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PART 101—SCOPE OF STANDARDS

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AUTHORITY: 31 U.S.C. 3711.

SOURCE: 49 FR 8896, Mar. 9, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

§ 101.1 Prescription of standards.

The regulations in this chapter, issued jointly by the Comptroller General of the United States and the Attorney General of the United States under 31 U.S.C. 3711(e)(2), prescribe standards for the administrative collection, compromise, termination of agency collection, and the referral to the General Accounting Office, and to the Department of Justice for litigation, of civil claims as defined by 31 U.S.C. 3701(b), by the Federal Government for money or property. Additional guidance is contained in Title 4 of the General Accounting Office Policy and Procedures Manual for Guidance of Federal Agencies. Regulations prescribed by the head of an agency pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3711(e)(1) will be reviewed by the General Accounting Office as a part of its audit of the agency's activities.

§ 101.2 Definitions.

(a) *Claim and debt.* For the purposes of these standards, the terms ''claim'' and ''debt'' are deemed synonymous and interchangeable. They refer to an amount of money or property which has been determined by an appropriate agency official to be owed to the United States from any person, organization, or entity, except another Federal agency.

(b) A debt is considered *delinquent* if it has not been paid by the date specified in the agency's initial written notification (§ 102.2 of this chapter) or applicable contractual agreement, unless other satisfactory payment arrangements have been made by that date, or if, at any time thereafter, the debtor fails to satisfy obligations under a payment agreement with the creditor agency.

(c) As used in this chapter, *referral for litigation* means referral to the Department of Justice for appropriate legal proceedings, unless the agency concerned has statutory authority for handling its own litigation.

(d) In this chapter, words in the plural form shall include the singular and vice versa; and words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine and vice versa. The terms ''includes'' and ''including'' do not exclude matters not listed but which are in the same general class.

§ 101.3 Antitrust, fraud, tax, and interagency claims excluded.

(a) The standards in this chapter relating to compromise, suspension, and termination of collection action (parts 103 and 104) do not apply to any claim based in whole or in part on conduct in violation of the antitrust laws, or to any claim as to which there is an indication of fraud, the presentation of a false claim, or misrepresentation on the part of the debtor or any other party having an interest in the claim. Only the Department of Justice has authority to compromise, suspend, or terminate collection action on such claims. The standards in this chapter relating to the administrative collection of claims (part 102) do apply, but only to the extent authorized by the Department of Justice in a particular case. Upon identification of a claim of any of the types described in the first sentence of this paragraph, the agency involved should refer the matter promptly to the Department of Justice. At its discretion, the Department of Justice may return the claim to the forwarding agency for further handling in accordance with the regulations in this chapter.

(b) Tax claims, as to which differing exemptions, administrative considerations, enforcement considerations, and statutes apply, are also excluded from the coverage of this chapter.

(c) This chapter does not apply to claims between Federal agencies. Federal agencies should attempt to resolve interagency claims by negotiation. If