

104TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. CON. RES. 217

Concerning human and political rights of the Bosniac people of the Sanjak region of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro).

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 24, 1996

Mr. MORAN (for himself, Mr. PORTER, Mr. LANTOS, Ms. MOLINARI, and Mr. ENGEL) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

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## CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Concerning human and political rights of the Bosniac people of the Sanjak region of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro).

Whereas the situation in the Sanjak region of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro) could not be addressed in the Dayton Peace Accords leaving the Bosniac people, who are the Muslim population in the region, subject to continuing harassment and repression;

Whereas major international human rights organizations, the United States Department of State, the United Nations, and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) have documented extensive human rights abuses perpetrated against the Bosniac people of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro);

Whereas an April 1993 report by the Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe referred to the situation in the Sanjak region as “an example of how a relatively content, ethnically mixed society can be torn apart by its proximity to war, both geographically and socially”;

Whereas the United States pursues a policy known as the “outer wall of sanctions” intended to urge the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro) to make progress on successor state issues;

Whereas the “outer wall of sanctions” policy specifically addresses concerns about Kosova, but does not address the equally destabilizing situation in the Sanjak region;

Whereas over 17,000 Bosniac people have been subjected to harsh military-police treatment and physically terrorized;

Whereas the Bosniac people have been expelled in large numbers from their jobs with state-owned companies, producing widespread economic and humanitarian hardship; and

Whereas large numbers of Bosniac people have been forced to migrate out of fear for their lives, and have witnessed the destruction of their homes, possessions and institutions: Now, therefore, be it

1        *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*  
2 *concurring)*, That it is the sense of the Congress that—

3            (1) the United States should continue its lead-  
4            ership role within the international community in  
5            seeking a solution to the problems of the ethnic  
6            groups of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Ser-  
7            bia/Montenegro), without which there cannot be per-  
8            manent peace in the Balkans;

1           (2) the United States should continue to main-  
2           tain its opposition to the lifting of the “outer wall  
3           of sanctions” against the Federal Republic of Yugo-  
4           slavia (Serbia/Montenegro) until the situation of the  
5           Bosniac people of the Sanjak region, along with that  
6           of other ethnic groups of the Federal Republic of  
7           Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro), is substantially im-  
8           proved;

9           (3) the United States should raise the issue of  
10          human rights violations in the Sanjak region with  
11          the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/  
12          Montenegro) at every opportunity and press for full  
13          respect for the human rights and fundamental free-  
14          doms of the people of the Sanjak region in keeping  
15          with international law;

16          (4) the government of the Federal Republic of  
17          Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro) should restore polit-  
18          ical freedom in the Sanjak region, end persecution of  
19          political leaders, and guarantee the safe return of  
20          those Bosniac people forced to leave the region; and

21          (5) the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/  
22          Montenegro) should permit the return of a perma-  
23          nent mission of the Organization for Security and  
24          Cooperation in Europe to the Sanjak region to mon-  
25          itor and report on developments in the region, in-

- 1 including human rights and economic development,
- 2 and to help establish the necessary conditions for ob-
- 3 serving elections.

