

§ 1005.2

hereby referenced and made a part of this order.

DEFINITIONS

§ 1005.2 Carolina marketing area.

The Carolina marketing area, herein-after called the marketing area, means all the territory within the boundaries of the following counties, including all piers, docks and wharves connected therewith and all craft moored thereat, and all territory occupied by government (municipal, State or Federal) reservations, installations, institutions, or other similar establishments if any part thereof is within any of the listed counties (in the event such provision conflicts with a similar provision of an adjacent Federal milk order, the provisions of the adjacent Federal order shall have precedence.):

(a) Northwestern Zone:

North Carolina counties of Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Avery, Buncombe, Burke, Caldwell, Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, McDowell, Macon, Madison, Mitchell, Rockingham, Stokes, Surry, Swain, Transylvania, Watauga, Wilkes, Yadkin, and Yancey.

(b) Base Zone:

North Carolina counties of Alamance, Anson, Cabarrus, Caswell, Catawba, Chatham, Cleveland, Davidson, Davie, Durham, Forsyth, Franklin, Gaston, Granville, Guilford, Halifax, Iredell, Lee, Lincoln, Mecklenberg, Montgomery, Moore, Nash, Northampton, Orange, Person, Polk, Randolph, Richmond, Rowan, Rutherford, Stanly, Union, Vance, Wake, and Warren.

South Carolina counties of Abbeville, Anderson, Cherokee, Chester, Greenville, Greenwood, Lancaster, Laurens, McCormick, Oconee, Pickens, Spartanburg, Union, and York.

(c) Southeastern Zone:

North Carolina counties of Beaufort, Bertie, Bladen, Brunswick, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Columbus, Craven, Cumberland, Currituck, Dare, Duplin, Edgecombe, Gates, Greene, Harnett, Hertford, Hoke, Hyde, Johnston, Jones, Lenoir, Martin, New Hanover, Onslow, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Pender, Perquimans, Pitt, Robeson, Sampson, Scotland, Tyrrell, Washington, Wayne, and Wilson.

South Carolina counties of Aiken, Allendale, Bamberg, Barnwell, Beaufort, Berkeley, Calhoun, Charleston, Chesterfield, Clarendon, Colleton, Darlington, Dillon, Dorchester, Edgefield, Fairfield, Florence,

Georgetown, Hampton, Horry, Jasper, Kershaw, Lee, Lexington, Marion, Marlboro, Newberry, Orangeburg, Richland, Saluda, Sumter, and Williamsburg.

§ 1005.3 Route disposition.

Route disposition means a delivery to a retail or wholesale outlet (except to a plant) either directly or through any distribution facility (including disposition from a plant store, vendor or vending machine) of a fluid milk product classified as Class I milk.

§ 1005.4 Plant.

Plant means the land, buildings, facilities, and equipment constituting a single operating unit or establishment at which milk or milk products, including filled milk, are received, processed, or packaged. Separate facilities without stationary storage tanks that are used only as a reload point for transferring bulk milk from one tank truck to another or separate facilities used only as a distribution point for storing packaged fluid milk products in transit for route disposition shall not be a plant under this definition.

§ 1005.5 Distributing plant.

Distributing plant means a plant that is approved by a duly constituted regulatory agency for the handling of Grade A milk and at which fluid milk products are processed or packaged and from which there is route disposition in the marketing area during the month.

§ 1005.6 Supply plant.

Supply plant means a plant that is approved by a duly constituted regulatory agency for the handling of Grade A milk and from which fluid milk products are transferred during the month to a pool distributing plant.

§ 1005.7 Pool plant.

Except as provided in paragraph (e) of this section, pool plant means:

(a) A plant that is approved by a duly constituted regulatory agency for the processing or packaging of Grade A milk and from which during the month is:

(1) Route disposition, except filled milk, in the marketing area not less