

## EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective on 90th day following Jan. 3, 1975, see note set out under section 1901 of this title.

## SUBPART B—TRAINING

**§§ 1951, 1952. Repealed. Pub. L. 93-618, title VI, § 602(e), Jan. 3, 1975, 88 Stat. 2072**

Section 1951, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 326, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 895, provided for training to prepare workers for full employment. See section 2295 of this title.

Section 1952, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 327, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 895, provided for disqualification for refusal of training. See section 2296 of this title.

## EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective on 90th day following Jan. 3, 1975, see note set out under section 1901 of this title.

## SUBPART C—RELOCATION ALLOWANCES

**§§ 1961 to 1963. Repealed. Pub. L. 93-618, title VI, § 602(e), Jan. 3, 1975, 88 Stat. 2072**

Section 1961, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 328, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 895, provided for application for a relocation allowance. See sections 2297 and 2298 of this title.

Section 1962, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 329, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 895, set out qualifying requirements for training. See sections 2297 and 2298 of this title.

Section 1963, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 330, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 896, defined "relocation allowance". See sections 2297 and 2298 of this title.

## EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective on 90th day following Jan. 3, 1975, see note set out under section 1901 of this title.

## SUBPART D—GENERAL PROVISIONS

**§§ 1971 to 1978. Repealed. Pub. L. 93-618, title VI, § 602(e), Jan. 3, 1975, 88 Stat. 2072**

Section 1971, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 331, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 896, made provision for agreements with States. See section 2311 et seq. of this title.

Section 1972, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 332, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 896, made provision for payments to States. See section 2313 of this title.

Section 1973, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 333, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 897, provided for liabilities of certifying and disbursing officers. See section 2314 of this title.

Section 1974, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 334, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 897, provided for recovery of overpayments. See section 2315 of this title.

Section 1975, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 335, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 897, set out penalties for making false statements or failing to disclose material facts. See section 2316 of this title.

Section 1976, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 336, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 897, provided for review of determinations as to entitlement for adjustment assistance. See section 2322 of this title.

Section 1977, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 337, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 897, authorized appropriations for adjustment assistance to workers.

Section 1978, Pub. L. 87-794, title III, § 338, Oct. 11, 1962, 76 Stat. 897, defined terms. See section 2319 of this title.

## EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective on 90th day following Jan. 3, 1975, see note set out under section 1901 of this title.

## PART IV—TARIFF ADJUSTMENT

## § 1981. General authority

**(a) Proclamation of increase in, or imposition of, any duty or other import restriction; report to the Congress; adoption of resolution of approval; request for additional information**

(1) After receiving an affirmative finding of the United States International Trade Commission under section 1901(b) of this title with respect to an industry, the President may proclaim such increase in, or imposition of, any duty or other import restriction on the article causing or threatening to cause serious injury to such industry as he determines to be necessary to prevent or remedy serious injury to such industry.

(2) If the President does not, within 60 days after the date on which he receives such affirmative finding, proclaim the increase in, or imposition of, any duty or other import restriction on such article found and reported by the United States International Trade Commission pursuant to section 1901(e)<sup>1</sup> of this title—

(A) he shall immediately submit a report to the House of Representatives and to the Senate stating why he has not proclaimed such increase or imposition, and

(B) such increase or imposition shall take effect (as provided in paragraph (3)) upon the adoption by both Houses of the Congress (within the 60-day period following the date on which the report referred to in subparagraph (A) is submitted to the House of Representatives and the Senate), by the yeas and nays by the affirmative vote of a majority of the authorized membership of each House, of a concurrent resolution stating in effect that the Senate and House of Representatives approve the increase in, or imposition of, any duty or other import restriction on the article found and reported by the United States International Trade Commission.

For purposes of subparagraph (B), in the computation of the 60-day period there shall be excluded the days on which either House is not in session because of adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain or an adjournment of the Congress sine die. The report referred to in subparagraph (A) shall be delivered to both Houses of the Congress on the same day and shall be delivered to the Clerk of the House of Representatives if the House of Representatives is not in session and to the Secretary of the Senate if the Senate is not in session.

(3) In any case in which the contingency set forth in paragraph (2)(B) occurs, the President shall (within 15 days after the adoption of such resolution) proclaim the increase in, or imposition of, any duty or other import restriction on the article which was found and reported by the United States International Trade Commission pursuant to section 1901(e) of this title.

(4) The President may, within 60 days after the date on which he receives an affirmative finding of the United States International Trade Commission under section 1901(b)<sup>1</sup> of this title with respect to an industry, request additional infor-

<sup>1</sup> See References in Text note below.