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business address of the operator thereof. Each contract market shall require the operator of such warehouse, depository or, other similar entity to furnish, upon request by the Commission, a schedule of storage charges, handling charges, and the annual fire insurance rate applicable to such warehouse, depository or other similar entity.

[57 FR 20637, May 14, 1992]

§ 1.44 Records and reports of warehouses, depositories, and other similar entities; visitation of premises.

Each contract market shall require the operators of warehouses, depositories and other similar entities whose receipts are deliverable in satisfaction of commodity futures contracts or options on physicals made on or subject to the rules of such contract market:

(a) To keep records showing the stocks of each commodity traded for future delivery or upon which option contracts are traded on such contract market in store in such warehouses, depositories and other similar entities by kinds, by classes, and by grades, if stored under conditions requiring such designation or identification, and including also lots and parcels stored specially or separately or in specially leased space of the warehouse, depository or other similar entity;

(b) Upon call from the Commission, to report the stocks of commodities in such warehouses, depositories and other similar entities and to furnish information concerning stocks of each commodity traded for future delivery or upon which option contracts are traded on such contract market about to be transferred or in the process of being transferred or otherwise moved into or out of such warehouses, depositories and other similar entities, as well as any other information concerning commodities stored in such warehouse, depositories and other similar entities and which are or may be available for delivery on futures contracts or options on physicals; and

(c) To permit visitation of the premises and inspection of the books and records of such warehouses, depositories and other similar entities by duly authorized representatives of the Commission or the Department of Jus-

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tice, and to keep all books, records, papers, and memoranda relating to the storage and warehousing of commodities in such warehouse, depository or other similar entity for a period of 5 years from the date thereof.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 3038-0019)

(Sec. 5a, 49 Stat. 1497; 7 U.S.C. 7a)

[41 FR 3194, Jan. 21, 1976, as amended at 46 FR 63035, Dec. 30, 1981; 47 FR 57009, Dec. 22, 1982]

§ 1.45 Delivery of commodities conforming to United States standards.

Each contract market shall require that all contracts of sale of any commodity for future delivery on or subject to the rules of such contract market shall provide for the delivery thereunder of commodities of grades conforming to United States standards if such standards shall have been officially promulgated and adopted by the Commission. In the event of a change in United States standards, all contracts made on and after the effective date of the adoption of the revised standard by the Commission shall be made on the basis of the standards as changed: *Provided*, That this shall not be construed to prevent the closing of trades made prior to the effective date of such adoption by the Commission.

(Sec. 5a, 49 Stat. 1498; 7 U.S.C. 7a)

§ 1.46 Application and closing out of offsetting long and short positions.

(a) *Application of purchases and sales.* Except with respect to purchases or sales which are for omnibus accounts, any futures commission merchant who, on or subject to the rules of a contract market:

(1) Purchases any commodity for future delivery for the account of any customer when the account of such customer at the time of such purchase has a short position in the same future of the same commodity on the same market;

(2) Sells any commodity for future delivery for the account of any customer when the account of such customer at the time of such sale has a long position in the same future of the same commodity on the same market;

(3) Purchases a put or call option for the account of any option customer when the account of such option customer at the time of such purchase has a short put or call option position with the same underlying futures contract or same underlying physical, strike price, expiration date and contract market as that purchased; or

(4) Sells a put or call option for the account of any option customer when the account of such option customer at the time of such sale has a long put or call option position with the same underlying futures contract or same underlying physical, strike price, expiration date and contract market as that sold shall on the same day apply such purchase or sale against such previously held short or long futures or option position, as the case may be, and shall, for futures transactions, promptly furnish such customer a statement showing the financial result of the transactions involved and, if applicable, that the account was introduced to the futures commission merchant by an introducing broker and the names of the futures commission merchant and introducing broker.

(b) *Close-out against oldest open position.* In all instances wherein the short or long futures or option position in such customer's or option customer's account immediately prior to such offsetting purchase or sale is greater than the quantity purchased or sold, the futures commission merchant shall apply such offsetting purchase or sale to the oldest portion of the previously held short or long position: *Provided*, That upon specific instructions from the customer or option customer the offsetting transaction shall be applied as specified by the customer or option customer without regard to the date of acquisition of the previously held position. Such instructions may also be accepted from any person who, by power of attorney or otherwise, actually directs trading in the customer's or option customer's account unless the person directing the trading is the futures commission merchant (including any partner thereof), or is an officer, employee, or agent of the futures commission merchant. With respect to every such offsetting transaction that, in accordance with such specific instruc-

tions, is not applied to the oldest portion of the previously held position, the futures commission merchant shall clearly show on the statement issued to the customer or option customer in connection with the transaction, that because of the specific instructions given by or on behalf of the customer or option customer the transaction was not applied in the usual manner, *i.e.*, against the oldest portion of the previously held position. However, no such showing need be made if the futures commission merchant has received such specific instructions in writing from the customer or option customer for whom such account is carried.

(c) *In-and-out trades; day trades.* Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section shall not be deemed to require the application of purchases or sales closed out during the same day (commonly known as "in-and-out trades" or "day trades") against short or long positions carried forward from a prior date.

(d) *Exceptions.* The provisions of this section shall not apply to:

(1) Purchases or sales of commodity options constituting "bona fide hedging transactions" pursuant to rules of the contract market which have been adopted in accordance with the requirements of § 1.61(b) and approved by the Commission pursuant to; section 5a(a)(12)(A) of the Act *Provided*, That no contract market or futures commission merchant shall permit such option positions to be offset other than by open and competitive execution in the trading pit or ring provided by the contract market, during the regular hours prescribed by the contract market for trading in such commodity option.

(2) Purchases or sales constituting "bona fide hedging transactions" as defined in § 1.3(z); nor

(3) Sales during a delivery period for the purpose of making delivery during such delivery period if such sales are accompanied by instructions to make delivery thereon, together with warehouse receipts or other documents necessary to effectuate such delivery.

(4) Purchases or sales made in separate accounts of a commodity pool, *Provided that:*

(i) The trading for such pool is directed by two or more unaffiliated

commodity trading advisors acting independently, each of which is directing the trading of a separate account;

(ii) The commodity pool operator maintains only such minimum control over the trading for such pool as is necessary to fulfill its duty to supervise diligently the trading for such pool;

(iii) Each trading decision made by a commodity trading advisor for such pool is determined independently of all trading decisions made by any other commodity trading advisor for such pool;

(iv) The purchases and sales for such pool directed by different commodity trading advisors acting independently are executed by open and competitive means on or subject to the rules of a contract market; and

(v) No position held for or on behalf of separate pool accounts traded in accordance with paragraphs (d)(4) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of this section may be closed out by transferring such an open position from one of the separate accounts to another account of the pool.

(5) Purchases or sales made by a leverage transaction merchant constituting cover of its obligations to leverage customers and made in accordance with §§31.8(a) and 31.12(b) of this chapter.

(6) Purchases or sales made in separate accounts owned by a customer or option customer, *Provided that*:

(i) Each person directing trading for one of the separate accounts is unaffiliated with and acts independently from each other person directing trading for a separate account;

(ii) Each person directing trading for one of the separate accounts, unless he is the account owner himself, does so pursuant to a power of attorney signed and dated by the customer, and which includes, at a minimum, the name, address and telephone number of the person directing trading and the account number over which such power is granted;

(iii) Each trading decision made for each separate account is determined independently of all trading decisions made for the other separate account or accounts;

(iv) The purchases and sales for such accounts are executed by open and

competitive means on or subject to the rules of a contract market;

(v) No position held for or on behalf of separate accounts traded in accordance with paragraphs (d)(6) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of this section may be closed out by transferring such an open position from one of the separate accounts to another of such accounts; and

(vi) The customer or option customer and each person directing trading for the customer or option customer provides the futures commission merchant with written confirmation that the trading and the operation of the customer's or option customer's accounts will be in accordance with paragraphs (d)(6) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v) of this section. The written confirmation must be signed and dated, and received by the futures commission merchant before it can avail itself of the exception provided by this paragraph.

(7) Purchases or sales made in the separate accounts of a person granted an exemption in accordance with §150.3 of this chapter: *Provided That*:

(i) The purchases and sales for such accounts are executed in open and competitive means on or subject to the rules of a contract market; and

(ii) No position held for or on behalf of separate accounts traded in accordance with this paragraph may be closed out by transferring such an open position from one of the separate accounts to another of such accounts.

(8) Purchases or sales held in error accounts, including but not limited to floor broker error accounts, and purchases or sales identified as errors at the time they are assigned to an account that contains other purchases or sales not identified as errors and held in that account ("error trades"), provided that:

(i) Each error trade does not offset another error trade held in the same account;

(ii) Each error trade is offset by open and competitive means on or subject to the rules of a contract market by not later than the close of business on the business day following the day the error trade is discovered and assigned to an error account or identified as an error trade, unless at the close of business on the business day following the

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discovery of the error trade, the relevant market has reached a daily price fluctuation limit and the trader is unable to offset the error trade, in which case the error trade must be offset as soon as practicable thereafter; and

(iii) No error trade is closed out by transferring such an open position to another account also controlled by that same trader.

(9) Purchases or sales held in the separate accounts of a customer who has granted discretionary authority to a futures commission merchant, an associated person of a futures commission merchant, or a commodity trading advisor trading separate trading programs which have been marketed separately, *Provided That*:

(i) The purchases and sales for such accounts are executed in open and competitive means on or subject to the rules of a contract market; and

(ii) No position held for or on behalf of separate accounts traded in accordance with this paragraph (d)(9) may be closed out by transferring such an open position from one of the separate accounts to another of such accounts.

(e) With respect to the exception from the provisions of this section set forth in paragraph (d)(6) of this section, if a futures commission merchant that carries the separate accounts of a customer or option customer, or if an associated person of such futures commission merchant, directs trading for one of the separate accounts:

(1) The futures commission merchant must first furnish the customer or option customer with a written statement disclosing that, if held open, offsetting long and short positions in the separate accounts may result in the charging of additional fees and commission and the payment of additional margin, although offsetting positions will result in no additional market gain or loss. Such written statement shall be attached to the risk disclosure statement required to be provided to a customer or option customer under § 1.55 of this part.

(2) [Reserved]

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(Secs. 4g, 5, 42 Stat. 1000, 49 Stat. 1496; 7 U.S.C. 6g, 7; secs. 4g, 5, 8a; 7 U.S.C. 6g, 7, 12a)

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§ 1.47 Requirements for classification of purchases or sales of contracts for future delivery as bona fide hedging under § 1.3(z)(3) of the regulations.

(a) Any person who wishes to avail himself of the provisions of § 1.3(z)(3) of the regulations and to make purchases or sales of any commodity for future delivery in any commodity in excess of trading and position limits then in effect pursuant to section 4a of the Act shall file statement with the Commission in conformity with the requirements of this section. All or a specified portion of the transactions and positions described in these statements shall not be considered as bona fide hedging if such person is so notified by the Commission:

(1) Within 30 days after the Commission is furnished the information required under paragraph (b) of this section, or

(2) Within 10 days after the Commission is furnished with the information required under paragraph (c) of this section.

The Commission may request the person notified to file specific additional information with the Commission to support a determination that all, or the specified portion, of the transactions and positions be considered as bona fide hedging transactions and positions. In such cases, the Commission shall consider all information so filed and, by notice to such person, shall specify the extent to which the Commission has determined that the transactions and positions may be classified