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(c) His experience in farming, cattle raising, business, or other occupation (including home-making);

(d) His present occupation, if any;

(e) A statement concerning the applicant's financial status, including his average earned and unearned income for the last two years from restricted leases and from other sources, and his outstanding indebtedness to the United States, to the tribe, or to others;

(f) A description of his property and its value, including his allotted and inherited lands; and

(g) The name of the applicant's spouse, if any, and the names of his minor children, if any, and their ages, together with a statement regarding the land, allotted and inherited, held by each.

§ 153.4 Factors determining competency.

Among the matters to be considered by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs in determining competency are the amount of the applicant's indebtedness to the tribe, to the United States Government, and to others; whether he is a public charge or a charge on friends and relatives, or will become such a charge, by reason of being classed as competent; and whether the applicant has demonstrated that he possesses the ability to take care of himself and his property, to protect the interests of himself and his family, to lease his land and collect the rentals therefrom, to lease the land of his minor children, to prescribe in lease agreements those provisions which will protect the land from deterioration through over-grazing and other improper practices, and to assume full responsibility for obtaining compliance with the terms of any lease.

§ 153.5 Children of competent Indians.

Children of competent Indians who have attained or upon attaining their majority shall automatically become competent except any such Indian who is declared incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction or who is incompetent under the laws of the State within which he resides.

§ 153.6 Appeals.

An appeal to the Secretary of the Interior may be made within 30 days from the date of notice to the applicant of the decision of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

PART 154—OSAGE ROLL, CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY

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AUTHORITY: 62 Stat. 18; 25 U.S.C. 331 note.

SOURCE: 22 FR 10563, Dec. 24, 1957, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 47 FR 13327, Mar. 30, 1982.

§ 154.1 Definitions.

When used in the regulations in this part the following words or terms shall have the meaning shown below:

(a) ''Secretary'' means the Secretary of the Interior.

(b) ''Commissioner'' means the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

(c) ''Superintendent'' means the superintendent of the Osage Agency.

(d) ''Person'' means an unallotted member of the Osage Tribe of less than one-half Indian blood who has not received a certificate of competency.

§ 154.2 Preparation of competency roll.

The superintendent shall cause a roll to be compiled of all persons who have attained the age of 21 years, and shall add thereto the names of minors as they attain the age of 21 years. The roll shall include the names, last known address, date of birth, and the total quantum of Osage blood and non-Osage Indian blood of each person listed thereon.

§ 154.3 Determination of age and quantum of Indian blood.

(a) The date of birth as shown by the census records of the Osage Agency

shall be accepted as prima facie evidence in determining the age of a person.

(b) The total quantum of Indian blood of a person shall be computed and determined as follows:

(1) When the parents of a person are enrolled members, or when one parent is an enrolled member and the other parent is a descendant of an enrolled member, or when both parents are descendants of enrolled members, or when one parent is an enrolled member of descendant of an enrolled member of the Osage Tribe, and the other parent is of non-Indian blood, the Osage Agency register of Indian families for the year ending December 31, 1901, shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of the quantum of Indian blood.

(2) When one parent of a person is an enrolled member, or the descendant of an enrolled member of the Osage Tribe, and the other parent is of non-Osage blood, the Osage Agency register of Indian families for the year ending December 31, 1901, shall be accepted as prima facie evidence in determining the quantum of Osage Indian blood.

(3) When one parent of a person is of non-Osage Indian blood, the certification of the superintendent or other officer in charge of the Indian Agency having jurisdiction over the affairs of the tribe of which the non-Osage Indian parent is a member or descendant of a member, as to such parent's quantum of Indian blood, shall be accepted as prima facie evidence in determining the quantum of non-Osage Indian blood.

(4) When the non-Osage parent of a person is alleged to be of Indian blood, and the superintendent or other officer in charge of the Indian agency having jurisdiction over the affairs of the tribe of which such parent is an alleged member or descendant of a member thereof, is unable to certify as to the quantum of Indian blood of such parent, affidavits as to such parent's quantum of Indian blood, when properly executed by two qualified individuals, may be accepted.

§ 154.4 Notification; disagreement and decision.

When the superintendent shall have determined that a person, 21 years or over, is of less than one-half Indian blood, he shall notify such person of his finding and inform him that if objection is not received within 20 days from the date of notification, a certificate of competency will be issued. If the person claims to be of one-half or more Indian blood and that a certificate of competency should not be issued, he should submit to the superintendent two affidavits or other evidence in support of his claim. The claim, affidavits or other evidence of the person as to his quantum of blood shall be submitted to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for a ruling before the certificate of competency is issued.

§ 154.5 Issuance of certificate of competency.

A certificate of competency shall be issued by the superintendent on Form 5–182[1] to each person heretofore or hereafter attaining the age of 21 years and who has been determined to be of less than one-half Indian blood. Such certificate shall be recorded with the county clerk of Osage County, Oklahoma, before delivering the same to the person entitled thereto.

§ 154.6 Costs of recording certificates of competency.

The superintendent may expend the surplus funds of a person to make direct payments of the cost of recording a certificate of competency. If the person to whom a certificate of competency is issued has no surplus funds, the cost of recording the same shall be paid from Osage tribal funds.

§ 154.7 Delivery of cash and securities.

After issuance and recordation of a certificate of competency as authorized by the regulations in this part, the superintendent shall deliver to the individual named therein, or the legal guardian thereof, the original copy of the certificate of competency, together with all cash, stocks and bonds credited to the account of such individual upon the books of the Osage Agency, and obtain a receipt therefor.

[1] Filed with the original document. Copies may be obtained upon request at the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, Washington, DC.