

(i) Each marshal appointed under this section should have—

(1) a minimum of 4 years of command-level law enforcement management duties, including personnel, budget, and accountable property issues, in a police department, sheriff's office or Federal law enforcement agency;

(2) experience in coordinating with other law enforcement agencies, particularly at the State and local level;

(3) college-level academic experience; and

(4) experience in or with county, State, and Federal court systems or experience with protection of court personnel, jurors, and witnesses.

(Added Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7608(a)(1), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4512; amended Pub. L. 107-273, div. A, title III, § 301(b), Nov. 2, 2002, 116 Stat. 1781; Pub. L. 109-177, title V, § 505, Mar. 9, 2006, 120 Stat. 247.)

#### PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 561, added Pub. L. 89-554, § 4(c), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 619; amended Pub. L. 95-530, § 2, Oct. 27, 1978, 92 Stat. 2028, related to appointment, term, and residence of United States marshals, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 100-690, § 7608(a)(1).

#### AMENDMENTS

2006—Subsec. (i). Pub. L. 109-177 added subsec. (i).  
2002—Subsec. (i). Pub. L. 107-273 struck out subsec. (i) which read as follows: "There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Service."

### § 562. Vacancies

(a) In the case of a vacancy in the office of a United States marshal, the Attorney General may designate a person to perform the functions of and act as marshal, except that the Attorney General may not designate to act as marshal any person who was appointed by the President to that office but with respect to such appointment the Senate has refused to give its advice and consent.

(b) A person designated by the Attorney General under subsection (a) may serve until the earliest of the following events:

(1) The entry into office of a United States marshal appointed by the President, pursuant to section 561(c).

(2) The expiration of the thirtieth day following the end of the next session of the Senate.

(3) If such designee of the Attorney General is appointed by the President pursuant to section 561(c), but the Senate refuses to give its advice and consent to the appointment, the expiration of the thirtieth day following such refusal.

(Added Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7608(a)(1), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4513.)

#### PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 562, added Pub. L. 89-554, § 4(c), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 619, related to appointment of deputy marshals and clerical assistants, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 100-690, § 7608(a)(1). See section 561(f) of this title.

### § 563. Oath of office

The Director and each United States marshal and law enforcement officer of the Service, be-

fore taking office, shall take an oath or affirmation to faithfully execute the duties of that office.

(Added Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7608(a)(1), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4513.)

#### PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 563, added Pub. L. 89-554, § 4(c), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 619, specifically stated the oath of office to be taken, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 100-690, § 7608(a)(1). See section 561(h) of this title.

### § 564. Powers as sheriff

United States marshals, deputy marshals and such other officials of the Service as may be designated by the Director, in executing the laws of the United States within a State, may exercise the same powers which a sheriff of the State may exercise in executing the laws thereof.

(Added Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7608(a)(1), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4513.)

#### PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 564, added Pub. L. 89-554, § 4(c), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 619, related to bonds of United States marshals, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 92-310, title II, § 206(a)(1), June 6, 1972, 86 Stat. 203.

### § 565. Expenses of the Service

The Director is authorized to use funds appropriated for the Service to make payments for expenses incurred pursuant to personal services contracts and cooperative agreements, authorized by the Attorney General, for security guards and for the service of summons on complaints, subpoenas, and notices in lieu of services by United States marshals and deputy marshals.

(Added Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7608(a)(1), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4513.)

#### PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 565, added Pub. L. 89-554, § 4(c), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 620, related to filling vacancies, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 100-690, § 7608(a)(1). See section 562 of this title.

### § 566. Powers and duties

(a) It is the primary role and mission of the United States Marshals Service to provide for the security and to obey, execute, and enforce all orders of the United States District Courts, the United States Courts of Appeals, the Court of International Trade, and the United States Tax Court, as provided by law.

(b) The United States marshal of each district is the marshal of the district court and of the court of appeals when sitting in that district, and of the Court of International Trade holding sessions in that district, and may, in the discretion of the respective courts, be required to attend any session of court.

(c) Except as otherwise provided by law or Rule of Procedure, the United States Marshals Service shall execute all lawful writs, process, and orders issued under the authority of the United States, and shall command all necessary assistance to execute its duties.

(d) Each United States marshal, deputy marshal, and any other official of the Service as