

assets in the command and will forward this to CDR, DARCOM:

- (i) Same as (q)(2)(i) of this section.
  - (ii) Same as (q)(2)(ii) of this section.
  - (iii) The following statement: The losses and/or damages indicated on the Property Transaction Record in the amount of \$—— represent the total claim by (appropriate Army) relative to (appropriate Army) property loaned to (Boy Scouts of America). Upon settlement and deposit to the proper account, the CINC/CDR, MACOM releases the (Boy Scouts of America) from further obligations.
  - (iv) Same as (q)(2)(iv) of this section.
- (4) CDR, DARCOM, will review the charges, inspect property to be repaired, if necessary, reconcile any discrepancies and determine final charges to be levied against the supported activity. Approved list of charges will be forwarded to the CINC/CDR, MACOM, for collection, and property being held for repair will be released.
- (5) The CINC/CDR, MACOM, will prepare and dispatch a letter to the supporting activity and request payment made payable to the Treasurer of the United States. Upon receipt of payment, collection documents will be prepared and appropriate fiscal accounts, as furnished by the commodity command (military departments) ((q)(2) and (3) of this section) credited. The MACOM Surgeon will take action to reimburse the DLA stock fund for expendable medical supply losses reported. The CINC/CDR, MACOM, will close the Property Transaction Record Account.
- (6) The CINC/CDR, MACOM, will advise the CDR, commodity command (military departments and CDR, DARCOM, DA) that settlement has been accomplished. Commodity command (military department) Property Transaction Records will be closed upon receipt of the foregoing advice.
- (7) The CDR, DARCOM will advise the CINC/CDR, MACOM, to return the bond to Boy Scouts of America.
- (8) In the event of unsatisfactory settlement, the proceeds of the bond will be used to satisfy the claim. The Power of Attorney executed in connection with the agreement will be invoked and proceeds collected from the bond (fig. 7-7).

## PART 623—LOAN OF ARMY MATERIEL

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- AUTHORITY: 10 U.S.C. 2571; 31 U.S.C. 686; 10 U.S.C. 2667.
- SOURCE: AR 700-131, 45 FR 62038, Sept. 18, 1980, unless otherwise noted.

### § 623.1 General.

- (a) *Purpose.* This part sets forth policies and procedures for loan of Army materiel. As used in this regulation, the term "loan" includes a lease.
- (b) *Applicability.* (1) This regulation applies to all Department of the Army (DA) agencies, commands, installations, and activities.
- (2) This regulation applies to the Army National Guard (ARNG) only when the procedure for the loan of equipment under the procedure of National Guard Regulation (NGR) 735-12 does not apply.
- (3) This regulation does not apply to loans governed by the DOD Military Assistance and Sales Manual, DOD 5105.38-M.
- (4) This regulation does not apply to loans governed by the Defense Acquisition Regulation (DAR).
- (c) *Scope.* This part outlines when loans of Army materiel may be made. It gives general procedures for requesting and processing loans, and sets forth

responsibilities, including requirements for reimbursement.

(d) *Explanation of terms.* (1) The terms “loan,” “lease” and “bailment” are contractual terms and are frequently used interchangeably. They have no meaning by themselves. It is necessary to study the statute to see what is required. Usually, a “loan” is thought of as a short-term transfer of property, sometimes with reimbursement; a “lease” is a more formal transfer, often long-term and requiring a fair monetary rental; and a “bailment” is a loosely-used term, generally reserved for a delivery of property to another in trust for the purpose of doing something to the property and then returning the property to the owner. The term “issue” is frequently used in the sense of a transfer of property which will be consumed in use. The terms “gift,” meaning a permanent transfer of property without reimbursement, and “sale,” meaning a permanent transfer with reimbursement, are outside the scope of this regulation.

(2) For additional definitions, see appendix A.

(3) The words “he, him, his” when used in this publication represent both the masculine and feminine genders, unless otherwise specifically stated.

(e) *Loan restrictions.* (1) Army materiel is not normally used for other than the Army’s primary mission; however, under conditions described herein materiel not immediately needed to support mission requirements may be loaned to—

(i) Army and other Department of Defense (DOD) elements.

(ii) Non-DOD Federal departments and agencies.

(iii) Civil governments (State and local).

(iv) Special activities, agencies, and others.

(2) Table 2-1 lists various circumstances where loan of Army materiel might be requested. It identifies the applicable Federal laws or other authority which would authorize such loans.

(f) *Statutory authorities.* There are three basic federal laws which authorize the loan of Army property. There are also numerous specific statutes which authorize particular types of

loans in limited situations. Unless there is a reason to use the specific statute, one of the basic statutes will be used.

(1) The following are the basic statutes:

(i) 10 U.S.C. 2571—Authority for loan of property within DOD.

(ii) 31 U.S.C. 686 (The Economy Act)—Authority for loans to other Federal departments and agencies.

(iii) 10 U.S.C. 2667 (The Leasing Statute)—Authority for loans/leases, including leases to activities outside the Federal Government.

(2) Following are some of the specific authorizing statutes:

(i) 10 U.S.C. 331—Federal aid for State governments as result of insurrection.

(ii) 10 U.S.C. 332—Use of militia and Armed Forces to enforce federal authority.

(iii) 10 U.S.C. 333—Use of militia or Armed Forces to suppress interference with state and federal law.

(iv) 10 U.S.C. 2541—Loan of equipment and barracks to national veterans organizations.

(v) 10 U.S.C. 2542—Loan of equipment to the American National Red Cross for instruction and practice.

(vi) 10 U.S.C. 2543—Loan of equipment to US Presidential Inaugural Committee.

(vii) 10 U.S.C. 2544—Loan of equipment and services to the Boy Scouts of America, for national and world jamborees.

(viii) 10 U.S.C. 2572—(See AR 870-20.) Loan of books, manuscripts, works of art, drawings, plans, models, and condemned or obsolete combat materiel not needed to—

(A) A municipal corporation.

(B) A soldiers monument association.

(C) A state museum.

(D) A nonprofit incorporated museum.

(E) Posts of Veterans of Foreign Wars of the USA.

(F) American Legion Posts.

(G) A local unit of any other recognized war veterans association.

(H) A post of the Sons of Veterans Reserve.

(ix) 10 U.S.C. 4308—Establishment and support of civilian rifle ranges.

(x) 10 U.S.C. 4311—Issue of rifles and ammunition for conducting rifle instruction and practice.

(xi) 10 U.S.C. 4651—Issue of arms, tentage, and equipment to support educational institutions that do not have ROTC but maintain a course in military training prescribed by the Secretary of the Army.

(xii) 10 U.S.C. 4652—Loan of rifles and issue ammunition for target practice to educational institutions having corps of cadets.

(xiii) 10 U.S.C. 4653—Issue of ordnance and ordnance stores to District of Columbia high schools.

(xiv) 10 U.S.C. 4654—Issue of quartermaster supplies at educational institutions that maintain a camp for military instruction of its students.

(xv) 10 U.S.C. 4655—Loan of arms and issue ammunition to other agencies and departments of the US Government.

(xvi) 10 U.S.C. 4656—Loan of aircraft and ancillary equipment to accredited aviation schools at which DA or Air Force personnel pursue courses of instruction.

(xvii) 10 U.S.C. 4683—Loan of obsolete or condemned rifles and accouterments to local units of recognized national veterans organizations for certain ceremonial purposes.

(xviii) 10 U.S.C. 4685—Loan of obsolete ordnance to educational institutions and state soldiers and sailors orphans' homes for purpose of drill and instruction.

(xix) 32 U.S.C. 702—Issue of supplies to State National Guard.

(xx) 33 U.S.C. 701n (Pub. L. 84-99 as amended)—Flood emergency preparation; emergency supplies of drinking water.

(xxi) 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq (Pub. L. 92-500)—Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

(xxii) 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq (Pub. L. 93-288)—Disaster Relief Act.

(3) Other statutory guidance:

(i) 10 U.S.C. 4307—Authorizes the establishment of a Director of Civilian Marksmanship (DCM).

(ii) 18 U.S.C. 1385—Unlawful use of Armed Forces in local law enforcement.

(iii) 18 U.S.C. 3056 (as amended by Pub. L. 91-651)—Powers and duties of Secret Service.

(g) *Responsibilities.* (1) The Commanding General (CG), US Army Materiel Development and Readiness Command (DARCOM), through the Materiel Readiness Commands' (MRC) commanders, is responsible for loans of materiel controlled by DARCOM wholesale supply points.

(2) Major Army commands (MACOM) CGs and commanders in chief (CINCs) of unified commands (UCOMs) are responsible for loans of materiel from supporting units and installations.

(3) The Director of Military Support, Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations (ODCSOPS), is the DOD point of contact for the Federal Disaster Assistance Administration (FDAA), other Federal agencies, and the National Red Cross in disaster assistance matters.

#### § 623.2 Loan policies.

(a) *Loan and approval policy*—(1) *Basic policies.* (i) Materiel is not loaned to non-DOD activities as a routine procedure. However, materiel in the Army inventory is available for loan for special purposes if approved. Approving authorities are listed in table 2-1; their addresses are in appendix B.

(ii) Loans will be approved or disapproved based on the purpose, duration of the loan, and consideration of the following factors which can take precedence over any loan.

(A) Military requirements and priorities.

(B) Continuity of military operations, troop survival, and the rehabilitation of essential military bases.

(C) Stocks and programed Army requirements. This includes prepositioned mobilization reserve stocks.

(D) Type classification with pending changes.

(E) Minimum diversion of Army stocks.

(F) The adequacy of the borrower's resources. Requesters will be encouraged to use their own resources.

(iii) Loan requests from civilian authorities or activities will normally enter Army channels at the installation or MACOM levels. If on-post or off-

post units receive loan requests, they will refer them to unit's supporting installation commander at once. Emergency loan requests will be relayed by telephone or electrically transmitted message.

(iv) When routine handling of a loan request would result in loss of human life, grave bodily harm, or major destruction of property, and when the lack of communication facilities prevents use of normal procedures, loans otherwise permitted by this regulation can be made with local approval. However, normal policy should be followed to the extent possible. If procedural requirements cannot be fully complied with, they must be met as soon as possible after the loan is made.

(v) Army materiel loaned under this part will be delivered to borrower "as is, where is" available.

(vi) Stocks of the least serviceable condition which are still suitable for the loan's purpose will be used. Logistic control code "C" materiel will be loaned before logistic control code "B" materiel. Logistic control code "B" materiel will be loaned before logistic control code "A" materiel. (Ref chap 9, AR 708-1.)

(vii) Commanders of medical treatment facilities (MTF) are subject to all the requirements of this regulation, including the requirement for reimbursement. However, in accordance with AR 360-61 which implements DOD Instruction 5410.19,

(A) Emergency loans of medical supplies (drugs, vaccines, etc.) may not be made without reimbursement, but the loan may not exceed 30 days and the medical supplies must be replaced in kind by the borrowing agency or activity; and

(B) Emergency loans of medical equipment not to exceed 15 days may be made without reimbursement if it is the practice in the community for other hospitals to make such loans. Equipment loans which exceed 15 days must be approved, in writing, by the MACOM commander and are subject to all the requirements of 10 U.S.C. 2667, including reimbursement.

(viii) Army property loaned to non-DOD activities will not be further loaned without approval of the original approving authority.

(ix) There will be no procurement or redistribution of assets to offset the effects of loans. Material will not be set aside, earmarked, assembled, or stockpiled to be available for use related to loans.

(x) Army materiel may be recalled from the borrower at any time to meet Army requirements.

(xi) Stock record accounting and financial transactions for loans will conform with existing regulations.

(xii) Borrowers are responsible for the care, custody, and proper use of materiel borrowed. Except as stated in this regulation, reimbursement will be required for damage, destruction, loss, fair depreciation in value, and for any Army repair, care, transportation, preservation, and protection of loaned equipment.

(xiii) Care, renovation, and repair of borrowed materiel will conform with the loan agreement.

(xiv) As indicated below, borrowers must provide signed loan agreements, provide surety bonds, and vehicular insurance prior to receipt of materiel. Loan agreements and bonds will be prepared in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.

Borrower	Loan agreement required	Surety bond required	Vehicular insurance required
Army or other DOD activities.	No <sup>1</sup> .....	No .....	No.
Non-DOD Federal departments and Agencies.	Yes .....	No .....	No.
Civil Authorities (State and Local Governments).	Yes .....	Yes <sup>2</sup> .....	Yes. <sup>2</sup>
Civilian Activities (veterans' organizations, youth groups, etc.).	Yes .....	Yes .....	Yes.

<sup>1</sup> A hand receipt or other document assigning responsibility will suffice.

<sup>2</sup> In emergency disaster relief cases, bonds and insurance may be provided after receipt of the materiel. (See paragraph (a)(4) of this section.)

(2) *Loans to DOD organizations.* Army materiel may be loaned to DOD activities for projects, programs, and mission requirements that support basic functions of the borrowing activity. Examples are field exercises, maneuvers, training exercises, including annual training (AT) of Reserve Components, and research development, test, and evaluation (RDTE).

(i) Loans of major end items belonging to MACOMs are approved by MACOM or UCOM commanders. Loans of materiel other than major end items are approved at commander/installation level.

(ii) Loans of materiel belonging to DARCOM (wholesale level) are approved as follows:

(A) *Materiels other than major end items.* By the director or deputy director of an MRC.

(B) *All other items.* By HQ DARCOM or commanders of MRCs unless loan would interfere with issue against DA Master Priority List (DAMPL) priorities, then by HQDA ODCSLOG (DALO-SMD).

(3) *Loans to federal departments/agencies.* Loans to Federal activities outside the DOD are usually provided under provisions of the Economy Act, 31 U.S.C. 686. Federal agencies borrowing DOD materiel using the provisions of this act are responsible for reimbursing the DOD for all DOD costs incident to the delivery, return, and repair of the materiel. The borrower is also responsible for reimbursing the DOD for depreciation if the depreciation cost is significant.

(4) *Disaster relief.*

(i) CONUS/OCONUS.

(A) In disaster situations local civil authorities must provide relief from their own resources. If this is not sufficient, and the American National Red Cross has a team at the disaster, requests for further assistance should be made to them. If the President has declared a major disaster or emergency, requests should be made to the regional director of the Federal Disaster Assistance Administration (FDAA). (See AR 500-60 for guidance.)

(B) The commanding General, US Army Forces Command (FORSCOM), acting for the Secretary of the Army (SA), is responsible for Army materiel support of disaster relief operations within the United States and the District of Columbia. UCOMs are responsible for disaster relief operations in US possessions and trust territories. These commanders are authorized to task DOD agencies and commands, consistent with defense priorities, to provide materiel in support of operations. A military representative will be ap-

pointed by the appropriate command to act as the DOD point of contact with the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Federal Coordinating Officer (FCO) when military assistance is required during a Presidential declared disaster or emergency. When a disaster or emergency is of such magnitude, the disaster area may be geographically subdivided. A military representative will then be appointed for each FCO. All requests for military assistance will be passed through the FCO to the DOD military representative at the disaster area.

(C) The Director of Military Support (ODCSOPS), HQDA, acts at the DOD point of contact for the Administrator, FDAA, other Federal agencies, and the American National Red Cross in all disaster assistance matters.

(ii) Foreign. (A) The Department of State is responsible for deciding when emergency foreign disaster relief operations will be undertaken. This authority is delegated to Chiefs of Diplomatic Missions for disaster relief operations whose total costs will not exceed \$25,000.

(B) Send queries on foreign disaster relief to HQDA (DAMO-ODS) (para 4, app B).

(5) *Civil disturbances.* The maintenance of law and order is primarily the responsibility of local and state authorities. In civil disturbance situations, a basic goal of the Federal Government is to minimize the involvement of active military forces. One of the most effective means of keeping Federal forces off the streets is to loan US Army civil disturbance type equipment to Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies and also to the National Guard. (For specific guidance see AR 500-50.)

(i) Requests for loan of Army materiel during or for expected civil disturbances are of three types with approval authority as follows:

(A) *Group one.* Arms, ammunition, tank-automotive equipment, and aircraft. Loans will be approved by the SA or his designee.

(B) *Group two.* Riot control agents, concertina wire, and similar military equipment which is not included in group one. Loans will be approved by the SA (or his designee), or by an Army

task force commander employed at an objective are during a civil disturbance.

(C) *Group three.* Protective equipment such as masks and helmets; body armor vests; other equipment not included in group one or two such as clothing, communications equipment, and searchlights; and the use of DOD facilities. Such loans will be approved by the SA (or his designee); by MACOMs; by the CGs of CONUS armies, MDW, and by commanders of UCOMs outside CONUS as applicable. (NOTE: Firefighting equipment will not be used for riot control).

(ii) Queries concerning loans in support of civil disturbances will be forwarded to the Director of Military Support, HQDA(DAMO-ODS), WASH DC 20310. (See app B.)

(6) *Terrorism.* (i) The Department of the Army is the DOD Executive Agent for support to the FBI in combating terrorism. Existing civil disturbance loan procedures, including categories of equipment, apply to equipment loans to the FBI for combating terrorism. Military resources will be provided only upon request of the Director, FBI, or the Senior FBI official present at the scene of a terrorist incident. It may be difficult in some situations to determine whether a practical incident fits the definition of terrorism. In these cases, commanders are authorized to accept the judgment of the FBI official making the request if it is supported by the available facts. (See para 3, table 2-1.)

(ii) For requests from the FBI in connection with terrorist incidents, any commander in the chain of command down to and including commanders of military installations are authorized to approve loans of group two and group three resources. (See paragraphs (a)(4)(1) (B) and (C) of this section.) Requests for equipment which involve technical/operating personnel, excluding fire-fighting equipment and explosive ordnance disposal, will be processed as a group one resource. For example, approval authority is retained by the DOD Executive Agent.

(7) *Aircraft piracy.* Assistance to other federal agencies in the protection of airways is provided through loans under guidance in paragraph 3, table 2-

1. Specific limitations on such support are covered in AR 500-1.

(8) *Loan/lease to activities outside the Federal Government.* Title 10, U.S.C. 2667, authorizes the lease of Army materiel to non-DOD departments, agencies, activities, or individuals when it is determined that the materiel is not, for the period of the lease, needed for public use, is not excess property, and that the loan will promote the national defense or be in the public interest. (See AR 360-61.) Such a lease must not be for more than 1 year (or be renewed/extended for a total period of more than 5 years); it must provide that the lessee will pay a fair monetary rental. The fair monetary rental will be determined on the basis of prevailing commercial rates or computed according to sound commercial accounting practices for the fixing of rental on such property. This will include a return on capital investment and administrative cost as well as depreciation. The delegation of authority to lease is SAOSA-71-6, paragraph 1-5103, ADARS, the prescribed lease agreement is at paragraph 16-553, ADARS.

(b) *Loan agreements.* (1) Upon approval of a loan request and before shipment or issue of the materiel, the approving authority will complete a written loan agreement, DA Form 4881-R. In all cases, the statutory basis for the loan will be cited. The approving authority is acting for the DOD on loans to other Federal agencies, and for the United States on loans to civil authorities and special activities. The agreement will be signed by the approving authority and the borrowing activity. When emergency loans have been made as authorized by this AR, follow-up action will be taken at once to formalize the loan by completing a loan agreement.

(2) Loan agreements are mutually developed by the approving authority and the chief of the borrowing activity (or their designees). The agreements identify the responsibilities of all parties. They include terms and conditions of the loan. Appendix C illustrates a sample loan agreement, DA Form 4881-R (Agreement for the Loan of US Army Materiel), and specifies what the loan agreements will stipulate and contain. Also illustrated at appendix C is DA

Form 4881-2-R, which will be completed and appended to the loan agreement as "Exhibit I."

(3) Loan agreements will be held by the approving authority until termination and final settlement of each loan.

(4) If the loan agreement is signed by someone other than the chief borrowing official, than a Certificate for Signature by an Alternate will be completed. (See appendix D for DA Form 4881-1-R.) It will be attached to the signed (by the borrower) copy of the agreement that is retained by the approving authority. DA Forms 4881-R, 4881-1-R, and 4881-2-R are reproduced locally on 8½ by 11-inch paper.

(c) *Surety bonds.* (1) Some borrowers of Army materiel must post a surety bond. (See table 2-1 and DA Form 4881-3-R at app E.) Bonds ensure safe return of the borrowed materiel or reimbursement for any loss of or damage to the materiel. The bond will consist of —

(i) A properly executed surety bond with a certified bank check, cash, or negotiable US Treasury bonds, or

(ii) Notice of bond by a reputable bonding company deposited with the approving authority for the loan. Bonds will equal the total price of the borrowed items as shown in exhibit I to the loan agreement (app C, DA Form 4881-R). A "double" bond (bond equal to twice the value of the borrowed item(s)) will be required—

(A) For Army materiel loaned to the Red Cross for instruction and practice to aid the Army, Navy, or Air Force in time of war (10 U.S.C. 2542).

(B) For ordnance and ordnance stores loaned to high schools in the District of Columbia (10 U.S.C. 4653).

(2) The bond need not be posted by the borrowing agency itself. The source or originating agency for the bond is immaterial if the bond is valid. For example, to secure a loan, a State may post bond on behalf of a city, county, or other governmental body or authority within the State.

(3) In an emergency, when posting a bond would delay approval of an urgent loan request and when the total price is less than \$1,000, the approval authority may approve the request. The approval is on the condition that the bond be posted within 5 days.

(4) Bond forfeitures or exceptions to mandatory forfeitures can only be made with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Army. Forfeitures will be based on actual expense incurred. Forfeitures do not release the borrowing agency from returning borrowed materiel or affect ownership. Bonds are normally forfeited under the following conditions:

(i) Materiel is not returned at the termination of a loan period or when return has been directed by the Army.

(ii) The borrowing agent refuses to pay for damages or other Army expenses.

(5) Surety bonds will be held by the approving authority until the loan is terminated and final settlement is made. At that time, the bond will be returned to the borrower.

(6) If US treasury bonds are posted as surety bond, the borrower must execute a power of attorney (DA Form 4481-4-R, app F). This will enable cashing of the treasury bonds if some forfeiture is required. DA Form 4881-3-R (Surety Bond) and DA Form 4881-4-R (Power of Attorney) will be reproduced locally on 8½ by 11-inch paper.

(d) *Loan duration.* (1) Loan periods and extensions will be shown in table 2-2.

(2) Materiel will be loaned only for the number of days needed for the specific purpose for which borrowed. Loan extensions must be justified. The reason(s) why other means or other than Army materiel cannot be used must be included. Approval of loan extensions will be based on the merit of the reasons given.

(3) Loan extensions authorized beyond 1 year will not be approved unless the lender of the loaned materiel has inspected and inventoried the materiel to insure completeness and serviceability.

(e) *Types of DA materiel available for loan.* Examples of types of items that may be loaned, and examples of the types of organizations that may borrow Army materiel, are listed in table 2-1. Most loans will be nonexpendable items or expendable items not forecast to be consumed (durable items). Expendable items (e.g., expendability code X) will not be loaned unless approved as an exception.

TABLE 2-1—LOAN AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE  
[See footnotes at end of table]

Requester	Authority and guidance	Normal approving authority	Examples of materiel authorized
1. DOD Activities ..... 2. Department of Agriculture (U.S. Forest Service) protection against wildfire <sup>2</sup> (see AR 500-60 for guidance) <sup>3</sup> . Avalanche Control <sup>3</sup> . 3. Department of Justice (FBI).	10 U.S.C. 2571 ..... 31 U.S.C. 686; Memo of Understanding (MOU), Apr. 24, 1975; AR 500-60.  10 U.S.C. 4655; 31 U.S.C. 686; AR 735-5; MOU Nov. 29, 1973. 10 U.S.C. 331; 10 U.S.C. 332; 10 U.S.C. 333 ....	Secretary of the Army (or designee) ..... Secretary of the Army (or designee) .....  Secretary of the Army (or designee) .....  DOD General Counsel <sup>1</sup> or designee; in urgent cases, Deputy Director for Operations, NMCC.  See item 7 below for <sup>2</sup> approval authority by equipment classification. Asst SECDEF (or designee) ..... Asst SECDEF (or designee); Mil Asst to the President; followed by the Spec Asst to the SECDEF; (overseas) CINC, UCOM's.  Secretary of the Army HQDA; CG FORSCOM; DARCOM .....	Materiel, supplies, and equipment. Communications, earthmoving, and vehicular equipment.  Communications, howitzers, etc.  Transport aircraft, <sup>1</sup> helicopters, flares, parachutes, communications equipment, arms, vehicles, etc.  See item 8 below for <sup>2</sup> classification equipment.  Same as above.  Same as above.  Material, supplies, and equipment.  Materiel, supplies, and equipment for flood fighting, rescue operations, repair/restoration of flood control works, or hurricane flood protection works.  Transportation, emergency power and fuel.
Aircraft Piracy <sup>1</sup> (see AR 500-1 for guidance). Terrorism <sup>2</sup> .....	10 U.S.C. 4655; 18 U.S.C. 1385; 31 U.S.C. 686; DODD 3025.12; AR 500-1. AR 500-50 .....	See item 7 below for <sup>2</sup> approval authority by equipment classification.	Same as above.
Drug Enforcement Agency <sup>1</sup> . 4. Treasury Department (U.S. Customs Service) (U.S. Secret Service) <sup>1</sup> . 5. National Guard Equipment (loan to NG). 6. Other Federal agencies emergency support <sup>1</sup> to Federal agencies (see AR 1-35 and AR 500-60 for guidance). Support to FPA/GSA Regional Field Boards <sup>2</sup> (see AR 15-17 for guidance). Support to Inaugural Committee. 7. Support for Search and Rescue.	31 U.S.C. 686; AR 735-5, par. 1-16; CSR 1-25  18 U.S.C. 3056; 31 U.S.C. 686; AR 735-5, par. 1-16; DODD 3025.13; DODI 5030.34; AR 1-4. AR 735-5; 10 U.S.C. 2571 .....	Secretary of the Army HQDA; CG FORSCOM; DARCOM .....	Material, supplies, and equipment.  Materiel, supplies, and equipment for flood fighting, rescue operations, repair/restoration of flood control works, or hurricane flood protection works.  Transportation, emergency power and fuel.
	31 U.S.C. 686; AR 735-5; AR 1-35; AR 500-60; DODD 4000.19.  AR 15-17; DODD 5100.74; OEP Civ 8500.6 .....	Spec Asst SECDEF; Secretary of the Army .....	Materiel, supplies, and equipment for flood fighting, rescue operations, repair/restoration of flood control works, or hurricane flood protection works.
	10 U.S.C. 2543 .....	HQDA; CG FORSCOM; CG CONUSA .....	Transportation, emergency power and fuel.
	AR 500-2; FM 20-150; AR 525-90 .....	SECDEF .....	Tents, flags, litters, ambulances, drivers, hospital furniture, camp appliances. Search craft and crews.
		CG FORSCOM; GC CONUSA .....	

<p>8. Civil Authorities Civil Disturbance<sup>2</sup> (see AR 500-50 for guidance).</p>	<p>42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.; 10 U.S.C. 331; DODD 3025.12; AR 500-50; AR 350-7; DACD Plan; Garden Plot.</p>	<p>Group One: DOD Executive Agent or designee</p>	<p>Group One: Arms, ammunition, tank-automotive equipment, and aircraft.</p>
<p>Disaster Relief<sup>2</sup></p>	<p>Group Two: DOD Executive Agent or designee, or task force command at objective area during the civil disturbance.</p>	<p>Group Two: DOD Executive Agent or designee; CG MDW; CG CONUSA; and CINC's UCOM's, OCONUS.</p>	<p>Group Two: Riot control agents, concertina wire, and other like military equipment to be employed in control of civil disturbances.</p>
<p>9. Environmental Protection Agency and U.S. Coast Guard (oil and hazardous substances pollution spills).</p>	<p>Group Three: DOD Executive Agent or designee; CG MDW; CG CONUSA; and CINC's UCOM's, OCONUS.</p>	<p>CG FORSCOM; CG DARCOM for DARCOM stocks; and CINC's, UCOM's, OCONUS.</p>	<p>Group Three: Firefighting resources; equipment of a protective nature (masks, helmets, body armor vests) and use of Army facilities. Same as 6 above.</p>
<p>10. Boy and Girl Scouts of America (world or national jamborees)<sup>3</sup>.</p>	<p>MOU between DOD and ANRC, June 24, 1975</p>	<p>HQDA; The Adjutant General (DAAG-ASO-R)</p>	<p>Personnel, facilities, equipment, supplies, and services.</p>
<p>11. Civilian Marksmanship Program (Clubs and Schools)<sup>5</sup>.</p>	<p>33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.; DODD 5030-41; AR 500-60.</p>	<p>Same as disaster relief</p>	<p>Personnel, equipment, office space, equipment, supplies; and custodial, utility, maintenance, and communication services.</p>
<p>12. Community Relations and Domestic Action Programs<sup>1</sup> (Youth Conservation Corps).</p>	<p>10 U.S.C. 2544; AR 725-1, ch. 7</p>	<p>MACOM CG on behalf of CG DARCOM</p>	<p>Personnel, facilities, supplies, equipment, and transportation.</p>
<p>13. Veterans Organizations (State and National Conventions)<sup>3</sup>.</p>	<p>10 U.S.C. 4308, 4311, 4651, 4652, 4653, 4685; AR 920-15; AR 920-20.</p>	<p>Secretary of the Army (or designee)</p>	<p>Bedding, cots, chairs, vehicles, buildings, etc.</p>
<p>14. Armies of the United Kingdom, Canada, and Australia (Standardization Program).</p>	<p>AR 28-19; AR 360-61; 42 U.S.C. 2701</p>	<p>Installation commanders</p>	<p>Arms and accoutrements.</p>
	<p>10 U.S.C. 2541</p>	<p>MACOM CG and CG CONUSA</p>	<p>Equipment or buildings which may aid in instruction to the disadvantaged.</p>
	<p>10 U.S.C. 4683 10 U.S.C. 2667; AR 34-1</p>	<p>Secretary of the Army CG DARCOM (those for equip valued over \$100,000 and those not favorably considered by DARCOM will be referred to the DCSRDA, HQDA, for approval).</p>	<p>Cots, bedding, chairs, tents, mattresses, pillows, unoccupied barracks, etc.</p>
			<p>Obsolete rifles. Equipment.</p>

TABLE 2-1—LOAN AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE—Continued  
[See footnotes at end of table]

Requester	Authority and guidance	Normal approving authority	Examples of materiel authorized
15. Aid to District of Columbia Government in Combating Crime <sup>2</sup> .	DODD 5030.46; CSR 500-4	Secretary of the Army (or designee)	Communications, vehicles, aircraft, arms, etc.
16. Departments, agencies, municipalities, organizations, activities, and individuals.	10 U.S.C. 2667; SAOSA-71-6, par. 1-5103, ADARS.	Heads of Procuring Activity	Army property, not excess requirements, but not needed for period of lease. (See delegation of authority.)
17. Red Cross (Aid to DOD in time of war).	10 U.S.C. 2602; AR 930-5	DAAG	Office space, supplies and equipment; uniforms.
18. Army Flying Clubs	AR 230-1; DODD 1330.2	DAAG; CG FORSCOM	Army aircraft
19. Civilian Activities ..	10 U.S.C. 2572; AR 870-15; AR 870-20	Chief, Military History	Historical properties and military art.
20. Civilian Educational Institutions.	10 U.S.C. 4654	Secretary of the Army	Quartermaster supplies.

<sup>1</sup> DA DCSOPS, Director of Military Support, has responsibility for these staff functions.  
<sup>2</sup> DA DCSOPS, Director of Military Support, has responsibility for these executive agent functions. (See app. A for definition of this term.)  
<sup>3</sup> DA DCSLOG, Director of Supply and Maintenance, has responsibility for these staff functions.

TABLE 2-2—LOAN PERIODS

Borrower/purpose	Initial	Loan periods <sup>1</sup> extension
1. DOD Activities .....	As needed for mission accomplishment	As needed for mission accomplishment.
2. Army National Guard (loan of equipment).	For minimum essential period as determined by requirements	For minimum essential period as determined by requirements.
3. Department of Agriculture (U.S. Forest Service) (protection against wildfire).	90 days	90 days.
4. Department of Justice (FBI) (Aircraft piracy). (Drug Enforcement Agency).	For minimum essential period	For minimum essential period.
5. Treasury Department (U.S. Customs Service). (U.S. Secret Service)	1 year or less as determined by requirements	1 year or less.
6. Environmental Protection Agency/U.S. Coast Guard.	1 year or less as determined by requirements	1 year or less.
7. Other Federal Agencies.	For minimum essential period as determined by requirements.	For minimum essential period as determined by requirements.
	For duration of requirements.	
	For minimum essential period	1 year.

8. Civil Agencies (Civil disturbances) Type I. Type II	15 days during actual disorder	15 days.
(Disaster relief)	90 days in anticipation of a disorder	90 days.
9. Boy and Girl Scouts of America (World or National Jamborees)	For minimum essential period, no extension for use during rehabilitation unless requested by the FDAA. For duration of "Jamboree" plus period en route to or return from Jamborees.	
10. Civilian Marksmanship (Clubs and Schools)	1 year	1 year.
11. Civilian Community (Relations and Domestic Action Programs)	As justified by local requesters.	
12. American National Red Cross for support of Army units in support of local civil Government disaster relief.	Same as above for duration of requirements (office equipment)	Same as above.
13. Veterans' Organizations.	15 days	15 days.
14. To Armies of the United Kingdom, Canada, and Australia (Standardization Program).	1 year or less as determined by requirements	As negotiated.
15. Civilian Organizations:		
a. Arms and accouterments.	1 year or less as determined by requirements	1 year.
b. DLA stock fund items.	120 days	30 days.
c. Medical equipment	15 days	As negotiated.
d. Medical supplies (drugs, vaccines, etc. must be replaced in kind).	30 days	As negotiated.
e. All other items	Requester justification	As negotiated.
16. DA material provided under 10 U.S.C. 2867.	1 year	1 year.

<sup>1</sup> All extensions or loan renewals which extends the overall loan period beyond 1 year must be approved by the Secretary of the Army (or designee).

**§ 623.3 Submission of requests for loan of Army materiel.**

(a) *General.* (1) Loan requests will be expedited according to the situation's urgency. A situation may be so serious that waiting for instructions or approval from a higher authority is unwarranted. Commanders will then take action as required to save human life, prevent human suffering, or reduce property damage or destruction. (See § 623.2(b)(1).) Such emergency actions will be reported at once to higher authority according to § 623.7.

(2) Requests to the US Army for loan, or loan extension, will be promptly sent by the Army element that received the request through channels to the approving authority shown in table 2-1 or as specified in appropriate regulations.

(3) Loan requests will be made by the head of the Federal agency, civil authority, or civilian activity desiring the materiel. An exception is that requests from the Federal Disaster Assistance Administration (FDAA) will normally be initiated by an FDAA regional director rather than by the administrator. The requests should be made directly to the approving authorities shown in table 2-1.

(b) *The Army National Guard (ARNG).* Loan requests for property belonging to ARNG will be made under National Guard Regulation 735-12. (See para 5, table 2-1.)

(c) *General Procedures.* (1) *DOD activities.* DOD activities will borrow Army materiel as follows:

(i) Requests will be made in writing citing—

(A) Detailed justification for loan to include urgency of need.

(B) Duration of loan.

(C) Funds to defray transportation and handling.

(D) Serviceability requirements.

(ii) Approving authority involved will—

(A) Forward a loan agreement to requester. Loan agreements within DOD will often consist of letter requests, approving endorsements, and materiel issue document (DD 1348-1) transferring temporary accountability. Between units and activities, a hand receipt may be used as the loan agreement.

(B) Furnish positive identification of item to be loaned.

(C) Provide instructions for delivery of equipment.

(iii) DOD recipient of loaned Army materiel will—

(A) Forward accepted loan agreement to approving authority (all actions can be accomplished by electrically transmitted messages).

(B) Provide geographic location of equipment and specific activity that is responsible for care and preservation of loaned equipment.

(C) Return equipment to Army in condition received with normal allowance for fair wear and tear.

(2) *Non-DOD activities.* Non-DOD activities, including Federal agencies will request loan of Army materiel as follows:

(i) Non-DOD activities, and agencies, will send routine requests by letter 45 days before the materiel is required. Federal agencies may use Standard Form 344 (Multiuse Standard Requisitioning/Issue System Document). Requests will include the following:

(A) The DA approving authority. See table 2-1.

(B) Date request is submitted.

(C) Title of requesting agency and/or person authorized to receive or pick up the borrowed materiel. Be specific; e.g., Special Agent in Charge John Doe, FBI, Anytown, USA, (telephone number with area code) 123-456-7890.

(D) Type of loan; e.g., Boy Scout National Jamboree, American Legion Convention, etc. (with a short summary of circumstances).

(E) Statement that none of the requested materiel is internally available to the requesting activity.

(F) Statement that this support is not reasonably available from local government or commercial sources.

(G) Authority for the loan (if known); e.g., public law, US code, executive order, etc. See table 2-1.

(H) Positive identification of the type and quantity of items required. If national stock numbers and nomenclature are not available, identify the items needed by type, model, size, capacity, caliber, etc.

(I) Geographic location where the materiel will be located and used.

(J) Proposed duration of the loan.

(K) Statement that the agency has, or will ensure capability to properly operate, maintain, secure, and care for the borrowed materiel.

(L) If firearms are requested, a statement that adequate facilities are available to secure the arms. See §623.5(a)(4).

(M) A statement that the borrowing activity will assume all responsibilities, liabilities, and costs related to the movement, use, care, security, loss, damage, and repair of the loaned materiel.

(N) Citation of funds to cover reimbursable costs. Also, a statement that an adequate bond will be provided, if required.

(O) A statement that the loan agreement prepared by the Army will be signed by the "responsible official" of the borrowing activity (or designee).

(P) Name, address, and telephone number of the person who will serve as the point of contact for the requesting agency, authority, or activity.

(Q) Complete instructions for delivery of the equipment to ensure that shipping instructions in the request are consistent with the urgency of the situation. State whether a small quantity shipped by air, express, or other fast means will satisfy immediate needs until bulk shipments can arrive. Also state quantity immediately required.

(R) If applicable, the number of persons to be accommodated.

(i) Urgent requests may be made to meet expected or actual emergencies. Such requests may be made by telephone or by electrically transmitted message. Include information required in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) (A) through (R) of this section to the extent possible. The request will be presented to the approving authority. The borrower will then send a complete written request to formalize the emergency request.

(iii) If approval of the loan is granted, approving authorities will contact accountable property officers at CONUS installations (equivalent level overseas), or MRC item managers to determine which items are available. Installation requests to MRCs will state that the installation resources could not meet the loan requirements. Availability decisions will be based on normal management criteria including

past and anticipated demand, asset balances, order-ship time, repair rate and repair cycles, and procurement schedules. If requested items are available and approved for issue, the approving authority (or designee) will—

(A) Negotiate and agreement;

(B) Obtain surety bond from the borrower when required;

(C) Provide reproduced copies of the signed documents to the appropriate accountable property office along with authorization to make the loan.

(iv) Approving authorities will maintain a system of numerical control for all loans. The accountable property officer will enter this number on all transaction documents related to each specific loan to include requisition, issue, shipping, turn-in, and financial documents.

(3) *The US Secret Service (USSS).*

(i) Army regulation 1-4 provides policies and procedures for Army support to the Secret Service. Support will be provided only on the request of the Director, United States Secret Service or his authorized representative. It will be provided only to assist the United States Secret Service in performance of its statutory protective functions.

(ii) Routine requests are sent by the United States Secret Service direct to the Office of the Special Assistant to the SECDEF for approval. Approved requests involving Army resources are tasked through HQDA (DAMO-ODS) to the proper command. Approved requests for resources of other Services are tasked direct to the proper Service.

(iii) Approved requests for resources to be used in oversea areas (regardless of Service) will be passed from the Office of the Special Assistant to the SECDEF to the Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) for tasking of the proper unified command.

(iv) In urgent situations, the United States Secret Service may request military resources from the nearest military commander who is authorized to take action consistent with the urgency. As soon as possible, they will seek guidance/approval through command channels to the approval authority (Spec Asst to the SECDEF).

(4) *Drug and narcotics interdiction activities.* All non-DOD Federal agencies requesting DOD resource in support of

drug or narcotics interdiction activities should send requests through their headquarters to DOD, ATTN: Deputy Assistant SECDEF (Program Management), WASH DC 20314. Concurrently, information pertaining to the request should be sent to HQDA (DAMO-ODS) (para 4, app B), or relayed by telephone (AUTOVON 225-2003 or the Army Operations Center 851-1800 during nonduty hours). The Deputy Assistant SECDEF will pass approved request to HQDA (DAMO-ODS), through the Office, Under Secretary of the Army, for determination of availability and readiness impact. If approved by the Under Secretary of the Army, ODCSOPS (DAMO-ODS) will task the proper MACOM to provide support. Requests for extension or changes to agreements will be processed as noted in tables 2-1, 2-2 and paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(5) *The Federal Bureau of Investigation.* (i) Requests for aircraft piracy assistance, received from Federal authorities by Army field commands or activities, will be forwarded through command channels by telephone (confirmed by electrically transmitted message) to the Military Support Division, ODCSOPS (DAMO-ODS), AUTOVON 255-3848/7433/2003 (WATS 202-695-2003). These requests will be approved by the DOD General Counsel (or designee).

(ii) The requests will then be sent to the National Military Command Center (NMCC). It will coordinate between the lending accountable property officer and the borrower.

(iii) In urgent cases, the Deputy Director for Operations, NMCC, may approve requests upon his or her own responsibility. This is subject to a later report to the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the DOD General Counsel.

(iv) Approved requirements will be passed to the Secretary of the Army by telephone and confirmed by electrically transmitted message. The Secretary of the Army will then assign the requirement to the proper command (or staff agency) which will contact the designated Federal civil official and confirm the details of the request. Modification of the requirement to bet-

ter perform the mission is authorized if the Federal official agrees.

(6) *Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), US Coast Guard (USCG), or National Response Team (NRT).* Non-DOD Federal agency requests for loan of materiel to combat oil and hazardous substance pollution spills will be made directly to the Commanding General, FORSCOM. Requests will be made by an "On Scene Coordinator" (OSC) of the EPA, or by the USCG acting for the Department of Transportation. The pollution spill NRT may also initiate requests. Approval authority is shown in table 2-1.

(d) *Civil Authorities.* Loans of materiel to civil authorities for use during civil disturbances and disasters will be made as follows:

(1) *Civil disturbances.* Requests for Army materiel in anticipation of (or during) civil disturbances will be promptly sent through command channels to the approving authority (UCOM commanders will coordinate requests originating from areas outside CONUS) as follows:

(i) Requests for resources that require Secretary of the Army approval will be sent through channels to HQDA (DAMO-ODS) (para 4, app B).

(ii) Requests for group three resources (§623.2(a)(5)) that are not available to commanders having the approval authority will be sent through channels to HQDA (DAMO-ODS). Intermediate commands may approve and make available the requested resources.

(iii) Requests received by other DOD agencies will be referred to local Army installation commanders for processing.

(2) *Disaster relief.* Requests for loan of materiel to support disaster relief will be handled as follows:

(i) Valid requests for disaster relief assistance (see §623.2(a)(4) for decision-making process) will be given to the DOD liaison (a military officer) assigned to the disaster; or forwarded to the CONUS Army commander in which the disaster occurs. (See appendix G.) If no Federal Disaster Assistance Administration (FDAA) official (HUD Federal Coordinating Officer (FCO)) is present at the disaster scene, requests may be received from the Red Cross.

(ii) HUD Regional Directors for FDAA, or FCOs, will send requests for loan of materiel to the Commanding General, FORSCOM, or to the proper CONUS Army commander. (Requests for Defense Civil Preparedness Agency (DCPA) resources will be sent to DCPA regional offices.)

(e) *Civilian Activities.* (1) *Veterans' Organizations.* Loan requests by authorized veterans' organizations (as listed in VA Bulletin 23A) will be sent to the commander of the CONUS Army area (or Commander, MDW), for the area where the materiel will be required. (See appendix G.)

(2) *Scouting Loans.* National and regional scout executives will send requests (restricted to DOD support of national and world jamborees) according to chapter 7, AR 725-1. (See §621.4 of this title.)

(3) *Loans/Leases Under the Provisions of Title 10 U.S.C. 2667.* Requests for loans from other civil activities and organizations may come into the DOD through various channels; e.g., telephone call to local installation commander, letter to Congressmen, or directly to the Secretary of Defense or Army. Each request will be forwarded to the authority having the item and having the authority to approve the request. (See appendix B and table 2-1.) In cases where approval is questionable, the request may be submitted through channels to HQDA (DALO-SMD) WASH DC 20310 (para 2, app B) recommending approval/disapproval action.

(f) *Loans to the United Kingdom (UK), Canada, and Australia.* All requests for loans (restricted to materiel for use in the "Standardization Program") to the UK, Canada, or Australia will be sent to Commander, DARCOM, ATTN DRC-IRD for approval. AR 795-204 addresses loans to other allied governments. (See DOD Military Assistance and Sales Manual, DOD 5105.38-M.)

(g) *Special Materiel Requests.*

(1) *Loan of Communications Security (COMSEC) Equipment.* Subject to provisions of this regulation, requests for loan of COMSEC equipment will be sent to the Commander, US Army Communications Security Logistics Agency (para 24, app B) for approval, loan action, and establishment of loan

records. All loans of Army COMSEC equipment to civilian authorities or activities will be according to Technical Bulletin 380-41. Standard Form 153 will be annotated to show purpose of the loan, expected date of return, and authority for the loan. A copy will be sent to the Director, National Security Agency (NSA), ATTN: S3, Fort George G. Meade, MD 20755.

(2) *Loan of arms and accouterments.* Requests for loan of arms and accouterments will be sent by requesting agencies directly to the Secretary of the Army, Military Support Division, HQDA (DAMO-ODS) (para 4, app B). Requests received out of this channel will be returned to the originator for resubmission. The Secretary of the Army (or designee) is the approval authority. See §623.5 for procedures.

(3) *War reserves and operational project stocks.* Regulatory guidance with respect to loan of war reserves and operational project stocks to DOD organizations is found in chapter 8, AR 710-1. Loans of war reserves and operational project stocks to non-DOD activities will be according to this regulation and must be approved by HQDA (DALO-SMW) (para 3, app B).

(4) *Loan of historical property and art.* Requests for loans of Army historical property and military art will be sent to the Commander, US Army Center of Military History (para 4, app B). Specific information on such loans is found in AR 870-15 and AR 870-20.

**§623.4 Accounting procedures.**

(a) *Loan Document Format.* (1) When the lending accountable property officer receives copies of the loan request, loan agreement, surety bond (if required), and written loan authorization from the approving authority, the loan request will be converted to Military Standard Requisitioning and Issue Procedures requisition formal (DD Form 1348) as follows: (NOTE: In emergencies, authorization may be made by telephone. The format request, agreement, bond, and authorization will follow. Informal records should be also maintained.)

Card columns	Code or data
1-3 .....	"AOE".
4-6 .....	RIC of NIPC (lender).

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Card columns	Code or data
7 .....	Media and status code.
8-22 .....	National stock number.
23-24 .....	Unit of issue.
25-29 .....	Quantity.
30-43 .....	Document number.
(30-35) .....	DODAAC of the requisitioner, if applicable, otherwise DODAAC of accountable property officer (lender).
(36-39) .....	Julian date.
(40-43) .....	Serial number.
44 .....	"N" for nonrecurring demand.
45-50 .....	Supplemental address (loanee DODAAC) for DOD units. For non-DOD activities enter the shipping destination.
(45) .....	"Y".
(46-49) .....	Julian date of receipt of loan request.
(50) .....	Alphabetic (except I or O) indicating which loan of the day is first; e.g., A-first, B-second, etc.
51 .....	"M".
52-53 .....	"G4" for loans to nonresearch and development activities. "G6" for loans to research and development activities.
54-56 .....	Blank.
57-59 .....	Project code if applicable. Note: This will be the same for all loans. Project codes will be assigned by Chief, Logistic Systems Support Activity, ATTN: DRXLS-LCC, Chambersburg, PA 17201. It will be sent by message to all interested addresses.
60-61 .....	Priority.
62-64 .....	RDD.
65-66 .....	Blank.
67-69 .....	Depot RIC.
70 .....	Purpose code.
71 .....	Condition code.
72 .....	Management code.
73-80 .....	Blank.

(2) Loaned property will be kept on the accountable records of the owning property account. The entry showing the quantities loaned will be supported by DD Form 1348-1 (receipt document), and copies of the loan agreement and surety bond (if required). The receipt document must be signed by the responsible official of the borrowing activity. It is then returned to the accountable property officer as a valid hand receipt for property accounting purposes.

(3) Loans will be processed by accountable property officers according to normal supply procedures except as modified by this regulation.

(4) Accountable property officers will keep loan files with enough documentation to provide an audit trail for loan transactions and a single source of accounting and billing for reimbursement. No separate property book accounts will be set up for these loans. Items, with dates shipped, will be identified by use of "loan control numbers" in loan jacket files and in supporting

documentation. The files will include copies of—

(i) The loan request. If the request was made by telephone (urgent), a copy of the Memorandum for Record prepared to summarize the call will be used.

(ii) The loan agreement.

(iii) The surety bond (with cash, certified check, US treasury bonds, or adequate bond from a bonding company).

(iv) The approving authorization to make the loan.

(v) DD Form 1348-1 used for shipping the items.

(vi) A master loan register with the loan control number and shipping document number.

(b) *Shipment of Loaned Materiel.* (1) Loaned Army materiel will be shipped only to the chief of the borrowing activity or to a designee authorized to receive and sign for the materiel. To keep the materiel out of unauthorized hands, consignees (receivers) will be advised of the items and quantities to be loaned; the source of supply; whether the items are to be picked up or shipped; and of shipments made.

(2) All shipments of loaned equipment will be documented on DOD single line item "release or receipt" document (DD Form 1348-1). These will be initiated by the lending accountable property officer. Packing, crating, handling, estimated transportation costs, and serial numbers (if applicable) of items shipped will be shown on all copies. The consignee will be given advance copies of the DD Form 1348-1 as notice of shipment, and a list of DD Form 1348-1 document numbers. For loans to non-DOD activities two copies of the certificate below will be prepared by the accountable property officer (see fig. 1). It will accompany the DD Forms 1348-1.

"I certify receipt of and assume responsibility for the Army materiel listed on DD Form 1348-1. Control numbers on DD Form 1348-1 follow. The items were received in good condition except as noted on the DD Form 1348-1. Serial numbers have been verified (omit if not applicable)."

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of responsible officer

\_\_\_\_\_  
Typed name of responsible officer

---

 Address of responsible officer
 

---



---

 Date certificate was signed
 

---

Figure 1. Sample receipt certificate

(3) One copy of each signed DD Form 1348-1 (for non-DOD activities, one copy of the signed certificate) will be returned to the accountable property officer. Also, one copy of each will be kept in the borrower's file.

(4) The installation or depot transportation officer is responsible for coordinating movement of the items that must be shipped.

(5) Shipments, including those to foreign countries, will be made on commercial bills of lading (CBL). Freight charges will be paid by the borrower. The CBL will cite proper project codes. NOTE: In emergencies where use of CBL would delay shipment, government bills of lading (GBL) may be used subject to later reimbursement. Shipments to Boy Scout World Jamborees in foreign countries will be by GBL unless otherwise specified by the Boy Scouts.

(6) Shipments will be consolidated to the maximum to get the lowest charges available.

(7) Separate shipping instructions will be provided for each recipient, convention, jamboree, etc., to ensure correct consignee and railhead addresses.

(8) Transportation will be at no expense to the government. The Defense Transportation Services (Military Sealift Command, Military Airlift Command, and Military Traffic Management Command) will send all billings for such transportation costs to the US Army Finance and Accounting Center (USAFAC). The USAFAC will then bill the fiscal station servicing the accountable property office that made the loan. This fiscal station will then bill the borrower for these transportation costs. Army materiel loaned to non-DOD activities is not authorized for oversea movement on a space available basis by MSC or MAC without their prior approval.

(c) *Receipt of Borrowed Property.* (1) The person authorized to receive the materiel (whether shipped or picked up) will check the quantities received against the quantities shown on the DD Form 1348-1. This person will also ver-

ify the condition of the materiel. Any variation in quantity or condition must be resolved at once. If the shortage or damage is not due to a common carrier, the borrower will give the accountable property officer the National Stock Number, document number, and an explanation of the variation at once. This establishes a basis for assessing charges on termination of the loan. Replacement shipments, when required, will be covered by a DD Form 1348-1. All variations will be noted on the reverse side of the bill of lading.

(2) When a DD Form 1348-1 has not been received by the borrower and does not accompany the shipment, an informal report will be made to the accountable property officer at once. It will include the nomenclature, quantities, condition, and if applicable, the model numbers and serial number of all material received.

(3) When shipment has been verified, the borrower (or designee) will enter the quantity received on two copies of the DD Form 1348-1. Serial numbers will also be entered for serial numbered items. The completed copies of the DD Form 1348-1 will be signed by the authorized person. One copy of the DD Form 1348-1 and one copy of the signed certificate (receipt of the materiel) will be returned to the accountable property officer.

(4) If shipments are received damaged or short, take action described in §623.4(g).

(d) *Accounting by Borrower.* Non-DOD borrowing activities should maintain a system of jacket files. This should include copies of all documents that authorize the loan of materiel and relate to loan transactions. Such files will insure return of materiel within the approved loan period. Files should be retained for audit or any other purpose as required. These files may be destroyed upon turn in of the borrowed materiel, final completion of accounting, and reimbursement for Army costs related to the loan. DOD borrowers will conform to the requirements contained in existing regulations.

(e) *Return of Borrowed Materiel—(1) General.* (i) Borrowed materiel will be returned to the Army in the condition received, less fair wear and tear, unless

the terms of agreement specify otherwise.

(ii) Property for which repair cost is claimed will be held at the Army depot or installation until final charges are determined and a release is given by respective property officers.

(iii) Return of materiel loaned to rifle clubs and schools will conform with § 623.5.

(2) *Accountable property officer actions.*

(i) At the end of a loan period, recall, or upon notice by the borrower that the loaned materiel is no longer needed, the accountable property officer will send a letter of instruction to the borrower for return of the materiel. He will verify or modify the turn-in instructions provided in the loan agreement.

(ii) These procedures will be used by accountable property officers to terminate loans:

(A) For loans up to 30 days no specific termination action is necessary except when materiel is not returned by the loan due date. Then, a written loan termination notice will be sent to the borrower. A follow-up notice will be sent every 15 days until the materiel is returned or other settlement is made.

(B) For all other loans 15 days before the loan is due, a loan termination notice will be sent by the lending activity to the borrower verifying (or modifying) the turn-in instructions.

(C) Follow-up of loan termination notice will be made every 15 days until the materiel is returned or other settlement is made.

(iii) After receiving inspection reports (§ 623.4(e)(3)) and final shipment receipts, the accountable property officer will clear the loan records.

(iv) The accountable property officer will then advise the borrower of the transaction completion by furnishing receipted copies of the receiving document(s).

(v) The accountable property officer will notify the servicing finance and accounting office (FAO) of any reimbursement required.

(3) *Actions by the receiving installation, depot, or arsenal.* (i) The installation, depot, or arsenal receiving activities will inspect returned materiel.

(A) If the quantity received differs from the quantity shipped, the actual quantity received will be entered on the DD Form 1348-1.

(B) If the condition of the property differs from that noted on the DD Form 1348-1, the variation will be stated.

(ii) Loaned materiel returned in an unserviceable condition will be inspected by qualified technical inspectors at installation level and by quality assurance activities at depots to determine condition code.

(A) If the condition of returned materiel is the same as noted on the receipt document or the prepositioned materiel receipt card, the item will be processed as a normal receipt.

(B) If there is a discrepancy in the actual condition of the item or in the assigned code on the receipt document, obtain an estimate of repair cost and continue normal receipt documentation processing.

(C) The receiving depot or installation will prepare an Inspection and Surveillance Report for each returned item that needs repair. Cards will also be prepared for shortages. The cards will include the cost of equipment repair or the value of shortage. A minimum of two copies of each report will be sent to the proper accountable property officer.

(f) *Loan Inventories.* (1) If a loan has been approved or extended (by the SA) for a period longer than 1 year, the accountable property officer will inspect and reconcile loan accounts with the borrower at the end of each 12-month period.

(2) If no discrepancies are noted, the accountable property officer will file the signed annual inventory form in the borrower's memorandum receipt jacket file.

(3) If the inventory shows that amounts and kinds of Army materiel for which the borrower is responsible differ from that actually in his possession, the accountable property officer will—

(i) For overages, assume accountability for the overages noted on the annual inventory form. Use a copy of the annual inventory form as a debit voucher to the account. No approval of this voucher is needed.

(ii) For shortages, act to obtain reimbursement for the value of the missing property or to adjust the discrepancy by report of survey.

(g) *Lost, Damaged, and Destroyed Materiel.* (1) When loss or damage occurs during shipment, DOD and Federal agencies will refer to AR 55-38 for specific instructions.

(2) Damage or loss which is the fault of the carrier will be billed to the carrier after reconciliation.

(3) Army materiel lost, damaged, or destroyed while in the possession of rifle clubs or schools will be handled as described in §623.5.

(4) Any Army materiel loaned at the request of an FDAA Regional Director which is not returned according to instructions in this chapter will be reported to the borrower and to the FDAA Regional Director. The latter will arrange for proper reconciliation and reimbursement.

#### **§623.5 Loan of arms and accouterments.**

(a) *General.* (1) Loan of arms and accouterments requires special processing and handling. Loans to DOD and non-DOD activities will be handled as a normal loan according to instructions in this section with the added requirement of maintaining serial number visibility. Loans of arms and accouterments as included herein are not applicable to Army National Guard (ARNG).

(2) The Commanding General, Armament Readiness Command (ARRCOM) (ATTN: DRSAR-MMS) has been designated by Commanding General, Materiel Development and Readiness Command (DARCOM), as being responsible for keeping a centralized serial number visibility record for all small arms made for the Army. ARRCOM maintains accountable property records for loans to organizations such as the Director of Civilian Marksmanship (DCM); and for loans to non-DOD activities such as the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), United States Secret Service (USSS), United States Customer Service (USCS); or rifle clubs, educational institutions, and veterans' organizations.

(3) Requests for loan of arms which are type classified standard (logistics

control code A or B) will be filled with the lowest type classified items available.

(4) Borrowers of Army arms will be fully responsible for the care, custody, and proper use of loaned materiel. Physical security measures must be equal to or greater than the minimum requirements set forth in Army Regulation 190-11 and Army Regulation 190-49.

(5) If borrowed arms are lost, stolen, or unaccounted for, the borrower must inform the lender (accountable property officer), the local police, and the FBI within 24 hours after discovery.

(6) This regulation does not apply to arms issued to Reserve Officers Training Corps units under the National Defense Act. Army Regulation 710-2 is applicable.

(b) *Loans to Civilian Activities (Other Than Rifle Clubs and Educational Institutions).* (1) Arms and accouterments may be loaned by the Army to civilian authorities and to civilian activities as follows: (§623.5(c) covers rifle clubs and institutions.)

(i) For use in protection of public money and property (10 U.S.C. 4655).

(ii) Obsolete or condemned rifles (not more than 10), slings, and cartridge belts may be loaned to local units of any national veteran's organization for use by that unit in ceremonies. (For example, a funeral for a former member of the armed forces.) The organization must be recognized by the Veterans' Administration (VA) (10 U.S.C. 4683).

(iii) Arms and accouterments loaned to organizations listed in §623.5(c)(1) for a period of 1 year or less will be accounted for by ARRCOM. Loans of items that exceed 1 year will be accounted for by the DCM under §623.5(c).

(2) Requests for loan (or extension of loan) of Army arms and accouterments will be sent by requesting agencies through HQDA (DALO-SMD), (para 2, app B) to the Secretary of the Army. Requests received outside of this channel will be returned to the originator for direct submission to the address above.

(3) Requests approved by the Secretary of the Army (or Under Secretary) will be sent to ARRCOM, (para 12 app B) Rock Island, IL 61299, for

completion of a formal loan agreement and issue of items.

(4) Requisitioning, accounting, and reimbursement procedures are given in § 623.4. However, upon receipt of signed copies of DD Form 1348-1 with the listing of verified serial numbers from the consignee, the ARRCOM Arms and Accouterments Property Officer will send the required transaction data to the DOD Small Arms Serialization Program (DODSASP) at ARRCOM. These data will indicate that the small arms on loan to other Government agencies are accounted for under DOD Activity Address Code W52P41.

(5) Shipment and returns are described in § 623.4 except as follows:

(i) The responsible property officer for materiel or loan will request disposition instructions from the accountable property officer when loaned materiel is no longer needed or at the end of the loan period. Loaned materiel may be withdrawn from the borrowing activity at any time to satisfy military requirements.

(ii) The accountable property officer will:

(A) Issue shipping instructions for the return of property to a designated installation. The letter of instruction will contain a MILSTRIP document number (AR 725-50) for each line item scheduled for return to be used for the shipment. The shipper will be directed to cite this document number on the shipping document.

(B) Prepare and submit to the receiving installation a prepositioned materiel receipt card (DOD Materiel Receipt Document (DD Form 1486)) (Document Identifier DWC) as advance notice of the shipment.

(1) Exception data will be annotated as follows: "Return of Loan from Other Government Agency—Report Receipt of Arms and Accouterments Accountable Property Officer, ATTN: DR SAR-MMD."

(2) A copy of the letter of shipping instructions (paragraph (b)(5)(ii) of this section) will be inclosed with the prepositioned materiel receipt card for information.

(iii) Upon receipt at the receiving installation, property will be inspected immediately. Cost of repairing unserviceable items and cost of replacement,

if irreparable, will be determined at time of inspection. The MILSTRIP receipt card will be mailed to the accountable property officer with estimated damage cost and detailed materiel condition as exception data.

(iv) Upon notification of materiel receipt, the accountable property officer will:

(A) Clear the loan record with a credit entry and process the receipt to the inventory records as an increase on hand to asset balance.

(B) Furnish receipted copies of the receiving document to the consignor and the responsible property officer closing the transaction.

(c) *Loans to Rifle Clubs and Educational Institutions—(1) Authorization.* Arms and accouterments may be loaned to rifle clubs and educational institutions for periods established in table 2-2 under the following conditions:

(i) Rifled arms may be loaned to civilian rifle clubs for promotion of marksmanship training among able-bodied US citizens (10 U.S.C. 4308).

(ii) Arms, tentage, and equipment, as the Secretary of the Army deems necessary, may be loaned to an educational institution to provide proper military training where there is no ROTC, but there is a course in military training prescribed by the Secretary of the Army and there are at least 100 physically fit males over 14 years of age (10 U.S.C. 4651).

(iii) Magazine rifles and appendages may be loaned to schools having a uniformed corps of cadets of sufficient number for target practice. Models loaned must not be in use at the time, or needed for a proper reserve supply (10 U.S.C. 4652).

(iv) Ordnance and ordnance stores may be loaned to Washington, DC, high schools for military instruction and practice (10 U.S.C. 4653).

(v) Obsolete ordnance and ordnance stores may be loaned to educational institutions and to State soldiers', sailors', and orphans' homes for drill and instruction if recommended by the Governor of the state or territory concerned (10 U.S.C. 4685).

(2) *Director of Civilian Marksmanship (DCM).* The President may detail an officer of the Army or Marine Corps as

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Director of Civilian Marksmanship (10 U.S.C. 4307). The DCM is responsible for—

(i) Control and accountability of Army materiel issued to civilian rifle clubs;

(ii) Policies and procedures for the issue of arms and ammunition to civilian rifle clubs; and

(iii) Ensuring proper bonding of clubs before issue of Army materiel. The Secretary of the Army has further made the DCM similarly responsible for loans to institutions (schools).

(3) *Property transactions.* US Army Armament Materiel Readiness Command (ARRCOM) will transfer accountability for materiel shipped to civilian rifle clubs and institutions to the DCM. The DCM will keep a mission stock record account for these items as shown in Army Regulation 710-2. In addition, the account will note all property transactions between the DCM and civilian rifle clubs and institutions as follows:

(i) Loan and return of arms and accouterments to (from) civilian rifle clubs and institutions will not be posted to the accountable record as loss or gain vouchers. They will be posted as “loan transactions” with the DCM retaining accountability. In addition to debit, credit, and adjustment voucher files, the DCM accountable property officer will keep a “loan voucher” file in two sections; e.g., “active” and “terminated.”

(A) The active section (suspense for items on loan) will contain DD Form 1348-1 or a letter acknowledging receipt of the items. (The signature of the borrower will be according to paragraph (4) (v) or (vi) of this section.) This section will contain a folder for each activity serviced by the DCM. The active loan vouchers will be filed in National Stock Number and voucher number sequence. This section serves as the DCM loan record.

(B) The terminated section (for items no longer on loan) will contain the original loan shipping document (loan voucher). The return receipt document which terminates the loan will be attached. The receipt document will contain the original shipping document number and the return advice code “IQ.”

(ii) Shipments of expendable items (e.g., ammunition, targets, etc.) will be posted as a credit to the accountable record. Accountability will be dropped (These items are deemed to have been consumed at the time of issue).

(iii) Expendable items returned by rifle clubs and institutions will be posted to the accountable record as a debit voucher. The DCM will determine disposition of these items.

(4) *Requisition procedures.* (i) The DCM will prepare requisitions based on information from the rifle clubs or institutions. DA Form 1273 (Requisition for Articles Authorized for Issue to Civilian Rifle Clubs) will be used. Two completed copies of the requisition will be sent to the requester.

(ii) The rifle club or institution will complete the form and return one signed copy to the DCM, HQDA, Secretary Field Directorate Marksmanship (SFDM), (para 7, app B) and keep one copy for file.

(iii) On receipt of the signed copy of DA Form 1273, the DCM will take proper issue action. When more arms are required by the DCM, a DD Form 1348 will be prepared and sent to the Secretary of the Army for approval (AR 725-50).

(iv) The supply source responsible for the loan will ship the materiel directly to the rifle club or school.

(v) DD Forms 1348-1 received with the shipment or by mail, will be annotated and signed by the person authorized to receive and sign for property for the rifle club or school. The quantity and condition of the items received will be entered thereon. This entry will be based on a physical check and inspection of the materiel. Serial numbers of items received (if applicable and not noted) will also be entered. Two of the completed copies will be signed by the person authorized to sign for the club or institution. They will be mailed to the DCM, HQDA Secretary Field Directorate Marksmanship (SFDM). The third completed copy will be kept in the unit’s file.

(vi) If a DD Form 1348-1 is not received with the shipment or is not received by mail, a receipt letter will be sent to the DCM. It will set forth the nomenclature, quantities, condition, and serial numbers (of serial-numbered

items) of all property received. This letter will be sent as soon as possible after receipt of the property. The receipt letter will be used by the DCM as a loan voucher. One copy will be recorded in the voucher register and placed in the voucher file. The loan action will be posted to the DCM stock record account.

(5) *Property returns.* When property is returned by civilian rifle clubs or institutions, the DCM will prepare seven copies of the DD Form 1348-1. Five copies will be mailed to the rifle club or institution; one will be kept in suspense in the club's or institution's jacket file; and one will be sent to the US Army Management Systems Support Agency (USAMSSA), Wash., DC 20310, to update the "rifles intransit program." The rifle club or institution will enter on the five copies the shipment date, how shipped, the quantity shipped, and other necessary data not entered by the DCM and distribute the five copies as follows:

(i) Two copies to the consignee (receiving depot, arsenal, or installation). One copy of the DD Form 1348-1 received by the consignee will be used to tally the shipment and to account for property received. The other copy will be signed by the accountable property officer (or representative) and will be sent to the DCM to terminate the open receipt in the loan voucher file.

(ii) One copy with the shipment.

(iii) One copy to the DCM, HQDA (SFDM), accompanied by the bill of lading (where available).

(iv) One copy retained by the rifle club or institution.

(6) *Lost, damaged, or destroyed property.* Loss, damage, or destruction of property in the possession of a rifle club or institution will be reported within 24 hours by telephone to the DCM (202-693-6460), the local police, and the FBI. All public and local laws must be complied with. Rifles and other equipment (except ammunition) that becomes unserviceable will be reported to the DCM by the club or institution. The DCM will give instructions for return of the equipment without expense to the government. Any equipment damage or loss that is the fault of the club or institution will be determined by a report of survey (AR 735-

11). The club or institution must then reimburse the DCM. The DCM may replace damaged equipment after reimbursement. Government property lost or destroyed without fault or neglect on the club's part will be replaced, if replacements are available. The club will pay only shipping and handling charges.

[AR 700-131, 45 FR 62038, Sept. 18, 1980; AR 700-131, 61 FR 45890, Aug. 30, 1996]

#### **§623.6 Reimbursement for loan of Army materiel.**

(a) *Reimbursement Policies and Procedures.* (1) *Policies.* (i) DA elements do not program for costs related to loan of Army materiel.

(ii) Loans to non-DOD Federal activities are made on the basis that there will be no extra cost to the Army. Costs that are in addition to normal Army operating expenses will be reimbursed by the borrower. This provision will be a part of the loan agreement.

(iii) In cases of aircraft piracy, civil disturbance, disaster relief, or protection of the President or visiting dignitaries, emergency support will not be withheld for lack of a formal reimbursement agreement. In these cases, the supporting Army element will absorb initial costs (within existing fund availability). Reimbursement will be coordinated later.

(iv) Loans made under the provisions of Title 10 U.S.C. 2667 will provide that the borrower must pay a fair monetary rental. The fair monetary rental will be determined on the basis of prevailing commercial rates or computed by sound commercial accounting practices including a return on capital investment and administrative cost as well as depreciation. Leases made under this code section will include a provision establishing the rental cost of the materiel and method of payment.

(v) The Army National Guard (ARNG) is responsible for reimbursement of costs, over and above normal DA operating expenses, related to the borrowed Army materiel.

(vi) Support to the United States Secret Service (USSS) will be on a reimbursable basis except for costs directly related to protection of the President

or Vice President. Requests for reimbursement for all other support for USSS will be according to AR 37-27.

(vii) The cost of emergency support will be billed directly to the recipient.

(2) *Procedures.* (i) The Army accountable property officer handling the loan of DLA stock fund items will coordinate DLA billings and borrower reimbursement. The borrower can make payment directly to the Defense Stock Fund.

(ii) Installation financial accounting for "accounts receivable" will conform with Army Regulation 37-108.

(iii) The finance and accounting office (FAO) supporting the supplying accountable property officer will record all charges, including accounts receivable of Army Stock Fund offices (or branch offices), in separate ledger accounts for each borrower.

(iv) Charges and collections recorded in each loan account will be reported per Army regulations and directives prescribing the reporting of the fund status in any current fiscal year.

(v) Billing will be initiated on Standard Form 1080, and sent to the borrower within 30 days of turn-in of materiel and loan termination. For loans of arms and accouterments and issue of ammunition pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 4655, the Standard Form 1080 will be annotated to show that collections are to reimburse DA appropriations.

(vi) Special appropriations established to support disaster relief will be used promptly by Army commanders concerned to ensure that all direct expenses are charged to the special appropriation. Exclude those charges subject to reimbursement by the American National Red Cross (ANRC). ANRC reimburses for supplies, materiel, and services for which they are responsible in the disaster area.

(b) *Reimbursable Costs.* Unless specifically stated, borrowing agencies, authorities, and activities will reimburse the Army for all costs related to loan of Army materiel to include but not limited to the following:

(1) Any overtime pay and pay of additional civilian personnel required to accompany, operate, maintain, or safeguard borrowed equipment.

(2) Travel and per diem expenses of Army personnel (military and civilian).

(3) Packing, crating, handling, and shipping from supply source to destination and return. This includes port loading and off loading.

(4) All transportation including return for repair or renovation.

(5) Hourly rate for the use of Army aircraft.

(6) Petroleum, oil, and lubricants (POL) (including aviation fuel).

(7) The cost of materiel lost, destroyed, or damaged beyond economical repair except for Army aircraft, motor vehicles, or motor craft used in connection with aircraft piracy.

(8) Utilities (gas, water, heat, and electricity). Charges will be based on meter readings or other fair method.

(9) Any modification or rehabilitation of Army real property which affects its future use by DA. In such cases the borrower will also bear the cost of restoring the facility to its original form.

(10) Repair/overhaul of returned materiel. Renovation and repair will conform with agreement between the Army and the borrower. (See paragraph (e)(1) of this section.)

(11) Repair parts used in maintenance or renovation.

(12) Price decline of borrowed stock fund materiel at which returned property can be sold.

(c) *Nonreimbursable Costs.* The following costs are normal operating expenses of the Army for which no reimbursement is required:

(1) Regular pay and allowances of Army personnel (except travel) and per diem costs.

(2) Administrative overhead costs.

(3) Annual and sick leave, retirement, and other military or civilian benefits except as provided in certain cases; e.g., Army Industrial Fund regulations.

(4) Telephone, telegram, or other electrical means used to requisition items, replenish depot stocks, or coordinate the loan.

(5) Charges for the use of Army motor vehicles and watercraft except POL and per diem costs (paragraph (b) of this section).

(6) The use of real property (except as required for utilities, modification, etc.).

(d) *Funding Records.* (1) Records of all costs (other than normal operating expenses), related to loans of Army materiel, will be kept at the accountable property officer level by the supporting finance and accounting office. This will be done within existing Army financial accounting systems.

(2) Separate subsidiary general ledger accounts and/or files of documents showing the total value of all issues and materiel returned for credit, and supporting documentation will be set up by the finance and accounting office. The accounts will be kept current for each loan action so reports may be made as prescribed; and so that accounts receivable can be processed for billing and collection action.

(e) *Determination of Charges and Settlement.* (1) Returned materiel will be promptly classified by a qualified inspector with action as follows:

(i) Materiel classified as unserviceable, uneconomically repairable will be billed at 100 percent of value.

(ii) Materiel classified as unserviceable, economically repairable will be billed for reduced utility (if appropriate) as well as for repair/overhaul costs.

(iii) The depreciation of borrowed materiel will be determined by technical inspectors according to Army Regulation 735-11. When qualified inspectors are not available, returned property will be received with "condition" shown as "subject to final classification by DA." Accountable property officers will complete classification promptly so charges and billing can be made within 30 days of return of materiel.

(2) All returned property which needs repair will be examined by a technical inspector to find cost of repair. Then the accountable property officer will prepare a property transaction record with supporting documents. These records will be sent to the proper MACOM commander or CINC of UCOM for final review. They will include—

(i) A statement on the transaction record identifying the financial account to which the reimbursement money is to be deposited.

(ii) A statement on the transaction record (if appropriate) as follows: "The losses and/or damages shown on the

Property Transaction Record in the amount of \$—— represent the total claim by the US Army for property loaned to ————. Upon settlement and deposit to the proper account, lender releases the ———— from further obligations."

(iii) A description of the type and degree of repair (separate addendum).

(3) After the final review, an approved list of charges will be sent to the servicing finance office for collection. The property will be released for repair and returned to stock.

(4) The finance office will send a letter to the borrower requesting payment (payable to the Treasurer of the United States). Upon payment, collection documents will be prepared and fiscal accounts credited. The MACOM or UCOM Surgeon will ensure the stock fund is reimbursed for expendable medical supply losses reported.

(5) The finance office will advise the loaning accountable property officer that settlement has been made. Property transaction records will be closed.

(6) The approving authority will then return the bond to the borrower.

(7) The value of supplies and equipment returned to the Army will be credited to the account originally debited at the time of issue. FDAA Regional Directors may find that it is not in the public interest to return borrowed materiel that has not been consumed, lost, or damaged. They will negotiate with the CONUS Army concerned for proper reimbursement for the borrowed materiel not returned.

(f) *Delinquent and Uncollectable Accounts.* (1) In cases of unsatisfactory settlement, bond proceeds will be used to satisfy the claim.

(2) If this does not settle the account, then 6 months after the final report and after all collection efforts have failed—

(i) Servicing finance offices will send delinquent "accounts receivable" reports to commanders of CONUS Armies and DARCOM readiness commands, and to CINCs of UCOMs, by forwarding—

(A) Duplicate copies of Standard Form 1080 billing documents showing complete accounting classification to which reimbursement is to be credited.

(B) Duplicate copies of all supporting documents.

(C) One copy of any correspondence showing the reason(s) for nonpayment of the account.

(ii) The CONUS Army Commanding General, CINC of UCOM, or Commanding Generals of DARCOM Materiel Readiness Commands, will also try to collect for these delinquent accounts. If all efforts fail, these accounts, (with any delinquent accounts applicable to billings initiated within their own headquarters) will be sent to the Director of Comptroller Systems, HQDA (DACA-BUS). (Para 1, app B). The letter of transmittal will state that the accounts are transferred according to this regulation. A copy will be sent to the FAO handling the accounts. The FAO will then transfer the account to inactive status. A Standard Form 1017G (Journal Voucher) will be prepared showing a debit to account 3052 (Transfer of Accounts Receivable) and a credit to the proper accounts receivable.

(iii) Appropriations available to the accountable property officer or installation will be used for reimbursing; e.g., the Army Stock Fund or Army Industrial Fund accounts. Any later reimbursements received will be credited to the Army appropriation from which payment was made.

(3) Upon receipt of the accounts included in paragraph (f)(2) of this section, the Comptroller, HQDA (DACA-BUS), will take further collection action under normal operating procedures. All later collection action is the responsibility of the Comptroller. Accounting records and reports will conform with normal procedures. When further collection effort by the Comptroller fails, these accounts will be dropped from receivable balances of the Army. They will be referred to the General Accounting Office (GAO).

#### §623.7 Reports.

(a) *General*. Reports of Army materiel loaned to non-DOD activities must be forwarded as described below.

(b) *Aircraft Piracy*. (1) Commands and agencies providing aircraft piracy support will initially report through command channels by telephone to the HQDA, (DAMO-ODS). (Para 4, app B.)

Confirmation will be made by electrically transmitted message to HQDA, ATTN: DAMO-ODS. These reports are exempt from reports control under Army Regulation 335-15. Initial reports will include all available details. Following is a guide for content of reports.

(i) Supporting unit.  
 (ii) Home station of supporting unit.  
 (iii) Support provided and duration of requirement.

(iv) Changes, if any, in support requested or duration of requirement as made by the Federal civil official in charge.

(v) Additional remarks.

(2) A final report noting termination of support will be made.

(c) *Civilian Rifle Clubs and Schools*. (1) Each affiliated club and institution (schools) must file an annual report (DA Form 1277, Annual Statistical Report of Civilian Rifle Club) on the anniversary date of the loan with the DCM.

(2) A roster of club members will list each member required to fire annually. It will include the full name, address, and age; the DCM course; score; and the date the member fired for record.

(3) A description of the club's procedures and facilities for safekeeping arms and ammunition will be appended to the roster of club members.

(d) *Civil Disturbances*. (1) Requests to meet civil disturbances are of two types:

(i) Type I—Requests to meet an urgent need during an actual disorder.

(ii) Type II—Requests in anticipation of an imminent civil disorder.

(2) Approving authorities, other than the Secretary of the Army, will prepare reports (RCS DD-A(AR)1112) on all requests for loan of Army materiel to support civil disturbances. The reports will be sent within 2 working days after receipt of the request. They will be prepared in the format shown in Army Regulation 500-60. They will also serve as "the request" when no other written request is available.

(3) The reports will be sent to the (HQDA (DAMO-ODS)). When reports are received from unified or specified commands, ODCSOPS will send an information copy to the Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) National Military Command Center (NMCC).

(4) The Secretary of the Army will send information copies of civil disorder reports to the DOD General Counsel and the US Deputy Attorney General.

(5) Reports of civil disturbance operation costs (RCS DD-A(AR)1112) also will be prepared as shown in Army Regulation 500-60.

(e) *Disaster Assistance.* When Army materiel is loaned in support of disaster assistance, CONUS Army Commanding Generals and UCOM CINCs will send reports as follows:

(1) *Initial reports.* Initial reports will be made by telephone to the Commanding General, FORSCOM (AUTOVON 588-3912), who will, in turn, telephone the report to the Military Support Division, ODCSOPS, AUTOVON 225-2003 or 7045). This will be followed within 12 hours by a Tempest Rapid Materiel Report in message form and sent electrically. The message report will be prepared according to Army Regulation 500-60.

(2) *Daily message reports.* Tempest Rapid Daily Materiel Reports of Army materiel loaned to support disaster relief will also be sent by electrically transmitted message. The reports will cover the 24-hour period from 0601Z to 0600Z. The reports must arrive at the HQDA (DAMO-ODS), no later than 1100Z the same day. Daily reports will be sent according to the format in Army Regulation 500-60 except that part III will not be included. Also, "no change reports" may be made by telephone. On the day of the last daily message report include the words FINAL DAILY REPORT in the subject line.

(3) *Final reports.* In addition to the final Tempest Rapid Daily Materiel Report, a final report on military assistance provided will be sent within 45 working days of termination of disaster assistance. The CONUS Army Commanding General will send the report by 1st Class Mail through the Commanding General, FORSCOM, to the HQDA (DAMO-ODS). The final report will include—

(i) An historic account of the disaster.

(ii) Cumulative totals of support given.

(iii) A statement of accomplishments.

(iv) Actual or estimated expenses excluding costs incurred by the Corps of Engineers under Pub. L. 84-99. Costs will be reported by Service by appropriation, using three columns to identify normal costs, incremental costs, and total costs.

(v) The status of reimbursements requested from borrowing Federal agencies, and civilian authorities and activities. If reimbursement has not been completed by the date of the final report, a separate cost report will be sent upon final reimbursement payment.

(vi) Lessons learned.

(4) *Information copies.* Information copies of all reports will be sent to the proper HUD Regional Directors for FDAA and DCPA Regional Offices.

(5) *Additional information.* Additional information may be needed by Federal officials. Normally, such requests will be telephoned by ODC SOPS Military Support Division to the Commanding General, FORSCOM.

(6) *Pollution spills.* The Commanding General, FORSCOM, will report committal of Army resources to the HQDA (DAMO-ODS), by the fastest means. Daily and final Tempest Rapid Materiel Reports will be sent with "not applicable" shown in paragraphs 8, 9, and 10 of the report.

(f) *Drugs and Narcotics Interdiction Program.* (1) Army staff agencies will submit monthly status reports of actions that support this program. The reports will be as of the last day of June and December, respectively. Reports will be sent to HQDA (DAMO-ODS), 4 working days after the end of the designated months. Reports will summarize all support during the period to include pending or terminated support plus estimated cost of items.

(2) Based on information received in these reports, ODCSOPS will prepare a report of the drug and narcotics interdiction assistance given by the Army. This report will be sent through the Army Chief of Staff to the Secretary of the Army.

(g) *United States Secret Service (USSS).* Army commands and agencies providing materiel support (routine or urgent) to the USSS will report any significant problems or deviation from

the approved request at once. Reports will be telephoned through command channels.

(h) *Other Reports.* Active Army accountable property officers will make semiannual reports on open loans. The reports will be prepared as of the last day of July and December. They will be sent by the 15th day of the following month. These reports will include the items on loan, quantity, dollar value, and duration of the loans. The reports will be sent to the approving authority.

#### APPENDIX A TO PART 623—EXPLANATION OF TERMS

As used in this regulation, the following explanation of terms apply:

**ACCOUTERMENTS.** Equipment that is associated with small arms characterized as personal and individual that is available from Army stocks.

**APPROVING AUTHORITY.** The person (or designee) authorized to approve specific types of loans of Army materiel. (See table 2-1 and app B.)

**ARMS.** Weapons for use in war.

**CIVIL AUTHORITIES.** Those elected and appointed public officials and employees who govern the 50 States, District of Columbia, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, US possessions and territories, and governmental subdivisions thereof.

**CIVIL DEFENSE.** All those activities and measures designed or undertaken to:

a. Minimize the effects upon the civilian population caused, or which would be caused, by an enemy attack upon the United States.

b. Deal with immediate emergency conditions which would be created by any such attack.

c. Effect emergency repairs to, or the emergency restoration of, vital utilities and facilities destroyed or damaged by any such attack (JCS Pub 1).

**COMMUNITY RELATIONS PROGRAM.** A program of action, to earn public understanding and acceptance, conducted at all levels of military command wherever stationed. The program includes participation in public events, humane acts, and cooperation with public officials and civil leaders (AR 360-61).

**DEFENSE CIVIL PREPAREDNESS AGENCY (DCPA).** A defense department agency responsible for plans and preparations for civil defense and assistance to local governments in disaster relief planning.

**DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (HUD).** The Federal department responsible for directing and coordinating Federal assistance for major disasters on behalf of the President.

**DOMESTIC ACTION PROGRAM.** A program of assistance to local, State, and Federal agencies for the continued improvement and development of society (AR 28-19 and para 4-10, AR 360-61).

**EMERGENCY.** Any catastrophe in any of the United States which in the determination of the President requires Federal supplementary emergency assistance.

**EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT.** The immediate application of medical procedures to wounded, injured, or sick, by trained professional medical personnel.

**EXECUTIVE AGENT.** That individual or his designee authorized to act as the US Government's agent in making certain loans of government materiel. The President of the United States has delegated to the Secretary of the Army (or to his designee, the Under Secretary of the Army) authority, as Executive Agent, to approve certain loans of DOD materiel to non-DOD activities. (See table 2-1.) Other "approving authorities" act as "Executive Agents" for the US Government, but do not have that title.

**FEDERAL AGENCY.** Any department, independent establishment, government corporation, or other agency of the executive branch of the Federal Government, except the ANRC.

**FEDERAL COORDINATING OFFICER (FCO).** The person appointed by the President to operate under the HUD Regional Director for Federal Disaster Assistance Administration to coordinate Federal assistance in Presidentially declared emergency or major disaster.

**FEDERAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION (FDAA).** The agency within HUD delegated the disaster relief responsibilities previously assigned to the Office of Emergency Preparedness.

**FEDERAL FUNCTION.** Any function, operation, or action carried out under the laws of the United States by any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States or by an officer or employee thereof.

**FEDERAL PROPERTY.** That property which is owned, leased, possessed, or occupied by the Federal Government.

**IMMINENT SERIOUS CONDITION.** Any disaster or civil disturbance which is of such severity that immediate assistance is required to save human life, prevent immediate human suffering, or reduce destruction or damage to property.

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT.** Any county, parish, city, village, town, district, Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization, Alaska native village or organization, or other political subdivision of any State.

**MAJOR DISASTER.** Any hurricane, tornado, storm, flood, high water, wind-driven water, tidal wave, earth-quake, drought, fire, or other catastrophe which, in the determination of the President, is or threatens to be of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant disaster assistance by the Federal Government. This assistance supplements the efforts and available resources of States, local governments, and relief organization in alleviating the damage, loss, hardship, or suffering caused thereby.

**OBJECTIVE AREA.** A specific geographical location where a civil disturbance or disaster is occurring or is anticipated.

**ROUTINE REQUESTS.** Requests resulting from situations which are reasonably predictable or do not require immediate action to prevent or reduce loss of life, property, or essential services. Reduced efficiency of the requester's operation is not in itself grounds for classifying a request higher than routine.

**SMALL ARMS.** Hand and shoulder weapons for use in war.

**SURETY BOND.** A bond, including dollar deposit, guaranteeing performance of a contract or obligations.

**TERRORIST INCIDENT.** A form of civil disturbance which is a distinct criminal act committed or threatened to be committed by a group or single individual in order to advance a political or other objective, thus endangering safety of individuals or property. This definition does not include aircraft piracy emergencies.

**THREATENED MAJOR DISASTER.** Any hurricane, tornado, storm, flood, high water, wind-driven water, tidal wave, earthquake, drought, fire, or other catastrophe which, in the determination of the Administrator, FDAA, threatens to be of severity and magnitude sufficient to warrant disaster assistance by the Federal Government. This assistance will be used to avert or lessen the effects of such disaster before its actual occurrence.

**URGENT REQUESTS.** Those resulting from unforeseeable circumstances, civil disturbances, civil defense needs, aircraft piracy, secret service requirements, and disasters when immediate action is necessary to prevent loss of life, physical injury, destruction of property, or disruption of essential functions.

**YOUTH GROUPS.** Youth groups are groups such as the Boy Scouts of America; Girl Scouts of the United States of America; Civil Air Patrol; Camp Fire Girls, Incorporated; The Boy's Club of America; Young Men's Christian Association; Young Women's Christian Association; Four H Clubs; and similar groups.

**APPENDIX B TO PART 623—APPROVING AUTHORITY ADDRESSES/TELEPHONE NUMBERS \***

B-1. HQDA (DACA-BUS), WASH DC 20310, Telephone: AUTOVON 225-6336, WATS 202-695-6336;

B-2. HQDA (DALO-SMD), WASH DC 20310, Telephone: AUTOVON 227-5960, WATS 202-697-5960;

B-3. HQDA (DALO-SMW), WASH DC 20310, Telephone: AUTOVON 227-3159, WATS 202-697-3159;

B-4. HQDA (DAMO-ODS), WASH DC 20310, Telephone: AUTOVON 225-2003, WATS 202-695-2003;

B-5. HQDA (NGB-ZA), WASH DC 20310, Telephone: AUTOVON 227-2430, WATS 202-697-2430;

B-6. HQDA (DASG-HCL), WASH DC 20310, Telephone: AUTOVON 227-8286, WATS 202-697-8286;

B-7. Director, Civilian Marksmanship (SFNB) Room 1E-OM3, West Forrestal Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Telephone: AUTOVON 223-6460, WATS 202-693-6460;

B-8. Commander in Chief, US Army, Europe and Seventh Army, APO New York 09403;

B-9. Commander, First US Army, Fort George G. Meade, MD 20755, Telephone: AUTOVON 923-7500, WATS 301-677-7500;

B-10. Commander, Fifth US Army, Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234, Telephone: AUTOVON 471-4707, WATS 512-221-4707;

B-11. Commander, Sixth US Army, Presidio of San Francisco, CA 94129, Telephone: AUTOVON 486-4110, WATS 415-561-4110;

B-12. Commander, US Army Armament Materiel Readiness Command, ATTN: DR SAR-MMS, Rock Island, IL 61229;

B-13. Commander, US Army Armament Research and Development Command, Dover, NJ 07801;

B-14. Commander, US Army Aviation Research and Development Command, PO Box 209, St. Louis, MO 63177;

B-15. Commander, US Army Communications and Electronics Materiel Readiness Command, Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703;

B-16. Commander, US Army Communications Research and Development Command, Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703;

B-17. Commander, US Army Communications Security, Logistics Agency, ATTN: SELCL-NICP-IM, Fort Huachuca, AZ 86513;

B-18. Commander, US Army Forces Command, Fort McPherson, GA 30330, Telephone: AUTOVON 588-2694, WATS 404-752-2694;

\*Telephone numbers are provided for principal loan approving authorities and agencies responsible for specific loans IAW table 2-1.

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- B-19. Commander, US Army Health Services Command, Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234;
- B-20. HQDA (DAMH-HS), WASH DC 20314;
- B-21. Commander, US Army Military District of Washington, Fort Leslie J. McNair, Washington, DC 20319;
- B-22. Commander, US Army Missile Materiel Readiness Command, Redstone Arsenal, AL 35809;
- B-23. Commander, US Army Missile Research and Development Command, Redstone Arsenal, AL 35809;
- B-24. Commander, US Army Security Assistance Center, ATTN: DRSAC, 5001 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22333, Telephone: AUTOVON 284-9638, WATS 202-274-9638;
- B-25. Commander, US Army Tank-Automotive Materiel Readiness Command, Warren, MI 48090;
- B-26. Commander, US Army Tank-Automotive Research and Development Command, Warren, MI 48090;
- B-27. Commander, US Army Test and Evaluation Command, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21005;
- B-28. Commander, US Army Training and Doctrine Command, Fort Monroe, VA 23651, Telephone: AUTOVON 680-3112, WATS 804-727-3112;
- B-29. Commander, US Army Troop Support and Aviation, Materiel Readiness Command, 4300 Goodfellow Boulevard, St. Louis, MO 63120.

**APPENDIX C**  
**AGREEMENT FOR LOAN OF US ARMY MATERIEL (DA FORM 4881-R)**

<b>AGREEMENT FOR THE LOAN OF US ARMY MATERIEL</b> <small>For use of this form, see AR 700-131; the proponent agency is DCSLOG.</small>
<p style="text-align: center;"><i>NOTE: For loan/lease pursuant to 10 USC 2667, see Army Defense Acquisition Regulation Supplement (ADARS), paragraph 16-553, for prescribed agreement.</i></p>
<p><i>This form will be used to enter into agreements relative to the loan of Army materiel between the United States Army and —</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>1. Non-DOD Federal departments and agencies.    2. Civil authorities.    3. Civilian activities.</i></p> <p><i>Paragraphs below are applicable to all three cases, as cited above, unless otherwise specified at the beginning of each paragraph.</i></p>
<p>This loan agreement is entered into, by, and between the United States of America, hereinafter called "the lender," represented by (b) _____</p> <p>for the purpose of entering into this agreement; and (a) _____</p> <p>hereinafter called "the borrower," represented by (c) _____</p> <p>for the purpose of entering into this agreement.</p>
<p>1. <b>PURPOSE.</b> Under the authority of (d) _____, the lender hereby lends to the borrower and the borrower hereby borrows from the lender the Government materiel, hereinafter called "the materiel," listed and described in Exhibit 1 hereto attached and incorporated by reference into the terms of this agreement, which materiel is required by the borrower for (e) _____</p> <p>_____</p>
<p>2. <b>TERM.</b> This loan of materiel is intended to meet a temporary need covered by federal law. The borrower will keep the materiel only for the period of (f) _____. Loans may be renewed, if justified, and requested by the borrower and approved by the lender. Nevertheless, the lender may revoke and terminate this agreement and demand return of the materiel in whole or in part at any time.</p>
<p>3. <b>CONDITIONS.</b> This agreement is predicated upon the following conditions:</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">a. The lender will make every effort to ensure that each item of the materiel is furnished to the borrower in a serviceable and usable condition according to its originally intended purpose. However, if the use for which the materiel is loaned will permit, materiel of a lesser condition will be loaned. This lesser condition will be noted on the appropriate loan documents. Nevertheless, the lender makes no warranty or guarantee of fitness of any of the materiel for a particular purpose or use; or warranty of any type whatsoever.</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">b. The borrower will appoint a representative for the purpose of making joint inspection and inventory of all materiel when the borrower physically picks up or returns the borrowed materiel. Upon pickup (or receipt after shipment) of the borrowed materiel, the chief of the borrowing activity (or his authorized representative) will sign the appropriate documents acknowledging receipt and possession of the materiel. Upon return of the materiel to the Army, the borrower will certify that "the quantities listed in the shipping document(s) are correct." In instances where borrower representatives, authorized to receive and sign for borrowed materiel, are not available when the materiel is delivered, all claims for costs related to the loan will be valid.</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">c. The borrower is responsible for care and maintenance of borrowed materiel during the term of the loan. The borrower will provide sufficient personnel and facilities to adequately operate, maintain, protect, and secure the borrowed materiel. The borrower will maintain the materiel in a serviceable condition and ascertain that it is returned to the Army in as good a condition as when it was loaned (fair wear and tear excepted). Records of maintenance performed will be kept and returned to the Army with the borrowed materiel. (NOTE: When appropriate, the borrowing activity will place the materiel in a "properly preserved" status prior to or upon return.)</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">d. The borrower will store, safeguard, and secure high value items, or arms in a manner consistent with common practice, public law, and local ordinances.</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">e. The borrower will prevent misuse of borrowed materiel; or its use by unauthorized persons.</p>

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- f. The borrower will neither make nor permit any modification or alteration of any borrowed materiel except with permission of the approving authority for the loan.
- g. The borrower will not mortgage, pledge, assign, transfer, sublet, or part with possession of any borrowed materiel in any manner to any third party either directly or indirectly except with the prior written approval of the lender.
- h. At all times the lender shall have free access to all loaned materiel for the purpose of inspecting or inventorying it.
- i. The borrower will return borrowed materiel to a location designated by the lender when the materiel is no longer needed; upon termination of the loan period (including any approved extension); or upon demand therefore by the lender. The lender will provide documents to be used by the borrower to return the materiel.
- j. (Applicable to agreements involving the loan of an Army building.) The building will not be moved. Upon termination of its use, the borrowing activity will vacate the premises, remove its own property therefrom, and turn in all Government property.
4. PAYMENT. The borrower will reimburse the lender for expenses incurred in connection with this loan as provided below:
- a. (Applicable to loan agreements with civil authorities — except for FDAA requested disaster assistance — and civilian activities only.) Before delivery of any materiel by the lender, the borrower will post with the approving authority a surety bond and a certified bank check, a cash deposit, US Treasury bonds, or bonding company bond in the amount of the total value of the materiel as shown in Exhibit I. (See paragraphs 2-3a(1) and 2-3a(2), AR 700-131, for exceptions where a "double bond" is required.) The bond, marked Exhibit II, is hereto attached and incorporated by reference into the terms of this agreement.
- b. (Applicable to loan agreements with civil authorities — except for FDAA requested disaster assistance — and civilian activities only.) Should the borrower fail to return any of the borrowed materiel or fail to reimburse the lender within 30 days after receiving a request for payment of expenses, the bond shall be forfeited as liquidated damages in an amount equal to the expense to the Government.
- c. (Applicable to loan agreements with civil authorities — except for FDAA requested disaster assistance — and civilian activities only.) Payment of liquidated damages by forfeiture of any portion of the bond to the Government shall not operate as a sale to the borrower of any of the materiel available to be returned, but not returned to the lender, nor to extinguish the lender's right to have the available missing materiel returned. Should the borrower later return to the lender any of the missing materiel on account of which a portion of the bond was forfeited as liquidated damages, the borrower shall be entitled to recoup from the lender a sum equal to 90 percent of the price of the returned materiel as shown on Exhibit I, less an amount in payment for expenses, if any, computed in accordance with Chapter 6, AR 700-131, and less an amount for depreciation.
- d. (Applicable to loan agreements with civil authorities and civilian activities only.) If the normal life expectancy of borrowed materiel can be determined by reference to applicable military publications, the amount to be assessed for depreciation shall be computed by the straight line method using the price shown on Exhibit I and the date of expiration or termination of this loan as initial points. When normal life expectancy is not established by applicable military publications, the amount for depreciation shall be computed by the same method, applying a uniform depreciation rate of 50 percent per annum.
- e. (Applicable to loan agreements with civil authorities and civilian activities only.) The borrower will assume all responsibility for Army claims arising from the possession, use, or transportation of the borrowed materiel; and, agrees to hold the lender harmless from any such claims and liability. The borrower will protect the interests of the lender by procuring comprehensive insurance for all borrowed materiel to include coverage for liability, property damage, fire, and theft; and deductible collision insurance for motorized vehicles. The borrower will file duplicate copies of such insurance policy(ies) with the lender and prepare accident reports in accordance with existing laws and local ordinances.
- f. The borrower will bear the cost of pickup and return of borrowed materiel; and, will reimburse the lender for costs incurred incident to packing, crating, handling, movement, and transportation of the materiel.
- g. The borrower will reimburse the lender for any expenses necessary to repair, rehabilitate, or preserve the materiel following its return to the lender. (NOTE: Of any borrowed materiel, unless depreciation is significant.)
- h. The borrower will reimburse the lender (as indicated and at the price shown on Exhibit I) for the cost of all of the expendable materiel (including, but not limited to, petroleum, oil, and other lubricants) used or consumed during this loan.
- i. The borrower will reimburse the lender for costs incident to the pay of Army personnel who may be temporarily required to operate, maintain, guard, or otherwise attend to borrowed Army materiel. This includes travel and per diem costs for both Army uniformed and civilian personnel, and regular salary and overtime costs for Army civilians.

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*j.* The borrower will reimburse the lender for any other expense to the lender arising in connection with the loan of Army materiel.

*k.* (Applicable to loan agreements with Federal departments and agencies only.) The lender will indicate the specific accounting classification(s) against which any charges as enumerated above will be charged.

5. **OFFICIALS NOT TO BENEFIT.** No member of or delegate to Congress shall be admitted to any share or part of this loan or to any benefit arising in connection with it.

6. **CONTINGENCY FEES.** No person or agency acting for or on behalf of the borrower to solicit or obtain this loan shall be paid any commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee in any way connected with this loan.

7. **DISPUTES.** Any disputes concerning a question or fact arising under this loan agreement which are not mutually disposed of by the lender and the borrower shall be decided by the Secretary of the Army as the Government's Executive Agent, or by his designee.

Done at (g) \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_.

TYPED NAME, GRADE/RANK OF ARMY APPROVING AUTHORITY FOR THE LOAN, OR HIS DESIGNEE	SIGNATURE OF APPROVING AUTHORITY OR HIS DESIGNEE
TYPED NAME OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OR HIS AUTHORIZED DESIGNEE OF THE BORROWING AGENCY, AUTHORITY, OR ACTIVITY	SIGNATURE OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OR HIS DESIGNEE

(DA Form 4881-R)

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION OF AGREEMENT  
FOR THE LOAN OF US ARMY MATERIEL  
(DA FORM 4881-R)**

*Note.* The lettered blank portions of the loan agreement are to be completed as specified in the following paragraphs with the same letters.

- (a) Enter, as appropriate, the name of the Federal agency; city, county, state, or other civil governmental body; or special activity (e.g., Boy Scouts of America, American Legion) which is borrowing the Army materiel.
- (b) Enter name and title of the Army approving authority for the loan, or his designee.
- (c) Enter name and title of the borrowing activity's chief executive (e.g., John Doe - Secretary of the Treasury, Governor of the State of Iowa, National Commander of the American Legion, etc.) or his authorized (in writing) designee.
- (d) Enter the appropriate authority for the loan from table 2-2, this regulation (e.g., Public Law, US code, DODD).
- (e) State the purpose of the loan (use to which the borrowed materiel will be put); e.g., disaster relief activities in support of the Johnstown, PA, flood; National American Legion Convention at Chicago, IL; etc.
- (f) Enter the calendar period (duration of the loan; e.g., 1 March 1978 to 15 April 1979.)
- (g) Enter location, day, month, and year that the agreement was signed.
- (h) Signature of the Army approving authority for the loan, or his designee.
- (i) Signature of the chief executive, or his authorized (in writing) designee, of the borrowing agency, authority, or activity.

*Note 2.* Exhibits I and II will be prepared as attachments to the loan agreement.



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**EXHIBIT II**  
**(DA Form 4881-3-R)**

Properly executed surety bond and evidence of deposit with the approving authority of cash, certified check, United States of America Treasury bonds, or bonding company bond in the amount of the grand total shown on Exhibit I. (See app E for Surety Bond.)

**APPENDIX D**  
**CERTIFICATE FOR SIGNATURE BY AN ALTERNATE (DA FORM 4881-1-R)**

**AGREEMENT FOR THE LOAN OF US ARMY MATERIEL**  
**CERTIFICATE FOR SIGNATURE BY AN ALTERNATE**  
For use of this form, see AR 700-131; the proponent agency is DCSLOG.

I, the (a) \_\_\_\_\_

of the (b) \_\_\_\_\_ named as the

borrower in this loan agreement, certify that (c) \_\_\_\_\_

who signed this agreement on behalf of the borrower, was then (d) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ of (b) \_\_\_\_\_

and that this loan agreement was duly signed on behalf of (b) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ by authority of its governing or directing

body and is within the scope of its lawful powers. In witness whereof I have hereunto

affixed my hand and seal of (b) \_\_\_\_\_

this (e) \_\_\_\_\_ day of (f) \_\_\_\_\_, 19 (g) \_\_\_\_\_

(OFFICIAL SEAL)

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Name and title of certifying officer)*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Signature)*

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**INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING OUT THE CERTIFICATE  
FOR SIGNATURE BY AN ALTERNATE  
(DA FORM 4881-1-R)**

*Note.* The above lettered blank portions of the certificate are to be completed as specified in the following paragraphs with the same letters.

(a) Enter the title of the chief officer of the borrowing activity; e.g., Governor, Chief Scout Executive, National Commander American Legion, etc.

(b) Enter the name of the Federal agency, civil authority, or the civilian activity borrowing the materiel.

(c) Enter the name of the person who signed the agreement.

(d) Enter the title of the person who signed the agreement.

(e) Enter the date (e.g., 5th) of the month on which the certificate was signed.

(f) Enter the month (e.g., July) in which the certificate was signed.

(g) Enter the year (e.g., 1978) in which the certificate was signed.

APPENDIX E  
SURETY BOND (DA FORM 4881-3-R)

**SURETY BOND FOR SAFEKEEPING OF PUBLIC PROPERTY AND GUARANTEEING REIMBURSEMENT TO THE GOVERNMENT FOR EXPENSES INCIDENT TO THE LOAN OF ARMY MATERIEL - EXHIBIT II**  
For use of this form, see AR 700-131; the proponent agency is DCSLOG.

Know all men by these presents, that the (a) \_\_\_\_\_,

a (b) \_\_\_\_\_ having its principal office in the city of (c) \_\_\_\_\_

and the state of (d) \_\_\_\_\_, as the obligor, is held and firmly bound into the United States of America in the penal sum of (e) \_\_\_\_\_, lawful securities of the United States, payment of which sum, will be made to the United States, without relief from evaluation or appraisal laws, said organization binds itself, its successors and assigns firmly by these presents.

The condition of the above obligation is such, that whereas the (a) \_\_\_\_\_ is a (b) \_\_\_\_\_ to which the Secretary of Defense is authorized to lend such materiel as may be necessary for accommodation of the requirement, subject to the provision that before delivering such materiel he shall take from the (a) \_\_\_\_\_ a good and sufficient bond for the safe return of such property in good order and condition and the whole without expense to the United States.

Now, therefore, as to all the property of the United States to be loaned to the (a) \_\_\_\_\_, said (a) \_\_\_\_\_ shall take good care of, safely keep and account for, and shall, when required by the Secretary of Defense or his authorized representative, safely return to Department of the Army all said property issued and covered by this bond within (f) \_\_\_\_\_ days from the conclusion of said requirement the whole without expense to the United States, in as good order and in the same condition as that in which the equipment and property existed at the date of delivery, reasonable wear excepted, or upon formal demand make adequate monetary compensation for items lost or damaged as well as for costs of depreciation (Note: "Depreciation" will not be included in bonds related to loans to other Federal agencies.), renovation, or repair of items accomplished at Government repair facilities, and all transportation provided as set forth and defined in the agreement dated (g) \_\_\_\_\_ between the United States of America and the (a) \_\_\_\_\_.

The above bounded obligor, in order to more fully secure the United States in the payment of the aforementioned sum, hereby pledges as security therefor, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1126 of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended, United States of America Treasury bonds, in the principal amount of (e) \_\_\_\_\_ which are numbered serially, are in the denominations and amounts, are otherwise more particularly described as follows:

United States of America Treasury bonds (h) \_\_\_\_\_ due (i) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Interest on said Treasury bonds shall accrue and be paid to the (a) \_\_\_\_\_ except and unless there occurs a default as defined herein and said securities are sold and applied to the satisfaction of such default as provided herein. Said Treasury bond(s) (cash or certified check) have/has this day been deposited with the Finance and Accounting Officer (j) \_\_\_\_\_ and his receipt taken therefor.

*NOTE: If cash or a certified bank check is provided as bond instead of US of America Treasury bonds, the two paragraphs above will be crossed out and the following paragraph will apply.*

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The above bonded obligor, in order to more fully secure the United States in the payment of the aforementioned sum, hereby pledges as security, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of section 1126 of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended,

cash (cashier's check) in the amount of (e) \_\_\_\_\_ . Said cash (cashier's check) has this day been deposited with the Finance and Accounting Officer (j) \_\_\_\_\_ and his receipt taken therefor.

Contemporaneously herewith the undersigned have also executed an irrevocable power of attorney and agreement in favor of the Finance and Accounting Officer, (j) \_\_\_\_\_, acting for and in behalf of the US Government authorizing and empowering said officer as such attorney to disburse said bond so deposited, or any part thereof, in case of any default in the performance of any of the above named conditions or stipulations.

In Witness Whereof, this bond has been signed, sealed, and delivered by the above named obligor, this (k) \_\_\_\_\_ day of (l) \_\_\_\_\_ 19 (m) \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_

(n) \_\_\_\_\_ SEAL

(o) \_\_\_\_\_ SEAL

Signed, sealed, and delivered in the presence of:

(p) \_\_\_\_\_ (q) \_\_\_\_\_  
(Name) (Address)

(p) \_\_\_\_\_ (q) \_\_\_\_\_  
(Name) (Address)

Before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public within and for the county of (r) \_\_\_\_\_, in the State of (s) \_\_\_\_\_, personally appear (t) \_\_\_\_\_, (n) \_\_\_\_\_, and for and in behalf of said (s) \_\_\_\_\_, a (b) \_\_\_\_\_ acknowledged the execution of the foregoing bond.

Witness my hand and notarial seal this (u) \_\_\_\_\_ day of (v) \_\_\_\_\_, 19 (w) \_\_\_\_\_

Notarial Seal (x) \_\_\_\_\_  
(Notary Public)

My commission expires (y) \_\_\_\_\_  
(Date)

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION OF SURETY BOND (DA FORM 4881-3-R)**

*Note.* The lettered blank portions of the surety bond are to be completed as specified in the following paragraphs with the same letters:

- (a) Enter the name of the Federal agency, authority (local governmental body), or special activity which borrowed the Army materiel, or is providing the bond.
- (b) Further identify the borrower by entering here the type of activity that it is; e.g., Federal agency, civil government, corporation (Boy Scouts of America), etc.
- (c) Enter the name of the city.
- (d) Enter the name of the State.
- (e) Enter the amount of the bond.
- (f) Enter the number of days, or period, for which loan of the materiel is authorized.
- (g) Enter the date on which the loan agreement between the borrower and the US Government was signed.
- (h) Enter rate of interest paid on the bonds.
- (i) Enter date on which bonds are due for redemption.
- (j) Enter name of the Army installation (e.g., Fort Hood, TX) or US Army number (e.g., Fifth US Army) at which the servicing Finance and Accounting Office is located.
- (k) Enter date on which bond is signed.
- (l) Enter month in which bond is signed.
- (m) Enter year in which bond is signed.
- (n) Enter title of the borrowing activities' chief executive; e.g., governor, chief scout executive, national commander VFW, etc.
- (o) Enter, if appropriate, the names and title of the comptroller or treasurer of the borrowing activity.
- (p) Enter name of person witnessing signature.
- (q) Enter address of person witnessing signature.
- (r) Enter the name of the county in which the power of attorney is being signed.
- (s) Enter the name of the State in which the Power of Attorney is being signed.
- (t) Enter name of the borrowing activity's chief executive.
- (u) Enter date on which the power of attorney is signed.
- (v) Enter month in which power of attorney is signed.
- (w) Enter year in which power of attorney is signed.
- (x) Signature of Notary Public.
- (y) Enter date that the Notary Public's commission expires.

APPENDIX F  
POWER OF ATTORNEY (DA FORM 4881-4-R)

**POWER OF ATTORNEY (For Transactions Involving Treasury Bonds)**  
For use of this form, see AR 700-131; the proponent agency is DCSLOG.

Know all men by these presents, that the (a) \_\_\_\_\_ is a (b) \_\_\_\_\_  
 having its principal office in the city of (c) \_\_\_\_\_ State of (d) \_\_\_\_\_, does hereby constitute  
 and appoint the finance and accounting officer, (e) \_\_\_\_\_, acting for and on behalf of the  
 (f) \_\_\_\_\_, and his successors in office, as attorney for said (a) \_\_\_\_\_  
 or its authorized representatives, for and in the name of said corporation to collect or to sell, assign, and transfer certain US  
 Treasury bonds described as follows:  
 (g) \_\_\_\_\_ due (h) \_\_\_\_\_

Such Treasury bonds have been deposited by (a) \_\_\_\_\_, pursuant to authority conferred  
 by section 1126 of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended, and subject to the provisions thereof and of Treasury Department  
 Circular No. 154, dated February 6, 1935, as security for the faithful performance of any and all of the conditions or stipulations  
 of a certain agreement entered into by (a) \_\_\_\_\_ with the United States, under date of  
 (i) \_\_\_\_\_ which is hereby made a part hereof as Inclosure 1. The undersigned agrees that, in case of any default  
 in performance of any of the conditions and stipulations of such or any part thereof the finance and accounting officer  
 (e) \_\_\_\_\_ may sell, assign, and transfer said Treasury bonds or any part thereof without notice,  
 at public or private sale, free from equity of redemption and without appraisal or evaluation, notice of right to redeem being  
 waived, and may apply the proceeds of such sale or collection in whole or in part, to the satisfaction of such default. The  
 undersigned further agree that the authority herein granted is irrevocable.

And such (a) \_\_\_\_\_ hereby for itself, its successors and assigns, ratifies and confirms such  
 proper action taken within the scope of this power.

In witness whereof, the (a) \_\_\_\_\_, the (b) \_\_\_\_\_  
 herein above named by its (j) \_\_\_\_\_ and (k) \_\_\_\_\_ duly authorized  
 to act in the premises, has executed this instrument and caused the seal of the (a) \_\_\_\_\_  
 to be affixed this (l) \_\_\_\_\_ day of (m) \_\_\_\_\_ 19 (n) \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_  
 By: (o) \_\_\_\_\_ (Name and title) By: (p) \_\_\_\_\_ (Name and title (Comptroller))

Before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public within and for the County of (q) \_\_\_\_\_  
 in the State of (r) \_\_\_\_\_, personally appeared (s) \_\_\_\_\_, (j) \_\_\_\_\_,  
 and (p) \_\_\_\_\_, comptroller, and for an on behalf of said (a) \_\_\_\_\_,  
 a (b) \_\_\_\_\_, acknowledged the execution of the foregoing power of attorney.

Witness my hand and notarial seal this (l) \_\_\_\_\_ day of (m) \_\_\_\_\_, 19(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

Notarial Seal (t) \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Notary Public)

DA FORM 4881-4-R

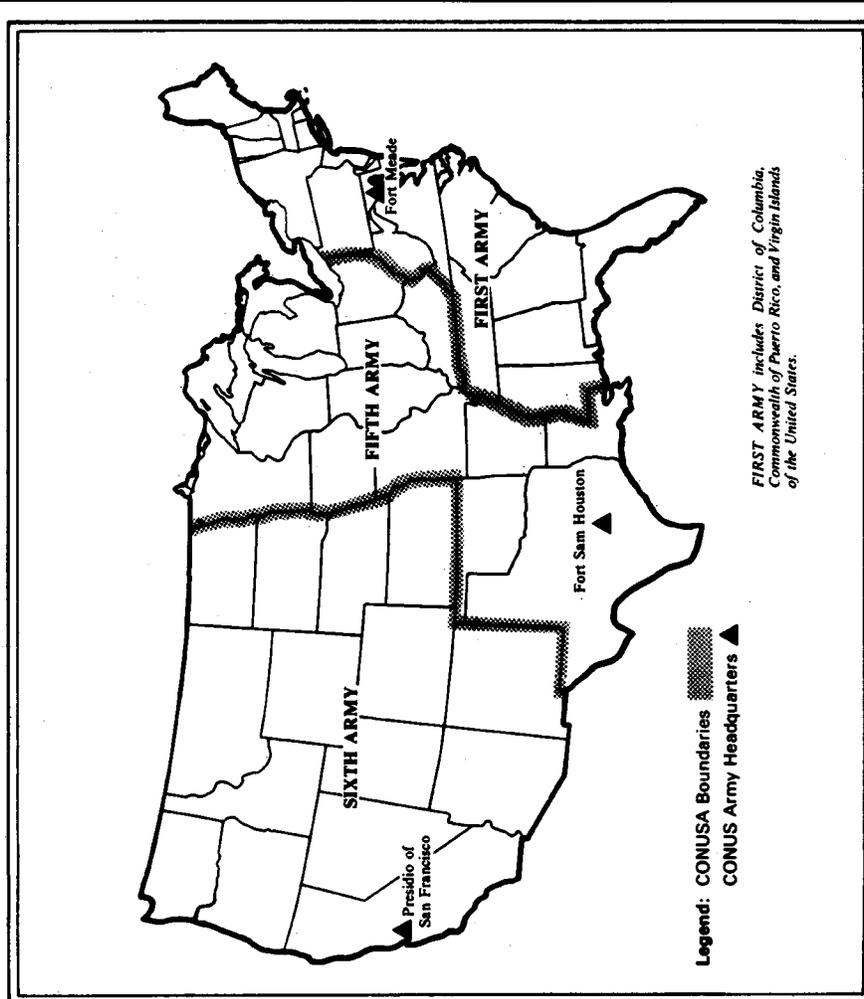
DA Form 4881-4-R

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION OF DA Form 4881-4-R**

**Note.** The above lettered blank portions of the sample power of attorney are to be completed as specified in the following paragraphs with the same letters:

- (a) Enter the name of the Federal agency, authority, (local governmental body), or special activity which borrowed the Army materiel.
- (b) Further identify the borrower by entering here the type of activity that it is; i.e., Federal agency, civil government, corporation (Boy Scouts of America), etc.
- (c) Enter the name of the city.
- (d) Enter the name of the state.
- (e) Enter the name of the Army installation handling the account.
- (f) Enter the name and rank of the commanding officer of the Army installation handling the account.
- (g) Describe the US Treasury bonds that have been posted as bond to include type, serial numbers, and interest rates if applicable.
- (h) Enter date on which payment of the Treasury bonds becomes due if applicable. If it is not applicable enter "NA."
- (i) Enter the date on which the agreement between the borrower and the US Government was signed.
- (j) Enter title of the borrowing activities' chief executive; e.g., governor, chief scout executive, national commander VFW, etc.
- (k) Enter here, "Comptroller," "Treasurer," etc. as appropriate.
- (l) Enter date on which the Power of Attorney is signed.
- (m) Enter month in which power of attorney is signed.
- (n) Enter year in which power of attorney is signed.
- (o) Enter name and title of chief executive of borrowing activity.
- (p) Enter, if appropriate, the names and title of the comptroller or treasurer of the borrowing activity.
- (q) Enter the name of the county in which the power of attorney is being signed.
- (r) Enter the name of the State in which the Power of Attorney is being signed.
- (s) Enter the name of the chief executive of the borrowing activity.
- (t) Signature of the Notary Public.

**APPENDIX G  
CONTINENTAL US ARMY BOUNDARIES**



Pt.623,App.G

## APPENDIX H TO PART 623—REFERENCES

- AR 1-4 Deployment of DA Resources in Support of the US Secret Service.
- AR 15-17 Army Representation on Office of Preparedness; General Service Administration (OP/GSA) Regional Field Boards in Crisis Management Operations.
- AR 28-19 Department of the Army Domestic Action Program.
- AR 34-1 United States Army Participation in International Military Rationalization/Standardization/Interoperability (RSI) Programs.
- AR 37-27 Accounting Policy and Procedures for Intragovernment, Intradefense; and Intra-Army Transactions.
- AR 37-44 Accounting Procedures for Guaranteed Loans.
- AR 37-48 Accounting and Reporting for Materiel, Services, and Facilities Furnished Allied Governments and International Organizations Under Emergency or Combat Conditions.
- AR 37-60 Pricing for Materiel and Services.
- AR 37-111 Working Capital Funds—Army Stock Fund; Uniform Policies, Principles, and Procedures Governing Army Stock Fund Operations.
- AR 58-1 Management acquisition and use of administration use motor vehicles.
- AR 130-44 Logistical Policies for Support.
- AR 190-11 Physical Security of Weapons, Ammunition, and Explosives.
- AR 190-49 Physical Security of Arms, Ammunition, and Explosives In-Transit.
- AR 210-55 Funding Support for Morale, Welfare and Recreational Programs, and Facilities.
- AR 230-1 The Nonappropriated Fund System.
- AR 350-7 Training and Evaluation of Forces for Civil Disturbances.
- AR 360-61 Army Information—Community Relations.
- AR 500-1 Aircraft Piracy Emergencies.
- AR 500-2 Search and Rescue (SAR) Operations.
- AR 500-50 Civil Disturbances.
- AR 500-60 Disaster Relief.
- AR 500-70 Military Support of Civil Defense.
- AR 525-90 Wartime Search and Rescue (SAR) Procedures.
- AR 700-32 Logistic Support of US Non-governmental, Nonmilitary Agencies, and Individuals in Oversea Military Commands.
- AR 700-49 Loan of DSA Stock Fund Materiel.
- AR 700-83 Army Support of United Seamen's Service.
- AR 710-1 Centralized Inventory Management of the Army Supply System.
- AR 710-2 Materiel Management for Using Units, Support Units, and Installations.
- AR 725-1 Requisition and Issue of Supplies and Equipment—Special Authorization and Procedures for Issues, Sales, and Loans.
- AR 725-50 Requisitioning, Receipt, and Issue System.
- AR 735-5 Property Accountability—General Principles, Policies, and Basic Procedures.
- AR 735-11 Accounting for Lost, Damaged, and Destroyed Property.
- AR 795-25 Policies, Responsibilities, and Principles for Supply Support Arrangements.
- AR 795-204 Policies and Procedures for Furnishing Defense Articles and Services on a Sale or Loan Basis.
- AR 870-15 Historical Activities, Army Art Collection.
- AR 870-20 Historical Activities, Historical Properties and Museums.
- AR 920-15 National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and Office of Director of Civilian Marksmanship.
- AR 920-20 Civilian Marksmanship—Promotion of Practice with Rifled Arms.
- AR 920-25 Rifles M14M and M14N for Civilian Marksmanship Use.
- AR 930-5 Service Organizations—American National Red Cross Service Program and Army Utilization.
- FM 20-150 Combatives.
- MOU, 25 Apr 75, between DOD and Department of Agriculture and the Interior.
- MOU, 24 Jun 75, between DOD and the American National Red Cross for Military Support.

## PART 625—SURFACE TRANSPORTATION—ADMINISTRATIVE VEHICLE MANAGEMENT

- Sec.
- 625.1 Purpose.
- 625.2 Applicability.
- 625.3 References.
- 625.4 OCE Policy.
- 625.5 General.

## APPENDIX A TO PART 625—DEPENDENT TRAVEL WAIVER OF LIABILITY

AUTHORITY: Comptroller General Decision, B-190440, 20 January 1978.

SOURCE: 44 FR 63099, Nov. 2, 1979, unless otherwise noted.

**§625.1 Purpose.**

This regulation provides guidance, and authorizes dependents to accompany a Corps employee on Temporary