study Bureau for securing greater economy and efficiency in public service.

Report to President

Estimates to be com-

SEC. 207. There is hereby created in the Treasury Department a Bureau to be known as the Bureau of the Budget. There shall be in the Bureau a Director and an Assistant Director, who shall be appointed by the President and receive salaries of \$10,000 and \$7,500 a year, respectively. The Assistant Director shall perform such duties as the Director may designate, and during the absence or incapacity of the Director or during a vacancy in the office of Director he shall act as Director. The Bureau, under such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe, shall prepare for him the Budget, the alternative Budget, and any supplemental or deficiency estimates, and to this end shall have authority to assemble, correlate, revise, reduce, or increase the estimates of the several departments or establishments.

SEC. 208. (a) The Director, under such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe, shall appoint and fix the compensation of attorneys and other employees and make expenditures for rent in the District of Columbia, printing, binding, telegrams, telephone service, law books, books of reference, periodicals, stationery, furniservice, law books, books of reference, periodicals, stationery, furnishing the property of the compensation of attorneys and other employees and make expenditures for rent in the District of Columbia, printing, binding, telegrams, telephone service, law books, books of reference, periodicals, stationery, furnishing the compensation of the compens ture, office equipment, other supplies, and necessary expenses of the

office, within the appropriations made therefor.

(b) No person appointed by the Director shall be paid a salary at a rate in excess of \$6,000 a year, and not more than four persons so appointed shall be paid a salary at a rate in excess of \$5,000 a year.

(c) All employees in the Bureau whose compensation is at a rate of \$5,000 a year or less shall be appointed in accordance with the civil-service laws and regulations.

(d) The provisions of law prohibiting the transfer of employees of executive departments and independent establishments until after service of three years shall not apply during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1921, and June 30, 1922, to the transfer of employees to the Bureau.

(e) The Bureau shall not be construed to be a bureau or office created since January 1, 1916, so as to deprive employees therein of the additional compensation allowed civilian employees under the provisions of section 6 of the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation Act for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1921, and

June 30, 1922, if otherwise entitled thereto.

SEC. 209. The Bureau, when directed by the President, shall make a detailed study of the departments and establishments for the purpose of enabling the President to determine what changes (with a view of securing greater economy and efficiency in the conduct of the public service) should be made in (1) the existing organization, activities, and methods of business of such departments or establishments, (2) the appropriations therefor, (3) the assignment of particular activities to particular services, or (4) the regrouping of services. The results of such study shall be embodied in a reof results.

Of services. The results of Such State, State such report or reports or any part thereof with his recommenda-

tions on the matters covered thereby.

SEC. 210. The Bureau shall prepare for the President a codifica-Laws relating to preparing receipts and expenditures and estimates for Congress to be codified.

SEC. 210. The Bureau shall prepare for the President a continuous for Congress of statements of receipts and expenditures and of estimates of appropriations. The mates for Congress to transmission to Congress of statements of receipts and expenditions. Transmittalby President with recommendations for changes, President shall transmit the same to Congress on or before the first Monday in December, 1921, with a recommendation as to the changes which, in his opinion, should be made in such laws or parts of laws.

Sec. 211. The powers and duties relating to the compiling of piled.

R. S., sec. 3669, p. estimates now conferred and imposed upon the Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants of the office of the Secretary of the Treasury are transferred to the Bureau.

SEC. 212. The Bureau shall, at the request of any committee of Information to Congress when requested. either House of Congress having jurisdiction over revenue or appropriations, furnish the committee such aid and information as it may request.

SEC. 213. Under such regulations as the President may pre-tofurnish information scribe, (1) every department and establishment shall furnish to the to Bureau. Bureau such information as the Bureau may from time to time require, and (2) the Director and the Assistant Director, or any etc., for examination. employee of the Bureau when duly authorized, shall, for the purpose of securing such information, have access to, and the right to examine, any books, documents, papers, or records of any such department or establishment.

SEC. 214. (a) The head of each department and establishment departments, etc., to shall designate an official thereof as budget officer therefor, who, prepare estimates in each year under his direction and on or before a date fixed by him, shall prepare the departmental estimates.

(b) Such budget officer shall also prepare, under the direction of estimates. the head of the department or establishment, such supplemental and deficiency estimates as may be required for its work.

SEC. 215. The head of each department and establishment shall Revision and submission by heads of departmental estimates and submit them to the Bureau on departments, etc. or before September 15 of each year. In case of his failure so to do, of failure. the President shall cause to be prepared such estimates and data as are necessary to enable him to include in the Budget estimates and statements in respect to the work of such department or establishment.

SEC. 216. The departmental estimates and any supplemental or Form, etc., of esti-deficiency estimates submitted to the Bureau by the head of any scribed. department or establishment shall be prepared and submitted in such form, manner, and detail as the President may prescribe.

SEC. 217. For expenses of the establishment and maintenance of establishing, etc., Euthe Bureau there is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury reau. not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$225,000, to continue available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922.

TITLE III.—GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE.

SEC. 301. There is created an establishment of the Government to be known as the General Accounting Office, which shall be independent, under Compensation of the executive departments and under the control and direction of the Comptroller General of the United States. The offices of ler of the Treasury and Comptroller of the Treasury and Assistant Comptroller of the Treas-Assistant, abolished. ury are abolished, to take effect July 1, 1921. All other officers and employees of the office of the Comptroller of the Treasury shall besigned to General Accome officers and employees in the General Accounting Office at their counting Office. grades and salaries on July 1, 1921, and all books, records, documents, papers, furniture, office equipment and other property of the office of the Comptroller of the Treasury shall become the property of the General Accounting Office. The Comptroller General is authorized to adopt a seal for the General Accounting Office.

SEC. 302. There shall be in the General Accounting Office a Compand troller General of the United States and an Assistant Comptroller appointed. Comptroller appointed. General of the United States, who shall be appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall receive salaries of \$10,000 and \$7,500 a year, respectively. The Assistant Comptroller General shall perform such duties as may be assigned to him by the Comptroller General, and during the absence or incapacity of the Comptroller General, or during a vacancy in that office, shall act as Comptroller General.

SEC. 303. Except as hereinafter provided in this section, the Comptroller General and the Assistant Comptroller General shall hold

Access to records,

General Accounting Office.

Seal of Office.

Duties of Assistant.

Tenure of office, etc.

l and sole for removal Method causes specified. removal

Reappointment for-bidden.

Age retirement.

Postal service.
Bureau of Accounts,
Post Office Department, created for ad-

Public accounts. R. S., sec. 236, p. 39, amended.

Settlement and ad-

General administrative laws applicable.

office for fifteen years. The Comptroller General shall not be eligible for reappointment. The Comptroller General or the Assistant Comptroller General may be removed at any time by joint resolution of Congress after notice and hearing, when, in the judgment of Congress, the Comptroller General or Assistant Comptroller General has become permanently incapacitated or has been inefficient, or guilty of neglect of duty, or of malfeasance in office, or of any felony or conduct involving moral turpitude, and for no other cause and in no other manner except by impeachment. Any Comptroller General or Assistant Comptroller General removed in the manner herein provided shall be ineligible for reappointment to that office. When a Comptroller General or Assistant Comptroller General attains the age of

Duties of Comptroller General or Assistant Comptroller General seventy years, he shall be retired from his office.

SEC. 304. All powers and duties now conferred upon the Comptroller of the Treasury or the six as by Bookkeeping, etc., Division, vested independently in Accounting Office.

Warrants of the Office of the Secretary of the keeping. SEC. 304. All powers and duties now conferred or imposed by law upon the Comptroller of the Treasury or the six auditors of the Treasury Department, and the duties of the Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants of the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury relating to keeping the personal ledger accounts of disbursing and collecting officers, shall, so far as not inconsistent with this Act, be vested in Finality of certified and imposed upon the General Accounting Office and be exercised without direction from any other officer. The balances certified by Revision of auditors' the Comptroller General shall be final and conclusive upon the execusettlements after July 1, 1921, discontinued. The Government. The revision by the Comptroller Compared of the Government. General of settlements made by the six auditors shall be discontinued,

except as to settlements made before July 1, 1921.

The administrative examination of the accounts and vouchers of ment, created for administrative examination of the Auditor for the Post ministrative examination of accounts.

Comptroller for, to a bureau in the Post Office Department to be known as the Bureau be appointed. of Accounts, which is hereby established for that purpose. Bureau of Accounts shall be under the direction of a Comptroller, Duties to be per who shall be appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall receive a salary of \$5,000 a year. The Comp-Salary of Auditor for the Post Office Department and such other duties in relation thereto as the Postmaster General man direct manufacture. priation of \$5,000 for the salary of the Auditor for the Post Office Department for the fiscal year 1922 is transferred and made available for Transfer of person- the salary of the Comptroller, Bureau of Accounts, Post Office Department. The officers and are larged and made available for ment. ment. The officers and employees of the Office of the Auditor for the Post Office Department engaged in the administrative examina-Appropriations tion of accounts shall become officers and employees of the Bureau of Accounts at their grades and calculated. of Accounts at their grades and salaries on July 1, 1921. Vol. 41, pp. 1269, priations for salaries and for contingent and miscellaneous expenses and tabulating equipment for such office for the fiscal year 1922, and all books, records, documents, papers, furniture, office equipment, and other property shall be apportioned between, transferred to, and made available for the Bureau of Accounts and the General Accounting Office, respectively, on the basis of duties transferred. Sec. 305. Section 236 of the Revised Statutes is amended to read

as follows:

"Sec. 236. All claims and demands whatever by the Government Justment thereof by SEC. 250. All claims and delinated whatever in which deneral Accounting of the United States or against it, and all accounts whatever in which the Government of the United States is concerned, either as debtor or creditor, shall be settled and adjusted in the General Accounting Office."

Sec. 306. All laws relating generally to the administration of the Effect of copies of departments and establishments shall, so far as applicable, govern records, etc., as evi-the General Accounting Office. Copies of any books, records, papers, or documents, and transcripts from the books and proceedings of the General Accounting Office, when certified by the Comptroller General or the Assistant Comptroller General under its seal, shall be admitted as evidence with the same effect as the copies and transcripts referred to in sections 882 and 886 of the Revised Statutes.

in sections 882 and 886 of the Revised Statutes.

SEC. 307. The Comptroller General may provide for the payment to be paid through disof accounts or claims adjusted and settled in the General Accounting bursing officers. Office, through disbursing officers of the several departments and establishments, instead of by warrant.

SEC. 308. The duties now appertaining to the Division of Public transferred from Pub-Moneys of the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury, so far as they lie Moneys Division to relate to the covering of the Secretary of the Treasury is to the Treasury. relate to the covering of revenues and repayments into the Treasury, vision. the issue of duplicate checks and warrants, and the certification of outstanding liabilities for payment, shall be performed by the Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants of the Office of the Secretary of the

SEC. 309. The Comptroller General shall prescribe the forms, sys-cedure for accounting, tems, and procedure for administrative appropriation and fund etc., to be prescribed. accounting in the several departments and establishments, and for the administrative examination of fiscal officers' accounts and claims against the United States.

SEC. 310. The offices of the six auditors shall be abolished, to take abolished. Personnel, etc., except as otherwise provided herein shall become officers and emission of these offices are represented to Accounting Office. ployees of the General Accounting Office at their grades and salaries on July 1, 1921. All books, records, documents, papers, furniture, office equipment, and other property of these offices, and of the Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants, so far as they relate to the work of such division transferred by section 304, shall become the property of the General Accounting Office. The General Accounting rooms assigned. Office shall occupy temporarily the rooms now occupied by the office

of the Comptroller of the Treasury and the six auditors.

SEC. 311. (a) The Comptroller General shall appoint, remove, and Appointment, etc., of employees by Compfix the compensation of such attorneys and other employees in the troller General. General Accounting Office as may from time to time be provided for by law

(b) All such appointments, except to positions carrying a salary service laws. at a rate of more than \$5,000 a year, shall be made in accordance with the civil-service laws and regulations.

(c) No person appointed by the Comptroller General shall be paid a salary at a rate of more than \$6,000 a year, and not more than four persons shall be paid a salary at a rate of more than \$5,000 a year.

(d) All officers and employees of the General Accounting Office, Assignment of durather transformed the country of the General Accounting Office, ties. whether transferred thereto or appointed by the Comptroller General, shall perform such duties as may be assigned to them by him.

(e) All official acts performed by such officers or employees specially Authority of emdesignated therefor by the Comptroller General shall have the same ignated. force and effect as though performed by the Comptroller General in

(f) The Comptroller General shall make such rules and regulations thorized. as may be necessary for carrying on the work of the General Accounting Office, including rules and regulations concerning the admission

of attorneys to practice before such office.

SEC. 312. (a) The Comptroller General shall investigate, at the SEC. 312. (a) The Comptroller General shall investigate, at the seat of government or elsewhere, all matters relating to the receipt, all matters relating to disbursement, and application of public funds, and shall make to the President when requested by him, and to Congress at the beginning of each regular session, a report in writing of the work of the General Accounting Office, containing recommendations concerning by to Congress to facilitate legislation he may deem necessary to facilitate the prompt and itate accurate rendition and settlement of accounts and concerning such other matters relative to the manufacture of accounts and concerning such other matters relating to the receipt, disbursement, and application

R. S., secs. 882, 886,

Pay restrictions.

Special investiga-tions, etc., when order-ed by Congress or com-mittees thereof.

Special reports of violations of law by departments, etc.

Report if depart-mental examination and inspection of ac-counts adequate, etc.

Information to Bud-get Bureau when re-quested.

Departments to furnish information their activities, etc.

Eligible list of ac-countants to be estab-lished.

Transfer of appropriations for offices herein abolished.
Vol. 41, pp. 1268,

Changes in transfer-

Appropriations made available for Accounting Office.

For greater economy and efficiency in public funds as he may think advisable. In such regular report, lic expenditures. or in special reports at any time when Congress is in session, he shall make recommendations looking to greater economy or efficiency in

public expenditures.

(b) He shall make such investigations and reports as shall be ordered by either House of Congress or by any committee of either House having jurisdiction over revenue, appropriations, or expenditures. The Comptroller General shall also, at the request of any such committee, direct assistants from his office to furnish the committee such aid and information as it may request.

(c) The Comptroller General shall specially report to Congress every expenditure or contract made by any department or estab-

lishment in any year in violation of law.

(d) He shall submit to Congress reports upon the adequacy and effectiveness of the administrative examination of accounts and claims in the respective departments and establishments and upon the adequacy and effectiveness of departmental inspection of the offices and accounts of fiscal officers.

(e) He shall furnish such information relating to expenditures and accounting to the Bureau of the Budget as it may request from time

to time.

SEC. 313. All departments and establishments shall furnish to the Comptroller General such information regarding the powers, duties, activities, organization, financial transactions, and methods of business of their respective offices as he may from time to time require of Access to records, them; and the Comptroller General, or any of his assistants or employees, when duly authorized by him, shall, for the purpose of securing such information, have access to and the right to examine Diplomatic emer. any books, documents, papers, or records of any such department or gencies excepted.

R. S. sec. 291, p. 49. be applicable. be applicable to expenditures made under the provisions of section 291 of the Revised Statutes.

> SEC. 314. The Civil Service Commission shall establish an eligible register for accountants for the General Accounting Office, and the examinations of applicants for entrance upon such register shall be based upon questions approved by the Comptroller General.

> SEC. 315. (a) All appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, for the offices of the Comptroller of the Treasury and the six auditors, are transferred to and made available for the General

Accounting Office, except as otherwise provided herein.

(b) During such fiscal year the Comptroller General, within the red personnel, etc., (b) During such iscar year one Competents authorized during fis- limit of the total appropriations available for the General Accounting Office, may make such changes in the number and compensation of officers and employees appointed by him or transferred to the General

Accounting Office under this Act as may be necessary.

(c) There shall also be transferred to the General Accounting Office Proportionate share of appropriations for rent, contingent expenses, etc., Treasury Department for the General Accounting Office and mispenses, etc., Treasury such portions of the appropriations for rent and contingent and mispenses, etc., Treasury cellaneous expenses, including allotments for printing and binding, made for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ending June 30. made for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, as are equal to the amounts expended from similar appropriations during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, by the Treasury Department for the offices of the Comptroller of the Treasury and the six auditors.

> (d) During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, the appropriations and portions of appropriations referred to in this section shall be available for salaries and expenses of the General Accounting Office, including payment for rent in the District of Columbia, traveling expenses, the purchase and exchange of law books, books of reference, and for all necessary miscellaneous and contingent expenses.

SEC. 316. The General Accounting Office and the Bureau of Employees allowed additional pay of \$240 Accounts shall not be construed to be a bureau or office created since a year.

Vol. 41, p. 1308. January 1, 1916, so as to deprive employees therein of the additional compensation allowed civilian employees under the provisions of section 6 of the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, if otherwise entitled

SEC. 317. The provisions of law prohibiting the transfer of employees of executive departments and independent establishments permitted until June until after service of three years shall not apply during the fiscal vol. 34, p. 449. year ending June 30, 1922, to the transfer of employees to the General

Accounting Office.

SEC. 318. This Act shall take effect upon its approval by the Act.

President: Provided, That sections 301 to 317, inclusive, relating to Provisos.

Accounting Office and the Bureau of Accounts, shall etc., on July 1, 1921. take effect July 1, 1921.

Approved, June 10, 1921.

CHAP. 19.—An Act For the public sale of post-office site on the west side of _South Main Street, in the city of Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.

June 10, 1921. [H. R. 89.] [Public, No. 14.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Public building at,

Transury he and he is hereby authorized and directed to sell at to be sold. Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to sell at public sale the post-office site and buildings thereon erected, situate on the west side of South Main Street, in the city of Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, after proper advertisement, and at such time and upon such terms as he may deem for the best interests of the United States, for a sum not less than \$20,000, and to execute and deliver to the purchaser the usual quit-claim deed therefor, and to deposit the proceeds derived from such sale in the Treasury of the United States as a miscellaneous receipt.

Approved, June 10, 1921.

Deposit of proceeds.

CHAP. 20.—An Act To amend section 407 of the Transportation Act of 1920.

[Public, No. 15.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 407 of the Transportation Act of 1920 be, and it is hereby, amended by adding ed. Transportation Act of 1920 be, and it is hereby, amended by adding ed. thereto a new paragraph designated as paragraph (9), as follows:

"(9) Upon application of one or more telephone companies for authority to consolidate their properties or a part thereof into a solidate, etc. single company, or for authority for one or more such companies to acquire the whole or any part of the property of another telephone company or other telephone companies or the control thereof by the purchase of securities or by lease or in any other like manner, when such consolidated company would be subject to this Act, the commission shall fix a time and place for a public hearing upon such applications. application and shall thereupon give reasonable notice in writing to the governor of each of the States in which the physical property affected, or any part thereof, is situated, and to the State public service commission or other regulatory body, if any, having jurisdiction over telephone companies, and to such other persons as it may deem advisable. After such public hearing, if the commission izing. finds that the proposed consolidation, acquisition, or control will be of advantage to the persons to whom service is to be rendered and in the public interest, it shall certify to that effect; and thereupon any Act or Acts of Congress making the proposed transaction un-

Public hearing of

Certificate author-