increase in intraocular pressure. Intraocular pressure should be checked frequently. Ocular reexaminations should be made at frequent intervals during long-term therapy.

(iv) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.


§ 524.981 Fluocinolone acetonide ophthalmic and topical dosage forms.

§ 524.981a Fluocinolone acetonide cream.

(a) Specifications. The drug contains 0.025 percent fluocinolone acetonide.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 099207 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use. (1) The drug is indicated for the relief of pruritus and inflammation associated with certain superficial acute and chronic dermatoses in dogs. It is used in the treatment of allergic and acute moist dermatitis and for the relief of superficial inflammation caused by chemical and physical abrasions and burns.

(2) A small amount is applied to the affected area two or three times daily.

(3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13873, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 62 FR 40932, July 31, 1997]

§ 524.981c Fluocinolone acetonide, neomycin sulfate cream.

(a) Specifications. The drug contains 0.025 percent fluocinolone acetonide and 0.5 percent neomycin sulfate (0.35 percent neomycin base).

(b) Sponsor. See No. 099207 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use. (1) The drug is used in the relief of pruritus and inflammation associated with superficial acute and chronic dermatoses in dogs. It is used in the treatment of such conditions as allergic and acute moist dermatoses and nonspecific dermatoses in dogs. It is used in the treatment of wound infections in dogs and cats.

(2) A small amount is applied to the infected area two or three times daily.

(3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13873, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 62 FR 40932, July 31, 1997]

§ 524.981d Fluocinolone acetonide, dimethyl sulfoxide solution.

(a) Specifications. Each milliliter of solution contains 0.01 percent fluocinolone acetonide and 20 percent dimethyl sulfoxide with propylene glycol and citric acid.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use. (1) The drug is used in dogs for the relief of impaction commonly present in apparently normal anal sacs, for the reversal of inflammatory changes associated with abnormal anal sacs, and to counteract the offensive odor of anal sac secretions.

(2) It is administered by instillation of 1 to 2 milliliters into each anal sac following expression of anal sac contents. It may be necessary to repeat treatment at 60-day intervals to maintain an odor-free state. The total dosage used should not exceed 2 milliliters per anal sac per treatment.
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§ 524.1005 Furazolidone aerosol powder.

(a) Specifications. The product contains either 4 or 10 percent furazolidone in inert dispersing agent and propelant.

(b) Sponsors. (1) See No. 00009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter for use of the 4 percent product as in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(2) See No. 017135 for use of the 4 percent product as in paragraph (c)(2)(iv) of this section.

(c) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. Hold container about 6 to 12 inches from the eye or affected area and apply only enough powder to impart a light yellow color.

(2) Indications of use—(i) Dogs. For treatment or prevention of bacterial infection of superficial wounds, abrasions, lacerations, and pyogenic dermatitis.

(ii) Horses. For treatment or prevention of bacterial infection of superficial wounds, abrasions, lacerations, and following firing (heat or electrocautery).

(iii) Cattle. For treatment of bacterial infections of the bovine eye and for treatment and to reduce the incidence of additional cases of infectious bovine keratoconjunctivitis (pink eye) caused by Moraxella bovis.

(iv) Horses and ponies. For treatment or prevention of bacterial infection of superficial wounds, abrasions, and lacerations caused by Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus spp. and Proteus spp. sensitive to furazolidone.

(3) Limitations. For topical application in horses, ponies, and dogs: Clean affected area thoroughly, apply drug once or twice daily, and repeat treatment as required. For treatment of bacterial infections of the bovine eye and infectious bovine keratoconjunctivitis (pink eye) caused by Moraxella bovis: Treat affected eyes once daily on each of 3 to 5 consecutive days; to reduce incidence of additional cases of infectious keratoconjunctivitis also medicate unaffected eyes. Evidence of clinical improvement of bovine eye infections should be noticeable after 5 treatments; if not, reconsult veterinarian. Use only as recommended by a veterinarian in treatment of puncture wounds, wounds requiring surgical debridement or suturing, those of a chronic nature involving proud flesh, generalized and chronic infections of the skin, and those skin conditions associated with intense itching. If redness, irritation, or swelling persists or increases, discontinue use and reconsult veterinarian. Not for use in horses intended for food.


§ 524.981e Fluocinolone acetonide, dimethyl sulfoxide otic solution.

(a) Specifications. Each milliliter of solution contains 0.01 percent of fluocinolone acetonide in 60 percent dimethyl sulfoxide with propylene glycol and citric acid.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 000033 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use. (1) The drug is used in dogs for the relief of pruritis and inflammation associated with acute and chronic otitis.

(2) It is administered at 4 to 6 drops (0.2 milliliter) twice daily into the ear canal for a maximum period of 14 days. The total dosage used should not exceed 17 milliliters. The ear canal should be cleansed by some appropriate method prior to instillation of the solution and the ear should be massaged gently following instillation.

(3) There should be careful initial evaluation and followup of infected ears. Incomplete response or exacerbation of corticosteroid-responsive lesions may be due to the presence of an infection which requires identification or antibiotic sensitivity testing, and the use of the appropriate antimicrobial agent. As with any corticosteroid, animals with a generalized infection should not be treated with this product without proper supportive antimicrobial therapy. Preparations with dimethyl sulfoxide should not be used in pregnant animals. For use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13873, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 61 FR 5507, Feb. 13, 1996]