

§ 5.800

the public files, or research into and information therefrom, and the time required for the preparation of such documents or information may be obtained upon request to the Registration Unit. Fee rates are established in § 5.5.

(c) The Registration Unit may, in its discretion, conduct computer searches of records through the use of existing programming upon written request. Information as to the fee for the conduct of such computer searches, and the time required to conduct such computer searches, may be obtained upon request to the Registration Unit. A written request for computer searches of records shall include a deposit in the amount specified by the Registration Unit, which shall be the Registration Unit's estimate of the actual fees. The Registration Unit is not required to alter or develop programming to conduct a search. Fee rates are established in § 5.5.

[Order No. 1757-93, 58 FR 37420, July 12, 1993]

§ 5.800 Ten-day filing requirement.

The 10-day filing requirement provided by section 8(g) of the Act shall be deemed satisfied if the amendment to the registration statement is deposited in the U.S. mails no later than the 10th day of the period.

§ 5.801 Activity beyond 10-day period.

A registrant who has within the 10-day period filed an amendment to his registration statement pursuant to a Notice of Deficiency given under section 8(g) of the Act may continue to act as an agent of a foreign principal beyond this period unless he receives a Notice of Noncompliance from the Registration Unit.

[Order No. 376-67, 32 FR 6362, Apr. 22, 1967, as amended by Order No. 523-73, 38 FR 18235, July 9, 1973]

§ 5.1101 Copies of the Report of the Attorney General.

Copies of the Report of the Attorney General to the Congress on the Administration of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, shall be sold to the public by the Registration Unit, as available, at a charge not

28 CFR Ch. I (7-1-98 Edition)

less than the actual cost of production and distribution.

[Order No. 1757-93, 58 FR 37420, July 12, 1993]

PART 6—TRAFFIC IN CONTRABAND ARTICLES IN FEDERAL PENAL AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

AUTHORITY: Pub. L. 772, 80th Cong.; 18 U.S.C. 1791.

§ 6.1 Consent of warden or superintendent required.

The introduction or attempt to introduce into or upon the grounds of any Federal penal or correctional institution or the taking or attempt to take or send therefrom anything whatsoever without the knowledge and consent of the warden or superintendent of such Federal penal or correctional institution is prohibited.

CROSS REFERENCE: For Organization Statement, Bureau of Prisons, see subpart Q of part 0 of this chapter.

[13 FR 5660, Sept. 30, 1948]

PART 7—REWARDS FOR CAPTURE OF ESCAPED FEDERAL PRISONERS

Sec.

- 7.1 Standing offer of reward.
- 7.2 Amount of reward.
- 7.3 Eligibility for reward.
- 7.4 Procedure for claiming reward.
- 7.5 Certification.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301; 18 U.S.C. 3059.

CROSS REFERENCE: For Organization Statement, Bureau of Prisons, see subpart Q of part 0 of this chapter.

SOURCE: 25 FR 2420, Mar. 23, 1960, unless otherwise noted.

§ 7.1 Standing offer of reward.

A standing offer of reward is made for the capture, or for assisting in, or furnishing information leading to, the capture, of an escaped Federal prisoner, in accordance with the conditions stated in this part.

§ 7.2 Amount of reward.

Within the discretion of the Warden or U.S. Marshal concerned, a reward not in excess of \$200 may be granted for each capture of a prisoner and to more

Department of Justice

§ 8.1

than one claimant, as determined applicable and appropriate. The Director of the Bureau of Prisons may in exceptional circumstances, as determined by him, grant rewards in excess of \$200. Bodily harm, damage, violence, intimidation, terrorizing, risks, etc., will be considered in determining the appropriate amount of reward.

§ 7.3 Eligibility for reward.

A reward may be paid to any person, except an official or employee of the Department of Justice or a law-enforcement officer of the U.S. Government, who personally captures and surrenders an escaped Federal prisoner to proper officials, or who assists in the capture, of an escaped Federal prisoner.

§ 7.4 Procedure for claiming reward.

A person claiming a reward under this part shall present his claim, within six months from the date of the capture, in the form of a letter to the Warden or U.S. Marshal concerned. The letter shall state fully the facts and circumstances on which the claim is based, and shall include the name of each escapee captured and the time and place of the capture, and details as to how the arrest was made by the claimant or as to how assistance was rendered to others who made the arrest.

§ 7.5 Certification.

The claim letter required under § 7.4 shall contain the following certification immediately preceding the signature of the claimant:

I am not an officer or employee of the Department of Justice or a law-enforcement officer of the United States Government.

PART 8—FBI FORFEITURE AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN STATUTES

Sec.

- 8.1 Definition.
- 8.2 Designation of officials having seizure authority.
- 8.3 Designation of the investigative bureau having administrative forfeiture authority; claims for awards, offers in compromise and matters relating to bonds.
- 8.4 Custody of seized property, inventory and receipt.
- 8.5 Appraisal of property subject to forfeiture.

- 8.6 Quick-release authority.
- 8.7 Judicial forfeiture.
- 8.8 Advertisement and declaration of forfeiture.
- 8.9 Disposition of forfeited property.
- 8.10 Remission or mitigation of forfeiture.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301; 28 U.S.C. 509, 510.

SOURCE: Order No. 1128-86, 51 FR 8818, Mar. 14, 1986, unless otherwise noted.

§ 8.1 Definition.

For the purpose of this part, the term *statutes* shall include the following statutes unless otherwise noted in this part: Interstate and Foreign Commerce—Gambling Devices—Transportation Prohibited, Jan. 2, 1951, ch. 1194 section 7, 64 Stat. 1135 (codified at 15 U.S.C. 1177, commonly referred to as Transportation of Gambling Devices); Organized Crime Control Act of 1970, Public Law 91-452, title VIII, part C, section 803(a), 84 Stat. 937 (1970) (codified at 18 U.S.C. 1955, commonly referred to as Illegal Gambling Businesses); Copyrights Act, Public Law 94-553, title I, section 101, 90 Stat. 2768 (1976) (codified at 17 U.S.C. 509); Motor Vehicle Theft Law Enforcement Act of 1984, Public Law 98-547, title II, section 201, 98 Stat. 2754 (1984) (codified at 18 U.S.C. 512); Crimes and Criminal Procedure, June 25, 1948, ch. 645, section 1, 62 Stat. 786 (codified at 18 U.S.C. 1762, commonly referred to as Prison-Made Goods); Child Protection Act of 1984, Public Law 98-292, section 6, 98 Stat. 205 (1984) (codified at 18 U.S.C. 2254); Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, Public Law 90-351, title III, section 802, 82 Stat. 215 (1968) (codified at 18 U.S.C. 2513, commonly referred to as Wire Interception and Interception of Oral Communications); Seizure of Arms and Other Articles Intended for Export, June 15, 1917, ch. 30, title VI section 1, 40 Stat. 223; June 17, 1930, ch. 497, title IV, 523, 46 Stat. 740; Aug. 13, 1953, ch. 434, section 1, 67 Stat. 577 (codified at 22 U.S.C. 401, commonly referred to as Illegal Exportation of War Materials); Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1986, Public Law 99-570, sec. 1351-1367 (1986) (codified at 18 U.S.C. 981, commonly referred to as Money Laundering Control Act of 1986).

[Order No. 1128-86, 51 FR 8818, Mar. 14, 1986, as amended by Order No. 1197-87, 52 FR 24448, July 1, 1987]