

§ 1.691(e)-1

against his estate \$280 for business expenses for which his estate was liable and \$100 for taxes accrued on certain property which he owned. In all, \$380 was deducted for claims which represent amounts described in section 691(b) which are allowable as deductions to his estate or to the beneficiaries of his estate. His gross estate was \$404,250 and considering deductions of \$15,000, a marital deduction of \$119,250 (assuming the annuity to be the only qualifying gift) and an exemption of \$60,000, his taxable estate amounted to \$210,000. The estate tax on this amount is \$53,700 from which is subtracted a \$175 credit for State death taxes, leaving an estate tax liability of \$53,525. W may deduct, in computing her taxable income during each year of her 15-year life expectancy period, \$14.73 on account of the estate tax attributable to the value for estate tax purposes of that portion of the annuity payments considered income in respect of a decedent, computed as follows:

(1)(i) Value of income described in section 691(a)(1) included in computing gross estate ...	\$4,380.00
(ii) Deductions in computing gross estate for claims representing deductions described in section 691(b)	380.00
(iii) Net value of items described in section 691(a) (1)	4,000.00
(2)(i) Estate tax	53,525.00
(ii) Less: estate tax computed without including \$4,000 (item (1) (iii)) in gross estate and by reducing marital deduction by \$2,880 (portion of item (1)(iii) allowed as a marital deduction)	53,189.00
(iii) Portion of estate tax attributable to net value of income items	336.00
(3)(i) Value in gross estate of income attributable to annuity payments	2,880.00
(ii) Value in gross estate of all income items described in section 691(a)(1) (item (1)(i))	4,380.00
(iii) Part of estate tax attributable to annuity income (2,880/4,380 of \$336)	220.93
(iv) Deduction each year on account of estate tax attributable to annuity income (\$220.93÷15 (life expectancy period))	14.73

§ 1.691(e)-1 Installment obligations transmitted at death when prior law applied.

(a) *In general*—(1) *Application of prior law.* Under section 44(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 and corresponding provisions of prior law, gains and losses on account of the transmission of installment obligations at the death of a holder of such obligations were required to be reported in the return of the decedent for the year of his death. However, an exception to this rule was provided if there was filed with the Commissioner a bond assuring the return as income of any payment in satisfaction of these obligations in the same proportion as would have been re-

turnable as income by the decedent had he lived and received such payments. Obligations in respect of which such bond was filed are referred to in this section as “obligations assured by bond”.

(2) *Application of present law.* Section 691(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1953, and ending after August 16, 1954) in effect makes the exception which under prior law applied to obligations assured by bond the general rule for obligations transmitted at death, but contains no requirement for a bond. Section 691(e)(1) provides that if the holder of the installment obligation makes a proper election, the provisions of section 691(a)(4) shall apply in the case of obligations assured by bond. Section 691(e)(1) further provides that the estate tax deduction provided by section 691(c)(1) is not allowable for any amount included in gross income by reason of filing such an election.

(b) *Manner and scope of election*—(1) *In general.* The election to have obligations assured by bond treated as obligations to which section 691(a)(4) applies shall be made by the filing of a statement with respect to each bond to be released, containing the following information:

(i) The name and address of the decedent from whom the obligations assured by bond were transmitted, the date of his death, and the internal revenue district in which the last income tax return of the decedent was filed.

(ii) A schedule of all obligations assured by the bond on which is listed—

(a) The name and address of the obligors, face amount, date of maturity, and manner of payment of each obligation,

(b) The name, identifying number (provided under section 6109 and the regulations thereunder), and address of each person holding the obligations, and

(c) The name, identifying number, and address, of each person who at the time of the election possesses an interest in each obligation, and a description of such interest.

(iii) The total amount of income in respect of the obligations which would have been reportable as income by the

decedent if he had lived and received such payment.

(iv) The amount of income referred to in subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph which has previously been included in gross income.

(v) An unqualified statement, signed by all persons holding the obligations, that they elect to have the provisions of section 691(a)(4) apply to such obligations and that such election shall be binding upon them, all current beneficiaries, and any person to whom the obligations may be transmitted by gift, bequest, or inheritance.

(vi) A declaration that the election is made under the penalties of perjury.

(2) *Filing of statement.* The statement with respect to each bond to be released shall be filed in duplicate with the district director of internal revenue for the district in which the bond is maintained. The statement shall be filed not later than the time prescribed for filing the return for the first taxable year (including any extension of time for such filing) to which the election applies.

(3) *Effect of election.* The election referred to in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph shall be irrevocable. Once an election is made with respect to an obligation assured by bond, it shall apply to all payments made in satisfaction of such obligation which were received during the first taxable year to which the election applies and to all such payments received during each taxable year thereafter, whether the recipient is the person who made the election, a current beneficiary, or a person to whom the obligation may be transmitted by gift, bequest, or inheritance. Therefore, all payments received to which the election applies shall be treated as payments made on installment obligations to which section 691(a)(4) applies. However, the estate tax deduction provided by section 691(c) is not allowable for any such payment. The application of this subparagraph may be illustrated by the following example:

Example. A, the holder of an installment obligation, died in 1952. The installment obligation was transmitted at A's death to B who filed a bond on Form 1132 pursuant to paragraph (c) of § 39.44-5 of Regulations 118 (26 CFR part 39, 1939 ed.) for the necessary

amount. On January 1, 1965, B, a calendar year taxpayer, filed an election under section 691(e) to treat the obligation assured by bond as an obligation to which section 691(a)(4) applies, and B's bond was released for 1964 and subsequent taxable years. B died on June 1, 1965, and the obligation was bequeathed to C. On January 1, 1966, C received an installment payment on the obligation which had been assured by the bond. Because B filed an election with respect to the obligation assured by bond, C is required to treat the proper proportion of the January 1, 1966, payment and all subsequent payments made in satisfaction of this obligation as income in respect of a decedent. However, no estate tax deduction is allowable to C under section 691(c)(1) for any estate tax attributable to the inclusion of the value of such obligation in the estate of either A or B.

(c) *Release of bond.* If an election according to the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section is filed, the liability under any bond filed under section 44(d) of the 1939 Code (or the corresponding provisions of prior law) shall be released with respect to each taxable year to which such election applies. However, the liability under any such bond for an earlier taxable year to which the election does not apply shall not be released until the district director of internal revenue for the district in which the bond is maintained is assured that the proper portion of each installment payment received in such taxable year has been reported and the tax thereon paid.

[T.D. 6808, 30 FR 3436, Mar. 16, 1965]

§ 1.691(f)-1 Cross reference.

See section 753 and the regulations thereunder for application of section 691 to income in respect of a deceased partner.

[T.D. 6808, 30 FR 3436, Mar. 16, 1965]

§ 1.692-1 Abatement of income taxes of certain members of the Armed Forces of the United States upon death.

(a)(1) This section applies if:

(i) An individual dies while in active service as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, and

(ii) His death occurs while he is serving in a combat zone (as determined under section 112), or at any place as a