

103^D CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 2737

To require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to undertake a study of Superfund sites to assess the progress in reducing the health and environmental risks and to prioritize the need to clean up the remaining sites.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 26, 1993

Mr. GALLO (for himself, Mr. ZIMMER, Ms. MOLINARI, and Mr. HOBSON) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to undertake a study of Superfund sites to assess the progress in reducing the health and environmental risks and to prioritize the need to clean up the remaining sites.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. RISK ANALYSIS AT SUPERFUND SITES.**

4 In order to—

5 (1) assist in establishing cleanup priorities for
6 Superfund sites listed on the National Priorities List

1 pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
2 sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980,

3 (2) further public understanding of the nature
4 and extent of the risks to public health and the envi-
5 ronment associated with those sites, and

6 (3) assist the Congress in evaluating the bene-
7 fits and costs of the Superfund program established
8 under the Comprehensive Environmental Response,
9 Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980,

10 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-
11 cy shall undertake a study of the extent to which environ-
12 mental risks and risks to public health have been reduced
13 at all sites currently listed on the National Priorities List
14 and make an evaluation of the extent to which there are
15 remaining environmental risks and risks to public health
16 at those sites. The Administrator shall submit to the Con-
17 gress a report containing the results of such study not
18 later than one year after the enactment of this Act.

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