

Similar provisions were contained in section 22(b), (c) of Pub. L. 98-557, which was repealed by section 2 of Pub. L. 99-36, set out above as a Repeal of Duplicate Section note.

**§ 3103. Use of reports, documents, and records**

The Secretary may rely, as evidence of compliance with this subtitle, on—

- (1) reports, documents, and records of other persons who have been determined by the Secretary to be reliable; and
- (2) other methods the Secretary has determined to be reliable.

(Added Pub. L. 104-324, title VI, §603(a), Oct. 19, 1996, 110 Stat. 3930.)

**CHAPTER 32—MANAGEMENT OF VESSELS**

Sec.	
3201.	Definitions.
3202.	Application.
3203.	Safety management system.
3204.	Implementation of safety management system.
3205.	Certification.

**§ 3201. Definitions**

In this chapter—

- (1) “International Safety Management Code” has the same meaning given that term in chapter IX of the Annex to the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974;
- (2) “responsible person” means—
  - (A) the owner of a vessel to which this chapter applies; or
  - (B) any other person that has—
    - (i) assumed the responsibility for operation of a vessel to which this chapter applies from the owner; and
    - (ii) agreed to assume with respect to the vessel responsibility for complying with all the requirements of this chapter and the regulations prescribed under this chapter.
- (3) “vessel engaged on a foreign voyage” means a vessel to which this chapter applies—
  - (A) arriving at a place under the jurisdiction of the United States from a place in a foreign country;
  - (B) making a voyage between places outside the United States; or
  - (C) departing from a place under the jurisdiction of the United States for a place in a foreign country.

(Added Pub. L. 104-324, title VI, §602(a), Oct. 19, 1996, 110 Stat. 3928.)

**SAFETY MANAGEMENT CODE REPORT AND POLICY**

Pub. L. 105-383, title III, §306, Nov. 13, 1998, 112 Stat. 3420, provided that:

“(a) REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL SAFETY MANAGEMENT CODE.—

“(1) The Secretary of Transportation (in this section referred to as the ‘Secretary’) shall conduct a study—

“(A) reporting on the status of implementation of the International Safety Management Code (hereafter referred to in this section as ‘Code’);

“(B) detailing enforcement actions involving the Code, including the role documents and reports produced pursuant to the Code play in such enforcement actions;

“(C) evaluating the effects the Code has had on marine safety and environmental protection, and identifying actions to further promote marine safety and environmental protection through the Code;

“(D) identifying actions to achieve full compliance with and effective implementation of the Code; and

“(E) evaluating the effectiveness of internal reporting and auditing under the Code, and recommending actions to ensure the accuracy and candidness of such reporting and auditing.

These recommended actions may include proposed limits on the use in legal proceedings of documents produced pursuant to the Code.

“(2) The Secretary shall provide opportunity for the public to participate in and comment on the study conducted under paragraph (1).

“(3) Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act [Nov. 13, 1998], the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a report on the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).

“(b) POLICY.—

“(1) Not later than 9 months after submission of the report in subsection (a)(3), the Secretary shall develop a policy to achieve full compliance with and effective implementation of the Code. The policy may include—

“(A) enforcement penalty reductions and waivers, limits on the use in legal proceedings of documents produced pursuant to the Code, or other incentives to ensure accurate and candid reporting and auditing;

“(B) any other measures to achieve full compliance with and effective implementation of the Code; and

“(C) if appropriate, recommendations to Congress for any legislation necessary to implement one or more elements of the policy.

“(2) The Secretary shall provide opportunity for the public to participate in the development of the policy in paragraph (1).

“(3) Upon completion of the policy in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall publish the policy in the Federal Register and provide opportunity for public comment on the policy.”

**VESSEL MANAGEMENT METHODS STUDY**

Pub. L. 104-324, title VI, §602(c), Oct. 19, 1996, 110 Stat. 3930, provided that:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall conduct, in cooperation with the owners, charterers, and managing operators of vessels documented under chapter 121 of title 46, United States Code, and other interested persons, a study of the methods that may be used to implement and enforce the International Management Code for the Safe Operation of Ships and for Pollution Prevention under chapter IX of the Annex to the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974.

“(2) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to the Congress a report of the results of the study required under paragraph (1) before the earlier of—

“(A) the date that final regulations are prescribed under section 3203 of title 46, United States Code (as enacted by subsection (a)[]); or

“(B) the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act [Oct. 19, 1996].”

**INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR SAFETY OF LIFE AT SEA**

For International Conventions for the Safety of Life at Sea to which the United States has been a party, see section 1602 of Title 33, Navigation and Navigable Waters, and notes thereunder.

**§ 3202. Application**

(a) MANDATORY APPLICATION.—This chapter applies to a vessel that—

(1)(A) is transporting more than 12 passengers described in section 2101(21)(A) of this title; or

(B) is of at least 500 gross tons as measured under section 14302 of this title and is a tanker, freight vessel, bulk freight vessel, high speed freight vessel, or self-propelled mobile offshore drilling unit; and

(2)(A) is engaged on a foreign voyage; or

(B) is a foreign vessel departing from a place under the jurisdiction of the United States on a voyage, any part of which is on the high seas.

(b) VOLUNTARY APPLICATION.—This chapter applies to a vessel not described in subsection (a) of this section if the owner of the vessel requests the Secretary to apply this chapter to the vessel.

(c) EXCEPTION.—Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, this chapter does not apply to—

- (1) a barge;
- (2) a recreational vessel not engaged in commercial service;
- (3) a fishing vessel;
- (4) a vessel operating on the Great Lakes or its tributary and connecting waters; or
- (5) a public vessel.

(Added Pub. L. 104-324, title VI, § 602(a), Oct. 19, 1996, 110 Stat. 3928; amended Pub. L. 108-293, title IV, § 405(a), Aug. 9, 2004, 118 Stat. 1043.)

#### AMENDMENTS

2004—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 108-293 reenacted heading without change and amended text generally. Prior to amendment, text read as follows: “This chapter applies to the following vessels engaged on a foreign voyage:

“(1) Beginning July 1, 1998—

“(A) a vessel transporting more than 12 passengers described in section 2101(21)(A) of this title; and

“(B) a tanker, bulk freight vessel, or high-speed freight vessel, of at least 500 gross tons.

“(2) Beginning July 1, 2002, a freight vessel and a self-propelled mobile offshore drilling unit of at least 500 gross tons.”

### § 3203. Safety management system

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations which establish a safety management system for responsible persons and vessels to which this chapter applies, including—

- (1) a safety and environmental protection policy;
- (2) instructions and procedures to ensure safe operation of those vessels and protection of the environment in compliance with international and United States law;
- (3) defined levels of authority and lines of communications between, and among, personnel on shore and on the vessel;
- (4) procedures for reporting accidents and nonconformities with this chapter;
- (5) procedures for preparing for and responding to emergency situations; and
- (6) procedures for internal audits and management reviews of the system.

(b) COMPLIANCE WITH CODE.—Regulations prescribed under this section shall be consistent with the International Safety Management Code with respect to vessels to which this chapter applies under section 3202(a) of this title.

(Added Pub. L. 104-324, title VI, § 602(a), Oct. 19, 1996, 110 Stat. 3928; amended Pub. L. 108-293, title IV, § 405(b), Aug. 9, 2004, 118 Stat. 1043.)

#### AMENDMENTS

2004—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 108-293 substituted “vessels to which this chapter applies under section 3202(a) of this title” for “vessels engaged on a foreign voyage”.

### § 3204. Implementation of safety management system

(a) SAFETY MANAGEMENT PLAN.—Each responsible person shall establish and submit to the Secretary for approval a safety management plan describing how that person and vessels of the person to which this chapter applies will comply with the regulations prescribed under section 3203(a) of this title.

(b) APPROVAL.—Upon receipt of a safety management plan submitted under subsection (a), the Secretary shall review the plan and approve it if the Secretary determines that it is consistent with and will assist in implementing the safety management system established under section 3203.

(c) PROHIBITION ON VESSEL OPERATION.—A vessel to which this chapter applies under section 3202(a) may not be operated without having on board a Safety Management Certificate and a copy of a Document of Compliance issued for the vessel under section 3205 of this title.

(Added Pub. L. 104-324, title VI, § 602(a), Oct. 19, 1996, 110 Stat. 3929.)

### § 3205. Certification

(a) ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE AND DOCUMENT.—After verifying that the responsible person for a vessel to which this chapter applies and the vessel comply with the applicable requirements under this chapter, the Secretary shall issue for the vessel, on request of the responsible person, a Safety Management Certificate and a Document of Compliance.

(b) MAINTENANCE OF CERTIFICATE AND DOCUMENT.—A Safety Management Certificate and a Document of Compliance issued for a vessel under this section shall be maintained by the responsible person for the vessel as required by the Secretary.

(c) VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE.—The Secretary shall—

- (1) periodically review whether a responsible person having a safety management plan approved under section 3204(b) and each vessel to which the plan applies is complying with the plan; and

- (2) revoke the Secretary’s approval of the plan and each Safety Management Certificate and Document of Compliance issued to the person for a vessel to which the plan applies, if the Secretary determines that the person or a vessel to which the plan applies has not complied with the plan.

(d) ENFORCEMENT.—At the request of the Secretary, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall withhold or revoke the clearance required by section 60105 of this title of a vessel that is subject to this chapter under section 3202(a) of this title or to the International Safety Management Code, if the vessel does not have on board

a Safety Management Certificate and a copy of a Document of Compliance for the vessel. Clearance may be granted on filing a bond or other surety satisfactory to the Secretary.

(Added Pub. L. 104-324, title VI, §602(a), Oct. 19, 1996, 110 Stat. 3929; amended Pub. L. 109-304, §15(10), Oct. 6, 2006, 120 Stat. 1703; Pub. L. 110-181, div. C, title XXXV, §3529(b)(1)(A), Jan. 28, 2008, 122 Stat. 603.)

AMENDMENTS

2008—Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 110-181 amended Pub. L. 109-304, §15(10). See 2006 Amendment note below.

2006—Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 109-304, §15(10), as amended by Pub. L. 110-181, substituted “Secretary of Homeland Security shall withhold or revoke the clearance required by section 60105 of this title” for “Secretary of the Treasury shall withhold or revoke the clearance required by section 4197 of the Revised Statutes (46 U.S.C. App. 91)”.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2008 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 110-181, div. C, title XXXV, §3529(b)(2), Jan. 28, 2008, 122 Stat. 603, provided that: “The amendments made by paragraph (1) [amending this section and section 31325 of this title] shall be effective as if included in the enactment of Public Law 109-304.”

CHAPTER 33—INSPECTION GENERALLY

- Sec. 3301. Vessels subject to inspection.
- 3302. Exemptions.
- 3303. Reciprocity for foreign vessels.
- 3304. Transporting individuals in addition to crew.
- 3305. Scope and standards of inspection.
- 3306. Regulations.
- 3307. Frequency of inspection.
- 3308. Examinations.
- 3309. Certificate of inspection.
- 3310. Records of certification.
- 3311. Certificate of inspection required.
- 3312. Display of certificate of inspection.
- 3313. Compliance with certificate of inspection.
- 3314. Expiration of certificate of inspection.
- 3315. Disclosure of defects and protection of informants.
- 3316. Classification societies.
- 3317. Fees.
- 3318. Penalties.

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Chapter 33 consolidates the laws governing the inspection and certification of vessels by the Coast Guard that have developed over a period in excess of 140 years. The original laws were directed to the safety of the relatively new and potentially dangerous steam vessel. The demand for Federal remedial legislation began during the early 1800’s after frequent and disastrous explosions of steam boilers on passenger vessels. This directly led to the first maritime safety laws in 1838 that required periodic inspection and certification of vessels engaged in the transportation of passengers and freight on the waters of the United States. This was followed by a more extensive steamboat inspection law in 1852 which adopted for the first time the principle of licensing for river pilots and engineers. It also created a new Federal maritime safety inspection service called the Federal Inspection Service that eventually became the Bureau of Marine Inspection and Navigation, whose duties were temporarily assumed in 1941 and permanently assumed in 1946 by the United States Coast Guard.

In 1864 the principal inspection and licensing provisions of the 1852 act were made applicable to ferries, towing vessels, and canal boats. However, steamboat explosions continued with high loss of life and property. One of the greatest of all disasters, the destruction of the passenger vessel *Sultana* by explosion and

fire with a loss of life estimated at more than 1500 lives in April 1865, led to renewed legislation efforts. In 1871 this culminated with legislation that combined a number of new requirements into a coherent and unified body of maritime safety laws. At the time of the adoption of the Revised Statutes in 1874, a maritime safety code was well established for vessels propelled in whole or in part by steam.

In the more than 100 years since then, as the public recognized the need for vessel safety legislation, primarily as the result of maritime disasters, other classes of vessels were subjected to Federal inspection or regulatory control. These included vessels propelled by gas, fluid, naphtha, or electric motors in 1897; sail vessels and barges carrying passengers for hire in 1898; seagoing barges in 1908; motorboats in 1910; steam vessels owned by the Department of Commerce in 1919; seagoing vessels of 300 gross tons and over on June 20, 1936; all tank vessels carrying flammable or combustible liquid cargo in bulk regardless of size or means of propulsion of June 23, 1936; motorboats again in 1940; all vessels carrying more than six passengers in 1956; tank vessels again in 1978; and offshore supply vessels in 1980. There was also considerable legislation that amended or supplemented these primary maritime safety laws.

The net result has been a patchwork quilt of categories and classifications that requires a tabulation of more than seventy different classes of inspected vessels. This revision gathers into one section of the law all classes of vessels that are subject to inspection and certification without changing the application of present law as to any one class of vessel. The revision does not alter the application of the present law so as to expand inspection requirements to any vessel presently not subject to inspection nor to remove from inspection any vessel that is presently subject to inspection.

AMENDMENTS

1996—Pub. L. 104-324, title VI, §607(b)(2), Oct. 19, 1996, 110 Stat. 3932, substituted “Classification societies” for “United States classification societies” in item 3316.

1986—Pub. L. 99-307, §1(5)(B), May 19, 1986, 100 Stat. 445, substituted “Transporting” for “Carrying” in item 3304.

§ 3301. Vessels subject to inspection

The following categories of vessels are subject to inspection under this part:

- (1) freight vessels.
- (2) nautical school vessels.
- (3) offshore supply vessels.
- (4) passenger vessels.
- (5) sailing school vessels.
- (6) seagoing barges.
- (7) seagoing motor vessels.
- (8) small passenger vessels.
- (9) steam vessels.
- (10) tank vessels.
- (11) fish processing vessels.
- (12) fish tender vessels.
- (13) Great Lakes barges.
- (14) oil spill response vessels.
- (15) towing vessels.

(Pub. L. 98-89, Aug. 26, 1983, 97 Stat. 510; Pub. L. 98-364, title IV, §402(2), July 17, 1984, 98 Stat. 445; Pub. L. 102-587, title V, §5208(b), Nov. 4, 1992, 106 Stat. 5076; Pub. L. 104-324, title XI, §1104(g), Oct. 19, 1996, 110 Stat. 3967; Pub. L. 108-293, title IV, §415(a), Aug. 9, 2004, 118 Stat. 1047.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised section	Source section (U.S. Code)
3301(1) .....	46:391 46:404