

## General Accounting Office

## §21.4

cases, the contracting agency may request that the protester produce relevant documents, or portions of documents, that are not in the agency's possession.

(e) Subject to any protective order issued in the protest pursuant to §21.4, the contracting agency shall simultaneously furnish a copy of the report to the protester and any intervenors. The copy of the report filed with GAO shall list the parties who have been furnished copies of the report. Where a protester does not have counsel admitted to a protective order and documents are withheld from the protester in accordance with this part, the agency shall provide documents adequate to inform the protester of the basis of the agency's position.

(f) The contracting agency may request an extension of time for the submission of the list of documents to be provided by the agency pursuant to §21.3(c) or for the submission of the agency report. Extensions will be granted on a case-by-case basis.

(g) The protester may request additional documents after receipt of the agency report when their existence or relevance first becomes evident. Except when authorized by GAO, any request for additional documents must be filed with GAO and the contracting agency not later than 2 days after their existence or relevance is known or should have been known, whichever is earlier. The contracting agency shall provide the requested documents, or portions of documents, and a list to GAO and the other parties within 2 days or explain why it is not required to produce the documents.

(h) Upon the request of a party, GAO will decide whether the contracting agency must provide any withheld documents, or portions of documents, and whether this should be done under a protective order. When withheld documents are provided, the protester's comments on the agency report shall be filed within the original comment filing period unless GAO determines that an extension is appropriate.

(i) Comments on the agency report shall be filed with GAO within 10 days after receipt of the report, with a copy provided to the contracting agency and other participating parties. The protest

shall be dismissed unless the protester files comments or a written statement requesting that the case be decided on the existing record, or requests an extension of time within the 10-day period. Unless otherwise advised by the protester, GAO will assume the protester received the agency report by the due date specified in the acknowledgment of protest furnished by GAO. Upon a showing that the specific circumstances of a protest require a period longer than 10 days for the submission of comments, GAO will set a new date for the submission of comments. Extensions will be granted on a case-by-case basis.

(j) GAO may request or permit the submission of additional statements by the parties and by other parties not participating in the protest as may be necessary for the fair resolution of the protest. The agency and other parties shall not submit any additional statements unless the statements are specifically requested by GAO or submitted after permission has been granted by GAO.

### §21.4 Protective orders.

(a) At the request of a party or on its own initiative, GAO may issue a protective order controlling the treatment of protected information. Such information may include proprietary, confidential, or source-selection-sensitive material, as well as other information the release of which could result in a competitive advantage to one or more firms. The protective order shall establish procedures for application for access to protected information, identification and safeguarding of that information, and submission of redacted copies of documents omitting protected information. Because a protective order serves to facilitate the pursuit of a protest by a protester through counsel, it is the responsibility of protester's counsel to request that a protective order be issued and to submit timely applications for admission under that order.

(b) If no protective order has been issued, the agency may withhold from the parties those portions of its report which would ordinarily be subject to a protective order. GAO will review in

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camera all information not released to the parties.

(c) After a protective order has been issued, counsel or consultants retained by counsel appearing on behalf of a party may apply for admission under the order by submitting an application to GAO, with copies furnished simultaneously to all parties. The application shall establish that the applicant is not involved in competitive decision-making for any firm that could gain a competitive advantage from access to the protected information and that there will be no significant risk of inadvertent disclosure of protected information. Objections to an applicant's admission shall be raised within 2 days after receipt of the application, although GAO may consider objections raised after that time.

(d) Any violation of the terms of a protective order may result in the imposition of such sanctions as GAO deems appropriate, including referral to appropriate bar associations or other disciplinary bodies and restricting the individual's practice before GAO.

### §21.5 Protest issues not for consideration.

GAO shall summarily dismiss a protest or specific protest allegations that do not state a valid basis for protest, are untimely (unless considered pursuant to §21.2(c)), or are not properly before GAO. A protest or specific protest allegations may be dismissed any time sufficient information is obtained by GAO warranting dismissal. Where an entire protest is dismissed, no agency report shall be filed; where specific protest allegations are dismissed, an agency report shall be filed on the remaining allegations. Among the protest bases which shall be dismissed are the following:

(a) *Contract administration.* The administration of an existing contract is within the discretion of the contracting agency. Disputes between a contractor and the agency are resolved pursuant to the disputes clause of the contract and the Contract Disputes Act of 1978. 41 U.S.C. 601-613.

(b) *Small Business Administration issues.* (1) *Small business size standards and standard industrial classification.*

Challenges of established size standards or the size status of particular firms, and challenges of the selected standard industrial classification may be reviewed solely by the Small Business Administration. 15 U.S.C. 637(b)(6).

(2) *Small Business Certificate of Competency Program.* Any referral made to the Small Business Administration pursuant to sec. 8(b)(7) of the Small Business Act, or any issuance of, or refusal to issue, a certificate of competency under that section will not be reviewed by GAO absent a showing of possible bad faith on the part of government officials or a failure to consider vital information bearing on the firm's responsibility. 15 U.S.C. 637(b)(7).

(3) *Procurements under sec. 8(a) of the Small Business Act.* Under that section, since contracts are entered into with the Small Business Administration at the contracting officer's discretion and on such terms as are agreed upon by the procuring agency and the Small Business Administration, the decision to place or not to place a procurement under the 8(a) program is not subject to review absent a showing of possible bad faith on the part of government officials or that regulations may have been violated. 15 U.S.C. 637(a).

(c) *Affirmative determination of responsibility by the contracting officer.* Because the determination that a bidder or offeror is capable of performing a contract is based in large measure on subjective judgments which generally are not readily susceptible of reasoned review, an affirmative determination of responsibility will not be reviewed absent a showing of possible bad faith on the part of government officials or that definitive responsibility criteria in the solicitation were not met.

(d) *Procurement integrity.* For any Federal procurement, GAO will not review an alleged violation of subsections (a), (b), (c), or (d) of sec. 27 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act, 41 U.S.C. 423, as amended by sec. 4304 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996, Public Law 104-106, 110 Stat. 186, February 10, 1996, where the protester failed to report the information it believed constituted evidence of the offense to the Federal agency responsible