

Service. If the application is approved, the requested document shall be issued as provided in this part.

(f) *Issuance.* A reentry permit or refugee travel document may be sent in care of a United States Consulate or an overseas office of the Service if the applicant so requests at the time of filing. Issuance of a reentry permit or refugee travel document to a person in exclusion or deportation proceedings shall not affect those proceedings.

(g) *Appeal.* Denial of an application for a reentry permit or refugee travel document may be appealed to the Service's Administrative Appeals Unit.

§ 223.3 Validity and effect on admissibility.

(a) *Validity*—(1) *Reentry permit.* Except as provided in § 223.2(c)(2), a reentry permit issued to a permanent resident shall be valid for 2 years from the date of issuance. A reentry permit issued to a conditional permanent resident shall be valid for 2 years from the date of issuance, or to the date the conditional permanent resident must apply for removal of the conditions on his or her status, whichever comes first.

(2) *Refugee travel document.* A refugee travel document shall be valid for 1 year, or to the date the refugee or asylee status expires, whichever comes first.

(b) *Invalidation.* A document issued under this part is invalid if obtained through material false representation or concealment, or if the person is ordered excluded or deported. A refugee travel document is also invalid if the United Nations Convention of July 28, 1951, ceases to apply or does not apply to the person as provided in Article 1C, D, E, or F of the convention.

(c) *Extension.* A reentry permit or refugee travel document may not be extended.

(d) *Effect on admissibility*—(1) *Reentry permit.* A permanent resident or conditional permanent resident in possession of a valid reentry permit who is otherwise admissible shall not be deemed to have abandoned status based solely on the duration of an absence or absences while the permit is valid.

(2) *Refugee travel document*—(i) *General.* Every alien returning to the United

States who presents a valid unexpired refugee travel document shall be permitted to come physically within the territory of the United States to receive consideration of his or her application for admission in conformity with paragraphs (d)(2)(ii) and (d)(2)(iii) of this section.

(ii) *Inspection and immigration status.* Upon arrival, an alien who presents a valid unexpired refugee travel document shall be examined as to his or her admissibility under the Act. An alien shall be accorded the immigration status endorsed in his or her refugee travel document unless he or she is no longer eligible therefor, or he or she applies for and is found eligible for some other immigration status.

(iii) *Exclusion.* If an alien who presents a valid unexpired refugee travel document appears to the examining immigration officer to be excludable as provided in § 236.5(c) of this chapter, he or she shall be referred for proceedings under section 236 and 237 of the Act. Section 235(c) of the Act shall not be applicable.

PART 231—ARRIVAL-DEPARTURE MANIFESTS AND LISTS; SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

Sec.

231.1 Arrival manifest for passengers.

231.2 Departure manifest for passengers.

231.3 Exemptions for private vessels and aircraft.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 101, 103, 212, 231, 238, 239, 66 Stat. 166, 173, 182, 195, 202, 203; 8 U.S.C. 1101, 1103, 1182, 1221, 1228, 1229.

§ 231.1 Arrival manifest for passengers.

(a) *Requirement for manifest.* The master, captain, or agent of every vessel or aircraft arriving in the United States from a foreign place or outlying possession of the United States shall present an arrival manifest to the immigration officer at the port of entry. The manifest must be in the form of a separate Arrival/Departure Record, Form I-94, prepared on board for each passenger except: United States citizens, lawful permanent resident aliens of the United States, and immigrants to the United States. In addition, a properly completed Aircraft/Vessel Report, Form I-