

§ 13.76 Appeals from Veterans Services Officer's determination under 38 U.S.C. 5503(b)(2).

(a) *Notification.* The Veterans Services Officer will be responsible for notification of action taken and the right to initiate an appeal by filing a Notice of Disagreement and of the time limits within which such notice may be filed (§ 19.109 of this chapter) when he or she determines that:

(1) The dependent is not in need.

(2) The needs of the dependent parent are to be met from the veteran's estate or from Personal Funds of Patients and no payments or partial payments will be made for the dependent parents' support from appropriated funds.

(3) No award from appropriated funds for care and maintenance for the veteran in a non-Department of Veterans Affairs hospital will be made, and that the veteran's estate will have to defray the cost.

(b) *Appeals.* Part 19 of this chapter will be followed in connection with appeals to the Board of Veterans Appeals from determinations of the Veterans Services Officer. Appeals may be initiated by a dependent parent on questions of need and payments for his or her support from appropriated funds, and by a fiduciary for the disallowance of the use of appropriated funds for the veteran's institutional care and maintenance.

(c) *Statement of the case.* When a Notice of Disagreement is filed, the Veterans Services Officer will be responsible for furnishing the claimant and the claimant's representative with a Statement of the Case and such notification regarding the filing of an appeal as is provided for in §§ 19.114(b) and 19.115 of this chapter.

[40 FR 54249, Nov. 21, 1975]

§ 13.77 Administrative review of the Veterans Services Officer's determination made under 38 U.S.C. 5503(b)(2).

(a) *Veterans Services Officer (revisions).*

(1) The Veterans Services Officer may revise any previous determination upon review of the evidence of record, provided a specific finding is made in writing that it was clearly and unmistakably erroneous.

(2) The Veterans Services Officer may revise a previous determination upon receipt of new evidence.

(b) *Chief Benefits Director.* Upon request for further review by the dependent parent, the Chief Benefits Director or designee will review and may revise the determination of the Veterans Services Officer as to the amount to be paid from Personal Funds of Patients for the support of the dependent parent, predicated upon need.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501)

[40 FR 54249, Nov. 21, 1975]

§ 13.100 Supervision of fiduciaries.

(a) *Federal fiduciaries.* In Federal fiduciary cases, the Veterans Services Officer may, when he or she deems it necessary for the protection of the beneficiary's interests:

(1) Require an accounting, formal or informal, of Department of Veterans Affairs benefits paid.

(2) Terminate the appointment of a Federal fiduciary and appoint a successor Federal fiduciary.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 5502)

(b) *Court-appointed fiduciaries.* In court-appointed fiduciary cases, the Veterans Services Officer will take such informal action as may be necessary to assure that the needs of the beneficiary are provided for and Department of Veterans Affairs benefits are prudently administered and adequately protected.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501)

(c) *Unsatisfactory conditions.* In any case where a fiduciary fails to render a satisfactory account or has collected or paid, or is attempting to collect or pay, fees, commissions, or allowances that are illegal or inequitable or in excess of those allowed by law, or has failed to use Department of Veterans Affairs funds for the benefit of the beneficiary or the beneficiary's dependents, or has otherwise failed or neglected to properly execute the duties of his or her trust, and informal efforts by the Veterans Services Officer to correct the situation prove unsuccessful, the case will be referred to the Regional Counsel. In such cases the Veterans Services Officer may have all Department of Veterans Affairs benefits suspended.

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(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 5502)

(d) *Misappropriation, embezzlement or violation of Federal statutes.* When the evidence indicates a prima facie case of misappropriation, embezzlement or violation of the Federal statutes, the matter will be submitted to the Regional Counsel for review and, if appropriate, the Regional Counsel's referral to the U.S. Attorney.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 6101)

[40 FR 54249, Nov. 21, 1975]

§ 13.101 Management and use of estates of minors.

Department of Veterans Affairs benefits payable in behalf of minors should be used for their benefit. Such funds should be expended only to the extent the person or persons responsible for their needs are unable to provide for them, except those derived from payments under 38 U.S.C. ch. 35.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501)

[28 FR 10751, Oct. 5, 1963]

§ 13.102 Accountability of legal custodians.

(a) *Institutionalized veterans without spouse or child.* The legal custodian of VA benefits of an incompetent veteran who has neither spouse nor child and who is being furnished hospital treatment or institutional or domiciliary care by the United States or a political subdivision thereof, will account upon request to VA for funds received from VA for the beneficiary and will submit a statement of all other income received and the total assets from any source held for the beneficiary.

(b) *All other beneficiaries.* Compliance with the agreement as to benefit use and any authorized modifications due to changed need, proof of existence of funds surplus to immediate needs and proper investment thereof, if appropriate, will be established by personal contact.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501)

[36 FR 19025, Sept. 25, 1971, as amended at 53 FR 20618, June 6, 1988]

§ 13.103 Investments by Federal fiduciaries.

(a) *Type authorized.* VA benefits paid to a Federally appointed fiduciary other than a spouse payee or an insti-

tutional award payee may be invested only in United States savings bonds, or in interest or dividend-paying accounts in State or Federally insured institutions, whichever is to the beneficiary's advantage. Department of Veterans Affairs benefits that are paid on behalf of an incompetent veteran to an institution via an institutional award payment arrangement may not be invested.

(b) *Registration.* (1) When funds are invested in bonds, the bonds will be registered in this form: (Beneficiary's Name), (Social Security No.), under custodianship by designation of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

(2) When funds are invested in interest or dividend-paying accounts in State or Federally insured institutions, the account will be registered in this form: (Beneficiary's name), by (Fiduciary's Name), Federal fiduciary.

(c) *Pre-need burial arrangements.* Federally appointed fiduciaries, other than institutional award payees, may use a beneficiary's funds derived from VA benefits to make deposits into, or purchase, a pre-need burial plan or burial insurance on behalf of the beneficiary, if to do so is in the beneficiary's interest.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501)

[53 FR 20619, June 6, 1988]

§ 13.104 Accounts of court-appointed fiduciaries.

(a) *Requirement to account; notices of filings and hearings.* Accounts may be required from court-appointed fiduciaries as provided by State law, but in no event less frequently than once every 3 years. Arrangements will be made with the courts whereby notices of filing of all petitions, accounts, etc., and of hearings on same, relative to court-appointed fiduciary cases wherein the Department of Veterans Affairs is an interested party, will be sent to the Veterans Services Officer for review, distribution and such action as may be appropriate. Matters which require legal action will be referred to the Regional Counsel, and will include any matter in which the Department of Veterans Affairs has any objections to offer.

(b) *Fiduciary and beneficiary in jurisdiction other than a State of the United*