

General Accounting Office

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employee resign and be reemployed, or be transferred to another agency, and desire the unpaid compensation to be paid to a designated beneficiary, another designation of beneficiary form must be executed, as directed in paragraph (c) of this section. If an amount should become due from the agency from which the employee was separated, it will be the responsibility of such agency to ascertain, prior to payment, if the employee was reemployed and executed a designation of beneficiary in connection with such employment, and to pay the compensation to any person or persons so designated. A new designation of beneficiary is not required as to an employee whose agency or site function, records, equipment, and personnel are absorbed by another agency.

(e) *Change or revocation of a designation.* A designation of beneficiary previously made may be changed or revoked as of a later date by the execution and filing of another SF 1152 by the employee, as directed in paragraph (c) of this section. When a designation of beneficiary is changed or revoked, the employing agency should return the earlier designation to the employee.

[22 FR 10891, Dec. 28, 1957, as amended at 28 FR 12923, Dec. 5, 1963]

§ 33.6 Claims settlement jurisdiction.

(a) District of Columbia, Canal Zone Government and Government corporations. Claims for unpaid compensation due deceased employees of the government of the District of Columbia and the Canal Zone Government on the Isthmus of Panama shall be paid by these entities and those of wholly owned and mixed ownership Government corporations may be paid by the corporations. 5 U.S.C. 5583(b).

(b) Other agencies. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of this section, claims for unpaid compensation due deceased employees of other agencies of the Federal Government, including officers and employees of the House of Representatives, may be paid by those agencies.

(c) General Accounting Office. Except as provided in paragraph (a) of this section, claims for unpaid compensation due deceased employees of the Federal

Government will be paid only upon settlement by the Claims Group, Accounting and Financial Management Division of the General Accounting Office in the following cases:

(1) When doubt exists as to the amount or validity of the claim.

(2) When doubt exists as to the person(s) properly entitled to payment.

(3) When the claim involves uncurrent checks. Unnegotiated and/or undelivered checks for unpaid compensation due the decedent which are drawn on designated depositories and have not been paid prior to the close of the fiscal year next following the fiscal year in which the checks were issued are uncurrent. Claims for the proceeds of such checks must be submitted to the Claims Group, Accounting and Financial Management Division of the General Accounting Office for settlement pursuant to the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 3328(b). The checks, if available, should accompany the claims.

(d) Payment as provided in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section shall be made to the person or persons surviving at date of death in the following order of precedence:

(1) To the beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by the employee in a writing received in the employing agency prior to his death;

(2) If there is no designated beneficiary, to the surviving spouse of the employee;

(3) If none of the above, to the child or children of the employee and decedents of deceased children by representation;

(4) If none of the above, to the parents of the deceased employee or the survivor of them;

(5) If none of the above, to the duly appointed legal representative of the estate of the deceased employee; and

(6) If none of the above, to the person or persons entitled under the laws of the domicile of the employee at the time of his death. 5 U.S.C. 5582(b).

When the person(s) otherwise entitled to payment has not submitted a claim and cannot be located within 3 years after the death of the employee, payment shall be made to the person(s) in the same class of entitlement, or in the absence of anyone in the same class then the person(s) next in order of

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precedence as described in this paragraph.

[37 FR 26291, Dec. 9, 1972, as amended at 40 FR 60036, Dec. 31, 1975; 47 FR 56980, Dec. 22, 1982]

§33.7 Securing claim on employee's death.

As soon as practicable after the death of a civilian employee included within the provisions of the act, the agency in which he or she was last employed, upon determining that unpaid compensation is due the decedent, will request each designated beneficiary or, if no beneficiary was designated, the surviving spouse, to execute SF 1153, Claim of Designated Beneficiary and/or Surviving Spouse for Unpaid Compensation of Deceased Civilian Employee. When there is no designated beneficiary or surviving spouse, the employing agency will furnish the person or persons next in order of precedence, in accordance with the first section of the act, 5 U.S.C. 61f, SF 1155, Claim for Unpaid Compensation of Deceased Civilian Employee (No Designated Beneficiary or Surviving Spouse). When the designated beneficiary is the estate of the decedent, the employing agency will furnish the legal representative, heir, or heirs of the decedent SF 1055, Claim Against the United States for Amounts Due in the Case of a Deceased Creditor, prescribed in part 35 of this chapter, since this form will elicit the information required for settlement of such claims. Any assistance deemed necessary for the proper execution of the forms will be furnished to all claimants by the employing agency.

[22 FR 10891, Dec. 28, 1957]

§33.8 Claims involving minors or incompetents.

(a) If a guardian or committee has been appointed for a minor or incompetent appearing entitled to unpaid compensation, the claim should be supported by a short certificate of the court showing the appointment and qualification of the claimant in such capacity.

(b) If no guardian or committee has been or will be appointed, the initial claim should be supported by a statement showing:

(1) Claimant's relationship to the minor or incompetent, if any;

(2) The name and address of the person having care and custody of the minor or incompetent;

(3) That any moneys received will be applied to the use and benefit of the minor or incompetent; and

(4) That the appointment of a guardian or committee is not contemplated.

[26 FR 12275, Dec. 23, 1961]

§33.9 Return of unnegotiated Government checks.

All unnegotiated U.S. Government checks drawn to the order of a decedent representing unpaid compensation as defined in §33.2, and in the possession of the claimant, should be returned to the employing agency concerned. Claimants should be instructed to return any other U.S. Government checks, drawn to the order of a decedent for purposes other than unpaid compensation, such as veterans benefits, social security benefits, or Federal tax refunds, to the agency from which received with request for further instructions from that agency.

[23 FR 7479, Sept. 26, 1958]

§33.10 Applicability of general procedures.

When not in conflict with this part, the provisions of part 31 of this subchapter relating to procedures applicable to claims generally, are also applicable to the settlement of accounts of deceased civilian officers and employees.

[22 FR 10891, Dec. 28, 1957]

PART 34—DECEASED MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND NATIONAL GUARD; PROCEDURES FOR SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

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