

amounts appropriated to carry out the program among the States as follows:

**(1) Baseline amount**

The Administrator shall first apportion 0.25 percent of such amounts to each of American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the Virgin Islands and 0.75 percent of such amounts to each of the remaining States.

**(2) Remainder**

The Administrator shall apportion the remainder of such amounts in the ratio that—

- (A) the population of each State; bears to
- (B) the population of all States.

**(e) Consistency in allocation**

Notwithstanding subsection (d), in any fiscal year before fiscal year 2013 in which the appropriation for grants under this section is equal to or greater than the appropriation for emergency management performance grants in fiscal year 2007, no State shall receive an amount under this section for that fiscal year less than the amount that State received in fiscal year 2007.

**(f) Authorization of appropriations**

There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the program—

- (1) for fiscal year 2008, \$400,000,000;
- (2) for fiscal year 2009, \$535,000,000;
- (3) for fiscal year 2010, \$680,000,000;
- (4) for fiscal year 2011, \$815,000,000; and
- (5) for fiscal year 2012, \$950,000,000.

(Pub. L. 109-295, title VI, §662, Oct. 4, 2006, 120 Stat. 1433; Pub. L. 110-53, title II, §201, Aug. 3, 2007, 121 Stat. 294.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, referred to in subsecs. (b) and (c), is Pub. L. 93-288, May 22, 1974, 88 Stat. 143, which is classified principally to chapter 68 (§5121 et seq.) of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare. Title VI of the Act is classified generally to subchapter IV-B (§5195 et seq.) of chapter 68 of Title 42. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 5121 of Title 42 and Tables.

AMENDMENTS

2007—Pub. L. 110-53 amended section catchline and text generally. Prior to amendment, text read as follows: “There is authorized to be appropriated for the Emergency Management Performance Grants Program for fiscal year 2008, an amount equal to the amount appropriated for the program for fiscal year 2007 and an additional \$175,000,000.”

**§ 763. Transfer of Noble Training Center**

The Noble Training Center is transferred to the Center for Domestic Preparedness. The Center for Domestic Preparedness shall integrate the Noble Training Center into the program structure of the Center for Domestic Preparedness.

(Pub. L. 109-295, title VI, §663, Oct. 4, 2006, 120 Stat. 1433.)

**§ 764. National exercise simulation center**

The President shall establish a national exercise simulation center that—

- (1) uses a mix of live, virtual, and constructive simulations to—

- (A) prepare elected officials, emergency managers, emergency response providers, and emergency support providers at all levels of government to operate cohesively;

- (B) provide a learning environment for the homeland security personnel of all Federal agencies;

- (C) assist in the development of operational procedures and exercises, particularly those based on catastrophic incidents; and

- (D) allow incident commanders to exercise decisionmaking in a simulated environment; and

- (2) uses modeling and simulation for training, exercises, and command and control functions at the operational level.

(Pub. L. 109-295, title VI, §664, Oct. 4, 2006, 120 Stat. 1433.)

PART C—MISCELLANEOUS AUTHORITIES

**§ 771. National Disaster Recovery Strategy**

**(a) In general**

The Administrator, in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advisory Council), and representatives of appropriate nongovernmental organizations shall develop, coordinate, and maintain a National Disaster Recovery Strategy to serve as a guide to recovery efforts after major disasters and emergencies.

**(b) Contents**

The National Disaster Recovery Strategy shall—

- (1) outline the most efficient and cost-effective Federal programs that will meet the recovery needs of States, local and tribal governments, and individuals and households affected by a major disaster;

- (2) clearly define the role, programs, authorities, and responsibilities of each Federal agency that may be of assistance in providing assistance in the recovery from a major disaster;

- (3) promote the use of the most appropriate and cost-effective building materials (based on the hazards present in an area) in any area affected by a major disaster, with the goal of encouraging the construction of disaster-resistant buildings; and

- (4) describe in detail the programs that may be offered by the agencies described in paragraph (2), including—

- (A) discussing funding issues;

- (B) detailing how responsibilities under the National Disaster Recovery Strategy will be shared; and

- (C) addressing other matters concerning the cooperative effort to provide recovery assistance.