

108TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 467

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a deduction for State and local sales taxes in lieu of State and local income taxes and to allow the State and local income tax deduction against the alternative minimum tax.

---

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 27, 2003

Mrs. HUTCHISON (for herself, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. FRIST, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. THOMAS, and Mr. ALEXANDER) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

---

## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a deduction for State and local sales taxes in lieu of State and local income taxes and to allow the State and local income tax deduction against the alternative minimum tax.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “State Sales and In-  
5       come Tax Deduction Fairness Act of 2003”.

1 **SEC. 2. DEDUCTION OF STATE AND LOCAL GENERAL SALES**  
 2 **TAXES IN LIEU OF STATE AND LOCAL IN-**  
 3 **COME TAXES.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (b) of section 164 of  
 5 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to definitions  
 6 and special rules) is amended by adding at the end the  
 7 following new paragraph:

8 “(5) GENERAL SALES TAXES.—For purposes of  
 9 subsection (a)—

10 “(A) ELECTION TO DEDUCT STATE AND  
 11 LOCAL SALES TAXES IN LIEU OF STATE AND  
 12 LOCAL INCOME TAXES.—

13 “(i) IN GENERAL.—At the election of  
 14 the taxpayer for the taxable year, sub-  
 15 section (a) shall be applied—

16 “(I) without regard to the ref-  
 17 erence to State and local income  
 18 taxes,

19 “(II) as if State and local general  
 20 sales taxes were referred to in a para-  
 21 graph thereof, and

22 “(III) without regard to the last  
 23 sentence.

24 “(B) DEFINITION OF GENERAL SALES  
 25 TAX.—The term ‘general sales tax’ means a tax

1 imposed at one rate with respect to the sale at  
2 retail of a broad range of classes of items.

3 “(C) SPECIAL RULES FOR FOOD, ETC.—In  
4 the case of items of food, clothing, medical sup-  
5 plies, and motor vehicles—

6 “(i) the fact that the tax does not  
7 apply with respect to some or all of such  
8 items shall not be taken into account in  
9 determining whether the tax applies with  
10 respect to a broad range of classes of  
11 items, and

12 “(ii) the fact that the rate of tax ap-  
13 plicable with respect to some or all of such  
14 items is lower than the general rate of tax  
15 shall not be taken into account in deter-  
16 mining whether the tax is imposed at one  
17 rate.

18 “(D) ITEMS TAXED AT DIFFERENT  
19 RATES.—Except in the case of a lower rate of  
20 tax applicable with respect to an item described  
21 in subparagraph (C), no deduction shall be al-  
22 lowed under this paragraph for any general  
23 sales tax imposed with respect to an item at a  
24 rate other than the general rate of tax.

1           “(E) COMPENSATING USE TAXES.—A com-  
2           pensating use tax with respect to an item shall  
3           be treated as a general sales tax. For purposes  
4           of the preceding sentence, the term ‘compen-  
5           sating use tax’ means, with respect to any item,  
6           a tax which—

7                   “(i) is imposed on the use, storage, or  
8                   consumption of such item, and

9                   “(ii) is complementary to a general  
10                  sales tax, but only if a deduction is allow-  
11                  able under this paragraph with respect to  
12                  items sold at retail in the taxing jurisdic-  
13                  tion which are similar to such item.

14           “(F) SPECIAL RULE FOR MOTOR VEHI-  
15           CLES.—In the case of motor vehicles, if the rate  
16           of tax exceeds the general rate, such excess  
17           shall be disregarded and the general rate shall  
18           be treated as the rate of tax.

19           “(G) SEPARATELY STATED GENERAL  
20           SALES TAXES.—If the amount of any general  
21           sales tax is separately stated, then, to the ex-  
22           tent that the amount so stated is paid by the  
23           consumer (other than in connection with the  
24           consumer’s trade or business) to the seller, such

1 amount shall be treated as a tax imposed on,  
2 and paid by, such consumer.

3 “(H) AMOUNT OF DEDUCTION TO BE DE-  
4 TERMINED UNDER TABLES.—

5 “(i) IN GENERAL.—The amount of  
6 the deduction allowed under this para-  
7 graph shall be determined under tables  
8 prescribed by the Secretary.

9 “(ii) REQUIREMENTS FOR TABLES.—  
10 The tables prescribed under clause (i) shall  
11 reflect the provisions of this paragraph and  
12 shall be based on the average consumption  
13 by taxpayers on a State-by-State basis, as  
14 determined by the Secretary, taking into  
15 account filing status, number of depend-  
16 ents, adjusted gross income, and rates of  
17 State and local general sales taxation.”.

18 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by  
19 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after  
20 the date of the enactment of this Act.

21 **SEC. 3. ALLOWANCE OF STATE AND LOCAL INCOME TAXES**  
22 **AGAINST ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX.**

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 56(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the In-  
24 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to limitation on de-  
25 ductions) is amended by inserting “(other than State and

1 local income taxes or general sales taxes)” before the pe-  
2 riod.

3 (b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendment made by  
4 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after  
5 the date of the enactment of this Act.

○